TO: Manual Holders

FROM: Director
Office of Planning and Policy

DATE: May 1, 1989

SUBJECT: Application of Executive Order No. 189

The purpose of this memorandum is to inform Department and Provider Agency personnel of the prohibitions and requirements of Executive Order No. 189, signed by the Governor on July 20, 1988.

This Executive Order:

1. provides that persons providing goods or services or performing contracts for the State be fully informed of State policies concerning their relationships with State officers and that these policies be uniformly applied by the various State agencies of the Executive Branch;

2. supplements Executive Order No. 34 (1976) which provides the grounds and procedures applicable to the debarment, suspension and disqualification of State vendors; and

3. mandates that all Request for Proposals (RFPs) and contracts include specific language pertaining to the prohibition of vendor activities and such Guidelines as prepared by the Executive Commission on Ethical Standards.

To comply with Executive Order No. 189, an Addendum incorporating the specific language of the Executive Order was developed to use in connection with RFPs and Contracts. Effective immediately, and until such time as Department-wide RFP is developed, the Addendum (Attachment 1) and the Guidelines (Attachment 2) must be included in all Department RFPs.

The Addendum and Guidelines have been added to the Department’s Standard Language Documents for Social Service and Training Contracts (P2.01), Individual Provider Agreement (P2.05) and Tuition Agreement (P2.07), effective for contracts beginning July 1, 1989.

Department employees must report the receipt or offer of any gift or thing of value in writing to the Department’s Ethics Liaison Officer:
Copies of the full text of Executive Order Nos. 189 and 34 (Attachments 3 and 4 respectively) are attached to provide background information.

Attachments

Issued by:

[Signature]

Robert D. Pfunetti, Director
Office of Planning and Policy
Executive Order No. 189 establishes the expected standard of responsibility for all parties that enter into a contract with the State of New Jersey. All such parties must meet a standard of responsibility which assures the State and its citizens that such parties will compete and perform honestly in their dealings with the State and avoid conflicts of interest.

As used in this document "provider agency" or "provider" means any person, firm, corporation, or other entity or representative or employee thereof which offers or proposes to provide goods or services to or performs any contract for the Department of Human Services.

In compliance with Paragraph 3 of Executive Order No. 189, no Provider Agency shall pay, offer to pay, or agree to pay, either directly or indirectly, any fee, commission, compensation, gift, gratuity, or other thing of value of any kind to any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee, as defined by N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13b and e, in the Department of the Treasury or any other agency with which such Provider Agency transacts or offers or proposes to transact business, or to any member of the immediate family, as defined by N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13i, of any such officer or employee, or any partnership, firm, or corporation with which they are employed or associated, or in which such officer or employee has an interest within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13g.

The solicitation of any fee, commission, compensation, gift, gratuity or other thing of value by any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee from any Provider Agency shall be reported in writing forthwith by the Provider Agency to the Attorney General and the Executive Commission on Ethical Standards.

No Provider Agency may, directly or indirectly, undertake any private business, commercial or entrepreneurial relationship with, whether or not pursuant to employment, contract or other agreement, express or implied, or sell any interest in such Provider Agency to, any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee having any duties or responsibilities in connection with the purchase, acquisition or sale of any property or services by or to any State agency or any instrumentality thereof, or with any person, firm or entity with which he is employed or associated or in which he has an interest within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13g. Any relationships subject to this provision shall be reported in writing forthwith to the Executive Commission on Ethical Standards, which may grant a
waiver of this restriction upon application of the State officer or employee or special State officer or employee upon a finding that the present or proposed relationship does not present the potential, actuality or appearance of a conflict of interest.

No Provider Agency shall influence, or attempt to influence or cause to be influenced, any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee in his official capacity in any manner which might tend to impair the objectivity or independence of judgment of said officer or employee.

No Provider Agency shall cause or influence, or attempt to cause or influence, any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee to use, or attempt to use, his official position to secure unwarranted privileges or advantages for the Provider Agency or any other person.

