

School Food Service Link Classroom & Home Links



This program has been made possible through a USDA Team Nutrition Grant.

NEW JERSEY

DIVISION OF FOOD AND NUTRITION

QUICK STEPS

to

Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit!

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NOTE: The New Jersey Department of Agriculture (NJDA) does not support or recommend any of the companies referenced throughout the Fruit & Vegetable Toolkit. These are only offered as possible resources to use for implementation of this project.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The New Jersey Department of Agriculture's Team Nutrition Project wishes to thank the following individuals and organizations for their contributions to this Fruit and Vegetable Toolkit.

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A special thank you to the following individuals who contributed to the development of this manual:

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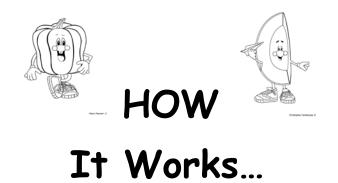
A thank you to the following organizations for their resources, which enhanced this toolkit:

- California KiwiFruit Commission
- Center for Disease Control (CDC)
 - Dole Five-A-Day
- Fun with Fruits and Vegetables Kids Cookbook/Dole Food Company
 Leafy Greens Council
 - > NJ Department of Agriculture/Jersey Fresh Coloring Book
 - > NJ Department of Agriculture/Jersey Fresh Cookbook
 - North Carolina SweetPotato Commission
 - Produce for Better Health Foundation
 - School Nutrition Association Recipe Database
 - USDA Food and Nutrition Service
 - USDA's School Lunch and Breakfast Recipes
 - Washington Apple Commission

We'd like to also thank all other contributors, not mentioned above, but who are referenced throughout this toolkit.

March 2007

Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit



The "Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit" features a fruit and vegetable for each of the ten months of the school year. Each month contains the following resources for each fruit and vegetable:

✓ "Fact Sheet"

- ✓ "Fun Facts"
- Summary sheet of "FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS" to enhance your Program experience. These are grouped into the following three categories:
 - "School Food Service Link" 😪
 - "Classroom Link"
 - "Home Link"
- ✓ Kid's Kitchen Recipes
- ✓ Recipes for Home

Attached is additional information on the resources listed above.

School Food Service Link...

Fruit & Vegetable of the Month

This toolkit contains a fruit and vegetable to promote each month in the school lunch, breakfast and after school snack programs. The following items are included in the **School Food Service Link** for each specific fruit and vegetable:

✓ <u>Recipe Ideas</u>

This section includes suggested recipes and ideas for the featured fruit and vegetable of the month. These are items that can be served for school breakfast, lunch and as snacks. Many of the recipe recommendations reference the USDA recipe database. There are various suggestions offered in an effort to meet each school's unique food service operation, as each school has different equipment, methods of delivery, preparation and serving, and specific financial and labor limitations. The food service department can review and select items that will work best, based on their specific operation.

✓ <u>Marketing Ideas</u>

This area provides ideas and tips to publicize and advertise these healthy fruits and vegetables in the cafeteria environment. Many of the suggestions reference the USDA's "Fruit & Vegetables Galore Kit".

✓ Promotional Ideas

This section includes strategies to add excitement in the cafeteria when featuring the fruit and vegetable of the month. Many of the suggestions reference the USDA's "Fruit & Vegetables Galore Kit".

✓ <u>Safety - Quality - Presentation Tips</u> (located in star shapes) Each month there are three tips highlighting Safety, Quality and Presentation for fruits and vegetables. These are located on the right side of the "Food Service Link" in star shapes. The tips address three key areas that require extra attention when promoting fruits and vegetables. These are all taken from the USDA's "Fruit & Vegetables Galore Kit".

The **School Food Service Link** is a great tool for training with school food service staff on fruits and vegetables. Each month directors and/or managers can take 10-15 minutes to review the fruit and vegetable of the month. A great way to do this would be to distribute the specific fruit/vegetable "Fact Sheet", "Fun Facts" and "School Food Service Link" to their staff. They can also highlight the Safety, Quality & Presentation stars on the School Food Service Link.

Note: Many food service departments throughout the state have received training on monthly fruit and vegetable promotions and a binder titled "Quick Steps to Fruits & Vegetables Galore". All school districts should also have a copy of the USDA's "Fruits & Vegetables Galore Kit". If they do not have this kit they can order it "free" by going to <u>www.fns.usda.gov/tn</u>



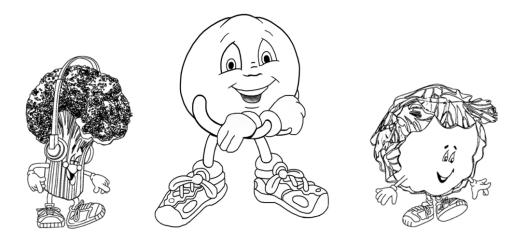
The **Classroom Link** includes suggested activities to promote the fruit and vegetable featured for each specific month. The activities are geared towards kindergarten through sixth grade. Highlighted (bold) items are included in the toolkit but must be duplicated.



The Home Link includes handouts that can be duplicated and sent home.

Kid's Kitchen Recipes F are included in this section. These are recipes that are designed for parents/guardians and students to prepare together as a family activity.

Home Recipes, both in English and Spanish, are also provided for the featured vegetable and fruit of the month. These are offered in an effort to extend this learning experience to the home environment. Parents/guardians are encouraged to try new and different recipes utilizing the monthly-featured fruit and vegetable for meals and snacks served at home.



Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit





To Get Started...

This toolkit was designed to be a cooperative project and extend the experience of increased fruit and vegetable consumption into the classroom, school cafeteria and at home. This program can be implemented in many different ways based on your school's needs and desires. First, you must...

> Form a TEAM!

- ✓ Establish a Team to get your fruit and vegetable project started.
- ✓ Invite teachers, school nurse, physical education and health teachers, PTA/PTO, parents, students, administrators, Board of Education members, community businesses, county extension representatives, healthcare organizations/institutions, local farmers...
- ✓ Choose a Fruit and Vegetable Leader or Coordinator.

> <u>Develop a PLAN</u>

- ✓ Select your plan from suggestions offered in the section "How Can We Use Toolkit?".
- ✓ Discuss finances to fund your specific project plans.
- ✓ Delegate responsibilities and tasks.
- ✓ Establish timelines and dates to complete tasks.

Let's Get Started!

Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit







To Use This Toolkit...

It is up to your team how involved you want your Fruit & Vegetable project to be at your school. Listed below are some ways for incorporating the resources in this toolkit into your school's curriculum. Ideas

range from simple to very detailed.

Choose what best satisfies your needs and finances.



TASTE-TESTING

✓ Classroom:

Test the featured fruit and/or vegetable of the month in small portions in each classroom. Alternate fruit one month, and vegetable the next month, or taste-test a fruit and a vegetable each month.

✓ Lunchroom:

Test the featured fruit and/or vegetable of the month in small portions during lunch. Alternate fruit one month, and vegetable the next month, or taste-test a fruit and a vegetable each month.

✓ Specific Grade:

Offer a taste-testing program to kindergarten or children in younger grades. Use these grades as a pilot to determine the results of offering special wellness programs. Carefully monitor these students to determine the program's effect on behavior changes and habits. Continue to offer healthoriented programs to these specific students as they progress to highergrade levels.

✓ Specific Group:

Provide project to a specific high-risk obesity group. Offer this program to parents and students. Include healthy cooking classes and lessons in healthy eating and physical activity.





STUDENT GIVEAWAYS:

- Provide a special giveaway promoting wellness, healthy foods or physical activity to students each month or selected months.
- ✓ Choose giveaway ideas from attached "Monthly Giveaway" list or select items at your own discretion. A list of resource companies to order products from is also attached. Use these or your favorite supply source.

HOME GIVEAWAYS:

- Carry the message home with students by sending a special giveaway, promoting wellness, healthy foods or physical activity, to parents/guardians each month or selected months.
- ✓ Choose giveaway ideas from attached "Monthly Giveaway" list or select items at your own discretion. A list of resource companies to order products from is attached. Use these or your favorite supply source.

CLASSROOM ACTIVITIES:

- ✓ Develop a monthly packet for each classroom teacher. Include activities from the toolkit's "Classroom Link" that can be conducted in class.
- ✓ Distribute packets one month in advance.
- ✓ Use the teacher letter in the "Communication/Public Relations" section to spread the project's message to teachers.

HOME ACTIVITIES & RECIPES:

- Include home activities and recipes in each teacher's monthly classroom packet. Encourage teachers to continue the fruit and vegetable messages promoted at school to the home environment.
- Empower teachers to select and promote items to be sent to children's homes.
- ✓ Use parent/guardian letters from the "Communication/Public Relations" section to spread your project's message to the home.





CLASSROOM EVALUATION TOOL:

- ✓ Distribute "Classroom Evaluation Tool" to teachers when fruits and/or veggies are tested.
- ✓ Instruct teachers to question students about the specific fruit or vegetable they taste-tested.
- ✓ Use successful evaluation information to request financial support.
- ✓ Share positive data with the community and legislators for future support.
- Seek future grant opportunities using positive data from your fruit and vegetable project.
- ✓ Track success or failure of project utilizing evaluation tools.
- Incorporate evaluations into teaching lessons for upper class students. Upper classman can summarize and tally evaluations. Math teachers can use evaluations in teaching percentages, addition, division...

FOOD SERVICE:

- ✓ Share your fruit and vegetable project plans with your food service department. Encourage them to get involved and promote the fruit and vegetable of the month in the cafeteria for lunch, breakfast, and snack.
- Use the attached "Communication/Public Relations" letter for food service.
- Partner with food service --- include them as part of your fruit and vegetable team!





Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit

Produce



Resource for **Taste-Testing**

(**NOTE:** These are approximate amounts)

MONTH:	ITEM:	SERVING	SERVINGS/ lb. or	APPROX.		
		SIZE:	Unit:	SERVINGS/CASE:		
SEPTEMBER:	Red Pepper	¼ cup strips (4-5 strips)	14 servings/lb. (whole peppers)	350-servings/25 lb. case		
	Cantaloupe		15 count whole fresh – 16 servings/Cantaloupe	240-servings/case (15 count/40 lb. case)		
		¼ cup cubed	18 count whole fresh – 10 servings/Cantaloupe	180-servings/case (18 count/40 lb. case)		
		¼ cup cubed	6 servings/lb.; Already cut & ready to serve	6-servings/lb.		
OCTOBER:	Yellow Squash	¼ cup (2-3 slices)	15 servings/lb.	330 servings/22 lb. case		
	Apples	¼ cup (1/4 apple)	125 count whole fresh – 4 servings/Apple	500-servings/case (125 count/40 lb. case)		
		¼ cup (1/5 apple)	100 count whole fresh – 5 servings/Apple	500-servings/case (100 count/40 lb. case)		
NOVEMBER:	Pineapple	1 stick (1/2 inch wide by 3 Inch long)	12 count whole fresh – 20 servings/Pineapple	240 - servings/case (12 Count/40 lb. case)		
		1 stick (1/2 inch wide by 3 Inch long)	14 count whole fresh – 18 servings/Pineapple	252 - servings/case (14 Count/40 lb. case)		
		1 stick (1/2 inch wide by 3 inch long)	12 servings/lb.; Already Cut & Ready to Serve	12 Servings/lb.		

Produce Ordering Resource for Taste-Testing (<u>NOTE:</u> These are approximate amounts)

MONTH:	ITEM:	SERVING	SERVINGS/ lb. or	APPROX.
	ITENI:	SERVING SIZE:	SERVINGS/ ID. OF Unit:	SERVINGS/CASE:
	Correte			
	Carrots	¼ cup baby	13 servings/lb.	65 servings/5 lb. bag
		¼ cup sticks (3 sticks)	10 servings/lb.	240 servings/24 lb. case
		¼ cup sticks (3 sticks)	15 servings/lb.; Already Cut & Ready to Serve	300 servings/20 lb. case
DECEMBER:	Broccoli	¼ cup florets	25 servings/lb. Already Cut & Ready to Serve	450 servings/18 lb. case
		¼ cup florets	10 servings/lb.	230 servings/23 lb. case (14 count or bunch /case)
	Clementines	1 each; whole	24-28 each/5 lb. Case (whole; fresh)	24-28 servings/ 5 lb. case
JANUARY:	Cauliflower	¼ cup florets	18 servings/lb. Already Cut & Ready to Serve	216 servings/12 lb. case
		¼ cup florets	24 servings/medium head	280 servings/12 count case (12 count or bunch /case)
	Dried Cranberries	¼ cup	14 servings/lb.	420 servings/30 lb. case
FEBRUARY:	Sweet Potatoes	2-3 sticks <i>(raw)</i>	18 servings/lb.	720 servings/40 lb. case
	Grapefruit Pink or Ruby Red	¹ ⁄ ₄ cup (2 sections)	6 servings/medium grapefruit	240 servings/40 count case

Produce Ordering Resource for Taste-Testing (<u>NOTE:</u> These are approximate amounts)									
MONTH:	ITEM:	SERVING SIZE:	SERVINGS/ lb. or UNIT:	APPROX. SERVINGS/CASE:					
MARCH:	Chickpeas	1/8 cup	80 servings/#10 can	480 servings/case (6 each #10 can/case)					
	Kiwifruit	½ each	33-39 each/22-25 lb. Case <i>(whole; fresh)</i>	66-78 servings/case					
APRIL:	Sugar Snap Peas	2-3 fresh peas	35 - 40 servings/lb.	270 servings/10 lb. case					
		¼ cup frozen peas; blanched or cooked	10 servings/lb.	200 servings/20 lb case					
	Apricots	1 each, raw, fresh	10 servings/ lb.	96 servings/ 96 count tray					
		¼ cup canned halves	48 servings/ #10 can	280 servings/ case (6 each #10 cans/ case)					
		¼ cup dried halves	10 servings/ lb.	200 servings/ 20 lb. case					
MAY:	Spinach	¼ cup raw leaves	20 servings/lb.; Ready to use	150 servings/case (12 each 10 oz. bags/case)					
	Bananas	1 each petite	150 servings/150 count case	150 servings/150 count case					
JUNE:	Cucumbers	2-3 slices	15 servings/lb.	330 servings/22 lb. case					
	Blueberries	¼ cup fresh	10 servings/ pint	120/12 pint (6 oz.) flat					
		¼ cup frozen	10 servings/ lb.	300 servings/ 30 lb. case					

<u>*Note:</u> A lite dip, such as Ranch, may be served with certain raw vegetables to entice children to try these items. The intent of this program although, is to encourage children to try these vegetables in their raw, natural state and experience their true wonderful flavors.

In order to control ¼ cup specified portions, it is recommended that you serve these samples in ¼ soufflé cups.

Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit



Listed below are suggested giveaway and promotional items to enhance your fruit and vegetable project. You can pick and choose products based on your school's needs and financial resources. Use the attached list of resource companies to find products that will fit into your plan.

MONTH	Teacher	Student	Home	Foodservice
September: (Red Peppers & Cantaloupe)	"Catch a Rainbow Everyday" Posters Or Fruit and/or Vegetable Posters	Crayon Eraser	"Catch a Rainbow Everyday" Handouts Or Why Eat Fruits & Veggies? Handouts	"Catch a Rainbow Everyday" Posters Or Fruit and/or Vegetable Posters
October: (Squash & Apples)	Apple Posters Contact: Washington State Apple Commission <u>www.bestapples.com</u>	Fruit and/or Veggie Photo Frame	Apple Brochure Contact: Washington State Apple Commission <u>www.bestapples.com</u>	Apple Posters Contact: Washington State Apple Commission <u>www.bestapples.com</u>
November: (Carrots & Pineapple)	1 ea. Fresh Whole Pineapple/Classroom to Show Students	Pineapple or Fruit Straw	Grocery Store Coupon for Free or Discounted Fresh Pineapple Contact: Local Supermarkets for Support	Pineapple Seedies or Stuffed Fruit Shapes (Use as Sticker Promotion for Lunch or Breakfast; Students finding sticker on their tray Win Stuffed Pineapple)
December: (Broccoli & Clementines)	Poster Antioxidants Contact: Local Cancer Society <u>www.cancer.org</u>	Fruit Scented Pencils	5 A Day Kids Cookbook Go to: <u>http://newsletter.dole.</u> <u>com/2011/new-kids-</u> cookbook/	Fruits & Vegetables By Color Posters
January: (Cauliflower & Cranberries)	Cranberry Poster Contact: Cranberry Marketing Committee <u>www.uscranberries.com</u>	Scratch & Smell Fruit Stickers , Doodle Pads or Sticky Notepads	Smart Snacking Brochures	Cranberry Recipe Pket. (Free) Cranberry Poster Contact: Cranberry Marketing Committee <u>www.uscranberries.com</u>

Fruits & Vegetables Toolkit



MONTH	Teacher	Student	Home	Foodservice
February: (Sweet Potatoes & Grapefruit)	Sweet Potato Posters & Classroom Materials Contact: North Carolina SweetPotato Commission <u>http://www.ncsweetpotatoes.</u> <u>com/sweet-potatoes-</u> <u>101/sweet-potatoes-in-the-</u> <u>classroom/materials-to-</u> <u>order/</u> <u>http://www.ncsweetpotatoes.</u> <u>com/sweet-potatoes-</u> <u>101/sweet-potatoes-in-the-</u> <u>classroom/</u>	1 each Fresh Sweet Potato (Grow plant at home)	Coupon for Free or Discount on Fresh Sweet Potatoes and/or Grapefruits Contact: Local Supermarkets for Support	Garden Heroes or Veggie Seedies (Use as Sticker Giveaways at Lunch or Breakfast) Sweet Potato Guessing Poster, "How Many Sweet Potatoes Are in the Pile?" (Use as a Cafeteria Contest) Contact: North Carolina SweetPotato Commission http://www.ncsweetpotatoe s.com/wp- content/uploads/2013/03/ea t-well-live-well.jpg
March: (Chickpeas & Kiwi)	Elementary School Posters Free! (Your school must be a Team Nutrition School to receive a free poster) <u>http://www.fns.usda.gov/tea</u> <u>m-nutrition/elementary- posters</u>	Fruit or Veggie Bookmark	Brochure on Healthier Fast Food	Fruit & Veggie Shaped Balloons; Hang in Cafeteria
April: (Sugar Snap Peas & Apricots)	Contact: California Apricot Council for Resources <u>www.apricotproducers.com</u>	Garden Seed Packet	Free Coupon or Discount on Seed Packets Contact: Local Garden Supply Stores for Support	Free Fruit & Veggie Posters "Dig In" <u>http://www.fns.usda.go</u> <u>v/tn/Resources/dig_in.h</u> <u>tml</u>
May: (Spinach & Bananas)	Leafy Greens Poster Contact: Leafy Greens Council <u>www.leafy-greens.org</u>	Smile Kickball	Walking or Activity Brochure	Leafy Greens Poster Contact: Leafy Greens Council <u>www.leafy-greens.org</u>
June: (Cucumbers & Blueberries)	Contact: North American Blueberry Council for Resources <u>www.blueberry.org</u>	Fruit and/or Veggie Zipper Pulls or Back Pack Clips	Coupon for Free or Discount on Fresh Berries Contact: Local Supermarkets for Support	Posters Wellness- Nutrition-Physical Activity

Classroom Evaluation Tool



Eat More Fruits & Vegetables Surve	ey
Grade:	
Teacher:	
Students Present on Day of Taste Test:	
Food Item:	
1-How many students have never eaten this food?	
2- How many students have never eaten this food in the way it was served today?	_
3-How many students liked this food?	
*4-How many students would eat this food, in the same form i today, if it was offered as part of the school meal?	t was tasted
5-How many students would choose this food as a snack if it v available?	was
6-Additional Comments:	
*NOTE: If your students currently do not have access to the school me	al program

***NOTE:** If your students currently do not have access to the school meal program, change the last part of the question to "if it was offered as part of your lunch".

Dear Parents/Guardians:

Our school will be participating in a special program for the ______ school year. **We will be featuring a fruit and vegetable program** utilizing a toolkit provided by the New Jersey Department of Agriculture/ Bureau of Child Nutrition. Our school put a great amount of time and energy into planning this project.

One day each month your child or children will sample a fruit or vegetable in the classroom. In September your child will taste sweet red bell peppers. There will also be information and recipes sent home each month for you as a family to participate in promoting and increasing your consumption of this specific fruit or vegetable. This month a brochure, "Get more --- because more matters", will be sent home. This guide is bursting with tips and ideas on how to get more fruits and veggies into your day. You will also receive a "5 A Day --- The Color Way Chart". We encourage you to make this a family activity. Keep track of your daily consumption of colorful fruits and vegetables.

Please try to extend your child's/children's fruit and vegetable experience by **including these activities and recipes as a family project.** Your participation will contribute to the success of this project!

The goals of the fruit and vegetable program are as follows:

- ✓ Increase fruit and vegetable consumption among children
- ✓ Expose children to new fruits and vegetables in various forms
- Expand ways to add to fruits and vegetables into your day
- ✓ Promote wellness

We hope you will enjoy the monthly items we will be sending home to you. Thank you for your support! **Remember to eat more fruits and vegetables everyday.**

Principal

Dear Parents/Guardians:

Your child/children will be taste-testing	 for the
month of	

The following items are attached:

- ✓ Kids' Kitchen Recipes
- ✓ Recipes for Home
- ✓ Family Activities _____

Please try to extend your child's/children's fruit and vegetable experience by including these activities and recipes as a family project. Your participation will contribute to the success of this project!

Thank you for your support! Remember to eat more fruits and vegetables everyday.

Fruit & Vegetable Program Coordinator

Principal

Dear Teachers:

Your <u>**MONTH</u>** packet to use for implementation of our fruit and vegetable project is enclosed. There is one packet for each classroom. A Classroom Packet will be distributed to you one month prior to the taste testing.</u>

MONTHLY CLASSROOM PACKET:

Each month's packet will contain information you can use to promote the fruit and/or vegetable you will be testing. It will include:

- ✓ Fruit and/or Vegetable "Fact Sheet"
- ✓ "Fun Facts"
- ✓ Summary sheet of "FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS" to enhance your program experience. These are grouped into the following two categories:

ľœ

- "Classroom Link"
- "Home Link"
- ✓ Kid's Kitchen Recipes
- Kid's Kitchen Recipes
 Resince for Home
- ✓ Recipes for Home

NOTE: In addition, the first month's packet will include a list of Fruit and Vegetable Resources and Educational Web Sites.

MONTHLY CLASSROOM SURVEY:

Please complete one survey after each taste testing session. Turn in your survey to me immediately following your tasting session, as these will assist us in evaluating the success of our program.

Please don't hesitate to contact me at any time if you have questions! I look forward to working with you on this exciting project.

Fruit & Vegetable Program Coordinator

Dear Food Service Director:

Our school has decided to conduct a Fruit and Vegetable program. In order to keep you informed we will distribute to you a sample of the monthly classroom and home packets we will be using for this project. We are hoping that you can partner with us in promoting fruits and vegetables throughout the upcoming school year. Enclosed are September's classroom and home packets. In September we will be promoting <u>List Fruit</u> and <u>List Vegetable</u>.

We would like you to feature these on our students' school lunch and breakfast menus. We hope that you can offer these at least once a month.

SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE LINK:

Attached is September's **"School Food Service Link**" and information about this link. It includes recipes utilizing the fruit or vegetable of the month, marketing and promotional tips. These are only suggestions.

Thank you for all of your support and cooperation in helping us to make this a successful project! Classroom education, partnered with reinforcement at home and in the cafeteria is the key to educating students on nutrition and wellness. You are an important link in our efforts to build healthy New Jersey children.

Please don't hesitate to contact us at any time if you have questions! We look forward to working with you on this exciting project.

Fruit & Vegetable Program Coordinator

Principal

<u>Resource Companies</u> <u>For</u> Promotional Giveaways, Decorations & Teaching Tools:

- Bargain Balloons
 Phone: 1-866-330-1272
 Web Site: <u>www.bargainballoons.com</u>
- Cool School Café

Phone: 1-800-468-3287 Fax: 763-262-3120 Web Site: <u>www.coolschoolcafe.com</u>

- http://forteachersonly.com/
- Fun Express
 Phone: 1-800-875-8494
 Fax: 1-800-228-1002
 Web Site: www.FunExpress.com
- Hubert

Phone: 1-866-482-4357 Fax: 1-800-527-0128 Web Site: <u>www.hubert.com</u>

Learning ZoneXpress

Phone: 1-888-455-7003 Fax: 507-455-3380 Web Site: www.LearningZoneXpress.com

M & N International

Phone: 1-800-479-2043 Fax: 1-800-PARTY-ON Web Site: www.mninternational.com

Meal Maker

Phone: 1-800-325-8511 Fax: 651-642-1314 Web Site: http://mealmakerprogram.com/

- Mission Nutrition by Mello Smello Phone: 1-888-394-1406 Fax: 763-231-4282 Web Site: www.mission-nutrition.com
- NASCO Nutrition

Phone: 1-800-558-9595 Fax: 1-800-372-1236 Web Site: <u>www.eNasco.com/nutrition</u>

✤ NCES

Phone: 1-800-445-5653 Fax: 1-800-251-9349 Web Site: <u>www.ncescatalog.com</u>

- Neat Solutions INC Phone: 1-888-577-6328 Fax: 1-925-934-5086 Web Site: <u>www.neatsolutions.com</u>
- North Carolina Sweet Potato Commission Phone: 919-989-7323 Fax: 919-989-3015 Web Site: www.ncsweetpotatoes.com
- Positive Promotions
 Phone: 1-800-635-2666
 Fax: 1-800-635-2329
 Web Site: www.positivepromotions.com
- Rhode Island Novelty
 Phone: 1-800-528-5599
 Fax: 1-800-448-1775
 Web-Site: www.rinovelty.com
- School Nutrition Association Emporium Phone: 1-800-728-0728
 Fax: 571-255-6973
 Web Site: www.emporium.schoolnutrition.org
- Sherman Specialty Company, INC Phone: 1-800-669-7437 Fax: 1-516-861-1034 Web Site: <u>http://www.shermanrestaurants.com/</u>
- ShinDigz

Phone: 1-800-314-8736 Fax: 1-260-723-6979 Web Site: <u>www.shindigz.com</u>

SmileMakers

Phone: 1-888-800-SMILE Fax: 1-877-567-SMILE Web Site: <u>www.smilemakers.com</u>

✤ U.S. Toy Company Phone: 1-800-255-6124 Fax: 1-816-761-9295 Web Site: <u>www.ustoy.com</u>

NOTE: The NJDA does not support or recommend any of these companies. These are only offered as possible resources.

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RESOURCES

Produce Marketing Association

www.pma.com

United Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Association <u>www.uffva.org</u>

American Cancer Society www.cancer.org

American Heart Association www.americanheart.org

Washington State Apple Commission

www.bestapples.com http://www.bestapples.com/kids/index.shtml

Cranberry Marketing Committee www.uscranberries.com

Florida Citrus http://www.floridacitrus.org/newsroom

North Carolina Sweet Potato Commission, Inc. www.ncsweetpotatoes.com

California Kiwifruit Commission www.kiwifruit.org

California Apricot Producers <u>www.apricotproducers.com</u>

Dole Food Service www.dole.com

Leafy Greens Council www.leafy-greens.org

North American Blueberry Council www.blueberry.org



WEB SITES

<u>TEAM NUTRITION:</u> www.teamnutrition.usda.gov

EDUCATIONAL SITES for KIDS: www.kidshealth.org http://www.foodchamps.org/ http://www.choosemyplate.gov/kids/index.html www.kidnetic.com www.bam.gov http://www.sunkist.com/kids/ http://www.dole.com/superkids

FRUITS & VEGGETABLES:

http://www.fruitsandveggiesmorematters.org/ http://www.choosemyplate.gov/food-groups/fruits.html http://www.choosemyplate.gov/food-groups/vegetables.html http://www.scholastic.com/browse/unitplan.jsp?id=277 www.dole5aday.com http://www.sunkist.com/healthy/nutrition_facts.aspx

> <u>RECIPES:</u>

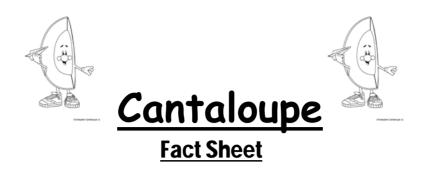
http://www.nj.gov/agriculture/jerseyfresh/recipes/ http://www.fruitsandveggiesmorematters.org/main-recipes http://www.choosemyplate.gov/kids/Recipes.html www.dole.com

http://www.sunkist.com/recipes/default.aspx

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS: (Fees charged)

- "Food Play" <u>www.foodplay.com</u>; Phone: 1-800--FOODPLAY
- The National Theater for Children <u>www.nationaltheatre.com</u>; Phone: 1-800-858-3999 ext. 1

SEPTEMBER: Fruit – Cantaloupe Veggie – Red Bell Peppers



Where did they come from?

Cantaloupe is a variety of fruit from the melon family. It originated in the Middle East and eventually spread across Europe. Cantaloupe was named after Cantalupo, Italy, the city where cantaloupe was originally cultivated from Armenia melon seeds in the 1700's. Christopher Columbus transported melon seeds to the United States, which were later cultivated by Spanish explorers in California. Cantaloupe, which is actually called a muskmelon, is the most common melon within the United States.

Where do they grow?

The majority of cantaloupe produced in the United States is grown in California, Arizona, New Mexico and Texas. Imported cantaloupe comes from Mexico and Central America including Costa Rica, Guatemala and Honduras. Cantaloupe is available year-round but their peak season is June through August.

How do they grow?

Cantaloupes are round with a golden tightly netted skin. The inside or flesh is a pinkish orange to bright orange. This melon grows best in sandy, aerated and well-watered soil, which is free of weeds. Cantaloupe plants are produced by planting melon seeds. The melons grow on vines along the soil.

Are they healthy?

- ♥ Good source of potassium, vitamin A and C
- boxtimes High in water content
- $rac{W}{V}$ Low in calories and cholesterol and also fat free

How do you pick a good one?

- $rac{W}{}$ Choose one which is round, firm and slightly golden
- "Select cantaloupe with a sweet smell
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid those with cracks, soft spots or dark bruises

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Cantaloupe</u>

Did you know...

- © Did you know that melons are in the same gourd family as squashes and cucumbers?
- [©] Did you know cantaloupe is a juicy, sweet alternative for dessert?
- Did you know that cantaloupe is the most popular melon in the United States?
- © Did you know that a squirt of lemon or lime juice will enhance or perk up the flavor of a slice of cantaloupe?

Contained by the size of the s

Did you know if you by leave uncut cantaloupe at room temperature for two to four days that the fruit will become softer and juicier?

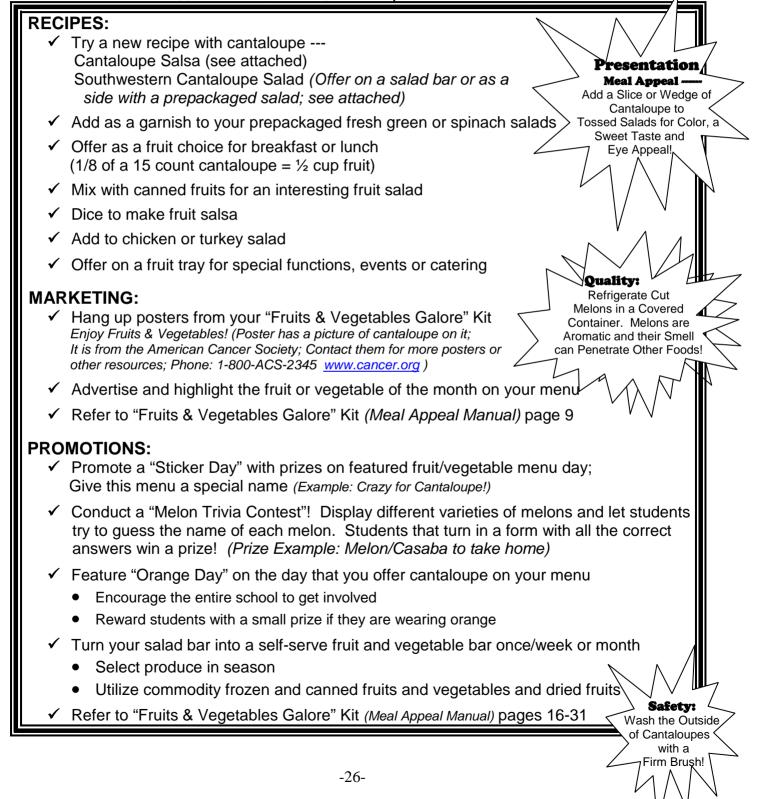
> Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

🗸 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Cantaloupe*; Choose ideas at your own discretion





Cantaloupe Salsa

Makes 24 each 1/2 cup Servings

Source: Produce for Better Health/Del Monte Fresh Produce Company

3 each Cantaloupe 4 ¹/₂ cups Red Bell Pepper, Finely Chopped 1 ¹/₂ cups Cilantro or Parsley, Finely Chopped 1 cup Scallions, Finely Chopped Juice of 6 Limes Pinch of Salt & Hot Pepper Flakes

Directions:

Remove seeds and rind from cantaloupe. Chop cantaloupe into very small diced pieces. Put in a bowl. Add diced red pepper, cilantro, scallions and lime juice. Stir. Add pinch of salt and pepper flakes. Chill. Serve with chicken, hamburgers, chicken sandwiches, wraps, and salads...

Nutritional Analysis Per Serving: Calories 21, Protein 1g, Fat 1g, Cholesterol 0mg, Carbohydrates 5g, Fiber 2g, Sodium 62mg

Southwestern Cantaloupe Salad

Makes 24 each ¹/₂ cup Servings

Source: Produce for Better Health/Del Monte Fresh Produce Company

24 oz. Cantaloupe, Thinly Sliced
24 oz. Jicama, Peeled and Thinly Sliced
18 oz. Red Bell Pepper, Roasted, Sliced
18 oz. Yellow Bell Pepper, Roasted, Sliced
1/3 cup Fresh Basil, Chopped or 2 Tablespoons of Dried Basil
3/4 cup No Fat Italian Dressing

Directions:

Combine cantaloupe, jicama, peppers, and basil. Add salad dressing. Mix well.

Nutritional Analysis Per Serving: Calories 42, Protein 1g, Fat 0g, Cholesterol 0mg, Carbohydrates 8g, Fiber 3g, Sodium 154mg

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

Classroom Link...

Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Cantaloupe ... Items in bold are enclosed.

 Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
 Have students color "CHRISTOPHER Cantaloupe"
 Play the game "What Am I?" similar to "pictionary". It also includes a role-playing activity.
 Have students complete the word search "Awesome Melons".
 Discuss eating healthy Fruits and Vegetables for Breakfast, Lunch and at Snack-time! Remind students that these foods keep their bodies healthy. Promote "WELLNESS"! Be physically active, maintain a healthy weight and eat a diet rich in fruits and vegetables are Powerful Foods!



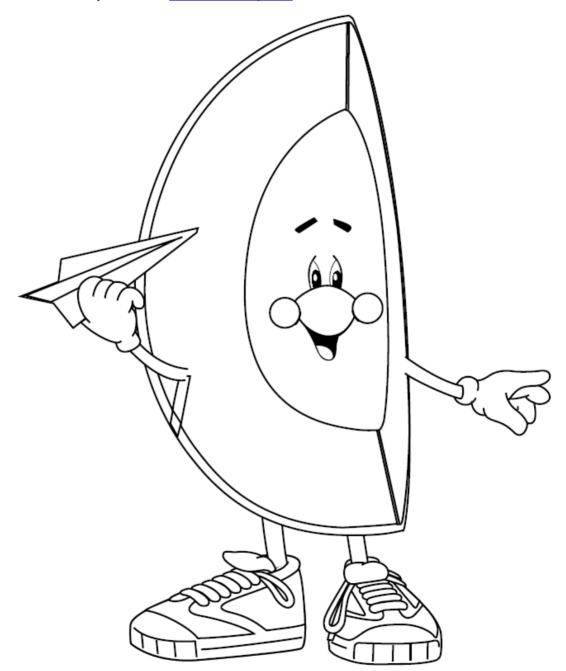
Quick Steps to eating more fruits and vegetables at home ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Send home "Fruits & Veggies --- More Matters!" and encourage parents to serve fruits and vegetables for breakfast, lunch and at snack-time.
- Kids' Kitchen Recipes --- Encourage parents/guardians to try recipes with their children!
- ✓ Recipes for Home --- Try new Cantaloupe recipes at home!



From: Dole 5-A-Day Web-Site; <u>www.dole5aday.com</u>



Christopher Cantaloupe ©



From: "Community Nutrition Action Kit"/Team Nutrition (modified)

What Am I?

Playing an adaptation of "pictionary," identify a variety of fruits and vegetables. Role-play how to add new fruits and vegetables to meals!

Materials Needed:

- Board or flip-chart
- Markers
- Cut up samples of fruits and vegetables (optional)
- Plates, napkins or paper towels (optional)
- Toothpicks (optional)

Attached:

 "Roll 'Em Role Plays" handout

Time Needed:

 30 minutes for each activity

OBJECTIVES:

• To expand the variety of fruits and vegetables eaten as a wide variety of fruits and vegetables are identified.

◆ To learn to incorporate more fruits and vegetables into the diet through role-play.

KEY CONCEPTS:

• Most people need to eat more fruits and vegetables each day.

• Fruits and vegetables add variety, color, different textures and flavors to meals.

◆ Fruits and vegetables are good snacks to eat because they are low in fat, easy to prepare, and easy to take along.

PREPARATION NEEDED:

◆ Make enough copies of the "Roll 'Em Role Plays" handouts and cut apart on the dotted lines.

• Optional: Cut up samples of fruits and vegetables for tasting – include both new and familiar fruits and vegetables. Put a toothpick in each piece of fruit and vegetable.

BACKGROUND:

- Most people do not eat enough fruits and vegetables each day.
- Fruits and vegetables can add a lot of variety and excitement to meals. They are colorful, have different textures and flavors and are easy to prepare. They also come in their own "package" - their skin - for carrying along.



- In addition, fruits and vegetables are available many different ways fresh, frozen, canned, and dried. Some foods, peaches for example, are available in all four of these ways!
- It is becoming easier to find fruits and vegetables from other countries and cultures in the local supermarket!
- Fruits and vegetables provide the body with vitamins and minerals to help the body grow and stay healthy. Fruits and vegetables also contain fiber for healthy digestive systems.

WHAT AM I? ACTIVITY

Setup and introduction

	Food Safety Note:
✓	If you use any fresh
	fruits and vegetables
	wash them thoroughly.
✓	Refrigerate any leftover
	fruits and vegetables
	immediately.
✓	Have the youth wash
	their hands before
	handling or tasting food.

1. Play "What Am I?

Divide the youth into pairs or teams and explain the game. "What Am I?" is played like the game "Pictionary." A youth from each pair or team draws a fruit or vegetable so that the rest of the group can guess what it is. Let each pair or team take turns at the board or flip-chart. The first team to get a certain number of points wins.

2. After the game --- Discuss the following:

What are some of your favorite fruits and vegetables? Name the part of the plant the food you just named comes from. Where in the U.S. are these foods you just named grown? Why is it important to eat fruits and vegetables? Name ways to eat a variety of fruits and vegetables every day. What new fruits or vegetables did you learn about? Which of these new fruits or vegetables would you like to try?

ROLE PLAY ACTIVITY

Directions:

- ✓ One person in each ⋅group reads the role-play situation to the group.
 ✓ The group decides what
- to do in the situation.✓ Everyone participates in
- the role-play.
- 1. Explain to the youth what a role-play is (a role-play is a kind of short play where you make up your own lines and act out what you might do in a situation).
- 2. Divide the youth into groups of 3-5.
- 3. Distribute a different role-play from the "Roll 'Em Role Plays" handout to each group. You may want to give the same role-play to more than one group so that a variety of outcomes are developed.



OPTIONAL ACTIVITY

- 1. Have each youth try the samples of fruits and vegetables.
- Suggested discussion questions: Which of these fruits and vegetables are new to you? Describe the taste of the food~ you liked. Would you ask for them at home?

CLOSURE:

Discuss the following suggested questions after each group has presented its role-play:

- ✓ Why did you choose what you did in your situation?
- How do you think you would feel when you choose fruits and vegetables and your friends choose other foods?
- ✓ Have you been in similar situations? What did you do?
- ✓ What would you do differently as a result of what you learned today?





ROLL 'EM ROLE PLAYS

Role Play #1

Your family is eating breakfast at a restaurant. You and your brother are deciding what to order. You have been really trying to eat more fruits and vegetables. What do you do?

cut along dotted lines

Role Play #2

You and your friends are choosing snacks from a vending machine that has mostly candy and chips. You have been trying to eat more fruits and vegetables. You notice another vending machine. It has fruit juice and soda pop. What do you do?

cut along dotted lines

Role Play #3

Your class is planning a class party for the end of the school year. Most of the foods suggested have been the usual-cake, cookies, candy, etc. You have been trying to eat more fruits and vegetables. What do you do?

cut along dotted lines

Possible Outcomes for the Role Plays:

Role Play #1

- \checkmark Order juice or fruit at the restaurant.
- ✓ Eat a piece of fruit at home before you go out to eat.
- \checkmark Bring along a banana or orange to eat with breakfast.

Role Play #2

- ✓ Have a piece of fruit when you get home.
- ✓ Choose a fruit juice from the other vending machine.
- ✓ Look for crackers, pretzels or low fat cookies.

Role Play #3

- Suggest including some snacks that contain fruits and vegetables: fruit salad, dip with raw vegetables, fruit smoothie, etc.
- ✓ Go to the party and don't eat too much of the snacks there. Eat fruits and vegetables at other meals that day of the party.





Search for the melon words listed below. Words can be found vertically, horizontally and diagonally.

Р	E	R	S	Ι	A	Ν	W	S	X	A	Ν	С	B	J
Е	С	G	Μ	Q	Z	E	Z	U	W	W	R	J	Т	J
С	H	A	Q	X	D	Z	Ι	A	A	A	Р	R	С	J
Q	A	J	S	Y	X	S	R	L	Т	J	V	0	S	A
V	S	Ν	E	A	Т	Q	E	С	E	K	Т	0	V	L
X	Р	Ν	Т	L	B	S	A	A	R	Q	Ι	B	F	Q
W	0	E	Y	A	0	A	A	Т	Μ	Y	С	A	G	X
Н	0	R	L	D	L	V	Ι	Ν	E	J	B	B	W	G
X	D	X	0	E	H	0	D	A	L	B	G	Р	Μ	S
D	S	F	С	0	Ι	G	U	S	0	R	Z	R	H	L
Ι	H	Z	W	H	X	Z	U	Р	Ν	D	D	A	Ι	V
С	H	A	0	U	Р	D	E	B	E	0	R	A	J	E
0	K	0	С	Q	W	J	G	Р	U	L	Ι	K	K	F
\mathbf{V}	Р	Р	F	J	Y	H	H	U	Y	V	E	G	J	С
W	A	H	S	Ν	E	R	С	Ν	V	E	Ι	D	S	K

Cantaloupe	Casaba	Crenshaw	Honeydew
Persian	Santa Claus	Sharlyn	Watermelon



AWESOME MELONS Solutions

P	E	R	<mark>S</mark>	I	A	N	W	S	X	A	Ν	С	B	J
Ε	C	G	Μ	Q	Z	E	Z	U	W	W	R	J	Т	J
C	Н	A	Q	X	D	Z	Ι	A	A	A	Р	R	С	J
Q	A	J	<mark>S</mark>	Y	X	S	R	L	T	J	V	0	S	A
\mathbf{V}	S	N	E	A	Т	Q	E	C	E	K	Т	0	V	L
X	Р	N	T	L	B	S	A	A	R	Q	Ι	B	F	Q
W	0	Ε	Y	A	0	A	A	T	M	Y	С	A	G	X
H	0	R	L	D	L	V	Ι	N	E	J	B	B	W	G
X	D	X	0	E	H	0	D	A	L	B	G	Р	Μ	S
D	S	F	С	0	Ι	G	U	<mark>S</mark>	0	R	Z	R	H	L
Ι	Н	Z	W	H	X	Z	U	P	N	D	D	A	Ι	V
С	Н	Α	0	U	Р	D	E	B	E	0	R	A	J	E
0	K	0	С	Q	W	J	G	Р	U	L	Ι	K	K	F
\mathbf{V}	Р	Р	F	J	Y	H	Н	U	Y	V	E	G	J	С
W	A	H	S	N	E	R	C	N	V	Е	Ι	D	S	K

- CANTALOUPE: (Column 1; Row 3; South East/Diagonal)

- CASABA: (Column 2; Row 2; South East/Diagonal)
- CRENSHAW: (Column 8; Row 15; West/Backwards Horizontal)
- HONEYDEW: (Column 1; Row 8; North East/Upwards Diagonal)
- PERSIAN: (Column 1; Row 1; East/Horizontal)
- SANTA CLAUS: (Column 9; Row 10; North/Backwards Vertical)
- SHARLYN: (Column 15; Row 9; South West/Diagonal)
- WATERMELON: (Column 10; Row 2; South/Vertical)



Fruits & Veggies --- More Matters!

The "Fruits & Veggies --- More Matters" is a national public health program from the *Produce for Better Health Foundation* that encourages all Americans to **eat more fruits and vegetables everyday.** This program builds on the momentum and success that 5 A day created and takes it to the next level by emphasizing **eating more fruits and veggies at every eating occasion.**

"Fruits & Veggies --- More Matters" is about small achievable steps to include all forms (*fresh, frozen, canned, dried and 100% juice*) of fruits and veggies into your daily routine. The number of cups a person needs depends on age, gender and activity level. See the chart at the bottom of this page for more information.

Research indicates that 96% of children, ages 2-12, fall short of the recommended daily amounts of fruits and vegetables!

Eating more fruits and vegetables a day provides a variety of health benefits. Fruits and vegetable are good sources of essential nutrients like vitamin C, vitamin A, potassium, and fiber.

Be physically active, maintain a healthy weight and eat a diet rich in fruits and vegetables everyday! These action steps promote good health and help reduce the risk of cancer, heart disease, hypertension, stroke, diabetes and other chronic diseases.

Eat Fruits and Vegetables for Breakfast, Lunch and at Snack-time -----Fruits and Vegetables are Powerful Foods!

What does 1 cup and a $\frac{1}{2}$ cup look like?

- > 1 small banana, peach or orange = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup
- > $\frac{1}{2}$ cup canned or fresh-cut fruit = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup
- > $\frac{1}{4}$ cup dried fruit, like raisins = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup
- 8 ounces of 100% fruit/vegetable juice = 1 cup
- 1 large sweet potato = 1 cup

- ½ cup cooked veggies, like broccoli, corn or carrots = ½ cup
- 1 cup raw leafy greens, like lettuce or baby spinach = ½ cup
- > 16 seedless grapes = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup
- \rightarrow 12 baby carrots = 1 cup

What's your daily goal?

Use this chart to determine the minimum number of cups you should eat every day.*

Age & Gender:	Estimated Daily Calorie Needs:	Daily Cups of Fruits & Veggies:
Girls: 4-8 years	1,200	2 ¹ / ₂ cups
Boys: 4-8 years	1,400	3 cups
Girls: 9-13 years & Women: 51+ years	1,600	3½ cups
Boys: 9-13 years, Girls: 14-18 years &	1,800	4 cups
Women: 31-50 years		
Women: 19-30 years & Men: 51+ years	2,000	4½ cups
Boys: 14-18 years & Men: 19-50 years	2,200	5 cups

*Daily recommended cups are based on less active lifestyles. To see amounts needed by more active people, visit <u>www.5aday.gov</u>.

Also check out: www.fruitsandveggiesmorematters.org; www.mypyramid.gov



Cantaloupe

How to Cut a Cantaloupe:

- 1- First --- Wash the outside of the cantaloupe before you begin!!
- 2- Using a heavy knife, halve the fruit lengthwise from bottom to top
- 3- Scoop out the seeds with a spoon
- 4- Slice each half into 1 inch wedges
- 5- Eat with a spoon or simply eat like a watermelon wedge with your hands!

Fun Ways to Eat:

- 🖑 Cut into chunks, slices or wedges
- ♥ Mix with your favorite fruit --- Create a fruit salad!
- W Make a fruit kabob (skewer with different types of cut up fruit onto a stick)
- ${}^{\textcircled{W}}$ Try dipping in low fat vanilla yogurt
- ${box{W}}$ Make a fruit salsa and add to chicken, burgers, burritos...
- $rac{W}{}$ Add diced melon to chicken or seafood salad
- 🖑 Make a "Melonicious Smoothie"

- ¼ cantaloupe, cubed - ¼ honeydew, cubed -1 lime, juiced -2 tablespoons sugar In a blender, combine cantaloupe, honeydew, lime juice and sugar. Blend until smooth. Pour into 4 glasses and enjoy! (*Recipe From: 5-A-Day/CDC*)

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipe is attached and includes cantaloupe as an ingredient:

🖑 Rainbow Fruit Kabobs







This colorful and nutritious snack is fun to make but even more fun to eat. If you can't find fresh cut produce in your local store, buy whole fruit, then wash, peel and cube it. Experiment with other

peel and cube it. Experiment with other colorful fruits to create your own rainbow on a stick!

Makes 12 kabobs

Ingredients:

- 1 pint DOLE® Strawberries, washed, stems removed
- 1 (12-ounce) container DOLE Fresh-Cut Cantaloupe
 - 1 (20-ounce) can DOLE Pineapple Chunks in Juice, drained; reserve juice
- 1 (12-ounce) container DOLE Fresh-Cut Honeydew Melon
- 1 pound DOLE Purple Grapes, washed
 - 2 large DOLE Bananas, peeled

You will need:

Cutting board Sharp knife Can opener 12 wooden skewers (10-12 inches long) Large serving platter

Reprinted from Dole's "5 A Day Kids Cookbook"

Here's how:

 Cut each banana into six chunks. Dip chunks in reserved pineapple juice.
 Thread a strawberry, a cantaloupe chunk, a grape, a pineapple chunk, a honeydew melon chunk, and a banana chunk on each skewer. Add more

fruit until skewer is full.

Set on a plate and start threading next skewer. Repeat until all skewers are filled with a rainbow of colorful fruit.

CC

1 Lay skewers on platter; pour reserved pineapple juice over top to keep fruit from browning. Chill until ready to serve.



Calories	66	Dietary Fiber	2 grams	E
Total Fat	0 grams	Protein	1 gram	5
Saturated Fat	0 grams	Vitamin A	1016 Inter	1016 International Units
Cholesterol	0 milligrams	Vitamin C	36 milligrams	ams
Sodium	15 milligrams	Calcium	13 milligrams	ams
Potassium	337 milligrams	Iron	0.4 milligram	am
Total Carbohydrate 25 grams	25 grams	Folate	23 micrograms	irams
This recipe is	approved and prove	approved and provides fruits in the following color groups:	wing color groups	5
	2	2	>	2

63

Home Link... Home Recipes

Your child/children will be offered fresh

Cantaloupe

in September on their School Menu! Try a new Cantaloupe recipe at home!

Cantaloupe Salsa

Makes 12 each 1/2 cup Servings

Source: Produce for Better Health/Del Monte Fresh Produce

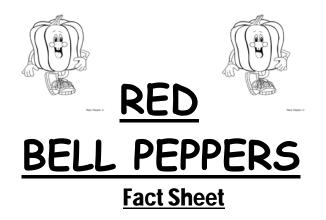
Ingredients:

½ each Cantaloupe
 ¼ cups Red Bell Pepper, Finely Chopped
 4 cups Cilantro or Parsley, Finely Chopped
 2 cup Scallions, Finely Chopped
 Juice of 3 Limes
 Pinch of Salt & Hot Pepper Flakes

Directions:

Remove seeds and rind from cantaloupe. Chop cantaloupe into very small diced pieces. Put in a bowl. Add diced red pepper, cilantro, scallions and lime juice. Stir. Add pinch of salt and pepper flakes. Chill. Serve with chicken, hamburgers, chicken sandwiches, wraps, salads...

Nutritional Analysis Per Serving: Calories 21, Protein 1g, Fat 1g, Cholesterol 0mg, Carbohydrates 5g, Fiber 2g, Sodium 62mg



Where did they come from?

In 1492, Columbus and his explorers discovered sweet and hot peppers in the West Indies. He took samples back to Europe. Peppers quickly became popular in Europe as a food, spice and condiment. Twenty years later in 1512, travelers found bell pepper varieties growing throughout the West Indies, Central America, Mexico, Peru and Chili. Christopher Columbus and Spanish explorers gave peppers their name. They were searching for peppercorn plants that produce black pepper.

Where do they grow?

California and Florida produce most of the sweet bell peppers for the United States. Other states that grow them are Texas, New Jersey and North Carolina. They are also produced in Mexico, Dominican Republic, Belgium and the Netherlands. They are available year round, but are more plentiful and less expensive in the summer.

How do they grow?

Pepper plants begin from seeds. The seeds grow into a plant about 3 to 4 feet high. Peppers are actually the fruit, which form on the plants after it flowers. If green bell peppers are left on the plant long enough, they will mature and turn from green to red. The sugar content increases as a pepper matures. The red pepper therefore, tends to be sweeter than the green. Sweet bell peppers can be found in a rainbow of colors such as orange, yellow, purple and brown.

Are they healthy?

♥Great source of vitamin C

♥Contain three times as much vitamin C as the green pepper

How do you pick a good one?

Choose ones with firm skin and no wrinkles
 Pick peppers with fresh, green stems
 Choose ones that are shiny and bright in color
 Select those that are heavy for their size

☺ FUN FACTS!☺

RED BELL PEPPERS

Did you know...

- [©] Did you know a red bell pepper tastes sweet?
- © Did you know that a sweet red pepper is simply a mature green bell pepper?
- Did you know that sweet bell peppers come in a rainbow of colors? They come in green, red, yellow, purple and even brown.
- Did you know that by weight, a sweet red bell pepper contains three times as much vitamin C as a citrus fruit such as an orange? One serving or ½ cup, about 5 strips, provides 100 percent of your daily requirement of vitamin C!
- Did you know that peppers can get a suntan?A suntanned pepper is a green pepper with red spots.

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting **Red Bell Peppers** Choose ideas at your own discretion

RECIPES: ✓ Try a new recipe with red peppers ---Presentation Fresh Tomato Pizza Salad (attached) Meal Appeal ----- Contrast Colors \blacksquare Add Red Peppers to: Mexicali Corn USDA #I-12 (substitute red peppers for pimento) Corn, Pasta Salads, Potato Salad Marinated Black Bean Salad USDA # E-21 & Tossed Salads. ✓ Offer pizza with toppings of red and green peppers ✓ Offer raw carrots, celery and red pepper strips with low fat dip Add cooked red and green peppers to hot sandwiches (Examples: Cheesesteak Sandwich with Peppers, Sausage & Pepper Sub) Add red and green diced peppers to potatoes wedges for breakfast or lunch MARKETING: Quality: Choose Firm, Hang up posters from your "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit Bright Colored, Sense-ational Food; Eat Your Colors Every Day/Tuba Player; Heavy Peppers! Eat Your Colors Today; Enjoy Fruits & Vegetables! Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9 **PROMOTIONS:** Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day Give this menu a special name (Example: Power Up with Peppers!) Safety: Wash Produce ✓ Feature "Red Day" on the day that you offer red peppers on your menu Before Use! Encourage the entire school to get involved Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing red ✓ Turn your salad bar into a self-serve fruit and vegetable bar once/week or once/month Select produce in season Utilize commodity frozen and canned fruits and vegetables and dried fruits ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 16-31





Yield: 100 each 1 cup portions1 serving = 1 ounce protein & ¾ cup vegetable

Ingredients:

Tomatoes, Fresh	17 pounds	
Iceberg Lettuce, Chunked	13 pounds	
Green & Red Bell Peppers, Diced	6½ pounds	
Mozzarella Cheese, Shredded	5 pounds	
Pepperoni, Sliced	2 ¹ / ₂ pounds	
Ripe Olives	1 pound	Italian
Dressing (Low Fat), Prepared	5½ cups	
Croutons, Garlic, Seasoned or Ch	eese 3 ¹ / ₄ pounds	

Directions:

1-Use ripe tomatoes held at room temperature. Core tomatoes; Cut into oneinch chunks.

2-Place tomatoes in large bowl with lettuce, peppers, cheese, pepperoni & olives.

3-Immediately before serving, toss salad with dressing.

4-Toss croutons with salad or top individual salad cups or offer "help yourself" style croutons.

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Sweet Red Bell Peppers ...

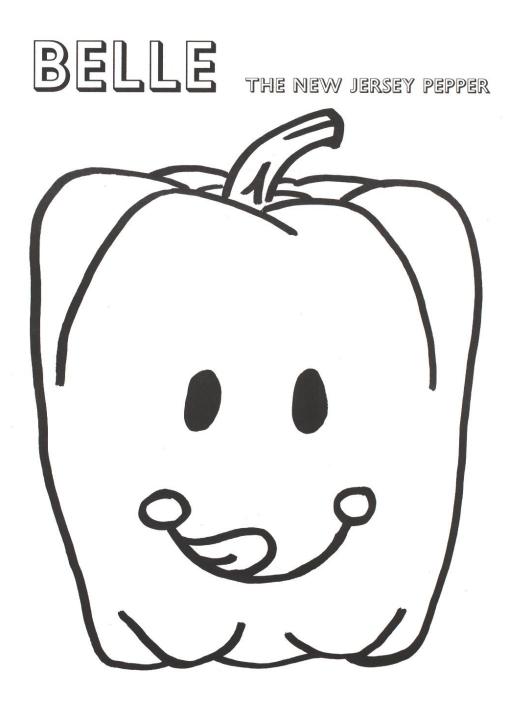
Items in bold are enclosed.

