STATE OF NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

I/M/O the Verified Petition of Jersey Central Power &)	
Light Company ("JCP&L") and Mid-Atlantic)	
Interstate Transmission, LLC ("MAIT") for: (1))	
Approval of the Transfer of JCP&L's Transmission)	
Assets to MAIT Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:3-7; (2))	
Approval of a Lease of JCP&L's Real Property and)	
Real Property Rights Associated with its Transmission)	
Assets to MAIT Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:3-7; (3))	
Approval of a Mutual Assistance Agreement Pursuant)	BPU Docket Nos. EM15060733
to <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:3-7.1; and (4) a Declaration that MAIT)	and EF02030185
Will be Deemed a Public Utility for, inter alia, the)	anu Er 02030185
Purposes of Sitting Authority under <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 40:55D-1)	
9 and Eminent Domain Authority Pursuant to <u>N.J.S.A.</u>)	
48:3-17.6 et seq.,)	
and)	
In the Matter of the Verified Petition of Jersey Central)	
Power & Light Company for Authorization Pursuant)	
to <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:3-7.2 for Approval to Participate in the)	
FirstEnergy Corp. Intrasystem Money Pool –)	
Amendment No. 8)	

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DAVID E. PETERSON ON BEHALF OF THE DIVISION OF RATE COUNSEL

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Dated: August 12, 2016

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1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, OCCUPATION AND BUSINESS
3		ADDRESS.
4	A.	My name is David E. Peterson. I am a Senior Consultant employed by
5		Chesapeake Regulatory Consultants, Inc. ("CRC"). Our business address is 1698
б		Saefern Way, Annapolis, Maryland 21401-6529. I maintain an office in Dunkirk,
7		Maryland.
8		
9	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE
10		IN THE PUBLIC UTILITY FIELD?
11	A.	I graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from South Dakota
12		State University in May of 1977. In 1983, I received a Master's degree in
13		Business Administration from the University of South Dakota. My graduate
14		program included accounting and public utility courses at the University of
15		Maryland.
16		
17		In September 1977, I joined the Staff of the Fixed Utilities Division of the South
18		Dakota Public Utilities Commission as a rate analyst. My responsibilities at the
19		South Dakota Commission included analyzing and testifying on ratemaking
20		matters arising in rate proceedings involving electric, gas and telephone utilities.
21		
22		Since leaving the South Dakota Commission in 1980, I have continued
23		performing cost of service and revenue requirement analyses as a consultant. In
24		December 1980, I joined the public utility consulting firm of Hess & Lim, Inc. I
25		remained with that firm until August 1991, when I joined CRC. Over the years, I
26		have analyzed filings by electric, natural gas, propane, telephone, water,
27		wastewater, and steam utilities in connection with utility rate and certificate

- proceedings before federal and state regulatory commissions. A copy of my
 curriculum vitae is provided in Appendix A attached to my testimony.
- 3
- 4

5

Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED TESTIMONY IN PUBLIC UTILITY RATE PROCEEDINGS?

б A. Yes. I have presented testimony in 153 other proceedings before the state regulatory commissions in Alabama, Arkansas. California. Colorado. 7 Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Montana, Nevada, 8 New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, West 9 Virginia, and Wyoming, and before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. 10 Collectively, my testimonies have addressed the following topics: the appropriate 11 test year, rate base, revenues, expenses, depreciation, taxes, capital structure, 12 capital costs, rate of return, cost allocation, rate design, life-cycle analyses, 13 affiliate transactions, mergers, acquisitions, and cost-tracking procedures. 14

15

In addition, I testified twice before the Energy Subcommittee of the Delaware 16 House of Representatives on the issues of consolidated tax savings and tax 17 Also, I have presented seminars on public utility regulation, normalization. 18 revenue requirements, cost allocation, rate design, consolidated tax savings, 19 income tax normalization and other ratemaking issues to the Delaware Public 20 Service Commission, to the Commissioners and Staff of the Washington Utilities 21 and Transportation Commission, and to the Colorado Office of Consumer 22 Counsel. 23

24

Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED IN OTHER PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES ("BOARD")?

A. Yes, I have. I have submitted testimony in the following proceedings before theBoard:

1		
2	Utility	Docket No.
3		
4	South Jersey Gas Company	GR8704329
5	5 1 5	GR03050413
6		GR03080683
7		GR10010035
8		
9	New Jersey-American Water Company	WR88070639
10		WR91081399J
11		WR92090906J
12		WR94030059
13		WR95040165
14		WR98010015
15		WR03070511
16		WR06030257
17		
18	ACE/Delmarva Merger	EM97020103
19	Atlantic City Electric Company	ER03020110
20		ER11080469
21		
22	FirstEnergy/GPU Merger (JCP&L)	EM00110870
23	Jersey Central Power & Light	ER02080506
24		ER05121018
25		ER12111052
26		EM14060581
27		
28	Rockland Electric Company	ER02100724
29		ER06060483
30		ER09080668
31		
32	Public Service Electric and Gas	EM00040253
33		GR09050422
34		GO12030188
35	Exelon/PSE&G Merger	EM05020106
36	Exelon/Pepco Holdings Merger	EM14060581
37		
38	Conectiv/Pepco Merger (ACE)	EM01050308
39		CD00040245
40	Elizabethtown Gas Company	GR02040245
41		GR09030195

1		The Southern Company/AGL Resources	GM15101196
2 3		United Water New Jersey, Inc.	WR07020135
4		United Water Toms River	WR15020269
5 6		New Jersey Natural Gas Company	GR07110889
7		r y	
8			
9			
10		II. SUMMARY	
11	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU APPEARING	G IN THIS PROCEEDING?
12	A.	My appearance in this proceeding is on behalf of	the Division of Rate Counsel
13		("Rate Counsel").	
14			
15	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR	TESTIMONY IN THIS
16		PROCEEDING?	
17	A.	I was asked by Rate Counsel to address Jersey Cent	tral Power & Light Company's
18		("JCP&L") and Mid-Atlantic Interstate Tra	nsmission, LLC ("MAIT")
19		(collectively "the Petitioners") proposals as they	relate to setting rates for the
20		distribution service that MAIT will provide if the	Petition and the Supplemental
21		Petition (collectively "the Petition") are granted.	. My testimony also briefly
22		discusses the impact of the proposed transaction of	on JCP&L's Service Company
23		costs and a specific modification to the Mutual As	ssistance Agreement ("MAA")
24		that is required if the Petition is granted.	
25			
26	Q.	WHAT HAVE YOU DONE IN PREPARATION	N FOR YOUR TESTIMONY
27		IN THIS PROCEEDING?	
28	A.	I have carefully reviewed the June 19, 2015 Per	tition and the April 22, 2016
29		Supplemental Petition in this proceeding along wi	th the Direct Testimonies and

- Exhibits sponsored by Petitioners' witnesses relating to the issues that I address herein. In addition, I reviewed the Petitioners' responses to data requests of Rate Counsel and the Board Staff relating to the issues that I address in my testimony.
- 4

Q. BEFORE DISCUSSING YOUR SPECIFIC FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS, PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF SUMMARY OF THAT PORTION OF THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION RELATING TO THE MAIN ISSUE ADDRESSED IN YOUR TESTIMONY.

