

Agenda Date: 07/01/09 Agenda Item: 2H

STATE OF NEW JERSEY Board of Public Utilities Two Gateway Center Newark, NJ 07102 www.nj.gov/bpu/

IN THE MATTER OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS AND ASSOCIATED COST RECOVERY MECHANISMS

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS WITH AN ASSOCIATED COST RECOVERY MECHANISM DIVISION OF ENERGY AND OFFICE OF CLEAN ENERGY

DECISION AND ORDER APPROVING STIPULATION

DOCKET NO. E009010056

DOCKET NO. E009010057

(SERVICE LIST AND STIPULATION ATTACHED)

BY THE BOARD:

Background:

In response to the worldwide economic downturn, in October 2008, Governor Jon Corzine announced a plan to help New Jersey weather the turbulence and lay a foundation for a long-term economic recovery. The plan was intended to directly support employment and economic activity in the short term, and to enhance the State's business climate and economic prospects in the long term.

As part of the plan, the Governor called upon New Jersey's electric and gas utilities to invest \$500 million in utility energy efficiency programs for residential and business customers through 2009. Less than a week later, the New Jersey Energy Master Plan ("EMP") was released.¹ The EMP set a goal of reducing energy consumption by 20 percent by 2020, and determined that one of the methods to achieve that goal is a transition of energy efficiency programs to the utilities. Board Staff ("Staff") then held a series of meetings with representatives of the seven electric and gas utilities, the New Jersey Utilities Association ("NJUA"), and the Department of the Public Advocate, Division of Rate Counsel ("Rate Counsel") to explore the design of short-term large-scale investments by the utilities to improve energy efficiency. The discussions focused on designing investments that would: use the EMP's "whole building" approach to identify all cost-effective energy measures in a comprehensive audit of a building, and then

¹The Energy Master Plan is available at <u>http://www.nj.gov/emp/docs/pdf/081022_emp.pdf</u> (accessed June 30, 2009).

implement as many of them as possible; support a rapid transition of the New Jersey Clean Energy Program ("NJCEP") to the utilities; avoid overlap between customers targeted by the utilities' programs and customers targeted by the NJCEP; and foster job creation.

In the course of these meetings, the participants recognized that the amount of money that utilities could invest in energy efficiency in one year depended in part on matters outside the control of the utilities and the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities ("Board"), such as the desire of energy customers to participate in programs to improve the efficiency of their buildings and equipment. The petitions ultimately filed by the seven utilities sought approval for programs with investments totaling approximately \$305 million, with the programs in some cases extending into a second year. These investments are in addition to the \$956 million in accelerated capital improvements and investments that the Board approved for five of New Jersey's major energy utilities in April 2009. Evidence presented to the Board indicated that the overall accelerated infrastructure programs would create about 1,300 direct jobs in the private sector – without the use of additional government funding. As discussed below, the Board is reviewing these energy efficiency proposals not only to ensure that, if properly executed, they further the EMP's energy efficiency goals, but that they also create jobs to strengthen the local economy.

NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS ENERGY EFFICIENCY ECONOMIC STIMULUS PETITION

On January 19, 2009, New Jersey Natural Gas ("NJNG" or "Company") filed a petition with the Board. On February 18, 2009, Staff notified NJNG that the filing was administratively complete.²

In the filing, NJNG sought approval to implement three Energy Efficiency Programs ("EE Programs") with a total investment of approximately \$16.687 million over twelve months.³ According to the petition, the proposed programs have been developed to increase energy efficiency opportunities for customers, promote and enhance the use of the NJCEP offerings to which they are linked, increase New Jersey employment in the energy efficiency and conservation sectors, and increase customer awareness of energy efficient appliances and weatherization measures.

The petition proposed the following EE Programs:⁴

- 1. Home Performance with Energy Star Enhancements ("HPES")
- 2. Enhanced WARMAdvantage Rebate

²N.J.S.A. 48:3-98.1 requires the Board to decide cost recovery issues within 180 days. Pursuant to the Board Order issued in response to a further statutory directive within that section, Board Staff must review a petition for completeness within 30 days and, when a petition is determined to be complete, set the beginning of the 180-day period. I/M/O Electric Public Utilities and Gas Public Utilities Offering Energy Efficiency and Conservation Programs, Investing in Class I Renewable Energy Resources, and Offering Class I Renewable Energy Programs in their Respective Service Territories on a Regulated Basis Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:3-98.1, Dkt. No. EO08030164 (May 8, 2008). Accordingly, the 180-day period for a Board determination commenced on January 19, 2009.

³The proposals included in the NJNG petition are based on the revised customer incentive structure included in the Honeywell 2009 Compliance Plan for the NJCEP programs. According to the petition, the timing for NJNG implementation is directly tied to the roll-out of the new structure and could be delayed pending implementation of that new structure by NJCEP and Honeywell. ⁴Home Performance with Energy Star, WARMAdvantage, and Direct Install are offerings by the NJCEP.

⁴Home Performance with Energy Star, WARMAdvantage, and Direct Install are offerings by the NJCEP. The Petition further states that its programs will complement or supplement SmartStart and COOLAdvantage, additional programs offered by the NJCEP.

3. Expanded Direct Install

NJNG also proposed recovery of all EE Program costs over a four year period through a pertherm charge collected via an Energy Efficiency Rider, "Rider F", to be collected from all jurisdictional throughput on NJNG's system. The Company also requested that the carrying charge on its deferred balance for the Program be set based upon NJNG's monthly weighted average cost of capital, together with income tax effects.

In its petition, the Company estimated that implementation of the EE Program would create 22 direct jobs, through NJNG's hiring of an additional 22 individuals to work on these programs. The Company also anticipated that its commitment to fund the incentives could create an additional 50 Direct Install Program ("Direct Install") jobs within its service territory. However, NJNG also stated that it did not have access to data on contractor capacity, current market conditions for contractors, or contractor ability to absorb the estimated increase in work. During the course of the proceedings, the Company provided information that an additional 78 jobs could be created through outside contractors. In addition, the Company originally employed a definition of one full-time equivalent job as 2080 hours of work per year. The Company subsequently revised the definition of a full-time equivalent job to 1820 hours of work annually based upon requests from Staff and Rate Counsel, resulting in a revised estimate of 114 direct full-time jobs associated with the EE Programs.⁵

By Order dated February 19, 2009, the Board retained this matter for review and hearing and as authorized by <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:2-32, designated President Jeanne M. Fox as the presiding officer who was authorized to rule on all motions that arise during the proceeding and modify any schedule(s) that may be set as necessary to secure just and expeditious determinations in this matter. Subsequently, on February 25, 2009, President Fox issued an Order setting the procedural schedule in this matter.

