

New Jersey Department of Personnel

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

<u>TABLE OF CONTENTS</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Introduction	1
When and where will the examination be held?	1
How is the examination developed?	1
Will all of the work components listed in the guide be included on the examination? 2	
Is there study material that candidates can use to prepare for the examination?	2 - 3
Are there any practice multiple choice questions?	3 - 5
What are the correct answers to the practice questions?	5
How is a candidate's seniority score and final score calculated?	6
Promotions resulting from the examination	6
What is the Department of Personnel's make-up policy?	7
Will make-up candidates take the same examination?	7
Conclusion	8

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

Introduction

The New Jersey Department of Personnel has prepared this supplemental orientation guide for promotional candidates who will participate in the 2008 Police Lieutenant examination. The information in this booklet and the **Multiple-Choice Exam Orientation Guide** (available via DOP's web site www.state.nj.us/personnel under the Law Enforcement Careers icon) is designed to help candidates better understand the testing process and the types of questions they will encounter on the Police Lieutenant examination. The examination will be designed on the basis of information obtained from a job analysis of the Police Lieutenant position. We encourage candidates to carefully review this guide along with the Multiple-Choice Exam Orientation Guide and to take advantage of any and all opportunities to prepare for the examination.

When and where will the examination be held?

The **tentative** date to administer the Police Lieutenant examination is on **9/25/2008**. However, in the event there are difficulties scheduling the examination for any unforeseen reason, the examination date may change. The test date will be confirmed when candidate examination notices are mailed two to three weeks prior to the test date.

Please note that candidates are **NOT PERMITTED** to bring phones, pagers, recording devices, etc., into the test center. Possession of one or more of these prohibited devices inside of the examination center may result in disqualification.

In addition, briefcases and other personal items should also be left outside of the test center. The Department of Personnel is not responsible for any personal items. Upon completion of the multiple choice testing process, candidates must leave the testing premises so that other candidates (still involved in the testing) will not be disturbed/distracted by outside conversations.

How is the examination developed?

A job analysis was conducted to identify the knowledge and abilities that are necessary to perform the duties of a Police Lieutenant. A job analysis is the process of critically examining job components in order to provide a functional description of a job. As a part of this job analysis, staff from the Department of Personnel visited various police departments throughout the state. They gathered information about the job through interviews and observations of on-the-job activities of incumbent (permanent) Police Lieutenants. Based on this job analysis, several work components were identified. The examination has been developed on the basis of these work components. They include:

- Supervise Patrol/Field Work
- Supervise Other Than Patrol
- Handle Personnel Matters
- Perform Training
- Administration & Record Keeping
- Monitor & Safeguard Property

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

Will all of the work components listed in the guide be included on the examination?

During the job analysis, senior police personnel ranked each Police Lieutenant work component in terms of its importance. Examination questions will relate to those work components that were determined to be most critical. The following is a brief description of those components that received high importance ratings. Also included is their relative weighting. These weights will be reflected in the content and scoring of the examination.

Supervise Patrol/Field Work - 51%

Ensures proper performance of duties; Assists citizens in obtaining restraining orders; etc. (This may include the application of New Jersey Criminal Code 2C, Title 2A, Title 9, Title 39, New Jersey Attorney General Guidelines and/or Case Law.)

Supervise Other Than Patrol and Handle Personnel Matters – 30%

Assign tasks to qualified subordinates; Sets time frames for completion of assignments; Makes recommendations concerning disciplinary actions of subordinates; Takes actions to ensure integrity of police operations and police personnel; Decides what course of action to take to prevent potential civil liability; etc. (This may include the application of supervision and management principles as found in the texts Police Management and Organizational Behavior and Management in Law Enforcement.)

Perform Training, Administration & Record Keeping and Monitor & Safeguard Property - 19%

Keep subordinates abreast of current developments and trends via seminars, reports and roll call; Reviews and processes logs/reports/records prepared by subordinates for completeness and accuracy; Reviews reports to determine trends or systematic problems; Coordinates patrol activities; Keeps track of unit's productivity and performance; etc. (This may include the application of supervision and management principles as found in the texts Police Management and Organizational Behavior and Management in Law Enforcement, as well as the application of New Jersey Criminal Code 2C and the New Jersey Attorney General Guidelines.)

Is there study material that candidates can use to prepare for the examination?

The following sources are used by the Department of Personnel to develop test questions for this exam. Please note, however, that the development of all test questions may not be restricted to these particular sources.