✓ Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
✓ Have students color "BELLE the New Jersey Pepper"
✓ Have students write in or draw their favorite fruit and vegetable next to each color on the handout, "My Favorite Fruit & Vegetable Colors"; Assign upper grade levels to tally handout by grade and report results; Share results with school food service
✓ Display different colors of fresh peppers
✓ Show the difference between a red hot pepper and a red sweet bell pepper
✓ Have students research different kinds of peppers mild, sweet and hot
✓ Have students check out educational web sites for kids (List enclosed)
Home Link Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home

Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Encourage the "5 A Day --- The Color Way Chart" as a family activity
- Kids' Kitchen Recipes--- Encourage parents/guardians to try recipes with their children!
- ✓ Recipes for Home--- Try new Red Pepper recipes at home!







MY FAVORITE FRUIT & VEGETABLE COLORS

Instructions: Write in or draw your favorite fruit and vegetable under each color



WHITE:

- * Fruit _____
- * Vegetable _____

RED:

- * Fruit _____
- * Vegetable

YELLOW/ ORANGE:

- * Fruit _____ * Vegetable _____

GREEN:

- ✤ Fruit _____ * Vegetable _____

BLUE/ PURPLE:

- * Fruit _____
- * Vegetable _____





<u>Instructions/Family Activity:</u> See how many colors you can eat everyday. Fill in the fruit and/or vegetable you eat each day under the color category. Aim for one in each of the 5 categories every day. Get your family involved! Have each family member complete a chart for the week. Compare with each other. See who has the most 5 or more totals in all of the categories.

DAYS:	1-Blue/	2-Green	3-White	4-Orange/	5-Red	Total:
	Purple			Yellow		(Each Day Across)
Monday						
Tuesday						
Wednesday						
_						
Thursday						
Friday						
y						
Saturday						
Catalday						
Sunday						
Sunuay						
Total: (Each column						
down)						

Home Link...



How to Cut and Slice Peppers:

1-Wash and rinse pepper under cold running water

- 2-Secure the pepper on a cutting board
- 3-Cut the pepper in half, through the stem
- 4-Pull off the stem and brush out the seeds
- 5-Place the pepper flat side down and slice into thin pieces

Fun Ways to Eat:

- 🖑 Munch on raw strips with dip
- $^{\ensuremath{\mathfrak{V}}}$ Add raw to salads
- lash W Mix with cooked pasta
- $\overset{\scriptstyle{\scriptstyle{\otimes}}}{\scriptstyle{\otimes}}$ Top pizza with cooked strips
- lash W Stuff them with rice

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

All the following recipes are attached and include sweet red bell peppers as an ingredient.

♥ Spunky Vegetable Pizza
 ♥ Bell Pepper Snack Cups

Home Link... From: "Fun with Fruits and Vegetables Kids Cookbook" Dole Food Company





Spunky Vegetable Pizza





Makes 8 servings

Ingredients:

- 3/4 cup pizza sauce
- 1 large Italian pizza shell
- 1 cup chopped broccoli
- 1 cup shredded carrots
- 1/2 cup sliced red or green bell pepper
- 5 to 6 ounces, shredded, lowfat mozzarella or Cheddar cheese

Preparation Time ... Cooking Time



Method:

- 1. Preheat the oven to 450 F.
- 2. Spoon pizza sauce on pizza shell.
- 3. Put pizza shell on a cookie sheet.
- 4. Arrange vegetables over sauce.
- 5. Sprinkle on the cheese.
- 6. Bake for 10 minutes.
- 7. Cool pizza for 3 minutes before slicing. Cut into 8 wedges.



Utensils Needed:

Measuring Cup Mixing Bowl Mixing Spoon Non-Stick Cookie Sheet Oven Mitts Pizza Cutter Knife

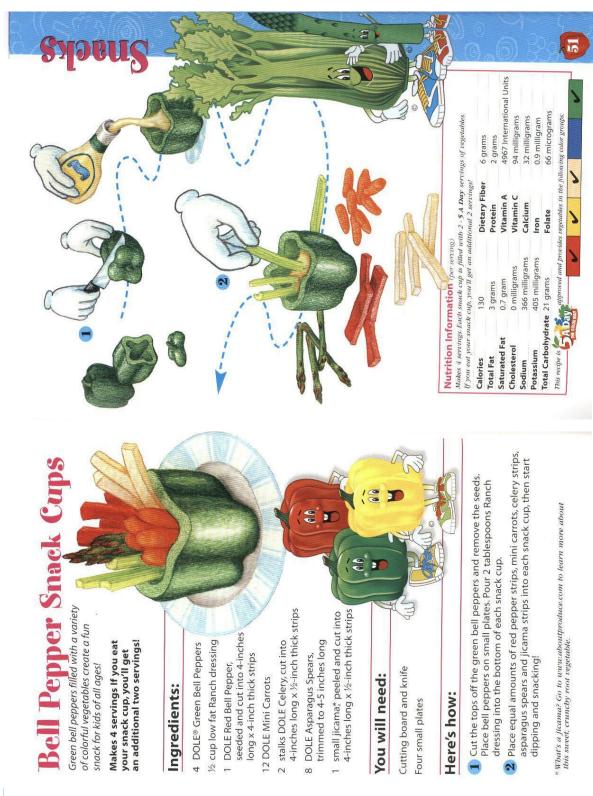
Nutritional Info:

(per serving) 235 calories 13g protein 8g fat (2g sat.) 29g carbohydrate 568mg sodium 15mg cholesterol









"5 A Day Kids Cookbook"







Your child/children will be offered

Sweet Red Bell Peppers

in September on their School Menu! Try a new Red Belle Pepper recipe at home!

Marinated Black Bean Salad

30 minutes to marinate **Serves: 10** *From:* USDA's Team Nutrition Book --- "Food, Family and Fun"

Ingredients:

2-1/4 cups canned black beans, drained, rinsed

2 cups frozen corn

1/2 cup fresh green pepper, minced

1/2 cup fresh red pepper, minced

1/4 cup onions, minced

- 1-1/2 tsp lemon juice
- 1 tsp parsley flakes

1/8 tsp ground cumin

1/8 tsp garlic powder

- 1 cup salsa
- 1 tsp vegetable oil

3/4 cup Monterey Jack cheese, shredded (optional)

Directions:

1.In a bowl, **combine** black beans, corn, peppers, and onions.

2. In a small bowl, **whisk** together lemon juice, parsley, cumin, garlic powder, salsa and oil.

- 3. Pour dressing over vegetables and stir to coat.
- 4. Cover and refrigerate for at least 30 minutes or longer to marinate.
- 5. Before serving, **sprinkle** Monterey Jack cheese (optional) over top of salad.

Calories	133	Saturated Fat	0.2 g	Iron	1.3 mg
Protein	4 g	Cholesterol	0 mg	Calcium	35 mg
Carbohydrate	15 g	Vitamin A	74 RE	Sodium	220 mg
Total Fat	0.9 g	Vitamin C	31 mg	Dietary Fiber	3 g

Nutrients per serving: 1/2 cup



Pimientos Rojos Dulces

¡en Septiembre en el Menú Escolar! ¡Intente una nueva receta de Pimenton Rojo en casa!

Ensalada de Frijoles Negros

30 minutos para adobar Porciones: 10

Ingredientes:

2-1/4 tazas de frijoles negros, enjuagados y escurridos

2 tazas de maiz congelado

1/2 taza pimiento verde fresco, picado

1/2 taza pimento rojo fresco, picado

1/4 taza de cebolla, picada

1-1/2 cucharadita de jugo de limón

1 cucharadita de escamas de perejil

1/8 cucharadita de comino molido

1/8 tsp ajo en polvo

1 taza de salsa

1 cucharadita de aceite vegetal

3/4 de taza de queso de Monterey Jack, rallado (opcional)

Instrucciónes:

1. En un tazón, combine los frijoles negros, maíz, pimientos, y cebollas.

2. En un pequeño tazón, bata juntos el jugo de limón, el perejil, el comino, el polvo de ajo, la salsa, y el aceite.

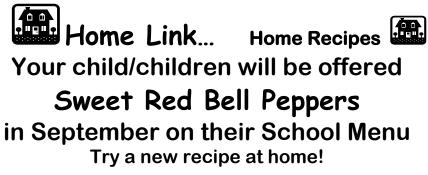
3. Verter aderezo sobre verduras y revolver.

4. Tape y refrigere por lo menos 30 minutos o más largo para adobar.

5. Antes de servir la porción, rocie el queso de Monterey Jack (opcional) sobre la ensalada.

Calorias	133	Grasa Saturada	0.2 g	Hierro	1.3 mg
Proteina	4 g	Colesterol	0 mg	Calcio	35 mg
Carbohidrato	15 g	Vitamina A	74 RE	Sodio	220 mg
Grasa Total	0.9 g	Vitamina C	31 mg	Fibra Dietetica	3 g

Nutrientes por porción: ½ taza



Roasted Peppers

From: Center for Disease Control; www.cdc.gov/

To add a delightfully smoky flavor to pasta dishes, pizza, and brochette, bell peppers can be grilled on a barbecue grill, over the flame of a gas range burner, or broiled in the oven.

To prepare peppers, cut a small slit near the stem of each pepper. If grilling, secure pepper to a long-handled fork and hold over flame turning pepper until skin becomes blackened. If using an oven, broil peppers 4 inches away from heating element. After skin has blackened, immediately place peppers in a ziplock bag for 15 minutes to allow them to steam. Remove pepper from bag and scrape the skin off using a table knife. Remove stem, core, and remove seed from pepper.

Su niño/niños seran ofrecido **Pimentos (ajíes) Rojos Dulces** ¡en Septiembre en el Menú Escolar! *¡Intente una nueva receta en casa*

<u>Pimientos Asados</u>

Para añadir un sabor humeante delicioso a platos de pasta, pizza, y brochette, los ajíes pueden ser asados a la parrilla en una parrilla de barbacoa, sobre la llama de un quemador de cocina de gas, o asados a la parrilla en el horno.

Para preparar pimientos, corte una pequeña raja cerca del tallo de cada pimiento. Si asa la pimineto a la parilla, asegurelo a un tenedor largo y sostengalo sobre la llama girando el pimiento hasta que la piel se este ennegrecida. Si usa un horno, ase las pimientos 4 pulgadas de distancia del elemento de calentar. Después de que la piel ha ennegrecido, inmediatamente coloque pimientos en un bolso de cerradura de cremallera durante 15 minutos para permitir que ellos echaran vapor. Quite el pimiento del bolso y raspe la piel con un cuchillo de mesa. Quite el tallo, el corazón, y la semilla de la pimienta.





Warm Tomato-Pepper Pasta

From: Jersey Fresh Cookbook

Ingredients:

 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup green onion, thinly sliced 1 tsp. garlic, chopped 2 Tbsp. olive oil 1 large red bell pepper, diced finely 3 cups Jersey tomatoes, seeded and diced 8 ounces dry linguine or spaghetti

¹/₂ cup Parmesan cheese, grated 2 Tbsp. parsley, chopped $\frac{1}{4}$ tsp. pepper 1/8 tsp. cayenne pepper

Directions:

Saute onions and garlic in oil until soft. Add red bell pepper and saute until tender-crisp, about 2 minutes. Stir in tomato and cook over high heat until juices evaporate. Stir in cheese and next 3 ingredients; reserve. Cook pasta and drain well. Toss hot pasta with reserved tomato mixture. Serves 4-6. This is an official 5 a Day recipe.

Nutritional analysis per serving: Calories, 373; Fat, 11 g; Cholesterol, 8 mg; Fiber, 4 g; Sodium, 205 mg; Percent calories from fat, 27%.

Pasta de Pimiento y Tomate Caliente

Ingredientes:

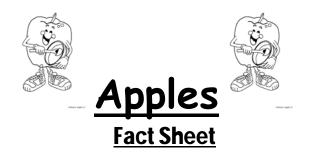
- ¹/₂ taza cebolla verde, picado finanmente
- 1 cucharadita de ajo, picado
- 2 Cucharadas de aceite de oliva
- 1 pimiento rojo grande, en cuadritos finos
- 3 tazas de tomates de Jersey, sin semillas y cortados en cuadritos
- 1/2 taza de queso de Parmesan rallado
- 2 Cucharadas de perejil picado
- 1/4 de cucharadita de pimienta negra
- 1/8 cucharadita de pimienta de Cayena
- 8 oz de linguine o espagueti

Instrucciónes:

Sofrite las cebollas y ajo en el aceite hasta suave. Añada el pimiento rojo y sofrite hasta que este suave y crujiente, aproximadamente 2 minutos. Agregue el tomate y cocine sobre el calor alto hasta que los jugos se evaporen. Añada el queso y los 3 ingredientes sigientes; reservar. Cocine la pasta y escurrir bien. Mezcle la pasta caliente con la mezcla de tomate reservada. Sirve 4-6. Este es una receta oficial de 5 Al Dia.

Análisis alimenticio por porción: Calorías, 373; Grasa, 11 g; Colesterol, 8 mg.; Fibra, 4 g; Sodio, 205 mg.; calorías de por ciento de grasa, el 27 %.

OCTOBER: Fruit – Apples Veggie – Squash



Where did they come from?

Apples have been grown for over 5,000 years. Apples can be traced back to the Romans and Egyptians who introduced this fruit to the British. Early Americans brought seeds from Europe and planted the first apple trees in Massachusetts and Virginia. Johnny Chapman, more commonly known as "Johnny Appleseed", planted apple seeds wherever he traveled in the United States. Currently, at least 50% of apples grown in the United States are fresh, while the other 50% are used for juices, applesauce, jellies or dehydrated apple products. Today, Americans eat over 120 fresh apples each, per year!

Where do they grow?

Apples are grown throughout the United States, but Washington State produces the most apples each year. This state produces more than half of the fresh apples grown in the country. They sell their apples to all 50 states and over 40 countries. Other states, which are top producers of apples, include New York, New Jersey, California, Michigan, Pennsylvania and Virginia. New Jersey's leading counties that produce apples are Gloucester, Camden, Cumberland and Warren. Imported apples are grown in Canada and New Zealand. Most apple varieties are available all year round, but some varieties are only available a few months of the year.

How do they grow?

Commercial apples are not grown from seeds but through grafting or budding to produce trees that will bear fruit. Apple trees require fertile soil, adequate amounts of water, and grow best where the climate is hot during the day and cool at night. Once the apple tree is planted, it takes about 2-3 years for the tree to produce fruit. The apple tree will grow buds or short shoots which bloom into apple blossoms and form the fruit. When the fruit is mature and ripe, the apples are hand picked.

Are they healthy?

Good source of fiber, potassium and vitamin C
 Contains no fat, cholesterol or sodium

How do you pick a good one?

- \checkmark Choose apples that are firm
- ♥ Select ones with a shiny skin, not dull
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid those with soft spots, bruises, punctures or discoloration

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Apples</u> Did you know...

- © Did you know one apple has 5 grams of fiber, which provides 20% of the daily fiber recommendation?
- [©] Did you know that apples are in the rose family?
- © Did you know that in one year, an apple tree produces enough apples to fill 20 each, 42 pound cases, of apples? (One tree produces 840 lbs. of apples per year!)
- Did you know there are many different varieties of apples? (Braeburn, Golden & Red Delicious, Fuji, Gala, Jonagold, Rome Beauty, Granny Smith, Winesap, McIntosh, Pink Lady, Cameo, York, Ginger Gold, Jonathan...)
- © Did you know apples float because 25% of their volume is air?
- © Did you know there are over 7,000 varieties of apples grown throughout the world?
- [©] Did you know New Jersey's first apple seed was planted in 1639?
- © Did you know apples can be red, green or even yellow in color?
- Did you know Granny Smith apples are bright green and are delicious, either cooked or eaten raw?

(If you like tart, crispy foods --- than this apple is for you!)

Did you know that you could reduce the fat and calories in baked goods by substituting applesauce for shortening or oil?
(Substitute the same amount of applesauce for the shortening or oil; for example

(Substitute the same amount of applesauce for the shortening or oil; for example, use a $\frac{1}{2}$ cup applesauce instead of a $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of oil. Try replacing only half the amount of shortening or oil in the recipe first, to see how it turns out!)

Did you know you could prevent cut, fresh apples from turning brown by dipping them in a solution of lemon, orange or pineapple juice and water? (Use 1 part juice to 3 parts water as a dipping mixture.)

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

😴 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Apples*; Choose ideas at your own discretion

Presentation Meal Appeal -----

Display Apples in Baskets and

Crates for a Festive Fall Atmosphere!

Quality:

Store Apples in Original Box with Lid;

Keep Apples Away From Other Fruits as They

Produce Ethylene!

Safety:

Wash Apples Before Placing on – Serving Lines! N

RECIPES:

- Try a new recipe with apples --- Apple-Honey Cobbler (USDA C-1a) Waldorf Fruit Salad (USDA E-12) Applesauce Cake (USDA C-3) Baked Sweet Potatoes and Apples (USDA I-7) Apple Dips (see attached)
- ✓ Mix chopped apples in oatmeal for breakfast
- ✓ Serve "Fruit on a Raft"; Sweetened chopped apples on a waffle
- Mix a small amount of cherries or cherry/strawberry gelatin into applesauce for a rosy colorful treat
- ✓ Add diced apples to chicken, turkey or tuna salad
- \checkmark Offer mini bags of apples as a healthy a la carte snack! Offer at a discount in October!
- Place peanut butter and granola in a soufflé cup; Add apple wedges for an apple dipping treat for breakfast, lunch or After School Snack

MARKETING:

- Contact the Washington State Apple Commission for ideas and resources
 Phone: 509-663-9600 www.bestapples.com
- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Decorate with crates and baskets of apples for a festive fall atmosphere
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name! (*Example: Awesome Apples!*)
- ✓ Feature an "Apple Dipper/Topping Day or Bar" each week in October! Offer a different dip or a variety of dips each time you feature this special; Let students go to a dipping/topping bar or place a choice of dips on serving line for students to add their own excitement and creativity to this healthy fresh fruit; Offer toppings too! (Examples: granola, raisins, and nuts...; See dip recipes attached.)
- ✓ Feature a different variety of apples each week for your customers to choose as a fruit component with their lunch (*Examples: Red delicious, Golden Delicious, Granny Smith...*)
- ✓ Feature an apple special during National School Lunch Week!
- Conduct an "Apple Trivia Contest"! (Use trivia from "Fun Facts" or Washington Apple Commission.)



Gran-Apples

Serving Size: 2 or 4 guartered apples per serving

(Quantity)Yield: 50 1/4 cup fruit servings or 25 ½ cup fruit servings Recipe Source: Washington Apple Commission

Ingredients:

25 each Apples, fresh w/ skin 2 lbs + 10 oz Peanut butter, smooth 1 1/2 cups+ 1 Tbsp Honey 1 lb + 1 oz Cereals, Granola, lowfat

Instructions:

1- Cut apples into quarters.

2- Blend peanut butter and honey until smooth.

3-Spread peanut butter-honey mixture onto cut sides of apples.

4- Roll apples in granola.

Nutrients Per Serving: calories 241, protein 6.7 g, carbohydrates 30.1 g, fat 12.4 g, saturated fat 2.5 g, cholesterol 0 mg, Vit A 3 RE, Vit C 4 mg, iron 84 mg, calcium 18 mg, sodium 121 mg, fiber 3.8 g

HACCP Tips: Wash hands and clean all food preparation surfaces. Produce (Fruits and Vegetables) Wash thoroughly before use.

Apples & Dips

Core apples; Cut into wedges; Drop into pineapple or citrus juice and water to prevent browning; Drain apples well before serving (Remember to save pineapple juice when opening cans of this fruit.)

PB & OJ Dip

Yield: 100 each 2 oz. servings of dip Ingredients: 7 lbs. Peanut Butter 2 qts. 8 oz. Orange Juice

Directions:

1- Cream pb & oj until well blended & smooth.

2- Portion 2 ounces of dip into soufflé cups.

<u>Pineapple-Cream Cheese Dip</u>

Yield: 100 each 2 oz. servings of dip Ingredients: 6 lbs. 4 oz. Low Fat Cream Cheese

1 each #10 can Crushed Pineapple, Drained

Directions:

- 1- Cream together cream cheese and crushed pineapple until well blended.
- 2- Portion 2 ounces of dip into soufflé cups.

Try the Following for Apple Dips:

-Low-Fat Vanilla Yogurt Mixed with Crushed Pineapples -Caramel -Nacho or Plain Cheese Sauce -Chocolate Sauce -Strawberry Glaze

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of

Apples... Items in bold are enclosed.

- Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
- ✓ Have students color "Anthony Apple"
- ✓ Have students complete "Apple Trivia"
- ✓ Have students search for the words in "Applemania"
- ✓ Display different varieties of apples
- ✓ Have students research different kinds of apples --- red, green, yellow/golden
- ✓ Have students check out <u>www.bestapples.com/kids</u>



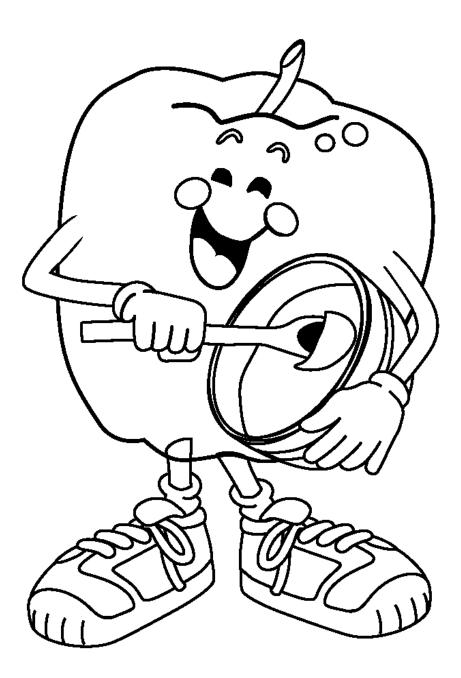
Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home ... Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Encourage "**Tips To Be Tops**" as a family activity
- Kids' Kitchen Recipes --- Remind parents/guardians to try recipes with their children! Encourage making Apple Rings as a family activity!

Recipes for Home --- Try new Apple recipes at home!



From: Dole 5-A-Day Web-Site; <u>www.dole5aday.com</u>



Anthony Apple $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$

Classroom Link... From: Washington Apple Commission & Dole 5 A Day ૾ૢૢૢૢૢૢ APPLE TRIVIA 1- How many different apple varieties are there? 400 7,500 15 6 2- Apples are harvested by? ____Tractors ____People ____Helicopters Horse 3- When are apples harvested? _Winter ____Spring ____Summer Fall 4- How many seeds are in an average apple? 5 1 3 16 5- How many grams of fiber are in an apple? 1 3 5 12 6- Which state grows the most apples in the U.S.? ____Michigan ____Washington ____New York ____Alaska 7- How many fresh apples, on an average, does an American eat in one year? 35 120 5 50 8- What is the most popular apple variety in the United States? Golden Delicious ____Granny Smith Fuji **Red Delicious**





1-How many different apple varieties are there? X_7,500

Only a handful are available in your supermarket!

2-Apples are harvested by? <u>X</u>People

In Washington State, workers harvest over 3 billion apples by hand each fall.

3-When are apples harvested? <u>X</u>Fall

Apples are picked between August and early November. Advanced storage technology keeps them fresh year-round!

4-How many seeds are in an average apple? <u>X</u>5

Apples contain 5 seed pockets. Usually, each pocket contains a seed.

5-How many grams of fiber are in an apple? <u>X</u>5

A medium apple contains 5 grams, 20% of the recommended daily allowance.

6-Which state grows the most apples in the U.S.? X_Washington

This state produces 6 of every 10 apples consumed in the U.S.

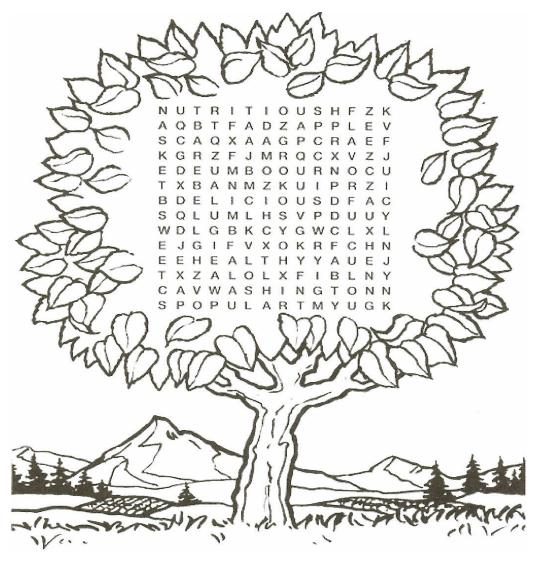
7-How many fresh apples, on an average, does an American eat in one year? <u>X</u>120

8-What is the most popular apple variety in the United States?

X_Red Delicious

Classroom Link... Applemania!

From: Washington Apple Commission



Applemania!

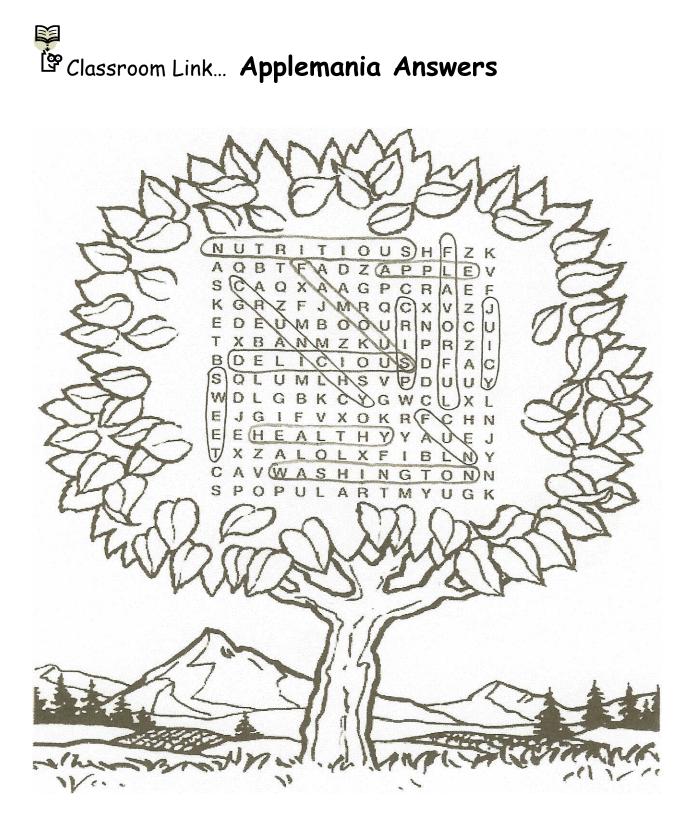
Here are some words that are often said about Washington Apples.

Find them all and consider yourself a 100% Applemaniac!

Find these words:

Crunchy - Juicy - Healthy – Sweet – Flavorful – Famous Washington - Nutritious - Crisp – Delicious - Fun – Apple

From: http://www.bestapples.com/kids/pages/ll.html







Help your family to make healthy food choices by following these tips:

✓ Fuel Up on Fruit - - - eat a fruit for a snack or with a meal.
 Try orange smiles (slices) or a fruit kabob (cubes of fruit on a toothpick) or 100% fruit juice.

✓ Vary your Vegetables --- bite on green beans and broccoli; crunch on carrots, celery, and cauliflower.

✓ Get Plenty of Grains --- eat whole-wheat spaghetti, cereal, bagels, and breads, brown rice or other grains for power.

✓ Blast Off with Breakfast --- it doesn't have to be boring! Feast on peanut butter and bananas on toast, diced apples and oatmeal, string cheese and fresh pears, a sliced banana topped with yogurt and granola, a fruit smoothie or even crunch on a sweet red bell pepper. Use your imagination!

✓ Find the Fat --- check out the food label to help you pick foods lower in fat.

✓ **Snack Smart** --- try a milk smoothie! Blend low-fat milk or plain yogurt with mashed fruit or fruit juice. It's smart and satisfying!

✓ **Try New Tastes** --- try a new vegetable like jicama (pronounced: hi-cah-ma); taste kiwi fruit, yogurt, pita bread, dried apricots, whole-wheat pasta, turkey sausage...

FAMILY ACTIVITY: Work together as a family and select a tip from above to try for a week. Write the tip on a piece of paper and put on the refrigerator door as a reminder. Add a second tip and continue adding tips and eventually they will become habits.



How to Cut and Slice Apples:

- 1-Rinse under cold running water, but do not peel
- 2-Secure the apple on a cutting board
- 3-Cut in half
- 4-Slice away core and seeds
- 5-Place apple flat side (flesh or white part) down on cutting board
- 6-Cut fruit into desired thickness
- 7-Protect cut apples from turning brown by dipping them in a mixture of one part citrus *(orange or lemon juice)* and three parts water

Fun Ways to Eat:

- Munch on raw wedges with dip
- lash W Chop and add to cereal
- Bake in cobblers, crisps, pies, cakes and breads
- $rac{W}{}$ Add to tossed salad for crunch
- $^{igodold m}$ Add to fruit salads
- $\overset{\text{\tiny{(1)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipes are attached and include apples as an ingredient:

🖑 Sandoodles

(If allergic to peanut butter --- substitute low fat cream cheese for peanut butter) V Apple Crumb







This amazing recipe was created by an amazing 5 A Day kid! Savannah Ellis of Peabody, Massachusetts, submitted this recipe for a Dole "5 A Day Kids Snack Recipe Contest" and won first place in the "No Cooking Required" category.

Makes 4 sandoodles

Ingredients:

- 1 large DOLE® Red Delicious Apple
- 2 tablespoons DOLE Seedless Raisins
- 2 teaspoons creamy peanut butter
 - I teaspoon cinnamon sugar

You will need:

00

Measuring spoons Two small plates Cutting board Apple corer Knife

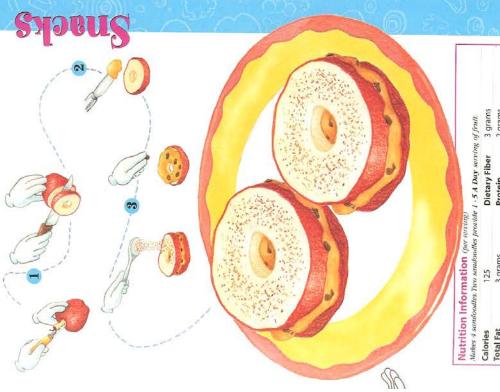
Here's how:

- into at least eight slices, Core the apple; slice about ¼-inch thick.
- butter on one side of an apple slice. Spread a thin layer of peanut 2
- Sprinkle the top of your sandoodle with a little cinnamon sugar. Sprinkle with a few raisins, then top with another apple slice.
 - Continue assembling your sandoodles until all the apple slices have been used. Place two sandoodles on each plate, Serve and enjoy!



N NOTE: If allergic to peanut butter --

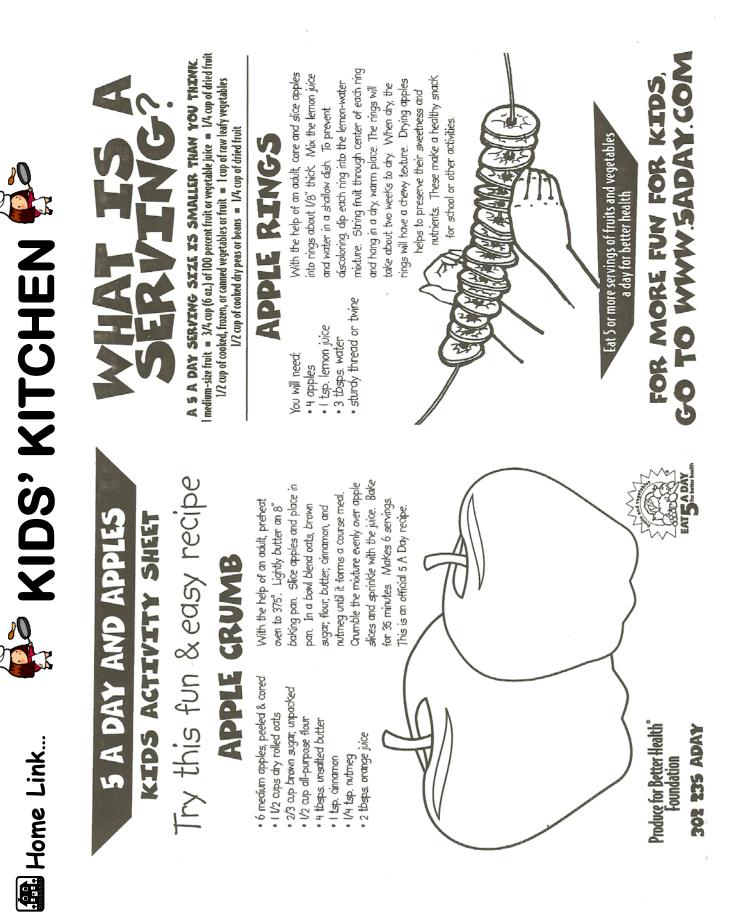
substitute low fat cream cheese for peanut



Calories	125	Dietary Fiber	3 grams
Total Fat	3 grams	Protein	2 grams
Saturated Fat	0.5 gram	Vitamin A	56 International Units
Cholesterol	0 milligrams	Vitamin C	5 milligrams
Sodium	30 milligrams	Calcium	9 milligrams
Potassium	218 milligrams	Iron	0.2 milligram
Total Carbohydrate 25 grams	25 grams	Folate	7 micrograms

"5 A Day Kids Cookbook" **Reprinted from Dole's**

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Your child/children will be offered fresh

Apples

in October on their School Menu!

Try a new Apple recipe at home!

Golden Apple Oatmeal Makes: 1 Serving Recipe From: CDC/5 A Day Recipe

Recipe From: CDC/5 A Dav Recipes

8% *

Ingredients:

1 Golden Delicious Apple, diced 1/3 cup Apple Juice 1/3 cup Water dash of Cinnamon dash of Nutmeg 1/3 cup Quick-Cook Rolled Oats, uncooked

Directions:

- 1- Combine apples, juice, water and seasonings; bring to a boil.
- 2- Stir in rolled oats; cook 1 minute.
- 3- Cover and let stand several minutes before serving.

Approximate Nutrients Per 1 Serving: Calories 190 Saturated Fat 0 g Iron Protein 4 g Cholesterol 0 mg Calcium

2% * Carbohydrate 40 g Vitamin A 0% * Sodium 10 mg Total Fat 2 g Vitamin C 6% * Dietary Fiber 5 g

* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet





Su niño/niños seran ofrecidos

Manzanas Frescas

¡en Octubre en el Menú Escolar!

¡Intente una nueva receta de Manzana en casa!

Avena de Manzana Dorada

Hace: 1 Porción *Receta de:* CDC/Receta de 5 Al Día

Ingredientes:

Manzana Dorada, cortado en cuadritos
 1/3 taza de jugo de manzana
 1/3 taza de agua
 Pizca de canela
 Pisca de nuez moscada
 1/3 de taza de ojuelas de avena de rrapido cocimiento, crudas.

Direcciones:

- 1 Combine las manzanas, jugo, agua y condimentos; poner a hervir.
- 2 Agrege la avena; cocine 1 minuto.
- 3 Cubra y deje reposar por varios minutos antes de servir.

Nutrientes Aproximados Por 1 de receta:

Calorías	190	Grasa Saturada	0 g	Hierro	8% *
Proteína	4 g	Colesterol	0 mg	Calcio	2% *
Carbohydrato	40 g	Vitamina A	0% *	Sodio	10 mg
Grasa Total	2 g	Vitamina C	6% *	Fibra Alimenticia	5 g

*El porciento de Valores Diarios está basado en una dieta de 2000 calorías

Home Link... Home Recipes



Try a new **Apple** recipe at home!

Create a "FUN" snack by letting children dip & crunch!

<u>Apples & Dips</u>

- > Core apples
- > Cut into wedges
- > Drop into pineapple or citrus juice and water to prevent browning
- Drain apples well before serving

<u>PB & OJ Dip</u>

Yield: 10 each 2 oz. servings of dip

Ingredients: 11 oz. Peanut Butter 7 oz. Orange Juice

Directions:

1- Cream pb & oj until well blended & smooth.

2- Portion 2 ounces of dip into dipping cups.

Pineapple-Cream Cheese Dip

Yield: 10 each 2 oz. servings of dip

Ingredients:

Directions:

- 10 oz. Low Fat Cream Cheese 1⁄2 can (20 oz. can) Crushed Pineapple, Drained*
- 1- Cream together cream cheese and crushed pineapple until well blended.

2- Portion 2 ounces of dip into dipping cups.

*Remember to save pineapple juice when opening cans of crushed pineapple

<u>Try the Following for Alternate Apple Dips:</u>

-Low-Fat Vanilla Yogurt Mixed with Crushed Pineapples -Caramel -Nacho or Plain Cheese Sauce -Chocolate Sauce -Strawberry Glaze



Where did they come from?

For more than 5000 years, squash has been a staple for the Native Americans and was a mainstay for early European settlers in America. During the nineteenth century, merchant seamen brought new varieties of squash from other parts of the world to America. New England colonists gave this vegetable its name from several Native American words, of which all meant "something eaten raw". Today squash is available in numerous shapes, sizes and colors, such as white, yellow, orange, green-brown, gray and even striped!

Where do they grow?

Squash is grown in many states including North Carolina, Kentucky, California, Florida and New Jersey. Florida is the leading state for squash production in the country and New Jersey is nationally ranked the 4th. Seventy percent (70%) of squash is grown in southern counties such as Gloucester, Cumberland, Salem and Atlantic. Other New Jersey counties that grow squash include Burlington, Monmouth, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex and Warren Counties. Squash is available all year round.

How do they grow?

Summer squash seeds are planted April through August. Winter squash are planted later, in June and July. Summer squash are harvested during the summer months and winter squash in the fall. Some varieties grow on vines while others grow on bushes. Summer squash has a tender, soft skin as compared to winter squash, which has a harder rind. Farmers will place honeybee hives on the squash field edges to promote pollination and help the squash plants to grow. Summer squash is handled carefully when grown because they can easily become scratched or bruised. Winter squash are more prone to rot since they lay on the soil for extended periods of time during growth.

Are they healthy?

- Contains high amounts of vitamin C
- $rac{W}{}$ Naturally fat, cholesterol and sodium free
- boxtimes Low in calories
- $\overset{\bullet}{lash}$ Summer squash skin is packed with nutrients --- Do not peel!

How do you pick a good one?

- $rac{W}{}$ Choose firm ones that are fairly heavy for their size
- Select exteriors that are bright and glossy
- ✓ Avoid squash with nicks, scratches or soft spots on their skin

<u>Squash</u>

Did you know...

- Did you know squash is one of the most important vegetable crops in New Jersey?
- Did you know that summer squash has a soft edible shell or skin and winter squash has a hard shell or skin?
- Did you know that squash comes in two different varieties ---summer and winter?
- Did you know that yellow squash is available with a crooked neck and with a straight neck? Their names --- "Yellow Crookneck" and "Yellow Straightneck".
- Did you know the skin and rind of summer squash are rich in betacarotene (vitamin A) but the fleshy portion is not? Eat the entire squash for a healthy diet.
- Did you know there is a squash that can be prepared like spaghetti, taste like spaghetti and actually is called "Spaghetti Squash"?
- Did you know there is a squash that has the name of an animal, "Chayote" (pronounce like coyote)?
- © Did you know that different varieties of squash can be interchanged in recipes because they have similar texture and flavor?
- ^(C) Did you know that pumpkins are a variety of winter squash?
- Did you know there is a squash that looks like a flying saucer? It is white and called "Pattypan".
- Did you know there is a squash that looks like a large acorn? It is green and is called an "Acorn Squash".

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

🛪 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Squash* Choose ideas at your own discretion

Presentation

Meal Appeal ----- Color!

Proper Cooking Ensures

Bright, Crisp Colors! Batch Cook Vegetables

Cook Before Each Lunch!

Quality:

Choose Firm, Medium Size,

Smooth Skinned^s Yellow or Green Squash!

> Safety: Be Sure

Delivery Trucks

RECIPES:

- Try a new recipe with yellow squash ---Ranch Veggies (attached)
 Italian Salad with Balsamic Vinaigrette Dressing (attached)
 Zucchini and Yellow Squash Ratatouille (attached)
 Vegetable Lasagna USDA #D-50 (substitute yellow squash for half the amount specified for zucchini)
- Offer a squash combo; yellow and green with seasonings (add red peppers for color)
- ✓ Offer raw yellow squash and zucchini strips or circles with low fat dip
- ✓ Serve cold slices on salad bar, with pre-made salads or as a side vegetable
- ✓ Offer sautéed squash as a vegetable topping for pizza
- Layer cooked or roasted squash, peppers and tomatoes on a soft tortilla or a 7" pizza dough; Fold dough over and seal -- - Create a Vegetable Calzone or Wrap! (add mozzarella cheese for the meat/meat alternate)

MARKETING:

- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (*Example: Soar with Squash*!)
- "Guess the Squash Name" --- Display different squash varieties; Have students guess the correct name; Pick a winner during each lunch; Award students a prize
- ✓ Feature "Yellow Day" on the day that you offer yellow squash on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing yellow
- ✓ Turn your salad bar into a self-serve fruit and vegetable bar once/week or once/month
 - Select produce in season
 - Utilize commodity dried fruits and frozen and canned fruits and vegetables
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 16-31

School Food Service Link...

School Food Service Recipes

ZUCCHINI & YELLOW SQUASH RATATOUILLE

Yield: 200 each 4 oz. servings

INGREDIENTS

Recipe from: FLAV-R-PAC

11 lbs.	Eggplant, cut Into 1'' squares
2 %4 cups	Olive oil
5 1/2 lbs.	Yellow onion, sliced
™/4 cup	Mínced garlic
11 lbs.	FLAV-R-PAC Sliced Zucchini, frozen
11 lbs.	FLAV-R-PAC Slíced Yellow Squash, frozen
5 V2 lbs.	Tomatoes, quartered, seeded
4 lbs.	Red pepper, cut into chunks
Vo cup	Italian seasonings

7 lbs. Mozzarella cheese, shredded

DIRECTIONS:

- To prepare eggplant: place in colander; sprinkle with salt and let drain for 30 minutes; rinse.
- In a large stock pot; heat oil with onlons, garlic and eggplant; sauté 10 to 15 minutes until cooked.
- Add zucchini and yellow squash; cook 8 to 10 minutes until heated through and all the water is evaporated.
- Add tomatoes, peppers and seasonings. Distribute ratatouille in steam table pans and sprinkle with cheese. Bake at 400°F uncovered for 20 minutes.

NUTRITION ANALYSIS PER SERVING:

Calories	183	Total Fat	11 g
Protein	10 g	Cholesterol	18 mg
Carbohyahates	10 g	Sodium	170 mg
Dietary Fiber	2 g	Cal. from Fat	55%

RANCH VEGGIES Yield: Approx. 28 Servings (¹/₂ cup each)

- \checkmark Combine 1 packet dry ranch dressing ($\frac{1}{2}$ cup) and $\frac{1}{2}$ cup vegetable oil
- Toss ranch mixture with 8 pounds of frozen or fresh yellow squash, zucchini and red peppers*
- ✓ Bake at 350°(convection oven) for approx. 25 minutes; Stir while baking to blend flavors

*Note: Any vegetable combination can be substituted

ITALIAN SALAD with Balsamic Vinaigrette

Yield: Approx. 24 Servings (1/2 cup each)

1 doz. Tomatoes, Diced 3 ea. Zucchini, Sliced Thin 6 ea. Yellow Squash, Sliced Thin

Combine vegetables with ³/₄ cups lite or low fat balsamic vinaigrette dressing; Refrigerate. Add basil for extra flavor.

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of

Squash ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
- ✓ Have students color "There's a RAINBOW on My Plate"
- Have students find the14 hidden fruit and vegetable words in the handout "Eat More Vegetables and Fruits"
- ✓ Take a trip to a Farm Market.
- Display different varieties and colors of squash; Review the names of different squash
- ✓ Show the difference between summer squash and winter squash varieties
- ✓ Have students research how many different kinds of squash there are, summer and/or winter varieties
- ✓ Have students explore how the all the different varieties of squash grow

Home Link...

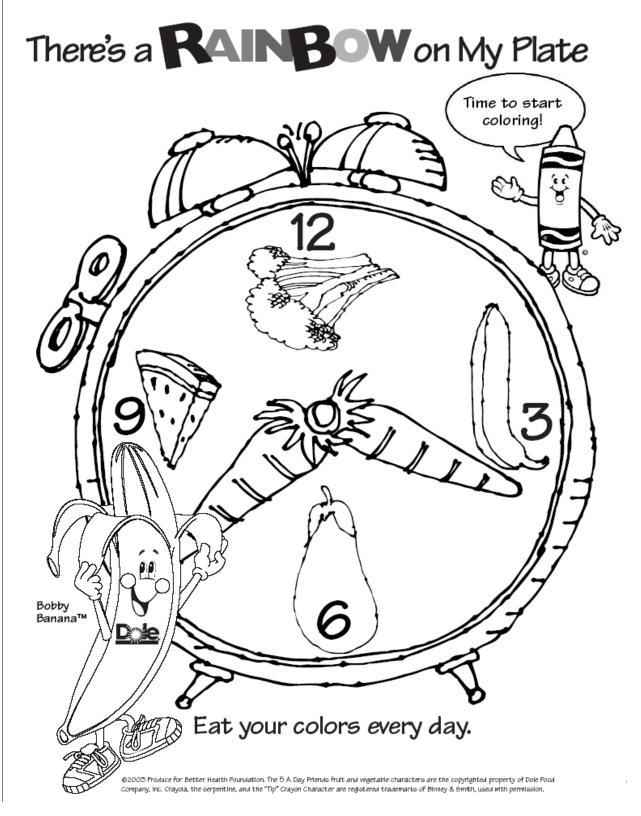
Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Encourage the "Supermarket Sleuths" as a family activity
- Kids' Kitchen Recipes --- Remind parents/guardians to try recipes with their children! Encourage them to "Make A Vegetable Insect"!
- ✓ Recipes for Home



From: Produce for Better Health Foundation and Dole Food Company, Inc.



Classroom Link... From: "Team Up at Home"/USDA's Team Nutrition

Eat More Vegetables and Fruits



Vegetables and fruits are delicious and nutritious. Many are rich in vitamins and minerals. Most are naturally low in fat and are good sources of fiber. Can you find these 14 hidden fruits and vegetables? Find: squash, apple, yams, orange, celery, banana, broccoli, pear, peas, grapes, eggplant, kiwi, carrots, and prunes. The words can read up, down, or across from left to right or right to left!





ANSWERS to "Eat More Vegetables and Fruits" Hidden Words



B	F	S	E	S	Ε	N	U	R	P
R	C	Q	L	S	R	Р	Ε	Α	R
0	H	U	P	B	Α	N	A	N	Α
C	Р	A	P	Y	R	Ε	l	Ε	(
C	S	S	Α	Y	A	М	S	T	Ε
0	A	H	Ε	G	N	Α	R	0	K
L	E	(A	R	R	0	T	S	1
	P	G	R	A	Р	Ε	S	K	W
B	Ε	G	G	Р	L	Α	N	T	

Home Link... From: "Team Up at Home"/USDA's Team Nutrition (modified)







SUPERMARKET SLEUTHS

Children are more willing to try new foods when they help to select them. Therefore, a trip to the supermarket is an excellent opportunity to expand the variety of foods your child is willing to eat, as well as an opportunity to learn more about choosing foods for a healthy diet.

Wanted! New Vegetables

Ask your child to choose one or two new foods from the vegetable group for the family to try. You can decide on these new foods at home or wait to see what you find at the store. Have your child select a new vegetable each time you go to the supermarket in October.

Connecting the Clues

While you are at the store, encourage your child to look for connections and make comparisons.

- Can the same food be found in different forms in the store? For example --vegetables can be purchased fresh, in cans, frozen, or as ingredients in soup.
 Ask if your child can find examples of the new vegetable, which they have
 chosen, in various forms.
- Challenge your child to come up with a list of "clues" about his/her specific vegetables. Then you can try to guess the new foods they have selected.



Off to the Market

Fall is a great time of year to take a trip to a farm stand, local farmers' market or farm. Try new varieties of squash, cook or decorate a pumpkin. Go apple picking at a farm. Try different varieties of apples.

Tip --- Healthy Food on a Budget

If you go to a farmers' market this month, the early bird gets the freshest food. But if you go late in the day, in the late afternoon, you may get some real bargains. The farmers would rather sell their fruits and vegetables than have to truck them back home!



How to Cut and Slice Summer Squash:

- 1-Rinse under cold running water, but do not peel
- 2-Secure the squash on a cutting board
- 3-Trim off ends
- 4-Slice squash into round pieces or strips

How to Cut and Slice Winter Squash:

- 1-Rinse under cold running water *(Squash can be peeled or unpeeled)* *2-Cut in half; Adults should slice these types of squash
- 3-Scoop out seeds and discard; Kids can do this task
- 4-Slice each half into quarters, cubes or other sizes; Adults should do this job
- *Often these squash are cooked whole and poked with a fork

Fun Ways to Eat:

- $rac{W}{}$ Munch on raw sticks or circles with dip $rac{W}{}$ Try as a pizza topping
- $rak{W}$ Marinate and grill

[™]Add to soups

🖑 Stuff --- "Squash Boat"

- ${}^{igodol{W}}$ Include as filling in wraps
- $rak{W}$ Add with tomatoes to cooked rice or pasta
- $rak{W}$ Crunch on roasted seeds for a snack
- Orate and substitute for carrots in carrot cake --- "Squash Cake"

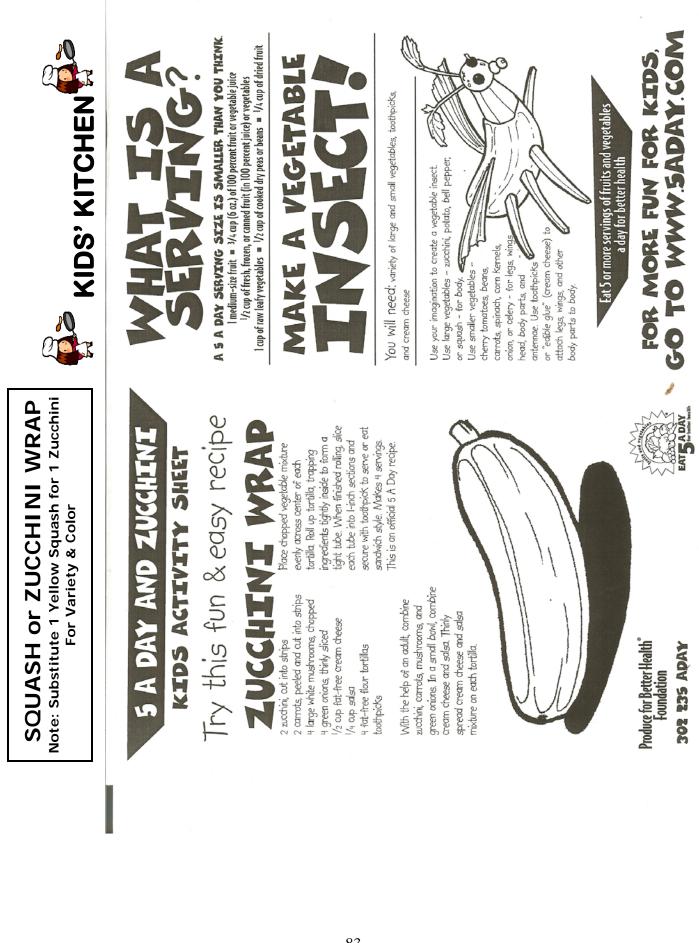
Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipes are attached and include squash as an ingredient:

🖑 Squash or Zucchini Wrap

🖑 Crunchy Pumpkin Seeds



Home Link...





Crunchy Pumpkin Seeds

It's fun to make a scary Halloween pumpkin, and it 's fun to toast the seeds and eat them. Seeds contain everything needed to grow a new pumpkin, and are a tasty snack, too!

From: USDA's Team Nutrition/ "Food, Family & Fun"

Servings: Depends on how big a pumpkin you have!

Ingredients:

-Seeds from 1 Pumpkin -1 tsp salt per 1 cup of seeds

Directions:

Preheat oven to 350°F

1- Have the kids help **carve** the Halloween pumpkin. Scoop out the inside pulp that contains the **seeds**, **reserve**.

2- Have kids stand at the sink *(use a stool if they are too low)*. **Put** pulp in a colander. Have kids **wash** pulp and stringy matter off seeds under cold running water.

3- Blot seeds dry with a clean cloth or paper towel.

4- Have kids **spread** seeds out on a cookie sheet. The seeds should be in a single layer.

5- Sprinkle the seeds with just a little salt. An adult should put the tray in the oven.

6- **Check** the seeds after 12 minutes. They are done when they are dry and light brown. How long this will take depends on how many there are, and how dry the seeds are when they go in the oven.

7- Let cool before eating!





Your child/children will be offered

Squash

in October on their School Menu! Try a new Squash recipe at home!

new jersey department of agriculture

Serves 4

strips

Herbed Vegetable Combo



2 Tbsp. of water 1 cup zucchini squash, sliced thin 1- ¹/₄ cups yellow squash, sliced thin ¹/₄ cup celery, cut into 2 inch

 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup green pepper, cut in 2 inch strips $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. garlic powder 1 medium Jersey tomato, cut into 8 wedges

Heat water in large frying pan. Add squash, celery, onion and green pepper. Cover and cook over moderate heat until vegetables are tender-crisp (about 4 minutes). Sprinkle seasonings over vegetables. Top with tomato wedges. Cover and cook over low heat until tomato wedges are just heated (about 2 minutes).

Nut'l analysis per serving: Calories 25; Cholesterol 0 mg; Sodium 11 mg; Fat Trace

Verduras con Hierbas Sirve 4

- 2 Tbsp. de agua
- 1 taza de calabza calabacín, cortado delgado
- 1 ¼ tazas de calabaza amarilla, cortada delgada
- 1/4 de taza de apio, cortado en tiras de 2 pulgadas

¹/₄ cup chopped onion

- 1/4 de taza de cebolla picada
- 1/2 taza de pimiento verde, cortado en tiras de 2 pulgadas
- 1/2 cucharadita de ajo en polvo
- 1 tomate de Jersey mediano, cortado en 8 cascos

Caliente el agua en un sartén grande. Añada las calabazas, el apio, la cebolla y el pimiento verde. Tape y cocine al calor moderado hasta que las verduras esten suaves y crujientes. (aproximadamente 4 minutos). Rocie condimentos sobre las verduras. Agrege los cascos de tomate. Tape y cocine sobre a calor bajo hasta que los cascos de tomate esten calientes.

(aproximadamente 2 minutos).

Análisis de Nutricion por porción: Calorías 25; Colesterol 0 mg.; Sodio 11 mg.; Rastro de grasa

Home Link...





Your child/children will be offered

Squash

in October on their School Menu! Try a new Squash recipe at home!

Creamy Butternut Squash Soup

Serves: 8 each Recipe From: CDC/5 A Day Recipes

Ingredients:

- 2 lbs. Butternut Squash, peeled, cut into chunks
- 4 cups Vegetable Broth, low-sodium, low-fat
- 1 ¼ cup Sour Cream, non-fat
- 2 Tbsp. Butter or Margarine
- 1/4 tsp. Cayenne, or to taste
- 1 cup Mushrooms, sliced
- 1/4 cup Chives, cut into 1-inch pieces

Directions:

- 1- Combine the squash and vegetable broth in a saucepan and bring to a boil over high heat.
- 2- Reduce the heat to medium, and simmer for about 20 minutes or until the squash is very tender.
- 3- Let cool, and then puree the mixture in a blender. (You may prepare the recipe in advance up to this point; you can keep the mixture refrigerated in a covered container for up to 2 days.)
- 4- Return the puree to the saucepan and turn the heat to medium-low. Stir in the sour cream, butter/margarine, cayenne, and salt and pepper to taste.
- 5- Cook and stir until heated through; (do not boil).
- 6- Keep warm over low heat.
- 7- Meanwhile, heat skillet over moderately high heat until very hot. Spray with cooking spray, then sauté mushrooms, stirring, until golden brown, about 5 minutes.
- 8- Serve the soup with sautéed mushrooms and chives.

Approximate nutrients Fer 1/0 of recipe.						
Calories	110	Saturated Fat	1 g	Iron	6% *	
Protein	5 g	Cholesterol	10 mg	Calcium	15% *	
Carbohydrate	22 g	Vitamin A	180% *	Sodium	420 mg	
Total Fat	2 g	Vitamin C	35% *	Dietary Fiber	4 g	

Approximate Nutrients Per 1/8 of recipe:

*Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet





Su niño/niños seran ofrecido

Calabacita

jen Octubre en el Menú Escolar!

¡Intente una nueva receta de calabasita en casa!

Sopa de Calabacita Cremosa

Sirve: 8

Receta de: CDC/Recetas de 5 Al Día

Ingredientes:

2 libras. Squash de Butternut, pelado, cortado en trozos

- 4 tazas de Caldo de Verdura, bajo en sodio, de pocas calorías
- 1 ¼ de taza de Crema Agria, sin grasa
- 2 Cucharadas de Mantequilla o Margarina

1/4 de cucharadita de pimienta de Cayena, o al gusto.

1 Taza de hongos cortados

1/4 Taza de cebollinos, cortadas en pedazos de 1 pulgada

Direcciones:

1 - Combine la calabaza y el caldo de verduras en una cacerola y hierva a calor alto.

2 - Baja el calor a medio, y hierva a fuego lento durante 20 minutos aproximadamente o hasta que la Calabaza este muy suave.

3 - Dejar enfriar, y luego haga puré de la mezcla en una licuadora. (Usted puede preparar la receta de antemano hasta este punto; usted puede guardar la mezcla refrigerada en un contenedor cubierto hasta por 2 días.)

4 - Poner el puré e la cacerola y vuelva a un calor medio bajo. Agrege la crema agria, mantequilla/margarina, pimienta de Cayena, y sal y pimienta para sabor.