The majority of my testimony addresses the distribution rate issue raised by the A. 9 Petitioners' April 22, 2016 Supplemental Petition. Recall that in its June 19, 2015 10 Petition, the Petitioners requested the Board's designation of MAIT as a New 11 Jersey public utility. In response to a motion by Rate Counsel, on February 24, 12 2016, however, the Board issued an order declaring that MAIT would not be 13 designated a public utility because it would not own any distribution assets.¹ 14 Thereafter, in response to the Board's February 24th Order, the Petitioners 15 submitted a Supplemental Petition outlining a plan for JCP&L to contribute 16 certain distribution assets to MAIT and, along with those assets, five of JCP&L's 17 present distribution customers also would be transferred to MAIT. The specific 18 distribution assets to be contributed are identified in the Supplemental Direct 19 Testimony of K. Jon Taylor and include five substations, associated equipment 20 that connect the substations to the customers, and related property rights. If 21 approved as proposed, following the transaction, MAIT will have its own New 22 Jersey distribution tariff for those five customers that are to be transferred from 23 JCP&L to MAIT. Even though MAIT will maintain its own distribution tariff 24 separate and apart from that of JCP&L, the Petitioners propose that, 25

¹ I/M/O the Verified Petition of JCP&L and MAIT For Approval of the Transfer of JCP&L's Transmission Assets to MAIT, BPU Docket Nos. EM15060733 and EF02030185, *Order Addressing Rate Counsel Motion to Determine if MAIT can be Designated a Public Utility*, February 24, 2016, at page 13.

prospectively, JCP&L and MAIT "...will file a single, joint petition for all rate changes, including base rate cases, rate clauses, and all other elements of their New Jersey distribution rate structures."² That is, MAIT's distribution cost of service will be rolled-in with JCP&L's distribution cost of service in a single rate filing and the GP rates that result therefrom will be the same for both JCP&L's and for MAIT's customers, including all existing tariff riders that are included in JCP&L's current tariff.

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- 9 10

Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF SUMMARY OF YOUR CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

11

A. A summary of my conclusions and recommendations is as follows:

MAIT's Distribution Rate - The Petitioners' proposal to file joint 12 distribution rate cases and to adopt the same distribution rates will result in 13 unjust and unreasonable rates for both utilities in that such rates will not 14 reflect the actual cost of service for each utility. Moreover, transferring 15 five of JCP&L's distribution customers to MAIT without compensation is 16 unfair to JCP&L and the remainder of its New Jersey customers. 17 Presently, those five customers are providing margins to JCP&L that help 18 reduce the average cost of service to all of JCP&L's New Jersey 19 customers. Following the proposed transaction, the margins received from 20 service to those five customers, both now and in the future, will be lost 21 resulting in a negative impact on JCP&L's customers. Therefore, if the 22 transaction is approved, the Board should require that JCP&L be 23 adequately compensated for the lost margins from the five distribution 24 customers that will be transferred to MAIT. The Board also should 25

² Second Supplemental Direct Testimony of Mark A. Mader, Petition Exhibit P-2 Supplemental 2, page 4.

require that MAIT's distribution rate be set on a stand-alone basis reflecting MAIT's own cost of service.

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2

JCP&L's Service Company Costs – The Petitioners propose to add 3 MAIT as a participant in the FirstEnergy Service Company Agreement. 4 As a result, certain administrative and other indirect costs that were 5 previously billed to JCP&L and other participants in the Service Company б Agreement will be billed to MAIT following the transaction. The 7 Petitioners' estimate that the allocation of indirect Service Company costs 8 to MAIT will reduce JCP&L's Service Company costs by 10 percent 9 annually or \$6.3 million based on 2014 Service Company costs.³ 10 Therefore, if the transaction is approved as proposed, I recommend that 11 the portion of the reduction in Service Company charges related to 12 JCP&L's distribution operations be reflected immediately in JCP&L's 13 distribution rates, either in JCP&L's pending base rate proceeding or 14 through a special rate rider until the reduction can be reflected in base 15 rates. In addition, I recommend that the Petitioners' estimate of the 16 change in Service Company costs be updated to reflect more current costs, 17 preferably the twelve month period ended June 30, 2016, to match the test 18 period in JCP&L's pending base rate proceeding. 19

• **Mutual Assistance Agreement** – As presently written, the Mutual Assistance Agreement ("MAA"), in which MAIT intends to participate, requires that additional services sought to be included in the MAA be filed with the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission for review. There is no mention of the New Jersey Board's review of additional services to be included in the MAA. The MAA, shown in Exhibit KJT-3 (Redline) Exhibit A, page 3, under paragraph 1. *Services*, should be amended to

³ See Petitioners response to Rate Counsel discovery request RCR-SC-15.

1		include the Board's review of any new services sought to be added under
2		the MAA.
3		
4		III. MAIT DISTRIBUTION RATES
5	Q.	IN THE SUMMARY OF YOUR TESTIMONY YOU STATED THAT THE
б		PETITIONERS SELECTED FIVE OF JCP&L'S DISTRIBUTION
7		CUSTOMERS TO BE TRANSFERRED TO MAIT. HOW WERE THOSE
8		CUSTOMERS SELECTED?
9	A.	It is not entirely clear precisely what criteria were used for selecting the customers
10		to be transferred to MAIT. What is known, however, is that none of the five
11		customers connect with other JCP&L distribution assets other than the substations
12		that will be transferred to MAIT. Also, all five customers presently receive
13		transmission service under JCP&L's Rate GP. Two of the five receive
14		transmission service at 12.47kV; the other three take transmission service at 4.16
15		kV. ⁴
16		
17	Q.	ARE THERE SIMILARLY SITUATED CUSTOMERS IN JCP&L'S
18		SERVICE TERRITORY THAT WERE NOT DESIGNATED TO BE
19		TRANSFERRED TO MAIT?
20	A.	Yes, there are. ⁵ Although, no reason was given for why these specific five
21		customers were chosen over all other similarly situated customers.
22		
23	Q.	HOW WILL JCP&L BE COMPENSATED FOR THE TRANSFER OF
24		DISTRIBUTION ASSETS?
25	A.	Under the proposed transaction, JCP&L will contribute to MAIT the distribution
26		assets in question. JCP&L's Class B membership in MAIT will then reflect the
	4	

 ⁴ See the Petitioners' response to Rate Counsel discovery request RCR-P-48.
 ⁵ See the Petitioners' response to Rate Counsel discovery request RCR-SC-36.