Constitution of the United States and Amendments
Current United States and New Jersey court decisions
New Jersey Criminal Code 2C, Title 2A, Title 9
Motor Vehicle and Traffic Laws Title 39
New Jersey Attorney General Guidelines
New Jersey School Search Policy Manual

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

The following source material will be utilized by the Department of Personnel to develop test questions related to Police Supervision and/or Police Management/Administration. A check with publishers prior to this guide being posted indicated sufficient quantities of the titles listed below. *[The Department of Personnel will not be responsible for the quantity of books available.]*

Police Management 3rd Edition
Roberg, Kuykendall and Novak
Roxbury Publishing Company 2002 (ISBN- 1-891487-83-3)
www.roxbury.net
Oxford University Press 2007 (ISBN- 0195330110)
www.oup.com

Organizational Behavior and Management in Law Enforcement 2nd Edition
More, Wegener, Vito, and Walsh – Pearson/Prentice Hall Publishing 2006
www.prennhall.com
(ISBN- 0-13-118101-7)

You should be able to buy these texts at your local bookstore or at an online bookstore. If you have any issues with finding these texts at your local bookstore or online, please contact the publisher at the web site noted above.

Are there any practice multiple-choice questions?

The following four questions are sample questions that are similar to the ones that will appear in your examination (answers are found on page 5):

Question 1 is an example of a test question associated with the work component: Supervise Patrol/Field Work

1. During an investigatory detention by some officers of a person they suspect to be criminally involved in a recent crime, the officers visually inspect the soles of the shoes of the detained person. One of the officers asks, “Does this visual inspection constitute a search which is subject to constitutional protection?” Your reply should be,
 - (a) “Yes, such an inspection is an exploratory investigation which involves prying into hidden places to find that which is concealed.”
 - (b) “No, since there is no constitutional safeguard for what an individual knowingly exposes to the public.”
 - (c) “Yes, since such an inspection infringes on an expectation of privacy that society considers reasonable.”
 - (d) “No, since a person does not have a legitimate expectation of privacy in public places.”

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

Question 2 is an example of a test question associated with the work component: Supervise Patrol/Field Work

2. A Hispanic female approaches the front desk to file a civilian complaint. The female, who wants to remain anonymous, reports that she has seen two police officers use excessive force while making an arrest. She states that a nine-year-old boy witnessed the incident, as well as the victim. Review the following individuals:
- I. Anonymous source
 - II. Juvenile
 - III. Suspect while under arrest
 - IV. Suspect while in police custody

Which individual(s) would be **PERMITTED** to file a complaint?

- (a) I only
- (b) II and III only
- (c) III and IV only
- (d) I, II, III and IV

Question 3 is an example of a test question associated with the work component: Supervise Other Than Patrol/Handle Personnel Matters

3. While on patrol, you observe that an officer does not appear to be at his post. You call the dispatcher and he reports to you that no one has any knowledge of the officer's whereabouts. The officer should be at his assigned post. What action should you take and/or ensure is taken?
- (a) Tell your dispatcher to assign another officer to that post.
 - (b) Try to contact the officer via radio.
 - (c) Inform your Personnel Officer to start the disciplinary process.
 - (d) Inform the Chief of Police.

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

Question 4 is an example of a test question associated with the work component: Supervise Other Than Patrol/Handle Personnel Matters

4. A newlywed officer from another shift tells you that he is experiencing a problem in his marriage and that he has contemplated killing his wife. The officer also explains that his immediate supervisor is on vacation and won't return for another week. What action should you take?
- (a) Refer the officer to his immediate supervisor.
 - (b) Remove the officer from active duty.
 - (c) Counsel the officer even though you are not his immediate supervisor.
 - (d) Inform the officer's wife about his intentions.

What are the correct answers to the practice questions?

The correct answer to sample Question #1 is (b). This is an example of a technical question based on case law. This question is based on the case State of New Jersey v. Bates.

The correct answer to sample Question #2 is (d). Any of the persons listed are PERMITTED to file a complaint, whether they wish to do so or not.

For sample Question #3 the correct answer is (b). Analyze this question from the perspective of a Police Lieutenant and the standpoint of timeliness. As a supervisor, this situation demands action be taken. From the standpoint of timeliness, your first consideration should be the welfare of your officer. Therefore, an attempt should be made to contact him as soon as possible. Responses (a), (c) and (d) are premature actions.