The provisions cited above shall not be construed to prohibit a State officer or employee or special State officer or employee from receiving gifts from or contracting with Provider Agencies under the same terms and conditions as are offered or made available to members of the general public subject to any guidelines the Executive Commission on Ethical Standards may promulgate.
STATE OF NEW JERSEY
EXECUTIVE COMMISSION ON ETHICAL STANDARDS
GUIDELINES FOR EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 189

The following guidelines have been developed to assist State employees and vendors in evaluating the conflict of interest potential in any contract or Request for Proposal (RFP) process.

Example 1

Employee is out to lunch or dinner with a contractor, consultant or any other private party which does or may do business with employee's agency. The employee should either pick up the check (assuming the employee has the authority or necessary approval), or pay for own meal (and get receipt). The best advice is, of course, to avoid these situations entirely.

Example 2

Employee is invited to a golf outing sponsored by a contractor, consultant or any other private party which does or may do business with employee's agency. Green fees, food and beverage will be paid for by the sponsor. Employee should politely decline the invitation.

Example 3

Employee is offered tickets to sporting or other entertainment events by a contractor, consultant or any other private party which does or may do business with employee's agency. Employee should politely decline the tickets. Payment by the employee for the ticket's face amount is also unacceptable.

Example 4

Employee is at a convention and stops at a vendor or other hospitality suite for a drink and hors d'oeuvres. Employee may accept hospitality as long as reception or suite is open to all conference attendees.

Example 5

Employee receives gift at Christmas/Hannukah time of liquor, cheese, etc. from a contractor, consultant or any other private party which does or may do business with employee's agency. Employee should decline the gift in the most gracious way possible.

Example 6
Employee is a member of a professional organization to which he or she pays dues (or his/her agency pays dues on behalf of employee). Employee may attend functions run by the organization and any additional fees and charges should be paid by the employee or his/her agency. Employee should not attend functions if fees are paid by a contractor, consultant or any other private party which does or may do business with his/her agency.

Example 7

Employee is invited to a "ribbon cutting" or "groundbreaking" ceremony at which a vendor is providing refreshments. Employee may attend as long as he/she receives no special consideration.
WHEREAS, it is essential that all persons supplying goods or services to the State of New Jersey, or performing contracts or otherwise executing public works with the assistance of and subject to the approval of the State, must meet a standard of responsibility which assures the State and its citizens that such persons will both compete and perform honestly in their dealings with the State and avoid conflicts of interest; and

WHEREAS, the New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law prohibits State officers or employees and special State officers or employees from having any interest or engaging in any activity that is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of their duties in the public interest or from undertaking any employment or service which might reasonably be expected to impair their objectivity or independence of judgment; and

WHEREAS, the New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law prohibits State officers or employees and special State officers or employees from acting in their official capacity in any matter wherein they have a direct or indirect personal financial interest which might reasonably be expected to impair their objectivity or independence of judgment; and

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 52:34-19 provides that it shall be a misdemeanor to pay any fee, commission, compensation, gift or gratuity of any kind, directly or indirectly, to any person employed by the Department of the Treasury or to any other person in the employ of the State having any duties or responsibilities in connection with the purchase or acquisition of any property or services by the State or any agency or instrumentality thereof by or on behalf of any seller or supplier of such goods or services or other party to a contract with the State; and

WHEREAS, it is essential that persons providing goods or services to, or performing contracts for, the State be fully informed of the policies of the State concerning their relationships with State officers or employees and special State officers or employees and that these policies be uniformly applied by the various agencies of the Executive Branch; and

WHEREAS, it is therefore necessary to supplement Executive Order No. 34 (1976), which provides the grounds and procedures applicable to the debarment, suspension and disqualification of State vendors, to
encompass appropriate standards prohibiting conflicts of interest on
the part of present and prospective State vendors;

Now, therefore, I, Thomas H. Kean, Governor of the State of New
Jersey, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution
and by the Statutes of this State, do hereby ORDER and DIRECT:

1. As used in this Order, "vendor" means any person, firm,
corporation, or other entity which provides or offers or proposes to
provide goods or services to or performs any contract for any State
agency.