- transfer of JCP&L's distribution assets at their "carrying value," i.e., depreciated
 book value at the time of the transaction.
- 3
- 4

Q. IS THE TRANSFER AT CARRYING VALUE APPROPRIATE?

- 5 A. No, it is not. Rate Counsel witness Kevin O'Donnell addresses the appropriate valuation for JCP&L's transmission and distribution assets in his testimony. 6 Moreover, the provisions of the proposed Operating Agreement (Petitioners 7 Exhibit SRS-1) also make transferring the asset at their carrying value 8 inappropriate. Paragraph 3.4 of the Operating Agreement provides that should 9 MAIT subsequently sell the transferred assets (either transmission or distribution, 10 or both) at full market value, Class B owners, including JCP&L, will receive only 11 the remaining book value for the sale. MAIT's parent and FirstEnergy will retain 12 any acquisition premium for its stockholders. JCP&L's customers, who have 13 been paying for those assets all along, would not share in the profits. It is unfair 14 to exclude JCP&L's customers from the potential profits on assets they have been 15 16 paying for all along.
- 17

Q. WILL JCP&L BE COMPENSATED FOR THE FIVE DISTRIBUTION CUSTOMERS THAT WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO MAIT?

- A. No, not under the proposed transaction. JCP&L proposes to simply transfer the
 five distribution customers without remuneration.
- 22

Q. IS TRANSFERRING CUSTOMERS WITHOUT COMPENSATION REASONABLE?

A. No, it is not. No business owner would intentionally give away its customers without first securing some type of compensation. The five distribution customers in question presently provide some level of margin to JCP&L that acts to reduce the average distribution cost of service for other JCP&L customers.

1 Therefore, transferring those customers to MAIT imposes a real cost onto JCP&L's remaining customers in the form of lost margins. JCP&L's remaining 2 customers are, therefore, entitled to just compensation for the loss of those five 3 customers. Rate Counsel is also aware that at least one of the five customers to be 4 transferred has plans for significant commercial and residential development in 5 the near future. We have no way of knowing now whether JCP&L or MAIT will б serve those new loads, but, if MAIT is to serve those new loads, JCP&L's 7 remaining customers will be significantly disadvantaged by JCP&L not 8 recognizing the full economic value of the transfer of the five transmission 9 customers to MAIT. 10

11

Q. WHAT RATEMAKING TREATMENT IS BEING PROPOSED BY THE PETITIONERS FOR MAIT'S DISTRIBUTION SERVICES?

MAIT will maintain separate financial statements encompassing its own 14 A. investments, revenues and expenses. MAIT also will have its own New Jersey 15 tariff, separate and apart from that of JCP&L. Even though MAIT will have its 16 own distribution tariff, the Petitioners propose that, prospectively, JCP&L and 17 MAIT will make joint filings for rate changes, rate clauses and all other elements 18 of their rate structures. In essence, the two separate utilities will combine their 19 investments, revenues and costs for rate making purposes and develop blended 20 rates applicable to both JCP&L's and MAIT's retail customers. 21

22

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE BLENDED RATE APPROACH PROPOSED BY THE PETITIONERS?

A. No, I do not. Cost of service ratemaking has been the predominate form of regulation both in New Jersey and most elsewhere for decades. Moreover, I have consistently advocated that public utility rates be set based on a utility's own, provable costs. That is, rates should be sufficient to provide a reasonable

1 opportunity for each utility to recover its own operating costs and a fair return on 2 capital invested for public service. The blended rate approach advocated by the Petitioners, however, does not meet this standard. Under the Petitioners proposed 3 blended rate approach, there will be no determination of each utility's stand-alone 4 earned return and, thus, no determination that the blended rates are just and 5 reasonable, and not excessive, to each utility. Cost-based ratemaking requires that б JCP&L and MAIT each establish stand-alone rates based on their own, unique 7 costs of service. There are no reasons given in the Petitioners' testimony that 8 justifies departing from separate, utility-specific, cost-based ratemaking for 9 JCP&L and MAIT. 10

11

It is virtually unheard of for two regulated public utilities to share the same 12 distribution rates. I know of no similar situation in New Jersey. In fact, 13 traditional ratemaking practices in New Jersey essentially guarantee separate, 14 unique rates for each utility, even if there is common corporate ownership among 15 certain utilities, as in this case. Separate rates for each utility results because the 16 Board has required that rates be based on each utility's own, provable costs. No 17 two utilities have identical costs, even if they are corporate affiliates. Thus, the 18 only conceivable way to justify a blended rate treatment is to abandon the Board's 19 cost standard for ratemaking. But, adequate justification has not been presented 20 in this proceeding for doing so. 21

22

Q. HOW DO THE PETITIONERS ATTEMPT TO JUSTIFY JCP&L AND MAIT CHARGING THE SAME DISTRIBUTION RATES?

A. Support for the Petitioners blended rate proposal is contained in the following
 passage from Mr. Mader's Second Supplemental Direct Testimony:

"MAIT will rely on services provided by JCP&L through the Mutual
 Assistance Agreement ("MAA"), and services provided by FirstEnergy Service

Company via the FirstEnergy Service Agreement ("Service Agreement"), to deliver all aspects of retail service to its retail customers, which assures the continued benefits from efficiencies and economies of scale. As such, and in the aggregate, the cost to provide service to similarly-situated customers of MAIT and JCP&L, over time, should not be dissimilar.⁶

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8 Q. DO YOU AGREE THAT BECAUSE MAIT WILL RECEIVE SERVICES 9 UNDER BOTH THE MAA AND THE SERVICE AGREEMENT ITS 10 COSTS TO PROVIDE SERVICE TO SIMILARLY SITUATED JCP&L 11 CUSTOMERS WILL NOT BE DISSIMILAR?

A. No, I do not. There is no proof that supports Mr. Mader's claim, nor is there any logic to it. In several instances, Rate Counsel asked the Petitioners for a quantification of MAIT's expected cost of service.⁷ While some cost information ultimately was provided, a comprehensive analysis of MAIT's expected cost of service was never provided. Thus, despite Rate Counsel's repeated attempts to verify Mr. Mader's statement, there is no quantitative support for his claim.