After notice in newspapers in general circulation within the service territory, public hearings were held on February 24, 2009 in Rockaway Township, New Jersey; on February 26, 2009 in Freehold Borough, New Jersey; and on March 2, 2009 in Toms River Township, New Jersey. One member of the public appeared at one of the six public hearings.

On March 27, 2009, the Natural Resources Defense Council ("NRDC") filed a Motion to Intervene in the proceeding.⁶ By Order dated April 28, 2009, President Jeanne Fox granted the motion.

Discovery requests in this matter were propounded by Board Staff ("Staff") and Rate Counsel, which were responded to by the Company.

THE PROPOSED STIPULATION

NJNG, Rate Counsel, and Staff actively participated in settlement negotiations. NRDC did not actively participate in the settlement negotiations. NJNG, Rate Counsel, and Staff (collectively, the "Signatory Parties") agreed to certain modifications of the proposed programs and cost

⁵The original 2080 work hours per year reflects a 40 hour work week for 52 weeks per year. Through subsequent proceedings, the 1820 hours was agreed upon by Staff, Rate Counsel, and the Company to account for employee leave time. The 1820 hours reflects a 40 hour work week for 45.5 weeks per year. ⁶Docket Nos. EO09010056, GO09010057, GO09010058, GO09010059, GO09010060, EO09010061, EO09010062 and EO09010063.

recovery mechanism and executed a stipulation ("Stipulation") on June 30, 2009. The comments of NRDC are discussed later in this Order.

Below are some of the key provisions of the Stipulation:⁷

Upon Board approval of this Stipulation, the Parties agree that the Company 10. shall begin the implementation process necessary to make available to qualified customers the three energy efficiency and conservation programs and enhancements as set forth in Exhibits NJNG-1 ("HVAC Rebate"), NJNG-2 ("HPES") and NJNG-3 ("Direct Install"), attached hereto and made part of this agreement. The costs of the three programs are as follows: HVAC - \$5.985 million, HPES - \$10.302 million, Direct Install - \$0.4 million and O&M - \$1.833 million. Those programs will provide additional incentives to customers participating in the Home Performance with Energy Star ("HPES") Audit Program, enhance the current WARMAdvantage program by providing additional rebates to residential customers to increase participation in that program while also funding and performing certain of the HPES audits, and expand the Direct Install program by providing incentive funding to additional participants. The Parties agree that these programs will be available to customers for a period of twelve months. NJNG anticipates that it will be prepared to have the programs available and accept applications within sixty (60) days of receipt of a written Board Order in this proceeding and agrees that the program offers will be available to eligible customers for a period of twelve months from that time. In the event that there is still EE Program funding available after that period, it is agreed that NJNG may continue to offer the approved EE Programs through December 31, 2010.

11. It is agreed that NJNG will include in its Energy Efficiency Program the availability of interest-free financing to eligible residential customers who meet the specific program requirements. This financing option will be provided in conjunction with a third-party and will only be available to eligible customers with a credit rating above a pre-determined level. It is our understanding that the current proposal New Jersey has filed under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("ARRA") (Pub. L. No. 111-5) will provide financing options for customer with a credit score below the specified minimum so the NJNG financing option will be coordinated with NJCEP and the final elements of any ARRA program. Other than instances in which a customer is seeking to convert from an alternative heating source to the use of natural gas, this financing will not be available for deliverable fuel equipment upgrades.

12. The Parties agree that the Company will be authorized to defer and recover all EE Program costs, including the rebate costs, customer incentives, customer financing costs and associated reasonable and prudent incremental O&M expenses. The rebate costs, customer incentive costs, customer financing costs and associated O&M expenses will be subject to recovery in future periods pursuant to the terms of NJNG's Tariff Sheet Rider F ("Rider F"), attached here to as Exhibit NJNG-4, and as further described herein at Paragraph 13.

The EE Program costs will be subject to the terms set forth on Rider F and shall be recovered through a per therm Energy Efficiency Rider applicable to all jurisdictional throughput on the NJNG system. The estimated revenue requirement of the EE Programs, including customer financing and associated O&M expenses and assuming full immediate customer participation, are approximately \$21.096 million, as shown on Exhibit NJNG-5 attached hereto.

⁷Although described at some length in this Order, should there be any conflict between this summary and the Stipulation, the terms of the Stipulation control, subject to the findings and conclusions contained in this Order.

The Company will amortize its EE Program investments made in participating customer rebates, incentive payments and customer financing over a four (4) year period on a straight line basis, with the return on the unamortized investments based upon the Company's overall weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"), inclusive of income taxes as authorized by the BPU in NJNG's recently concluded base rate case, BPU Docket No. GR07110889 (11.44% pre-tax and 7.76% after-tax). In computing the return component of its costs, NJNG will, in addition to the amortization of its investments, deduct the applicable deferred income taxes related to the amortization of rebates, incentives and financing costs over a four-year period for book purposes and over one year for tax purposes. The initial monthly revenue requirement, assuming full immediate customer participation, is detailed in Exhibit NJNG-5, page 6. The initial BPU approved EE Program investments and operating costs will be reconciled to actual on an annual basis in accordance with paragraph 13 herein and all federal or state tax benefits received by the Company associated with these programs will be used to reduce the revenue requirement to be collected from ratepayers.

The Company requests that the Board establish the initial Energy Efficiency rate as 13. set forth in Rider F to be effective on August 1, 2009. Thereafter, the Company will make annual EE Program cost recovery filings by June 1st to establish future Rider F rates. That filing will target an effective date of the immediately following October 1, in conjunction with NJNG's annual Basic Gas Supply Service filings. The Company's annual EE Program cost recovery filings will include information regarding actual costs and recoveries for the previous year, as well as projected costs and volumes for the upcoming year. A list of Minimum Filing Requirements for the annual EE Program filing is shown in Exhibit NJNG-6. Any variance between costs and recoveries will accrue interest at a rate equal to the Company's monthly commercial paper rate. In the event that commercial paper was not utilized by the company in the preceding month, the last calculated rate will be used. The interest rate shall not exceed the Company's rate of return as authorized by the BPU in the Company's most recent base rate case, BPU Docket No. GR07110889, or until changed by Board Order. Interest on over/under recoveries will be calculated using simple interest, based on the average beginning and ending over/under recovery balances for the month, on a net-of-tax basis. In each annual filing, the sum of the monthly interest to be collected from or credited to ratepayers will be included in the rate calculations for the upcoming year as part of the calculation of EE Program cost over or under-recoveries. It is anticipated that the impact of the EE Program over the four-year amortization period, assuming full immediate customer participation, will average approximately \$8.28 per year, an increase of approximately 0.5 percent on a typical residential heating customer using 1000 therms annually.