2. The executive head of each department or agency in the
Executive Branch with the lawful authority to engage in State
contracting shall, in accordance with the provisions of the
Administrative Procedures Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., promulgate
regulations supplementing those heretofore established pursuant to
Executive Order No. 34 (1976) governing the causes, conditions and
procedures applicable to determinations of debarment, suspension and
disqualification by the department or agency to include the minimum
standards hereinafter set forth. In addition to any other filing
required by law to be made, each executive head shall file with the
Attorney General and Treasurer a copy of such rules and regulations as
may be promulgated.

3. The rules and regulations referred to in Paragraph 2 shall
include the following prohibitions on vendor activities, the violation
of which shall render said vendor liable to debarment in the public
interest, pursuant to the procedures established by Executive Order
No. 34 (1976), by any Executive department or agency:

a. No vendor shall pay, offer to pay, or agree to pay, either
directly or indirectly, any fee, commission, compensation,
gift, gratuity, or other thing of value of any kind to any
State officer or employee or special State officer or
employee, as defined by N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13b. and e., in the
Department of the Treasury or any other agency with which
such vendor transacts or offers or proposes to transact
business, or to any member of the immediate family, as
defined by N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13i., of any such officer or
employee, or any partnership, firm, or corporation with
which they are employed or associated, or in which such
officer or employee has an interest within the meaning of
N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13g.

b. The solicitation of any fee, commission, compensation, gift,
gratuity or other thing of value by any State officer or
employee or special State officer or employee from any State
vendor shall be reported in writing forthwith by the vendor
to the Attorney General and the Executive Commission on
Ethical Standards.
c. No vendor may, directly or indirectly, undertake any private business, commercial or entrepreneurial relationship with, whether or not pursuant to employment, contract or other agreement, express or implied, or sell any interest in such vendor to, any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee having any duties or responsibilities in connection with the purchase, acquisition or sale of any property or services by or to any State agency or any instrumentality thereof, or with any person, firm or entity with which he is employed or associated or in which he has an interest within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 52:13D-13g. Any relationship subject to this provision shall be reported in writing forthwith to the Executive Commission on Ethical Standards, which may grant a waiver of this restriction upon application of the State officer or employee or special State officer or employee upon a finding that the present or proposed relationship does not present the potential, actuality or appearance of a conflict of interest.

d. No vendor shall influence, or attempt to influence or cause to be influenced, any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee in his official capacity in any manner which might tend to impair the objectivity or independence of judgment of said officer or employee.

e. No vendor shall cause or influence, or attempt to cause or influence, any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee to use, or attempt to use, his official position to secure unwarranted privileges or advantages for the vendor or any other person.

f. The provision cited above in paragraph 3a. through 3e. shall not be construed to prohibit a State officer or employee or special State officer or employee from receiving gifts from or contracting with vendors under the same terms and conditions as are offered or made available to members of the general public subject to any guidelines the Executive Commission on Ethical Standards may promulgate under paragraph 3c.

4. The rules and regulations referred to in Paragraph 2, supra, shall require that the prohibitions set forth in paragraph 3, supra, shall be included in all requests for proposals issued by any State department or agency and in all contracts executed on behalf of a State department or agency, other than those of an interstate agency to which New Jersey is a party and contracts entered into on behalf of the interstate agency.
5. Nothing required by this Order shall be construed to limit the authority of any State department or agency to refrain from contracting within the discretion allowed by law, or to limit N.J.S.A. 52:34-19 or any other applicable statute or regulation.

6. This Order shall take effect on the ninetieth day following its execution.

GIVEN, under my hand and seal, this 20th day of July, in the Year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eighty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States, the two hundred and thirteenth.

/s/ Thomas H. Kean
Governor

Attest:

/s/ Michael R. Cole
Chief Counsel
STATE OF NEW JERSEY
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 34

WHEREAS, it is essential that all persons supplying goods or services to the State of New Jersey, or performing contracts or otherwise executing public works with the assistance of and subject to the approval of the State, must meet a standard of responsibility which assures the State and its citizens that such persons will both compete and perform honestly in their dealings with the State and avoid secret or illicit dealing; and

WHEREAS, it is essential that such persons be fully informed of policies of the State in this regard, and be afforded procedural safeguards appropriate to circumstances which such policies may occasion; and