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Nor is there any logic in Mr. Mader's claim. There is very little distribution 19 investment being contributed to MAIT – approximately \$257,124. Thus, the 20 return and depreciation expense revenue requirements on contributed distribution 21 property is likely to be quite small, at least initially, in comparison to JCP&L's 22 distribution plant related revenue requirements. Moreover, even though MAIT 23 will receive services under the MAA and the Service Agreement, there is no 24 reason to believe that its costs will be similar to JCP&L's. MAIT will be directly 25 billed under the MAA for its unique service requirements. That is, MAIT will be 26 billed through the MAA for operations and maintenance services only to the 27 extent that it requires those services. If no services on the five substations are 28

⁶ Second Supplemental Testimony of Mark A. Mader, Exhibit P-2 Supplemental No. 2, page 4.

⁷ See the Petitioners' responses to Rate Counsel discovery requests RCR-F-43, RCR-F-44, RCR-F-45, RCR-F-50 and RCR-SC-40.

1 required, none will be billed. The same is true for direct Service Company 2 charges. If no direct services are required, none will billed to MAIT. MAIT, however, will receive an allocation of the Service Company's indirect costs. But, 3 because the MAA and the direct Service Company costs are billed on request 4 only, it is only by pure happenstance that MAIT's costs would be equal to 5 JCP&L's. It is more likely that MAIT's O&M costs will vary significantly, yearб to-year, when there are maintenance issues with the five substations. MAIT's 7 distribution investment and related revenue requirements may also change 8 significantly if one or more of the substations need substantial repairs or 9 replacement. In this respect, JCP&L's distribution costs are likely to be more 10 stable than MAIT's. But, I do not expect costs for the two utilities to be similar as 11 12 Mr. Mader claims. Thus, there is no cost support for developing blended distribution rates for JCP&L and MAIT as the Petitioners proposed. The only 13 way that blended rates can be "justified" in this instance is for the Board to 14 15 abandon its long-standing precedent for setting rates based on each utility's own 16 provable costs. There simply is no reason for abandoning cost based rates in this proceeding. 17

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- 19 20

Q. IS THERE ANOTHER CONCERN WITH THE PETITIONERS' BLENDED RATE PROPOSAL?

A. Yes, there is. Because JCP&L and MAIT will share a blended rate, MAIT customers will also be charged for all of JCP&L's rate riders. Imposing the riders on MAIT customers can be quite unfair. For example, MAIT customers will be assessed charges under JCP&L's Rider UNC for uncollectible accounts even if MAIT customers impose no uncollectible accounts expenses on MAIT.

26

1Q.HOW THEN SHOULD MAIT'S DISTRIBUTION RATES BE2DETERMINED?

A. There are specific requirements established by the Board for regulated public utilities to file and to justify distribution rates, based on each utility's own, unique costs and service requirements. If the Board designates MAIT a New Jersey regulated public utility, MAIT should be required to follow those prescribed procedures, just as do all other regulated public utilities in New Jersey. The Board should specifically reject the Petitioners request to establish blended rates for JCP&L and MAIT.

10

11 Q. SHOULD THE PETITIONERS AMENDED PETITION BE APPROVED?

A. No, it should not be approved; at least not in its present form. The proposed transfer of JCP&L's distribution assets to MAIT at depreciated book value is inappropriate. The proposed transfer of five JCP&L distribution customers to MAIT without compensation is inappropriate. Finally, the Petitioners' proposed blended rate for JCP&L and MAIT's distribution rates is inappropriate because there is no showing that the resulting rates are just and reasonable to each utility. Thus, the Amended Petition should be rejected by the Board.

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IV. JCP&L SERVICE COMPANY COSTS

22 Q. ARE THERE ADVERSE RATE IMPLICATIONS FOR JCP&L

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23 ASSOCIATED WITH THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION?
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A. Yes, there are. If JCP&L contributes its transmission and certain distribution
assets to MAIT as proposed, MAIT will become a participating affiliate in the
FirstEnergy Service Company Agreement. At that time, the Service Company
will re-calculate its indirect cost allocation factors for each participating member,
including JCP&L. Attached as Exhibit___(DEP-1) is a schedule provided by the

1	Petitioners in response to a Rate Counsel discovery request showing FirstEnergy
2	Service Company's indirect cost allocation factors prior to the transaction and pro
3	forma following the transaction, based on 2014 statistics. ⁸ As can be seen on this
4	schedule, there will be a significant reduction in indirect Service Company costs
5	being allocated to JCP&L following the transaction. The Petitioners estimated
6	that the reduced indirect cost allocation factors for JCP&L will result in an
7	approximate 10 percent reduction in Service Company costs being allocated to
8	JCP&L annually or \$6.3 million. ⁹ Since Service Company charges are a
9	significant portion of JCP&L's annual distribution revenue requirement, reducing
10	Service Company charges has a direct implication on JCP&L's distribution
11	revenue requirement and rates.

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HOW SHOULD THE REDUCTION IN ALLOCATED SERVICE **O**. **COMPANY COSTS BE ADDRESSED?** 14

If the transaction is approved, I recommend that the portion of the reduction in 15 A. Service Company charges relating to JCP&L's distribution operations be 16 immediately reflected as a reduction in JCP&L's distribution rates, either in 17 JCP&L's pending base rate proceeding or through a special rate rider until the 18 reduction can be reflected in base rates. In addition, I recommend that the 19 Petitioners' estimate of the change in Service Company costs be updated to reflect 20 more current costs, preferably the twelve-month period ended June 30, 2016, to 21 match the test period in JCP&L's pending base rate proceeding. 22

23

⁸ See Petitioners' response to Rate Counsel discovery request RCR-SC-14.

⁹ See Petitioners' response to Rate Counsel discovery request RCR-SC-15.

1		V. MUTUAL ASSISTANCE AGREEMENT
2	Q.	IS THERE A MODIFICATION TO THE MUTUAL ASSISTANCE
3		AGREEMENT THAT WILL BE REQUIRED IF THE PROPOSED
4		TRANSACTION IS APPROVED?
5	A.	Yes. As presently written, the Mutual Assistance Agreement ("MAA"), in which
6		MAIT intends to participate, requires that additional services sought to be
7		included in the MAA be filed with the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
8		for review. There is no mention of the Board's review of services to be included
9		in the MAA. Therefore, the MAA, shown in Petitioner Exhibit KJT-3 (Redline)
10		Exhibit A, page 3, under paragraph 1. Services, should be amended to include the
11		Board's review of any new services sought to be added under the MAA.
12		
13		
14		VI. RECOMMENDATIONS
15	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE ISSUES
16		YOU PRESENDED IN YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY.
17	А.	My recommendations are as follows:
18		• The Board should reject the Petitioners' Supplemental Petition transferring
19		certain distribution assets and five customers from JCP&L to MAIT.
20		• If the Supplemental Petition is approved, the Board should require that
21		JCP&L be adequately compensated for both the distribution assets that it
22		will contribute to MAIT and the five customers that will be transferred to
23		MAIT, including compensation for future lost margins.
24		• If the Supplemental Petition is approved, the Board should reject the
21		In the Suppremental Petrion is approved, the Board Should reject the
25		Petitioners' blended rate approach for establishing distribution rates and

1		• If the Petition is approved, a reduction in Service Company costs allocated
2		to JCP&L should be immediately reflected in JCP&L's rates based on
3		current (or test period) allocation of Service Company costs.
4		• The MAA should be modified to require the Board's approval before
5		adding new services to be provided under the MAA.
6		
7	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY AT THIS TIME?
8	A.	Yes, it does.