14. Based on market response, spending on the aggregate EE Program or any of the individual programs may be accelerated and completed sooner than the proposed period. To provide flexibility in responding to market conditions and customer demand during the term of the EE Program, the Parties agree that there should be a process to address proposals for any individual program under-spending; however, no such under-spending may be carried over beyond December 31, 2010 without the approval of the Board. In addition, based upon market conditions and the level of market response to each of the individual programs, the Company may transfer funding between individual programs in order to address customer and market demand, subject to the following procedures. The Company will submit to the Signatory Parties a written description of the proposed transfers, the rationale for the proposed transfers, and a narrative and schedules showing the effect of the proposed transfers on the aggregate costs and benefit analysis reviewed within this proceeding⁸. If any Signatory Party objects in writing

⁸This schedule will present a modified cost benefit analysis ("CBA") summary sheet showing the new funding levels for each program and addressing how the weighting of these values would have affected

to one or more proposed transfers within forty-five (45) days after the Company has submitted the required information to the Signatory Parties, then no transfer that is a subject of the objection will take effect until after the Board has approved the transfer. Board Staff shall advise the Board of all proposed transfers of EE Program funding between individual programs. Board approval will be required when proposed transfers in the aggregate: (i) increase or decrease any program's budget by more than 20 percent; or (ii) involve more than 10 percent of the EE Program's budget. For any proposed transfer which does not require Board approval under the parameters described in the preceding sentence, if there has been no objection to the proposed transfer and no notification from Staff indicating that a commissioner wants the Board to review the proposed transfer, then a Secretary's letter will be issued permitting the Company to make the requested change. The Company will also report on this acceleration in its Annual Filing and the monthly reporting described below.

15. Based on market response, the Company may propose to modify programs during the term of the EE Program. No such modification shall take effect without approval by the Board. To propose a modification, the Company shall submit to the Signatory Parties, in writing, a description of its proposed modifications, the rationale for its proposed modifications, and a narrative and schedules showing the effect of its proposed modifications on the costs and benefits of the affected programs. The Company shall present the proposed modifications to the Board for approval if no objections to the proposed modifications are received within forty-five (45) days after that filing. The Company will also report on these modifications in its Annual Filing and the monthly reporting described below.

The Company will provide monthly reports ("Monthly Activity Reports") to Board 16. Staff and Rate Counsel on EE Program activity and estimated impacts for each calendar month for the month following the date of the Board's approval of the EE Program through December 2010, or such later date as the Board approves for the end of the EE Program. Initially, the Company will include the data requested in the Program Manager Data Tracking Sheets as these reports are consistent with the data currently reported by the Company for the NJCEP Comfort Partners program. Further, the Company commits to work with the OCE toward the development of more detailed customer project level reporting as identified in the Program Participation Data Report that is being sought by the OCE for the EE Program. The Company and OCE will use best efforts to complete the development of such plan within 90 days of the date of the Board Order in this proceeding. The Company will submit each Monthly Activity Report within thirty (30) days of the end of the calendar month covered by the report. The Company will provide BPU Staff and Rate Counsel with a cost estimate of any information technology modifications needed to report the data in the required format, if the Company considers such expenses to be incremental costs that require recovery through the Energy Efficiency Rider. If Board Staff and/or Rate Counsel inform the Company to proceed with the necessary IT modifications, then all reasonable and prudent costs to provide such electronic data transfer are in the best interest of ratepayers and shall be fully recoverable by the Company.

17. The Parties agree that job creation is an integral aspect of the EE Program. Therefore, the Company agrees to report for the term in which the EE programs are offered, in the monthly report provided pursuant to Paragraph 16 herein: (i) the number of full-time equivalents that the Company hires to perform work associated with the EE Program, and (ii)

the combined CBA reviewed in this case. The underlying original CBA to support this calculation will be the final CEEEP analysis performed by the Rutgers Center for Energy, Economic and Environmental Policy ("CEEEP") for NJNG which was circulated to the parties on June 18, 2009.

the number of full-time equivalents that entities under contract with the Company to perform work associated with the Company's EE Program have hired to perform such work, if applicable. The Parties agree that reporting of job creation will be in the format contained in the Job Creation Questionnaire, attached hereto as Exhibit NJNG-7. For the purpose of reporting jobs associated with the Company's EE Program, "full-time equivalent" means one or more individuals collectively working a total of 1820 hours annually in connection with the Company's EE Program.

18. The New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development (LWD) oversees the Green Job Training Partnership program (GJTP), which is intended to help meet the employment needs of the Company and local contractors by providing graduates of the training program to be considered for employment in occupations needed for implementation of the EE Program. The Company will conduct the following program activities to support and promote the GJTP during the term in which the EE Program discussed herein is available:

(a) Promote awareness and enhanced participation of the GJTP, by providing information from LWD about the GJTP to all contractors located within the Company's service territory who are listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program and are certified by the Building Performance Institute (BPI);

(b) Coordinate and conduct at least two outreach meetings each year of the EE Program, inviting all contractors listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program that are BPI certified, and are at a minimum located within the Company's service territory. The outreach meetings will include a presentation regarding the GJTP, in which LWD will participate along with local GJTP grantees for the territory;

(c) Serve on at least one GJTP Employer Council;

(d) Advise all contractors listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program that are BPI certified and are at a minimum located within the Company's service territory of the benefits of participating on the appropriate GJTP Employer Council;

(e) Post information on the Company's website regarding the GJTP and a link to LWD's website. Information on the GJTP can be found at:

http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/employer/training/Apprenticeship.html

(f) Post all vacancies for New Jersey-based jobs related to the EE Program through the local One-Stop Career Center. A listing of the local One-Stop Career Centers is located at: <u>http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/wnjpin/findjob/onestop/services.html</u>; and

(g) Inform, in writing or electronically, all GJTP grantees as identified by GJTP of all New Jersey-based entry-level job vacancies within the Company related to the EE Program.

19. Subject to any restrictions set forth in the ARRA and other applicable law, if NJNG gets federal funds or credits directly related to any of the EE Program offerings through the ARRA, the Company agrees to utilize that money to offset the respective EE Program costs, as detailed in paragraph 12 herein. If funding or credits from the ARRA or any subsequent state or federal action becomes available to NJNG through the State of New Jersey, a County or Municipality for project reimbursement, NJNG agrees that any such funds or credits directly applicable to work related to the EE Program will be used to benefit customers by offsetting the costs for which recovery will be sought, to the extent permitted by law.

20. However, in no case shall the combination of: 1) federal ARRA funding; 2) NJCEP incentive funding; and 3) incentives provided as part of this approved program (excluding program incentive financing) fund 100% of a project's costs through rebates or other

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direct incentives. If it is determined that a project would be funded through 100% rebates or incentives, the Parties agree that, subject to any restrictions set forth in the ARRA and other applicable law, incentive funding approved as part of this program shall be reduced to bring the total rebates and incentives under 100% of the EE Program costs. However, the Company does not have direct knowledge of ARRA grants to customers and intends to limit the NJNG Direct Install program to non-governmental entities.