WHEREAS, the courts have affirmed the duty and obligation of State officials to develop and effectuate such policies; and

WHEREAS, it is essential that such policies be uniformly applied by the various agencies of the Executive Branch, and that uniform procedures be adopted to implement them;

Now, therefore, I Brendan T. Byrne, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby ORDER and DIRECT that:

1. Debarment, suspension and disqualification are measures which shall be invoked by the State to exclude or render ineligible certain persons from participation in contracts and subcontracts with the State, or in projects or contracts performed with the assistance of and subject to the approval of the State, on the basis of a lack of responsibility. These measures shall be used for the purpose of protecting the interests of the State and not for punishment. To assure the State the benefits to be derived from the full and free competition between and among such persons and to maximize the opportunity for honest competition and performance, these measures shall not be invoked for any time longer than deemed necessary to protect the interest of the State.

2. As used in this Order:

(a) "Debarment" means an exclusion from State contracting, on the basis of a lack of responsibility evidenced by an offense, failure, or inadequacy of performance, for a reasonable period of time commensurate with the seriousness of the offense, failure, or inadequacy of performance.
(b) "Suspension" means an exclusion from State contracting for a temporary period of time, pending the completion of an investigation or legal proceedings.

(c) "Disqualification" means a debarment or a suspension which denies or revokes a qualification to bid or otherwise engage in State contracting which has been granted or applied for pursuant to statute, or rules and regulations.

(d) "State" means the State of New Jersey, or any of the departments or agencies in the Executive Branch of government with the lawful authority to engage in contracting.

(e) "Person" means any natural person, company, firm, association, corporation, or other entity.

(f) "State contracting" means any arrangement giving rise to an obligation to supply any thing to or perform any service for the State, other than by virtue of State employment, or to supply any thing to or perform any service for a private person where the State provides substantial financial assistance and retains the right to approve or disapprove the nature or quality of the goods or service or the persons who may supply or perform the same.

(g) "Affiliates" means persons having an overt or covert relationship such that any one of them directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control another.

3. The executive head of each department or agency in the Executive Branch, with the lawful authority to engage in State contracting, shall, within 90 days of the date of this Order and in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act (P.L. 1968, c. 410, C. 52:14B-1 et seq.), promulgate rules and regulations governing the causes, conditions and procedures applicable to determinations of debarment, suspension and disqualification by that department or agency. Such rules and regulations shall to the extent consistent with existing law conform to the minimum standards hereinafter set forth, but need not be limited to such standards. In addition to any other filing required by law to be made, each executive head shall file with the Attorney General and the Treasurer a copy of such rules and regulations as may be promulgated.

4. Subject to the conditions hereinafter described, the rules and regulations referred to in Section 3 supra, shall authorize the department or agency to debar a person in the public interest for any of the following causes:
(a) Commission of a criminal offense as an incident to obtaining or attempting to obtain a public or private contract, or subcontract thereunder, or in the performance of such contract or subcontract.

(b) Violation of the Federal Organized Crime Control Act of 1970, or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, perjury, false swearing, receiving stolen property, obstruction of justice, or any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or honesty.

(c) Violation of the Federal or State Antitrust Statutes, or of the Federal Anti-Kickback Act (18 U.S.C. 874, 40 U.S.C. 276 b, c).

(d) Violations of any of the laws governing the conduct of elections of the State of New Jersey or of its political subdivisions.

(e) Violation of the "Law Against Discrimination" (P.L. 1945, c. 169, C. 10:5-1 et seq., as supplemented by P.L. 1975, c. 127), or of the act banning discrimination in public works employment (C. 10:2-1 et seq.) or of the Act prohibiting discrimination by industries engaged in defense work in the employment of persons therein C. 114, L. 1942, C. 10:1-10 et seq.).

(f) Violations of any laws governing hours of labor, minimum wage standards, prevailing wage standards, discrimination in wages, or child labor.

(g) Violations of any laws governing the conduct of occupations or professions or regulated industries.

(h) Willful failure to perform in accordance with contract specifications or within contractual time limits.

(i) A record of failure to perform or of unsatisfactory performance has occurred within a reasonable time preceding the determination to debar and was cause by acts within the control of the person debarred.