EXHIBIT DEP-1

Data Request: RCR-SC-14 Witness: K. Jon Taylor

In the Matter of the Verified Petition of Jersey Central Power & Light Company ("JCP&L") and Mid-Atlantic Interstate Transmission, LLC ("MAIT") for:
(1) Approval of the Transfer of JCP&L's Transmission Assets to MAIT Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:3-7; (2) Approval of a Lease of JCP&L's Real Property and Real Property Rights Associated with its Transmission Assets to MAIT Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:3-7;
(3) Approval of a Mutual Assistance Agreement Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:3-7.1; and (4) a Declaration that MAIT Will be Deemed a Public Utility for, *inter alia*, the Purposes of Siting Authority under N.J.S.A. 40:55D-1 9 and Eminent Domain Authority Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:3-17.6 *et seq*. BPU Docket No. EM15060733

RESPONSE TO DATA REQUEST

- **RCR-SC-14** Please provide a list of FirstEnergy Service Company's currently effective cost allocation percentage factors applicable to JCP&L and the estimated *pro forma* cost allocation factors immediately following the Transaction.
- **Response:** <u>See</u> RCR-SC-14 Attachment for a list of FirstEnergy Service Company's 2015 cost allocation percentage factors applicable to JCP&L and the change to the estimated pro forma cost allocation factors following the Transaction. The pro forma cost allocation factors shown in RCR-SC-14 Attachment are estimates and subject to changes based on actual inputs upon closing of the transaction.

Multiple Factor Utility		Current	Pro forma
MU1	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	17.29%	15.33%
	JC01		
MU2	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	18.32%	15.84%
	JC01		
MU3	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	19.05%	16.43%
	JC01		
MU6	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	44.54%	34.09%
	JC01		
MU4	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	28.44%	23.27%
Marking Frankry All	JC01		
Multiple Factor All	Janaary Control Dower & Light Company	0.400/	0.050/
MA1	Jersey Central Power & Light Company JC01	9.40%	8.65%
MA7	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	12.99%	11.40%
	JC01	12.9970	11.4070
Multiple Factor Utility/Non-Utility	5001		
MT2	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	9.90%	9.12%
	JC01	0.0070	0.120/0
MT10	Jersey Central Power & Light Company	14.90%	13.19%
	JC01		

FirstEnergy Service Company Cost Allocation Factors to Jersey Central Power & Light

APPENDIX A

QUALIFICATIONS OF

DAVID E. PETERSON

STATEMENT OF EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE FOR DAVID E. PETERSON

Senior Consultant Chesapeake Regulatory Consultants, Inc. 10351 Southern Maryland Blvd. Suite 202 Dunkirk, Maryland 20754-9500 410.286.0503

Email: davep@chesapeake.net

Mr. Peterson is employed as a public utility rate consultant by Chesapeake Regulatory Consultants, Inc. Mr. Peterson has over thirty-seven years of experience analyzing regulated public utility ratemaking and service matters including three years as a member of a state regulatory commission staff and thirty-four years as a consultant. Mr. Peterson specializes in utility revenue requirement and cost of service analyses. He has presented testimony in 150 proceedings before twenty state regulatory commissions, the Delaware House Energy Subcommittee, and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Utilities addressed in Mr. Peterson's analyses and testimonies have included electric, natural gas, propane, telephone, water, steam and sewer companies.

EMPLOYMENT

1991 - Present	Senior Consultant Chesapeake Regulatory Consultants, Inc. Annapolis, Maryland
1980 - 1991	Consultant Hess & Lim, Inc.
	Greenbelt, Maryland
1977 - 1980	Rate Analyst South Dakota Public Utilities Commission Pierre, South Dakota
1977	Research Assistant Economics Department South Dakota State University Brookings, South Dakota

As a rate analyst and consultant, Mr. Peterson has served a diverse group of public utility consumers and governmental agencies on utility ratemaking and servicerelated issues. Clients have included state regulatory commissions and their staffs, consumer advocate agencies of state governments, federal agencies, municipalities, privately owned, municipally owned and cooperatively owned utilities, civic organizations, and industrial consumers.

EDUCATION

December 1983	Master of Business Administration University of South Dakota Vermillion, South Dakota
May 1977	Bachelor of Science Degree in Economics South Dakota State University Brookings, South Dakota

EXPERT TESTIMONY

Among the issues that Mr. Peterson has addressed in testimony are the appropriate test year, construction work in progress, cash working capital lead/lag studies, rate base, excess capacity, revenues, expenses, depreciation, income taxes, capital structure, rate of return, cost allocation, rate design, customer service charges, flexible rates, life-cycle analyses, cost tracking procedures, affiliate transactions, mergers, acquisitions and the consequences of industry restructuring. Mr. Peterson has presented testimony to the following regulatory bodies.

Alabama Public Service Commission Arkansas Public Service Commission California Public Utilities Commission Colorado Public Utilities Commission Connecticut Public Utilities Control Authority

Delaware Public Service Commission Indiana Public Service Commission Kansas State Corporation Commission Maine Public Utilities Commission Maryland Public Service Commission

Montana Public Service Commission Nevada Public Service Commission New Jersey Board of Public Utilities New Mexico Public Service Commission New York Dept. of Environmental Protection New York Public Service Commission Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission South Dakota Public Utilities Commission West Virginia Public Service Commission Wyoming Public Service Commission

Delaware House of Representatives (Energy Subcommittee) Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

In addition, Mr. Peterson has presented several utility training seminars, including the following:

Consolidated Tax Savings and Income Tax Normalization Presented to Delaware Public Service Commission 2006

Public Utility Ratemaking Principles Presented to Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 2011

Electric Cost Allocation and Rate Design Presented to Colorado Office of Consumer Counsel 2012

Public Utility Revenue Requirements Presented to Delaware Public Service Commission 2012

Electric Cost Allocation and Rate Design Presented to Delaware Public Service Commission 2013