5 – Revuelve y cocinar hasta que este caliente; (no hervir).

6 - Conserve caliente a calor lento.

7 - Mientras tanto, caliente el sartén a calor moderadamente alto hasta que este bien caliente. Rociar con spray de cocina, sofrite hongos aproximadamente 5 minutos.

8 - Sirva la sopa con hongos y cebollinos.

Nutrientes Aproximados Por 1/8 de receta:

Calorías	110	Grasa Saturada	1 g	Hierro	6% *
Proteína	5 g	Colesterol	10 mg	Calcio	15% *
Carbohydratos	22 g	Vitamina A	180% *	Sodio	420 mg
Total de Grasa	2 g	Vitamina C	35% *	Fibra Alimenticia	4 g

*El por ciento de Valores Diarios está basado en una dieta de 2000 calorías







Try a new Squash recipe at home!

Spicy Apple-Filled Squash

Serves: 4 each Portion Size: ¼ squash Recipe From: CDC/5 A Day Recipes

Ingredients:

Acorn Squash (Approximately 1 lb.)
 each Golden Delicious Apple, peeled, cored and sliced
 tsp. Margarine/Butter
 tsp Brown Sugar
 tsp. Cinnamon
 tsp. Nutmeg
 dash Ground Cloves

Directions:

Heat oven to 350°F

- 1- Grease a 1-quart baking dish.
- 2- Halve squash and remove seeds; cut into quarters.
- 3- Place quarters, skin side up, in dish and cover; bake 30 minutes.
- 4- In medium bowl, combine apple, margarine/butter, brown sugar, cinnamon, nutmeg, and cloves.
- 5- Turn cut sides of acorn squash up; top with apple mixture.
- 6- Cover and bake 30 minutes longer or until apples are tender.

Quick microwave version:

Halve and seed squash; cut into quarters

Arrange quarters, cut side up, in microwave safe baking dish.

Microwave on high (100 percent) 6 to 7 minutes, rotating squash halfway through cooking time. Top squash with apple mixture, cover with vented plastic wrap and microwave on high 4 to 5 minutes or until apples are tender.

Calories	85	Saturated Fat	.47 g	Iron	.76 mg	
Protein	1.74 g	Cholesterol	0 mg	Calcium	41.2 mg	
Carbohydrate	16.56 g	Vitamin A	481 RE	Sodium	28 mg	
Total Fat	2.33 g	Vitamin C	15.47 mg	Dietary Fiber	2.45 g	

Approximate Nutrients Per 1/4 of recipe:





¡Intente una nueva receta de Calabaza en casa!

Calabaza rellena de Manzana Sazonada

Sirve: 4 Tamaño de Porcion: ¼ calabaza Receta de: CDC/Una Recetas de 5 al Día

Necela de. 606/01/

Ingredientes:

1 Calabaza de Bellota (Aproximadamente 1 libra.)

1 Manzana Dorada, pelada, y cortada

2 Cucharaditas de Margarina/Mantequilla

2 Cucharaditas de Azúcar Morena

1/8 de cucharadita de Canela

1/8 de cucharadita de nuez moscada

Pizca de clavo molido

Direcciones:

Caliene el horno a 350°F

1 – Engrase un molde de hornear de ¼ de gallon.

2 - Corte por la mitad la calabaza y quite semillas; corte en cuartos.

3 – Coloque los cuartos con la piel hacia arriba en el molde y cubra; hornee 30 minutos.

4 - En el tazón mediano, combine la manzana, la margarina/mantequilla, el azúcar morena, la canela, la nuez moscada, y el clavo molido.

5 – Voltee la calabaza bellota; cubra con mezcla de manzana.

6 - Tape y hornee 30 minutos más o hasta que las manzanas esten suaves.

Versión rápida de microoondas:

Parta la calabaza por la mitad y quite semillas; corte en cuartos

Arregle los cuartos con el lado cortado en un plato seguro de microondas.

Caliente en alto (el 100 por ciento) 6 a 7 minutos, haciendo girar la calabaza a mitad de camino por tiempo de cocción. Cumbre con la mezcla de manzana, tapa con plástico con agugeros y cocine durante 4 a 5 minutos o hasta que las manzanas esten suaves.

Nutrientes Aproximados Por 1/4 de receta.							
Las calorías	85	Grasa Saturada	.47 g	Hierro	.76 mg		
Proteína	1.74 g	Colesterol	0 mg	Calcio	41.2 mg		
Carbohydrato	16.56 g	Vitamina A	481 RE	Sodio	28 mg		
Grasa Total	2.33 g	Vitamina C	15.47 mg	Fibra Alimenticia	2.45 g		

Nutrientes Aproximados Por 1/4 de receta:





Try a new Squash recipe at home!

Spaghetti Squash Primavera

Serves: 6 each Portion Size: ¼ squash Recipe From: CDC/5 A Day Recipes

Ingredients:

cup Tomatoes, finely chopped
 cup Cucumbers, diced
 cup Fresh Parsley, chopped
 cup Fresh Basil, finely chopped
 cup Red Onions, diced
 Tbsp. Salad Oil
 Juice of 1 Lemon
 Cloves Garlic, crushed
 Spaghetti Squash (approximately 3 lbs.)
 quarts Boiling Water
 dash of Salt and Freshly Ground Pepper

Directions:

- 1- Place tomatoes, cucumbers, parsley, basil and onions in a large bowl.
- 2- Combine the oil, lemon juice and garlic and pour over vegetables. Mix well and set aside to marinate.
- 3- Place spaghetti squash in boiling water and cook 15 minutes.
- 4- Prick in four places with a fork and continue cooking another 30 minutes.
- 5- Remove squash. Let cool for 5 minutes.
- 6- Cut in half lengthwise and scoop out seeds.
- 7- Using a fork, pull out the strands of "spaghetti".
- 8- Mix with the well-marinated vegetables. Season with salt and pepper.*

*Add heated tomato sauce for a real "spaghetti" dish.

Calories	90	Saturated Fat	1 g	Iron	6% *	
Protein	2 g	Cholesterol	0 mg	Calcium	8% *	
Carbohydrate	16 g	Vitamin A	15% *	Sodium	130 mg	
Total Fat	4 g	Vitamin C	35% *	Dietary Fiber	3 g	

Approximate Nutrients Per 1/6 of recipe:

* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet





¡Intente una nueva receta de Squash en casa!

Squash de Espagueti Primavera

Sirve: 6 Tamaño de Porcion: ¼ de calabaza Receta de: CDC/Receta de 5 al Día

Ingredientes:

- 1 Taza de tomates, en rodajas finas
- 1 taza de pepino cortado en cuarditros
- 1/2 taza de perejil Fresco, picado.
- 1/2 taza de albahaca fresca, finamente picada.
- 1/2 taza de cebolla roja contada en cruadritos
- 1 cucharada de aceite para ensaladas

Jugo de 1 Limón

- 2 clovos de ajo aplastado
- 1 Squash de Espagueti (aproximadamente 3 libras.)
- 1 Galón de agua hierviendo

pizca de sal y pimienta

Direcciones:

- 1- Coloque los tomates, pepinos, perejil, albahaca y cebollas en un tazón grande.
- 2 Combine el aceite, el jugo de limón y el ajo y vierta sobre las verduras. Mezcla bien y ponga aparte para adobar.
- 3 Coloque la calabaza de espagueti en agua hierviendo por 15 minutos.
- 4 Pinchar la calabaza en cuatro sitios con un tenedor y sigua cocinando otros 30 minutos.
- 5 Saca la Calabaza de espagueti del agua. Deje enfriar durante 5 minutos.
- 6 Corte a la mitad y a lo largo y quite las semillas.
- 7 Usando un tenedor, saque los hilos del espagueti.
- 8 Mezcla con las verduras bien adobadas. Sazone con la sal y pimienta *

*Añada salsa de tomate calentada para un verdadero plato "de espagueti".

Nutrientes Aproxin	numentes Aproximates i en 176 de rebeta.						
Calorías	90	Grasa Saturada	1 g	Hierro	6% *		
Proteína	2 g	Colesterol	0 mg	Calcio	8% *		
Carbohydrato	16 g	Vitamina A	15% *	Sodio	130 mg		
GrasaTotal	4 g	Vitamina C	35% *	Fibra Alimenticia	3 g		

Nutrientes Aproximados Por 1/6 de receta:

*El por ciento de Valores Diarios está basado en una dieta de 2000 calorías

NOVEMBER: Fruit – Pineapple Veggie – Carrots





Where did they come from?

<u>Pineapple</u>

Fact Sheet

Pineapple, a tropical fruit with a sweet flavor and juicy flesh, is native to Central and South America. In 1493, Christopher Columbus discovered pineapples growing on the island of Guadeloupe and brought them back to Queen Isabella of Spain. During the 17th century, pineapples became a very popular fruit throughout Europe and were grown in greenhouses. In the 18th century pineapples were taken to the Hawaiian Islands.

Where do they grow?

Pineapple is grown in many tropical regions around the world but Hawaii is one of the top major producers of this fruit. Some fresh pineapples are imported from Costa Rica, Honduras, Mexico, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Ecuador and Nicaragua and many of our canned pineapples are imported from the Far East. Pineapple is available year round with peak season ranging from March through July.

How do they grow?

Pineapples are grown from the crowns or tops of other pineapples. It takes a long time to grow a pineapple! The flowering process of a pineapple does not begin until the plant is one year old. After one year, the flower bud, which is small, pink and looks like a pinecone begins to grow until it becomes the pineapple fruit. It takes about 6 months for the plant to produce the fruit. The starch content of the pineapple is stored in the stem of the plant. Just before the fruit ripens, the starch converts to sugar and enters the fruit. Pineapples are harvested when ripe and are therefore ready to eat once they reach the supermarkets. To ensure they are picked at their peak, for ripeness and flavor, the sugar content is tested in the field. After they are picked, pineapples are shipped quickly, arriving to markets within 2 to 3 days.

Are they healthy?

Excellent source of vitamin C

Contains bromelain, an enzyme helping the body's digestive system

How do you pick a good one?

 \checkmark Choose fresh looking ones with deep green leaves that are heavy for their size

Use your nose! A sweet aroma is the best way to pick a good pineapple!

 $rac{W}{}$ Select ones with a label or tag indicating it was jet-shipped from Hawaii

- Avoid those that look old or dry, contain bruises, soft spots or brown leaves
- " Avoid those with sour or fermented odors

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Pineapples</u>

Did you know...

^(C) Did you know a ½ cup of fresh pineapple contains only 60 calories?

- Did you know the name pineapple was derived from the word "pina" because Spanish explorers thought the fruit looked like a pinecone? (The English added the word "apple" to associate it with juicy luscious fruits.)
- [©] Did you know "halakahiki" is pineapple in Hawaiian?
- ^(C) Did you know Hawaii was the first to can pineapple?
- © Did you know the Caribbean Indians placed pineapples or pineapple crowns outside the entrances of their homes to symbolize friendship and hospitality?
- © Did you know just a ½ cup of pineapple contains appoximately 25% of your daily recommended vitamin C?
- Did you know pineapple can be enjoyed in many ways? (Eat fresh, canned or dried pineapple and drink pineapple juice.)
- Did you know there are four types of pineapples? (Gold, Smooth Cayenne, Red Spanish and Sugar Loaf; The Gold is the newest variety with an extra sweet flavor, golden color and higher vitamin C content.)
- \bigcirc Did you know the average pineapple weighs 2 5 pounds?
- Did you know a good way to distribute a pineapple's sugar content, throughout the fruit, is to stand it upside down for a few days? (This allows the sugar to flow towards the top.)

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

😪 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Pineapple* Choose ideas at your own discretion

RECIPES:

- Try a new recipe with pineapple ---Pineapple-Orange Dipping Sauce: Offer with chicken nuggets! (see attached) Ambrosia (see attached) Pineapple Bread (see attached) Presentation Orange-Pineapple Gelatin (USDA C-11) Meal Appeal Sweet and Sour Pork (USDA D-36) A Simple Smile Makes All Meals Taste Better!
- ✓ Offer pineapple as a fruit component for breakfast, lunch or After School Snack
- ✓ Try pineapple as a new flavor of juice for breakfast
- Try preparing a Pineapple Upside Down Cake using crushed pineapples
- ✓ Offer pineapple as a pizza topping with Canadian ham/bacon --- Hawaiian^V Style Pizza!

∢

Remember Kids are Your

Customers!

Quality:

Serve Fruit that is

Pre-Chilled to at Least 41°F!

Safety:

Maintain Temperature of

Cold Foods ---

at 41°F or Below!

- ✓ Serve grilled chicken or baked ham topped with pineapple slices or chunks
- ✓ Offer fresh Pineapple Push-Ups as a healthy a la carte snack

MARKETING:

- ✓ Contact Dole for super resources! Phone: (973) 402-1192 nicholas schneider@na.dole.com
- ✓ Check out the Dole web site for ideas www.dole5aday.com
- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (Example: Pineapple Power!)
- ✓ Feature "Yellow Day" on the day that you offer pineapple on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing yellow
- Turn your salad bar into a self-serve fruit topping bar for breakfast; Give students a 4 ounce portion of low fat yogurt and let them create a breakfast parfait at the fruit topping bar
 - Offer fresh fruits in season •
 - Utilize commodity frozen, canned fruits (crushed pineapples) and dried fruits
- Distribute to younger grades the "School LUNCH Coloring Page" from your "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 40; Offer prizes for each grade level;
- Hang these colored lunch pages around your cafeteria as decorations



Ambrosia

Yield: 75 each 5 oz. Portions

1 serving = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup fruit

Ingredients:

1 each #10 can pineapple, peaches, apples

1 bag Instant Vanilla Pudding

3 ¹/₂ cups Low Fat Milk

15 ounces Thawed Orange Juice Concentrate

2 lbs. Low Fat Sour Cream

Directions:

1- Mix 1 each #10 can, drained, of the following: pineapple, peaches and apples.

2- Blend the following on low speed till smooth: 1 bag instant vanilla pudding, 3 ½ cups milk & 15

oz. thawed orange juice concentrate.

- 3- Add 2 lbs. of sour cream to pudding mixture.
- 4- Fold pudding mixture into fruit.
- 5- Pour into 4" steam table pan and chill.

Pineapple-Orange Dipping Sauce Yield: Approx. 1 1/4 gallon

Ingredients:

Recipe From: Dole "5 A Day Kids' Cookbook"

1 each # 10 can Crushed Pineapple in Juice ³/₄ cup Cornstarch 3¼ cups Orange Juice 3¹/₄ cups Barbecue Sauce

Directions:

Pour undrained pineapple into a processor, mixer or blender. Process or mix until it is a thick puree. Pour pineapple into a saucepan and add cornstarch; blend. Add orange juice and barbecue sauce; blend. Bring to a boil, and then reduce heat and simmer, stirring until sauce thickens, about 3 minutes. Remove from heat. Serve warm with nuggets.

Pineapple Bread Yield: 50 each 5"x10" Portions or 25 each 5"x5" Portions **Directions:**

Ingredients:

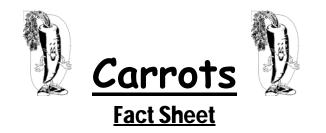
15 each Eggs 2 ¹/₂ cups Sugar ³/₄ cup Flour 1 each # 10 can Pineapple 6 each 6" Steak Rolls 1 lb Butter or Margarine*

*Try using less as it will reduce the fat content!

- 1- Beat eggs well.
- 2- Add sugar, flour, pineapple, and eggs; mix well.
- 3- Pour into greased 2" full size steamtable pan.
- 4- Dice rolls and spread over top of liquid mixture in pan.
- 5- Melt butter or margarine.
- 6- Pour melted butter/margarine over top of mixture.
- 7- Bake at 350°F for 50 minutes in convection oven.

(Conventional Oven: Bake at 400°F for 60 minutes) 8- Serve warm.

9- Cut into 5x10 inch for 50 servings; 1 portion = $\frac{1}{4}$ cup fruit; bread component varies based on weight of roll; approx. ¹/₄ bread/grain Cut into 5x5 inch portions for 25 servings; 1 portion = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup fruit; bread component varies based on weight of roll; approx. ¹/₂ bread/grain



Where did they come from?

Carrots were first cultivated in Afghanistan more than 2000 years ago. During 900-1000 A.D. purple and yellow carrots were brought from Afghanistan to the Mediterranean. In the 1300's purple and yellow carrots were grown in Western Europe and China. In the 1700's orange carrots were first reported in the Netherlands. Today, the typical orange carrots available throughout the United States are descendants of Dutch-bred carrots. Other carrot varieties include white carrots that are used in western and Eastern Europe for livestock, red carrots grown in Japan and yellow and purple carrots that are available in the Mideast, Turkey, India and China.

Where do they grow?

The majority of carrots grown for United States are produced in California, Wisconsin, Michigan and Washington. California produces about 60 percent of the entire United States carrot crop. Carrots are shipped nationwide and are available all year long.

How do they grow?

Carrots are taproots, which is a type of root that grows downwards into the soil. Carrots are grown from seeds, which take 6 to 21 days to germinate and 70 to 100 days to mature fully. When you eat a carrot you are actually eating the root! The feathery green leaves that are on top of the root grow above the soil. Once carrots are grown and mature, machines mechanically harvest them. They pull carrots up by their tops and shake off the dirt. The machines also cut the tops off. Carrots grow best in cool seasons where young seedlings can withstand mild frosts, however high temperatures can significantly damage them.

Are they healthy?

Excellent source of beta-carotene (vitamin A) which keeps our eyes healthy
Contains the fiber, calcium pectate, which may lower cholesterol

How do you pick a good one?

- $rac{W}{}$ Choose those which are smooth, firm and well shaped
- $rac{W}{}$ Select ones that are not covered with hair like roots
- $rac{W}{}$ Pick ones with a bright orange to orange-red color
- 🖑 Avoid carrots that are cracked, shriveled, soft or wilted
- Choose carrots that are smaller or thinner at the top, which usually indicates a smaller core (Carrots with smaller cores, the fibrous center that runs the length of this vegetable, are sweeter. The natural sugars of the carrots are in the outer layers; therefore, a smaller core will mean more outer layers of sweetness.)

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Carrots</u>

Did you know...

- Did you know carrots come in many sizes and shapes: round, cylindrical, fat, very small, long or thin?
- ^(C) Did you know that carrots are crunchy?
- © Did you know carrots contain more sugar than any other vegetable, except for the beet?
- [©] Did you know carrots are members of the parsley family?

(Their feathery green leaves look somewhat like parsley. Other members of this family are celery, parsnips, dill, fennel and the wildflower called Queen Anne's Lace.)

Did you know baby carrots or mini-peeled carrots are grown from "caropak" carrots?

("Caropak" carrots are a different seed variety that grows slender carrots. They grow close together to keep their small size. These are primarily the variety of baby carrots available in supermarkets. True "baby" carrots would actually be carrots that have been removed from the ground early and look like miniature carrots. These are rarely available.)

Did you know carrots provide 30% of the vitamin A in American diets?

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

😴 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Carrots* Choose ideas at your own discretion

> **Presentation:** Meal Appeal ----- Clump Similar

Colors in Packaged Salads for Eye Appeal:

Place Shredded or Diced Carrots in Corner

of Prepackaged Salad Container; In Opposite Corner Place

Diced Tomatoes.

Quality: Do Not Store Carrots

Near Ethylene Gas

Producing Produce

Such as Apples, Cantaloupes, Pears & Tomatoes ---

Gas Will Make

Carrots Bitter!

Safety:

Maintain Temperature of
Cold Food at 41° F

or Below!



- ✓ Try a new recipe with carrots ------Carrot Cake (USDA C-5) Carrot-Raisin Salad (USDA E-4) Orange Glazed Carrots (USDA I-13a) Minestrone Soup (USDA H-7) or Thick Vegetable Soup (USDA H-5)
- ✓ Mix into fresh green or spinach salads
- ✓ Offer raw carrots with low fat ranch dressing for lunch or After School Snack
- ✓ Add finely chopped carrots to bread stuffing/dressing for Thanksgiving
- ✓ Add to chicken, tuna or pasta salads
- ✓ Sell mini bags of baby carrots as a healthy à la carte snack

MARKETING:

- Hang up posters from your "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit Sense-ational Food; Eat Your Colors Every Day/Tuba Player; Eat Your Colors Today; Enjoy Fruits & Vegetables!
- Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (Examples: Chill Out with Carrots! Crazy for Carrots!)
- ✓ Advertise a different carrot recipe on your menu each week in November
- ✓ Feature carrots on your Thanksgiving holiday menu
- ✓ Feature "Orange Day" on the day that you offer carrots on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing orange
- ✓ Turn your salad bar into a self-serve fruit and vegetable bar once/week or once/month
 - Select produce in season
 - Utilize commodity frozen and canned fruits and vegetables and dried fruits
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 16-31



Fresh Carrot Soup

Recipe From: California Fresh Carrot Advisory Board **Yield: 2 Gallons**

Ingredients:

- 5 lbs. Fresh Carrots, Sliced
- ¹/₂ lb. Onions, Chopped
- ¹/₂ lb. Celery, Sliced
- 2 1/2 gallons Stock or Water
- ¹/₄ cup Lemon Juice
- 1 Tablespoon Salt (Optional)
- 1/2 Tablespoon Pepper

Directions:

- 1. Combine carrots, onions, celery and stock.
- 2. Simmer for 1 hour.
- 3. Add lemon juice, salt *(optional)* and pepper.
- 3. Puree soup.

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Pineapples & Carrots... Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
- ✓ Have students color Pinellopy Pineapple Coloring Page
- Have students color Calvin Carrot Coloring Page
- Discuss how Carrots grow; Show students that when they eat a carrot their actually eating the Root
- ✓ Show Fresh Pineapple; Discuss how it grows
- \checkmark Try growing a pineapple in your classroom from the crown; See --- "Grow A Pineapple Plant"
- \checkmark Have students play charades and set healthy eating and physical activity goals; Use the "Super Me" activity guide



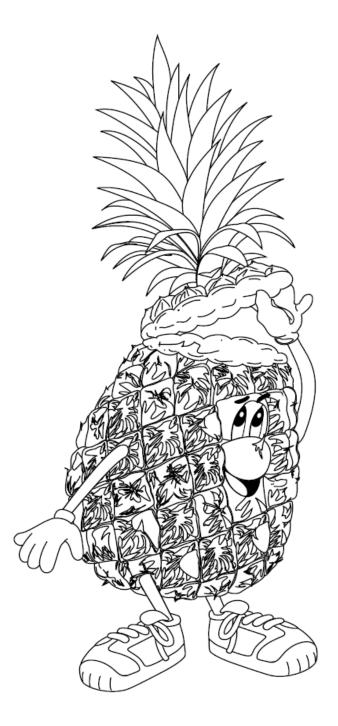
Home Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home ... Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Encourage families to create "Edible Art" as a healthy snack food
- Promote physical activity among families! Send home the "Super US" Physical Activity Scorecard!" and "On The Road To A SUPER US" goal setting activity
- ✓ Kids' Kitchen Recipes
- Recipes for Home



Coloring Page: Pinellopy Pineapple From: Dole 5-A-Day Web-Site; <u>www.dole5aday.com</u>



Pinellopy Pineapple ©



Coloring Page: Calvin Carrot

From: Dole 5-A-Day Web-Site; www.dole5aday.com



Calvin Carrot ©

Classroom Link... <u>Grow A Pineapple Plant!</u>

Pineapples need a minimum winter temperature of 65° F. They prefer hot, humid summers.

These plants can be started by simply twisting out or cutting off the top leaves (crown) of the pineapple fruit. Make sure any fruit left attached is trimmed off, as this may cause it to rot after planting. After removing and trimming off the excess fruit pulp, trim the stem a little at a time until you see root buds, which are small, round objects seen around the cut end of the stem's base. You can also strip off some of the lower leaves (about ³/₄-inch up from the base of the stem). You will see small, brownish bumps under the leaf scars; these are the beginnings of roots. You may also see some small roots already growing.

After preparing the crown, set it upside down in a dry, shaded place for about a week to allow the cuts to "heal". It can then be planted in a store-bought potting soil mix. Start it in an 8-inch clay pot and when it starts to outgrow it, move it to a 12-inch pot.

Make sure the containers have excellent drainage. To insure this, add about a 1-inch layer of coarse gravel to the bottom of the pot before adding the soil. Firm the soil around the base of the crown and avoid getting dirt in the central leaves.

Fertilize your pineapple at planting time and every two or three months thereafter with a good household plant food. You only need to water the plant once a week.

Pineapples produce their flowers after about 16 months and when the plant is at least 2 feet high. After about 6 months, the fruit will begin to change colors from green to gold as the fruit's flesh becomes sweeter. The pineapple may weight from 2 to 4 pounds. When the fruit is halfway golden yellow, you can pick and eat it. However, you can wait longer if you wish.

Printed From:

http://www.botany.com/PrintPlant.aspx?plantID=115&print=1



★ SUPER ME! ★

Get on the road to becoming a "super you"-play an adaptation of the popular game "charades" to explore after-school eating and physical activity habits. Then set nutrition and physical activity goals.

OBJECTIVES:

- To use the three Team Nutrition messages to set goals for choosing foods for a healthy diet.
- To set nutrition and physical activity goals and work to achieve them.

KEY CONCEPTS:

- The three Team Nutrition messages can be used to set nutrition goals for after-school snacks.
- Regular physical activity is important for good health.
- Working with a partner can help in the achievement of goals.
- Print in large letters the three Team Nutrition messages on poster board or flip-chart.

BACKGROUND:

"Making Food Choices for a Healthy Diet" is USDA Team Nutrition's theme. Three messages have been developed to support the theme and will help children to:

- Expand the variety of foods in their diet;
- Add more fruits, vegetables, and grains to the foods they already eat; and
- Construct a diet lower in fat.

In addition to choosing foods for a healthy diet, it is important to balance the foods eaten with physical activity. Nearly all Americans need to be more active, because an inactive lifestyle is unhealthful. Many Americans gain weight in adulthood, increasing their risk for high blood pressure, heart disease, stroke, diabetes, and certain types of cancer. Physical activity is an important way to "use up" food energy (calories).

PREPARATION NEEDED:

Photocopy enough copies of "On the Road to a Super Me"

ightarrow SUPER ME Continued...

InfoNote:

The goals in this lesson are suggestions only. Use different goals based on the current nutrition and physical activity habits of the youth in your group.

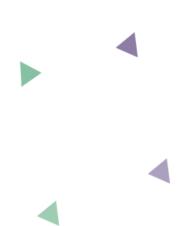


Directions:

The first person "acts out" what they usually do after school.

Each team, in order, guesses what was acted out.

If a team guesses wrong, the next team gets to guess, etc. Once the activity is guessed correctly, the second person "acts out" their after-school activity. Repeat process as above. Repeat for third "actor."



It is best to do 30 minutes or more of moderate physical activity on most, preferably all, days of the week. Examples of moderate physical activity are walking briskly, mowing the lawn, jogging, cycling, swimming, table tennis, fishing, canoeing and dancing. To help achieve a goal, whether a physical activity goal or a healthy food choice goal, do the following:

- Make the goal realistic small changes really add up.
- Track the progress in order to measure how well you are doing.
- Use rewards as incentives i.e., buy a magazine, visit a friend.
- Work with a partner to help meet a goal (a partner can be a friend, adult, relative, brother or sister or neighbor who also wants to meet nutrition and physical activity goals).

CHARADES ACTIVITY

Introduction

 Introduce the game of charades. Explain the game of charades to the group: Without using words, a person "acts out" an activity and the audience tries to guess what the "actor" is doing.

Ask for three volunteers who would like to act out what they do after school. The remaining youth can split up into teams and guess what the "actors" are doing.

- 2. Give the game directions.
- 3. Play charades.

Discussion

4. After the game, discuss the importance of regular physical activity and making food choices for a healthy diet. Use information from the Background Section of this lesson. Suggested discussion questions:

How many of you do these same things after school? Why?

After school, do any of you bike, run in the yard, play soccer, what else?

Have the youth, by show of hands, indicate which of these activities they do.

\star SUPER ME Continued...



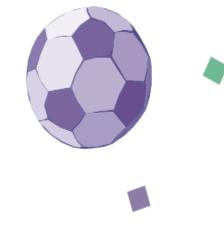
PHYSICAL ACTIVITY GOAL SETTING ACTIVITY

The purpose of this activity is to help the youth become the best they can be by setting daily physical activity goals.

Distribute to each participant a copy of the "On the Road to a Super Me" handout and a pencil. Discuss choosing a partner. If they choose to work with a partner, have the youth fill in their partner's name on the handout.

Discussion

- 1. Briefly discuss goal setting. See Background Section of this lesson for goal setting information.
- Have the youth think about what physical activity goal each wants to set. Suggest that the youth start by setting small goals. Some examples are:
 - Go outside and play after school instead of watching television.
 - Take a walk instead of playing a computer game.
 - Dance to some lively music.
- Have the youth write their goal for the week on his/her "On the Road to a Super Me" handout. Explain to the youth that for every day they reach their goal, they should draw a star (☆) in the box.
- Have some youth share their physical activity goals with the rest of the group.



ightarrow SUPER ME Continued...



Expand the variety of foods in the diet—Instead of soda pop, I'll drink milk, orange juice, or tomato juice.

Add more fruits, vegetables, and grains to the foods already eaten — Instead of candy, I'll eat fruit for a snack.

Construct a diet lower in fat — I'll choose lower fat snacks such as pretzels instead of potato chips.

FOOD CHOICE GOAL SETTING ACTIVITY

The purpose is to have youth set goals for making food choices for a healthy diet when selecting after-school snacks.

1. Review the three Team Nutrition messages with the group. See Background Section of this lesson.

Discussion

Remind the youth that part of becoming "super" includes choosing foods for a healthy diet.

Suggested discussion questions:

Which of the three Team Nutrition messages would you use to set a goal for yourself? Why? What would your goal be?

- 3. Have the youth think about what eating goal they want to set and have them write their goal for the week on "On the Road to a Super Me" handout. Explain to the youth that for every day they reach their goal, they should put a check (✓) in the box.
- Have some of the youth share the goals they set with the rest of the group.

CLOSURE:

1. Suggested discussion question:

How can you celebrate meeting your daily goals at the end of the week?

- As individuals decide on their reward, they can record it on their "On the Road to a Super Me" handout.
- Have some of the youth share their celebration ideas with the group.





Name: _____



Team Nutrition Community Nutrition Action Kit

Home Link... Great for Snacking!

EDIBLE ART



Drain the pineapple rings thoroughly. Place a pineapple ring in the center of a small paper plate. Peel the banana, cut in pieces, and place it upright into the center of the pineapple ring. Place an assortment of the remaining fruits on a small plate, and insert toothpicks into the pieces. Place the toothpicks into the upright banana forming branches on the banana. Continue to decorate the banana until you are pleased with the results. This amount will provide fruit for 10.







Team Nutrition Community Nutrition Action Kit



SUPER US Physical Activity Scorecard! How Do You Score on Physical Activity???

Encourage your child to be physically active. Set an example and join in. Being active throughout life is a goal worth setting. Keep in mind that physical activity helps in maintaining and improving body weight, *and* it's fun. Take the test below, as a family, and have fun by comparing scores!

HOW DO YOU AND YOUR FAMILY SCORE ON PHYSICAL ACTIVITY? (✓ if yes)

Do you do these 2 or 3 times a week?	Family members (initials)
Play a sport, such as basketball, baseball, or soccer?	
Physical work, such as gardening?	
raking or lawn mowing?	
house cleaning?	
Aerobic activities, such as biking?	
roller bladeing?	
dancing?	
running or jogging?	
walking?	
skipping rope?	
swimming?	
Strength activities such as weight lifting?	
Flexibility exercises such as bending and stretching, sit-ups, or kne	e bends?
Total your check m	arks:

Family members who scored 0 points: You're a "couch potato." Set a physical activity goal and do it for at least a week. If you enjoy it, make it part of your regular routine. If you did not enjoy it, choose another activity and try again.

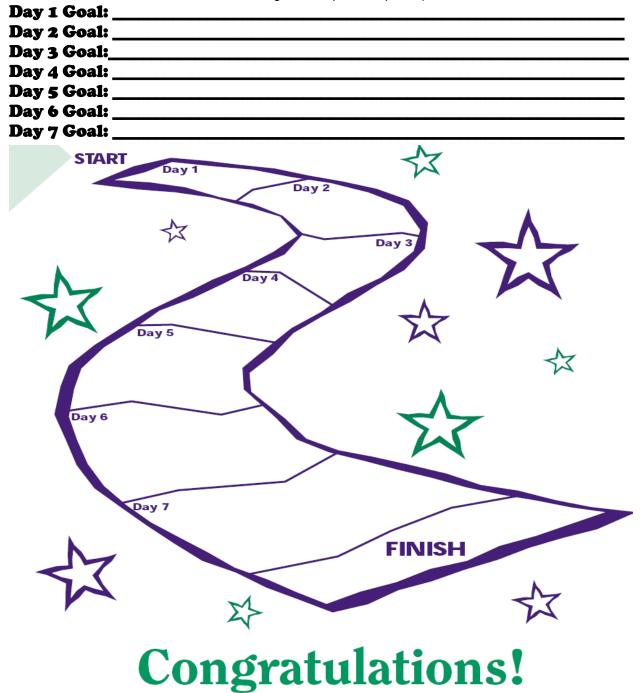
Family members who scored 1-3 points: You're a "mover." Keep up the good work. Try to do 30 minutes or more of moderate physical activity on most days of the week.

Family members who scored more than 4 points: You're a "mover and a shaker!" Excellent! Keep it up! Make sure you do different activities for variety.

Home Link... On The Road To A SUPER US!

As a Family, set a physical activity goal for each day of the week. List goals below. Each day when you complete the goal write in your name or initials on the board below. Try to do as many activities together as a Family. Decide as a Family, a reward for each person that completes all 7 goals.

(Examples of rewards: Fresh pineapple or yogurt sundae for dessert; special day with mom/dad/guardian; picnic at park...)



Home Link...



Pineapples

How to Peel and Trim Pineapple:

(Adults should do this task!)

- 1- Wash whole pineapple under cold running water
- 2- Twist or cut off the leafy crown
- 3- Using a heavy knife, halve the fruit lengthwise from bottom to top
- 4- Cut the two halves in half again to form quarters
- 5- Slice off the core, harder center part of pineapple, of each quarter
- 6- Slide a knife between the flesh and rind to free the flesh
- 7- Cut the flesh as desired

Fun Ways to Eat:

- ♥ Cut into chunks, slices or wedges
- $\overset{\text{lefty}}{=}$ Mix with your favorite fruit or mixed green salad
- **Make a fruit kabob** (skewer with different types of cut up fruit onto a stick)
- $rac{W}{}$ Mix crushed pineapple with low fat vanilla flavored yogurt
- lash W Grill slices of fresh pineapple
- $rak{W}$ Add chunks of pineapple to tuna or chicken salad
- ♥ Add pineapple slices to sandwiches or pizza

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipes are attached and include pineapple as an ingredient:

🖑 Fruity Breakfast Parfait

🖑 Hawaiian Mini Pizzas



Makes 4 servings Reprinted from: Dole's "5 A Day Kids Cookbook" A fun food to eat for breakfast or as a snack! Be creative and use your favorite fruits, yogurt or pudding and nuts to create your own breakfast parfait or sundae!

Inaredients:

You will need:

<u>mgroutonton</u>	
2 cups Chopped Fresh Pineapple	Measuring Cups
1 cup Frozen Raspberries or Strawberries, Thawed	☞ 4 (6-oz.)
Stemmed	
1 cup Low Fat Vanilla Yogurt	Sundae Glasses
1 Firm, Medium Banana, Peeled and Sliced	Spoon
¹ / ₃ cup Chopped Dates	Knife
1/4 cup Sliced Almonds, Toasted	
Directions:	

Directions:

In glasses, layer pineapple, raspberries, yogurt, banana, and dates. Sprinkle the top with almonds.

Nutritional analysis per serving: Calories 224, Protein 6g, Fat 6g, Saturated Fat 1g, Cholesterol 3mg, Carbohydrate 41g, Sodium 43mg

Hawaiian Mini Pizzas

Reprinted from: Dole's "5 A Day Kids Cookbook"
<u>You will need:</u>
, Split [©] Cutting board
Knife
n, Cut into Quarters 👘 🔗 Measuring
ned 🛛 🐨 Can Opener
la 🛛 🐨 Oven Mitts

Directions:

1- Preheat oven to 450° F.

2- Evenly spoon sauce over each muffin. Top with Canadian bacon, pineapple tidbits and cheese. Place mini pizzas on baking sheet.

3- Bake for 12-15 minutes or until cheese is melted. Allow to cool a few minutes before eating.

Nutritional analysis per serving: Calories 190, Protein 11g, Fat 5g, Saturated Fat 2g, Cholesterol 17mg, Carbohydrate 26g, Sodium 542mg





Carrots

How to Peel and Trim Carrots:

- 1- Rinse carrots under cold running water
- 2- Lay the vegetable peeler flat against the carrot
- 3- Scrape the peeler toward the counter, peeling off the skin
- 4- Rotate the carrot until all the skin is scraped off
- 5- Secure the carrots on a cutting board; Trim off the ends
- 6- Slice the carrots into circles or sticks
- 7- If slicing into sticks --- first cut the carrot in half

Fun Ways to Eat:

- lash W Munch on raw with dip
- $rac{W}{}$ Shred and add to tossed green salads
- 🖑 Add to soups
- $rac{W}{}$ Try a carrot cake recipe
- $rac{W}{}$ Dice, and mix into tuna, chicken, turkey and egg salads
- Try shredded carrots as a sandwich topper --- Adds crunch!
- $rac{W}{}$ Add to pizza as a vegetable topping

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipe is attached and includes carrots as an ingredient:

🖑 Ryan's Rockin' Layered Salad





won first place in the "Salads" category. Because this recipe includes so many This amazing salad was created by an amazing 5 A Day kid! Ryan Trantham of Allen, Texas, submitted this recipe for a "5 A Day Kids Recipe Contest" and source of potassium, calcium and iron and an excellent source of dietary colorful vegetables it is a very nutrient-rich salad. One serving is a good fiber, vitamin A, vitamin C and folate.

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Sbele2

Makes 8 servings

Ingredients:

You will need:

Measuring

cups Can

- cup prepared low fat Ranch salad dressing
 - cup prepared salsa
- (10-ounce) package DOLE® Hearts of Romaine Mix
- (10-ounce) package DOLE Shredded Carrots

mixing

opener Small

> (15-ounce) can black beans, drained and rinsed

serving bowl

Large

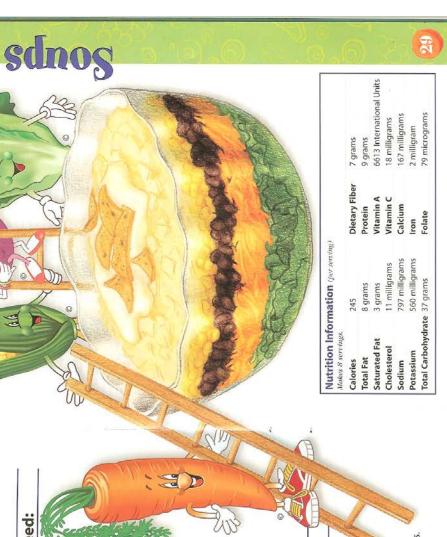
- (15-ounce) can whole kernel corn, drained
 - small DOLE Premium Red Onion, diced
 - cup finely shredded
- reduced fat cheddar cheese
 - cup baked tortilla chips, crushed

Here's how:

- f 1 Combine Ranch dressing and salsa; set aside.
- Pour the dressing/salsa mixture on top; chill for In large bowl, layer the Romaine Mix, carrots, black beans, corn, red onion and cheese. 45-60 minutes in the refrigerator. 2
- 3 When ready to serve, top with crushed tortilla chips.

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"5 A Day Kids Cookbook" **Reprinted from Dole's**





Pineapple

in November on their School Menu! Try a new **Pineapple** recipe at home!

Make Pineapple Part of Your 5 A Day Plan

It is easy to include pineapple in your 5 A Day Plan. Drink a glass of pineapple juice in the morning before work or school, eat a slice of pineapple topped with cottage cheese or add to your favorite low fat pizza for a fun treat.

Caribbean Spice Chicken

Makes 4 servings

From: CDC/ 5 A Day Recipes **Prep:** 30min.

Ingredients:

- 1 can (20 oz) pineapple slices
- 1 tsp. each of: ground ginger, curry powder, and garlic powder
- 1/4 tsp. cayenne pepper
- 1 tsp. cornstarch
- 4 Skinless, boneless, chicken breast halves
- 1 tsp. vegetable oil
- 1/4 cup each of: flaked sweet coconut, slivered green onions

Directions:

Drain pineapple juice into a large measuring cup. Combine spices in small bowl. Stir ¼ tsp. spice mixture, along with cornstarch, into pineapple juice. Set aside. Sprinkle all of the remaining spice mixture over chicken. Drizzle oil over chicken. Place on roasting pan rack. Bake in a 400°F oven for 15 minutes. Arrange pineapple slices on rack. Bake 5 minutes longer. Meanwhile, stir pineapple juice mixture. Microwave, uncovered, 2 to 4 minutes until sauce boils and thickens. Arrange chicken and pineapple on 4 serving plates. Spoon pineapple sauce over, top with coconut and onions. Serve with 1/2 cup serving of dark green vegetables.

Nutrition analysis per serving: Calories 298, Fat 7g, Calories from fat 21%, Cholesterol 75mg,

Fiber 3g, Sodium: 84mg.





¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos Piña en Noviembre

en el Menú de la Escuela!

¡Trate una nueva receta de Piña en casa!

Incluya la piña en su plan *5 al día*

Es fácil incluir la piña en su plan de *5 al día*. Beba un vaso de jugo de piña por las mañanas antes de salir para el trabajo o la escuela, cómase una tajada de piña con queso requesón (*cottage cheese*) o agréguela a su pizza favorita por su bajo contenido en grasa para darle un sabor tropical.

Pollo aliñado al estilo caribeño

Hace 4 porciones

Receta de: CDC/Recetas de *5 al Día* **Prep:** 30min.

Ingredientes:

- 1 lata (20 oz) de rebanadas de piña
- 1 cucharadita de: jengibre molido, polvo de curry y ajo en polvo
- 1/4 cucharadita de pimienta de cayena
- 1 cucharadita de almidón de maíz
- 4 mitades de pechuga de pollo deshuesadas y sin pellejo
- 1 cucharadita de aceite de vegetal
- 1/4 taza de cada uno de los siguientes: coco dulce rayado, cebolla larga cortadas en tiras

Las direcciones:

Escurra el jugo de la lata de piña en una taza grande de medir. Mezcle los aliños en un tazón pequeño. Revuelva ¼ de cucharadita de los aliños mezclados junto con el almidón de maíz en el jugo de la piña. Póngalo al lado. Salpique el resto de la mezcla de los aliños sobre el pollo. Rocíe el aceite sobre el pollo. Colóquelo en una bandeja de hornear. Hornee a 400°F grados durante, 15 minutos. Disponga las rebanadas de piña en la bandeja. Hornee 5 minutos más. Mientras tanto, revuelva la mezcla del jugo de piña. Cocine en el microondas, sin tapa, por 2 a 4 minutos hasta que la salsa hierva y espese. Disponga el pollo y la piña en 4 platos de servir. Use una cuchara para bañar el pollo con la salsa de piña y decórelo con el coco y los cebollines. Sirva con 1/2 taza de verduras de color verde oscuro.

Análisis nutricional por porción: calorías 298, grasa 7g, calorías por grasa 21%, colesterol 75mg., fibra 3g, sodio: 84mg.

Home Link... Try a new Pineapple recipe at home!

Hawaiian Ambrosia

Makes 8 servings Prep: No cooking Source: PBH/Maui Pineapple Co., Ltd

Ingredients:

- 1 can (20 oz) pineapple chunks
- 1 can (17 oz) fruit cocktail
- 1 can (11 oz) Mandarin oranges
- 1 cup plain nonfat yogurt or sour cream
- 1 cup miniature marshmallows
- ¹/₂ cup shredded coconut
- $\frac{1}{2}$ cup raisins
- $\frac{1}{4}$ cup pecans

Drain fruit well. Add yogurt or sour cream, marshmallows, coconut, raisins, and nuts. Mix well and refrigerate for one hour.

Nutrition analysis per serving: Calories 187, Fat 5g, Calories from Fat 24%, Cholesterol 0mg, Fiber 2g, Sodium 46mg.





Ambrosía Hawaiana

Hace 8 porciones Prep: No es necesario cocinar

Fuente: PBH/Maui Pineapple Co., Ltd

Ingredientes:

- 1 lata (20 oz) de piña en trozos
- 1 lata (17 oz) de cóctel de frutas
- 1 lata (11 oz) de mandarinas
- 1 taza de crema agria o yogurt descremado sin sabores
- 1 taza de marshmallows en miniatura
- 1/2 taza de coco rayado
- 1/2 taza de uvas pasas
- 1 taza de pacanas

Escurra la fruta bien. Añada el yogurt o la crema agria, los marshmallows, el coco, las uvas pasas y las nueces. Mezcle bien y refrigere por una hora.

Análisis nutricional por porción: calorías 187, frasa 5g, calorías por grasa 24%, Colesterol 0mg, fibra 2g, sodio 46mg

Home Link...





Your child/children will be offered

Carrots

in November on their School Menu! Try a new **Carrot** recipe at home!

Carrot Bars

Recipe From: Team Nutrition/ "Food, Family & Fun"

25-30 minutes Makes: 40 pieces Substitute cooked pumpkin, cooked sweet potato or banana for the carrots

Ingredients:

cup sugar
 cup vegetable oil
 cup applesauce
 jars baby food carrots
 eggs, beaten
 cups flour
 tsp vanilla
 tsp baking soda
 tsp cinnamon
 tsp salt
 cup nuts, chopped (optional)

Directions:

Preheat oven to 350⁰ degrees F

1 - In a large bowl, **mix** sugar, oil, applesauce, baby food carrots, eggs, flour, vanilla, baking soda, cinnamon, salt and nuts (optional) together.

2 - Bake in 13" x 9" greased and floured pan for 25-30 minutes.

3 - While bars **bake**, **mix** icing (optional): margarine, powdered sugar, light cream cheese, and vanilla.

4 -When bars are baked, cool, spread with icing or sprinkle with powdered sugar.

5 - Cut into bars, serve. (Cut into 4" x 10" portions)

Calories	71	Saturated Fat	0.5 g	Iron	0.3 mg
Protein	1 g	Cholesterol	11 mg	Calcium	4 mg
Carbohydrate	10 g	Vitamin A	86 RE	Sodium	73 mg
Total Fat	3 g	Vitamin C	0 mg	Dietary Fiber	0 g

Approximate Nutrients Per Serving: 1 piece

Icing: (optional) 1/4 cup soft margarine 11/2 cups powdered sugar 3 oz light cream cheese 1 tsp vanilla





¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos **Zanahorias** en Noviembre en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Zanahoria** en casa!

Recetas Caseras

Barras de Zanahoria

La receta De: La Nutrición/Alimento del equipo, la Familia y la Diversión

25-30 minutos

Hacen: 40 porciones

Sustituyen calabaza cocinada, batata o plátano cocinados para las zanahorias

Los ingredientes:

- 1 taza de azúcar
- 1/2 taza de aceite vegetal

1/4 taza de salsa de manzana

2 frascos de comida para bebé sabor de zanahoria

- 2 huevos
- 1¼ taza de harina
- 1 cucharita de vainilla
- 1 cucharita de bicarbonato de soda
- 1 cucharita de canela
- 1/2 cucharita de sal
- 1/2 taza de nueces, picada (opcional)

Instrucciones:

Precalienta horno a 350⁰ grados F

1 - En un tazón grande, combine el azucar, el aceite, la salsa de manzanas, la comida para bebés con sabor de zanahorias, los huevos, la harina, la vainilla, el bicarbonato de soda, la canela, la sal y las nueces (opcional) juntos.

2 - Hornea en una cacerola de 13" por 9" engrasada y enharinada durante 25-30 minutos.

3 - Mientras las barras hornean, combine los ingredientes de la crema (opcional) : la margarina, azúcar en polvo, queso crema ligero, y la vainilla.

4 -Cuándo barras se hornean, deje enfriar y rocía la crema o con azúcar en polvo.

5 – Corte en forma de barras, sirve. (Corte en porciónes de 4" X 10")

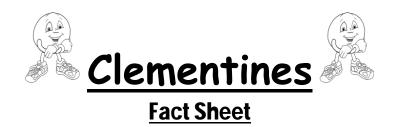
Aproximese Annentos Natitivos i or i oreion. I pedazo					
Calorías	71	Grasa Saturada	0.5 g	Hierro	0.3 mg
Proteína	1 g	Colesterol	11 mg	Calcio	4 mg
Carbohydratos	10 g	Vitamina A	86 RE	Sodio	73 mg
Grasa Total	3 g	Vitamina C	0 mg	Fibra Alimenticia	0 g

Aproxímese Alimentos Nutritivos Por Porción: 1 pedazo

<u>Crema:</u> (opcional) ¹⁄₄ taza de margarina suave 1¹⁄₂ taza de azúcar en polvo 3 oz queso crema de baja calorias 1 cucharita de vainilla

DECEMBER:

Fruit – Clementines Veggie – Broccoli



Where did they come from?

Clementines, also called Algerian tangerines, are a hybrid between a sweet orange and a Chinese mandarin. Clementines have been available in Europe for many years but were first brought to the U.S. in 1982. A devastating freeze in Florida in the 1980's made oranges scarce in the U.S. This resulted in a lot of oranges, including clementines, being imported from Europe. Since then, the popularity of this small citrus fruit has spread throughout our country.

Where do they grow?

Most clementines are imported from Spain, Morocco, North Africa, South Africa and Chile but are also grown in parts of the U.S. including Florida and California. Today, clementines are available in our supermarkets all year round because they are shipped in from different countries. Each place has a different growing season. Spain produces this fruit from November to February, U.S. from November to May, South Africa from June to August and Chile from August to October.

How do they grow?

Clementines grow on trees in warm, sunny environments. The fruit looks like a mini orange. It is considered the tiniest in the mandarin orange family. They are a citrus fruit with a thin membrane, usually seedless and deep orange flesh.

Are they healthy?

- Provides large quantities of vitamin C
- $rac{W}{}$ Contains phytonutrients which help your body fight disease
- Provides dietary fiber, calcium and vitamin A
- Contains only 50 calories and .5 grams of fat

How do you pick a good one?

- Choose ones with glossy, deep orange skins
- $rac{W}{}$ Select those that are heavy for their size
- $rac{W}{V}$ Pick ones with soft puffy skins
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid those with bruises or soft spots

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Clementines</u>

Did you know...

- ^(C) Did you know that clementines have a distinctive sweet taste?
- © Did you know that two clementines fulfill the USDA's recommended daily requirement of Vitamin C?
- © Did you know that citrus fruit such as clementines will help keep your bones and teeth healthy?
- © Did you know that clementines are sold in wooden crates at your local supermarket?
- [©] Did you know that clementines are often mistaken for tangerines?
- © Did you know that clementines have what is called a "zipper" skin, loose and easily peeled?
- © Did you know that clementines are a favorite citrus among children?

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

🛪 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school... Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Clementines* Choose ideas at your own discretion

> Presentation Meal Appeal -----

Offer Clementines in Wire Baskets.

Adds Eye Appeal!

Safety: Wash Fresh Fruit!

Quality:

Upon Delivery, Always Check Quality

of Fresh Fruit!

Never Accept Poor Quality!

RECIPES:

- ✓ Offer fresh whole clementines for lunch, breakfast or After School Snack --- Kids love them cause they're easy to peel!
- ✓ Offer them as a healthy a la carte snack
- ✓ Use as a fruit in your grab'n'go or bag lunches

MARKETING:

- ✓ Display on your serving line in wire baskets or in clean, sanitary crates
- Hang up posters from your "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit Sense-ational Food; Eat Your Colors Every Day/Tuba Player; Eat Your Colors Today; Enjoy Fruits & Vegetables!
- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (Example: Catch the Clementine Craze!)
- ✓ Feature "Orange Day" on the day that you offer clementines on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing orange
- ✓ Advertise a special grab'n'go lunch served in a colorful bag with a clementine
- ✓ Promote an "Unusual/Unique or Special Fresh Fruit Day" --- Feature Clementines!
- Turn your salad bar into a self-serve fruit and vegetable bar once/week or once/month
 - Select produce in season
 - Utilize commodity frozen and canned fruits and vegetables and dried fruits
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 16-31



Where did it come from?

Broccoli can be traced back 2000 years and has been grown in United States for over 200 years. Broccoli was one of the ancient Romans favorite foods. They introduced this vegetable to France in the 1500's and to England in 1720. Broccoli was first grown in Calabria, an Italian province and was given the name Calabrese. Later the vegetable was given the name broccoli, which comes from the Latin word *brachium* and means branch or arm. The first broccoli showed up in markets in the United States in the early 1900's. By 1925, broccoli became a popular vegetable across the nation.

Where does it grow?

Broccoli is grown in many states throughout the country. States that produce broccoli include Washington, Maine, Wisconsin, Ohio, Colorado, Oregon, Texas and Florida. California produces 90% of all broccoli grown in the United States. Broccoli is grown in Salinas Valley and Santa Maria Valley in California from March through December and grown in the Yuma Valley in Arizona from November to March. Broccoli is available all year long, but is most abundant in October through May.

How does it grow?

Broccoli is generally grown from seeds planted in fields. It is ready to pick in approximately 80-120 days. A bunch of broccoli grows in the middle of several leaves. Sometimes these leaves are still attached to the broccoli when you buy it in the store. It usually grows close to the ground, but if it has excellent growing conditions the plant can grow 2-3 feet tall! It grows best in cool weather and can even grow with light frost. Soil, which is fertile and well drained, will promote the growth of broccoli. While the flowers are still compact, the broccoli heads are harvested. After broccoli is picked, it is very important that it is kept cold. A liquid ice treatment reduces the broccoli's temperature to 35° F within 3-5 minutes. Broccoli is packed in the field and quickly transported to markets.

Is it healthy?

- Rich in calcium, folate, potassium, vitamin C and A
- ♥ Good source of fiber

How do you pick a good one?

- Choose bunches whose florets are dark green and tightly closed
- ${\ensuremath{\mathfrak V}}$ Select ones with stalks that are very firm and slender
- Avoid broccoli with open, flowering, yellow colored or water-soaked bud clusters and tough, woody stems
- $rak{V}$ Avoid those with stalks that are bendable or rubbery

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

Broccoli Did you know...

- Did you know broccoli is a cruciferous vegetable and member of the cabbage family? (Cruciferous vegetables help prevent cancer.)
- Did you know there are different vegetables closely related to broccoli? (Broccolini, a cross between broccoli and kale; Broccoflower, a cross between broccoli and cauliflower; Broccoli Raab, long leafy stalks topped with small florets that look like broccoli.)
- © Did you know over the last 25 years broccoli consumption has increased over 940%?
- © Did you know broccoli has as much calcium, ounce per ounce, as milk?
- © Did you know that the average person in the United States today, eats 4½ pounds of broccoli per year?
- © Did you know that broccoli florets, which are purplish or dark green, contain more beta-carotene and vitamin C than paler ones?
- Did you know that frozen broccoli has twice as much sodium as fresh? (Frozen is still low in sodium; approximately 68 mg of sodium per 10 ounce package. It is recommended, in the School Lunch Program, that a complete lunch contain 800 mg of sodium or less.)
- Did you know that if you cut an "X" in the bottom of each stalk of broccoli it will cook more evenly? (The broccoli florets tend to cook quicker than the stalks; therefore, cutting an "x" in each stalk helps them cook quicker.)
- © Did you know that if a broccoli head was not picked when the flowers were still compact, that the flower buds would open as bright yellow flowers?
- © Did you know that over 30,000 broccoli plants can be grown on one acre of land?

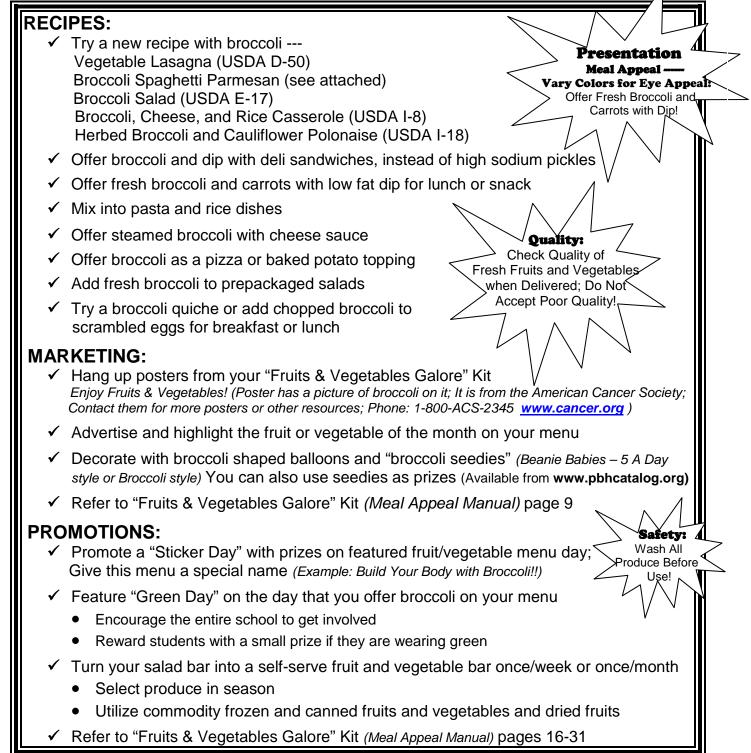
Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Broccoli; Choose ideas at your own discretion





Broccoli Spaghetti Parmesan

Serving Size: 5 1/2 ounces (Quantity)Yield: 50 servings

Ingredients:

3 lbs. + 11 oz. Spaghetti
1/8 tsp. Garlic salt
7 lbs. + 6 oz. Broccoli florets, coarsely chopped
2 tsp. Olive oil
2 Tbsp. + 2 tsp. Margarine
1 clove Garlic cloves, crushed

Instructions:

- 1- Bring water and garlic salt to boil in a pot and cook spaghetti according to the directions on the spaghetti package.
- 2- Five minutes before spaghetti is done cooking, add the chopped broccoli.