21. Based on the Company's input regarding assumptions and the Cost Benefit Analysis ("CBA") provided on June 18, 2009 by Rutger's Center for Energy, Economic, and Environmental Policy ("CEEEP"), the proposed EE Program appears to be cost effective and consistent with the Governor's Economic Stimulus Plan. Future program evaluation will include evaluation for all programs, and the scope of the program evaluation will include:

(a). cost/benefit analysis, including a Participant Cost Test ("PCT"), Program Administration Cost Test ("PAC"), Ratepayer Impact Measure ("RIM"), Total Resource Cost ("TRC"), and Societal Cost Test ("SCT"), to be performed by CEEEP after having been retained by the Board; using a methodology consistent with the methodology used by the CEEEP and provided to the NJ Clean Energy Program by CEEEP; and

(b) Impact evaluation, to be performed by CEEEP or a subcontractor to be retained by CEEEP. CEEEP will follow its internal procurement process in retaining such subcontractor in accordance with the terms of the contract between CEEEP and the Board. If the Board is unable to retain CEEEP to perform the evaluation services identified above, then such evaluations shall be performed by a third party vendor to be retained by the Board pursuant to State procurement laws. Customers, including those who are protected by the BPU's Winter Moratorium rules, will be eligible to participate in this program. However, should any customer fail to repay NJNG his or her portion of the costs associated with the measures installed, all such costs will be recovered within the rate recovery mechanism set forth herein.

COMMENTS OF NATURAL RESOURCE DEFENSE COUNCIL

NRDC neither supports nor opposes the Stipulation but states its support for efforts to further both Governor Corzine's economic stimulus plan and New Jersey's Energy Master Plan by reducing overall energy usage and creating jobs in its service territory. NRDC further states its belief that creating a sustainable clean energy economy involves upgrading current energy infrastructure to deliver the same services at a lower cost and that the necessary investments in energy efficiency will generate enormous collateral benefits including improved public health and quality of life.

DISCUSSION AND FINDINGS

NJNG filed its petition under <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:3-98.1, which provides that an electric or gas public utility may provide and invest in energy efficiency and conservation programs in its service territory on a regulated basis and that such investment may be eligible for rate treatment approved by the Board.

The Board has previously acknowledged that investments in energy efficiency can help lower energy costs over the long term and produce significant benefits to customers. Customers who install energy efficiency measures reduce their usage of electricity and natural gas, thus lowering their energy costs. As investments in cost-effective energy efficiency measures increase, they lower electricity and natural gas costs for the customers who implement those measures, and also reduce costs overall for electricity customers by reducing usage of

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electricity from the grid at times of peak demand when wholesale electricity prices are highest, and by mitigating the need for additional generation, transmission, and distribution infrastructure to serve peak demand. Similarly, wider implementation of energy efficiency can lower natural gas costs for New Jersey customers overall, again because greater efficiency reduces peak demand for natural gas and therefore reduces the infrastructure needed to provide reliable supply for the peak. Increasing energy efficiency improves the competitiveness of New Jersey businesses through reduced energy costs and reduced vulnerability to substantial increases in the prices of fossil fuels and of the electricity generated using those fuels. Finally, energy efficiency is often the most cost-effective means of reducing power plant emissions of air pollutants that cause global warming and endanger the health of our residents.⁹

The Legislature shares this understanding of the benefits of energy efficiency. In enacting the statutory changes which included <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:3-98.1, the Legislature found that "energy efficiency and conservation measures and increased use of renewable energy resources must be essential elements of the State's energy future..." <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 26:2C-45.

The EMP recognizes that New Jersey must dramatically increase energy efficiency and energy conservation measures in the 3.7 million existing buildings in the State. Cost-effective improvements to energy efficiency in all of those existing buildings could save more than 15,000 GWh of electricity by 2020, as well as nearly 75 trillion BTUs of heating fuels. The Board recognizes the scale of this effort. To improve efficiency in those existing buildings by 2020, more than 300,000 buildings each year will need to be upgraded. In contrast, in the six years from 2001 to 2007, the NJCEP reached approximately 500,000 buildings.¹⁰

Improving energy efficiency in almost all of the existing buildings will depend on education and outreach to the owners and lessees of those buildings, a means of identifying the energy efficiency opportunities in each building, and a means of delivering the improvements in a way that is advantageous to the owners and lessees. Moreover, past efforts have targeted specific types of energy efficiency improvements, rather than comprehensively improving energy efficiency throughout the whole building. The Board and the EMP have both recognized the need for more thorough "whole building" solutions that identify and implement all cost-effective efficiency measures, potentially addressing the building envelope (such as windows, walls, and doors), heating and cooling systems, lighting, appliances and electronics; a whole building approach could also identify opportunities to offset power requirements through combined heat and power, photovoltaic systems, fuel cells and other on-site clean energy generation.

In enacting the statutory changes which included <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:3-98.1, the Legislature recognized the need to involve utilities in delivering these energy efficiency measures, stating that "utility involvement and competition in the renewable energy, conservation and energy efficiency industries are essential to maximize efficiencies . . ." <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 26:2C-45. The EMP reached the same conclusion, calling for the electric and gas utilities to develop individual master plans, addressing the goals and objectives of the EMP¹¹. A purpose of these plans is to identify the structure of the programs that the utilities will propose to successfully and efficiently transition the State's energy efficiency programs to the utilities and effectively put the State on track to

⁹See, National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency at www.epa.gov/cleanenergy/energy-programs: see also, In the Matter of Comprehensive Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Resource Analysis for the 2009-2012 Clean Energy Program, Docket No. EO07030203, Order Establishing 2009-2012 Funding Level (September 30, 2008).
¹⁰EMP at 55-56.

¹¹EMP at 76.

meet its 2020 energy consumption targets. The Board issued an Order in accordance with this directive in January 2009. <u>I/M/O the Development of Individual Utility Master Plans Pursuant to the Requirements of the New Jersey Energy Master Plan</u>, Dkt. No. EO08121065 (January 28, 2009). The Board believes that the principles developed out of the collaboration of Staff, Rate Counsel, and the energy utilities which led to the development of the proposed energy efficiency programs and eventually to the execution of the stipulations can be valuable in furthering the transition of those programs to the utilities.

One such principle is the need to avoid overlap between the customers targeted by the utilities and those targeted by the NJCEP. In their effort to avoid that overlap, the utilities used their understanding of their customers to identify and focus on those who were more likely to participate in whole-building energy efficiency programs. That focus, especially when supported by the utilities' relationships with their customers and with contractors in their service territories, offers the prospect of higher rates of participation than what the NJCEP has been able to achieve thus far. It also enables utility marketing efforts that will be complementary and supplementary to the marketing performed by the market managers for the NJCEP.