(j) Violation of contractual or statutory provisions regulating contingent fees.

(k) Any other cause affecting responsibility as a State contractor of such serious and compelling nature as may be determined by the department or agency to warrant debarment, including such conduct as may be prescribed by the laws or contracts enumerated in this paragraph even if such conduct
has not been or may not be prosecuted as violations of such laws or contracts.

(l) Debarment by some other department or agency in the Executive Branch.

5. The rules and regulations concerning debarment required herein shall include in substance the following conditions:

(a) Debarment shall be made only upon approval of the executive head of the department or agency, except as otherwise provided by law.

(b) The existence of any of the causes set forth in paragraph 4 of this Order shall not necessarily require that a person be disbarred. In each instance, the decision to debar shall be made within the discretion of the head of the department or agency unless otherwise required by law, and shall be rendered in the best interest of the State.

(c) All mitigating factors shall be considered in determining the seriousness of the offense, failure or inadequacy of performance and in deciding whether debarment is warranted.

(d) The existence of a cause set forth in subparagraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of paragraph 4 of this Order shall be established upon the rendering of a final judgment or conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or by an administrative agency empowered to render such judgment. In the event an appeal taken from such judgment or conviction results in reversal thereof, the debarment shall be removed upon the request of the debarred person unless other cause for debarment exists.

(e) The existence of a cause set forth in subparagraphs (h), (i), (j), and (k) of paragraph 4 of this Order shall be established by evidence which the department or agency determines to be clear and convincing in nature.

(f) Debarment for the cause set forth in subparagraph (l) of paragraph 4 of this Order shall be proper provided that one of the causes set forth in subparagraph 4(a) through 4(k) was the basis for debarment by the original debarring agency. Such debarment may be based entirely on the record of facts obtained by the original debarring agency, or upon a combination of such facts and additional facts.

6. The rules and regulations concerning debarment required by this Order shall include in substance the following provisions regarding procedures, period of debarment and scope of debarment:
(a) A department or agency seeking to debar a person or his affiliates shall furnish such party with a written notice:
(i) stating that debarment is being considered, (ii) setting forth the reasons for the proposed debarment, and (iii) indicating that such party will be accorded an opportunity for a hearing if he so requests within a stated period of time. All such hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act. However, where one department or agency has imposed debarment upon a party, a second department or agency may also impose a similar debarment without according an opportunity for a hearing, provided that the second agency furnishes notice of the proposed similar debarment to that party, and accords that party an opportunity to present information in his behalf to explain why the proposed similar debarment should not be imposed in whole or in part.

(b) Debarment shall be for a reasonable, definitely stated period of time which as a general rule shall not exceed 5 years. Debarment for an additional period shall be permitted provided that notice thereof is furnished and the party is accorded an opportunity to present information in his behalf to explain why the additional period of debarment should not be imposed.

(c) Except as otherwise provided by law, a debarment may be removed or the period thereof may be reduced in the discretion of the debarring agency upon the submission of a good faith application under oath, supported by documentary evidence, setting forth substantial and appropriate grounds for the granting of relief, such as newly discovered material evidence, reversal of a conviction or judgment, actual change of ownership, management or control, or the elimination of the causes for which the debarment was imposed.

(d) A debarment may include all know affiliates of a person, provided that each decision to include an affiliate is made on a case by case basis after giving due regard to all relevant facts and circumstances. The offense, failure or inadequacy of performance of an individual may be imputed to a person with whom he is affiliated, where such conduct was accomplished within the course of his official duty or was effected by him with the knowledge or approval of such person.

7. Subject to the conditions hereinafter described, the rules and regulations required by this Order shall authorize the department or agency to suspend a person in the public interest for any cause specified in paragraph 4 of this Order, or upon a reasonable suspicion that such cause exists.
8. The rules and regulations concerning suspension required by this Order shall include in substance the following conditions:

(a) Suspension shall be imposed only upon approval of the executive head of the department or agency and upon approval of the Attorney General, except as otherwise provided by law.