3- Place drained spaghetti and broccoli in a large bowl and toss with olive oil, butter and garlic. May be served hot or cold.

Nutrients Per Serving: calories 156, protein 6.4 g, carbohydrates 29.6 g, fat 1.6 g, saturated fat 0.3 g, cholesterol 0.0 mg, vit A 205.5 RE, vit C 62.0 mg, iron 1.8 mg, calcium 38.7 mg, sodium 31.9 mg, fiber 2.80 g

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



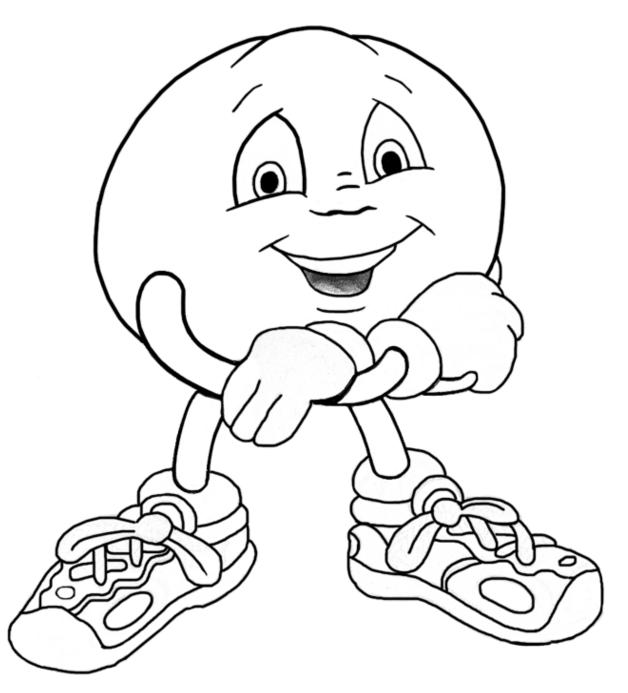
Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Clementines & Broccoli ... Items in bold are enclosed.

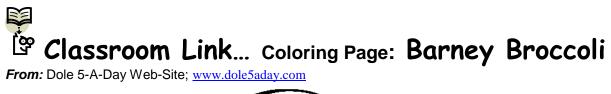
✓	Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
✓	Have students color "Carl Clementine" Coloring Page
✓	Have students color "Barney Broccoli" Coloring Page
✓	Have students become detectives and solve the "Mystery Clementine Words"
✓	Have students check out a clementine web site; Try this one: www.darlingclem.com
~	Discuss how broccoli looks like a tree and is delicious raw or cooked!
~	 Mathematics A Tasteful Lesson in Percentages Materials: One clementine for each student and one paper circle (about 20 inches in diameter, made out of sturdy orange paper) Have each student peel and eat a clementine Ask the following questions: *How many students thought the best thing about it was that the Clementine was juicy? *That it was easy to peel? *That it was sweet? *That it left no mess? Add up the numbers for each group, then divide each number by the total number of students in the class to arrive at approximate percentages Represent the final percentages on the large paper clementine
~	Celebrate a special holiday and learn about the customs and foods that are part of the festivities; There's a whole world to choose from! Use the handout " Celebrate! "
	Home Link Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home Items in bold are included in the packet but must be duplicated unless otherwise indicated.
 ✓ 	Send home the handout "Family Taste Celebration". Encourage families to do these activities as a family project! This is perfect to do in December, a big holiday month!
ľ,	Kids' Kitchen Recipes
I I V	Recipes for Home (Remind parents/guardians to prepare recipes as a family project)

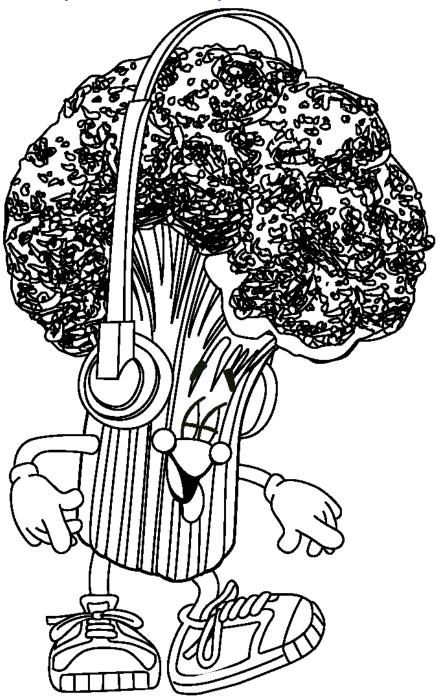


Coloring Page: Carl Clementine From: <u>www.darlingclem.com</u>

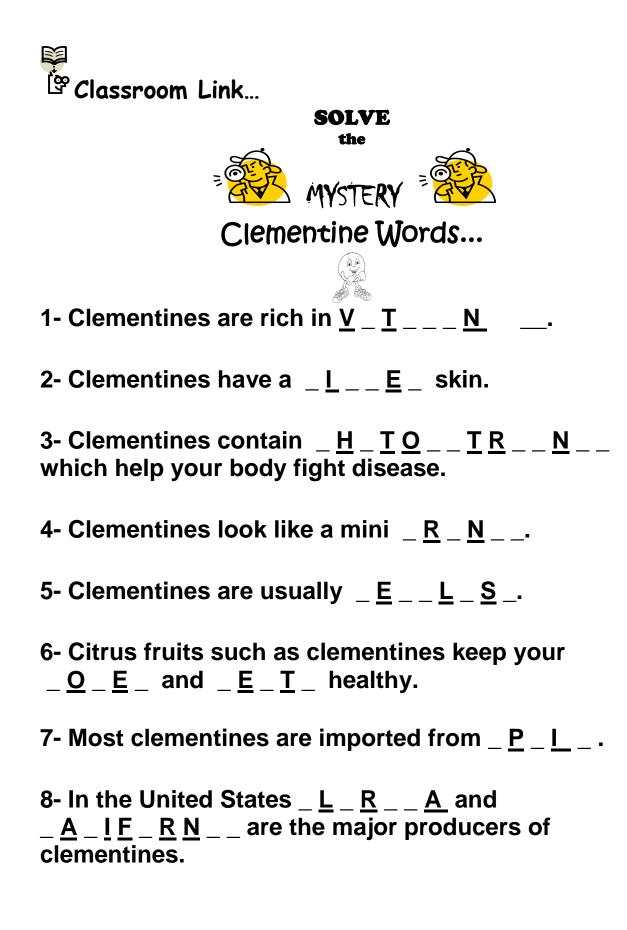
CARL CLEMENTINE



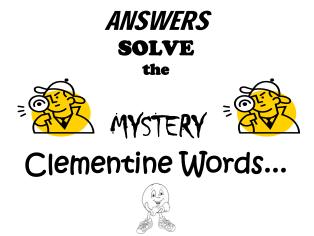




Barney Broccoli ©







- 1- Clementines are rich in V I T A M I N C.
- 2- Clementines have a \underline{ZIPPER} skin.

3- Clementines contain $\underline{P} \underline{H} \underline{Y} \underline{T} \underline{O} \underline{N} \underline{U} \underline{T} \underline{R} \underline{I} \underline{E} \underline{N} \underline{T} \underline{S}$ which help your body fight disease.

- 4- Clementines look like a mini <u>O R A N G E</u>.
- 5- Clementines are usually $\underline{S} \underline{E} \underline{E} \underline{D} \underline{L} \underline{E} \underline{S} \underline{S}$.
- 6- Citrus fruits such as clementines keep your $\underline{B} \ \underline{O} \ \underline{N} \ \underline{E} \ \underline{S}$ and $\underline{T} \ \underline{E} \ \underline{E} \ \underline{T} \ \underline{H}$ healthy.
- 7- Most clementines are imported from \underline{SPAIN} .

8- In the United States $\underline{F} \underline{L} \underline{O} \underline{R} \underline{I} \underline{D} \underline{A}$ and $\underline{C} \underline{A} \underline{L} \underline{I} \underline{F} \underline{O} \underline{R} \underline{N} \underline{I} \underline{A}$ are the major producers of clementines.



Celebrate

Let's celebrate a special holiday and learn about the customs and foods that are part of the festivities! There's a whole world to choose from!



Materials Needed:

Supplied by You Poster board

- Fruit
- Cassette tape/cassette player (optional)
- · Large bowl, paring knife, large spoon
- · Paper plates, plastic forks, napkins



InfoNote:

Other examples of cultural celebrations you may want to study are: Cinco de Mayo, July 4th, Thanksgiving, or Chinese New Year.

OBJECTIVES:

- To try new foods.
- To learn about cultural celebrations, such as Kwanzaa, an African-American celebration.
- To use our senses to appreciate and enjoy foods from other cultures.

KEY CONCEPT:

 There are many cultural celebrations enjoyed around the world - each may have its own "special" foods.

PREPARATION NEEDED:

- Advance planning: Ask each youth to bring in a fruit.
- Collect posters, books, or articles about Kwanzaa and become familiar with its origin and purpose.
- Obtain a cassette tape of music to illustrate the holiday (optional).
- In large letters, write the seven principles of Kwanzaa on newsprint or poster board.



BACKGROUND:

Each of us celebrates holidays and festive occasions that hold special meaning. Kwanzaa is a fairly new celebration created in 1966 by Dr. Maulana Karenga. Dr. Karenga, a college professor, wanted to start a holiday to help African-Americans learn about their African beginnings. He went to Africa and learned that many tribes celebrate when the first crops of the year are harvested. Dr. Karenga used many African traditions and harvest festivals to design the celebration, Kwanzaa. Observed from December 26 through January 1 each year, Kwanzaa is a time of celebration and self-reflection. It is not intended to be a religious event, but it does focus on seven principles of living. (20).



Each day of the seven-day festival there is a special idea or principle to think about.

The following is a paraphrase of the seven principles laid out by Dr. Maulana Karenga:

- Day 1: Umoja (oo-moe-ja) Unity—To be together as a family, community, and nation.
- Day 2: Kujichagulia (coo-gee-cha-goo-lee-ah) Self-determination—To decide our own future.
- Day 3: Ujima (oo-GEE-mah) Collective work and responsibility —To work together and be responsible for each other.
- Day 4: Ujamaa (oo-JAH-mah) Cooperative Economics—To operate our own stores, shops, and other businesses in the community.
- Day 5: Nia (nee-ah) Purpose To do what we can to make our community great.
- Day 6: **Kuumba** (coo-OOM-bah) Creativity—To do as much as we can to create beautiful and strong communities—to improve our communities.
- Day 7: Imani (ee-MAH-nee) Faith To believe in ourselves and our community.

KWANZAA ACTIVITY

Setup and introduction

- 1. Display the list of the seven principles.
- 2. Play music softly in the background (optional).
- 3. Explain Kwanzaa and discuss the seven principles.

Activity

4. To illustrate the first principle of Umoja (Unity)—have the group prepare a "group" fruit salad and enjoy it together. Have the youth wash their hands. Have the youth wash the fruit, peel (if necessary), cut into bite sized pieces, and serve.

5. Suggested discussion questions:

What is the meaning of the first principle? Is this principle one that is part of your culture or a holiday that you celebrate?

CLOSURE:

Have the youth describe family celebrations of their own. Suggested discussion questions: *How does this celebration differ from Kwanzaa? How is it the same?*

Home Link... From: "Team Nutrition Community Action Kit"

Family Taste Celebration



Many families use special foods for family gatherings and celebrations big and small. Take a few minutes to think about the special foods you prepare.



FAMILY ACTIVITY 1:

Purchase the ingredients for one special family recipe. Have your child learn how to make the recipe by observing and helping an adult who knows how to prepare the item.

FAMILY ACTIVITY 2:

Read with your children such food-related books as the following: *Tony's Bread* or *Watch Out for Chicken Feet in Your Soup*, both by Tomie dePaola, or have your child create a story about a special family recipe.



Encourage your child to explore his/her food heritage. Often, foods that were prepared as every day foods many years ago have become today's celebration foods. For example, great grandmom's crumb cake which she made every week...you may make once a year as part of a holiday breakfast. Or the homemade ravioli that was made weekly, has been replaced by the store-bought variety. Suggest that your child talk to older family members about the foods they or their grandparents ate when they were younger. Here are a few questions to get them started:

- What countries did our relatives come from?
- What recipes or foods did you eat when you were younger, that can be traced back to these countries?
- Do you have any recipes that have been handed down from generation to generation?

Discuss with your child what was discovered about his/her family food heritage. Discuss the family recipes and make a shopping list for one of these recipes. Have your child track down the ingredients when you go to the grocery store. Together with your child, prepare the recipe and enjoy a celebration of family history.

Team Nutrition Community Nutrition Action Kit





Clementines

How to Peel and Slice:

- 1- Rinse clementine under cold running water
- 2- Insert your finger into the opening on top of the clementine
- 3- Pull back the peel
- 4- Separate the segments
- 5- Pull off the membrane from each segment, if desired

Fun Ways to Eat:

- $rac{W}{}$ Peel and eat for a fast snack
- $^{\textcircled{W}}$ Add to fruit salads
- 🖑 Garnish on top of fresh tossed salads
- $rac{W}{}$ Try for breakfast with a yogurt dip

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipes are attached and include clementines as an ingredient:

Musical Fruit Melodies
 Clementine Delight

Home Link...







Makes 8 servings

Reprinted From: Dole's "5 A Day Kids Cookbook"

You will need:

- The second secon
- P Mixing Spoon P Knife
- Ingredients:
- ✓ 2 cups chunked fresh pineapple
- ✓ 1 firm, large banana, peeled and sliced
- ✓ 1 cup seedless grapes
- ✓ 2 clementines, peeled and sliced

Dipping Sauce:

- 1 carton (8 ounces) lowfat vanilla yogurt
- 1 cup chopped strawberries

Method:

Arrange all fruit on platter. Combine yogurt with strawberries in small bowl. Put bowl in center of platter.

Nutritional Info: (per serving) 215 calories; 3g protein; 1g fat; 23mg sodium; 2mg cholesterol

Clementine Delight

erves 4

From: "Produce For Better Health Foundation"

Ingredients:

- 4 Clementines, peeled and sectioned
- 1¹/₂ tablespoons Orange Juice
- 2 cups Raspberries or your favorite Berries
- 1 teaspoon Honey
- 4 tablespoons sliced Almonds

Directions:

Peel clementines and divide into sections. In a blender, puree orange juice, raspberries, and honey. Pour blended fruit mixture over clementines. Divide into 4 dessert dishes; top each with 1 tablespoon almonds and serve.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 119, Fat 4g, Cholesterol 0mg, Sodium 1mg, Protein 1g, Fiber 2g

- ✓ 1 red apple, cored and sliced
- ✓ 1 cup pitted prunes
- ✓ 1 cup pitted dates





Broccoli

How to Create Broccoli Florets:

- 1- Rinse broccoli under cold running water; Pat dry with paper towel
- 2- Pull the leaves off the stems
- 3- Break the florets off the stem
- 4- Peel the tough outside skin from the stem

5- Eat the stem too! Secure the stem on a cutting board and cut into slices

Fun Ways to Eat:

- $mathscale{W}$ Munch on raw with dip
- 🆑 Add cooked broccoli to rice and pastas
- Puree and create a creamy broccoli soup (add cooked, pureed potatoes as a healthy thickener)
- 🖑 Add to pizza as a vegetable topping
- lash W Toss with garden salads
- lash W Add to a stir fry
- Spoon cooked broccoli and other vegetables in a soft tortilla; Fold over for a vegetable wrap or burrito!
- $rac{W}{}$ Add to vegetable lasagna
- $rac{W}{}$ Mix into quiches or omelets

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipes are attached and include broccoli as an ingredient:

🖑 Trees in a Broccoli Forest











Your child/children will be offered

Clementines

in December on their School Menu! Try a new **Clementine** recipe at home!

<u>Sirloin Citrus Salad</u>

Source: Produce for Better Health/National Livestock & Meat Board

Salad Ingredients:

Serves 4

- 1 lb boneless, beef top sirloin steak, cut 1" thick, well-trimmed
- 1 tsp olive oil
- 4 cup romaine lettuce, torn
- 4 clementines separated into segments

Citrus Vinaigrette Ingredients:

- 2 Tbsp orange juice (for vinaigrette)
- 2 Tbsp red wine vinegar (for vinaigrette)
- 2 tsp olive oil (for vinaigrette)
- 2 tsp honey (for vinaigrette)
- 1¼ tsp Dijon-style mustard (for vinaigrette)

Directions:

-Prepare salad dressing by thoroughly combining "Citrus Vinaigrette Ingredients"; reserve.

- Cut beef steak into 1/8-inch thick strips; cut each strip in half. Heat oil in a large nonstick skillet over medium-high heat. Stir-fry beef ($\frac{1}{2}$ at a time) 1 to 2 minutes. Remove with slotted spoon; season with salt, if desired.

- Toss lettuce, beef and clementines in large bowl.
- Drizzle with Citrus Vinaigrette Dressing.
- Garnish with strawberries, if desired.
- Serve immediately.

Nutritional analysis per serving: Calories 243, Fat 8g, Calories from Fat 30%, Cholesterol 75mg, Fiber 2g, Sodium 77mg.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Clementinas

en Diciembre en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Clementina** en casa!

Ensalada cítrica con carne

4 porciones Fuente: Produce for Better Health/National Livestock & Meat Board

Los Ingredientes de la ensalada:

- 1 lb filete de solomillo, deshuesado, corte 1" de grueso, bien recortado
- 1 cucharita de aceitede de oliva
- 4 taza de lechuga romana en pedazos
- 4 clementinas separadas en segmentos

Ingredientes de la Vinagreta cítrica:

- 2 cucharadas de jugo de naranja (para la vinagreta)
- 2 cucharadas de vinagre de vino rojo (para la vinagreta)
- 2 cucharitas de aceite de oliva (para la vinagreta)
- 2 cucharitas de miel (para la vinagreta)
- 1¼ cucharita de mostaza estilo Dijon (para la vinagreta)

Instrucciones:

-Preparar la ensalada combinando los "Ingredientes de Vinagreta Cítrica" completamente. Reservla..

- Corte la carne en tiras de 1/8 pulgada de grueso; corte cada tira por la mitad. Caliente el aceite en una sartén antiadherente grande sobre el calor medio-alto. Revuelva y cocine la carne rapido (½ a la vez) por 1 a 2 minutos. Remueva la carne con cuchara de huecos ; sazone con sal, s loi desea..

- Ponga la lechuga, la carne, y clementinas en un tazón grande.
- Riegue con el Aliño de Vinagreta Cítrica.
- Sirve inmediatamente

*Analisis Nutrisional por porcion:*Calorias 243, Grasa 8gm.Calorias de grasa 30% Colesterol 75 gm, Fibra 2gm, Sodio 77gm







Your child/children will be offered

Broccoli

in December on their School Menu! Try a new **Broccoli** recipe at home!

Broccoli & Chicken Stir-Fry

Source: Team Nutrition/ "Food, Family & Fun" Makes 8 servings Prep: 25-30 minutes Variation: Use cubes of beef, turkey or tofu for another stir-fry!

Ingredients:

- 2 Tbsp cornstarch
- ¹/₄ cup low-sodium soy sauce
- 1/8 tsp ground ginger
- 2 tsp granulated garlic
- 1/2 tsp white pepper
- 1 Tbsp sesame oil *(optional)*
- 1³/₄ cups chicken broth

- ¹/₂ cup water

Home Recipes

- 1 Tbsp vegetable oil
- 1 lb skinless, boneless chicken breasts, diced
- 1 Tbsp vegetable oil
- 1¹/₂ cups fresh carrots, peeled, diced
- 1/3 cup onions, diced
- 21/2 cups fresh broccoli florets

Directions - Sauce:

- 1- Dissolve cornstarch in soy sauce.
- 2- Add ginger, garlic, pepper and sesame oil *(optional)* to cornstarch mixture and whisk to blend.
- 3- In saucepan, bring chicken broth and water to a boil.
- 4- Slowly add cornstarch mixture, whisking continuously until combined.
- 5- Return sauce to a boil. Reduce heat to simmer and continue cooking until sauce is smooth and thick, about 3 to 5 minutes. Remove from heat.

Directions - Chicken & Vegetables:

- 6- In a medium skillet, heat 1 Tbsp of oil over medium-high heat. Add chicken and sauté over medium heat for 5 to 10 minutes until no signs of pink remain. Remove chicken from heat, cover and set aside.
- 7- In the same skillet, heat 1 Tbsp of oil over medium-high heat. If using fresh vegetables, sauté carrots over medium heat for 4 minutes. Add onions and cook for 1 minute. Add broccoli and cook for 2 more minutes. If using frozen vegetables, add vegetables to oil and cook over medium heat until tender, about 3 minutes.
- 8- Add cooked chicken and reserved sauce to vegetables and toss to thoroughly coat.

reperentitier reaction to		g. ,			
Calories	149	Saturated Fat	1.1 g	Iron	1.0 mg
Protein	16 g	Cholesterol	33 mg	Calcium	30 mg
Carbohydrate	7 g	Vitamin A	665 RE	Sodium	323 mg
Total Fat	6.3 g	Vitamin C	22 mg	Dietary Fiber	2 g

Approximate Nutrients Per Serving: 3/4 cup



Recetas Caseras



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Brócoli

En el Menú de la Escuela!

¡Trate una nueva receta de **brócoli** en casa!

Brócoli con Pollo Frito Revuelto

La receta De: El Nutrición/Alimento del equipo, la Familia y la Diversión

Hacen: 8 porciones La preparación: 25-30 minutos

Para variar: ¡Utilice cubos de carne de res, pavo o el tofú envez de pollo

Los ingredientes:

- 2 Cucharadas de maicena
- ¼ de taza de salsa soja(soya) de bajo sodio
- 1/8 de cucharita de jengibre molido
- 2 cucharitas de ajo molido
- 1/2 cucharita de pimienta blanca
- 1 cucharada de aceite de sésamo (opcional)
- 1³⁄₄ de taza de caldo de pollo
- 1/2 taza de agua

- 1 cucharada de aceite vegetal
- 1 lb de pechuga de pollo sin piel y deshuesado, cortado en cubitos
- 1 cucharada de aceite vegetal
- 1½ taza de zanahorias frescas, peladas y,
- cortado en cubitos
- 1/3 de taza de cebollas, cortado en cubitos
- 21/2 taza de floretes de brócoli

Instrucciónes - la Salsa:

- 1- Disuelve la maicena en la salsa de soja.(soya)
- 2- Agrega el jengibre, el ajo, la pimienta, y el aceite de sésamo (opcional) a la mezcla de maicena yl revuelva continuamente para mezclar
- 3- En una cacerola, ponga el caldo de pollo y el agua hasta hervir.
- 4- Agrega lentamente la mezcla de maicena, revolviendo continuamente hasta que este combinado.
- 5- Vuelve la salsa hasta hervir. Reduzca el calor a fuego lento y siga cocinando hasta que la salsa sea suave y espesa, acerca de 3 a 5 minutos. Remueva del calor.

Instrucciónes- Pollo y Verduras:

- 6- En un sartén mediano, caliente 1 cucharada de aceite a calor medio-alto. Agregue pollo y sofrite al calor mediano por 5 a 10 minutos hasta que no queden señales rosadas. Quite pollo del calor, cubra ponga aparte.
- 7- En el mismo sartén, caliente 1 cucharada de aceite a calor medio-alto. Si utiliza verduras frescas, sofrite las zanahorias a calor mediano durante 4 minutos. Agregue cebollas y cocine durante 1 minuto. Agregue el brólcoli y cocine para 2 minutos más. Si utiliza verduras congeladas, agregan verdures al aceite y cocine a calor medio hasta que este suave, acerca de 3 minutos.

Calorias	149	Grasa Saturada	1.1 g	Hierro	1.0 mg
Proteína	16 g	Colesterol	33 mg	Calcio	30 mg
Carbohydratos	7 g	Vitamina A	665 RE	Sodio	323 mg
Grasa Total	6.3 g	Vitamina C	22 mg	Fibra Alimenticia	2 g

Aproxímese Alimentos Nutritivos Por Porción: 3/4 copas

JANUARY:

Fruit – Cranberries Veggie – Cauliflower



Where did they come from?

Around 1815 the first cranberries were cultivated in Massachusetts. The early colonists ate them raw and used them in sauces, breads and pemmican, a mixture of dried meat or fish and berries that was pounded into a pulp, shaped into a cake and dried in the sun. The cranberry plant was also used for medicinal purposes to fight off various illnesses and to treat arrow wounds. It also worked well as a dye for rugs and blankets. American whalers and mariners carried cranberries on their voyages to prevent scurvy, which occurs from a lack of vitamin C.

Where do they grow?

Cranberries are grown in only five states within the United States: Massachusetts, Wisconsin, New Jersey, Oregon and Washington. Burlington County is New Jersey's major cranberry producing area. New Jersey is the third largest cranberry producing state in the United States! Both fresh and dried cranberries are available all year round, but fresh cranberries are more plentiful September through December.

How do they grow?

Cranberries grow on vines in beds layered with sand, peat, gravel and clay, commonly referred to as bogs. Cranberries can only grow and survive under certain conditions. They require acidic soil, adequate water supply and plenty of sand. Contrary to popular belief, cranberries do not grow in water. Cranberry bogs are flooded in the winter to protect the vines from damage. During the growing season they require up to one inch of water per week. Pollination by bees is an important part of cranberry growing. When cranberries are ready to be picked the bogs are flooded with about one foot of water. A water reel is used to free the berries from the vines and pumps or conveyors remove them from the water.

The growing season of cranberries ranges from April to November. An undamaged cranberry plant vine can survive many, many years. Some vines in Cape Cod are over 150 years old! Dried cranberries are processed from whole fresh cranberries, which are sprayed with oil to prevent sticking. Sugar is added to eliminate the tartness of the cranberry.



<u>Cranberry</u> <u>Fact Sheet</u>

Are they healthy?

- $rac{W}{}$ Have high amounts of vitamin A and C
- igveety Do not contain any fat, cholesterol or sodium
- ♥ Contain plant nutrients, phytochemicals, that fight cancer
- ${}^{rak{W}}$ Help keep the heart pumping strong
- 🖑 Help fight bacteria
- Prevent ulcers

How do you pick fresh cranberries?

- 🖑 Bounce --- Ripe cranberries will bounce
- ${}^{\textcircled{W}}$ Look for ones that are shiny and plump
- $rac{W}{}$ Choose ones that range from bright red to dark red in color
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid those that are shriveled or brown spotted

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Cranberry</u> Did you know...

- Did you know that early settlers referred to the tiny red berry as a "craneberry" because the flower and its stem resembled the neck, head, and bill of a crane?
- © Did you know approximately 1.2 ounces of dried cranberries equals ¼ cup of fruit for the School Meal Program?
- Did you know there are four major varieties of cranberries: American, European, Mountain and Highbush?

(American is the most common and is a bright red color; European is primarily used for ornamental purposes and is smaller than the American; Mountain is a ¹/₄ to ¹/₂ inch in diameter, bright to dark red and is occasionally sold in markets; Highbush is mostly used for jellies, jams and sauces.)

- ^(C) Did you know that fresh cranberries are too tart to eat raw?
- © Did you know that more than one-third of cranberries grown in the U.S. are made into cranberry juice?
- ^(C) Did you know that dried cranberries are often called "Craisins"?
- © Did you know that dried cranberries may last up to 12 months if stored in a cool, dry place?
- Did you know that dried cranberries are a quick and easy snack, which may be eaten right out of the package?

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Cranberries

Choose ideas at your own discretion

RECIPES:

- Contact the Cranberry Marketing Committee for a Free recipe packet entitled, "BOLD – VERSATILE – HEALTHY"
 Phones: 206.270,4656
 - Phone: 206-270-4637 Fax: 206-270-4656 www.uscranberries.com
- ✓ Offer all forms of cranberries --- Fresh, Dried, Jellied and Whole Sauce, and Juice A

Presentation

 \blacksquare

Quality:

Store Dried

Cranberries in Low Humidity;

Safety:

Storage Method!

Meal Appeal -----Contrast Colors & Textures

Add Dried Cranberries to:

Offer as a Topping for Cold/ Hot Cereals.

- Try a new recipe with cranberries ---Pumpkin Cranberry Bars (see attached) Cranberry Sweet Potato Whip (see attached)
- ✓ Offer small bags as a healthy a la carte snack
- ✓ Create an interesting trail mix containing dried cranberries
- ✓ Add dried cranberries to chicken or turkey salads
- Not just with turkey --- Serve cranberry sauce with chicken nuggets or another entree
- ✓ Offer for breakfast as a cereal topper or try Cranberry Muffins
- ✓ Mix cranberry sauce with applesauce to create a colorful fruit mixture
- ✓ Add to oatmeal and chocolate chip cookies
- ✓ Substitute dried cranberries for raisins

MARKETING:

- ✓ Hang up "Cranberries --- Big Benefits in a Small, Red Package" poster (Available Free from the Cranberry Marketing Committee: <u>www.uscranberries.com</u>)
- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (*Example: Crazy for Cranberries!*)
- ✓ Feature "Red Day" on the day that you offer cranberries on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing red
- ✓ Offer dried cranberry snack bags at a special price once a week during January



PUMPKIN CRANBERRY BARS

Yield: 50 Servings

Ingredients:

- 2 lbs + 13 oz Yellow Cake Mix
- 1 qt + 1 cup Finely Chopped Pecans or Walnuts
- 1 1/4 cups Butter or Margarine, Softened
- 2 1/2 tsp Pumpkin Pie Spice
- 2 lbs + 8 oz Jellied Cranberry Sauce

Recipe From: SNA Database/ McCormick

- 2 1/2 Tbsp Orange Juice or Water
- 7 1/2 Large Eggs
- 2 lbs + 5 1/2 oz Pumpkin
- 2 lbs + 3 oz Sweetened Condensed Milk
- 2 1/2 Tbsp Vanilla Extract

Directions:

1- Preheat convection oven to 350° F. Combine cake mix, nuts, butter and 1/2 tsp. pumpkin pie spice until crumbly. Reserve 1/3 crumb mixture. Press remaining crumb mixture onto bottom of steamtable pan (12" x 20" x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ").

2- Place jellied cranberry sauce and orange juice in small saucepan. Cook, stirring frequently, over medium heat until smooth. Remove from heat; cool slightly.

3- In large bowl, beat eggs. Add pumpkin, condensed milk, vanilla extract, and remaining 2 tsp. pumpkin pie spice; mix well.

4- Spread cranberry sauce evenly over crust. Pour pumpkin mixture over cranberry. Sprinkle with reserved crumb topping. Bake 30-40 minutes or until crumb topping is golden brown. Serve warm or chilled. Cut 5"x10" (50 pieces)

HACCP Tips: Wash hands and clean all food preparation surfaces. Eggs, Dairy---Keep refrigerated until use at 40°F

CRANBERRY SWEET POTATO WHIP

Yield: 25 each 5 oz. servings

1 serving = 1/2 cup Fruit/Veg.

Ingredients:

¹/₂ #10 can Sweet Potatoes (Drained)
¹/₂ #10 can Cranberry Sauce (Drained)
2 tablespoons Cinnamon
2 tablespoons Brown Sugar
¹/₄ Bag (Approx. 10.8 oz. Bag) Whipped Topping (Prepared)

Directions: Beat sweet potatoes and cranberry sauce, add cinnamon and brown sugar. Whip until smooth. Fold in whipped topping. Use #8 scoop (rounded) for portioning. Optional: Add dollop of whipped topping on top of each portion.



Where did it come from?

Cauliflower is a cultivated descendant of the wild cabbage, which originated over 2,000 years ago in gardens of Asia Minor and the Mediterranean. Cauliflower, as its name implies, is a flower growing from a plant. During the16th century, cauliflower was grown throughout Western Europe including Turkey and Italy. Cauliflower became popular in France during the 16th century and was cultivated in Northern Europe and the British Isles. Cauliflower has been an important vegetable in the United States since 1920.

Where does it grow?

Almost all of the cauliflower grown in the United States comes from the Salinas Valley in California because of its ten-month growing season, moderate climate and rich soil. Other states where cauliflower is produced are Arizona, New York, Michigan, Oregon, Florida, Washington and Texas. Cauliflower is available all year long, but is most plentiful in the spring and fall.

How does it grow?

Cauliflower plants are generally started by seeds, which are planted in a greenhouse. After about 35 days the plants are then transplanted into the field and continue to grow for another 80 to 110 days. Harvesting a field of cauliflower is a long process and can take up to 3 weeks! Cauliflower plants require rich fertile soil with good moisture and cool temperatures for proper growth. As the cauliflower plant grows a flower bud forms in the center of the plant. This bud grows into a compact head of undeveloped white buds. The heavy leaves surround the head like a tent and protect the flower buds from sunlight. When the flowers or florets are broken apart they look like snow-covered trees.

Is it healthy?

- $rak{W}$ Contains high amounts of vitamin C
- $rac{W}{}$ Provides good source of fiber and folate
- $rac{W}{}$ Contains no fat or cholesterol; low in calories and sodium

How do you pick a good one?

- $rac{W}{}$ Choose those that are clean and firm with white, compact heads
- ♥ Select ones with green, crisp leaves
- W Avoid heads with brown spots, speckles, bruises, or loose open floret clusters

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

Cauliflower

Did you know...

- Did you know cauliflower is a cruciferous vegetable? (Cruciferous vegetables such as cabbage, broccoli, kohlrabi and brussel sprouts contain certain nutrients that contribute to the reduction of cancer.)
- © Did you know cauliflower's closest relative is broccoli?
- Did you know a lack of exposure to sunlight does not allow chlorophyll, the color-producing component of cauliflower, to develop and; therefore, the head remains white?
- © Did you know cauliflower is a compact head of undeveloped white flower buds?
- © Did you know that the compact head of the cauliflower is also called the "curd"?

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© Did you know ½ cup of cauliflower provides 100% of your daily recommended vitamin C?

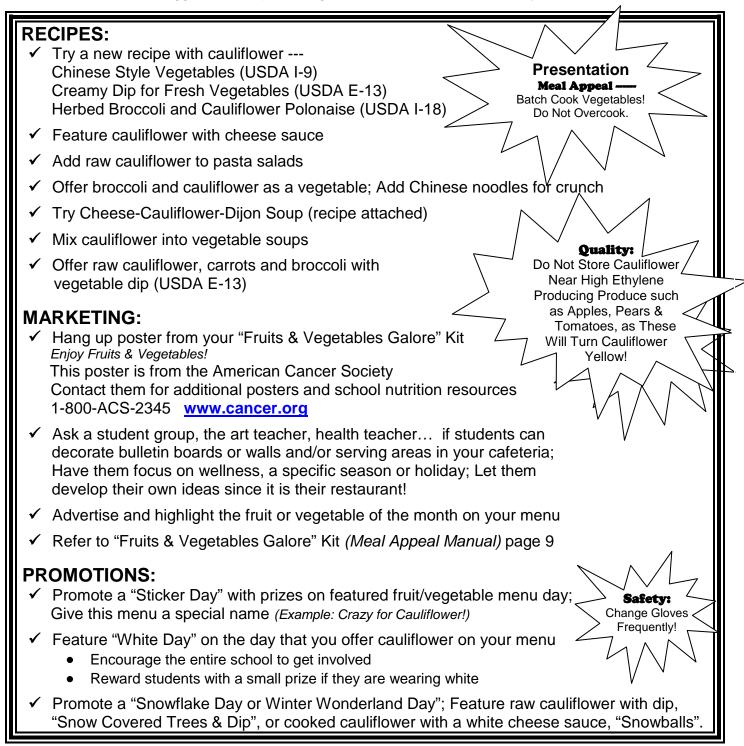
Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Cauliflower;* Choose ideas at your own discretion





CHEESE – CAULIFLOWER - DIJON SOUP

Yield: 2 ¹/₂ Gallons Recipe From: Lasco

Ingredients:

1 Gallon	Boiling Water
*4 Tbs.	Chicken Stock Base
*32 oz.	Dry Cheese Sauce Mix
1 Gallon	Milk
½ Cup	Dry Minced Onion
2 tsp	Oregano, Crushed
¾ tsp.	Pepper
1/2 Cup + 2Tbs.	Dijon Mustard
3 ea. 2 lb. Pkgs.	Frozen Cauliflower

Directions:

1- Add chicken stock to boiling water and mix thoroughly.

2-Whisk dry cheese mix into boiling water. Turn down heat, and continue whisking until smooth.

3- Stir in milk and mix thoroughly.

4- Add dry minced onion, oregano and pepper. Heat through, stirring occasionally.

5- Stir in Dijon mustard. Mix well.

6- Add frozen cauliflower. Cook about 20 minutes, until cauliflower is cooked and soup is fully heated and reaches temperature of 165° F for 15 seconds.

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Cranberries & Cauliflower ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

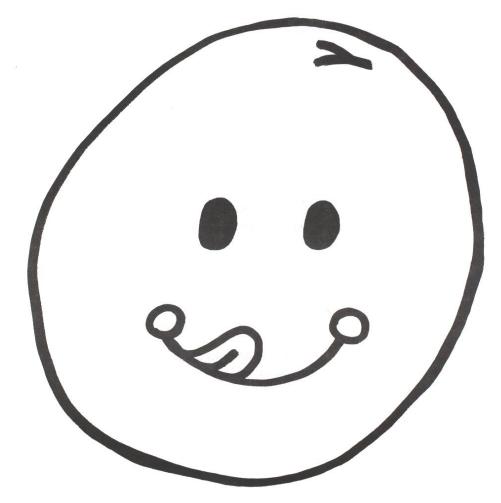
✓	Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
~	Have students color "CHRISTY the New Jersey Cranberry"
~	Have students color Courtney Cauliflower Coloring Page
~	Distribute "Sense-able Snack Scavenger Hunt" and have students complete; Discuss healthy snacks following completion
~	Have students find the hidden low fat snacks in the handout " Snacking is Fun & Nutritious"
~	Display different forms of cranberries: Fresh, Dried, Juice, Jellied and Whole Sauce
~	Show different forms of cauliflower: Broccoflower, Purple or Orange Cauliflower
~	String together dried fruits, popcorn and nuts; Hang on a tree outside and watch birds enjoy the tree treat
~	Make ornaments or decorations by stringing dried fruits
✓	Have students research how fruit is dried
	Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home

- Send home "Super Star Snacks" and encourage snack recipe ideas as family activities
- ✓ Kids' Kitchen Recipes
- ✓ **Recipes for Home** (*Remind parents/guardians to prepare recipes as a family project*)



CHRISTY

THE NEW JERSEY CRANBERRY







Courtney Cauliflower ©



From: "Community Nutrition Action Kit"/Team Nutrition (modified)

Sense-able **Snack Scavenger Hunt**

You are a detective on special assignment. Your mission is to find as many snacks, as you can, that fit in the boxes below.

Draw or write the name of the snack foods in the boxes. Some snack foods may fit into more than one box. For example, celery is green and is also crunchy, so it could go in two different boxes. Put a check mark () by the foods you have eaten as a snack before. Your next assignment is to put a circle (O) around the snack foods that you think are healthy. Discuss healthy snacks with your class.

Crunchy Foods	Brown Foods
Cold Foods	Good Smelling Foods
Soft Foods	Green Foods
Salty Foods	Sweet Foods

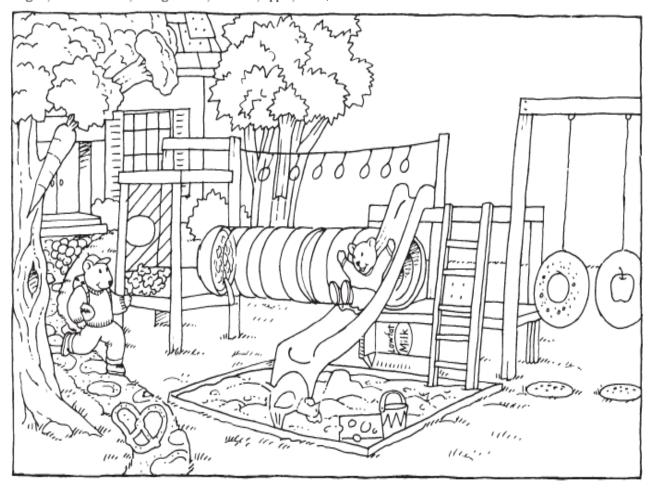


From: "Team Up at Home"/Team Nutrition Activity Booklet

Snacking Is Fun and Nutritious

rind the low-fat snacks hidden in this picture. Find: graham cracker, lowfat cheese, lowfat milk, pretzels, bagels, lowfat cracker, string cheese, chicken, apple,

banana, grapes, orange, carrot, celery, broccoli, cereal, lowfat cookies, unbuttered popcorn.





**** Super Star Snacks ****

From: "Sense-ational Food" Poster/Parent Reproducible & "Team Up at Home" Team Nutrition (modified)

Snacks are an important part of children's diets today. When you select snack foods, you need to keep an eye on your main goal --- a balanced diet. Here are some ideas for healthy super star snacks that you can create with your child.

Snack Mix --- Trail Mix --- Trail Munchies

Are you always on the go? If so, then this mix is an ideal snack for you. **12 servings**; ¼ **cup each**

Ingredients:

- ✓ Pretzels, unsalted 1 cup
- ✓ Roasted peanuts, unsalted 1 cup
- ✓ Dried Cranberries 1 cup
- ✓ Sunflower seeds, unsalted 1/2 cup
- Per serving: Calories 150 Total fat 9 grams

Directions:

1-Break pretzels into bite-size pieces2-Mix ingredients together3-Store in airtight container

NOTE: Try creating your own mix by using dried apricots, peaches, pineapples, mangoes, raisins, yogurt covered raisins, granola, whole grain cereal, almonds, walnuts, cashews or pumpkin seeds...



Serve salsa with assorted cut up raw vegetables. It's a great fat-free or low fat vegetable dip that provides vitamin C and vitamin A too!



Yield: 45 Cubes

Per Cube: Calories- 10; Total Fat- Trace Cool & Refreshing! A great replacement for sugary drinks that supply almost no vitamins or minerals.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ tablespoons (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ envelopes) unflavored gelatin $\frac{3}{4}$ cup water

6-ounce can frozen orange, grape, pineapple or apple juice concentrate

Directions:

- 1. Very lightly grease 9 by 5 inch loaf pan or plastic ice-cube trays
- 2. Soften gelatin in water in a saucepan for 5 minutes
- 3. Heat over low heat, stirring constantly, until gelatin dissolves. Remove from heat.
- 4. Add fruit juice concentrate; mix well. Pour into loaf pan or ice cube trays.
- 5. Cover and refrigerate. Chill until set.
- 6. Cut into 1-inch pieces if using loaf pan. Serve.

Other Snack Ideas ----

When your child wants something...

- Crispy: Cucumber Strips and Red/Green Pepper Sticks with Dip
- For Warmth: Soups, Cider, or Herbal Tea
- For Thirst: Fruit or Vegetable Juices. or Fruit and Yogurt Shakes
- Juicy: Fruits
 - Crunchy: Raw Cauliflower, Broccoli, Carrot Sticks with Dip,

Toast, Cereal Mixed with Nuts or Dried Fruits such as Cranberries and Pumpkin Seeds

Home Link...



Dried Cranberries

Fun Ways to Eat:

- boxtimes Sprinkle over cold or hot cereals
- lash W Add as topping for ice cream
- 🖑 Sir into vanilla or plain yogurt
- $rak{W}$ Mix with nuts, granola & chocolate or white chips --- "Trail Mix"
- Sprinkle on top of fresh tossed salads
- $rac{W}{}$ Mix into chopped chicken or turkey salads
- $rac{W}{}$ Add 1 cup to a small batch of cookies, or quick breads
- Sprinkle with cinnamon and sugar; Use as a stuffing for baked apples
- boxtimes Spread cranberry sauce on toast
- Add cranberry sauce to a turkey sandwich with filling ---"Thanksgiving to Go"
- $\overset{\text{\tiny (1)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny (2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny (2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny (2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny (2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny (2)}}{\overset{\text{\tiny (2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny (2)}}{\overset{\quad (2)}}{\overset{\quad (2)}}{\overset{\atop (2)}}{\overset{\quad (2)}}{\overset{\quad (2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\quad(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{(2)}}}{\overset{\atop(2)}}{\overset{(2)}}}{\overset{(2)}}{\overset{(2)}}{\overset{(2)}}{\overset{(2)}}}{$
- Pour hot cranberry sauce over ice cream
- ♥ Top chicken or pork with cranberry relish

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

All the following recipes are attached and include dried cranberries as an ingredient:

🖑 Breakfast Parfait

🖑 Cranberry Granola Bar





BREAKFAST PARFAIT

Makes 2 servings

From: Ocean Spray Cranberries

Ingredients:

1 banana, thinly sliced 1/4 cup craisins, sweetened dried cranberries 2 tablespoons low-fat French vanilla yogurt 2 tablespoons low-fat granola

Directions:

Divide the banana slices and sweetened dried cranberries between 2 small bowls; toss gently. Top each bowl with 1 tablespoon of yogurt and 1 tablespoon of granola.

CRANBERRY GRANOLA BARS

Yield: 24 Bars

From: Ocean Spray Cranberries

Ingredients:

1/2 cup honey

2 tablespoons + 2 teaspoons brown sugar

- 1 tablespoon + 1 teaspoon oil
- 1¹/₂ cups oats

1¹/₂ cups toasted rice cereal

1¹/₄ cups dried cranberries

Directions:

1- Combine honey, brown sugar and oil in a small saucepan. Heat over low heat until well mixed.

2- Mix oats, rice cereal and cranberries. Add honey mixture and stir till thoroughly combined.

3- Pat firmly into an 8" x 8" baking pan.

4- Bake in 350°F oven for 15 minutes; press mixture firmly, once more, into the bottom of the pan. Bake 5 more minutes.

5- Cool completely. Refrigerate, at least one hour, for easier cutting. Cut 4"x6" for 24 bars.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 79, Protein 0g, Fat 1g, Saturated Fat .1g, Calories From Fat 9, Carbohydrates 16g, Cholesterol 0mg, Fiber 0g, Sodium 11mg, Vitamin A 19RE, Vitamin C 0mg, Calcium 4mg, Iron .3mg





Cauliflower

How to Create Cauliflower Florets:

1- Rinse cauliflower under cold running water; Pat dry with paper towel

- 2- Pull the leaves off the stems
- 3- Break the florets off the stem
- 4- Peel the tough outside skin from the stem

Fun Ways to Eat:

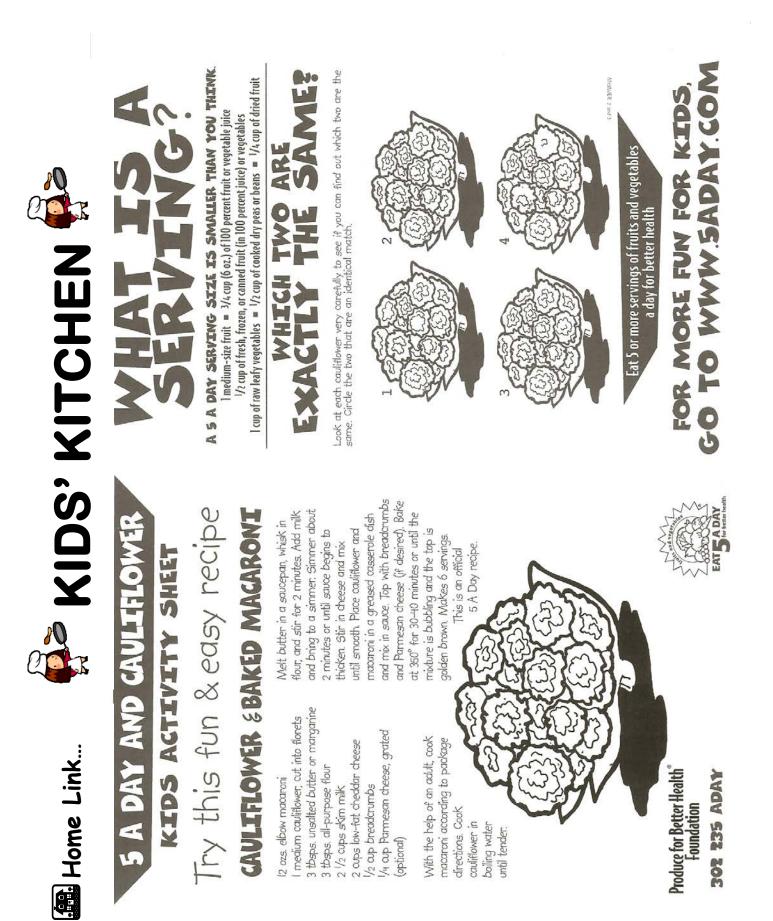
- lash W Munch on raw with dip
- Add to soups
- $rac{W}{}$ Mix cooked cauliflower with rice and pastas
- Puree and create a creamy cauliflower soup (Add cooked, pureed potatoes as a healthy thickener)
- $rac{W}{}$ Add to pizza as a vegetable topping
- 🖑 Toss into garden salads
- Add to a stir fry
- Spoon cooked or raw cauliflower and other vegetables onto a soft tortilla; Fold over for a vegetable wrap or burrito!
- 🖑 Add to vegetable lasagna
- lash W Toss into quiches or omelets

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipe is attached and includes cauliflower as an ingredient:

🖑 Cauliflower & Baked Macaroni



Home Link... Home Recipes



Your child/children will be offered

Cranberries

in January on their School Menu! Try a new **Cranberry** recipe at home!

CRANBERRY OATMEAL COOKIES

From: Jersey Fresh Cooks' Cookbook Submitted by: Dorothy DeAntonio, Sewell, NJ

Ingredients:

1½ cups flour
1 teaspoon baking powder
¼ teaspoon baking soda
½ cup butter
¼ cup shortening
chopped
2 Jersey Fresh eggs
1 teaspoon vanilla

1 cup packed brown sugar
 ½ cup granulated sugar
 2 cups rolled oats
 1½ cups Jersey Fresh cranberries, dried
 1 cup hazelnuts or walnuts, coarsely

Directions:

Preheat oven to 375°F degrees. In a medium-mixing bowl, combine flour, baking powder and baking soda. Set aside. In a large bowl, beat butter and shortening with an electric mixer on medium to high speed for 30 seconds. Add eggs and vanilla. Add brown sugar and granulated sugar; beat well. Stir in remaining flour mixture. Stir in rolled oats, dried cranberries, and chopped nuts. Do not over beat. Drop dough by rounded teaspoons, 2 inches apart on an ungreased cookie sheet. Bake 9 - 11 minutes until edges are golden. Store in airtight container. Makes 4 dozen

SWEET POTATO CRANBERRY CASSEROLE

Serves 8 each 1/2 cup servings

Recipe from: Kennedy "Health View"

Ingredients:

5 medium sweet potatoes, cooked, cooled & peeled

1 large orange, rind grated

1/3 cup orange juice

¼ cup brown sugar, light
1½ tablespoons cornstarch
1 cup fresh cranberries, washed

Directions:

Spray a 10 x 6 x 2-inch shallow baking dish with non-fat cooking spray. Cut cooled sweet potatoes into thick slices and arrange on bottom of dish. Set aside. In a bowl, combine orange rind with orange juice, sugar, and cornstarch. Set aside. In food processor or blender, process cranberries until smooth. Add juice mixture. Blend together briefly, and then pour over sweet potatoes. Place in 375-degree oven and bake until the potatoes have a shiny glaze, about 30 minutes. Serve piping hot.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 117, Carbohydrate 25g, Fat 0g, Fiber 2g, Protein 1g







¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Arándanos

en Enero en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de Arándano en casa!

GALLETAS DE HARINA DE AVENA CON ARÁNDANO

De: Jersev Fresh Cooks' Cookbook Presentado por: Dorothy DeAntonio, Sewell, NJ Hace 4 docenas

Ingredientes:

1 ½ taza de harina 1/4 de cuchcarilla de bicarbonato de soda ³/₄de taza de mantequilla 1/2 de taza de azúcar granulada 1 cucharilla de vainilla 1 ¹/₂ de taza de arándanos Jersey Fresh, secos

Instrucciónes:

Precaliente el horno a 375 grados. En un tazón de mezclar medio, combine la harina, la levadura en polvo y el bicarbonato de soda. Ponga aparte. En un tazón grande, bata la mantequilla con un mezclador eléctrico en media alta velocidad durante 30 segundos. Añada huevos y vainilla. Añada el azúcar morena y el azúcar granulada; bata bien. Agrege la mezcla de harina que queda. Agregre la avena, arándanos secos, y las nueces. No la bata demasiado. Ponga la masa por cucharillas redondeadas, 2 pulgadas aparte en una hoja de galleta no engrasada. Hornee 9 - 11 minutos hasta que los bordes esten dorados. Guarde en contenedor hermético.

CAZUELA DE BATATA DULCE Y ARÁNDANOS Receta de: Kennedy "Vista de Salud"

Sirve 8 cada porciones de taza 1/2

Ingredientes:

5 batatas dulce medianas, cocinadas, frias y peladas 1/3 taza de jugo de naranja 1 ¹/₂ cucharada de maizena

Cascara de 1 naranja grande rallada 1/4 de taza de azúcar morena 1 taza arándanos frescos, lavados

1 taza de avellanas o nueces,

1 cucharilla de levadura en polvo

gruesamente cortadas

1 taza de azúcar morena

2 huevos Jersey Fresh

2 tazas de avena

Instrucciónes:

Rocíe un molde de 10 x 6 pulgadas y 2 de profundidad con el spray de cocinar sin grasa. En el fondo del molde, arregle rebanadas gruesas de batatas. Ponga aparte. En un tazón, combine la corteza de naranja con jugo de naranja, azúcar, y maizena. Ponga aparte. En un mezclador, triture los arándanos hasta que esten suaves. Añada la mezcla de jugo. Mezcla brevemente, y luego vierta sobre las batatas. Ponga en el horno de 375 grados y hornea hasta que las batatas tengan una testura brillante, aproximadamente 30 minutos. Sirva la cazuela bien caliente.

Información de nutrición por porción: Calorías 117, Carbohydrato 25g, Grasa 0g, Fibra 2g, Proteína 1g

Home Link...



Your child/children will be offered

Cauliflower

in January on their School Menu! Try a new **Cauliflower** recipe at home!

CREOLE CAULIFLOWER

Yield: 8 servings

Source: Cooking Light Cookbook 1989

Ingredients:

-Vegetable Cooking Spray

- -1 teaspoon Vegetable Oil
- -1/2 medium Onion, chopped
- -1 small Green Pepper, seeded and chopped
- -1 clove Garlic, minced
- -1 small head Cauliflower, broken into flowerers
- -1 (16-ounce) can Stewed Tomatoes, undrained and chopped
- -1 Bay Leaf
- -1/2 teaspoon Dried Whole Thyme
- -1/4 teaspoon Hot Sauce

Directions:

-Coat a large nonstick skillet with cooking spray; add oil.

- -Place over medium-high heat until hot.
- -Add onion, green pepper, and garlic, and sauté until tender.
- -Add cauliflower and remaining ingredients; simmer 10 to 15 minutes or until cauliflower is crisp-tender.

-Remove and discard bay leaf before serving.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 51, Fat 1g, Cholesterol 0mg, Sodium 156mg, Protein 2.2g, Carbohydrates 9.6g, Calcium 45mg, Iron 1.1mg



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Coliflor

en Enero en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Coliflor** en casa!

COLIFLOR CRIOLLA

Fuente: Cooking Light Cookbook 1989 **Producción: 8 porciones**

Ingredientes:

- spray de cocina de vegetal
- -1 cucharilla de aceite vegetal
- ½ cebolla mediana, picada
- -1 pimiento verde pequeño, sin semillas y picado
- -1 clovo de ajo, picado
- -1 cabeza de coliflor pequeña, partida en flores
- -1 lata (16 onzas) de tomates guisados, no drenados y picados
- -1 hoja de laurel
- 1/2 cucharilla de tomillo entero seco
- ¼ cucharilla de salsa picante

Instrucciónes:

- Cubrir un sarten antiadherente grande con spray de cocina; añada el aceite.
- Ponga al calor medio alto hasta caliente.
- Añadir la cebolla, el pimiento verde, y el ajo, y sofria hasta que este suave.
- Añadir coliflor e ingredientes restantes; cocine a fuego lento 10 a 15 minutos o hasta que la coliflor sea crujiente y suave.
- Quitar y desechar la hoja de laurel antes de servir.

Información de nutrición por porción: Calorías 51, Grasa 1g, Colesterol 0mg, Sodio 156 mg., Proteína 2.2g, Carbohydratos 9.6g, Calcio 45 mg., Hierro 1.1 mg.

FEBRUARY: Fruit – Grapefruit Veggie – Sweet Potatoes







Fact Sheet

Where did they come from?

The grapefruit was developed in the West Indies during the early 1700's. It was introduced to Florida in 1823 when the Spanish brought over the grapefruit tree to be used in flower gardens. These trees were grown only for their beauty. Very few people ate grapefruit in olden times. They didn't like the slightly bitter taste. The fruit would ripen and fall to the ground and rot. During the 1800's Florida started to produce grapefruits and between 1880 and 1885 the first shipment of grapefruits were delivered to New York and Philadelphia. Since the 20th century different varieties of white grapefruit have been developed with a pink to reddish color on their flesh. These are now more commonly referred to as the Ruby Red grapefruit.

Where do they grow?