The Board has previously acknowledged the extent of the worldwide economic crisis and the need to take action to support employment in New Jersey. For example, in April 2009, the Board approved efforts by five electric and gas utilities, including the Company, to accelerate about \$1 billion in planned infrastructure investments. In Re Petition of New Jersey Natural Gas for Approval of a Capital Economic Stimulus Infrastructure Investment Program and an Associated Cost Recovery Mechanism Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:2-21 and 48:21.1, Docket No. GO09010052, Decision and Order Approving Stipulation (April 28, 2009). Since then, economic signals have been mixed; however, the nationwide employment situation continues to deteriorate. The national unemployment rate rose from 6.9 percent in the fourth quarter of 2008, to 8.5 percent in March 2009, 8.9 percent in April, and 9.4 percent in May. In May 2009, there were nearly 3,000 mass layoff events¹² involving a total of 312,880 workers – the highest on record.¹³

The continuing severity of the worldwide economic crisis strongly supports the need for action by the Board now to create jobs and enhance New Jersey's economic competitiveness. At the same time, the Board has taken special care in its review of the costs and benefits of the utilities' energy efficiency programs because the crisis has put such strain on many household budgets. Furthermore, energy efficiency is especially important to household budgets and to economic competitiveness at a time when Congress is currently considering legislation that would limit emissions of carbon dioxide from electric generators, thus increasing the cost of generating fossil-fueled electricity.¹⁴

In summary, the proposed energy efficiency investments, if properly implemented, will serve the need to create jobs in the short term, the State's environmental needs, and the need to enhance the State's competitiveness, business climate, and economic prospects in the long term. Furthermore, the State has determined that the electric and gas utilities are well positioned to

http://www.bls.gov/news.release/empsit.nr0.htm, accessed June 30, 2009; Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Mass Layoffs in May 2009," June 23, 2009, http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/mmls.pdf (accessed June 30, 2009).

¹²A "mass layoff event" involves at least 50 persons from a single employer.

¹³Bureau of Labor Statistics, "The Employment Situation: May 2009,"

¹⁴<u>See</u>, e.g., American Clean Energy and Security Act, H.R. 2454.

build on their relationships with customers to help those customers improve the energy efficiency of existing buildings.¹⁵

The Board therefore **<u>FINDS</u>** that a substantial investment by electric and gas utilities in energy efficiency will assist in creating jobs, will continue to build a foundation for a more energy-efficient economy in New Jersey that will support long-term economic growth, and will take a step toward transition of the administration of energy efficiency programs from the New Jersey Clean Energy Program to the electric and gas utilities.

Turning to the Stipulation under consideration, the Board <u>FINDS</u> that the EE Program, if successfully executed, will not only further the EMP's energy efficiency goals, but will also create jobs to strengthen the local economy.

Specifically, the EE Projects associated with the EE Program, as modified by the Stipulation, are expected to create a need for 114 direct jobs over the next year. The Stipulation requires NJNG to report data monthly on actual hiring. Accordingly, the Board <u>FINDS</u> that the EE Program will have a significant and real benefit on employment in the State.

The estimate of jobs attributable to the EE Program includes only the direct impact of the proposed projects on employment – the employees working on the utility projects themselves. It does not include the indirect impacts with respect to jobs created in other sectors of New Jersey's economy for labor, materials, and services needed for the EE Program. Neither does it include what is known as the "induced" impacts resulting from spending by the added employees for local goods and services. These "ripple" effects are difficult to quantify, but they clearly exist. The Board therefore **<u>FINDS</u>** that the estimate of the jobs to be created is conservative, because indirect and induced job creation will add significantly to the job totals.

In reviewing the EE Program, the Board has considered a series of cost-benefit analyses conducted by the Center for Energy, Economic, and Environmental Policy at the Bloustein School at Rutgers University ("CEEEP"), including the following:

- The "Participant" test, which provides an indication of the desirability of the EE Program to a typical customer who participates in it. The test includes the quantifiable benefits and costs to the customer who participates in the EE Program. Examples of benefits considered in this test include the reduction in the customer's electric and gas bills resulting from energy savings, and the amount of incentives provided by the utility and/or the NJCEP. The costs considered in the test are the customer's out-of-pocket costs;
- 2. The "Ratepayer Impact Measure" test, which measures the overall effect of the EE Program on customers who are not participating in it. Examples of benefits considered in this test include savings from avoided supply costs, such as the costs of electric transmission, distribution, generation, and capacity. Costs include the costs that the Company and the NJCEP incur to implement the EEP, such as incentive costs and administrative costs. The Ratepayer Impact Measure test is informative; however, it is not well suited to serve as a "litmus test" for energy efficiency programs, especially for short-term programs, because such programs will involve costs for non-participants while the benefits for those non-participants will accrue with sustained investments in energy efficiency that continue over a longer term.

¹⁵EMP at 56.

- 3. The "Total Resource Cost" test, which represents the total effect of the EE Program on customers who participate as well as customers who do not participate. It can be seen as a summation of the benefits and costs in the Participant test and the Ratepayer Impact Measure test, with the benefit of incentives paid to participants offset by the cost of those incentives borne by all ratepayers, treating incentive costs paid by the ratepayers as transfer payments.
- 4. The "Societal Impact" test, which is similar to the Total Resource Cost test, but also includes externalities such as reductions in air pollution as a result of the EE Programs.
- 5. The "Program Administrator Cost" test, which measures the net costs of the program based on the costs incurred by the program administrator (such as incentive costs and administrative costs), excludes the costs borne by the participant, and includes avoided supply costs as in the Ratepayer Impact Measure test.

No single test of cost-effectiveness can be determinative. As discussed above, each of the tests provides a different perspective on cost-effectiveness, which provides a fuller picture of the trade-offs involved in policy decisions made in the design of the EE Program. For example, increasing an incentive that one of the EE Programs provides to an individual customer who implements an energy efficiency measure will result in a higher ratio of benefits to costs under the Participant test, since that individual customer will spend less on the energy efficiency measure while receiving the same benefit. Conversely, the same increased incentive will lower the ratio of benefits to cost under the Ratepayer Impact Measure, because the ratepayers collectively will pay more to support the increased incentive, while any aggregate increase in benefits will be difficult to estimate. Accordingly, the Board has carefully considered the results of all of the cost-benefit tests to understand the EE Program from a variety of perspectives.

The Board notes that the only benefits considered by these tests are energy-related benefits. None of these tests consider the economic benefits associated with the jobs impacts from the EE Program which were discussed earlier in this Order. Accordingly, the Board evaluated the cost-effectiveness of the EE Program without regard to the economic benefits of jobs attributable to the EE Program, a very conservative approach which provides greater assurance that the EE Program, if properly implemented, should indeed be cost-effective.