Proceedings In Which Mr. Peterson Filed Testimony

	Jurisdiction	Date	Utility	Case No.	Client	Issues Addressed
1.	South Dakota PUC	12/77	Iowa Public Service Co. (electric)	F-3179	Commission Staff	Operating expenses
2.	South Dakota PUC	10/78	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. (electric & gas)	F-3240-3241	Commission Staff	Cash working capital and inflation
3.	South Dakota PUC	01/79	Black Hills Power and Light Co. (electric)	F-3282	Commission Staff	Cash working capital
4.	South Dakota PUC	05/79	Northwestern Public Service Co. (electric)	F-3301	Commission Staff	Cash working capital
5.	South Dakota PUC	07/79	Minnesota Gas Company (gas)	F-3302	Commission Staff	Operating expenses
6.	South Dakota PUC	11/79	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. (gas)	F-3312	Commission Staff	Rate base & cash working capital
7.	South Dakota PUC	10/80	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. (gas)	F-3355	Commission Staff	Cash working capital
8.	South Dakota PUC	10/80	Northern States Power Co. (electric)	F-3353	Commission Staff	Rate design
9.	Alabama PSC	05/81	Alabama Gas Corporation (gas)	19046	Attorney General	Revenue requirements
10.	FERC	07/82	Pennsylvania Power Company (electric)	ER81-779	Municipal wholesale customers	Operating expenses
11.	FERC	11/82	Utah Power and Light Co. (electric)	ER82-211	Muni. & Coop. wholesale customers	Taxes and cash working capital
12.	Indiana PSC	05/83	Generic PGA investigation	37091	US Steel Corp.	Rate design and PGA's
13.	New Mexico PSC	02/84	Public Service Co. of New Mexico (electric)	1835	Attorney General	Depreciation & cash working capital
14.	FERC	03/84	Utah Power and Light Co. (electric)	ER83-427&428	Muni. & Coop. wholesale customers	Revenue requirements
15.	FERC	07/84	Generic - Cash Working Capital NOPR	RM84-9-000	Muni. & Coop. wholesale customers	s Cash working capital
16.	Colorado PSC	11/84	Public Service Co. of Colorado (electric)	1640 (Phase II)	Consumer Counsel	Price elasticity
17.	Montana PSC	11/84	Pacific Power & Light Co. (electric)	84.7.38	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements, elasticity
18.	Montana PSC	10/85	Pacific Power & Light Co. (electric)	84.7.38	Consumer Counsel	Plant life cycle costs
19.	Montana PSC	02/86	Pacific Power & Light Co. (electric)	85.10.41	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
20.	FERC	08/86	Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. (electric)	ER86-354	NY Transit Authority	Class cost allocation
21.	Maryland PSC	01/87	Eastern Shore Gas Co. (propane)	8010	People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
22.	New Jersey BPU	09/87	South Jersey Gas Co. (gas)	GR8704329	Industrial intervenors	Revenue requirements
23.	FERC	03/88	Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. (electric)	ER87-612	NY Transit Authority	Class cost allocation
24.	Colorado PUC	11/88	Mountain Bell (telephone)	36883	Consumer Counsel	ELG depreciation
25.	New Jersey BPU	12/88	New Jersey-American Water (water)	WR88070639	Wholesale customer	Class cost allocation

Proceedings In Which Mr. Peterson Filed Testimony

	Jurisdiction	Date	Utility	Case No.	Client	Issues Addressed
26.	Maryland PSC	01/89	Chesapeake Utilities Corp. (gas)	8157	People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
27.	Maryland PSC	04/89	Easton Utilities Commission (electric)	8176	People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
28.	Colorado PUC	07/89	Mountain Bell (telephone)	36883	Consumer Counsel	Refund procedures
29.	Maryland PSC	09/89	Town of Berlin, MD (electric)	8210	People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
30.	Kansas Corp. Comm.	10/90	Kansas Public Service Co. (gas)	171,827-U	CURB	Revenue requirements, rate design
31.	Colorado PUC	01/91	US West Communications (telephone)	90S-544T	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
32.	New Jersey BRC	01/92	New Jersey-American Water (water)	WR91081399J	Wholesale customers	Cost allocation, rate design
33.	Maine PUC	01/92	Portland Water District (water)	91-162	Intervenor Cities	Cost allocation
34.	Maryland PSC	04/92	Columbia Gas of Maryland (gas)	8437	People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
35.	West Virginia PSC	07/92	West Virginia-American Water (water)	92-0250-W-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements
36.	Maryland PSC	08/92	Easton Utilities Commission (gas)	8467	People's Counsel	Revenue Requirements
37.	Kansas Corp. Comm.	10/92	Arkansas-Lousiana Gas Co. (gas)	181,200-U	CURB	Revenue Requirements
38.	New York PSC	10/92	New York-American Water (water)	92-W-0494	New York Municipals	Revenue requirements
39.	Connecticut DPUC	10/92	Connecticut-American Water (water)	92-06-12	New York Municipals	Cost allocation, rate design
40.	West Virginia PSC	12/92	West Virginia-American Water (water)	92-0992-W-PC	Consumer Advocate Division	SFAS 106
41.	New Jersey BRC	02/93	New Jersey-American Water (water)	WR92090906J	Wholesale customers	Cost allocation, rate design
42.	Colorado PUC	05/93	Public Servic Co. of Colorado (elec,gas&stea		Consumer Counsel	Future test year
43.	West Virginia PSC	07/93	Hope Gas, Inc. (gas)	93-0004-G-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements
44.	Maine PUC	09/93	Portland Water District (water)	93-027	Intervenor Cities	Cost allocation
45.	Arkansas PSC	09/93	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co. (gas)	93-081-U	Attorney General CURAD	Revenue requirements
46.	Maryland PSC	11/93	Town of Berlin, MD (electric)	8590	People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
47.	Nevada PSC	05/94	Nevada Power Company (electric)	93-11045	Consumer Advocate	Revenue requirements
48.	New Jersey BPU	06/94	New Jersey-American Water (water)	WR94030059	Wholesale customers	Cost allocation, rate design
49.	New York DEC	08/94	New York City Water Board (water)	8865	Scarsdale, NY	Revenue requirements
50.	West Virginia PSC	09/94	West Virginia-American Water (water)	94-0138-W-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements

Proceedings In Which Mr. Peterson Filed Testimony

	Jurisdiction	Date	Utility	Case No.	Client	Issues Addressed
51.	Arkansas PSC	11/94	Arkla, Inc. (gas)	94-175-U	Attorney General CURAD	Revenue requirements
52.	New York PSC	12/94	New York-American Water (water)	94-W-0579	New York Municipalities	Prudence review purchased water
53.	New Jersey BPU	08/95	New Jersey-American Water (water)	WR95040165	Wholesale customers	Cost allocation, rate design
54.	Colorado PUC	08/95	Greeley Gas (gas)	95S-146G	Consumer Counsel	Cost allocation, rate design
55.	Colorado PUC	09/95	San Miguel Power Assoc. (electric)	95I-144E	Consumer Counsel	Cost allocation, rate design
56.	West Virginia PSC	09/95	West Virginia-American Water (water)	95-0228-W-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements
57.	Colorado PUC	03/96	Delta County Tele-Comm. (telephone)	95S-522T	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
58.	Colorado PUC	04/96	Public Service Co. of Colorado (electric)	95A-531EG	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements, merger
59.	Colorado PUC	10/96	Public Service Co. of Colorado (gas)	96S-290G	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
60.	New Jersey BPU	08/97	Atlantic City Electric Co. (electric)	EM97020103	Div. of the Ratepayer Advocate	Merger
61.	Colorado PUC	08/97	Greeley Gas Company (gas)	97F-221G	Consumer Counsel	Revenue Requirements
62.	Colorado PUC	09/97	Public Service Co. of Colorado (gas)	97S-366G	Consumer Counsel	Weather Normalization
63.	Colorado PUC	10/97	Public Service Co. of Colorado (electric)	97A-299EG	Consumer Counsel	Merger costs; Wholesale costs
64.	Colorado PUC	03/98	Public Service Co. of Colorado (gas)	97A-622G	Consumer Counsel	Pipeline certificate application
65.	West Virginia PSC	06/98	Mountaineer Gas Company (gas)	98-0008-G-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements
66.	New Jersey BPU	06/98	New Jersey-American Water (water)	WR98010015	Wholesale customers	Cost allocation, rate design
67.	Colorado PUC	08/98	Public Service Company of Colorado (electric	: 95A-531EG	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
68.	Colorado PUC	02/99	Public Service Compnay of Colorado (gas)	98S-518G	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
69.	West Virginia PSC	04/99	West Virginia Power (electric)	98-1345-E-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements
70.	Pennsylvania PUC	05/99	City of Lancaster - Water Fund (water)	R-00984567	Townships outside of City	Rate of return/rate spread
71.	West Virginia PSC	05/99	West Virginia Power Gas Service (gas)	98-1496-G-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements
72.	Maryland PSC	02/00	Potomac Edison Company (electric)	8827	Office of People's Counsel	CPCN - cost allocation
73.	Colorado PUC	11/00	Public Service Company of Colorado (gas)	00S-422G	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
74.	New Jersey BPU	05/01	FirstEnergy/GPU (electric merger)	EM00110870	Div. of the Ratepayer Advocate	Merger
75.	West Virginia PSC	06/01	Mountaineer Gas Company (gas)	01-0011-G-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements

Proceedings In Which Mr. Peterson Filed Testimony

	Jurisdiction	Date	Utility	Case No.	Client	Issues Addressed
 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 	New Jersey BPU Maryland New Jersey BPU Colorado PUC New Jersey BPU New Jersey BPU Maryland PSC West Virginia PSC Wyoming PSC New Jersey BPU New Jersey BPU New Jersey BPU New Jersey BPU New Jersey BPU West Virginia PSC Maryland PSC West Virginia PSC Mew Jersey BPU Delaware PSC West Virginia PSC Maryland PSC	09/01 11/01 09/02 11/02 12/02 01/03 02/03 08/03 08/03 11/03 12/03 01/04 02/04 02/04 02/04 02/04 02/04 07/04 09/04 11/04 12/04 04/05 08/05	Conectiv/Pepco (electric merger) nv Nuon/Utilities, Inc. (water merger) Elizabethtown Gas Company (gas) Public Service Co. of Colorado (ele. & gas) Jersey Central Power & Light Co. (electric) Rockland Electric Company (electric) Public Service Electric & Gas Company Greenridge Utilities, Inc. (water) West Virginia-American Water Co. (water) PacifiCorp, Inc. (electric) New Jersey-American Water Co. (water) South Jersey Gas Company (gas) South Jersey Gas Company (gas) Atlantic City Electric Company (electric) West Virginia-American Water Co. (water) South Jersey Gas Company (gas) Atlantic City Electric Company (electric) West Virginia-American Water Co. (water) Allegheny Power Company (electric) Jersey Central Power & Light Co. (electric) Delaware Electric Cooperative (electric) Cranberry Pipeline Corporation (gas) Hagerstown Light Department (electric)	EM01050308 8898 GR02040245 02S-315EG ER02080506 ER02100724 EM00040253 8962 03-0353-W-42T 20000-ER-03-198 WR03070511 GR03050413 GR03080683 ER03020110 04-0373-W-42T 8998 ER02080506 04-288 04-0160-GT-42A 9039	Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Office of People's Counsel Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Consumer Counsel Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Office of People's Counsel Consumer Advocate Division Wy. Industrial Energy Consumers Wholesale customers Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Consumer Advocate Division Office of People's Counsel Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Consumer Advocate Division Office of People's Counsel Div of the Ratepayer Advocate Commission Staff Consumer Advocate Division Office of People's Counsel	Merger Merger Revenue requirements Revenue requirements Revenue requirements Cost allocation; rate design Street Lighting; Service Company Revenue requirements Revenue requirements Cost allocation; rate design BGSS Revenue requirements Service Company Revenue requirements CPCN - Transmission line Revenue requirements Revenue requirements
95. 96.	Maryland PSC Colorado PUC	08/05 10/05	Hagerstown Light Department (electric) Public Service Company of Colorado (gas)	9039 05S-264G	Office of People's Counsel Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements Revenue requirements
97.	New Jersey BPU	11/05	Public Service Electric & Gas Company	EM05020106	Div of the Ratepayer Advocate	Merger
98. 99.	Delaware PSC DE. House of Rep *	12/05 03/06	Delmarva Power & Light Company Delmarva Power & Light Company	05-304	Commission Staff Delaware PSC	Revenue requirements Consolidated tax savings
	. New Jersey BPU	06/06	Jersey Central Power & Light Co. (electric) Committee of the Delaware House of Represe	ER05121018 entatives	Div of the Ratepayer Advocate	Deferred energy costs