Grapefruits are grown throughout the world including United States, Israel, Spain, Greece, Brazil and Cuba. However, the United States is the world's number one producer of grapefruits. Florida produces about 75 percent of the total grapefruit crop grown throughout the United States. Other states that grow grapefruit include Texas, California and Arizona. Grapefruits are available all year long. The best grapefruits are from Florida and Texas and are available from November through June. In late July, California and Arizona grapefruit arrive in markets and continue through October.

How do they grow?

Grapefruits grow on trees in clusters, just like grapes. Grapefruit trees are large with glossy dark green leaves. The grapefruit hangs in clusters on the tree. Grapefruit trees grow best, and produce the best quality fruit, in climates with hot days and warm to hot nights. These trees are beautiful and are a member of the citrus family. This fruit grows well in both tropical and subtropical climates throughout the world.

Are they healthy?

- Contains excellent source of vitamin C (½ grapefruit provides 80% of an adult's recommended daily vitamin C)
- Provides pectin, a soluble fiber which may lower cholesterol
- Contains good source of vitamin B6, potassium, thiamin and niacin

How do you pick a good one?

- Choose those which are glossy, round, smooth
- ♥ Select ones heavy for their size
- ✤ Avoid those with brown and/or soft spots

🕲 FUN FACTS! 🕲

<u>Grapefruit</u>

Did you know...

- Did you know this citrus fruit got its name, grapefruit, because it grows on the tree in clusters, like grapes? (Sometimes as many as 25 fruits in a cluster hang from a tree.)
- ^(C) Did you know a grapefruit contains both a sweet and tangy flavor?
- Did you know that the sweetest and juiciest grapefruit can be found in supermarkets from December to June and come from Florida and Texas?
- Construction Did you know that California and Florida grapefruit are different? (Florida grapefruit have a thinner rind and are sweeter and less pulpy. California grapefruit are easier to peel and segment, but they are not as juicy and their flavor is only fair.)
- Did you know that the original grapefruit was called a pomelo or shaddock? (This fruit can sometimes be found in Oriental markets. They are larger than grapefruit with a rough, puffy thick rind, lots of seeds, sour tasting and have very little juice.)
- Did you know there are three major types of grapefruits --- white, pink/red and star ruby/rio red?
- Did you know that the grapefruits, which contain seeds, are used to make juice?
- Did you know that the pink and red varieties contain more vitamins than the white grapefruit?

(Red grapefruit contains over 20 times more vitamin A than white.)

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

😴 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Grapefruit; Choose ideas at your own discretion

Presentation Meal Appeal -----

Contrast Color for Eye Appeal Alternate Rows of

> **Quality:** Store Fresh Citrus

Fruits in Front of Cooler Where

Temperature is

Higher.

Safety:

Orange Smiles & Red Grapefruit

Smiles.

RECIPES:

- ✓ Try a new recipe with Grapefruit --- Fruit Cup 1 & 2 (see attached)
- ✓ Serve grapefruit smiles
- Serve fresh grapefruit halved & sprinkled with brown sugar or cinnamon & sugar for breakfast or lunch (1/2 grapefruit = ½ cup fruit)
- Serve hot grapefruit for breakfast (Cut grapefruit in half and place on a sheet pan; Sprinkle each half with approximately 1 tablespoon of brown sugar, honey can also be added; Broil for 3-5 minutes or until tops become bubbly and brown)
- ✓ Add red or pink grapefruit as a garnish to green salads
- Offer a healthy packaged salad with cottage cheese, fresh ruby red grapefruit & orange smiles, pineapple chunks... & whole wheat crackers

MARKETING:

- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Contact the Florida Citrus Commission for resources: <u>www.floridajuice.com</u>
- ✓ Display different varieties of citrus fruit with their corresponding names
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (*Example: Glow with Grapefruit!*)
- ✓ Feature "Red Day" on the day that you offer pink/red grapefruit on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing red
- ✓ Offer ruby red grapefruit for Valentine's Day
- ✓ Feature different citrus fruits and recipes with these fruits throughout the month;
 Wash Hands Before Handling Citrus fruits and recipes with these fruits throughout the month;
 Wash Hands Before Handling Fresh Produce!
 (E.g.: oranges, orange juice, tangerines, grapefruit, orange-pineapple gelatin/USDA C-11
 Orange rice pilaf USDA/B-2, orange glazed carrots or sweet potatoes/USDA I-13;I-13a...)
- ✓ February is Nat'l Hot Breakfast Month --- Offer Baked Sweet Grapefruit



Fruit Cup 1

Recipe From:Pennsylvania State UniversityServing Size:½ cup, with juicePortion Count: 37Yield:approx.1 gal.+ 3 cups

Ingredients:

- 2 lbs 13 oz canned grapefruit sections
- 2 lbs 15 oz canned sliced peaches
- 2 lbs 5 oz frozen cherries, thawed
- 9 each fresh oranges, peeled an chunked
- 2 each fresh eating apples, #125's peeled, cored and diced
- 1 qt + 2/3 cup reserved liquid

Directions:

- 1. Drain canned fruit before combining, reserving juices.
- 2. Place drained, canned fruit in bowl.
- 3. Add fresh fruit.
- 4. Pour juice over all fruit.
- 5. Mix lightly; chill.
- 6. Serve chilled at a temperature of 41°F or below.

Nutrition Information Per Serving:

Calories= 66 Protein= 0g Carbohydrate= 16g Fat= 0g Saturated Fat= 0g Cholesterol= 0mg Sodium= 10mg Vitamin A= 18RE Vitamin C= 18mg Calcium= 15mg Iron=.2g Dietary Fiber=1g

Fruit Cup 2

Recipe From:Pennsylvania State UniversityServing Size:½ cup, with juicePortion Count: 37Yield:approx.1 gal. + 3 cups

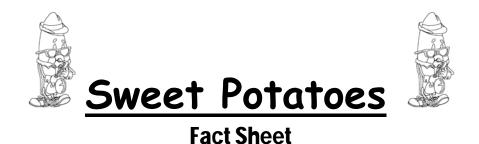
Ingredients:

- 2 lbs 13 oz canned grapefruit sections
- 2 lbs 8 oz canned sliced peaches
- 1 lb 12 oz canned pineapple chunks
- 2 lbs 3 oz frozen cherries, thawed
- 9 each fresh oranges, peeled an chunked
- 5 each fresh bananas, peeled and sliced
- 1 qt + 2/3 cup reserved liquid

Directions: Same as Above

Nutrition Information Per Serving:

Calories= 76 Protein= 0g Carbohydrate= 19g Fat= 0g Saturated Fat= 0g Cholesterol= 0mg Sodium= 2mg Vitamin A= 18RE Vitamin C= 22mg Calcium= 18mg Iron= .3g Dietary Fiber=1g



Where did they come from?

Sweet potatoes are native of Central and South America where they served as a staple for the Aztecs in Mexico and the Incas in Peru. Sweet potato remains have been found in caves in Peru, which date back 10,000 to 20,000 years. Christopher Columbus was the first to introduce sweet potatoes to Europe while later explorers introduced sweet potatoes to Asia. These potatoes were also a main source of nourishment for early colonial Americans and for soldiers during the Revolutionary War.

Where do they grow?

In the United States, North Carolina, Louisiana, California, Georgia and New Jersey are the major states for growing sweet potatoes. The major suppliers of sweet potatoes include China, Indonesia, Vietnam and Uganda.

How do they grow?

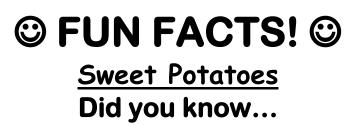
Sweet potatoes are tropical tubers and are part of the Morning Glory Family. They grow underground just as a carrot; and, therefore are considered to be storage roots. Sweet potatoes generally grow to the size of a regular white potato and contain a smooth, thin skin. They are available all year long, but are most abundant in the fall and early winter.

Are they healthy?

- Provide calcium, potassium, vitamins A, B6 and C
- $rac{W}{}$ Contain virtually no fat and are sodium free
- ♥ Supply good source of dietary fiber
- Rated as #1 most nutritional vegetable by the "Center for Science in the Public Interest" (CSPI)

How do you pick a good one?

- $^{\textcircled{W}}$ Choose those with a firm, dark, smooth skin
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid sweet potatoes with wrinkled skins
- ♥ Do not choose those with bruises, sprouts or decayed spots



Did you know sweet potatoes contain 327% of your daily need for vitamin A per serving, which is more than any other vegetable?

^(C) Did you know that sweet potatoes and yams are not the same?

(Yams come from the Yam family and are tubers, like potatoes, while sweet potatoes are considered storage roots, like carrots. Yams also have rough, scaly skin while sweet potatoes have a smooth, thin skin. Yams can grow as long as 7 feet and can weigh up to 150 pounds while sweet potatoes are usually the size of a regular potato. Yams are primarily grown in the Caribbean while sweet potatoes grow in the U.S. Yams do not contain any vitamin A while sweet potatoes are super rich in this vitamin.)

- © Did you know that there are two varieties of sweet potatoes, pale yellow with a dry flesh and dark orange with a moist flesh?
- © Did you know that the orange-fleshed sweet potato is the primary one sold in the U.S.?
- Did you know you can eat sweet potatoes raw with dip? (They taste like a sweet carrot. They are a super healthy snack!)
- Did you know you can eat sweet potato fries? (Much healthier than the common white potato French fry!)
- [©] Did you know you can also eat baked sweet potatoes?
- © Did you know that when you eat a sweet potato you are actually eating a root?
- © Did you know that sweet potatoes are one of the most nutritious vegetables you can eat as part of your 5 a Day?
- Did you know sweet potatoes should not be refrigerated? (If refrigerated, they will develop a hard core and a bad taste. Store in a cool, dry place with temperatures between 55°-60° F.)

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

😴 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables per day at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Sweet Potatoes

Presentation

Package Food in Clear Plastic; Styrofoam Hides the Food!

Quality:

Sweet Potatoes; Store in Cool, Dry Room at°55°-60°F.

> Safety: Sanitize

Cutting Boards After Each Task!!

◀

Do Not Refrigerate

Meal Appeal -

Choose ideas at your own discretion

RECIPES:

 Try a new recipe with sweet potatoes ---Sweet Potato-Plum Bread Squares (USDA B-18) Sweet Potato Pie (USDA C-17) Baked Sweet Potatoes and Apples (USDA I-7) Orange Glazed Sweet Potatoes (USDA I-13) Southern Sweet Potato Salad (see attached)

Offer candied sweet potatoes

- ✓ Offer raw sweet potato sticks with low fat dip
- ✓ Serve baked sweet potato fries with ketchup or cinnamon sugar
- ✓ Feature a baked sweet potato instead of a white baked potato --- much heathier!
- ✓ Offer sweet potato pancakes for breakfast or lunch
- Serve "Two Tone Potatoes" --- Add 1 part mashed sweet potatoes to 4 parts white mashed (Adds color and an exciting flavor!)

MARKETING:

- ✓ Contact the North Carolina SweetPotato Commission for ideas and resources: Phone: 919-989-7323 <u>www.ncsweetpotatoes.com</u>
- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (Example: Sweet Potato --- Super Power!)
- ✓ Feature "Orange Day" on the day that you offer sweet potatoes on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing orange
- Celebrate Sweet Potato Month, February, with a different recipe each week?
 - Order "Spencer Sweetpotato" dolls to give away. (Available from the North Carolina SweetPotato Commission)
 - Feature a "Guess How Many Sweet Potatoes Are in the Pile" contest ("Guessing" posters are available from the North Carolina SweetPotato Commission)
- Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 16-31



Southern Sweet Potato Salad

Serving Size: 1/2 cup Yield: 25 servings 1 serving=1/2 cup Fruit/Veg.

Ingredients:

4 lbs. Sweet Potatoes (Fresh), Peeled and Cut into ½ inch cubes
¼ cup Lemon Juice
2 cups Mayonnaise
¼ cup Orange Juice
2 tablespoons Honey
2 teaspoons Grated Orange Peel
1 teaspoon Ground Ginger
½ teaspoon Salt
¼ teaspoon Ground Nutmeg
2 cups Sliced Celery
2/3 cup Chopped Dates

Directions:

In a saucepan, cook sweet potatoes in boiling water just until tender, about 5-8 minutes (do not overcook). Drain; toss with the lemon juice. In a large bowl, combine mayonnaise, orange juice, honey, orange peel, ginger, salt and nutmeg. Add the warm potatoes, celery and dates. Toss to coat well. Cover and chill.

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Sweet Potatoes & Grapefruit...

Items in bold are enclosed.

✓	Celebrate February Sweet Potato Month!
✓	Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
✓	Conduct "Roots and Things" activity with students (Use "We Eat Different Parts of the Plant" activity sheet)
~	Have students complete the activity "Body Building with Spencer SweetPotato" (Use the worksheet "Help Spencer Get It All Together")
✓	Teach a Science Lesson with sweet potatoes; Use Sweet "p" I.D. Data Record Sheet
✓	Have students color "Sweet Potato" Coloring Page
✓	Have students color "Gretta Grapefruit" Coloring Page
✓	Display raw, cooked & canned sweet potatoes
✓	Show the difference between yellow and orange sweet potatoes
✓	Have students research the difference between sweet potatoes and yams
✓	Display different varieties of citrus fruits (Show the smallest citrus fruit Kumquats)
✓	Discuss the health benefits of citrus fruits
✓	Have students check out www.ncsweetpotatoes.com "Kids' Stuff" section
✓	Check out <u>www.ncsweetpotatoes.com</u> "Educators' Section"

Home Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Encourage students to "Grow a Sweet Potato Vine" as a family activity
- ✓ Kids' Kitchen Recipes
- ✓ **Recipes for Home** (Some in Spanish!)



From: "Community Nutrition Action Kit"/Team Nutrition

Roots and Things Taste different fruits and vegetables. What part of a plant are they from ... the stem? the root? the leaf? the flower? or the seed? **OBJECTIVES: Materials Needed:** To expand the variety of fruits and vegetables eaten. Supplied by You To taste fruits and vegetables and identify the different Fruits and vegetables parts of a plant they come from. · Paper plates, napkins, To incorporate more fruits and vegetables into the diet. or paper towels **KEY CONCEPTS:** From the Kit "We Eat Different Parts There are a wide variety of fruits and vegetables of a Plant" handout available to eat. There are many delicious ways to add more fruits and vegetables to the foods we enjoy. Time Needed: 45 minutes PREPARATION NEEDED: Buy at least one fruit or vegetable to represent the edible parts of plants. Use "We Eat Different Parts of the Plant" in this lesson to give you some ideas on foods to choose. Select both common and unusual fruits and vegetables. You may try canned, fresh, or frozen versions of the foods you select. If you purchase fresh items, keep one whole so the youth can see what the food looks like. Wash the remaining fruits and vegetables; cut into bite-sized pieces, place on plates and stick a toothpick in each piece. Make photocopies of "We Eat Different..." handout to distribute to each youth. BACKGROUND: Fruits and vegetables supply the body with water, vitamins such as vitamin A and vitamin C, minerals such as potassium and calcium, and carbohydrates for energy. Fiber, which keeps the digestive systems healthy, is also found in fruits and vegetables. The different parts of plants that can be edible are the seeds, roots, leaves, stems, flowers, and fruit. Read over the "We Eat Different Parts of a Plant" handout (55) and become familiar

with this list of fruits and vegetables (9) **before** the lesson.

Classroom Link... From: "Community Nutrition Action Kit"/Team Nutrition

ROOTS AND THINGS ACTIVITY

Setup

- 1. Place the plates of bite-sized samples and whole foods on a table.
- 2. Have youth wash their hands.
- Ask for a volunteer to distribute the paper plates and napkins or paper towels.

Introduction

- Explain that you've prepared a tasting party they will be tasting fruits and vegetables.
- While they enjoy the food, they should think of the name of each food as well as what part of the plant it is — for example, celery is the stem of a plant.
- Encourage the youth to refer to the handout to help them identify the parts of the plant they are eating.

Tasting party and discussion

- 1. Have the youth take a bite-sized sample of **each** sample of fruit and vegetable.
- 2. Have everyone taste the same food at the same time.
- 3. After the youth taste a food, discuss the following questions: Do you know what fruit or vegetable you just tasted? How would you describe the food? Was it soft? crunchy? sweet? etc.

Do you eat it at home?

How would you see this fitting into your meals? Have you seen or tasted this food in different forms? (frozen, canned, in a casserole, etc.)

- 4. After food samples have been tasted and identified open the discussion on plant parts.
- 5. Give a copy of "We Eat Different Parts of the Plant" to each youth. Discuss the following questions:

What part of the plant do you think (sample A) comes from?

How did you know that? (Some vegetables are leafy so they come from that part of the plant, etc.).

Repeat discussion for each food sample.



From: "Community Nutrition Action Kit"/Team Nutrition

- 6. Using the handout, have youth draw a line connecting the name of the plant part to the part of the plant it names.
- On the same handout, have the youth circle the foods they tasted.
- 8. Discuss the following questions:

Do you eat any other fruits or vegetables from this part of the plant? Were there any fruits or vegetables that were new to you today?

Food safety note:

Wash any fresh fruits and vegetables thoroughly before cutting. Keep cut food cold until ready to use. Refrigerate leftovers. Have the youth wash their hands before handling and eating the fruit and vegetable samples. Classroom Link... From: "Community Nutrition Action Kit"/Team Nutrition

WE EAT DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE PLANT

Draw a line connecting the word with the plant part it names.



stem

root

leaf

flower

fruit

Bean Plant



FOODS WE EAT THAT ARE ROOTS: beet

onion carrot parsnip potato radish rutabaga sweet potato yam turnip

FOODS WE EAT THAT ARE STEMS:

asparagus bamboo shoots bok choy broccoli celery rhubarb

Foods we eat That are leaves:

Brussels sprouts parsley cabbage spinach collards turnip greens kale chard lettuce endive mustard greens watercress

FOODS WE EAT THAT ARE FLOWERS:

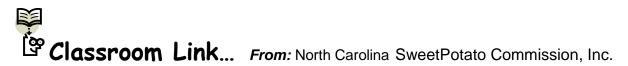
broccoli cauliflower

FOODS WE EAT THAT ARE SEEDS:

lima beans pinto beans pumpkin seeds kidney beans black beans sunflower seeds peas dry split peas butter beans corn

FOODS WE EAT THAT ARE FRUIT:

apple apricot artichoke avocado grapes cucumber banana pumpkin squash bell pepper date grapefruit berries pear pineapple eggplant plum tangerine kiwifruit mango melon orange papaya peach pomegranate strawberry tomato



To be used with "Help Spencer get it all together" worksheet.

Body Building

With Spencer Sweetpotato

Sweetpotatoes have been called "the healthiest vegetable around" because of all the vitamins and nutrients that they contain. These vitamins and nutrients help our body to function in many ways. Follow the instructions below to learn about how sweetpotatoes help our bodies and build your own Spencer Sweetpotato!

1. Sweetpotatoes have a lot of Vitamin A. Vitamin A helps our bodies to grow normally and makes our eyes healthy. Because sweetpotatoes are so good for our eyes, write "Vitamin A" on the blank under Spencer's eyes.

2. Amino Acids are the building blocks that make up proteins in muscle. Since amino acids help our muscles, write "Amino Acids" on the blank on one of Spencer's legs because our legs contain a lot of muscle.

3. Vitamin C is important to our body for many reasons. One of the most important things that Vitamin C does is to help our wounds heal. Where you see the bandage on Spencer's body, write "Vitamin C" to show that Vitamin C helps wounds to heal.

4. Another nutrient in sweetpotatoes is magnesium, which helps our nerves and muscles to function properly. Label one of Spencer's arms with the word, "Magnesium" because it helps our muscles.

5. Phosphorus in sweetpotatoes also helps to build muscle. Label Spencer's other arm with the word "Phosphorus" for the same reason as above.

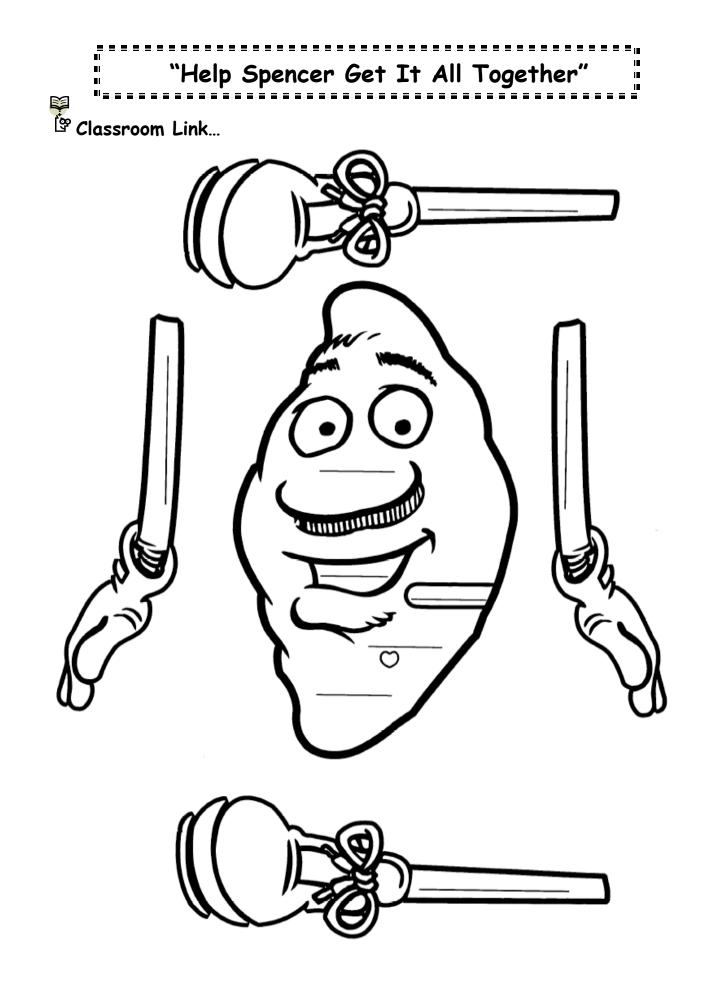
6. The iron in sweetpotatoes helps in the process of making blood, which supplies oxygen to our cells. Label the heart with the word "Iron" because our heart pumps blood throughout the body.

7. Manganese helps us get bigger as we get older and it helps our bones to grow normally. Write "Manganese" on Spencer's other leg to show that manganese helps our legs to get longer as we grow.

8. Sweetpotatoes have calcium, which helps to support bones and teeth, among other things. Label the blank over Spencer's teeth with the word, "Calcium" because calcium helps our teeth.

9. One sweetpotato has more fiber than a whole bowl of oatmeal. Fiber is very important because it helps our digestive systems, the system that processes the food we eat. On the blank where Spencer's stomach would be, write the word, "Fiber."

Once you have completely labeled Spencer, cut out the various parts and assemble him.





From: North Carolina SweetPotato Commission, Inc.

Sweetpotatoes Science Lesson Plan

Objectives:To make valid observations of plants and their parts.
To measure length, width, and circumference with
estimation and accurate measurement techniques.
To communicate findings clearly.Materials Provided:Lesson plan activity
SWEET "P" I.D. record sheet master

Materials Needed: One sweetpotato per student* Rulers Measuring tapes Balance scales Small labeling stickers

Activity: SWEET "P" I.D.

Allow each student to select a sweetpotato from a box or basket. Instruct students to observe their sweetpotato carefully and note any special attributes it may have. Students should estimate the length, width, and circumference of the sweetpotatoes and record their estimates. They should follow up by selecting the appropriate measuring tools and determining accurate measurements to go along with each estimate. They should then compare their estimates with the accurate measurements obtained and report their findings to the class. All data should be recorded on the SWEET "P" I.D. record sheet provided.

The assignment may include a formal written comparison, an oral presentation, or both. After the observation activity concludes, have students place a small sticker with their initials on the bottom of their sweetpotato. Return all sweetpotatoes to the box or basket and mix them up. Challenge students to correctly identify their own sweetpotato as it is held up before the class for examination. If the students are having a difficult time identifying their sweetpotato, the teacher can measure, weigh, etc. the sweetpotatoes and offer that information as hints.

Note: If this activity is done first, the same sweetpotatoes can be used for the Social Studies "Sweetpotato Pal" activity.

*Money saving alternative: Have students complete above assignment in small groups rather than individually.





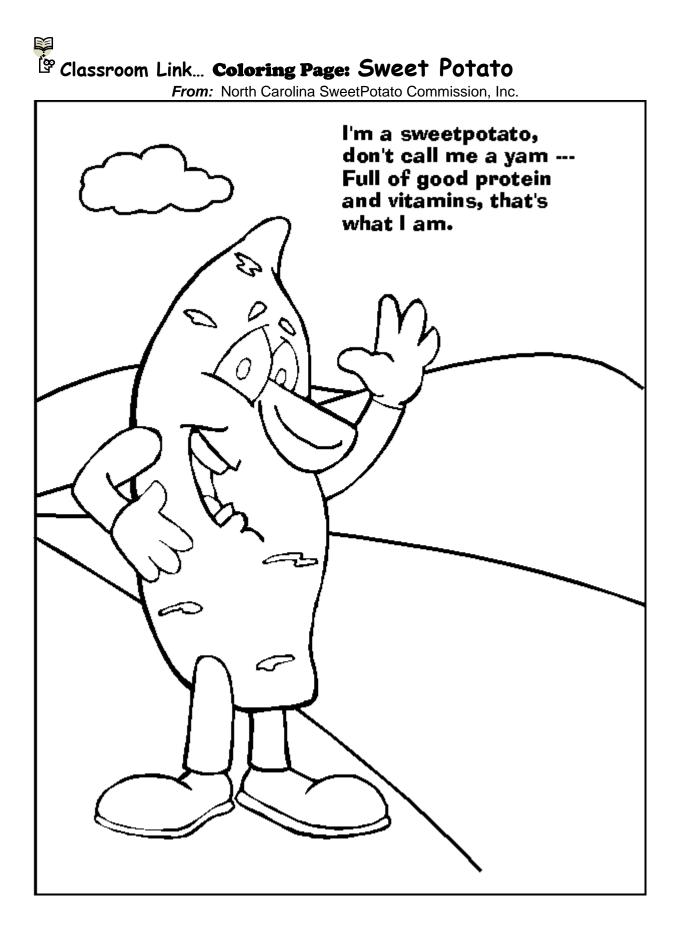
Notes on appearance	
Drawing	

Measurements

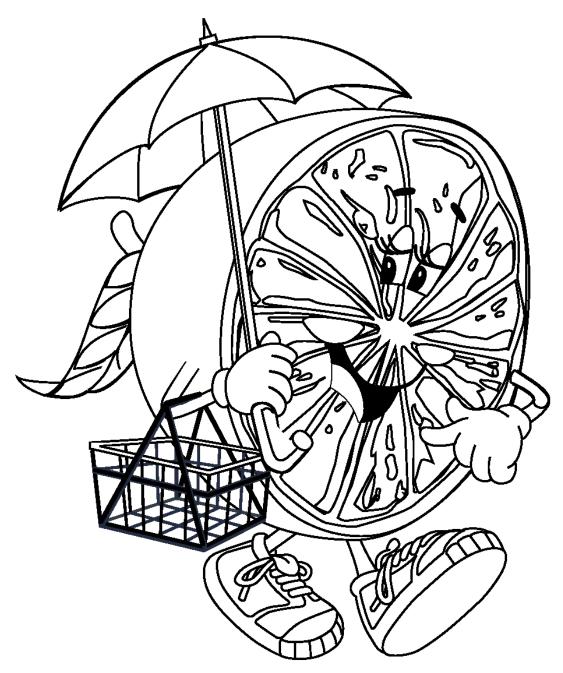
	Estimation	Accurate Measurement	Comments
Mass			
Length			
Width			
Circumference			

Report

- 1. How did your estimations compare to the accurate measurements?
- 2. How does the size of your sweetpotato compare to others in your class?
- 3. What else would you like to know about sweetpotatoes based on your findings today? How would you go about finding the information you seek?







Gretta Grapefruit ©





Grapefruit

How to Make Citrus "Smiles":

- 1- Rinse grapefruit under cold running water
- 2- Secure grapefruit on a cutting board and cut in half (Not through stem end!)
- 3- Hold one half and slice diagonally to get several "smiles"
- 4- Repeat with the other half

Fun Ways to Eat:

- $rac{W}{}$ Peel or cut into smiles and eat for a fast snack
- 🆑 Add to fruit salads
- 🆑 Garnish on top of fresh tossed salads
- Sprinkle a half of a grapefruit with a little bit of sugar --- Enjoy for breakfast!
- Try hot --- Sprinkle half a grapefruit with brown sugar and broil (See attached "Home" recipe)

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipe is attached and includes grapefruit as an ingredient:

🖑 Ambrosia

Home Link...



<u>Ambrosia</u>

Yield: 4 servings

From: 5 A Day/Produce for Better Health

A perfect mixture of citrus graced with orange marmalade and lemon yogurt!

Ingredients:

- 3 oranges, peeled and sectioned
- 2 small grapefruits, peeled and sectioned
- ¹/₂ cup orange marmalade
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- 2 each 8-ounce containers fat-free lemon yogurt
- 2 tablespoons shredded coconut

Directions:

- 1. Combine sectioned fruit in medium bowl. Add marmalade and vanilla and stir gently to cover sections.
- Spoon equal amount into 4 glasses or fruit bowls. Spoon and spread 4 ounces of lemon yogurt over each portion and top with shredded coconut.
- 3. Chill for 20-30 minutes before serving.

Nutritional Information per Serving:

Calories - 314 Total Fat -1g Saturated Fat -1g Cholesterol - 0mg Carbohydrates -70g Protein - 8g Dietary Fiber - 5g Sodium - 100mg



Sweet Potatoes

How to Prepare:

- 1- Scrub sweet potatoes under cold running water
- 2- Cook whole with skin --- healthier! Potato will maintain nutrients
- 3- Bake on foil-lined baking sheet for about 45 minutes at 375°
- 4- Boil whole potatoes for 15-35 minutes
- 5- Boil sweet potato chunks for 10-15 minutes
- 6- Microwave 2 medium sweet potatoes on high for 5-9 minutes

Fun Ways to Eat:

- ♥ Munch on raw sweet potato sticks with dip
- $rac{W}{}$ Try a sweet potato fry or mashed sweet potatoes
- $rak{W}$ Use them in soups, casseroles and baked goods
- lash W Substitute for white potatoes
- 🖑 Bake with marshmallow topping
- Add to stir-fries

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

All the following recipes are attached and include sweet potatoes as an ingredient:

🖑 Sweet Potato Casserole/Guisado de Camotes

🖑 Sweet Potato Delights

🖑 Sweet Potato "Fries"





STATE RESEARCH & EXTENSION AMILY NUTRITION PROGRAM



Guisado de Camotes (Batatas o Boniatos)

Es dulce, es deliciosa - iEs un VEGETAL!

Ingredientes:

- 40 onzas de camotes (batatas o boniatos) enlatados, colados
- 2 huevos
- 1/4 taza de azúcar
- ¾ taza de leche evaporada (o una lata de 5 onzas)
- ¼ cucharadita de sal
- ¼ cucharadita de nuez moscada
- 2 cucharadas de margarina, derretida
- 1/4 taza de azúcar morena
- 1/4 taza de nueces picadas, opcional

Procedimiento: Recuerde lavarse las manos!

- 1. Caliente el horno a 350 grados.
- Rocíe la fuente de horno de un cuarto con espray de cocinar.
- En una vasija grande, combine los camotes y los huevos y aplástelos usando una batidora eléctrica.
- Agregue el azúcar, la leche, la sal, la nuez moscada y la margarina y mézclelo bien.
- Con la cuchara, viértalo en la fuente de horno y coloque encima la azúcar morena y las nueces.
- 6. Horneé de 45 a 55 minutos o hasta que esté firme.

Consejos Útiles: Esta es una gran receta fácil de cocinar para los niños como parte de la comida navideña. La diversión de aplastar las camotes enlatados junto con los huevos atraerá a los niños quienes de otra forma se alejarían de la cocina. Mientras se hornea, el aroma del azúcar y las especias provocará que feliciten a su joven cocinero. Y recibirá más felicitaciones cuando todos prueben itan delicioso guisado!

Consejo de Seguridad: La textura de estos camotes los hace perfectos para los niños pequeños si se omiten las nueces. Si hay niños menores de tres años que asistirán a la cena lo mejor será no utilizar las nueces en esta receta. Las nueces pueden causar que los niños pequeños se ahoguen - y también pueden causar una reacción alérgica.

Sweet Potato Casserole

It's sweet, it's delicious - it's a VEGETABLE?

Ingredients:

- 40 ounces canned sweet potatoes, drained
- 2 eggs
- 1/4 cup sugar
- ¾ cup evaporated milk (or a 5-ounce can)
- ¼ teaspoon salt
- ¼ teaspoon nutmeg
- 2 tablespoons margarine, melted
- 1/4 cup brown sugar
- 1/4 cup chopped walnuts, optional

Directions:

- Remember to wash your hands!
- Preheat oven to 350 degrees.
- 2. Spray 1-quart casserole dish with cooking spray.
- In a large bowl, combine sweet potatoes and eggs; mash with an electric mixer.
- Add sugar, milk, salt, nutmeg and margarine. Mix well.
- Spoon into casserole dish and top with brown sugar and nuts.
- 6. Bake for 45 to 55 minutes or until set.

Helpful Hints: This is a great recipe for kids to fix as part of a holiday meal. The fun of mashing the canned potatoes and eggs together will attract kids who may otherwise shy away from kitchen fun. The aroma of sugar and spice as it bakes will bring some great compliments to your young cook. More compliments will follow when everyone tastes how delicious it is!

Safety Tip: The texture of these sweet potatoes makes them perfect for very young children, if the nuts are omitted. If kids under age three are coming to dinner, it is probably a good idea to leave the nuts out of this recipe. Nuts can cause choking in very young children—and may cause an allergic reaction, too.



Guisado de Camotes / Sweet Potato Casserole

Datos Nutricional Porciones 3/4 taza (195) Porciones 8			Nutrition Serving Size 3 Servings Per	3/4 cup (19			
Cantidad Por Porción Calorías 240	Calorías de Grasa 45		Amount Per Calories 240		alories from Fat 45		
	% Valor Diario*		Calories 240	, 0	% Daily Value*		
Grasa Total 5g	7%						
 Grasa Saturada 1.5 	g 7%		Total Fat 5g		7%		
Colesterol 55mg	19%		 Saturated 	Fat 1.5g	7%		
Sodio 210mg	9%		Cholesterol	55mg	19%		
Carbohidrato Total 45	15%		Sodium 210	mg	9%		
 Fibra Dietética 4g 	14%		Total Carboh	ydrate 45	ig 15%		
 Azúcares 34g 			Dietary Fit	ber 4g	14%		
Proteína 4g			Sugars 3	4g			
/itamina A 170%	 Vitamina C 25% 		Protein 4g	0			
Calcio 10%	Hierro 8%		Vitamin A 170	1%	 Vitamin C 25% 		
en una dieta de 2,000 cal oueden ser mayores o m	res Diarios están basados orías. Sus Valores Diarios tenores dependiendo de		Calcium 10%)	 Iron 8% 		
	orías: 2,000 2,500		*Percent Daily Va Your daily values your calorie need	s may be high	ed on a 2,000 calorie diet. her or lower depending on		
Grasa Total • Grasa Saturada	< 65g 80g < 20g 25g		-	Calor	les: 2,000 2,500		
Colesterol	< 300mg 300mg		Total Fat Saturated Fat		< 65g 80g < 20g 25g		
Sodio	< 2,400mg 2,400mg		Cholesterol		< 300mg 300mg		
Carbohidrato Total	300g 375g		Sodium Total Carbohydra	to	< 2,400mg 2,400mg 300g 375g		
 Fibra Dietética Calorías por gramo: 	25g 30g		Dietary Fiber	ilė	300g 375g 25g 30g		
	drato 4 · Proteína 4		Calcries per gran	m:			
	Equipo para Niños abridor de latas batidora eléctri fuente de horna vasija para mez cuchara cucharas de medid agarrador de ol espátula de plás IEs una buena idea jur equipo e ingredientes comenzar una recetal	ca clar didas as as calientes tico utar todo su			Kids' Tool Kit can opener electric mi casserole of mixing bow spoon measuring measuring hot pad rubber spo It's a good idea your tools and in	ixer dish vl spoons cups atula to gather a ngredients	
• Gi • re • có	n cia del Cocinero uisado de Camotes banada de jamón óctel de frutas			• 5 • F	before you star Choice Sweet Potato Cass fam slice Truit cocktail		
• le	che				Ailk		

Para más información acerca de esta receta y de otras recetas divertidas: comuníquese con su oficina de extensión del condado de Kansas, visite el sitio web en www.kidsacookin.ksu.edu o el correo eléctrónico kidsacookin@ksu.edu

Esta institución es un empleador de igualdad de oportunidades. El Programa de Estampillas de Alimentos del (USDA) a través de un contrato provisto por el Departamento de Servicios Sociales y de Rehabilitación (SRS) es el auspiciador de este material. El Programa de Estampillas de Alimentos proveé asistencia de nutrición a personas de bajos recursos. Para más información, comuníquese con su oficina local de (SRS) o llame al 1-800-221-5689.

This institution is an equal opportunity employer. This material was funded by USDA's Food Stamp Program through a contract awarded by the Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services. The Food Stamp Program provides nutritional assistance to people with low income. To find more contact your local SRS office or call 1-800-221-5659.

Home Link...



<u>Sweet Potato Delights</u>

Yield: 4 Sandwich Delights *From:* Recipes Today iParenting.com

Ingredients:

- 1 medium sweet potato, peeled
- 8 cinnamon-sugar graham cracker squares
- 8 marshmallows, halved crosswise

Directions:

- -Heat broiler.
- -Place sweet potato in bowl with 1/4" water. Cover with plastic wrap.
- -Microwave on high for 5 minutes or until fork-tender.
- -Cool and cut sweet potato into 1/2" thick slices.
- -Place crackers sugar-side-down on baking sheet.
- -Top 4 crackers with potato slices.
- -Top remaining 4 crackers with 4 marshmallow halves per cracker.
- -Broil 6" from heat 45 to 60 seconds, until marshmallows are browned.
- -If desired, sprinkle with a few chocolate morsels.
- -Sandwich halves together.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 294, Fat 4g, Calories from Fat 12%, Cholesterol 0mg, Fiber 6g, Sodium 80mg.

e Link GROW A SWEET POTATO VIN	SMALLER THAN YOU THINK. of 100 percent fruit or vegetable juice (in 100 percent juice) or vegetables ed dry peas or beans = 1/4, cup of dried fruit	POTATO VINE!	 Add lukewarm water until it covers half the sweet potato. Place jar in a warm, shady place, 	making sure to maintain water level. 5. Change water once a week. In about 2 weeks you should see roots	Two weeks later you should see tiny red sprouts. 6. Move plant to a bright window.	ecures will begin to grow. When the growth is 6" high, transplant to hanging pot. 7. Fill pot with potting soil to an inch from the top. Plant except potento.	seedling in the center, and gently pack soil around it. Keep plant in sunny spot and water every couple of days.	N FOR KIDS, SADAY.COM
GROW A S	A 5 A DAY SERVING SIZE IS SMALLER THAN YOU THINK. I medium-size fruit = 3/4 cup (6 oz.) of 100 percent fruit or vegetable juice 1/2 cup of fresh, frozen, or canned fruit (in 100 percent juice) or vegetables 1 cup of raw leafy vegetables = 1/2 cup of cooked dry peas or beans = 1/4, cup of dried fruit	GROW A SWEET POTATO VINE	You Will need: adult supervisor, a sweet potato (some sweet potatoes have been treated to inhibit sprouting;	look for one with little purple bumps on the skin or a few white roots showing), toothpicks, a quart-size class or	plastic jar with wide mouth, and water. Later you will need: a hanging pot and potting soil.	 With the help of an adult, pierce the middle of sweet potato with 2 toothpicks, one on each side. (Make sure bointier end of potato force down 	into the water.) 2. Place it in jar. 2. Place it in jar. 5. Place it in jar.	FOR MORE FUN FOR KIDS, GO TO WWW SADAY.COM
KIDS' KITCHEN	ry this fun & easy recipe WEET POTATO "FRIES"	potato strips in a single layer, skin side down on a non-stick pan. Sprinkle with salt-free Cajun Creole seasoning (or cinomone suran)* Parka at uon	for 30-40 minutes. Serve with Ketchup if desired. Makes 4 servings. This is an official 5 A Day recipe.	*(cinnamon sugar: 1/4 tsp. cinnamon to 2 tbsp. sugar)	· · ·	li	C	EATS A DAY
KIDS' I	Try this fun SWEET POT	3 medium sweet potatoes (2 lbs.) 2 tsps. olive oil 1 - 1 1/2 tsps. salt-free Cajun Creole seasoning (or cinnamon supar)*	Ketchup (optional) Wash sweet potatoes, trim ends, and out out any had ervite with the half of	an adult. Out into 3-4 inch long and 1/4 inch thick strips (steak fries). Place in a	with olive oil; shake to coat.			Produce for Better Health Foundation 302 235 ADAY

Home Link....

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VINE

ruit





Your child/children will be offered

Grapefruit

in February on their School Menu!

Try a new **Grapefruit** recipe at home!

Broiled Grapefruit

Serve hot grapefruit for breakfast! Serves 2

Ingredients:

1 grapefruit 4 teaspoons brown sugar

Directions:

-Cut grapefruit in half

-Place on baking pan

-Sprinkle each half with 2 teaspoons of brown sugar

-Broil for 3-5 minutes or until tops become bubbly and brown



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Toronja

en Febrero en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Toronja** en casa!

<u>Toronja Asada a la parrilla</u>

¡Sirva la toronja caliente para el desayuno! **Sirve 2**

Ingredientes:

1 toronja 4 cucharaditas de azúcar morena

Instrucciónes:

- Corte la toronja por la mitad
- Coloque en una cazuela de hornear
- Rociar cada mitad con 2 cucharaditas de azúcar morena
- Asar a la parrilla durante 3-5 minutos o hasta que la superficie se esten burbujeantes y dorados







Your child/children will be offered

Sweet Potatoes

in February on their School Menu! Try a new Sweet Potato recipe at home!

North Carolina SweetPotato Flan

Yield: 6 Servings

From: North Carolina SweetPotato Commission, Inc.

Home Recipes

Ingredients:

- 5 eggs
- 1 cup milk
- 1 cup cooked, mashed sweetpotato
- 1 can sweetened condensed milk
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- 1 tablespoon sugar mixed with 1 teaspoon ground cinnamon

Directions:

- Preheat oven to 350°F.
- Beat eggs in large mixing bowl.
- Add milk, sweet potato, condensed milk and vanilla. Mix well.
- Pour into buttered shallow 11/2 quart-baking dish.
- Sprinkle sugar and cinnamon mixture over top.
- Set dish in a pan containing 1 inch of hot water.
- Bake at 350°F for 45 minutes or until knife inserted near center comes out clean.
- Serve warm or chilled.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Batatas

en Febrero en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Batata** en casa!

Flan de Camote de Carolina del Norte

Rinde 6 Porciónes Latino Camotes de Carolina Del Norte --- Recetas con Sabor

Los ingredientes:

- 5 huevos
- 1 taza de leche
- 1 taza de camotes cocinados, hechos puré
- 1 lata de leche condensada con azúcar
- 1 cucharadita de esencia de vainilla
- 1 cucharada de azúcar mezclada con 1 cucharadita de canela molida

Las direcciones:

- Precaliente el horno a 350°F.
- Bata los huevos dentro de un tazón de mezclar grande.
- Agregue la leche, camote, leche condensada y la vainilla y mezcle bien.
- Vierta en un recipiente de hornear hondo, de 1½ cuartos, untado de mantequilla.
- Espolvoree con azúcar y canela mezclados.
- Coloque el recipiente dentro de otro con 1" de agua hirviendo y hornee a
- baño María, a 350°F, por 45 minutos o hasta que al pinchar el centro con un cuchillo, salga limpio.
- Sirva tibio o frío.



Home Link... Try a new Sweet Potato recipe at home!

North Carolina SweetPotato Medallions

Grilled crisp and golden and garnished with zesty green cilantro, these Sweet- Potato Rounds pair wonderfully with grilled chicken or pork.

Yield: 4 Servings

From: North Carolina SweetPotato Commission, Inc.

Ingredients:

- 4 medium North Carolina SweetPotatoes
- 2 teaspoons light olive oil
- Garlic salt, to taste
- Fresh ground pepper, to taste
- 2 tablespoons finely chopped fresh cilantro

Directions:

- Peel sweetpotatoes, and cover with water in a large pot.
- Boil gently for 20 minutes until potatoes are just tender. Do not overcook. Drain well in a colander and set aside to cool.
- When cool, cut into half-inch rounds and set aside.
- Combine olive oil, garlic salt and pepper to taste on a large flat dinner plate.
- Coat each side of the sweetpotato medallions in the oil mixture.
- On a hot grill, cook 5 to 6 minutes on each side until golden brown.
- Sprinkle with cilantro to serve.



Medallones de Camote de Carolina del Norte

Rinde 4 Porciónes Los ingredientes:

Camotes de Carolina Del Norte --- Recetas con Sabor Latino

- 4 camotes medianos
- 2 cucharaditas de aceite de oliva, bajo en grasa
- Sal de ajo, al gusto
- Pimienta recién molida, al gusto
- 2 cucharadas de cilantro fresco, finamente picado

Las direcciones:

- Pele los camotes y coloque en una cacerola grande cubiertos de agua.
- Cocine a fuego lento durante 20 minutos, hasta que comiencen a ablandarse. Escurra y enfríe.
- Corte los camotes en rodajas de media pulgada y ponga a un lado.
- Mezcle el aceite de oliva, la sal de ajo y la pimienta, al gusto, en un plato de comer plano.
- Cubra los medallones de camote, por ambos lados, con la mezcla con aceite.
- Cocínelos sobre una parrilla caliente, hasta que se doren de ambos lados.
- Ponga el cilantro encima

Home Link... Try a new Sweet Potato recipe at home!

Southwestern SweetPotato Tortilla Soup

Don't be put off by a long list of ingredients. This soup is easy to prepare with deli barbecued pork and bottled sauces. Barbecued chicken or turkey may be substituted for pork.

Serves: 6 (1 ¹/₂ cups each)

From: North Carolina SweetPotato Commission, Inc.

Ingredients:

- 6 six-inch flour tortillas
- vegetable oil cooking spray
- 2 tablespoons olive oil
- 1 medium onion, chopped
- 1/2 cup small diced green pepper
- 1 tablespoon minced seeded jalapeño pepper
- 1 tablespoon minced garlic
- 1 teaspoon chili powder
- 1/2 teaspoon cumin
- 3 cups chicken broth
- 2 cups diced, peeled North Carolina sweetpotato
- 1 pound diced barbecued pork, chicken or turkey
- 2 cups frozen corn kernels
- 1 15-ounce can diced tomatoes
- 1 cup tomato sauce (1 8-ounce can)
- 1/2 cup mild salsa
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 1/2 teaspoon black pepper
- 1/3 cup cilantro, chopped
- ripe avocado

Directions:

- Preheat oven to 375°F.
- Coat one side of each tortilla with cooking spray and divide into 2 stacks of 3. With a sharp knife, cut tortillas into ¼-inch wide strips. Spread loosely on ungreased baking sheet. Bake about 10 minutes until crisp and lightly browned.
- In a large soup pot, heat oil and cook onions, peppers, garlic, chili powder and cumin over medium heat for 5 minutes. Stir well after 5 minutes.
- Add chicken broth and sweetpotatoes and bring to a low simmer. Cook about 10 minutes.
- Stir in pork, corn, tomatoes, tomato sauce, salsa, salt and pepper. Cover and simmer another 15 minutes.
- Stir in cilantro and adjust seasoning to taste.
- Just before serving, peel avocado and dice.
- Ladle soup into large bowls, top with diced avocado and garnish with tortilla strips.

Nutritional information Per 1½ cup Serving:

Calories 529; Protein 33g; Carbohydrates 57g; Dietary Fiber 8g; Total Fat 20g; Vitamin A 1572RE; Vitamin C 149mg

MARCH: Fruit – Kiwifruit Veggie – Chickpeas



Where did they come from?

Kiwifruit is more than 700 years old. The kiwifruit began in the Yang-tse river valley in China where they called it "Yangtao". It grew wild on vines that wrapped around trees. Between 1800 and 1900 samples of the fruit and seeds were sent to England. In 1904 plant cuttings were brought to the United States. It was not until the 1960's that the U.S. received its first shipment of kiwi from New Zealand. At that time it was called the "Chinese Gooseberry". The United States renamed kiwifruit after New Zealand's national bird, the kiwi. It's appropriate that this fuzzy, brown, egg shaped fruit was named after the kiwi bird. The non-flying kiwi bird is also fuzzy and brown. California started growing kiwi during the 1970's, which is when it became available for the first time across the country.

Where do they grow?

Most kiwifruit from our country is grown in California. Imported kiwi is grown in Chile and New Zealand. Kiwifruit can be found in your local supermarket all year long. California kiwi is available November to May, Chile kiwi is available April to November and New Zealand kiwi is available June through December.

How do they grow?

Kiwifruit plants are first grown in hot houses where the roots and vines are grafted together. Later the kiwifruit plants are transplanted to fields where their vines are trained to grow on a trellis or lattice style frame. Kiwifruits need plenty of water to grow. A developing kiwi plant is called a berry. A plant may take up to three to five years before it produces fruit. Their vines can grow as high as 15 feet. Fruit hangs from the vines like a bunch of grapes. Kiwi is hand picked by workers wearing white cotton gloves to protect the fruit from damage.

Are they healthy?

♥ High in vitamins C & E and potassium
♥ Good Source of fiber
♥ Fat free, sodium free and cholesterol free

How do you pick a good one?

♥ Buy firm kiwi; Ripen at room temperature for 3-5 days

- Choose ones that are plump, have a pleasant smell, and are slightly soft to the touch, like ripe peaches
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid those with wrinkles, bruises or soft spots

© FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Kiwifruits</u>

Did you know...

- Did you know kiwifruit has been described as tasting like a combination of melon, citrus fruits, nectarines and strawberries --- all in one?
- [©] Did you know kiwifruit is green on the inside?
- Did you know that you can eat the tiny black seeds on the inside of the fruit?
- Did you know you can eat the fuzzy skin on the outside of the kiwifruit? (Just rinse and rub the skin gently, cut into quarters and eat!)
- Did you know you can speed up the ripening of kiwi by placing it close to, or in a bag with bananas, apples or pears? (Kiwi is sensitive to a gas, ethylene, produced by these other fruits. This gas will soften the kiwifruit.)
- Control Did you know that there are two types of kiwifruit, green and gold? (The gold was first grown in the 1980's. It has a golden yellow flesh with tiny black seeds and on the outside it looks the same as green kiwi. It tastes similar to the green variety, but it has a hint of mango flavor.)
- © Did you know that kiwi can be used as a natural meat tenderizer?
- ^(C) Did you know there are 400 varieties of kiwifruit in China?
- [©] Did you know kiwi is one of the most popular fruits today?
- Did you know it takes almost 2 weeks for kiwi to arrive at U.S. ports from New Zealand?

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Kiwifruit; Choose ideas at your own discretion

RECIPES:

- ✓ Cut kiwi in half; let students eat with a spoon Note: Since a half of a kiwi may only equal ¼ cup of fruit Presentation or even less based on the size, offer this item when Meal Appeal 2 additional fruits/vegetables are featured on the menu Make Food Fun ---E.g.: ½ cup mashed potatoes; ½ cup carrots; ½ kiwi Offer 1/2 Kiwifruit & 4 oz. juice; 1/2 cup hash brown potatoes; 1/2 kiwi Let Kids Eat with a Spoon! 1/2 cup corn; 1/4 cup lettuce/tomato; 1/2 kiwi 1/2 cup lettuce/tomato; 1/4 cup salsa; 1/2 kiwi ✓ Offer ½ kiwi with juice at breakfast to increase the amount of fruits consumed by students at this morning meal ✓ Add a slice of kiwi on top of fruit as a garnish ✓ Serve ½ kiwi with crushed pineapple in a soufflé cup Quality: ✓ Sell as a healthy a la carte snack Store Ripe Kiwifruit Away From High Ethylene ✓ Mix kiwifruit into pasta, chicken or turkey salads Producing Produce! Add fresh kiwifruit slices to fruit salads E.g.: Apples, Bananas, Pears & Peaches ✓ Try a new recipe with kiwifruit ---Rainbow Fruit Salad (see attached) MARKETING: ✓ Contact the California Kiwifruit Commission for resources www.kiwifruit.org ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9 for ideas **PROMOTIONS:** ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu da Safety: Give this menu a special name (Example: Kick'n' with Kiwi!) Sanitize Cutting Boards After Each ✓ Feature kiwi on a healthy lunch for Nat'l Nutrition Month Specific Task! ✓ Offer kiwi during Nat'l School Breakfast Week ✓ Offer this green fruit for St. Patrick's Day --- Emerald Isle Fruit ✓ Promote an "Unusual/Unique or Special Fresh Fruit Day" --- Feature Kiwi ✓ Initiate the "Vegetable and Fruit Challenge" as a classroom activity for Nutrition Month; Information in "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 51; Order additional challenge forms from Team Nutrition: www.teamnutrition.usda.gov/Resources/fvchallengepacket.html (Click on "upon request")
 - ✓ Have students "Plan a Lunch": Feature these classroom meal ideas on your future menus: Highlight the specific class; Use the forms and information from your "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 36-39





Rainbow Fruit Salad

Serving size ½ cup Yield: 100

Ingredients:

Use assorted fresh, frozen and canned fruit; a sufficient amount for 100 each ½ cup portions. **Be sure to use KIWI!** Additional fresh fruit suggestions to use in salad: grapes, bananas, oranges...

Dressing:

- 3 cups Orange Juice, Unsweetened
- 2 cups Lemon Juice
- 2/3 cup Honey
- 1 tsp. Ginger, Ground
- 1 tsp. Nutmeg, Ground

Directions:

- 1. Drain all Fruit. Place all fruit in large bowl.
- 2. For dressing, combine the orange juice, lemon juice, honey, ginger and nutmeg. Whisk until dressing is completely mixed.
- 3. Pour dressing over the fruit and toss lightly to coat evenly.
- 4. Cover bowl with wrap and refrigerate until service or preparation.
- 5. Serve 1/2 cup, using a #8 scoop or 1/2-cup ladle, per portion.

HACCP Tips: Wash hands and clean all food preparation surfaces



Where did they come from?

Chickpeas, also known as garbanzos or ceci *(pronounce chee-chee)* beans, are an ancient crop that has been grown in the Middle East, India and parts of Africa for over 7,000 years. They are small, cream-colored, mild flavored legumes. Chickpeas are popular in many different world cuisines such as Middle Eastern, Indian, Italian, Spanish and Latin America.

Where do they grow?

Chickpeas are grown throughout the Middle East, India, Turkey, Africa and the United States. India produces about 80-90% of the world's chickpea supply. Most of the chickpeas produced in the United States are grown in California. Eastern Washington State, Idaho and Montana grow this crop also, and recently have increased the amount they are growing since Mexico has cut back their production. Chickpeas are available year round either dried or canned.

How do they grow?

Chickpeas are grown on multiple branched plants with small, feathery leaves and pods containing seeds. These grow between 8 to 40 inches tall. Chickpea plants contain a tap root system, which allows them to withstand drought conditions. They grow best in warmer climates consisting of hot days and warm nights. Chickpeas also require fertile and sandy soil with good drainage to prevent soggy or flooded ground.

Are they healthy?

Have high amounts of protein

(In school lunch these can count as either a vegetable component or protein/meat alternate component.)

- ♥ Contain complex carbohydrates and fiber
- $rac{W}{}$ Are a good source of vitamin B6, C and zinc

How do you pick a good one?

Purchase cans that are not damaged and meet U.S.D.A. grade standards

 $rac{W}{}$ Choose dried beans/peas that are uniformly sized and evenly colored

- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid dried chickpeas that are cracked or broken
- \checkmark If buying dried in bulk, check for insect damage (small, pin size holes)

\odot FUN FACTS! \odot

<u>Chickpeas</u>

Did you know...

- Did you know chickpeas can be used in salads, soups, dips, and pasta or grain dishes?
- Did you know chickpeas are also called garbanzo or ceci (pronounce chee-chee) beans?
- Did you know chickpeas are considered a vegetable or meat alternate/protein in the school lunch program?
- Did you know that on the food pyramid chickpeas/garbanzo beans are in the meat & beans group and also the vegetable group?
- © Did you know chickpeas are used to make hummus; a thick spread used on crackers or bread?

(Vegetarians commonly eat hummus since it is a good source of protein. It is a Middle Eastern dip. Hummus consists of chickpeas that are mashed and combined with lemon juice, oil, crushed sesame seeds and garlic.)

© Did you know chickpeas are used in a popular Middle Eastern dish called falafel?

(To prepare this dish beans are mashed and formed into balls and then deep-fried.)

- ^(C) Did you know chickpeas can be purchased as dried or canned?
- ^(C) Did you know that chickpeas have a nutlike flavor?
- © Did you know chickpeas contain 20% protein, 5% fat and 55% carbohydrate?
- © Did you know chickpeas are high in soluble fiber, which may lower blood sugar and cholesterol levels?

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Chickpeas; Choose ideas at your own discretion

Presentation

Meal Appeal -

Vary Shapes in Salads for Eye Appeal and an Exciting

Mouth Feel!

Ouality:

Rinse & Drain

Canned Chickpeas

to Eliminate Sodium!

Safety: Return Bulging or Damaged Cans!