Staff and Rate Counsel thoroughly reviewed and analyzed with NJNG and CEEEP all of the cost-benefit analyses prepared by CEEEP for NJNG's proposed EE Program. Based on that review and analysis, and on other information provided by NJNG, Staff and Rate Counsel stated in the Stipulation that the proposed EE Program appeared to be cost-effective. The Board **HEREBY FINDS** this conclusion to be reasonable.

As discussed above, the Company will invest an estimated \$16 million in the EE Program over the next twelve months creating a need for an estimated 114 direct jobs over that period. As part of the mandatory reporting requirements agreed to by the Signatory Parties, the Company will report monthly on actual hiring, by the Company directly and by entities under contract with the Company to perform work associated with the EE Program.

Beyond the direct employment estimate of 114 jobs, it is expected that the stipulated EE Programs will generate an additional multiple of indirect jobs as a result of related orders for goods and services provided by local establishments and by the additional spending power of the newly hired workers. The Board is persuaded that these are incremental jobs which will be attributable to the EE Program.

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BPU Docket Nos. EO09010056 and EO09010057

The initial revenue requirement for the EE Program is set to recover costs incurred for the first twelve (12) months of these programs and is estimated to be \$8.1 million. The Board has considered the financial impacts of the EE Program on customers. A residential customer using 1000 therms on an annual basis would initially see an estimated increase of \$12.70, or approximately 0.77% for the year.¹⁶

Therefore, the Board, having carefully reviewed the record in this matter, including the petition and the Stipulation as well as the comments of the parties, <u>HEREBY FINDS</u> the Stipulation to be reasonable, in the public interest, and in accordance with law, <u>APPROVES</u> the attached Stipulation in its entirety, and <u>HEREBY INCORPORATES</u> its terms and conditions as though fully stated herein.

The Board <u>HEREBY RATIFIES</u> all provisional rulings by President Fox for the reasons stated in her Orders.

The Board <u>HEREBY</u> <u>SETS</u> the effective date of the initial charge set forth on Rider F as August 1, 2009. The Company is <u>HEREBY</u> <u>DIRECTED</u> to file tariff sheets consistent with the Order within five (5) business days of execution of the Order.

The Company's rates will remain subject to audit by the Board. This Decision and Order shall not preclude the Board from taking any actions deemed to be appropriate as a result of any Board audit.

DATED: 7/17/09

BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES BY:

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JEANNE M. FOX PRESIDENT

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COMMISSIONER

NICHOLAS ASSELTA COMMISSIONER

MISSIONEE

¹⁶NJNG projects spending more in the first year of the EE Program than in the subsequent periods which should lead to smaller increases in the later periods. All increase requests will be subject to Board review and approval.

DISSENT OF COMMISSIONER ELIZABETH RANDALL

These three petitions establish utility-run "Energy Efficiency Programs" and were filed by the utilities in response to Governor Corzine's October 16, 2008 proposal to help revive the State's economy.¹⁷

Cost to Ratepayers

All costs of creating these Energy Efficiency Programs will be borne by customers of the utilities who will administer the programs. Rate increases take effect August 1, 2009.

Pertinent information about the programs is as follows:

Company ======	Duration of Program ======	Total Ratepayer Cost ======	Average Residential Customer Increase =======	Jobs Projected ======
PSE&G	Through December 31, 2010	\$217.4 million	 \$ 3.88/year (gas customers) for 5 years; \$ 2.98/year (electric customers) for 5 years 	668
NJNG	12 Months (to be extended to December 31, 2010, if program funding is available)	\$21.1 million	\$8.31/year for 4 years	114
SJG	Two Years	\$19.2 million	\$2.88/year for 4 years	163

Voluntary participation in programs promoting energy efficiency and conservation is an important part of New Jersey's Energy Master Plan (EMP). However, in light of today's current

¹⁷The Administration made a similar request with regard to capital improvements the utilities wish to make to their infrastructure. On April 27, 2009, the Board approved five (5) utility company requests for accelerated capital spending at a total ratepayer cost of \$955.8 million.

cost of gas and electricity, I question whether consumers should be required to fund these programs during a recession. It has been well-documented that a growing number of New

Jerseyans are falling behind on their electric and gas bills. For example, PSE&G has seen a 10 percent increase in families that have fallen behind on their payments compared to last year. *See* "Recession Leads to Uptick in Utility Shut-offs in New Jersey," by Kelly Heyboer, *The Star-Ledger*, May 24, 2009.

While some jobs will be created through these filings, part of every customer's bill already includes a charge to support existing energy efficiency programs through the Office of Clean Energy (OCE). As part of their monthly bills, all gas and electric customers provide the funding for the BPU's Office of Clean Energy. \$462 million dollars has been set aside to fund the OCE for the next eighteen (18) months.¹⁸ These proposals will require another \$257.72 million from customers served by PSE&G, SJG and NJNG.

While the details of the programs are laudable, they break very little new ground. In essence, the companies will promote and enrich certain energy efficiency programs now offered by the BPU's Office of Clean Energy.

In general terms, all ratepayers of PSE&G, NJG and SJG will be eligible for the programs offered by their respective utilities. The notable exception is the residential component of PSE&G's program. To receive the benefits of PSE&G's targeted marketing efforts for residential programs, a customer must live in one of the following Urban Enterprise Zone (UEZ) cities: Bayonne, Camden, Carteret, East Orange, Elizabeth, Gloucester City, Guttenberg, Hillside, Irvington, Jersey City, Kearney, Mount Holly, Newark, New Brunswick, North Bergen, Orange, Passaic, Paterson, Pemberton, Perth Amboy, Plainfield, Roselle, Trenton, Union City and West New York.

Orderly Transition

It is clear that the Legislature has given the utility companies the ability to provide and invest in energy efficiency and conservation programs in their service territories on a regulated basis through the RGGI legislation enacted in 2008. See N.J.S.A. 48:3-98.1 (a)(1). Moreover, the EMP has called upon the utility companies to "successfully and efficiently transition the State's energy efficiency programs to the utilities." See NJEMP at 75-76.

The BPU has expressed its support of this strategy by approving utility-run programs, such as PSE&G's Carbon Abatement Program and Solar Loan Program.

This migration of programs from the State of New Jersey Office of Clean Energy to the utilities ought to be achieved in a cost-effective and well-orchestrated manner so as to not erode the substantial accomplishments of the OCE and so as to avoid duplication of effort by the utilities and the OCE.

¹⁸Funding for the Office of Clean Energy is part of the "Societal Benefits Charge" (SBC) which appears on every customer's monthly bill. The largest components of the SBC are funding for the OCE (averaging \$33/year) and The Lifeline and Universal Service Fund (averaging \$54/year) which provide subsidies to low-income electric and gas customers who qualify for the benefits. Overall, the average customer pays over \$100 a year though the SBC through their electric and gas bills.