Proceedings In Which Mr. Peterson Filed Testimony

Jurisdiction	Date	Utility	Case No.	Client	Issues Addressed
101. Colorado PUC	08/06	Public Service Company of Colorado (elect)	06S-234EG	Consumer Counsel	Revenue requirements
102. Delaware PSC	09/06	Tidewater Utilities, Inc. (water)	06-145	Commission Staff	Revenue requirements
103. New Jersey BPU	10/06	New Jersey-American Water Company	WR06030257	Municipal customers	Cost allocation; rate design
104. New Jersey BPU	11/06	Rockland Electric Company	ER06060483	Div of Rate Counsel	Revenue requirements
105. Colorado PUC	04/07	Public Service Company of Colorado (gas)	06S-656G	Consumer Counsel	Consolidated tax savings
106. New Jersey BPU	06/07	United Water New Jersey, Inc.	WR07020135	Div of Rate Counsel	Cash working capital; income taxes
107. Maryland PSC	07/07	Southern Md. Electric Cooperative, Inc.	9106	Office of People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
108. Montana PSC	10/07	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co.	D2007.7.79	Industrial Intervenor	Revenue requirements
109. West Virginia PSC	11/07	West Virginia-American Water Company	07-0998-W-42T	Consumer Advocate Division	Revenue requirements
110. Wyoming PSC	01/08	Rocky Mountain Power	20000-277-ER-07	Industrial Intervenors	Revenue requirements
111. New Jersey BPU	04/08	New Jersey Natural Gas Company (gas)	GR07110889	Div of Rate Counsel	Cash working capital
112. Maryland PSC	09/08	Easton Utilities Commission (electric)	9145	Office of People's Counsel	Revenue requirements
113. Maryland PSC	10/08	Choptank Electric Cooperative, Inc. (elect)	9146	Office of People's Counsel	Rev req.; cost allocation; rate design
114. Nevada PUC	11/08	Spring Creek Utilities Co (water)	08-06036	Spring Creek Utilities Co.	Water rate design
115. Wyoming PSC	01/09	Rocky Mountain Power (electric)	20000-333-ER-08	Industrial Intervenors	Revenue requirements
116. Colorado PUC	02/09	Public Service Co. of Colorado (electric)	08S-520E	Consumer Counsel	Appropriate test year
117. New Jersey BPU	08/09	Elizabethtown Gas Company (gas)	GR09030195	Div of Rate Counsel	Cash working capital
118. Colorado PUC	09/09	Public Service Co. of Colorado (electric)	09AL-299E	Consumer Counsel	Test year; revenue requirements
119. New Jersey BPU	11/09	Public Service Elect. & Gas Co (elec & gas)	GR09050422	Div of Rate Counsel	Cash working capital
120. Nevada PUC	12/09	Utilities Inc. of Central Nevada (water)	09-12017	UICN	Cost allocation; rate design
121. Wyoming PSC	02/10	Rocky Mountain Power (electric)	20000-354-ER-09	Industrial Intervenors	Test year; revenue requirements
122. New Jersey BPU	03/10	Rockland Electric Company (electric)	ER09080668	Div of Rate Counsel	Revenue requirements
123. New Jersey BPU	05/10	South Jersey Gas Company (gas)	GR10010035	Div of Rate Counsel	Cash working capital
124. Maryland PSC	08/10	Southern Md. Electric Cooperative, Inc.	9234	Office of People's Counsel	Rev req.; cost allocation; rate design
125. New Jersey BPU	11/10	Public Service Elect. & Gas Co (elec & gas)	undocketed as yet	Div of Rate Counsel	Cash working capital; uncollectibles

Proceedings In Which Mr. Peterson Filed Testimony

Jurisdiction	Date	Utility	Case No.	Client	Issues Addressed
126. Montana PSC	12/10	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. (electric)	D2010.8.82	Industrial Intervenors	Revenue requirements
127. Wyoming PSC	04/11	Rocky Mountain Power (electric)	20000-384-ER-10	Industrial Intervenors	Test period; revenue requirements
128. Colorado PUC	04/11	Public Service Co. of Colorado (gas)	10AL-963G	Consumer Counsel	Test period; adjustment clauses
129. Maryland PSC	11/11	Town of Williamsport, MD (electric)	9281	Office of People's Counsel	Rev. requirements; rate of return
130. Colorado PUC	03/12	Public Service Co. of Colorado (electric)	11AL-947E	Consumer Counsel	Test period; excess capacity, phffu
131. New Jersey BPU	04/12	Atlantic City Electric Company (electric)	ER11080469	Div. of Rate Counsel	Cost allocation; rate design
132. Delaware PSC	05/12	Delmarva Power & Light Company (electric)	11-528	Commission Staff	Revenue requirements
133. South Dakota PUC	11/12	Northern States Power Company (electric)	EL12-046	Commission Staff	Rev. req., cost allocation; rate design
134. New Jersey BPU	11/12	Public Service Electric & Gas Co. (gas)	GO12030188	Div. of Rate Counsel	Competitive services
135. Nevada PUC	12/12	Utilities Inc. of Central Nevada	12-12033	UICN	Water cost allocation and rate design
136. Maryland PSC	02/13	Chesapeake Utilities Corporation	9303	Office of People's Counsel	Asset acquisition
137. California PUC	03/13	California Water Company (water)	12-07-007	TURN	Cash working capital
138. Colorado PUC	04/13	Public Service Company of Colorado (gas)	12AL-1268G	Consumer Counsel	Test period; revenue requirements
139. Delaware PSC	06/13	Delmarva Power & Light Company (gas)	12-546	Commission Staff	Revenue requirements
140. New Jersey BPU	07/13	Jersey Central Power & Light Co. (electric)	ER12111052	Div. of Rate Counsel	Cash working capital; cost allocation
141. Delaware PSC	08/13	Delmarva Power & Light Co. (electric)	13-115	Commission Staff	Revenue requirements
142. South Dakota PUC	10/13	Montana-Dakota Utilities Co. (gas)	NG12-008	Commission Staff	Rev. req., cost allocation; rate design
143. New York PSC	04/14	United Water Westchester Inc. (water)	13-W-0539 et al	Municipal Intervenors	Rev req., merger
144. Delaware PSC	09/14	Artesian Water Company (water)	14-132	Commission Staff	Test year; revenue requirements
145. Colorado PUC	11/14	Public Service Company of Colorado (elec)	14AL-0660E	Consumer Counsel	Test year; revenue requirements
146. New Jersey BPU	11/14	Altantic City Electric Company (electric)	EM14060581	Div. of Rate Counsel	Merger
147. South Dakota PUC	01/15	Black Hills Power, Inc. (electric)	EL14-026	Commission Staff	Revenue req., cost allocation
148. Colorado PUC	06/15	Public Service Company of Colorado (gas)	15AL-0135G	Consumer Counsel	Test year; rate base
149. New Jersey BPU	07/15	United Water Toms River, Inc. (water)	WR15020269	Div. of Rate Counsel	Revenue requirements
150. Wyoming PSC	07/15	Rocky Mountain Power (electric)	20000-469-ER-15	Industrial Intervenors	Test year; revenue requirements

Proceedings In Which Mr. Peterson Filed Testimony

Jurisdiction	Date	Utility	Case No.	Client	Issues Addressed
151. Maryland	11/15	Southern Maryland Electric Cooperative	9396	Office of People's Counsel	Rev req. cost allocation; rate design
152. New Jersey	03/16	Southern Company/ALG Resources	GM15101196	Div. of Rate Counsel	Merger; corp. governance, service co.
153 Maryland	08/16	Sandpiper Energy, Inc.	9410	Office of People's Counsel	Support for settlement agreement