RECIPES:

- Try a new recipe with chickpeas/garbanzo beans ---Hummus; Great vegetarian item! (USDA E-24)
- ✓ Add hummus to vegetable sandwiches and wraps
- Offer three bean salads with chickpeas (USDA E-11; Substitute chickpeas for kidney beans)
- ✓ Add chickpeas to fresh tossed salads for extra fiber
- ✓ Add chickpeas to cooked brown rice or white rice

MARKETING:

- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Place free small samples out for students to taste test ---Advertise as "Free Samples" and students may try something new!
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (Example: Chill Out with Chickpeas or Groov'n' with Garbanzo Beans!)
- ✓ Turn your salad bar into a "Salad Topping Bar":
 - Place lettuce, red/green leafy greens and fresh spinach in a bowl for students, then let them create their own salad masterpiece at the "Topping Bar"!
 - Offer salad toppings such as chickpeas, tomatoes, carrots, cucumbers, broccoli, three bean salad, sunflower seeds, Chinese noodles, croutons...
- ✓ Feature a "Vegetable Trivia Contest"!
 - Jisplay different vegetables and have students "Name the Vegetable" Or

Distribute a list of vegetable trivia questions and ask "What Vegetable Am I?"

- Inter all returned questionnaires in a box
- Pick several winners, but questionnaires selected as winners must have correct answers!
- ✓ Give out fun prizes!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Kiwifruit and Chickpeas ... Items in bold are enclosed.

✓	Celebrate March National Nutrition Month!
~	Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
~	Go to the Team Nutrition web site to order a free "Vegetable & Fruit Challenge" Poster (Your school must be a Team Nutrition School to receive a free poster) Instructions for "Challenge" are attached; Set a classroom goal! www.teamnutrition.usda.gov/Resources/fvchallengepacket.html (Click on "upon request")
~	Have students color "Kevin Kiwi"
✓	Have students complete "Kiwifruit Trivia Questions" or play a game with questions
~	Distribute "Five Fuzzy Fruit Breakfast Riddles" for students to complete
✓	Discuss the characteristics of a kiwifruit (fuzzy, brown skin, green flesh with seeds)
~	Discuss "Ripening Kiwi"; Have each student create their own unique ripening bag!
✓	Conduct "Kiwifruit Life Cycle" activity with students
~	Have students complete "Solve the Mystery Chickpea Words"
✓	Review "SLOOPING the KIWI" A new and fun way to eat Kiwifruit!
	Home Link Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home Items in bold are enclosed.
✓	Encourage "Take the 5 A Day Challenge" as a family activity (handout attached)

- ✓ Send home --- "Slooping the Kiwi" handout
- ✓ Kids' Kitchen Recipes (Review with students "What Is A Serving?" and "Fruit Scramble")
- ✓ Recipes for Home



From: "Fruits & Vegetables Galore-Meal Appeal"/USDA Team Nutrition



Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Students will be able to identify various fruits and vegetables.
- 2. Students will be able to count the number of fruits and vegetables eaten at lunchtime.
- 3. Students will be able to record their progress on a chart.
- 4. Students will practice addition by adding up the number of servings daily, weekly and monthly.
- 5. Students will compare their personal and whole class progress with an identified goal.

How to Play:

- Hang up the chart in the classroom. The chart is printed on synthetic paper, which will wipe off clean. Have dry-erase markers readily available near the chart (the kind that write on and wipe off so that you can reuse the chart next year!). You can even Velcro the markers to the chart!
- Set a classroom goal. The goal is set by multiplying the number of school days in the month by the number of students in the class by 1.5 servings. For example, the month of February may have 15 school days and your classroom has 20 students. The formula would be as follows:

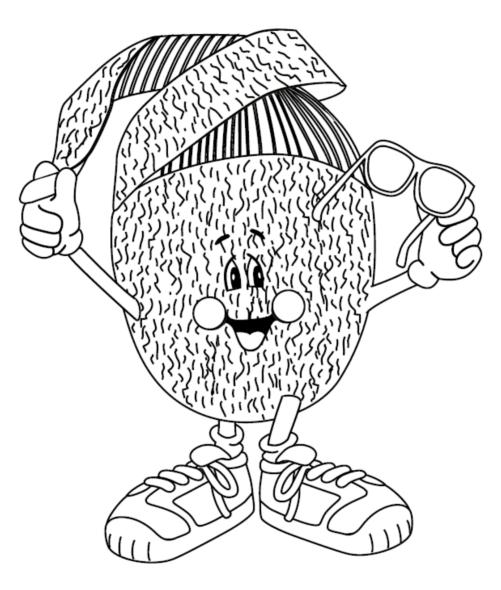
15 days X 20 students X 1.5 servings fruits & vegetables = 450

The 450 becomes your monthly goal for the students to reach on the chart.

- After lunch each day, have the students come up to the chart and make an X in the numbered boxes, putting one X for each fruit or vegetable eaten, one X per box. A taste is all that is necessary. Be sure to have students bringing lunches from home participate as well as those students purchasing school lunch. Notify parents of the challenge to encourage their support and participation.
- Plan a special tasting party or offer small incentives to the students when the goal is reached. These
 incentives may include pencils, stickers, magnets, special privileges, etc. Here is where your food
 service director may be able to assist you by preparing special items for the classroom or recognizing
 the students in the cafeteria. You may even want to post your results in the cafeteria for other classes
 to see the progress.
- Tell Team Nutrition and Connecticut Team Nutrition about your challenge so we can feature your class on our Web sites! www.fns.usda.gov/tn and www.team.uconn.edu.

Developed by Connecticut Team Nutrition which is sponsored by: University of Connecticut, Department of Nutritional Sciences Connecticut State Department of Education, Office of Child Nutrition





Kevin Kiwi Fruit ©





KIWIFRUIT --- TRIVIA QUESTIONS



1- What is kiwifruit called in China?

2- What would have been happening when the first kiwifruit was shipped to the United States?

- A. A man landed on the moon.
- B. The first cars were being built.
- C. World War II was being fought in Europe.

3- Green kiwi can be found in the U.S. What other type of kiwifruit can be found in the United States?

4- What was grown first in the United States, corn or kiwifruit?

5- What is another name for kiwifruit?

6- Most kiwifruit grown in the United States is in a state that borders the Pacific Ocean. What is the state?

7- The original name of kiwi was the "Chinese Gooseberry". The United States renamed this fruit. What did the U.S. name Kiwifruit after?

8- What was the first country to grow kiwifruit?

9- Where does most of the kiwifruit in California grow?

10- What country has the oldest kiwifruit vines?

11- How many varieties of kiwifruit are there in China?

12- How many years old is kiwifruit?



FIVE FUZZY FRUIT BREAKFAST RIDDLES TO HELP START THE DAY WITH 5 A DAY

1- You can pour milk over me and eat me for breakfast. Sweet, colorful slices of kiwifruit, called kiwi coins, can be put on top of me to make me prettier and healthier.

What am I?

2- You can eat me for breakfast or a snack. I'm made with yogurt, granola cereal and kiwifruit slices layered in a tall glass. Another way I can be made is with ice cream.

What am I? _____

3- I am brown on the outside, green on the inside with some black spots. I can be eaten whole, in slices, in wedges or scooped out with a spoon? What am I?

4- I am round and flat. You pour me into a pan to cook me. Sliced kiwifruit on top of me tastes great. What am I?

5- You can put slices of kiwifruit, bananas, apples, pineapple and other fruits together in a bowl and eat me for breakfast. What am I?

Bonus:

When you wake up in the morning, you need energy to keep you feeling fit and fine the whole day. That is why I am one of the most important meals of the day.

What am I?



Ripening Kiwi!

Fruit that is not ripe does not taste sweet. Kiwifruit is easy to ripen. Ethylene, a natural gas produced by kiwifruit and other fruits, helps the fruit ripen.

Three-Step Ripening:

- 1. Place kiwifruit in a paper bag with other fruits such as a pear, banana or apple.
- 2. Leave the bag loosely closed at room temperature out of direct sunlight.
- 3. Check the fruit daily. When it gives to gentle palm pressure, it is ripe. (Hold it in your palm like a baseball and gently squeeze.) Enjoy eating it or refrigerate ripe kiwifruit to enjoy later.

Experiment!

Have the students sample a ripe and unripe kiwifruit. Which do they prefer? How does ripe and unripe kiwifruit taste and feel differently? Have each student create their own ripening bag by putting their name and other artwork on a paper bag.



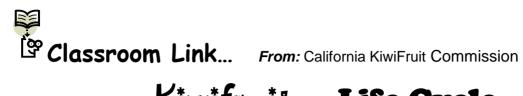
TRIVIA QUESTIONS:

Answers: 1-Yangtao 2-A 3-Gold or Golden 4-Corn 5-Chines 6-California 7-New Zealand's National Bird ---The "Kiwi" 8-China 9-Sacramento & San Joaquin Valleys (Central California) 10-China 11-Over 400 12-Over 700 Years

5-Chinese Gooseberry 8-China 10-China

FIVE FUZZY FRUIT BREAKFAST RIDDLES:

1- Cereal 2- Parfait 3- Kiwifruit 4- Pancakes 5- Fruit Salad *Bonus-* Breakfast



Kiwifruit ... Life Cycle

Purpose/Objectives:

- 1. Identify the needs for plant growth and life cycle stages.
- 2. Summarize the kiwifruit's life cycle through illustrations.
- 3. Compare and contrast a plant's growth needs to those of a human.

Materials Needed:

- 1. Kiwifruit
- 2. Colored pencils
- 3. Poster paper
- 4. Glue
- 5. Scissors

Background:

Kiwifruit has tiny black seeds that can be seen when you slice the fruit. Bees pollinate Kiwifruit flowers. Farmers use two or three beehives per acre to help pollinate kiwifruit flowers. Kiwifruit has male and female plants. For proper pollination, there needs to be one male plant for every eight female plants. Kiwifruit needs water, nutrients and soil to grow. The developing kiwifruit is called a beny and grows on vines. It takes three years for a kiwifruit plant to mature and produce fruit. In California, the fruit is picked in October and November. The vines can be as high as 15 feet. In China, some kiwifruit grows on trees that are 20 to 30 feet tall. Kiwifruit vines can live a long time. There are vines in New Zealand that are 80 years old.

Lesson/Activity:

- 1. Print at the top of poster paper "Fruitful Life Cycle of Kiwifruit". Draw a circle with arrows and the words "Begin" and "End" on the poster paper.
- 2. Have students cut out life cycle stickers.
- 3. Write on the life cycle stickers the different stages of kiwifruit growth as outlined in the "background information above.
- 4. Discuss what is needed for kiwifruit's growth. Compare to human growth and our needs.
- 5. Explain the different stages of kiwifruit growth. Have students glue the life cycle stickers in sequence on poster board.





- 1- Chickpeas are also called ______R____N_____E____S.
- 2- Chickpeas are an excellent source of the nutrient, ___<u>R___E__</u>.
- 3- <u>U</u> <u>S</u> is a Middle eastern dip made with mashed chickpeas.
- 4- <u>N</u> <u>I</u> is the country that produces the most chickpeas in the world.
- 5- Chickpeas are high in soluble ____ <u>B E</u> ___.
- 6- <u>L F</u> L is a popular Middle Eastern dish made by mashing chickpeas and forming them into balls and then deep-frying.
- 7- Another name for chickpeas is $\underline{\underline{C}} = \underline{\underline{C}} = \underline{\underline{E}} \underline{\underline{A}} = \underline{\underline{S}}.$
- 8- In the United States, <u>A I I I I</u> is the major state producing chickpeas.



ANSWERS

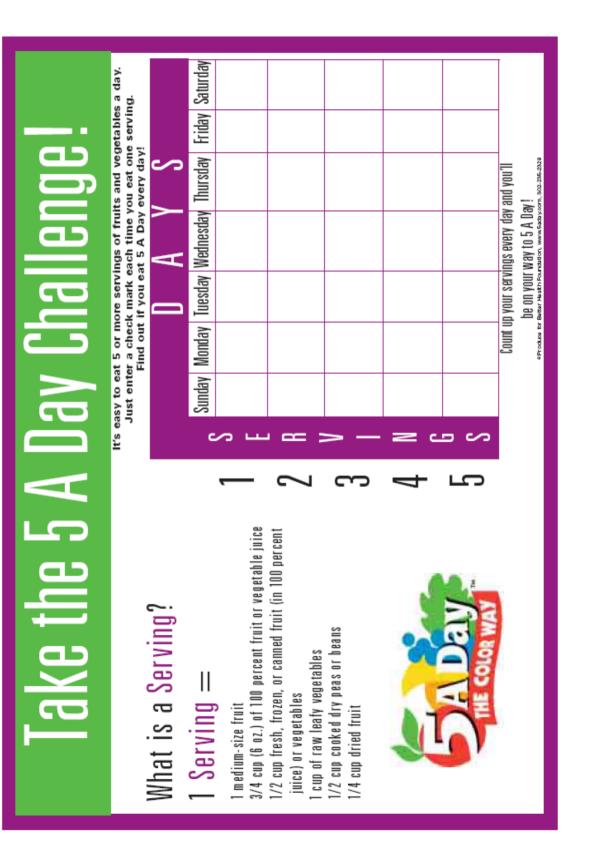


- 1- Chickpeas are also called <u>GARBANZO</u> <u>BEANS</u>.
- 2- Chickpeas are an excellent source of the nutrient, $\underline{P} \underline{R} \underline{O} \underline{T} \underline{E} \underline{I} \underline{N}$.
- 3- <u>H</u> <u>U</u> <u>M</u> <u>M</u> <u>U</u> <u>S</u> is a Middle eastern dip made with mashed chickpeas.
- 4- <u>I N D I A</u> is the country that produces the most chickpeas in the world.
- 5- Chickpeas are high in soluble $\underline{F} \underline{I} \underline{B} \underline{E} \underline{R}$.
- 6- <u>F A L A F E L</u> is a popular Middle Eastern dish made by mashing chickpeas and forming them into balls and then deep-frying.
- 7- Another name for chickpeas is $\underline{C} \in \underline{C} \mid \underline{B} \in \underline{A} \setminus \underline{N} \leq \underline{S}$.
- 8- In the United States, <u>C A L I F O R N I A</u> is the major state producing chickpeas.



Home Link... Have everyone in the family keep track of the fruits & vegetables they eat each day. Use a different

vegetables. Make sure to enter your \checkmark under the correct day! Total the number of check marks for each family member at the end of colored marker or square for each family member. Place a check (\checkmark) into the square each time you eat a serving of fruits or the week. Who scored the highest??? Who ate the most fruits & vegetables for the week???





SLOOPING THE KIWI

Which of the following statements most describes you?

- 1. I love kiwifruit and eat it all the time; peeling and slicing it is no problem at all. -or-
- 2. I enjoy kiwifruit, but it sure is a pain to get past that fuzzy skin to enjoy the fruit inside.
- If you answered yes to question #2 (and trust us, a lot of people feel the same way), we've got a solution for you. It's called **Slooping** –

It's the ideal way to enjoy California kiwifruit!

Slooping a kiwi is simple and quick, and can be done almost anywhere. Once you start **Slooping** you'll never look at a kiwi the same way again! Something that was once inconvenient and exotic will become an everyday, everywhere snack.



It's Simple! Follow these directions:

Step One: Take a knife and slice the kiwi in half.

Step Two: While holding one half of the kiwi in your left hand, take a spoon and scoop out a bite of that tangy, tender, sweet and juicy fruit. Then scoop out another bite, then another.

Pretty soon you've consumed the most flavorful, nutritious and fun fresh fruit you can get your hands on, and you've done it with no fuss and no muss.

Eat the fruit right out of the skin, and then throw away the skin or, if you're really, really brave, eat the skin too – it's loaded with nutrition!

So start **Slooping** today!





<u>Kiwifruits</u>

How to Cut and Slice a Kiwifruit:

- 1-Rinse kiwifruit under cold running water
- 2-Secure the kiwi on a cutting board
- 3-Cut off the top and bottom ends
- 4-Peel down the sides with a vegetable peeler or paring knife
- 5-Slice or quarter into bite-size pieces

OR

Try "SLOOPING" your Kiwi!

Fun Ways to Eat:

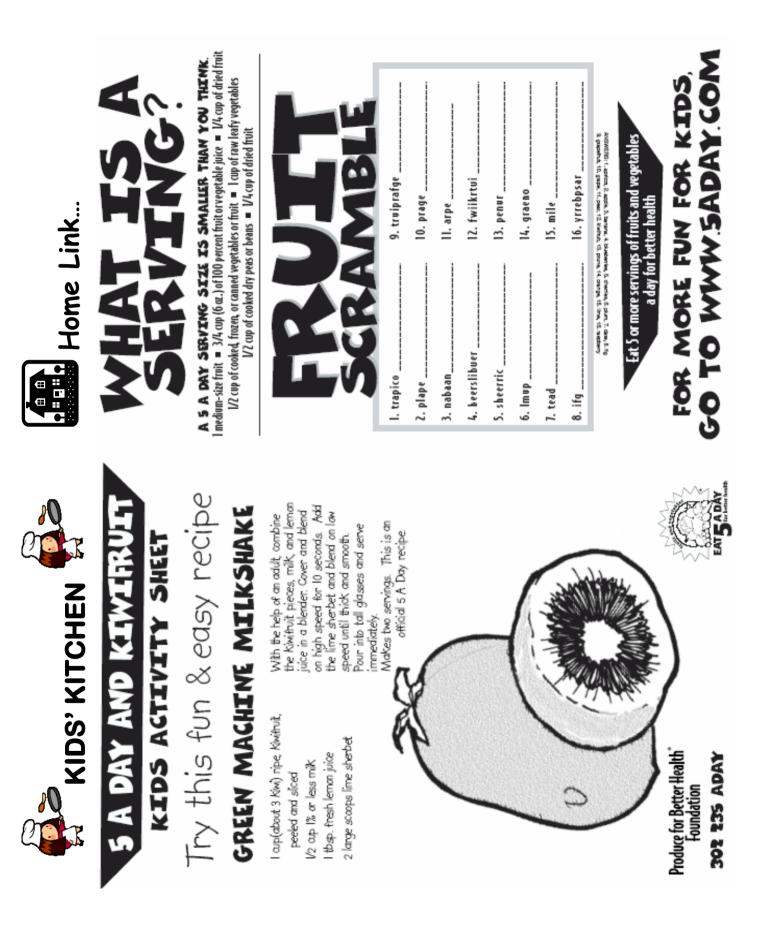
- ${}^{\textcircled{W}}$ Mix into low fat yogurt
- 🖑 Use as a topping for fruit pizza
- Make a kiwifruit sauce; Use it as a topping for pancakes, waffles, French toast, ice cream or yogurt *(See home recipes, "Early Start Sauce)*
- ♥ Add to fruit salads, tossed salads and cold rice or pasta salads
- lash W Use in a smoothie or shake

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

All the following recipes are attached and include kiwifruit as an ingredient:

- 🖑 Green Machine Milkshake
- 🖑 Rainbow Fruit Platter with Strawberry Yogurt Dip
- 🖑 Fruit Pizza







Rainbow Fruit Platter with Strawberry Yogurt Dip

Makes 6 servings

From: 5 A Day Kids' Cookbook/Dole

Ingredients:

Dip

- 1 cup chopped strawberries
- 1 (8 ounce) carton vanilla yogurt

Platter

- 1 cup whole Strawberries, washed
- 2 cups fresh Pineapple, cut into chunks
- 1 large Banana, peeled and cut into chunks
- 1 Red Delicious Apple, cored and sliced
- 1 Orange, peeled and sectioned
- 2 large Kiwifruit, peeled and sliced
- 1 cup Purple Grapes, washed

You will need:

- ✓ Cutting Board ✓ Knife
- ✓ Large Serving Platter ✓ Six Individual Plates
- ✓ Small Bowl ✓ Spoon

Directions:

Dip

1- Combine chopped strawberries and yogurt in small bowl; set aside

Platter

2- Arrange fruit on large serving platter to create bands of a rainbow. Give your friends their own small plates so they can make their own rainbow with their favorite fruits.

3- Serve with the bowl of fresh strawberry yogurt dip on the side. You can either dip pieces of fruit in the yogurt, or spoon the yogurt over the top of your rainbow.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 163, Fat 1g, Saturated Fat .5g,

Fiber 5g, Cholesterol 2mg, Vitamin A 202 IU, Vitamin C 100mg, Sodium 30mg, Calcium

100mg, Potassium 539mg





Kids can make this fun and easy recipe. It will be a delicious work of art! Younger children may need some help from an adult. A combination of kiwifruit, strawberries, raspberries, and blueberries is pretty and some light whipped topping can also be added.

Ingredients:

- 1 package (20 oz.) sugar cookie dough
- 1 qt. strawberries, washed and hulled
 - (or other fresh fruit such as kiwi!)
- 1 large box (1.4 oz.) sugar-free vanilla instant pudding

3 cups skim milk

6 oz. (1/2 of a 12 oz. tub) light cream cheese (room temperature)

Directions:

- Preheat oven to 350°F degrees.
- Spray a 16-inch pizza pan with a non-stick spray.
- Slice cookie dough into 1/4 -inch thick slices.
- Arrange slices on pizza pan so that they are $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1-inch apart.
- Bake for 18-20 minutes or until golden and set. Cool.
- In small mixing bowl, combine pudding mix and milk. Beat on low to mix.
- Add cream cheese to pudding mix and beat until smooth and thickened.
- Pour over cooled cookie crust.
- Arrange fruit on top.

Yield: 18 slices (18 servings)

One serving: 1/18 the pie

Per serving: 185 calories, 24 grams carbohydrate, 5 grams protein, 8 grams fat **Exchanges:** 1½ starch, 1½ fat

Source: Quick & Healthy Recipes and Ideas





Chickpeas

How to Prepare:

1-Open a can of chickpeas

2-Drain and rinse chickpeas in colander

Fun Ways to Eat:

- $rac{W}{}$ Add to tossed salads
- 🖑 Mix into pasta salads
- ${}^{igsymbol{rac{W}{V}}}$ Add to brown or white rice
- lash W Prepare a bean salad
- Try toasting (recipe below)
- Make hummus, great vegetarian item; Spread on crackers and mini breads (Hummus: Pureed chickpeas, lemon juice, tahini, garlic, olive oil, salt and pepper)

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!) The following recipe includes chickpeas as an ingredient:

Spanish Nibbles: Paprika Toasted Chickpeas

Recipe Courtesy Rachael Ray Show: Food Network Specials

Ingredients:

-2 (15-ounce) cans chickpeas, rinsed and drained

- -2 teaspoons smoked paprika
- -Salt and pepper

Directions:

Place chickpeas in a medium skillet over medium heat and cook 15 minutes until crisp and dry. In the last 5 minutes, season the chickpeas with paprika, salt and pepper. (*If you season them up too soon, the paprika will blacken and become bitter.*) Munch and crunch! Great snack!







Home Recipes

Your child/children will be offered

Kiwi

in March on their School Menu! Try a new Kiwifruit recipe at home!

EARLY START SAUCE

From: California KiwiFruit Commission

Ingredients:

1/4 cup honey1/4 cup orange juice1/4 teaspoon grated orange peel4 California kiwifruit, pared, sliced, guartered

Directions:

Combine honey, orange juice and orange peel. Microwave on high for 3 minutes or until mixture is smooth. Stir in kiwifruit. Serve on top of pancakes, waffles or French toast. Makes about 3/4 cup.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Kiwi

En Marzo en su Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Kiwifruit** en casa!

SALSA DE COMIENZO

De: Comisión de KiwiFruit de California

Ingredientes:

¼ de taza de jugo de naranja
¼ de taza de miel
¼ de cucharilla de cascara de naranja rallada
4 kiwifruit de California, pelado, cortado, dividido

Direcciones:

Combina la miel, el jugo de naranja y la cáscara de naranja. Cocine en microonda en alto durante 3 minutos o hasta que mezcla sea suave. Mezcle con el kiwifruit y sirva encima de tortitas, los barquillos o la tostada.

Hace acerca de 3/4 de taza.

Home Link... Try a new Kiwifruit recipe at home!

Tropical Fruit Sundae

Makes 8 servings

Source: PBH/Steve White

Ingredients:

cup pineapple (fresh), bite size
 cup strawberries (fresh), sliced
 kiwifruit, sliced
 cup sapote (sliced) (2–3 fruits)
 orange, sectioned
 tsp lemon juice
 cup pina colada yogurt
 Tbsp peanuts, chopped
 maraschino cherries

Directions:

Combine first five ingredients and coat with lemon juice. Divide fruit among 8, five-ounce stemmed glasses. Top with yogurt, then nuts, then a cherry. Refrigerate.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 110, Fat 4g, Calories from Fat 29%, Cholesterol 1mg, Fiber 2g, Sodium 12mg.



<u>Helado de Fruta Fresca Tropical</u>

Hace 8 Porciónes

Fuente: PBH/Steve White

Ingredientes:

- 1 taza de piña fresca, en trozos pequeños
- 1 taza de fresas frescas, en rebanadas
- 3 kiwis, en rebanadas
- 1 taza de zapote (2-3 frutas)
- 1 naranja, pelada y cortada
- 2 cucharaditas de jugo de limón
- 1/2 taza de yogur de vainilla o piña
- 6 cucharillas de cacahuates, machacados
- 8 cerezas maraschino

Direcciones:

Combine todas las frutas menos las cerezas y agregue el jugo de limón. Divida las frutas entre 8 vasos. Mezcle el yogur con los cacahuates. Use la mezcla para encima de los vasos de fruta. Termine poniendo una cereza encima. Refrigere.

Análisis nutritivo por cada porción: calorías 110; grasa total 4g; % calorías de grasa 29%; colesterol 1mg; fibra 2g; sodio: 12mg



New Zealand Brown Rice Salad

Makes 6 servings.

Source: PBH/ENZA Fresh Inc.

Ingredients:

- 1 cup brown rice
- 2 kiwifruit
- 1 Braeburn or Fuji apple
- 1/2 cup celery, thinly sliced
- 1/2 cup red pepper, cut into strips
- 1/4 cup walnut pieces, toasted
- 2 Tbsp parsley, chopped
- 3 Tbsp sherry vinegar
- 1 Tbsp olive oil

Directions:

- Cook rice according to package directions. Drain and cool.
- Peel kiwifruit and cut into ¼ inch thick slices. Cut slices in half to form half circles.
- Core apple and dice apple into $\frac{1}{2}$ inch cubes.
- In a salad bowl, toss together rice, kiwifruit, apple, celery, red pepper strips, walnuts, green onions and parsley.
- Mix together vinegar and oil; drizzle over salad.
- Toss to mix well.
- Cover and refrigerate 1-2 hours to allow flavors to blend before serving.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 202, Fat 7g, Calories from Fat 29%, Fiber 4g, Cholesterol 0g, Sodium 304mg



Ensalada de arroz integral de Nueva Zelandia

Hace 6 Porciónes Fuente: PBH/ENZA Fresh Inc.

Ingredientes:

- 1 taza de arroz integral
- 2 kiwis
- 1 manzana de Braeburn o de Fuji
- $\frac{1}{2}$ taza de apio, en rebanadss finas
- 1/2 taza de pimenton rojo, cortado en tiras
- 1/4 de taza de nuezes en pedazos, tostados
- 1/4 de taza de cebollas verde, en rebanadas fina
- 2 cucharadas de perejil cortado
- 3 cucharadas de jerez de vinagre
- 1 cucharada de aceite de oliva

Direcciones:

- Cocine el arroz integral según las direcciones del paquete. Escurra y enfria.
- Pele el kiwi y corte en rebanadas gruesas de ¼ de pulgadas. Corte las rebanadas por la mitad para formar semi-círculos.
- Quite el corazón a la manzana y corte la manzana en cubitos de ½ pulgada.
- En un tazón de ensalada, mezcle junto el arroz, kiwi, manzana, apio, tiras de la pimienta roja, nueces, cebollas verde y el perejil.

- Mezcle juntos el vinagre y el aceite; ponga encima de ensalada y mezcla bien.

- Cubra y refrigere 1-2 horas para permitir que los sabores se mezclen bien antes de servir

Información de la nutrición por la porción: Calorías 202, 7g gordo, calorías de la grasa el 29%, fibra 4g, colesterol 0g, sodio 304mg.







Your child/children will be offered

Chickpeas

in March on their School Menu! Try a new Chickpea recipe at home!

<u>Creole Chickpeas with Pasta</u>

Servings: 6 portions Recipe From: Michele Urvater/Food Network

Ingredients:

12 ounces corkscrews or wagon wheels

- ¼ cup olive oil
- ¹/₄ cup chopped onion
- 1/4 cup chopped green bell pepper
- 1/4 cup chopped scallion
- 1 tablespoon minced fresh garlic
- 1 28-ounce can plum tomatoes, chopped, juices reserved
- 1 to 2 cups chicken broth
- 1 10-ounce package frozen corn, thawed
- 16-ounce can of chickpeas, drained, rinsed
- 1/2 teaspoon thyme
- 1 whole bay leaf
- 1/8 to 1/4 teaspoon cayenne pepper
- 2 tablespoons parsley for garnish, minced
- Salt and pepper

Directions:

- -Cook pasta according to package directions.
- -In a large saucepan heat the olive oil.
- -Add the onion, bell pepper and scallion and sauté for 3 to 4 minutes or until tender.
- -Stir in the garlic and sauté a few seconds.
- -Stir in the tomatoes, broth and corn and simmer 5 minutes.
- -Add chickpeas, thyme, bay leaf and cayenne pepper and simmer until pasta is done.
- -Boil down to thicken sauce or, conversely add more broth if you want it loose.
- -Season with salt and pepper.
- -Remove bay leaf before serving. When pasta is done transfer to a bowl and top with spicy chickpea mix. Garnish with minced parsley.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Garbanzos

en Marzo en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Garbanzo** en casa!

<u>Garbanzos criollos con Pasta</u>

Porciones: 6 Porciónes

Receta de: Michele Urvater/Food Network

Ingredientes:

12 onzas de pasta de sacacorchos o ruedas de carro

1⁄4 de taza de aceite de oliva

1/4 de taza de cebolla cortada

1/4 de taza de pimenton verde cortado

1/4 la taza de cebolla larga cortdada

1 cucharada de ajo fresco picado

1 lata de 28 onzas de tomates enlatados, cortados, jugo reservado

1 a 2 tazas de caldo de pollo

1 paquete de 10 onzas de maíz congelado, descongelado

1 lata de16 onza de garbanzos, drenados, enjuagados

1/2 cucharadita de tomillo

1 hoja de laurel entera

1/8 a ¼ de cucharadita de pimienta de Cayena

2 cucharadas de perejil para adornar

Sal y pimienta

Direcciones:

- Cocine la pasta según direcciones del paquete.

- En una cacerola grande calienta el aceite de oliva.

- Añadir la cebolla, el pimenton y la cebolla larga y sauté durante 3 a 4 minutos o hasta que estén tiernos.

- Agregue el ajo y sauté unos segundos.

- Agregue los tomates, caldo y maíz y cocer a fuego lento 5 minutos.

- Añadir garbanzos, tomillo, hoja de laurel y ají de Cayena y hervir a fuego lento hasta que la salsa este hecha.

- Reducir para espesar la salsa o, añadir más caldo si quiere que la salsa quede menos espesa.

- Sasone con sal y pimienta.

- Quite la hoja de laurel antes de la servir. Cuando la pasta es hecha transferencia a un tazón y cumbra con mezcla garbanzos sazonada. Adorne con perejil picado.

APRIL: Fruit – Apricots Veggie – Sugar Snap Peas



Where did they come from?

Apricots originated in China and have been around for more than 4,000 years. Trimmings of the apricot tree were progressively brought through the Persian Empire to the Mediterranean where they became a very popular fruit. Apricots were introduced to America by Spanish explorers who planted this fruit in the gardens of Spanish missions throughout California. In 1792, the first major production of apricots started in northern California.

Where do they grow?

Apricots are grown in the United States including California, Indiana and Washington State but are also grown in Chile, New Zealand, Turkey, France, Spain and Italy. California produces 95% of the apricots grown in the United States but only about 16% of these apricots are sold fresh. U.S. grown apricots are available mid-May to mid-August and imported apricots from Chile and New Zealand are available from December through March. However, peak seasons for apricots range between December to January and May to June.

How do they grow?

Apricots are grown on small to medium sized trees, which contain spreading canopies. Apricots grow best in deep, fertile, well-drained soils and are most successful in mild, Mediterranean climates where the weather is warm and there is no possibility of frost. Apricots are picked by hand. The apricot resembles a peach, but is smaller and has a smooth, oval pit that falls out easily when the fruit is halved. Fresh apricots are ripe when they yield to gentle pressure.

Are they healthy?

- Contains high amounts of vitamin A which keeps skin, eyes and bones healthy
- Provides good amounts of vitamin C which helps in cell formation, iron absorption and cold prevention
- \checkmark Does not contain saturated fat, sodium or cholesterol
- $rac{W}{}$ Contains good source of potassium

How do you pick a good one?

- \checkmark Choose fresh apricots that are plump with golden orange color
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid ones that are pale yellow, greenish-yellow, shriveled or bruised
- ♥ Select ones that are soft for the best flavor

© FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Apricots</u>

Did you know...

- ^(C) Did you know apricots are a member of the rose family?
- © Did you know there are many varieties of apricots; Pattersons, Blenheims, Tiltons, Castlebrites?
- ^(C) Did you know apricots may be eaten raw or cooked?
- ^(C) Did you know apricots are a relative of the peach?
- © Did you know that apricots ripen earlier than most other summer fruits?
- [©] Did you know that apricots are very sweet?
- Did you know that any recipe that contains peaches or nectarines can be substituted with apricots?

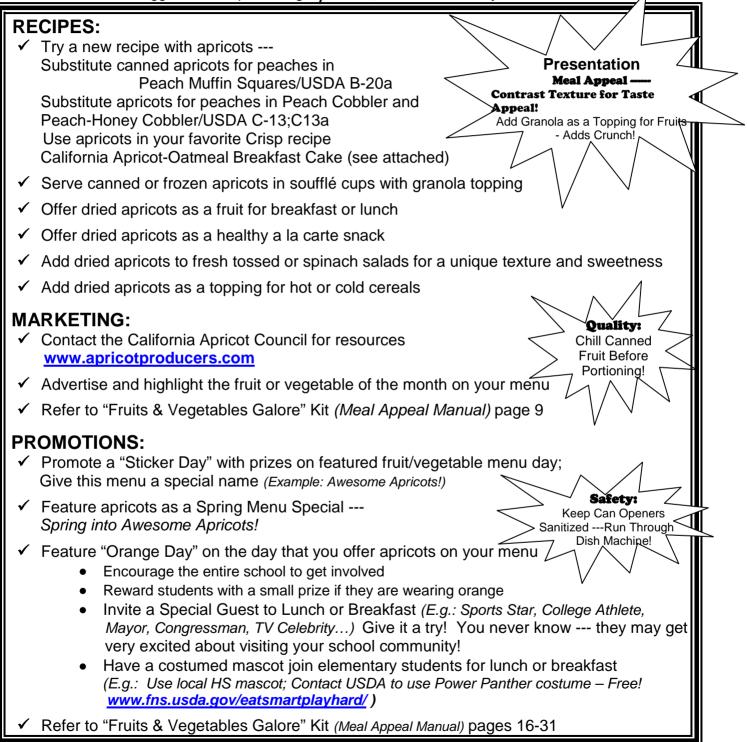
Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Apricots; Choose ideas at your own discretion



School Food Service Link...



School Food Service Recipes 😪

California Apricot-Oatmeal Breakfast Cake

Created by: Diane Wegner Deshler *Source:* California Apricot Producers Sweet and nutritious with Vitamin A-rich apricots and heart-healthy oats!

Yield: 96 Servings

Ingredients:

- 3 pounds 8 ounces all-purpose flour
- 9 ounces oats old-fashioned
- 1 tablespoon + 1 teaspoon baking powder
- 1 tablespoon + 1 teaspoon baking soda
- 1 tablespoon + 1 teaspoon cinnamon
- 2 teaspoons salt
- 3 pounds unsalted butter, softened
- 2 pounds 12 ounces sugar
- 1 pound 4 ounces brown sugar
- 12 large eggs
- 6 cups low-fat buttermilk
- 1 #10 can California apricots, drained

Directions:

- -Preheat convection oven to 325°F.
- -Coat three 12"x18"x2" hotel pans with cooking spray. Line the bottom of the pans with parchment paper.
- -In a large bowl, combine flour, oats, baking powder, baking soda, cinnamon, and salt. Set aside.
- -Chop drained apricots into medium dice and set aside.
- -In a 20-quart mixer, cream butter using the paddle attachment until soft and smooth.
- -Add sugar and brown sugar slowly to butter; combine until mixture is smooth and creamy.
- -Beat in eggs, one at a time, until combined and batter is smooth.
- -Slowly add dry ingredients alternately with buttermilk, beginning and ending with dry ingredients. -Stir in apricots; do not over-mix.
- -Distribute the cake batter evenly among the three prepared hotel pans.
- -Bake cakes about 30 minutes or until done. They will be golden brown on top and center will test clean with a toothpick or knife.
- -Cool cakes for 1 hour. Carefully turn cakes over onto parchment lined sheet pans. Cool completely. Turn cakes back over onto new parchment lined sheet pans (so that the cake is right side up for serving).
- -Serve or cover and store overnight. This cake keeps well and can easily be served the next day. Each pan makes 32 servings.
- -Optional: After slicing, lightly sprinkle cake slices with powdered sugar.
- *Nutrition Facts (per 3.30 oz. serving):* Calories 265.29, Calories from Fat 109.13, Fat 12.13 g, Protein 3.42 g, Carbohydrates 36.88 g, Cholesterol 57.75 mg, Dietary Fiber 0.97 g, Calcium 38.99 mg, Iron 1.20 mg, Sodium 146.64 mg



Where did they come from?

Peas have been used in dry form since ancient times, and were found in Egyptian tombs by archeologists. During the sixteenth century more tender varieties of peas were developed and eaten fresh. Sugar snap peas are one variety of peas, which are a cross between garden peas and snow peas. Sugar snap peas were developed in the seventeenth century but did not become commonly available in the United States until the 1970's.

Where do they grow?

Sugar snap peas are grown in California, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Utah but are most abundantly grown in California. They are a cool weather crop and are available from late spring to early summer. Fresh sugar snap peas have a limited distribution throughout the states but frozen sugar snap peas are widely available all year long.

How do they grow?

Sugar snap peas grow on a vine, which is supported by a trellis or other support system in order to keep the pods from touching the soil. The plants are generally about 4 feet high. After seeding, the sugar snap pea plant will mature in 70-75 days. At maturity the pods reach a length of $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches. Before eating, the pods require "stringing" which is the removal of the thread-like string running the length of the pod.

Are they healthy?

Provides vitamins A and C, thiamin, riboflavin and niacin

 \checkmark Contains adequate amounts of phosphorus, iron and potassium

 \checkmark Provides almost no fat, are low in sodium and contain no cholesterol

 $rac{W}{}$ Contributes mostly water and vitamins

How do you pick a good one?

 $\overset{\bullet}{\mathbb{V}}$ Look for bright green, firm pods with a slightly velvety feel

 $rac{W}{}$ Select plump pods which appear to be almost bursting

 \checkmark Avoid limp, yellowed or heavily speckled pods

© FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Sugar Snap Peas</u>

Did you know...

© Did you know a 100-calorie serving of sugar snap peas contains more protein than a whole egg or tablespoon of peanut butter?

Did you know sugar snap peas are from the legume family? (Legumes are plants that produce pods containing edible, fleshy seeds.)

[©] Did you know about 1 cup of sugar snap peas equals 45 calories?

- © Did you know the pods of sugar snap peas are plump, sweet and tender?
- © Did you know there are other varieties of snap peas including Sugar Rae, Sugar Bon and Sugar Ann?
- © Did you know frozen or fresh sugar snap peas make a great cold snack with dip?

(Blanch, "shock" in ice water and chill. Serve as a finger food with your favorite dip.)

© Did you know that sugar snap peas are only available fresh and frozen?

(The high temperatures used for canning would destroy the structure of the pod.)

Did you know sugar snap peas require very little cooking time? (Cook only 2-3 minutes at a simmer. If overcooked the pods soften and the flavor is destroyed.)

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting *Sugar Snap Peas* Choose ideas at your own discretion

Presentation

Meal Appeal -----

Try a Crispy New Texture for Taste Appeal!

Add Sugar Snap Peas to: Green Salads, Pasta Salads, Raw

Veggies, Cooked Rice &

Mixed Vegetables.

Quality: Batch Cook Vegetables

Before Each Lunch!

Do Not Overcook---Dulls Color and Destroys Flavor & Texture! [~

> ✓ **Safety:** Store Fresh

Produce at Least 6" Off the ◀

Floor and Away ⊸From the Wall! \

RECIPES:

- Try a new recipe with sugar snap peas ---Creamy Dip for Fresh Vegetables (USDA E-13) Vegetable Soup (USDA H-4) Chinese Style Vegetables (USDA I-9)
- ✓ Add sugar snap peas to pasta dishes, cold or hot
- ✓ Add peas to tossed salads
- Blanch, shock in ice water and chill. Serve as a raw vegetable with carrot sticks and/or cherry or grape tomatoes. Offer with a dip or low fat ranch dressing.
- ✓ Mix sugar snap peas into stir-fries
- ✓ Offer steamed, seasoned sugar snap peas as a vegetable component with lunch.
 - Add Chinese noodles or water chestnuts for crunch
 - Add diced red pepper or carrots for color

MARKETING:

- ✓ Hang up posters from your "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit Sense-ational Food; Eat Your Colors Every Day/Tuba Player; Eat Your Colors Today; Enjoy Fruits & Vegetables!
- Meet with a group of students to discuss the school meal program. Bring new vegetables for them to taste test, such as sugar snap peas. Following the meeting, add their suggestions and the vegetables that they liked to your menus. Include these words next to new vegetables: "Taste-Tested & Student Approved!"
- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; ∠ Give this menu a special name (Example: Snap to It --- Try Snap Peas!!)
- ✓ Feature "Green Day" on the day that you offer sugar snap peas on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing green
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 16-31

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Sugar Snap Peas and Apricots ... Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
- ✓ Have students color "Green Pea Gang"
- ✓ Distribute "Orange Fruit Word Search" and have students complete
- ✓ Have students do some shopping at the "Happy Grocery" and complete questions
- Check out the "Power Panther" web site for free resources <u>www.fns.usda.gov/eatsmartplayhard</u>; Click on "Professionals Making It Happen"; Next click on "Order Materials" and then click on "Order Form"; The POWER PANTHER is the spokes character for the USDA's Food and Nutrition Service's "Eat Smart. Play Hard." Campaign.
- ✓ Have students also check out the POWER PANTHER's web site: <u>www.fns.usda.gov/eatsmartplayhard</u>
- Copy and distribute the POWER PANTHER activity sheets (Attached are four different activity sheets, even one in Spanish!)
- Display pictures of different types of peas
- ✓ Show the difference between sugar snap peas, green peas & snow peas
- Discuss different forms of apricots (dried, fresh, canned, apricot nectar...); Show pictures or actual products
- ✓ Discuss "Project Green Thumb" (handout attached) Encourage students to start a garden at home as a family project! Maybe plan a school or classroom garden project!
- ✓ Discuss "Together at Home---- Let's Try New Foods" (handout attached) Encourage students to taste and try new foods as a family project

Home Link....

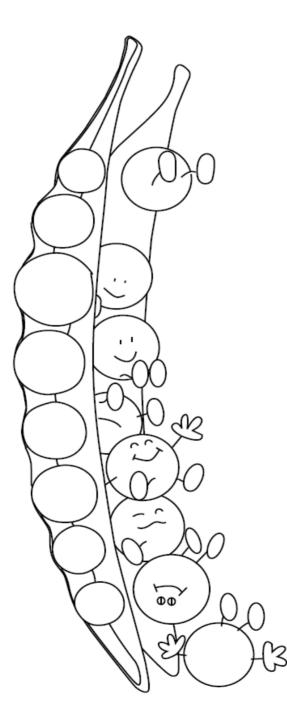
Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

- ✓ Encourage ---- "Project Green Thumb" as a family activity (handout attached)
- ✓ Send home: "Together at Home --- Let's Try New Foods" (handout attached)
- ✓ Kids' Kitchen Recipes
- ✓ Recipes for Home



Green Pea Gang



Green Pea Gang ©

Classroom Link...

	?	OR		IGE	F	rui 1	t V	Vor	d a	Se	arc	:h?		
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Х	L	Ι	Т	F	J	R	R	F	Р	С	S	D	Ι	С
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D	Р	D	Η	Η	В	K	U	Μ	Q	U	A	Т	Μ	Ι
В	А	В	Т	Y	K	Ζ	V	K	В	Х	N	L	N	Η
E	Р	U	0	L	А	Т	Ν	A	С	С	G	R	L	Q
S	Ζ	Р	J	Ι	F	Т	K	Х	L	L	E	K	U	L
V	J	Ζ	Х	L	V	Х	0	0	Ι	Y	V	Р	A	W

<u>Can you find these "Orange" colored fruits?</u>							
	(Words are horizontally, vertically and diagonally hidden)						
Apricot	Cantaloupe	Clementine	Kumquat				
Nectarine	Orange	Peach	Tangerine				









Happy Grocery 's Prices:

Apples - 35 ¢ each Apricots - \$1.99 lb. Asparagus - \$2.99 bunch Bok Choy (Baby) - 84 ¢ bunch Carrots - 99 ¢ lb. Corn (Yellow) - 22 ¢ ear Corn (White) - 35 ¢ ear Grapes (Red Seedless) - \$1.61 lb. Grapes (Green Seedless) - 99 ¢ lb. Lemons - 33 ¢ each	Lettuce (Roma Mangoes - 75 Onions (Vidali Onions (White Oranges - 40 Ø	Leaf) - \$1.32 lb. aine) - \$1.26 lb. ¢ each a) - \$1.99 lb. c) - 79 ¢ lb. c each anic) - 65 ¢ each c) - \$1.25 lb.	Potatoes (Red) - \$1.95 lb. Raspberries - \$3.99 (16 oz. pkg) Spinach - \$1.50 lb. Squash (Yellow) - 76 ¢ each Strawberries - \$2.99 (16 oz. pkg) Sugar Snap Peas - \$1.75 lb Tomatoes - \$1.49 lb. Tropical Salad – \$3.95 lb. Turnips - 79 ¢ lb. Watermelons - \$7.50 each			
 1- Alexa would like to buy the follo at Happy Grocery: 3 mangoes 5 limes Two pounds of tropical salad Alexa had \$47 in her wallet before Happy Grocery. How much more Alexa have left? 	pre paying	 2- Tyrone would like to buy the following at Happy Grocery: 7 oranges Two pounds of apricots Three pounds of sugar snap peas Tyrone had \$86 in his wallet before paying Happy Grocery. How much money does Tyrone have left? 				
 3- Tanya would like to buy the follo Happy Grocery: One pound of pears (Bosc) Three pounds of onions (Vidal 6 apples Four pounds of tomatoes Two pounds of grapes (Red Section) Tanya paid for her food with a cranya had \$1,789 in her checking account before paying Happy Groces What is her current checking account checking account before paying Happy Groces 	ia) eedless) heck. ng rocery.	 4- Jimmy would like to buy the following at Happy Grocery: Two pounds of lettuce (Red Leaf) 6 lemons Two 16 oz. pkgs. of strawberries 12 ears of corn (White) Two pounds of turnips Three pounds of apricots Jimmy used cash in his wallet to pay for the food. After leaving Happy Grocery, Jimmy had \$54.75. How much money did Jimmy have before buying groceries? 				





(Over,Down,Direction) APRICOT(15,7,N) CANTALOUPE(6,1,SE) CLEMENTINE(3,1,S) KUMQUAT(10,8,NW) NECTARINE(14,6,SW) ORANGE(10,15,NE) PEACH(1,14,E) TANGERINE(9,8,W)

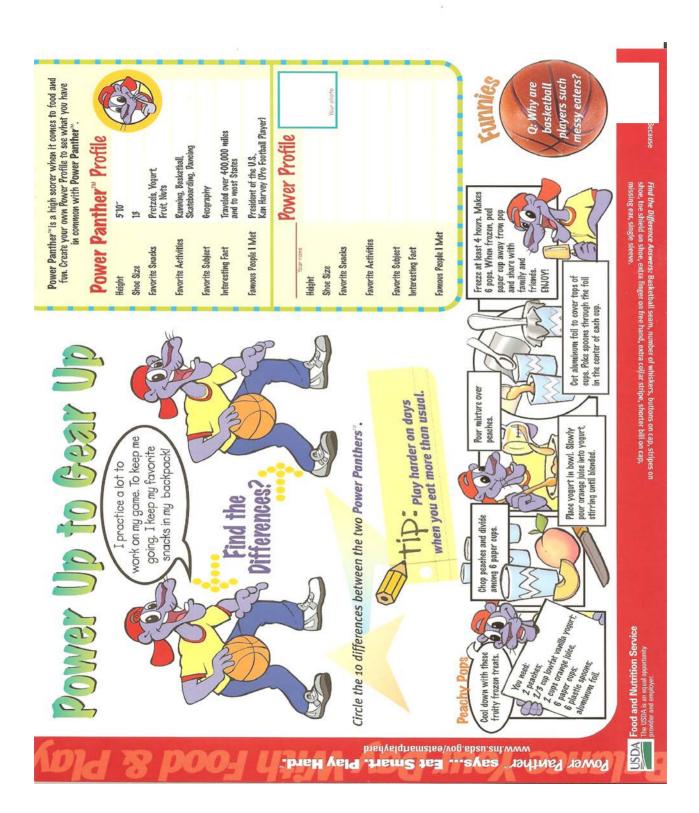
Answers:



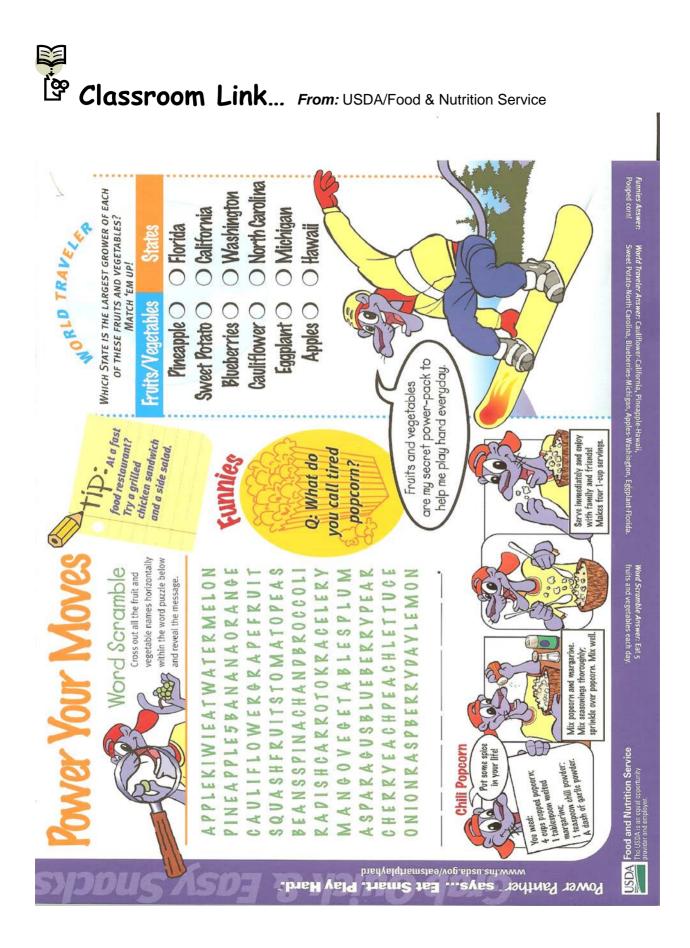
Shopping at Happy Grocery



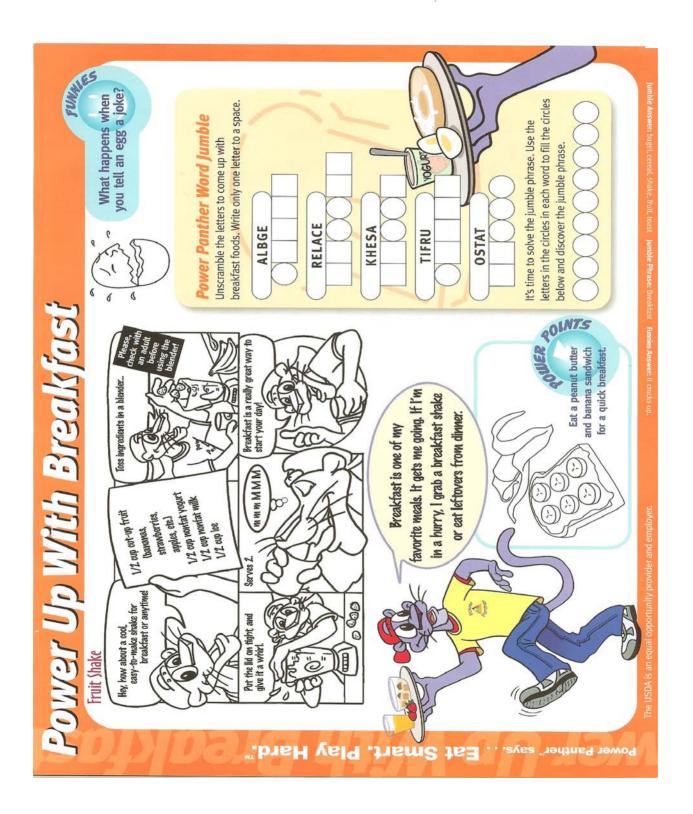
- 1- \$34.05
- 2- \$73.97
- 3- \$1,765.10
- **4-** \$77.10



Classroom Link... From: USDA/Food & Nutrition Service









Classroom Link... From: USDA/Food & Nutrition Service



From: "Community Nutrition Action Kit"/USDA Team Nutrition

Project Green Thumb

Grab a hoe or a shovel and let's go start a garden! A great location may be right in your own backyard or a portion of ground in your schoolyard. You may even want to work with the school food service personnel and use products from the garden in a special school lunch, school-wide salad, or food festival.



Use the following information checklist to start a garden:

Materials Needed:

- ✓ Planting, growing, and harvesting tools
- ✓ Seeds, seedlings, and organic material, such as compost, manure, or peat moss
- \checkmark Long-handled shovels, hoes, rakes, garden spades, and three-pronged hand cultivators
- ✓ Scissors, knives, and containers (baskets, bowls, or cardboard boxes)

WHAT TO DO??

To Join a Community Garden:

 Call a local Cooperative Extension Service office, listed under county or state government, to find locations of nearby existing community gardens.

Pick a Spot:

Make sure the vegetable garden gets at least six hours of sunshine a day ---otherwise the seeds produce plants and leaves and not much food. If the plot chosen doesn't have enough sunshine, try growing vegetables that have leaves such as lettuce or, try vegetables such as carrots, parsley, chives, or zucchini, which need only 4 to 5 hours of daily sun. Keep drainage in mind --- a garden needs to drain well, so try to avoid the low spot where puddles form.

How Big Does the Garden Grow?

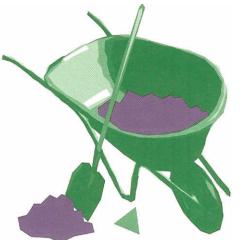
✓ A big harvest can be gotten from a garden that is only four feet by four feet. You probably don't want a garden bigger than 10 feet by 10 feet unless you don't mind the work!

Plan Your Garden:

✓ Point North. Find the north side of the plot, because that's where the tall plants should go, so they don't shade shorter ones. Stand facing the sunset, north is the direction to the right. Plants are grown in rows, so the garden will be a square or rectangle.

ome or Classroom Link...

PROJECT GREEN THUMB.... page 2



Decide What to Plant:

 Think about what vegetables to grow and decide on the number of plants needed.

Design the Site:

✓ Draw a picture of the garden and plan out what plants will grow in which rows. Figure how far apart the rows should be. Find out how wide the plants will get, add the two widths together and divide by 2. That's how far apart the rows should be. This will make it easier on planting day.

Once the Garden is Designed-Then What? GET READY!!!!

Test the Soil:

- ✓ If the soil has not been tested, conduct a soil test. Call a local Cooperative Extension Service office, listed under county or state government, for the name and location of a laboratory to do testing for lead content and soil pH.
- ✓ What does a soil test tell? A soil test tells two things: (a) lead level of the soil; and (b) whether the soil is acid (sour), alkaline (sweet), or neutral (neither sour nor sweet). Lead is a poison and if it gets into the plants, it will get into the food. Plants will not grow well in soil that is either too acid or too alkaline.

Get the Tools:

Long-handled shovels, gardening spades, spading forks, hoes, and rakes are all excellent tools for beginning a garden. To care for the garden, use hand tools such as 3-pronged hand cultivators, hose and nozzle, and/or watering cans. If you don't have your own garden tools, find someone who has what is needed and ask to borrow the tools. Or check "yard sales" to buy used tools.

GET SET!!!!

Prepare the Soil:

- \checkmark Once the soil is dry enough, dig it and loosen it.
- $\checkmark\,$ Remove grass and weeds (roots and all). Take the time to do this well.
- ✓ Dig the soil as deep as the blade of the spade and turn the soil. Or, find someone to till the soil with a rototiller.
- ✓ If the soil test showed the soil to be too acid, add limestone (lime); if the soil is too alkaline, add ground agricultural sulfur. Sprinkle either lime or sulfur evenly over the garden soil.
- Add organic material such as compost, manure, or peat moss. This helps feed the plants and enriches the soil. Spread evenly on top of the turned soil in a layer no deeper than 3 inches.
- ✓ Blend everything using a spading fork, until the soil is so soft that planting can be done with the hands.
- Rake the soil until the soil is smooth and level, with no hills or holes. This will allow the water to seep down to the roots.



o 「Classroom Link…

PROJECT GREEN THUMB.... page 3

GO!!!!