(b) The existence of any cause for suspension shall not require that a suspension be imposed, and a decision to suspend shall be made at the discretion of the executive head of the department and of the Attorney General, and shall be rendered in the best interest of the State.

(c) Suspension shall not be based upon unsupported accusation, but upon adequate evidence that cause exists or upon evidence adequate to create a reasonable suspicion that cause exists.

(d) In assessing whether adequate evidence exists, consideration shall be given to the amount of credible evidence which is available, to the existence or absence of corroboration as to important allegations, and to inferences which may properly be drawn from the existence or absence of affirmative facts.

(e) Reasonable suspicion of the existence of a cause described in subparagraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of paragraph 4 of this Order may be established by the rendering of a final judgment or conviction by a court of administrative agency of competent jurisdiction, by grand jury indictment, or by evidence that such violations of civil or criminal law did in fact occur.

(f) A suspension invoked by an agency for any of the causes described in subparagraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), and (l) of paragraph 4 of this Order may be the basis for the imposition of a concurrent suspension by another agency, which may impose such suspension without the approval of the Attorney General.

9. The rules and regulations concerning suspension required by this Order shall include in substance the following provisions regarding procedures, period of suspension and scope of suspension:

(a) A department or agency may suspend a person or his affiliates, provided that within 10 days after the effective date of the suspension, the agency provides such party with a written notice: (i) stating that a suspension has been imposed and its effective date, (ii) setting forth the reasons for the suspension to the extent that the Attorney
General determines that such reasons may be properly disclosed, (iii) stating that the suspension is for a temporary period pending the completion of an investigation and such legal proceedings as may ensue, and (iv) indicating that, if such legal proceedings are not commenced or the suspension removed within 60 days of the date of such notice, the party will be given either a statement of the reasons for the suspension and an opportunity for a hearing if he so requests, or a statement declining to give such reasons and setting forth the agency's position regarding the continuation of the suspension. Where a suspension by one agency has been the basis for suspension by another agency, the latter shall note that fact as a reason for its suspension.

(b) A suspension shall not continue beyond 18 months from its effective date unless civil or criminal action regarding the alleged violation shall have been initiated within that period, or unless debarment action has been commenced. Whenever prosecution or debarment action has been initiated, the suspension may continue until the legal proceedings are completed.

(c) A suspension may include all known affiliates of a person, provided that each decision to include an affiliate is made on a case by case basis after giving due regard to all relevant facts and circumstances.

The offense, failure or inadequacy of performance of an individual may be imputed to a person with whom he is affiliated, where such conduct was accomplished within the course of his official duty or was effectuated by him with the knowledge or approval of such person.

10. The rules and regulations required by this Order shall contain such provisions as may be necessary to conform existing practices and procedures under any relevant prequalification statutes to the procedures governing debarment and suspension required herein, to the extent that such existing practices and procedures may concern the disqualification of any person from State contracting.

11. The rules and regulations required by this Order shall provide that the exclusion from State contracting by virtue of debarment, suspension or disqualification shall extend to all State contracting and subcontracting within the control or jurisdiction of the department or agency which imposes the exclusion. However, when it is determined essential to the public interest by the head of the department or agency, and upon filing of a finding thereof with the Attorney General, an exception from total exclusion may be made with respect to a particular State contract.
12. Insofar as practicable, prior notice shall be given to the Attorney General and the Treasurer of any proposed debarment or suspension.

13. The Treasurer shall maintain a current list of the names of all persons suspended or debarred, the effective date and term if any thereof, and the agency or agencies which impose same. Such list shall be available for public inspection.

14. Departments and agencies required by this Order to promulgate rules and regulations governing debarment and suspension are hereby authorized in connection with any proceeding thereunder to receive such information regarding the criminal conduct or criminal record of any person to the extent that such disclosure is deemed appropriate by the Attorney General, consistent with existing Federal and State law.

15. Nothing required by this Order shall be construed to limit the authority of any department or agency to refrain from contracting within the discretion allowed by law.

Given, under my hand and seal this 29th day of March, in the Year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six, of the Independence of the United States, the two hundredth.

/s/ Brendan Byrne
Governor

Attest:

/s/ John J. Degnan
Executive Secretary to the Governor