The transfer of energy efficiency and conservation programs to the companies should be done systematically, much like we achieved the original shift of programs <u>away</u> from the utilities and <u>to</u> the OCE in 2003 (renewable energy programs) and 2007 (energy efficiency programs).

By order of the BPU dated January 28, 2009, all utilities were ordered to file individual utility master plans with the Board by December 31, 2009 (Docket No. EO0812165). Among other things, these plans will provide a blueprint for the successful and efficient transition of the OCE programs to the utilities. The Order calls for migration to be completed by 2010. The plans should include milestones, a clear end date and transition reports to the Board. The BPU should ensure that our strategic plan for transition of the programs reduces that portion of the Societal Benefits Charge which funds the OCE.¹⁹

While we must be guided by the Legislature's desire to see the utilities play a direct role in energy efficiency programs, I believe we should have a strategic plan in place first. It is difficult to imagine a systematic transition without having resolved these issues of lost revenue recovery (See Footnote 3) and the impact on large energy users.

Waxman-Markey Legislation & Federal Stimulus

Finally, the policy and cost implications of the legislation which passed the House of Representatives on June 26, 2009, are enormous. The bill requires the United States to reduce carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gas emissions by 17 percent from 2005 levels by 2020 and by 83 percent by mid-century.

While no one knows what the final legislation will look like, all parties agree that it will cost customers more money. Electricity, gasoline, natural gas and home heating oil prices will rise. By all accounts, the largest increase will be in the price of electricity.

Utilities will come to us for rate increases as they are required to pay for these investments in cleaner, more expensive technologies called for in the legislation.

The rate increase asked for in these stipulations should be deferred until early 2010 when we can assess the impact of both the federal legislation, as well as review the utility master energy plans called for in the Board's Order of January 28, 2009.

Job creation and energy efficiency efforts are already benefiting from federal stimulus funds earmarked for New Jersey, pursuant to the Federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) signed into law by President Obama on February 17, 2009. New Jersey's State Energy Program will receive \$73,643,000 for clean energy efforts in the State. New Jersey will also receive \$75,468,200 from the Energy Efficiency and Community Development Block Grants.

¹⁹In the orderly transition of clean energy programs to the utilities, an important policy decision exists with regard to utility recovery of "lost distribution margin revenues." If the companies are successful in promoting efficiency and conservation measures, they will sell less energy. The question has been raised as to whether companies should be compensated for this loss of revenue. The stipulations being recommended to the Board defer this question for another day. It is difficult to imagine an orderly transition of responsibilities to the utilities without resolving this issue.

The Board should consider the positive effect of these federal grants on New Jersey's economy before approving rate hikes such as those before us today.

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ELIZABETH RANDALL COMMISSIONER

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ATTEST:

KR SECRETARY

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the within document is a true copy of the original in the files of the Board of Public Utilities

STATE OF NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS WITH AN ASSOCIATED COST RECOVERY MECHANISM

BPU DOCKET NO. GO09010057

FINAL STIPULATION

APPEARANCES:

Tracey Thayer, Esq., New Jersey Natural Gas Company for the Petitioner, New Jersey Natural Gas Company

Felicia Thomas-Friel, Esq., Deputy Public Advocate, and Sarah H. Steindel, Esq., Assistant Deputy Public Advocate, Department of the Public Advocate, Division of Rate Counsel (Ronald K. Chen, Esq., Public Advocate, Stefanie A. Brand, Esq., Director)

Caroline Vachier, Jessica L. Campbell, Kerri Kirschbaum, Alex Moreau and Anne Marie Shatto, Deputy Attorneys General, for the Staff of the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (Anne Milgram, Attorney General of New Jersey)

Richard Webster, Esq., Attorney for Intervenor Natural Resources Defense Council

TO: THE NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

BACKGROUND

1. On January 20, 2009, New Jersey Natural Gas Company ("NJNG" or the "Company") filed a petition (the "Petition") in Docket No. GR09010057 requesting that the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities ("BPU" or the "Board") approve a number of energy

efficiency programs ("the EE Program"), pursuant to <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 48:3-98.1, to promote the goals of the comprehensive Economic Stimulus Package for New Jersey presented by the Honorable Jon Corzine, Governor of the State of New Jersey on October 16, 2008 ("the Governor's Economic Stimulus Plan"); the energy efficiency and conservation goals of the Global Warming Response Act ("Global Warming Response Act" or "RGGI"),¹ <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 26:2C-45, which was signed into law by Governor Corzine on January 13, 2008 and codified as <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 48:3-98.1; and the goals and policy direction encompassed in the New Jersey Energy Master Plan ("EMP").

2. The Company's proposed EE Program is designed to complement and supplement certain existing New Jersey Clean Energy Program ("the NJCEP") offers and encourage higher levels of participation than originally contemplated in the BPU-approved 2009 NJCEP Compliance plan, either through additional incentives or options to further support the WARMAdvantage, Home Performance with Energy Star ("HPES") and Commercial Direct Install programs.

3. As part of its Petition, the Company also requested that the Board approve a new cost recovery mechanism through which the Company will be authorized to recover all EE Program costs, including the costs of certain rebates, customer incentives, customer financing and associated incremental operations and maintenance ("O&M") expenses through a per therm charge applicable to all jurisdictional throughput on the NJNG system. The Company proposes to implement this per therm charge through a new Energy Efficiency Rider, tariff sheets for

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Also known as the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative ("RGGI").

which are set forth as proposed "Rider F" to the Company's BPU Gas Tariff, originally provided as Exhibit NJNG-7 of the Petition.

4. The Company's Petition was accompanied by supporting schedules, program descriptions, financial and other related information. In an Order dated May 12, 2008 in Docket No. EO08030164 (the "May 12 Order"), the Board established Minimum Filing Requirements for filings submitted pursuant to Section 13 of the RGGI legislation, <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:3-98.1. Certain of those requirements were found by BPU Staff to be applicable to and necessary for the EE Program filing. A letter was received from BPU Staff dated February 18, 2009, noting that the NJNG Petition and accompanying schedules were found to be administratively complete pursuant to the May 12 Order.

5. On February 19, 2009, the Board issued an Order retaining this matter for consideration and, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:2-32, designated BPU President Jeanne M. Fox as the presiding officer. On February 25, 2009, President Fox, issued an Order setting forth a procedural schedule for this matter.