READY TO PLANT:

- Children will enjoy accompanying adults on a trip to purchase seeds or seedlings (also called transplants) for the vegetables you intend to plant. Some plants do better if you start with seedlings rather than seeds. Seedlings are the fastest way to grow plants, and the easiest.
- ✓ To identify what you have planted, buy or make stakes, and write the names of the plants on the stakes with a waterproof marker. Save the stakes for later use.

✓ Seeds or Seedlings ----

If seeds are planted:

- > Make a shallow straight line (furrow) in the soil with a finger.
- > Put the seeds in the furrow about half an inch apart or as suggested on the seed packaging.
- > When the seeds are in the furrow, squeeze the furrow closed with thumb and finger.
- > Water the soil right after seeds are planted --- water the plants so that the water comes out like a shower.
- > Place the marker stakes in the soil at one end of the row to identify what has been planted.
- > If another kind of plant is planted, check the distance between the rows following your design.

If seedlings are planted:

- > In each row, mark the spot where the plants should go, by poking a hole in the soil using a finger or the end of a pole. Do the entire row at one time.
- Set each plant in the soil so that it isn't too high or too low but just above the root ball. Cover the root ball with soil and press the soil gently so there are no empty spaces near the roots.
- Feed the seedlings with a mixture of fertilizer and water. Water each plant once, let the water soak in, and water a second time. Depending on what plants are grown, this feeding may need to be done every two to three weeks. Check with a County Extension agent about how often to fertilize.



WORKING IN THE GARDEN:

- ✓ Visit the garden daily check if the garden needs watering, weeding, feeding, and thinning.
- ✓ Make sure to bring the proper tools.
- \checkmark Two hours is plenty of time to work in the garden at any one time.
- ✓ Children and youth can do weeding, thinning, and harvesting of crops.

Harvest Time!

Tools for picking the harvest:

- ✓ Scissors or knife
 ✓ Baskets, bowls, or cardboard boxes
- ✓ As the vegetables are picked, place them carefully into containers.
- ✓ Put the heavier ones on the bottom so they don't damage lighter vegetables.



Together at Home... Let's Try New Foods!

Enjoy all kinds of foods! That's good advice for kids – and for you. When kids learn to enjoy many foods, they have more choices for smart eating throughout life. That's good because different foods promote growth and health in different ways. Food variety makes eating more interesting and fun, too. Remember: seeing, trying, comparing, and talking about different foods is part of learning.

Good feelings about trying new foods help lead to a lifetime of healthful eating. Try new fruits and vegetables as fun experiences with your child.

- Offer a new food first, before foods your child eats already. Kids usually are more willing to try new foods when they are hungry.
- Have your child choose a new food as you shop. Trying new foods is more fun for kids when they pick them.
- Do a taste test. Talk about a new food. Have your child describe the color, shape, feel, smell, sound, and taste and not whether your child likes or dislikes it.
- Go for at least "one bite." But stay away from forcing your child to taste. Keep food trying positive.
- Try new foods, too. Encourage your whole family to try new foods! Kids copy what they see and hear. Don't say anything if you don't like the food.
- Prepare new foods in different ways. Many kids prefer to pick up raw vegetables with fingers. That may seem better than the same new vegetable that is cooked.
- Try and try again. Many kids need to try a new food 6 to 12 times before they like it. It's normal for kids to be cautious at first.
- Relax. Your child doesn't need to like every food. Everyone (you, too) has different food favorites.

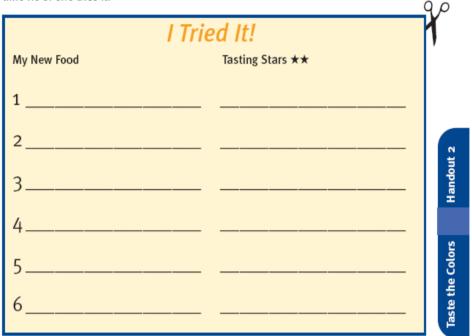




Together at Home... Let's Try New Foods!

Clip this!

Give your child credit for trying new foods. Keep an "I tried it" chart on the refrigerator. Write the name of each new food. Your child can add a star ★ each time he or she tries it.



Try this:

Use new words as you explore new foods together.

Ask: How does this food:

- Look? Green, orange, purple, round, skinny, oval, tiny, huge
- Feel? Fuzzy, smooth, bumpy, prickly, soft, hard, hot, icy
- Sound? Crunch, crackle, splash, pop, snap
- Taste? Sweet, salty, bitter, spicy, bland, sour







How to Cut Fresh Apricots:

- 1-Rinse under cold running water, but do not peel
- 2-Secure the apricot on a cutting board
- 3-Slice the fruit around the seam
- 4-Twist the fruit in half
- 5- Lift out the pit
- 6-Slice or quarter into bite-size pieces

Fun Ways to Eat:

- igvee Take a bite from a whole apricot or cut into slices
- \checkmark Add dried apricots to trail mix and eat for a snack
- $rak{W}$ Use fresh, canned or dried as a topping for cereal
- $rac{W}{}$ Prepare a cobbler or crisp
- \checkmark Add dried or fresh to low-fat yogurt or cottage cheese
- $rac{W}{}$ Mix into fruit salads, tossed salads and cold rice or pasta salads
- ♥ Broil or grill fresh apricots; brush with a little honey
- 🖑 Add to chicken dishes

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipe is attached and includes apricots as an ingredient:

🖑 Refreshing Apricot Smoothie





Refreshing Apricot Smoothie

Makes 2 servings Recipe provided by: apricotproducers.com

Ingredients:

- 1 (15.5 ounce) can apricot halves, chilled
- 1 cup (8 ounce) lowfat plain or vanilla yogurt
- 2-3 drops vanilla extract, to taste
- 6-8 ice cubes

Directions:

- 1. Combine ingredients in blender.
- 2. Cover and blend on high until smooth.
- 3. Add more ice cubes for a thicker consistency.

<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>								
Calories	220	Saturated Fat	1.5 g	Iron	1 mg			
Protein	7 g	Cholesterol	5 mg	Calcium	232 mg			
Carbohydrate	45 g	Vitamin A	894 RE	Sodium	90 mg			
Total Fat	2 g	Vitamin C	6 mg	Dietary Fiber	4 g			

Approximate Nutrients Per Serving:





Sugar Snap Peas

How to Prepare Sugar Snap Peas:

- 1-Rinse the pods
- 2-Remove the strings before eating:
 - ✓ Pull the string up the front of the pod from the bottom tip
 - \checkmark Snap the stem off and pull the string down the back of the pod

Fun Ways to Eat:

 $rac{W}{}$ Munch on raw with dip

- $\overset{\text{\tiny{(1)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny{(2)}}}{\overset{\text{\tiny}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{\text{\scriptstyle}(2)}}{\overset{&}}{\overset{&}(2)}}{\overset{&}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$
- ♥ Combine with other vegetables in stir-fries
- ♥ Use in omelets, soups or stews
- \checkmark Add to cooked pasta or rice

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipe is attached and includes sugar snap peas as an ingredient:

🖑 Chinese Vegetable Stir-fry





Chinese Vegetable Stir-fry

From: 5 A Day Kids' Cookbook/Dole
Preparation Time ---- 20 minutes
Cooking Time ---- 5 minutes

Ingredients:

Makes 4-6 servings

Sweet 'N' Sour Sauce

- ³⁄₄ cup pineapple juice 1 tablespoon sugar
- 1 tablespoon lemon juice
- 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoons cornstarch
- 1 teaspoon light soy sauce

Stir-Fry Vegetables

- 4 teaspoons vegetable oil
- 1 cup broccoli florets
- 1 cup sliced carrots
- 1 cup cauliflower florets
- 1 cup sliced celery
- 1 cup chunked red bell pepper
- 1 cup sugar snap peas, stems removed

Directions:

1- Combine the ingredients for Sweet 'N' Sour sauce in a mixing bowl.

2- Heat oil in a skillet over medium high heat. Add broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, and celery, cook for 2 minutes.

3- Add bell pepper and sugar peas, cook for 2 minutes.

4- Add Sweet 'N' Sour sauce, bring to a boil and cook for 1 minute, covered.

5- Serve vegetables while hot.

Utensils Needed:

✓ Mixing Cups and Spoons
 ✓ Sharp Knife

✓ Mixing Bowl ✓ Mixing Spoon ✓ Large Skillet with Lid

Nutritional Info: (per serving) 132 calories; 2g protein; 4g fat (lg sat.) 20g carbohydrate; 99mg sodium; 0mg cholesterol



Your child/children will be offered

Apricots

in April on their School Menu! Try a new **Apricot** recipe at home!

Couscous with Apricots

Servings: 4-6

Recipe from: Tyler Florence/Food Network

Ingredients:

1¹/₂ cups couscous

2 cups hot chicken stock

10 dried apricots, chopped

2 scallions, sliced thin, green parts only

1 orange, juiced

2 tablespoons extra-virgin olive oil

Kosher salt and freshly ground black pepper

2 tablespoons chopped fresh parsley leaves, for garnish

Directions:

- ✓ Put the couscous in a medium bowl; pour the hot stock over it and stir to combine.
- ✓ Cover and let sit for 10 to 15 minutes.
- ✓ Uncover and fluff with a fork.
- ✓ Add the apricots, scallions, and orange juice; drizzle with olive oil and season with salt and pepper.
- ✓ Toss gently to combine. Garnish with chopped parsley.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Albaricoques

En Abril en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Albaricoque** en casa!

Couscous con Albaricoques

Porciónes: 4-6 Receta de: Tyler Florence/Food Network

Ingredientes:

1 1/2 tazas couscous

2 tazas de caldo de pollo caliente

10 albaricoques secos, cortados

2 cebollas largas, cortodas finamente, partes verde solamente

El jugo de 1 naranja

2 cuchadas de aceite de oliva extra-virgen

Sal Kosher y pimienta negra molida

2 cucharadas de hojas de perejil frescas, cortadas, para adorno

- ✓ Ponga el couscous en un tazón mediano; derrame el caldo caliente sobre el couscous y revuelve para combinar.
- ✓ Tape y deje reposar durante 10 a 15 minutos.
- ✓ Destapar y revuelve con un tenedor.
- Añadir los albaricoques, cebollas, y jugo de naranja; rocié con el aceite de oliva y sazone con la sal y pimienta.
- ✓ Revuelva suavemente para combinarse. Adorne con perejil cortado.



Apricot Cherry Cobbler

Makes 8 servings

Source: California Fresh Apricot Council

Ingredients:

8 fresh apricots (1 lb), sliced
1/3 cup sugar
2 cups pitted fresh cherries (½ lb)
1 tbsp flour
1 cup all-purpose flour
½ cup yellow cornmeal
¼ tsp salt
1½ tbsp plus 1 tsp sugar
2 tsp baking powder
½ tsp grated orange peel
4 tbsp unsalted butter, chilled
¾ cup non-fat milk

Directions:

- Heat oven to 375°F.
- Combine apricots and 1/3 cup sugar; set aside.
- Combine cherries and 1 Tbsp flour; set aside.
- Combine dry ingredients; reserve 1 tsp sugar.
- Stir in orange peel.
- Cut in butter until mixture resembles coarse meal.
- Add milk; stir just to moisten dry ingredients.
- Place fruit in buttered 1½-quart baking dish; spoon batter over top.
- Sprinkle with remaining sugar. Bake 25 to 30 minutes or until golden brown.
- Cool slightly and serve.

Nutrition information per serving: calories 186, protein 3g, fat 6g, percent calories from fat 30%, cholesterol 15mg, carbohydrates 31g, fiber 2g, sodium 219mg





Postre de Cereza y Albaricoque

Hace 8 Porciónes Fuente: Consejo de Albaricoque Fresco de California

Ingredientes:

8 albaricoques frescos (1 libra), cortados

- 1/3 de taza de azúcar
- 2 tazas de cerezas frescas (1/2 lb)
- 1 cucharadita de harina
- 1 taza de harina de uso múltiple
- 1/2 taza de harina de maíz amarilla
- 1/4 cucharadita de sal
- 1¹/₂ Cucharada más 1 cucharadita de azúcar
- 2 cucharaditas de polvo de hornear
- 1/2 cucharadita de cáscara de naranja rallada
- 4 Cucharadas de mantequilla sin sal, enfriada
- 3/4 de taza de leche sin grasa

Direcciones:

- Caliente el horno a 375°F.
- Combine los albaricoques y 1/3 de taza de azúcar; coloque a un lado.
- Combine cerezas y 1 cucharad de harina; coloque a un lado
- Combine los ingredientes secos; reserve 1 cucharadita de azúcar.
- Agrege la cáscara de naranja.
- Corte en la mantequilla en la mezcla hasta que la mezcla se ponga gruesa.
- Añadir la leche; revuelva sólo para humedecer los ingredientes secos.
- Ponga la fruta en un plato de hornear de 1 ½ cuarto untado de mantequilla. Ponga la mezcla encima
- Rocia con el azúcar que sobra. Hornee 25 a 30 minutos o hasta que se dore.
- Deje enfriar un poco y sirva.

Información de nutrición por porción: calorías 186, proteína 3g, grasa 6g, por ciento de calorias de grasa 30 %, colesterol 15 mg., carbohydratos 31g, fibra 2g, sodio 219 mg.



Your child/children will be offered

Sugar Snap Peas

in April on their School Menu! Try a new **Sugar Snap Pea** recipe at home!

PASTA SALAD GREGORY

Yield: Approx. 14 cups

Printed From: COOKS.COM

Ingredients:

- 1/2 lb. green fettucini
- 1/2 lb. egg fettucini
- 1/2 cup olive oil
- 1 red onion, minced
- 1 lb. cooked snow peas, boil for 1 min.
- 1 box sugar snap peas, boil for 1 min.
- 2 red peppers, sliced
- 2 tomatoes, sliced
- 1 can black olives
- 1 bunch chopped green onion
- 1/2 cup Parmesan cheese
- 1/2 lb. prosciutto
- 4 tbsp. raspberry vinegar

Directions:

- ✓ Boil fettucini until cooked. Drain.
- ✓ Add 1/2 cup olive oil to hot fettucini.
- ✓ Combine all other ingredients in a large bowl.
- ✓ Add other ingredients to fettucini.
- ✓ Can be served warm or cold.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Guisantes Repentinos de Azúcar

en Abril en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de Guisante Repentino de Azúcar en casa!

ENSALADA DE PASTA ESTILO GREGORY

Producción: Aproximadamente 14 tazas

Impreso de: COOKS.COM

Ingredientes:

- 1/2 libra de fettucini verde
- 1/2 libra de fettucini de huevo
- 1/2 taza de aceite de oliva
- 1 cebolla roja, picada
- 1 libra guisantes snow peas cocinados, hervido por 1 minuto
- 1 caja de guisantes sugar snap, hervido por 1 minuto
- 2 pimientones rojos, cortados
- 2 tomates, cortados
- 1 lata de aceitunas negras
- 1 tanda de cebolla verde o larga cortada
- 1/2 taza de queso Parmesano
- 1/2 libra de prosciutto
- 4 cucharadas de vinagre de frambuesa

- ✓ Hierva fettucini hasta cocinado.
- ✓ Añada ½ taza de aceite de oliva al fettucini caliente.
- ✓ Combine todos otros ingredientes en un tazón grande.
- ✓ Añada otros ingredientes a fettucini.
- ✓ Puede ser servido caliente o frío.

Home Link... Home Recipes

ORANGE-GLAZED CHICKEN

Makes 4 servings

Ingredients:

- 3 chicken breast halves,
 - boneless, skinless, cut in thin strips
- 1 tbsp. oil
- 1 1/2 cups chicken broth
- 1/2 cup orange juice
- 2 tbsp. soy sauce, reduced sodium
- 1 tbsp. cornstarch
- 1 tsp. brown sugar
- 1/2 tsp. ginger, ground
- 1/2 tsp. garlic powder
- 1 (8 oz.) pkg. snap peas, frozen, thawed, drained
- 1 (10 oz.) pkg. baby carrots, frozen, thawed, drained
- 1 1/2 cups MINUTE instant brown rice





Printed from: COOKS.COM

Directions:

- Cook and stir chicken in hot oil in large skillet until lightly browned.
- Stir broth, orange juice, soy sauce, cornstarch, sugar, ginger and garlic powder in medium bowl. Add to skillet and bring to boil.
- Stir in vegetables and rice. Return to boil.
- Cover, reduce heat and simmer 5 minutes. Remove from heat and stir.
- ✓ Cover and let stand 5 minutes. Fluff with fork.

POLLO A LA NARANJA-GLAZED

Marcas 4 porciones

de: COOKS.COM

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Ingredientes:

- 3 mitades de pechuga de pollo,
- deshuesado, sin piel, cortado en tiras delgadas
- 1 cucharado de aceite
- 1 1/2 taza de caldo de pollo
- 1/2 taza de jugo de naranja
- 2 cucharadas de salsa de soya, bajo en sodio
- 1 cucharada de maizena
- 1 cucharada de azúcar morena
- 1/2 cucharadita de jengibre molido
- 1/2 cucharadita de polvo de ajo
- 1 paquete (8 onz.) de guisantes snap peas congelados, descongelados, escurridos
- 1 paquete (10 onz.) de zanahorias de bebé, congeladas, descongelados, escurridos
- 1 ½ taza de arroz integral instantanio MINUTE

- Cocine y revuelva el pollo en aceite caliente en un sartén grande hastaque este un poco dorado.
- ✓ Junte el jugo de naranja, salsa de soya, maizena, azúcar, jengibre y polvo de ajo en un tazón mediano. Añada al sartén y hievir.
- ✓ Agrege las verduras y arroz. Hervir de nuevo.
- ✓ Tape, reduzca el calor y cueza a fuego lento 5 minutos. Quite de calor y revuelva.
- ✓ Tape y deje reposar por 5 minutos. Revuelva con un tenedor.

Home Link... Home Recipes

Printed from: COOKS.COM

SAUTEED SUGAR SNAP PEAS

Yield: 5 each 1/2 cup servings

Ingredients:

1 lb. sugar snap peas

3 tbsp. vegetable oil (1/2 sesame oil is great)

1 tsp. finely minced garlic

1 tbsp. fresh ginger, finely shredded

1/2 tsp. salt

1/4 tsp. black pepper

1/3 cup red onion, julienned

Directions:

- String peas by beginning at tip and pulling it down. (If peas are very young, omit this step.)
- ✓ Cut off stem ends and leave whole.
- ✓ Place in colander and rinse under cold water. Shake well and drain.
- ✓ In large skillet heat oil.
- ✓ Add garlic and ginger and sauté briefly about 30 seconds.
- ✓ Add peas and, over medium high heat, toss and cook for 2-4 minutes, depending on how large they are. Do not overcook.
- ✓ Add salt, pepper & red onion just as they are finished cooking. Serve immediately.

GUISANTES SALTEADOS REPENTINOS DE AZÚCAR

Producción: 5 porciones de 1/2 taza

de COOKS.COM

Ingredientes:

- 1 libra de guisantes sugar snap
- 3 cucharadas de aceite de vegetal (1/2 de aeite de ajonjolí es bueno)
- 1 cucharadita de ajo picada finamente
- 1 cucharada de jengibre fresco, triturado finamente
- 1/2 cucharadita de sal
- 1/4 de cucharadita de pimienta negra

1/3 de taza de cebolla roja, cortada en tiras

- Quite la cuerda de los guisantes comenzando en la punta y halándolo. (Si los guisantes son muy jóvenes, omiten este paso.)
- ✓ Corte las puntas del tallo y deje entero.
- ✓ Ponga en un colador y enjuage bajo agua fría. Sacuda bien y deje escurrir.
- ✓ En un sartén grande caliente el aceite.
- ✓ Añada el ajo y el jengibre y sauté brevemente aproximadamente 30 segundos.
- Añada guisantes y, sobre calor alto mediano, cocine durante 2-4 minutos, según que grande sean ello. No cocinar demasiado
- Añada la sal, la pimienta y la cebolla roja quando esten terminandose de coninar. Sirva inmediatamente.

MAY:

Fruit – Bananas Veggie – Spinach



Where did they come from?

Bananas originated in the Malaysian jungles of Southeast Asia. Some researchers believe that bananas were the earth's first fruit and in some countries bananas were considered the principal food. Early travelers and settlers carried roots of banana plants as they migrated to the Middle East and Africa. Spanish explorers brought bananas on their journeys and introduced the fruit to the New World. However, it was not until the 1876 Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition when the bananas were officially introduced to the American public. Since the late 1800's bananas have been imported from other countries into the United States.

Where do they grow?

Bananas grow in tropical areas throughout the world. Bananas are not commercially grown in the United States, but imported from countries in Central and South America including Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Guatemala, Honduras, Panama, Mexico, and Nicaragua. Costa Rica and Ecuador are the largest exporters of bananas. Bananas are available all year long throughout the United States.

How do they grow?

Most people think bananas grow on trees but they actually grow on herb plants. Banana plants are a member of the lily family and are the largest herb plants in the world! Bananas grow best in tropical conditions since they require warm weather, rich soil and plenty of water. Bananas are formed inside a large bud, which grows upward from the root of the plant. As the bud grows, its petals open to a bunch of bananas called a "hand" which contains about 20 "fingers". Bananas are harvested when green and ripen while in the supermarket or after they are purchased.

Are they healthy?

- Provide good source of fiber, vitamin C and B6
- $rac{W}{}$ Supply high amounts of potassium which helps muscles work
- $rac{W}{}$ Contain no fat, cholesterol or sodium and are low in calories

How do you pick a good one?

- Choose bananas that are firm and free of bruises
- $rac{W}{}$ Avoid those with brown spots or ones that seem soft
- Select ripe ones that have yellow peels speckled with brown dots

\odot FUN FACTS! \odot

Bananas Did you know...

Did you know bananas are the most popular fresh fruit in the United States?

Did you know bananas received a new name each time a different group of people discovered them?

(Some of these included "banna", "ghana" and even "funana"! The people of Africa are credited for giving the banana its permanent English name.)

Did you know bananas are the fruit choice of many athletes? (The reason --- they have both a high amount of carbohydrates as well as potassium! Potassium is a mineral that helps the muscles work.)

- Did you know you can store ripe bananas in the refrigerator; the peel turns brown but the fruit inside will still be good?
- Did you know there is a banana primarily used for cooking? (It is called a "plantain". It is used like a potato in many tropical lands.)
- Did you know there are several different varieties of bananas? (These include "finger bananas", "red bananas" and "plantains". The popular yellow banana, "Cavendish" is the one we commonly see in grocery stores.)
- Did you know that an average person eats 33 pounds of bananas each year?
- © Did you know bananas have been produced for over 1 million years?
- Did you know more than 96% of American households purchase bananas at least once a month?
- Did you know that Dole packs single bananas in a special way specifically for school food service?

(There are 150 single packed bananas in a case. These are always consistent in size, quantity, and quality and are pre-washed and pre-trimmed; ready to serve from the carton!)

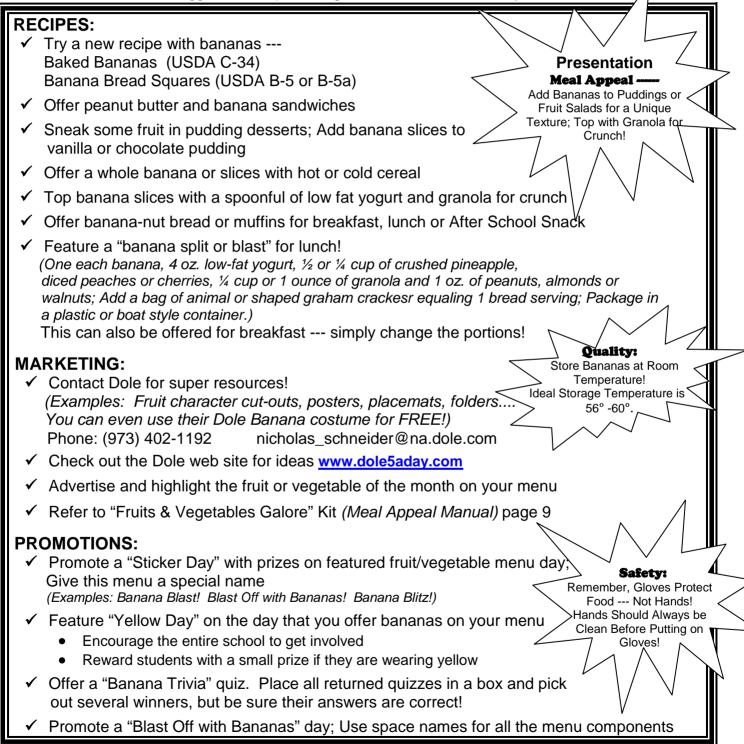
Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Bananas; Choose ideas at your own discretion/





Where did it come from?

Spinach is thought to be of Persian origin. It was first brought to Europe in the ninth century when Persian Arabs, who gave the plant its name, introduced it to Spain. It was also grown in Italy as a Lenten food and was planted in the fall and picked in February, just in time for Lent, when meat cannot be consumed. Since the early 19th century, spinach has become a versatile and commonly used vegetable in the United States.

Where does it grow?

Spinach is grown throughout the country including Alaska, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Virginia and Washington. California is responsible for over one half of the production of spinach in the United States. Texas is the next largest producer of spinach, yielding one third of the total crop production. New Jersey has significant acreage of spinach grown throughout the state.

How does it grow?

Spinach is a green, leafy plant that grows close to the ground. The stems of the leaves grow straight up from the ground in clusters. Spinach is composed of a taproot, which is a type of root that grows downwards into the soil, with branching roots toward the surface of the soil. Leaves usually grow 6 to 8 inches long. Spinach is considered a hardy cool season crop, which can be grown almost anywhere within the United States, but grows best in 50°- 60°F temperatures. It is available to purchase year-round. Its best seasons are in the fall and spring because it grows good in cool, damp weather.

Is it healthy?

- $rac{W}{}$ Provides good source of iron, fiber, folic acid, magnesium and manganese
- Contains iron (To improve iron absorption in spinach, eat vitamin C rich foods such as orange juice, citrus fruits or tomatoes with your spinach
- $rac{W}{}$ Provides high amount of vitamin A and good amounts of vitamins C and K
- $rac{W}{}$ Contains more protein than most other vegetables
- Supplies the phytochemical (pronounce "fight-o-chemical") Iutein (pronounce "loo-teen") which keeps your eyes healthy

How do you pick good ones?

- $rac{W}{}$ Select green and crisp leaves with a fresh, sweet fragrance
- $rac{W}{}$ Choose leaves with a springy texture
- ♂ Avoid leaves that are limp, damaged or spotted

© FUN FACTS! ☺

<u>Spinach</u>

Did you know...

- Did you know there are three different varieties of spinach? (Flat or Smooth Leaf that has smooth leaves; Savoy that has curly leaves; Semi-Savoy which has slightly curly leaves.)
- ☺ Did you know that spinach is good for you?
- © Did you know you can find spinach in your local supermarket in the following forms --- fresh, canned or frozen?
- © Did you know spinach contains phytochemicals (pronounce "fight-o-chemicals"), which helps protect the plant from insects and helps protect your health too?
- © Did you know eating and preparing spinach is simple because it can be eaten raw or cooked?
- © Did you know raw spinach provides 3 grams of protein per 3 cup serving?
- © Did you know spinach can contain a lot of grainy dirt particles and, therefore, should be washed thoroughly and gently to avoid tearing the leaves?
- Did you know slightly damp spinach can be steamed or microwaved without adding any additional water?

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Spinach Choose ideas at your own discretion

RECIPES:

- Presentation Try new recipes with spinach ---Meal Appeal -Warm Spinach Salad (see attached) Vary Colors for Eye Appeal: Turkey Pita Pizzazz (see attached) Add Spinach to Iceberg and Romaine for a Colorful Healthy Orange Spinach Salad with Honey Dill Dressing (see attached) Tossed Salad! Spinach Dip (see attached)
- ✓ Offer fresh spinach salads with hard boiled eggs as a lunch choice
- ✓ Offer pizza with a topping of cooked spinach
- Add cooked, chopped spinach to soups, tomato sauce, rice, and pasta dishes
- ✓ Add fresh spinach leaves to iceberg and/or romaine lettuce for a colorful nutritious salad
- Add fresh spinach leaves, instead of iceberg lettuce, as a sandwich topping

MARKETING:

✓ Contact the "Leafy Greens Council" for posters and other resources They also have a great website --- Check it out!

Quality: For Crisp Spinach Leaves ---

Wash and Pat Dry 🚽 Just Before Using!

Call: 1-651-484-3321 www.leafy-greens.org

- Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9

PROMOTIONS:

- ✓ Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day; Give this menu a special name (Examples: Super Star Spinach! Sensational Spinach Day!)
- Feature "Green Day" on the day that you offer spinach on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing green
- ✓ May is "Salad Month" --- Celebrate by featuring a variety of exciting salads as vegetable choices; Try different types of leaves in your salads such as fresh spinach, romaine, red leafy greens, and cabbage red and/or green...
- Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) pages 16-31

Safety: Wash Spinach Leaves Thoroughly

Before Use!



Warm Spinach Salad

Serving Size: ½ cup Yield: 200 **Recipe From:** SNA Database **Source:** NH Department of Education

Ingredients:

- 20 oz. Spinach
- 1/2 cup or 4 oz. Olive Oil
- 24 each Apples, Red Delicious
- 8 onions Red Onions, Sliced
- 2 cups or 16 oz. Balsamic Vinegar
- 2 cups. Olive Oil
- 2 cups. Almonds, Toasted, Sliced or Silvered

Directions:

- 1. Wash and de-vein spinach, removing stems. Air-dry spinach or put into a salad spinner until dry.
- 2. Heat olive oil in large sauté pan or tilt skillet.
- 3. Halve apples lengthwise and cut into quarters. Remove cores. Slice into long thin slices.
- 4. Skin and slice onion in half. Slice into thin strips or julienne.
- 5. Add apples and onions to hot olive oil and sauté until slightly wilted and red onion begins to bleed.
- 6. De-glaze pan with balsamic vinegar and remove from heat. Add remainder of olive oil and toss hot onion apple mixture into washed and dried spinach. Toss well.
- 7. Serve 1/2 cup per portion with garnish of toasted almonds.

HACCP Tips: Wash hands and clean all food preparation surfaces.



<u>Turkey Pita Pizzazz</u>

Serving Size: ½ Pita Yield: 100 Recipe From: SNA Database

Ingredients:

- 50 each 6-inch Pita pockets, whole wheat or white
- 3 lbs., 2 oz. Spinach leaves, wilted
- 6 lbs., 4 oz. Turkey breast, cooked, julienne
- 6 lbs., 4 oz. Mozzarella cheese, shredded
- 1 tsp Garlic, minced
- 8 each Bay Leaf
- 1 Tbsp., 1 tsp. Basil Leaves, Dry
- 2 tsps. Thyme Leaves, Dry
- 1/4 tsp. White Pepper
- 1 Tbsp., 1 tsp. Oregano Leaves
- 1/2 cup. Tomato Juice, Canned
- 1 qt. Tomato Sauce, Canned
- 3 1/2 cups Tomatoes, Crushed, Canned

Directions:

- 1. Combine garlic, spices and tomato juice in a saucepan or steam kettle. Boil and reduce until nearly dry.
- 2. Add tomato sauce and tomatoes. Bring to a boil and simmer for 10 minutes.
- 3. Remove from heat. Remove bay leaves.
- 4. Spread 1 oz. tomato mixture over each whole pita bread.
- 5. Place 1/4 cup lightly blanched spinach on sauce and top with 2 oz. turkey.
- 6. Place 2 oz. (or 1/2 cup) shredded cheese on top of turkey.
- 7. Bake in a conventional oven at 350° F for 13 minutes or a convection oven at 350° F for 8 minutes, until cheese is melted.
- 8. Cut into halves and serve one half per portion.

HACCP Tips: Wash hands and clean all food preparation surfaces

School Food Service Link...

School Food Service Recipes

Orange Spinach Salad with Honey Dill Dressing

Serving Size: ¹/₂ cup Yield: Approx. 30 each

Ingredients:

- 10 oz. Fresh Spinach
- 1 Head Iceberg lettuce
- 2 Tablespoons Onions, Diced
- 2 Tablespoons Green Pepper, Diced
- 2 Large Oranges, Peeled & Sectioned
- 1 Cucumber, Shredded

Honey Dill Dressing

Serving Size: 1 Tablespoon Yield: 2 cups or 32 Servings

Ingredients:

- 1¹/₂ cups Low-Fat Mayonnaise
- ¹/₄ cup Honey
- 2 Tablespoons Lemon juice
- 2 Tablespoons Dill Weed

Yummy Spinach Dip

Ingredients:

Yield: Approx. 4 cups

- 2 each 10 oz. Packages Frozen Chopped Spinach, Thawed
- ¹/₂ cup Mild White Onion, Finely Chopped
- 3 Cloves Garlic, Finely Chopped
- 2 cups Raw Red Pepper, Finely Chopped
- 1 cup Low-Fat Sour Cream
- 1 cup Low-Fat Mayonnaise
- Optional: Salt & Pepper for Additional Seasoning
- Assorted Colorful Raw Vegetables for Dipping

Directions:

Squeeze the water out of the spinach, and place the spinach in a mixing bowl. Stir in the onion, garlic, red pepper, sour cream, and mayonnaise. Season with salt and pepper. Let the dip sit at room temperature for 1 hour for the flavors to mix. Stir again before serving. This dip keeps well refrigerated for 1 week.

Recipe From: Dole Food Company, Inc.

Directions:

Mix all ingredients in bowl. Pour over salad or serve on side.

Directions: Place all ingredients in bowl. Toss.



FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



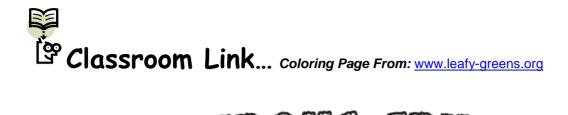
Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Spinach & Bananas ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

✓	Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
✓	Have students color the Cruciferous Crusader"Spinachraptor"
~	Discuss " Meet the Cruciferous Crusaders "; A short introduction to some of the Cruciferous Crusader characters (Handout attached)
✓	Check out the Leafy Greens Council web site for ideas www.leafy-greens.org
✓	Copy and distribute the activity sheets: "What's in Lucy Lettuce's Salad?" and "Kurt & Casey Collard Greens' Leafy Greens Word Search" (Attached are activity sheets and answers)
✓	Display pictures of different types of spinach
✓	Have students color, "Bobby Banana" Coloring Page
✓	Show an easy method to peel a banana; Method outlined in "Kids' Kitchen" handout
✓	Distribute "Banana Crossword Fun" (Answers attached)
~	Discuss " Country Snapshot " (<i>Handout attached</i>); Encourage students to learn and taste fruits, vegetables and also other foods from different cultures; Three countries are discussed in the attached handouts, Mexico, Russia and Ethiopia
~	Discuss "Parent/Guardian Letter on Family Meals" (Letter attached) Encourage students to taste and try new foods at family meals
	Home Link Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home

Items in bold are enclosed.

- Distribute "Parent/Guardian Letter", "Family Meal Conversation Starters", "Salad Bowl" and/or "Family Salad Bar/Spinach Lasagna" encouraging families to eat together and try new foods together (Handouts attached)
- ✓ Kids' Kitchen Recipes
- ✓ Recipes for Home









MEET the CRUCIFEROUS CRUSADERS!



Hi, Boys and Girls! My name is Cabbagesaurus and I am the team captain of the All-Star Cancer Fighting Team -- the CRUCIFEROUS CRUSADERS. My strength is in the high mineral and vitamin content, which you can get from cabbage. CRUCIFEROUS is a big word that stands for the leafy green vegetables, cabbage, spinach, broccoli, kale, red and green lettuce. Our team is very important because we can help you have a healthy diet, AND we can help you lower the risk of certain types of cancer.

Let me introduce to you the other members of our All-StarTeam:

First is our **pitcher**, **Broccadactyl**. He has helped carry the CRUSADERS to world championship because his **power source** is the **fiber**, which **comes from broccoli**.



BROCCADACTYL



May I introduce the **Red and Green Lettuceratops.** They play 1st and 2nd base. The **healthy**, **low calorie content of lettuce** makes them a team favorite.

Our **right fielder** is the fantastic **Kal-O-Don**. He is a versatile team player and has **lots of** calcium from kale, which gives him his strong right arm.

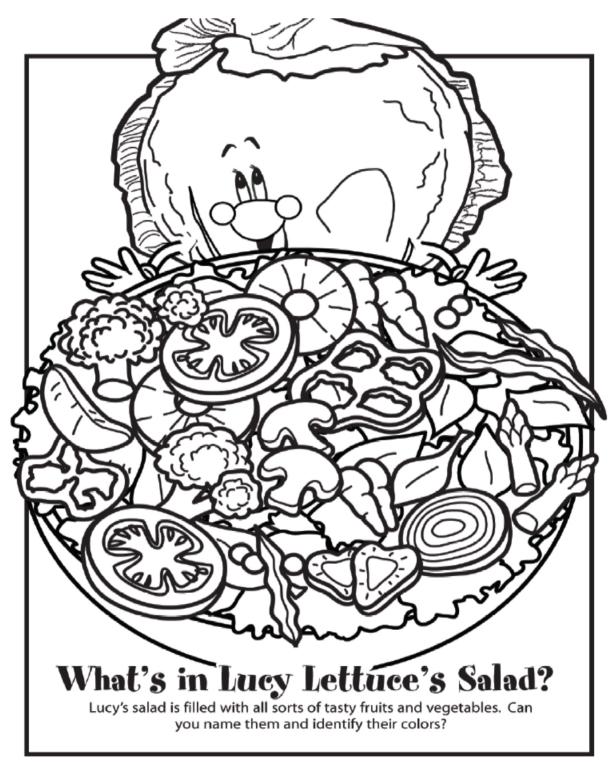




And say hello to **Spinachraptor**. He is our **power hitter**. He is known throughout the world for the **power** that comes **from spinach**.

Altogether, the **mighty CRUCIFEROUS CRUSADERS Team** can help you have a **healthy body and fight cancer.** So, won't you join our team and be on your way to better health?

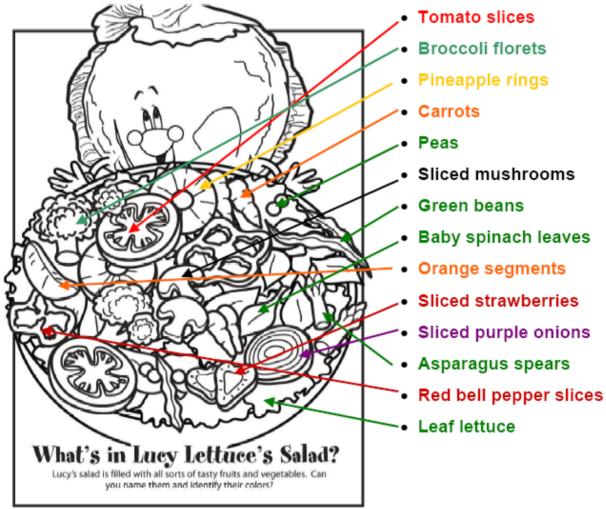




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Answers to "What's in Lucy Lettuce's Salad?"



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From: www.dole5aday.com

Kurt & Casey Collard Greens' Leafy Greens Word Search

Howdy, partner My name is Kurt, and here, in the red boots, is my dance partner Casey. When we're not out dancing, we love to create word search puzzles. We created this leafy greens word search puzzle just for you ! Have fun finding words that describe these delicious vegetables and the nutrients they contain. All the words in the list below are in the puzzle. You can find them spelled horizontally, vertically, diagonally, forward or backward ...but they will always be in a straight line. Circle each word or phrase.

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Spinach **Romaine Lettuce** Collard Greens Arugula **Dandelion Greens Turnip Greens** Kale Mustard Greens Calcium Fiber Iron Vitamin A Vitamin C Folic Acid Raw Salad LeafyGreens



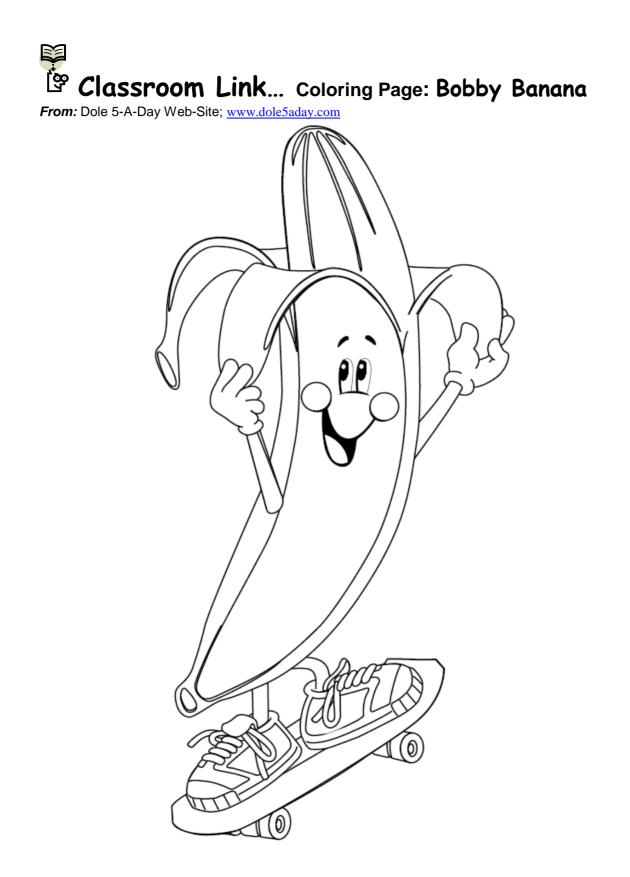
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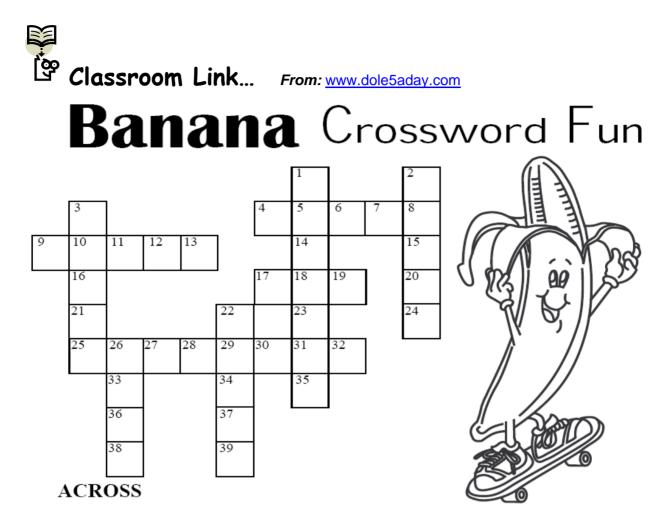


Romaine Lettuce Collard Greens **Dandelion Greens** Turnip Greens Mustard Greens LeafyGreens

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Bobby Banana ©



- 4. Bananas require warm tropical sun, rich soil, and lots of _____
- 9. Bananas are harvested when they're ____
- 17. One banana counts as one serving of your 5 A $_$ $_$ $_$
- 25. Bananas grow in _____ areas

DOWN

- 1. _____ are the most popular fruit in America
- 2. Bananas do NOT grow on _____
- 3. Bananas were probably the first _ _ _ farmed by man
- 22. Bananas are a good source of vitamin C, ____ and potassium
- 26. Store bananas at _ _ _ temperature



Answers to BANANA Crossword Fun

ACROSS:

4- WATER 9- GREEN 17- DAY 25- TROPICAL

DOWN:

1- BANANAS 2- TREES 3- FRUIT 22- FIBER 26- ROOM



Country Snapshot

All aboard for a trip around the world! Learning about foods eaten in different cultures adds excitement and inspires a sense of adventure to taste foods that are new and different!

Materials Needed:

- Map of the world
- Crayons or markers
- Poster board
 Clear contact
- Clear contact
 paper
- Travel posters, magazines, etc.
- Scissors
- Glue
- Cassette tape, cassette player
- Food Guide Pyramid/ MyPyramid poster
- "International Food List" handout
- Story, attached

Time Needed:

45 minutes

BACKGROUND:

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about foods and food customs in different countries.
- To classify foods from another culture by food groups of the Food Guide Pyramid.
- To taste new foods.

KEY CONCEPTS:

- People from other cultures eat foods that are similar and different from the food we eat.
- Tasting "new" foods can be fun and delicious.

PREPARATION NEEDED:

- Collect travel posters and travel magazines about foreign countries that can be cut up.
- Obtain a map of the world.
- Cut poster board into "placemat" size pieces, one for each youth.
- Obtain cassette tapes of music from several countries around the world and a cassette player (optional).
- Photocopy "International Food List" for distribution to group.

Each country of the world has unique foods and food preparation techniques and food customs. These are important parts of the culture of each country. The foods eaten often depend on what foods grow in the area, what animals can be raised in the area, the climate, whether the country is located close to the sea, etc. "Special" foods are often prepared for celebrations.

This activity introduces the youth to three different cultures and some of their foods and food customs. Read the attached story for a little background on these three countries. You may want to do more research on your own at your local library or even choose different countries and make up your own stories. The countries discussed in the story are: Mexico, Russia, and Ethiopia.

Remind the youth that using their senses to enjoy the various flavors, textures, smells, and colors of food makes eating a fun adventure, and it can expand their appreciation for a wider variety of foods.



STORY ACTIVITY

Introduction:

1- Explain that the youth will be learning about different cultures and some of the foods and food customs through a story. Have the youth sit while you read aloud the story "Food Stories from Around the World." The group leader should point out each country on a world map as the story is read.

2- Suggested discussion questions:

What countries did the children visit? Can you describe each country?(Its climate, where it is located in the world, etc.) Name some of the foods that were eaten in more than one of the countries.

PLACEMAT ACTIVITY

1- Spread out the posters and pictures according to country, and have youth create placemats about any of the countries in the story using art materials. Give everyone a piece of poster board and glue.

2- When the group has finished, cover both sides of each placemat with clear contact paper.

- 3- Have youth share their placemats with the group.
- 4- Display placemats in the school cafeteria.



FOOD GROUPING ACTIVITY

1- Display the Food Guide Pyramid/MyPyramid poster.

2- Give each youth a copy of the "International Food List" and a pencil, and have them work in groups to write in the name of the food group to which each food belongs.

3- When the lists are completed, compare the answers to the answer key. Refer back to the story, if necessary. Discuss the similarities and differences in the foods eaten in the three countries.

CLOSURE:

Have each youth set a goal to taste a food from the story in the coming week.

Classroom Link: Country Snapshot Continued... Food Stories From Around the World

These stories follow a teacher, Ms. Santos, and four of her students, Marcus, Carlos, Tanisha and Liz as they visit different countries and learn about foods and food customs.

'Where are we?" asked Marcus, always the first of the group to open his mouth. "We're not in any more ____ (name of your town) _____, that's for sure."

"We're in a little town in Mexico called La Penita," said Ms. Santos. "It's on the Pacific Coast and very warm here."

The group strolled over to the main street, where people were selling fruits and vegetables in open-air markets. "I recognize some of this food," said Marcus, looking at the fruits and vegetables in one small shop. "I see **tomatoes, watermelons,** and **pineapples.** What are those things over there?"

"Those are **papayas**, and those are **mangoes**," said Carlos. "We eat them at my house. My father was born in Mexico."

"What's this? It looks like a hairy, brown turnip!" laughed Liz.

A small voice piped up from behind the counter. "That is **jicama** (HI-cah-ma). It's crunchy and sweet. Want to try?"

"Who are you?" asked Liz.

"I am Tia. This is my mother's shop."

"How come you speak English so well?" asked Marcus.

"We learn English in school. Here, have some jicama. Then tell me why you are here."

"We're visiting different countries to learn about the food they eat," said Carlos.

"Hey, this stuff's not half bad," said Marcus, his mouth full of jicama. "What other kinds of food do you eat here?"

Tia pointed to different piles of vegetables. "To us this food is not strange. It is what we eat every day. Here are **chili peppers**, **lettuce**, **zucchini**, **platanos** (PLAta-nos) and **cactus leaves**."

"Cactus leaves? Do people really eat those things?" said Marcus.

Tia laughed. "But after you boil them, they are very good. Platanos, too. See how they look like big bananas? Sometimes we fry them, or put them in a stew. I like platanos very much."

"What about these bananas?" asked Tanisha. "They're tiny!"

"Those are **apple-bananas**. They grow on plantations very near here. Try one. They are so good!"

"Hey," mumbled Carlos with his mouth full. "She's right. They may be little, but they are sure good."

"Tia, what does your family usually eat besides fruits and vegetables?" asked Carlos.

"We eat lots of **tortillas**," said Tia. "We eat them at almost every meal --- with **beans**, **meat**, **lettuce**, **and tomatoes**. We also eat fresh **fish**, **shrimp**, **and oysters**. And we make juice from fresh fruits, like **guava** or **watermelon**. For snacks, we can buy a mango on a stick or **ice cream**. Another thing we like very much is **'pan dulce'** --- it's a sweet bread. Sometimes my mother bakes it and sometimes we buy it at the store."

"Wow, I never thought there was so much cool food in Mexico," said Marcus. "I thought all you ever ate was beans."

Tia laughed again. "And we think Americans only eat hamburgers and french fries. Today you have learned many things about what Mexican people eat. Thanks so much for visiting!

RUSSIA

"Brr. This is definitely not sunny Mexico," said Tanisha. She clutched at her coat, blew on her fingers and gazed at the huge buildings in Moscow's Red Square. "Not at all."

"That's right," said Ms. Santos. "We're on the other side of the world from Mexico, and a lot further north. We've been invited to a family's apartment for lunch, so we better get going."

Ms. Santos and the children hopped on the squeaky clean Moscow subway, and soon they came to their stop. They found the right apartment building, and soon were climbing, climbing up the stairs.

"Welcome. Come in. Welcome," said a woman at the top of the stairs. "You must be the group from the United States."

"That's right. And we're pooped, too," said Marcus. "I'm Marcus."

"This is my husband, Sergei, and our son, Piet. Come in. Come in." Their apartment was very small. But right in the middle of the living room was a round table, full of dishes of food in all shapes and colors. The kids just stared. Even Marcus, for once, had nothing to say.

"What is all this?" stammered Liz.

"I mean, there's so much. I thought we'd just have ... "

"You thought the Russians only ate **soup**, **bread** and **tea**, yes?" said Tatyana. "Well, we do. But many other things, too. This is **prostokvasha** (pro-sto-KVAsha). It is like your yogurt, but not as sweet, like buttermilk. Russian people often eat this for breakfast."

"And look at the bread!" whispered Tanisha. "It's beautiful and black!"

"Yes, Russians love **dark, rich bread**," said Sergei. "We buy it fresh almost every day at the bakery. Some days we have to stand in line for a long time before we can buy bread."

"And this?" asked Tanisha. She was warm now, and her curiosity was making her talk more.

Piet finally got brave enough to try out his English. "**Sour cream, potatoes** and **mushrooms**! We love sour cream in everything!"

"You see, for a long time many of us didn't have refrigerators," Piet's mom explained. "We learned to use sour milk and sour cream in our cooking. Another thing we use in cooking is **hard-cooked eggs**. Meat can be very expensive here, so we get much of our protein from eggs and dairy products."

"What's this red stuff?" asked Marcus, pointing to a steaming bowl of deep red-purple liquid.

"That's **borscht** --- Russian beet soup. It is a big favorite with many Russians," answered Sergei. "And here are pickled vegetables. Our ancestors used to pickle many foods to make them last longer. Today we still eat **pickled beets, beans, cabbage**, and even **mushrooms**."

"Does everyone in this huge country eat this kind of food?" asked Tanisha.

"Oh, no," said Tatyana. "Russia has many different climates and types of food. In the warmer climates, people eat a lot of **figs, dates, apricots, nuts** and **seeds**. And instead of eating bread and potatoes, like we do, they eat **rice** or **corn**. They also like to eat **lamb** or **chicken**."

"We better sit down and start eating this food," said Ms. Santos.

ETHIOPLA

The children looked at the rugged hills and bright sunlight and smiled. "I don't care where we are. I'm just glad to be warm," said Tanisha.

"It just so happens that today we're visiting Ethiopia," said Ms. Santos. "Ethiopia is in East Africa."

"I thought Ethiopia was one big desert," said Liz.

"No," said Carlos. "There are many kinds of geography in Ethiopia. There are deserts, mountains, and plains."

"That's right," said Ms. Santos.

"But right now we have to go on. A family is expecting us for lunch."

After a short walk, the group entered a round, dark hut. They were at the home of Jarra, his wife, Ama, and their 2-year-old daughter, Jabu.

"Welcome to our house! Welcome to our table," boomed Jarra. He was a tall, thin man who held his head very high. "Here, first you must have some cool water. Then sit down. We will have a meal."

The kids sat down on a low couch near a table. In the middle of the table was a steaming **stew**, and pieces of **bread** that were flat, soft and full of holes.

"In this country, we do not use your knife and fork," said Ama in a quiet voice. "Instead, we take pieces of bread and scoop up the stew. Watch me. Now you try."

Marcus tore off a piece of bread, dipped it into the stew and immediately slopped some on his pants. "Oh brother, it's going to be a long lunch," he said under his breath.

"What's in this stew, and what's it called?" asked Carlos.

"This dish is called **wat**," said Jarra. (Wat rhymes with swat.) "Ethiopians cook many kinds of wat. This one has **chicken**, **onion**, **lemon juice**, **hard cooked eggs**, **hot peppers**, and many spices. Some wats only have vegetables or **beans**. Some are made with **beef**."

"What else do you like to eat?" asked Liz.

"Bread. The bread we are eating now is made from millet. We also eat **lentils** and **chickpeas**, and **curds** made from milk. And **honey**. Honey to us is like heaven."

"Does everybody in Africa eat like this? 'Cause if they do, they sure are lucky," mumbled Marcus with his mouth full. By now he had learned how to dip and eat.

"No, there are many different cultures in Africa," said Jarra, "and people eat differently. Some people live where it is very hot. They eat lots of fruits, like **mangoes, breadfruit**, and **bananas**. Some people live near the oceans and eat lots of **fish**."

Ama nodded her head. "Yes. Food and water are very important. We have had drought here for many years. The crops have been bad. Many people have gone hungry or died. Before every meal, we give thanks for our food, because so many people have so little to eat."

The group looked at the floor of the dark hut and let this young woman's words sink in. After a bit, Ms. Santos stood up.

"We thank you for your wonderful food. And now we must go."

Source: Nutri-Kids Go Around the World. Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program. Oregon. 1994. (11). Team Nutrition Community Nutrition Action Kit

INTERNATIONAL FOOD LIST

(These foods were all mentioned in the story)

MEXICO	FOOD GROUP	RUSSIA	FOOD GROUP
cactus leaves		potato	
jicama		mushroom	
mango		black bread	
papaya		prostokvasha	
tomato		sour milk	
watermelon		hard-cooked egg	
pan dulce		borscht	
pineapple		pickled cabbage	
platanos		figs	
tortilla		rice	
zucchini		pickled beans	
apple-banana		pickled beets	
beans		corn	
oysters		dates	
fish		apricots	
shrimp		nuts and seeds	
guava juice			

ETHIOPIA	FOOD GROUP
flat bread	
stew (wat)	
hot pepper	
beans	
lentils	
chickpeas	
curds from milk	
honey	
hard-cooked egg	
onion	
chicken	
lemon juice	
beef	

INTERNATIONAL FOOD LIST — ANSWER KEY

MEXICO cactus leaves jicama mango papaya tomato watermelon pan dulce pineapple platanos tortilla zucchini apple-banana beans oysters fish shrimp

guava juice

FOOD GROUP vegetable vegetable fruit fruit vegetable fruit grain fruit fruit grain vegetable fruit meat or vegetable meat meat meat fruit

RUSSIA potato mushroom black bread prostokvasha sour milk hard-cooked egg borscht pickled cabbage figs rice pickled beans pickled beets corn dates apricots nuts and seeds

FOOD GROUP vegetable vegetable grain milk milk meat combination or vegetable vegetable fruit grain meat or vegetable vegetable vegetable fruit fruit meat

ETHIOPIA

flat bread stew (wat) hot pepper beans lentils chickpeas curd from milk honey hard-cooked egg onion chicken lemon juice beef FOOD GROUP grain combination vegetable meat or vegetable meat or vegetable milk fats, oils, sweets meat vegetable meat fruit meat

Team Nutrition Community Nutrition Action Kit



To: Parents/Guardians From: Subject: Family Meals Date:

A great way to spend quality time with your child or children is to sit down together as a family to eat meals.

Did you know?

Having dinner with your children is one of the best things a parent or guardian can do.

Children that share in frequent positive family meals are:

- ✓ Better communicators
- ✓ Healthier eaters
- ✓ Less likely to use tobacco, alcohol and drugs
- ✓ Better performers in school

Below are some suggestions to make your family mealtimes a positive memory:

- ✓ Use the attached "Conversation Starters" to involve everyone in talking at the family table.
- ✓ Assign a team of family members a monthly meal. Have them plan a theme, decorate, play music and games.
- ✓ Try a new food together. Select items from the attached "Salad Bowl" list.
- ✓ Try a new recipe together such as "Spinach Lasagna" attached.
- ✓ Celebrate a "Family Salad Bar Night" each week. (Ideas are in "School/Family Salad Bar Project" attached.)

Plan time each week to enjoy a few meals as a family. Remember, you and your children will be happier!