The correct answer to sample Question #4 is (c). Again, consider this question, from the perspective of a Police Lieutenant. The question clearly implies that action is necessary. Response (a) refers the officer to a supervisor who will be away for a week. This is not a practical solution to the officer getting immediate help. Of the remaining choices, (b), (c) and (d), only (c) meets the criteria of being the most immediate response. Also, options (b) and (d) would be premature actions to take; until you have spent time counseling this officer, you don't know how serious a danger he poses.

NOTE: These are only sample items. The examination will contain different questions, although similar in structure and content. Answering these sample items correctly does not guarantee you the same success on your examination.

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

How is a candidate's seniority score and final score calculated?

A candidate's final score (and rank) on a New Jersey Department of Personnel Police promotional list consists of two weighted parts: the test score and the seniority score.

The seniority score combines two elements. The first, seniority, is the time from the regular appointment date (of the eligible title) to the closing date of the announcement, minus the time spent on suspensions, layoffs and regular leaves of absence without pay other than military, educational, gubernatorial appointments, personal sick, disability, family, voluntary furlough, furlough extensions and to fill elective office (day for day deduction from length of service). The second element, record of service, adds a maximum of ten points to the seniority score. The ten points are reduced by disciplinary suspensions up to five years from the closing date.

Seniority is weighted at 30% and test score is weighted at 70% for Police Lieutenant promotional examinations. Seniority is combined with the test score to produce the final average score.

CALCULATION OF SENIORITY SCORE

To a base score of 70.000, one point is added for each year of eligible service up to a maximum of 15. The maximum score for the *length of service component* is 85.000.

Ten additional points are given for *record of service*. The *record of service component* is reduced by disciplinary suspensions occurring within five years of the closing date, by the following rules:

.0025 times the number of days suspended, up to three years from the closing date, and
.00125 times the number of days suspended, from 3 years to 5 years from the closing date.

The maximum possible seniority score is 95.000.

Promotions resulting from the examination

After the examination is scored, candidates will be ranked within their particular jurisdiction according to their final score (a composite of written exam score and seniority score). Promotions to the level of lieutenant are made from a certified list based upon this ranking. **Please Note: Promotional appointees are considered to be serving conditionally pending resolution of all scoring appeals related to the examination.**

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

What is the Department of Personnel's make-up policy?

Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 4A: 4-2.9, make-up examinations for public safety promotional examinations may be authorized only in cases of:

- I. Error by the Department of Personnel or appointing authority.
 - II. Death in the candidate's immediate family as evidenced by a copy of the death certificate; or
 - III. Catastrophic injury or illness requiring an extended convalescent period, provided the candidate submits a doctor's certification containing a diagnosis and a statement clearly showing that the candidate's physical condition precluded his or her participation in the examination as well as documentation from the candidate's employer noting the candidate's related leave from work.
- Military leave, which will be handled as stated in NJAC 4A:4-2.9(c).
 - Exoneration from pending disciplinary or criminal charges will be handled as stated in NJAC 4A:4-2.9(d).

If you require a make-up examination please call the Make-up Unit at (609) 292-4158 within 5 days upon receipt of your Notification Card. Candidates with special situations/ADA concerns must contact Marty Berrien at (609) 292-4158 upon receipt of their examination notification in order to requests/discuss special needs.

Please note that all requests for medical make-up examinations must be accompanied by the Department of Personnel's Medical Authorization for Make-up Examination form completed by the treating physician. The Medical Authorization for Make-up Examination form can be obtained through the Make-up Unit or may be printed from the DOP website at: www.state.nj.us/personnel/forms/index.htm.

Will make-up candidates take the same examination?

Because of concerns regarding loss of examination security relating to the illicit discussion and/or dissemination of test content, the make-up examination for this announcement may not be identical to the original examination. That is, it may be very similar to the original examination, matching the content specifications of the original examination as closely as possible. This means that the make-up examination would measure in equal proportion, the same knowledge, skills and/or abilities that will be measured by the original examination. It will also be administered and scored in the same manner as the original examination. If a different examination is used for make-up purposes, make-up candidates may be required to obtain or use resource material for test preparation/study purposes that is particular to the make-up examination.

2008 POLICE LIEUTENANT ORIENTATION GUIDE

Conclusion

This orientation guide attempts to familiarize candidates with aspects of the Written Multiple-Choice Test, including some suggestions for preparation. The suggestions provided here are not exhaustive – we encourage candidates to engage in whatever additional preparation strategies they believe will enhance their chances of performing effectively on the examination.

We hope that this Orientation Guide has been beneficial to you.

GOOD LUCK!