Conversation ~



- * If you were a food, what would you be?
- * Why do people drive on parkways and park on driveways?
- * What do you think is the greatest invention? Why?
- * Describe what it means to be a best friend.
- * What is your earliest childhood memory?
- * Is there something that you memorized long ago and still remember?
- * Which way does the toilet paper roll go? Over or under?
- * What is your favorite season of the year? Why?
- * How many people are in your whole family? How many are male? Female?
- * Who controls the TV remote control in your family?
- * Name your favorite animated movie and tell why you like it.
- * Which person would you like to see more often than you do now?
- * If you were an animal, what would you be?
- * What superpower would you like to have? What would you do with it?
- * If you had to move to another state, which one would you choose?
- * Name three animals that have toes. Name three that don't.
- * Close your eyes. Now tell everyone the color of their eyes.
- * What special talent do you have?
- * What can you do that makes people laugh?
- * How many people do you know who are left-handed?
- * Can you pat your head and rub your stomach at the same time?
- * Name four items that can always be found in your refrigerator.
- * Who is the best laundry folder in the family?
- * If somebody makes a mess, who cleans it up?
- * When was the last time you sent or received a card from someone?
- * Which do you prefer, a shower or a bath? Why?
- * If you were in danger, who would protect you?
- * Name three sports that are played in teams. Name three that are not.
- * What is your grandfather or grandmother's middle name?
- * What color do you get when you mix blue and yellow? How about red and blue?
- * How many teeth do you have in your mouth?
- * Where does the water in your home come from? Where do the drains go?
- * Which do you prefer, inside or outside? Why?
- * Close your eyes. How many prongs are on your fork?

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Salad Bowl

The foods and recipes contributed by the many ethnic groups making up the United States population are what make the foods we eat so wonderful. It is interesting to learn how many of the fruits and vegetables eaten by different ethnic groups are eaten by your family.

Using a colored pencil, circle the foods your family now eats from the list below.

ASIAN Fruits: apple banana carambola Chinese banana Chinese pear dates fig fruit juices grape guava kumquat kitchi lime loquat lychee mango orange papaya passion fruit persimmon pineapple pomelo pomegranate plum tangerine watermelon Vegetables:

Vegetables: bamboo shoots bean sprouts bitter melon bok choy broccoli celery cucumber daikon eggplant fuzzy melon ginger leek mushroom mustard greens napa cabbage onion potato snow peas spinach squash taro tomato turnip water chestnut winter melon yam **AFRICAN-**AMERICAN Fruits:

apple banana berries fruit juices peach watermelon Vegetables: beets broccoli cabbage chard collard greens corn garlic green beans green pepper hominy hot pepper kale mustard greens okra onion potato spinach squash sweet potato tomato yam LATINO

Fruits: apple avocado banana canned fruit cherimoya coconut guava lemon lime mango melon orange papaya passion fruit pineapple strawberry sugar cane zapote

Vegetables:

agave avocado cabbage cactus leaves carrot cassava chilies corn jicama onion peas potato squash squash blossoms sweet potato tomatillo tomato turnip

NATIVE AMERICAN Fruits:

blackberry

blueberry canned fruit chokeberry crab apple cranberry currants elderberry grapes ground cherry huckleberry musk melon peach persimmon raspberry salmon berry strawberry watermelon wild plum wild rhubarb Vegetables:

bitter root cactus leaves corn Jerusalem artichoke kelp miners lettuce mushroom pumpkin turnip wild carrot wild celery wild potato

FAMILY ACTIVITY: Choose a food that you are not familiar with from the list, circle the name with a pencil. Purchase the food, prepare, and eat it. Select a new food item to try each week. Adding new fruits and vegetables will expand the variety of foods your family eats.

Team Nutrition Community Nutrition Action Kit



Bananas

How to Peel a Banana:

- 1- Grab a banana like a handle with the stem facing the floor
- 2- Peel the banana from the top, not from the stem end where it was attached to the other bananas

Much easier and you won't break the banana!

Fun Ways to Eat:

- 🖑 Mix with your favorite fruit ---- create a fruit salad
- Make a fruit kabob (skewer with different types of cut up fruit onto a stick)
- $rak{W}$ Top banana slices with low fat yogurt and granola for crunch
- $rac{W}{}$ Try topping your hot or cold cereal with banana slices
- 🖑 Create a new recipe for breakfast ---- Banana Pancakes
- Hide some fruit in pudding desserts; Add banana slices to vanilla or chocolate pudding
- 🆑 Add banana slices to peanut butter sandwiches
- Create a "banana split or blast" for breakfast or as a snack! Take one banana, slice lengthwise Place fresh fruit or canned fruit such as crushed pineapple or diced peaches on top of banana Add a spoonful of low-fat yogurt on top of fruit

Sprinkle granola, almonds, peanuts or walnuts on the yogurt

Try banana-nut bread or muffins for breakfast, lunch or after school snack

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipes are attached and include bananas as an ingredient:

 $mathsf{W}$ Fruity Breakfast Parfait

🖑 Banana Peanut Butter Sandwich



Fruity Breakfast Parfait

Makes 4 servings

Reprinted from: Dole's "5 A Day Kids Cookbook"

A fun food to eat for breakfast or as a snack! Be creative and use your favorite fruits, yogurt or pudding and nuts to create your own breakfast parfait or sundae!

Ingredients:

- 2 cups Chopped Fresh Pineapple 1 cup Frozen Raspberries or Strawberries, Thawed
- 1 cup Low Fat Vanilla Yogurt
- 1 Firm, Medium Banana, Peeled and Sliced
- $\frac{1}{3}$ cup Chopped Dates
- ¹/₄ cup Sliced Almonds, Toasted

You will need:

Measuring Cups
 Measuring Cups
 ed
 4 (6-oz.) Stemmed
 Sundae Glasses
 Spoon
 Knife

Directions:

In glasses, layer pineapple, raspberries, yogurt, banana, and dates. Sprinkle the top with almonds.

Nutritional analysis per serving: Calories 224, Protein 6g, Fat 6g, Saturated Fat 1g, Cholesterol 3mg, Carbohydrate 41g, Sodium 43mg

Parfait de Desayuno con Frutas

Hace 4 porciones

Reimprimido del Dole's 5 A Day Kids Cookbook

¡Un alimento divertido para comer en el desayuno o como un bocado! ¡Sea creador y utilice sus frutas favoritas, el yogur o el pudín y las nueces para crear su propio parfait del desayuno o helado con frutas y nueces!

Usted necesitará:

- Cuchara Series Cuchara Cuchillo
- 4 vasos de 6 onzas para helado

Los ingredientes:

- 2 tazas de piña fresca picada
- 1 taza frambuesas o fresas congeladas, desconjelado
- 1 taza el yogur de vainilla bajo en grasa
- 1 banano mediano firme, pelado y cortado
- 1/3 de taza de datiles cortados
- 1/4 de taza de almendras, tostadas en el horno

<u>Direcciones</u>: En lo vasos ponga en capas la piña, las frambuesas, el yogur, el banano, y datiles. Rocíe encima con almendras.

El análisis nutricional por porción: Calorías 224, Proteína 6g, Grasa 6g, Grasa Saturada 1g, el Colesterol 3 mg, el Carbohidrato 41g, el Sodio 43 mg





Banana Peanut Butter Sandwich

Makes 2 servings *Reprinted from:* Dole's "5 A Day Kids Cookbook"

Ingredients:

- 2 tablespoons peanut butter
- 4 slices raisin bread
- 1 firm, small banana, peeled and sliced

Method:

- 1. Spread peanut butter on 2 bread slices.
- 2. Arrange banana slices over peanut butter. Top with remaining bread.
- 3. Place sandwiches on cutting board and cut into quarters.



Utensils Needed: Measuring Spoons Table Knife Cutting Board Knife

Nutritional Info:

(per serving) 278 calories 9g protein 9g fat (2g sat.) 39g carbohydrate 260mg sodium 0mg cholesterol

Emparedado de Cacahuate y Banano

hace 2 porciones

Receta de: Dole Food Company, Inc.

Los ingredientes:

- 2 cucharadas de mantequilla de cacahuate
- 4 torejas de pan con pasas
- 1 banano firme pequeño, pelado y cortado en rajas <u>Direcciones:</u>
- 1. Esparza la crema de cacahuete en 2 tajadas de pan.

2. Arregle las rajas de banano sobre la mantequilla de cacahuete. Cubra con el otro pan.

3. Ponga el emparedado en una plancha y corte en cuartos.

Información nutricional: (Por porción) calorias 278, proteína 9g, grasa 9g, grasa saturada 2g, carbohidrato 39g, sodio 260 mg, cholesterol 0 mg



How to Prepare Spinach:

- 1-Tear off the stem
- 2-Separte the leaves and place in a large bowl of water
- 3-Wash leaves allowing the sand to float to the bottom of the bowl
- 4-Remove leaves, repeat process with fresh water as needed
- 5-Completely dry the leaves using a salad spinner or by patting dry with a paper towel

Fun Ways to Eat:

- \checkmark Add raw spinach to salads
- ♥ Use raw spinach, instead of lettuce, on sandwiches or wraps
- 🖑 Try cooked spinach as a pizza topping
- ${}^{rak W}$ Make a spinach dip for raw veggies
- $rac{W}{}$ Try a spinach omelet or add to scrambled eggs
- ♥ Stir-fry spinach with garlic, onion and chopped red bell peppers
- 🖑 Add chopped spinach to lasagna, soups or tomato sauce
- Stir yogurt into chopped or pureed cooked spinach and create creamed spinach
- $rak{W}$ Toss cooked spinach with pasta or rice

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

All the following recipes are attached and include spinach as an ingredient:

- 🖑 Strawberry Spinach Salad
- 🖑 Spinach Lasagna



Strawberry Spinach Salad

Makes 6 servings

Ingredients:

- -1 (6 ounce) package Baby Spinach
- -1 pint Strawberries, washed, stemmed and sliced
- -1 medium Red Delicious Apple, cored and sliced
- -1/2 cup shredded Part-Skim Mozzarella Cheese
- -1/2 cup bottled Low Fat Raspberry Vinaigrette Dressing

From: 5 A Day Kids' Cookbook/Dole

Directions:

- 1- Combine spinach, sliced strawberries, apples, and cheese in salad bowl.
- 2- Toss with dressing and serve immediately.

Utensils Needed:

✓ Cutting Board ✓ Sharp Knife ✓ Large Salad Bowl ✓Measuring Cups & Spoons ✓Salad Tongs

Nutritional Info: (per serving) 80 Calories; 3g Protein; 2g Fat (Ig Saturated Fat); 14g Carbohydrate; 365mg Sodium; 6mg Cholesterol; 228mg Potassium; 4g Fiber; 1560IU Vitamin A; 36mg Vitamin C; 103mg Calcium; 2mg Iron

Ensalada de fresa y espinaca

Hace 6 porciones

De: 5 A Day Kids' Cookbook/Dole

Ingredientes:

- -1 paquete (de 6 oz) de espinaca de bebé
- -1 pinta de fresas, lavadas, provenidas y rebanadas
- -1 manzana Red Delicious, sin corazón y rebanada
- ¹⁄₂ taza de queso mozzarella bajo en grasa, rallado
- 1/2 taza de vinagrete de frambuesa para ensalada en botella bajo en grasa

Direcciones:

1-Combine espinaca, rebanadas de fresas, manzanas, y queso en un tazón de ensalada.

2- Mezcle con vinagrete y sirva inmediatamente.

Los utensilios necesario:

- Tabla de cortar - Cuchillo afilado - Tazas y cucharas para medir

- Tazón de ensalada grande - Pinzas para ensalada

Información nutricional: por porción - 80 calorías; proteína 3g; grasa 2g (grasa saturada lg); carbohidrato 14g; sodio 365mg; colesterol 6mg; potasio 228mg; fibra 4g; vitamina A 1560IU; vitamina C 36mg; calcio 103mg; hierro 2mg



Iry this fun & easy recipe SPINACH LASAGNA 5 A DAY AND SPINACH KIDS ACTIVITY SHEET

2 cups low-fat nicotta cheese

the spinach over the ricotta; sprinkle with

- · I/4 cup fresh parsley, chopped
 - Non-stick cooking spray
- 2 1/2 cups low-sodium spaghetti sauce
- I pound no-cook lasagna noodles
- I 10 oz.-package frozen spinach, thawed and chopped
- I/2 pound reduced-fat mozzarella
- 1/2 cup Parmesan cheese, grated cheese, grated

Mix ricotta cheese and parsley. Coat a half of the ricotta mixture over non-stick cooking spay, coat Cover noodles with about 1/3 of spaghetti sauce. Spread 13"× 9"× 2" baking pan with bottom of pan with a bit of the spaghetti sauce. Place a layer of the noodles over the bottom of the pan.

mozzarella. (If desired, you may add other Parmesan. Bake at 375° for 30 minutes or vegetables to the spinach mixture.) Repeat layers of noodles, 1/3 sauce, and remaining until hot and bubbling. Makes 8 servings. ricotta, spinach and mozzarella cheese finishing with a layer of noodles, the remaining sauce, and a sprinkle of This is an official 5 Å Day recipe.



Produce for Better Health 302 235 ADAY Foundation

EAT CA DAY



the sauce. Spread half of



Home Link...



l medium-size fruit = 3/4 cup (6 oz.) of 100 percent fruit or vegetable juice = 1/4 cup of dried fruit A 5 A DAY SERVING SIZE IS SMALLER THAN YOU THINK. 1/2 cup of cooked, frozen, or canned vegetables or fruit 🔳 1 cup of raw leafy vegetables 1/2 cup of cooked dry peas or beans = 1/4, cup of dried fruit



the family salad. Family salad night could replace Friday pizza night.) Another option: activity.) Ask classmates to bring in their favorite salad topping. If the entire school takes part, each class could bring in one salad item. Start with salad greens differ-ent types of lettuce (iceberg, Boston, Romaine, etc.). Try other greens such as: toppings of their choice. (Family members could suggest salad items to be added to pass out slips of paper with a letter on it and ask person to bring a salad item that Talk to your teacher or cafeteria director and organize a classroom or school-wide salad bar. (This could also be accomplished with a church group, club or as a family spinach, endive, escarole, or cabbage. Ask each student or class to contribute salad starts with that letter.

other items of your choice. Allow everyone to pick and choose their favorites to make Some salad topping suggestions: tomatoes, celery, aucumbers, mushrooms, broccoli, To save lettover salad fixings, store in plastic bags and put them in the refrigerator cauliflower, red and/or green peppers, beans, carrots, peas, sprouts, radishes, onion, tuna, chicken, ham, cheese, hard-cooked eggs, olives, sun-flower seeds, croutons, or their own personal salad. Serve with a choice of low-fat salad dressings.



GO TO WWW SADAY COM FOR MORE FUN FOR KIDS



Your child/children will be offered

Bananas

in May on their School Menu! Try a new **Banana** recipe at home!

<u>Raisin Buddy Banana Muffins</u>

Makes 48 mini muffins Cookbook"

Reprinted from: Dole's "5 A Day Kids

Ingredients:

- 2 very ripe, medium bananas, peeled
- 1 egg, beaten
- 1/3 cup vegetable oil
- 1 1/2 cups all-purpose flour
- 1 cup sugar
- 6 tablespoons cocoa powder
- 1 teaspoon baking soda
- 1/2 teaspoon salt
- 1/4 teaspoon baking powder
- 1/2 cup raisins

Preparation Time:

Cooking Time:





Method:

1- Spray muffin pans or loaf pans with cooking spray. Preheat the oven to 350°F.

2- Put bananas into a food processor bowl or blender. Secure lid and blend until smooth.

3- Scrape banana into a mixing bowl and combine with eggs and oil.

4- In another mixing bowl, combine flour, sugar, cocoa, baking soda, salt, and baking powder. Add banana mixture, and stir until moistened. Stir in raisins.

To make Mini-Muffins:

Spoon 1 tablespoon of batter into each muffin pan cup. Bake for 12 to 15 minutes. Cool muffins before popping them out.

To make Regular Muffins:

Spoon 1/3 cup of batter into 10 to 12 prepared muffin pan cups. Bake for 20 to 25 minutes.

To make a Loaf:

Pour the batter into a prepared 9" x 5" loaf pan. Bake for 55 to 60 minutes. Cool for 10 minutes before removing from pan. Cool bread completely before slicing.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Banano

En Mayo en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de Banano en casa!

<u>Molletes de Banano de con Pasas</u>

Hace 48 molletes mini *Reimprimido de:* Dole's 5 a Day Kids

Ingredientes:

- · 2 bananos medianos, bien maduros, pelados
- · 1 huevo, batido
- · 1/3 de taza de aceite de vegetal
- · 1 ½ taza de harina de uso múltiple
- 1 taza de azúcar
- · 6 cucharadas de polvo de cacao
- · 1 cucharada de bicarbonato de soda
- · 1/2 cucharadita de sal
- · 1/4 de cucharadata de polvo de hornear
- ½ taza de pasas

Método:

1-Rocie spray de cocina a una cazuela de molletes o cazuela de pan. Precaliente el horno a 350°F.

2-Coloque bananos en licuadora o en un tazón de procesador de alimentos y mezcle hasta que esté suave

3- Raspe el plátano en un tazón para mezclar y combine con los huevos y el aceite.

4-En otro tazón de mezcla, combine la harina, el azúcar, el cacao, el bicarbonato de sosa, la sal, y el polvo de hornear. Añada la mezcla de banano, y el bata hasta que este húmedo. Agrege las pasas.

Hacer Minimolletes:

Ponga 1 cucharada de mezcla en cada taza de cazuela de mollete. Hornee durante 12 a 15 minutos. Deje molletes enfriarse completamente antes de sacarlos.

Hacer Molletes Regulares:

Ponga 1/3 de taza de mezcla en 10 a 12 tazas de cazuela de mollete listas. Hornee durante 20 a 25 minutos.

Hacer un Pan:

Vierta la mezcla en un molde de pan 9" x 5". Hornee durante 55 a 60 minutos. Deje enfriar durante 10 minutos antes de quitar del molde. Enfriar completamente antes de cortar.



<u>Pint-Size Banana Raisin Pancakes</u>

Makes 4 servings

Reprinted from: Dole's "5 A Day Kids Cookbook"



Ingredients:

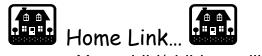
- 2 very ripe, medium bananas, peeled
- 1 egg
- 3/4 cup low-fat milk
- 1 tablespoon vegetable oil
- 1 cup pancake/waffle mix
- 1/2 cup raisins
- 1/8 teaspoon ground cinnamon

Preparation Time:



Method:

- 1. Break up bananas into a mixing bowl. With back of fork, mash until smooth, about 1 cup. Add egg, milk, and oil; combine.
- 2. In another mixing bowl, combine pancake mix, raisins, and cinnamon.
- 3. Add pancake mix to banana mixture and stir until moistened.
- 4. Heat skillet over a medium high heat. Measure ¼ cup batter and pour into skillet. Cook as many pancakes at one time as you can. Brown the underside of the pancake and when bubbles appear on the surface, carefully flip pancakes over and continue cooking for another minute. Slide pancakes onto a platter while you continue cooking the remaining batter.
- 5. Spoon warm fruit topping or fresh fruit over hot pancakes.



Home Recipes

Your child/children will be offered

Spinach

in May on their School Menu! Try a new **Spinach** recipe at home!

Yummy Spinach Dip

Yield: Approx. 2 cups

Recipe From: Dole Food Company, Inc.

Ingredients:

- 1 each 10 oz. Package Frozen Chopped Spinach, Thawed
- 1/4 cup Mild White Onion, Finely Chopped
- 2 Cloves Garlic, Finely Chopped
- 1 cup Raw Red Pepper, Finely Chopped
- 1/2 cup Low-Fat Sour Cream
- 1/2 cup Low-Fat Mayonnaise
- Optional: Salt & Pepper for Additional Seasoning
- Assorted Colorful Raw Vegetables for Dipping

Directions:

- Squeeze the water out of the spinach, and place the spinach in a mixing bowl.
- Stir in the onion, garlic, red pepper, sour cream, and mayonnaise.
- Season with salt and pepper.
- Let the dip sit at room temperature for 1 hour for the flavors to mix.
- Stir again before serving. This dip keeps well, refrigerated, for 1 week.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Espinaca

En Mayo en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Espinaca** en casa!

Deliciosa Salsa de Espinaca

Producción: Aprox. 2 tazas

Receta de: Dole Food Company, Inc.

Ingredientes:

- 1 paquete de 10 oz. de espinaca cortada congelada; descongelada
- 1/4 de taza de cebolla blanca, picada finamente
- 2 dientes de ajo, picados finamente
- 1 taza de pimenton rojo crudo, cortado finamente
- 1/2 taza de crema agria de pocas calorías
- 1/2 taza de mayonesa de pocas calorías
- Opcional: sal y pimienta para condimento adicional
- Variedad de vegetales crudos

Direcciones:

- Apriete la espinaca para sacar el exeso de agua y coloque la espinaca en un tazón de mezclar.
- Añada a la cebolla, ajo, pimenton rojo, crema agria, y mayonesa.
- Sazonar con la sal y pimienta.
- Dejar reposar la salsa a la temperatura de cuarto durante 1 hora para que los sabores se mesclan.
- Revuelva otra vez antes de servir. Esta mezcla se mantendrá bien, refrigerada durante 1 semana.



SPINACH PIZZA

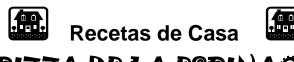
Makes 6 servings

Ingredients:

- 2 tablespoons olive oil
- 2 cloves of garlic, minced
- 1 teaspoon of Italian seasoning
- 1 tube (13.8 ounces)
- refrigerated pizza crust
- 3 plum tomatoes
- 1/2 of 10 ounce bag of baby spinach
- 4 ounces part-skim mozzarella cheese (8 ounces pre-shredded)

Printed from: "Super Star Foods"/Stop & Shop Directions:

- ✓ Preheat oven to 400°F.
- ✓ Combine olive oil, garlic and Italian seasonings in a small mixing bowl.
- ✓ Brush pizza crust with oil mixture.
- $\checkmark~$ Cut tomatoes into thin slices.
- ✓ Wash spinach, remove stems and pat dry.
- ✓ Cut mozzarella into thin slices or shred.
- ✓ Layer pizza crust with spinach then tomatoes and top with mozzarella cheese.
- ✓ Bake for 10-20 minutes or according to directions on pizza crust package.



<u>PIZZA DE LA ESPINAÇA</u>

Hace 6 porciones

De: "Super Star Foods"/Stop & Shop

Ingredientes:

- 2 cucharadas de aceite de oliva
- 2 dientes de ajo, picaditos
- 1 cucharadita de condimento italiano
- 1 tubo (13.8 onzas) de corteza de pizza refrigerado
- 3 tomates plum
- Mitad de una bolsa de 10 onzas de espinaca de bebé
- 4 onzas de queso mozarela parte-desnatada (8 onzas pre-rallado)

Direcciones:

- ✓ Precaliente el horno a 400°F.
- Combine el aceite de oliva, el ajo y el condimento Italiano en un tazón de mezclar pequeño.
- ✓ Cepille la corteza de la pizza con la mezcla del aceite.
- ✓ Corte los tomates en rebanadas finas.
- \checkmark Lave la espinaca, quite los tallos y sece con papel toalla.
- ✓ Corte la mozarela en rebanadas finas o ralle la mozarela.
- Acomode la corteza de la pizza con los tomates y tape con espinaca y despues con el queso mozarela.
- Hornea por 10-20 minutos o según direcciones en el paquete de la corteza de la pizza.

JUNE:

Fruit – Blueberries Veggie – Cucumbers



Fact Sheet

Where did they come from?

Blueberries have origins in both Europe and the United States. Blueberries have been around for thousands of years and were once called "star berries" because of their starshaped crown on the top of the berry. Native Americans were the first to incorporate berries into their diets. Lewis and Clark found that Indians in the Northwest Territory smoked wild blueberries to preserve them for the winters. One of the first meals exchanged between Lewis and Clark and the Indians was venison that had wild blueberries pounded into the meat. The cultivated blueberry, the variety that is primarily sold fresh, was a development made in the 1900's by a New Jersey botanist, Frederick Coville. He crossed different varieties of wild blueberries to create an easily grown blueberry for gardens and farms.

Where do they grow?

Blueberries are native to North America where 95% of commercial blueberries are grown between the United States and Canada. Michigan and New Jersey together produce 66% of all the blueberries in the United States. Michigan produces 41% and New Jersey produces 25%. Other states, which grow blueberries, include North Carolina, Oregon and Washington. Maine and Eastern Canada grow wild blueberries, since these grow well in cool climates. Blueberry season ranges from mid-April to late September beginning in the southern states and moving north as the season continues. Frozen blueberries are available year round.

How do they grow?

Cultivated blueberries, which are the most common variety seen in the supermarkets, are grown on thousands of farms across the United States. Blueberry plants grow on a bush. They like moist, well-drained acidic soils. Today, most of them are grown on highbush plants, which are 10 to 15 feet in height. These highbushes are easier for hand or machine picking. Blueberries are grown in clusters that do not ripen all at the same time. Sometimes the blueberries on the bottom of the clusters may be ripe while the fruit on top are still green. On average it takes about two to five weeks for blueberries to ripen on the bush.

Are they healthy?

- Supplies good source of vitamin C, potassium, phosphorus, iron,
- Provides soluble fiber which helps lower cholesterol
- Contains anthocyanin, a disease fighting and anti-aging substance *(Eating blueberries each day may help keep the gray away!)*

How do you pick good ones?

- Choose those with deep blue color
- ♥ Select firm, dry, plump and smooth skinned berries
- Choose frozen blueberries that rattle in the bag (If frozen in a clump, it indicates that they were thawed and refrozen)

☺ FUN FACTS! ☺

Blueberries

Did you know...

- © Did you know over 200 million pounds of blueberries are produced each year in North America?
- © Did you know blueberries contain more disease-fighting antioxidants than almost any other fruit or vegetable?
- Did you know the blueberry is the second most popular berry in the United States? What do you think the favorite berry is?

(Strawberries are our favorite!)

Did you know there are two varieties of blueberries; cultivated, and wild?

(Wild blueberries are much smaller than the cultivated ones that we commonly eat fresh. The wild ones are usually sold in cans or as frozen. Wild blueberries also have a chewy, stronger flavor.)

© Did you know that there are 1,600 wild blueberries in a pound and 500 cultivated blueberries in a pound?

- Did you know blueberries are also available dried? (Dried blueberries make a great healthy snack! They can be used in recipes, just as you would use raisins.)
- Did you know that if you dust fresh blueberries with flour, just before you add them to a batter that they will not sink to the bottom of the pan?

Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for Blueberries; Choose ideas at your own discretion

Presentation

at the Beginning of the Line

Quality: 4 Thaw Frozen Fruit

in Refrigerator! Use Immediately When

Thawed to Maintain Freshness!

Safety:

Wash Produce Before You Cut It

so the Knife

Does Not Become

Contaminated

to Promote their Selection!

Meal Appeal ------ Place Fruits and Vegetables

RECIPES:

- Try a new recipe with blueberries ---Blueberry Muffin Squares (USDA B-20a) Blueberry Delight (see attached)
- Offer blueberries with whipped topping or vanilla yogurt for lunch
- ✓ Offer blueberry crisp or cobbler
- ✓ Add blueberries to fruit salads and tossed salads
- ✓ Offer fresh blueberries as a topping for cereal at breakfast
- ✓ Offer a blueberry sauce as a topping for pancakes, waffles or French toast for breakfast or lunch
- ✓ Serve blueberry muffins for breakfast, lunch or After School Snack

MARKETING:

- Check out the North American Blueberry Council for ideas and resources <u>www.blueberry.org</u>
- ✓ Advertise and highlight the fruit or vegetable of the month on your menu
- ✓ Refer to "Fruits & Vegetables Galore" Kit (Meal Appeal Manual) page 9[√]

PROMOTIONS:

- Promote a "Sticker Day" with prizes on featured fruit/vegetable menu day Give this menu a special name!
 (Examples: Build Brain Power---Eat Blueberries! Blast Off with Blueberries!)
- Feature Red-White-Blue fruit desserts for Flag Day! Line up soufflés cups filled with cherries and topping, and a row of blueberries with topping
- ✓ Feature "Blue Day" on the day that you offer blueberries on your menu
 - Encourage the entire school to get involved
 - Reward students with a small prize if they are wearing blue
- Turn your salad bar into a self-serve topping bar for breakfast or lunch; Let them create a "Yogurt Sundae"!
 - Distribute 4 ounces of low-fat yogurt
 - Offer assorted frozen, canned and dried fruits, granola, nuts... at the topping bar (Be sure to offer blueberries!)
 - Let students add their own toppings for a healthy fruit'n'yogurt treat!





Blueberry Delight

Yield: 130 each 4 oz. servings *Recipe From:* Mary Farmer, Upper Deerfield Twp. School District

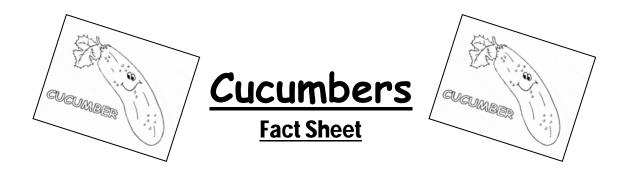
Ingredients:

each 16 oz. Box of Cornstarch
 lb of Butter or Margarine
 cups Sugar
 cup Lemon Juice
 Tbsp. Vanilla Extract
 Tbsp. Lemon Extract
 each 30 lb. Box of Frozen Blueberries
 each 10.8 oz. Bag Whipped Topping (follow directions on bag)

Directions:

Combine in a large steam pot blueberries, butter, sugar, lemon juice, vanilla and lemon extract. Bring to a boil. Remove 1 qt. blueberry juice and mix with cornstarch. Pour back into blueberries to thicken. Cook 20 minutes until blueberry mixture thickens.

Cool down blueberries in two four-inch steam pans for 15 minutes. While still warm use #8 scoop and dip into clear plastic 5 oz. dessert dishes. Refrigerate for one hour. Use #30 scoop to garnish with whipped topping before serving to your customers.

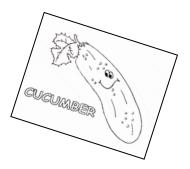


Where did they come from?

Cucumbers have been cultivated for over 3,000 years and may be one of the oldest crops ever grown. Cucumbers originated in India where they spread through Greece and Italy. By 1539 cucumbers were grown in Florida by the natives and by 1584 they were grown in Virginia. During the 16th century cucumbers were being produced throughout North America. Today, cucumbers are grown all over the world and are eaten as a fresh raw vegetable or they are used for pickling.

Where do they grow?

Cucumbers are grown in all states throughout the country but the majority of the cucumbers produced come from Florida. The major states that grow cucumbers that are sold fresh are Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, New York and California. Michigan, Wisconsin, North Carolina and Texas are major states that produce processing cucumbers those which are used primarily for pickling. During the fall and winter months cucumbers are imported from Mexico into the United States and, therefore, they are available to us all year long. The best months to purchase cucumbers are May through July.





How do they grow?

Cucumbers are produced by seeds, which are directly planted into the soil. The stems of the cucumber plants develop into vines, which can be trained to grow on trellises to save space and improve their yield and quality. Cucumber plants have moderately deep roots. Cucumbers grow best in warm temperatures and require good irrigation, weed control, disease and insect management.

Two types of cucumbers are grown, those used to be eaten as a fresh, raw vegetable and those used to make pickles. Pickling cucumbers are usually smaller and fatter with bumpy, lighter green colored skins. The skins of cucumbers eaten raw are often waxed after they are picked, as this prevents them from going bad quickly. "Cukes", as they are commonly called, grow in a variety of sizes from the 1-inch gherkin which is usually pickled, to ones that are 20 inches or longer. The varieties that are used for eating raw are usually 6 to 9 inches long.

Today, many cucumbers are grown in greenhouses. Most of these are slender with a thin, smooth skin and are seedless, or contain very small seeds. They are usually 1 to 2 feet long and are also milder in flavor. These are often called "burpless cucumbers" or "English cucumbers" and are easier to digest.

Are they healthy?

Provide good source of iron, calcium, vitamin A and C
 Contain carbohydrates, protein and dietary fiber

How do you pick a good one?

- $\overset{\bullet}{\mathbb{V}}$ Choose ones that are very firm with rounded ends
- Select ones with rich green color skins ("Kirby" and "burpless" varieties are lighter in color)
- $\overset{()}{\textcircled{V}}$ Avoid those that are withered, shriveled or contain soft spots
- Choose slender cucumbers as they usually have less seeds



<u>Cucumbers</u> Did you know...

- [©] Did you know cucumbers are 95% water?
- [©] Did you know the inner temperature of a cucumber can be

20° degrees cooler than the outside air? (This is how we got the catchy phrase "Cool as a Cucumber"!)

- © Did you know cucumbers are cool and moist due to their water content?
- © Did you know there are many varieties of cucumbers? (English, Persian, Pickling, Armenian and Japanese)
- © Did you know cucumbers are a member of the gourd family along with pumpkins, zucchini, watermelon and squash?
- Did you know some cucumbers are called "burpless"? (These cucumbers have no seeds or tiny seeds, which makes this variety easier for people to digest.)
- © Did you know the "kirby" cucumber, used to make dill pickles, is also a popular raw cuke?

(The "kirby" is popular as a fresh cucumber because it has a thin skin with a crisp flesh or inside and tiny seeds. Its skin is also not waxed!)

© Did you know an average sized cucumber has only 15 calories?

Did you know there are two types of cucumbers; slicers and picklers?

("Slicers" are eaten raw or fresh and "picklers" are used to make pickles.)

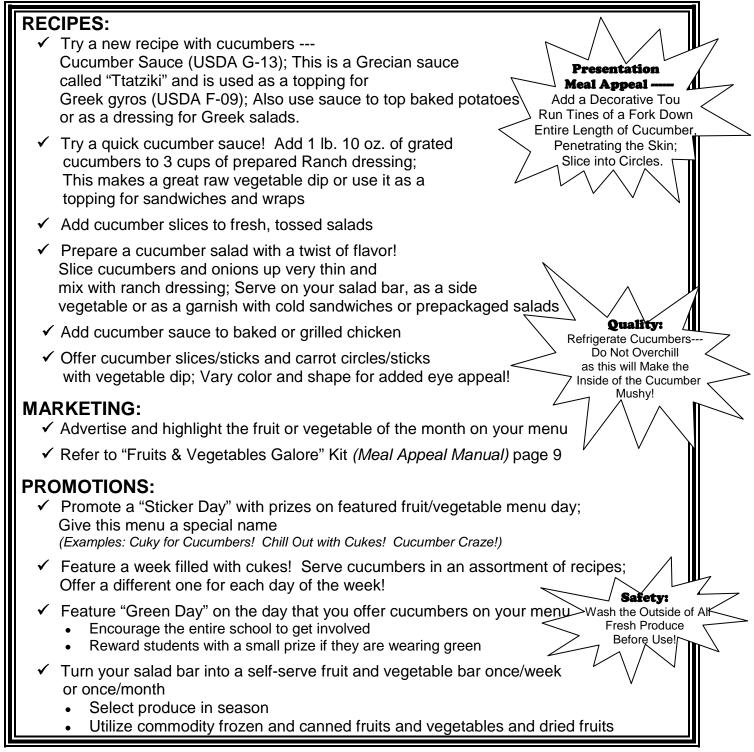
Remember ... Eat more fruits and vegetables everyday!

FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS

😪 School Food Service Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at school...

Listed below are suggestions for promoting Cucumbers; Choose ideas at your own discretion



FRUIT & VEGETABLE IDEAS



Quick Steps to increasing your students' knowledge of Blueberries ...

Items in bold are enclosed.

- Review "Fact Sheet" and "Fun Facts"
- ✓ Have students color "Betty the New Jersey Blueberry"
- ✓ Have students color "Cuky Cucumber" Coloring Page
- ✓ Show the difference between wild lowbush blueberries and cultivated blueberries
- Have students research how many different kinds of berries there are ---blueberries, raspberries, boysenberries, blackberries....
- Have students complete "Cutie Fruitie's Alphabet Challenge"; Let them take this home; Suggest that they hang this up on their refrigerator as a reminder to eat lots of fruits and veggies over the summer months!
- Play a game by having students name a fruit or vegetable that begins with each letter of the alphabet! Older students may even have fun with this as some letters are really tough --- "Q" and "Z"!
- Distribute Discover "Berried" Treasure; Let students search for the hidden berries and color the picture.
- Have students complete "Berry Word Search"
- ✓ Show and discuss different varieties of cucumbers --- burpless, kirby, slicers...
- ✓ Discuss how pickles are made --- See handout "What Is A Pickle?"

Home Link...

Quick Steps to more fruits and vegetables at home ...

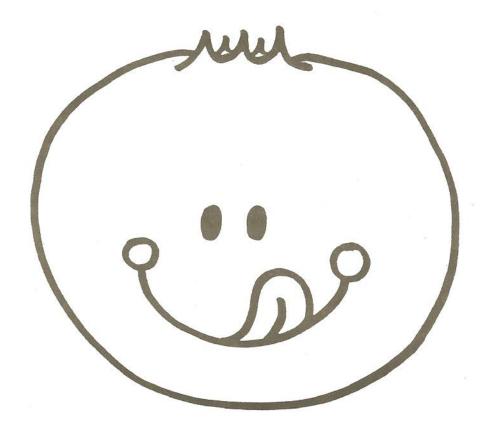
Items in bold are enclosed.

- Kids' Kitchen Recipes---Check out "A Very Berry Scramble", Blueberry Syrup Recipe and "What is A Pickle?"!
- ✓ Recipes for Home
- ✓ Encourage families to eat veggies and fruits over the summer months

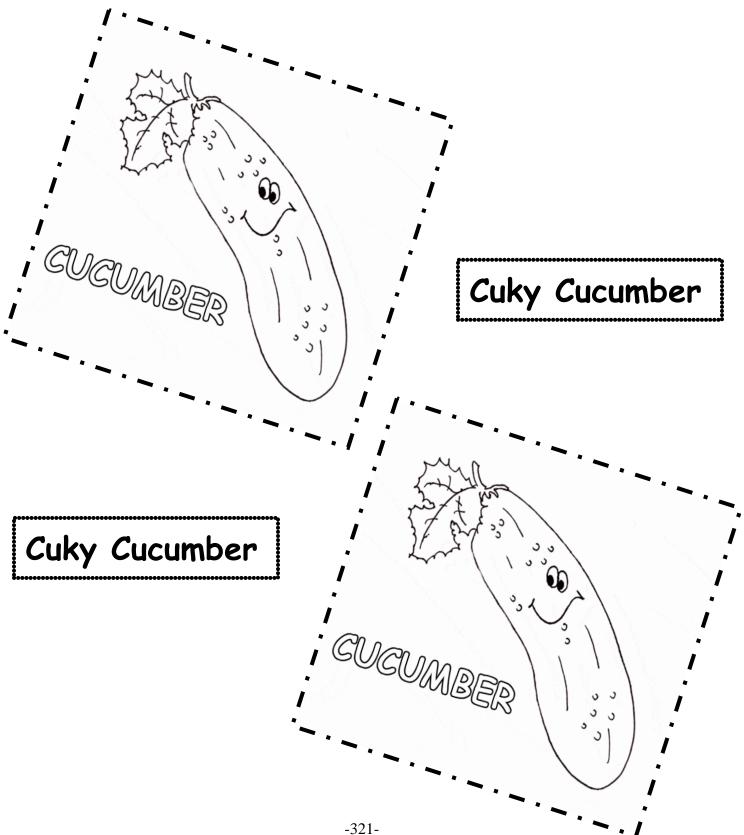


BETTY

THE NEW JERSEY BLUEBERRY



Classroom Link... Coloring Page : Cuky Cucumber





TROPICAL FRUIT

Cutie Fruitie's Alphabet Challenge

Hey friends! I know school is out, but use that brain and see if you can name one fruit or vegetable for each letter of the alphabet. Or, if you're really up for a challenge, see how many fruits and vegetables you can come up with for each letter of the alphabet!!

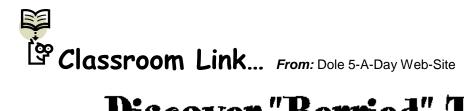
My name is:

My favorite fruit is:

My favorite vegetable is:



© 2004 Copyright Dole Food Company Find more 5 A Day Activity Sheets at www.dole5aday.com



Discover "Berried" Treasure

Blueberries, cranberries, raspberries and strawberries are bursting with fiber, vitamin C and other healthy nutrients. Find the hidden berries, then have fun with this color-by-number activity.



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PERRY WORD SEARCH ?

Т	Y	С	B	J	Μ	Ν	R	G	Y	Р	Ν	B	Y	R
G	E	R	W	L	U	J	J	R	Y	Q	0	X	R	A
0	С	С	R	R	U	Z	R	С	X	Y	Т	Т	R	S
Z	Q	V	G	E	R	E	R	F	S	Μ	L	X	E	Р
K	L	X	L	F	B	A	B	E	X	С	L	Μ	B	B
J	E	F	U	E	Ν	W	Ν	E	F	V	Y	Ν	K	E
D	U	G	S	B	Μ	B	A	A	R	D	Ι	С	С	R
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H	Ν	D	Q	J	F	Ν	E	С	L	X	K	Q	J	V

BLACKBERRYBLUEBERRYBOYSENBERRYCRANBERRYGOOSEBERRYHUCKLEBERRYLOGANBERRYMULBERRYRASPBERRYSTRAWBERRYSTRAWBERRY



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Е	Е	+	+	Ν	E	В	В	+	Ν	К	+	+	+	+
S	R	+	+	В	+	Е	Е	А	+	+	С	+	+	+
0	R	+	Е	Е	R	+	G	R	+	+	+	А	+	+
0	Y	R	+	R	+	0	+	+	R	+	+	+	L	+
G	R	+	Y	R	L	+	+	+	+	Y	+	+	+	В
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-

(Over, Down, Direction)

BLACKBERRY(15,10,NW)

BLUEBERRY(6,11,E)

BOYSENBERRY(5,1,S)

CRANBERRY(2,1,S)

GOOSEBERRY(1,10,N)

HUCKLEBERRY(11,1,SW)

LOGANBERRY(6,10,NE)

MULBERRY(11,3,SW)

RASPBERRY(3,2,SE)

STRAWBERRY(12,12,W)

"A Very Berry Scramble" ANSWERS

Raspberry, Blackberry, Strawberry, Blueberry, Boysenberry, Cranberry, Gooseberry, Mulberry



How to Prepare Blueberries:

- 1-Sort through and discard any undesirable berries
- 2-Remove any leaf or snippet of a stem
- 3-Rinse blueberries under cold running water
- 4-Drain and pat dry

Fun Ways to Eat:

- $\overset{\scriptstyle{\textcircled{}}}{\textcircled{}}$ Munch on fresh, raw berries
- ♥ Mix into pancake, waffle or muffin batter
- ${}^{igodyle m}$ Toss into cold or hot cereal
- 🖑 Use as a topping for cakes, ice-creams or frozen yogurts
- $rac{W}{}$ Blend fresh blueberries into low-fat yogurt and top with granola
- Make a smoothie --- In a blender combine ice, blueberries, bananas
 - and low-fat or non-fat milk
- Add "blueberry syrup", recipe attached, to lemonade and create "Blumonade"

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

All the following recipes are attached and include blueberries as an ingredient:

- $rac{W}{}$ Blueberry Pancakes
- 🖑 Blueberry Syrup





Blueberry Pancakes

Makes: 2 servings Serving Size: 3 or 4 medium pancakes *From:* kidshealth.org

You will need:

Large bowl

> Saucepan

spoons

> Spatula

> Whisk

> Mixing spoon

Medium-size bowl

Measuring cups and

Ingredients:

- ➢ 3/4 c. flour
- > 1 tbsp. sugar
- > 1 tsp. baking powder
- > 1/2 tsp. salt
- > 1 tbsp. margarine
- ➤ 1 egg
- ➢ 3/4 c. milk
- > extra margarine for the pan
- > 1/2 c. blueberries, washed and drained

Directions:

- 1- In a large bowl, sift together the flour, sugar, baking powder, and salt. Set the bowl aside.
- 2- Melt the margarine in a small saucepan.
- 3- Crack the egg into a medium-size bowl, then add the milk and melted margarine.
- 4- Whisk until everything is well mixed.
- 5- Add the flour mixture to the egg mixture. Whisk again until both mixtures are blended together.
- 6- Put extra margarine in the saucepan and heat it on the stovetop on medium heat. It is hot enough when the margarine starts to bubble.
- 7- Use a measuring cup or a small ladle to spoon the batter into the pan. Put some blueberries on top of each pancake.
- 8- Cook your pancakes on medium heat until small bubbles appear on the top.
- 9- Use a spatula to see when your pancakes are light brown on the bottom. When they are, flip them over with the spatula.
- 10- Cook for another few minutes until the pancakes are light brown on the other side.
- 11- Remove your pancakes and put them on plates to enjoy!

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 333, Protein 11g, Fat 9g, Cholesterol 108g, Carbohydrates 52g, Fiber 3g, Sodium 915mg.

S' KITCHEN
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KIDS ACTIVITY SHEET



6 aps fresh bluebernies, washed /4 tsp. ground ginger or 2 tbsps. fresh ginger, minced tbsp. lemon juice 1/2 tsp. cinnamon 2 tbsps. honey /4 cup sugar

food processor and coarsely chop with the help of an adult. Transfer to a Place blueberries and ginger in a Ð lemon juice, and bowl and stir in cinnamon, honey, and let stand sugar. Cover

Place blueberry mixture in a large saucepan over medium heat and bring Markes 6 servings (2 cups total). This is an official 5 A Day recipe. up to I month. Pour over pancakes or Cover and store in refrigerator for Strain. Pour syrup into a pint jar. add a bit to a glass of lemonade. to a boil. Simmer for 5 minutes.



Produce for Better Health[®] Foundation 302 235 ADAY



Home/Classroom Link...



A 5 A DAY SERVING SIZE IS SMALLER THAN YOU THINK ¹/₂ cup of fresh, frozen, or canned fruit (in 100 percent juice) or vegetables 1 cup of raw leafy vegetables = $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of cooked dry peas or beans = $\frac{1}{2}$, cup of dried fruit l medium-size fruit = 3/4 cup (6 oz.) of 100 percent fruit or vegetable juice

BERRY SCRAMBLE VERY

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ybwrtraser	
urbryelbe	
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brerncary	
obryogrese	
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	GWERS: nagoberry, bladderry, drawberry, bladerry, boyaederry, createrry, graederry, nutberry
Eat 5	Eat 5 or more servings of fruits and vegetables a day for better health

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Critical Critical



Cucumbers

How to peel and trim cucumbers:

- 1- Rinse cucumbers under cold running water
- 2- Lay the vegetable peeler flat against the cucumber
- 4- Scrape the peeler toward the counter or cutting board, peeling off the skin (If using a "kirby" or unwaxed cucumber you may not want to peel skin)
- 4- Rotate the cucumber until all the skin is scraped off
- 5- Secure the cucumber on a cutting board; Trim off the ends
- 6- Slice the cucumbers into circles or sticks
- 7- Cut the cucumber in half lengthwise first --- If slicing into sticks
- 8- Remove seeds if desired; cut the peeled cucumber in half lengthwise and scoop out the seeds with the tip of a teaspoon

Fun Ways to Eat:

- Crunch on raw with dip
- 🖑 Add to tossed green salads
- 🖑 Toss into cold pasta salads
- ${rac{W}{2}}$ Try a cucumber salad recipe
- $rac{W}{}$ Dice and mix into tuna, chicken, turkey and egg salads
- Try sliced or chopped as a sandwich topper --- Adds crunch!
- Make a cucumber sauce, also known as "tzatiki", a Greek sauce served with gyros (An easy sauce can be prepared by mixing diced cucumbers with prepared low-fat ranch dressing; Try it with grilled chicken or on wraps)

Fun Kids' Recipes:

(Note to Parents/Guardians: All recipe preparation should be supervised by an adult. Safety in the kitchen is very important!)

The following recipe is attached and includes cucumbers as an ingredient:

- 🖑 Creamy and Chunky Veggie Dip
- 🖑 What Is A Pickle? / Cucumber Dip

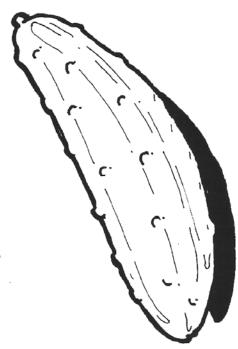




CUCUMBER DIP

l large axoumber, peeled, seeded, and aut into I-inch pieces 1/4 cup parsley 1 scallion 1/2 cup plain low-fat yogurt 1 tbsp. cider vinegar

With the help of an adult, blend all ingredients in a food processor until smooth. Chill. Dip your favorite veggies! Makes 4 servings (1 cup). This is an official 5 A Day reape.





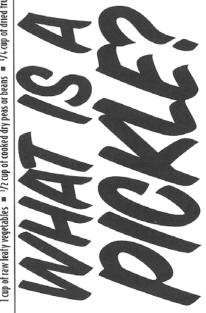
Produce for Better Health® Foundation 302 235 ADAY



Home/Classroom Link...



A 5 A DAY SERVING SIZE IS SMALLER THAN YOU THINK. I medium-size fruit = 34, cup (6 oz.) of 100 percent fruit or vegetable juice 1/2 cup of fresh, frozen, or canned fruit (in 100 percent juice) or vegetables 1 cup of raw leafy vegetables = 1/2 cup of cooked dry peas or beans = 1/4, cup of dried fruit



You will need: adult supervisor, I large oucumber, forts, knife, I medium onion, 1/2 cup vinegar, 5 tbsps. water, 5 tbsps. sugar, 1/2 tsp. salt, and bowl. Wash cucumber. With the help of an adult, using a fork, scrape the length of the unpeeled cucumber to make stripes all around. Out cucumber and onion into thin slices. Mix onion and cucumber in one bowl. In another bowl, mix vinegar, water, sugar, and salt, and pour over onion-cucumber mixture. Cover and refrigerate for at least 24 hours before eating. Pickles can be kept for 2 weeks in a refrigerator.



FOR MORE FUN FOR KIDS, GO TO WWW.SADAY.COM





Creamy and Chunky Veggie Dip

Try this easy and creamy dip with fresh, crispy cucumber sticks!

Serves: 3-each/1 cup of veggies

Ingredients:

- > 2 tablespoons salsa, mild
- 4 tablespoons fat-free ranch dressing
- > 2 cups fresh cucumber sticks, with skin
- > 2 cups fresh carrot sticks

Approximate Nutrients Per Serving:

Calories	81	Saturated Fat	0.1 g		
Protein	2 g	Cholesterol	0 mg		
Carbohydrate	18 g	Sodium	380 mg		
Total Fat	0.5 g	Dietary Fiber	3 g		

Directions:

- Combine dressing and salsa.

Recipe from: Produce for Better Health

- Stir until blended.
- Wash, peel and cut carrots into 2-inch sticks.
- Wash and cut cucumbers into 2-inch sticks.
- Chill and serve.



<u>Salsa de Vegetales Cremosa y Gruesa</u>

Intente esta salsa fácil y cremosa con palos de pepino frescos, crujientes! Sirve: 3-cada uno/1 taza de vegetales *Receta de:* Produce for Better Health

Ingredientes:

- 2 cucharadas de salsa, sin picante
- 4 cucharadas de aderezo rancho sin grasa
- 2 tazas de palos de pepino frescos, con piel
- 2 tazas palos de zanahoria frescos

Alimentos Nutritivos Por Porción:

Calorías	81	Grasa Saturada	0.1 g	
Proteína	2 g	Colesterol	0 mg	
Carbohidratos	18 g	Sodio	380 mg	
Grasa Total	0.5 g	Fibra Alimenticia	3 g	

Direcciones:

- Combine aderezo y la salsa.
- Revuelva hasta mezclado bien
- Lave, pele, y corte zanahorias en palos de 2 pulgadas.
- Lave, pele, y corte pepinos en palos de 2 pulgadas.
- Enfrie y sirve.

Home Link... 🕮 Home Recipes 🕮



Your child/children will be offered

Blueberries

in June on their School Menu! Try a new **Blueberry** recipe at home!

Fruit Slush

Makes: 4 servings

From: National Cancer Institute

Ingredients:

- 3 cups frozen fruit (strawberries, blueberries, raspberries or melon)
- 1 teaspoon vanilla extract
- > 1 cup fat free milk or non-fat plain yogurt
- Sweetener as needed: about 1-3 tablespoons sugar or the equivalent in artificial sweetener

Directions:

Blend first three ingredients until smooth. Sweeten to taste.

Nutrition information per serving: Calories 115, Fat 0g, Cholesterol 2mg, Fiber 1g, Sodium 80mg.





¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Arándanos

en Junio en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de Arándano en casa!

Aguanieve de fruta

Hace: 4 porciones

De: Instituto Nacional de Cáncer

Los ingredientes:

- 3 tazas de fruta congelada (fresas, arándanos, frambuesas o melón)
- 1 cucharada de extracto de vainilla
- 1 taza de leche sin grasa o yogur simple sin grasa
- El edulcorante como necesario: acerca de 1-3 cucharones de azúcar o el equivalente en el edulcorante artificial

Las direcciones:

Mezcle los tres primero ingredientes hasta que suavice. Endulce al gusto.

Información de nutrición por porción: Calorías 115, Grasa 0g, el Colesterol 2 mg, la Fibra 1g, Sodio 80 mg.





Very Blueberry Cobbler

From: Jersey Fresh Cookbook Contributed By: Richard Fitzgerald, Pennington, NJ Ingredients:

- > 3 tablespoons unsalted butter, melted
- 2 cups Jersey Fresh blueberries
- \rightarrow 1/2 cup flour
- 2 teaspoons baking powder
- \rightarrow 1/4 cup sugar

Directions:

- 1- Use a 9-inch glass pie plate. Spread melted butter over the bottom.
- 2- Cover the butter with the blueberries.
- 3- In a medium-sized bowl, whisk together the flour, baking powder, sugar and salt and add milk.
- 4- When blended, pour the batter over the blueberries.
- 5- Optional: sprinkle sugar over the batter.
- 6- Bake 45-50 minutes at 350°F or until top is nicely browned.
- 7- Delicious with vanilla ice cream!





Postre de Muchos Arándanos

De: Jersey Fresh Cookbook Contribuido Por: Richard Fitzgerald, Pennington,NJ

Ingredientes:

- > 3 cucharadas de mantequilla sin sal, derretida
- 2 tazas de arandanos Jersey Fresh
- \succ 1/2 taza de harina
- > 2 cucharaditas de polvo de hornear
- \rightarrow ¹/₄ de taza de azúcar
- \rightarrow 1/2 cuchadita de sal
- \rightarrow 1/2 taza de leche
- 2 cucharadas de azúcar (opcional)

Las direcciones:

- 1- Use un plato de torta de cristal de 9 pulgadas. Unte mantequilla derretida en el fondo.
- 2- Cubra la manteguilla con los arándanos.
- 3- En un tazón de tamaño mediano, bata juntos la harina, el polvo de hornear, el azúcar y la sal y añada la leche.
- 4- Cuando esté mezclado, vierta el rebozado sobre los arándanos.
- 5- Opcionales: rocie azúcar sobre el rebozado.
- 6- Hornean 45-50 minutos en 350°F o hasta que la cima se dore.
- 7- Deliciosos con helado de vainilla!

- > 2 tsp sugar (optional)

 $\gg \frac{1}{2}$ tsp salt

 $\gg \frac{1}{2}$ cup milk

Home Link... Home Recipes

Your child/children will be offered

Cucumbers

in June on their School Menu! Try a new **Cucumber** recipe at home!

Shell Pasta Salad with Veggies

Serves: 6

Recipe from: Team Nutrition/ "Food, Family & Fun"

Mustard Vinaigrette Dressing:

In a jar, combine 2 tbsp of apple cider vinegar, 2 tbsp vegetable oil

juice, 2 tsp mustard, 1 tbsp grated

(such as olive), ¹/₄ cup orange

parmesan cheese, 1 tsp garlic powder, 1 tsp dried oregano, and

¹/₄ tsp salt. Shake to blend.

Ingredients:

- 10 ounces of small shell pasta, cooked and chilled
- 1 sweet green pepper, diced
- 1 sweet red pepper, diced
- 1 cup of cucumber, diced
- 2 medium carrots, diced
- 1 rib of celery, diced
- 1 small red onion, diced
- 5 radishes, diced
- 7 oz can of tuna, packed in water (optional)

Directions:

- 1- In a large pot of water, cook pasta until firm-tender *(al dente)*. Drain and rinse under cold water; chill.
- 2- Dice all vegetables and add to pasta.
- 3- Add tuna (optional).
- 4- Dress with mustard vinaigrette dressing. Serve.



¡Sus niño/niños serán ofrecidos

Pepinos

en Junio en el Menú de la Escuela! ¡Trate una nueva receta de **Pepino** en casa!

Ensalada de Pasta de Caracol con Vegetales

Sirve: 6

Receta de: Team Nutrition/ "Food, Family & Fun"

Ingredientes:

- 10 onzas de pasta de caracoles pequeños, cocinada y enfriada
- 1 pimenton verde dulce, cortado en cuadritos
- 1 pimenton rojo dulce, cortado en cuadritos
- 1 taza del pepino, cortado en cuadritos
- 2 zanahorias medias, cortado en cuadritos
- 1 tallos del apio, cortado en cuadritos
- 1 pequeña cebolla roja, cortado en cuadritos
- 5 rábanos, cortado en cuadritos
- 1 lata de atún (7 oz), empacado en agua (opcional)

Vinagreta de Mostaza Vestirse:

En un jarro, combine 2 cucharadas de vinagre de cidra de manzana, 2 de aceite de vegetal (como la aceituna), ¼ de taza de jugo de naranja, 2 cucharaditas de mostaza, 1 cucharada de queso Parmesano rallado, 1 cucharadita de polvo de ajo, 1 cucharadita de orégano séco, y

Direcciones:

- 1-En una holla grande de agua, cocine la pasta hasta firme. Escurrir y enhurage bajo agua fría; deje enfriar.
- 2- Añade todas las verduras a la pasta.
- 3-Añaden al atún (opcional).
- 4-Mezcle con vinagreta de mostaza. Servir.