6. Public notice was provided by NJNG for six public hearings on the proposed EE Program that were held on the following times and dates at locations in the NJNG service territory: hearings at 3:30 pm and 5:30 pm on February 24, 2009, in Rockaway Township;; hearings at 3:30 pm and 5:30 pm on February 26, 2009, in Freehold Borough; and hearings at 3:30 pm and 5:30 pm on March 2, 2009, in Toms River Township. One member of the public appeared at one of the six public hearings but made no statement for the record on the NJNG Petition.

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7. On March 27, 2009, the BPU received a motion from the Natural Resources Defense Council ("NRDC") seeking intervention in all of the Energy Efficiency proceedings that were filed at the time: Docket Nos. EO09010056, GO09010057, GO09010058, GO09010059, GO09010060, GO09010061, GO09010062 and GO09010063. By Order dated April 28, 2009, BPU President Jeanne Fox granted that motion.

 Discovery questions in this matter were propounded by Board Staff and Rate Counsel, and the Company has responded thereto.

9. Subsequent to the completion and review of discovery and the public hearings, and after a discovery/settlement meeting among NJNG, Board Staff and Rate Counsel (the "Parties"), the only Parties to this proceeding prior to April 28, 2009, the Parties agree that the EE Program and the associated cost recovery mechanism set forth in proposed Rider F, as amended by the Parties and set forth herein, are reasonable and in the public interest. NRDC did not participate in the discovery process or settlement discussions since the motion for intervention had not yet been decided. Since April 28, 2009, NRDC has been provided with copies of all settlement documents.

Specifically, the Parties hereby STIPULATE AND AGREE to the following.

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STIPULATED MATTERS

Energy Efficiency Programs Offered

10. Upon Board approval of this Stipulation, the Parties agree that the Company shall begin the implementation process necessary to make available to qualified customers the three energy efficiency and conservation programs and enhancements as set forth in Exhibits NJNG-1 ("HVAC Rebate"), NJNG-2 ("HPES") and NJNG-3 ("Direct Install"), attached hereto and made part of this agreement. The costs of the three programs are as follows: HVAC - \$5.985 million, HPES - \$10.302 million, Direct Install - \$0.4 million and O&M - \$1.833 million. Those programs will provide additional incentives to customers participating in the Home Performance with Energy Star ("HPES") Audit Program, enhance the current WARMAdvantage program by providing additional rebates to residential customers to increase participation in that program while also funding and performing certain of the HPES audits, and expand the Direct Install program by providing incentive funding to additional participants. The Parties agree that these programs will be available to customers for a period of twelve months. NJNG anticipates that it will be prepared to have the programs available and accept applications within sixty (60) days of receipt of a written Board Order in this proceeding and agrees that the program offers will be available to eligible customers for a period of twelve months from that time. In the event that there is still EE Program funding available after that period, it is agreed that NJNG may continue to offer the approved EE Programs through December 31, 2010.

Customer Financing Available for Energy Efficiency Investments

11. It is agreed that NJNG will include in its Energy Efficiency Program the availability of interest-free financing to eligible residential customers who meet the specific program requirements. This financing option will be provided in conjunction with a third-party and will only be available to eligible customers with a credit rating above a pre-determined level. It is our understanding that the current proposal New Jersey has filed under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("ARRA") (Pub. L. No. 111-5) will provide financing options for customer with a credit score below the specified minimum so the NJNG financing option will be coordinated with NJCEP and the final elements of any ARRA program. Other than instances in which a customer is seeking to convert from an alternative heating source to the use of natural gas, this financing will not be available for deliverable fuel equipment upgrades.

Cost Recovery Mechanism - Rider F

12. The Parties agree that the Company will be authorized to defer and recover all EE Program costs, including the rebate costs, customer incentives, customer financing costs and associated reasonable and prudent incremental O&M expenses. The rebate costs, customer incentive costs, customer financing costs and associated O&M expenses will be subject to recovery in future periods pursuant to the terms of NJNG's Tariff Sheet Rider F ("Rider F"), attached here to as Exhibit NJNG-4, and as further described herein at Paragraph 13.

The EE Program costs will be subject to the terms set forth on Rider F and shall be recovered through a per therm Energy Efficiency Rider applicable to all jurisdictional throughput on the NJNG system. The estimated revenue requirement of the EE Programs, including customer financing and associated O&M expenses and assuming full immediate customer participation, are approximately \$21.096 million, as shown on Exhibit NJNG-5 attached hereto.

The Company will amortize its EE Program investments made in participating customer rebates, incentive payments and customer financing over a four (4) year period on a straight line basis, with the return on the unamortized investments based upon the Company's overall weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"), inclusive of income taxes as authorized by the BPU in NJNG's recently concluded base rate case, BPU Docket No. GR07110889 (11.44% pre-tax and 7.76% after-tax). In computing the return component of its costs, NJNG will, in addition to the amortization of its investments, deduct the applicable deferred income taxes related to the amortization of rebates, incentives and financing costs over a four-year period for book purposes and over one year for tax purposes. The initial monthly revenue requirement, assuming full immediate customer participation, is detailed in Exhibit NJNG-5, page 6. The initial BPU approved EE Program investments and operating costs will be reconciled to actual on an annual basis in accordance with paragraph 13 herein and all federal or state tax benefits received by the Company associated with these programs will be used to reduce the revenue requirement to be collected from ratepayers.

13. The Company requests that the Board establish the initial Energy Efficiency rate as set forth in Rider F to be effective on August 1, 2009. Thereafter, the Company will make annual EE Program cost recovery filings by June 1st to establish future Rider F rates. That filing will target an effective date of the immediately following October 1, in conjunction with NJNG's annual Basic Gas Supply Service filings. The Company's annual EE Program cost recovery filings will include information regarding actual costs and recoveries for the previous year, as well as projected costs and volumes for the upcoming year. A list of Minimum Filing Requirements for the annual EE Program filing is shown in Exhibit NJNG-6. Any variance between costs and recoveries will accrue interest at a rate equal to the Company's monthly commercial paper rate. In the event that commercial paper was not utilized by the company in the preceding month, the last

calculated rate will be used. The interest rate shall not exceed the Company's rate of return as authorized by the BPU in the Company's most recent base rate case, BPU Docket No. GR07110889, or until changed by Board Order. Interest on over/under recoveries will be calculated using simple interest, based on the average beginning and ending over/under recovery balances for the month, on a net-of-tax basis. In each annual filing, the sum of the monthly interest to be collected from or credited to ratepayers will be included in the rate calculations for the upcoming year as part of the calculation of EE Program cost over or under-recoveries. It is anticipated that the impact of the EE Program over the four-year amortization period, assuming full immediate customer participation, will average approximately \$8.28 per year, an increase of approximately 0.5 percent on a typical residential heating customer using 1000 therms annually.

Reporting and Potential Shift in Program Budgets

14. Based on market response, spending on the aggregate EE Program or any of the individual programs may be accelerated and completed sooner than the proposed period. To provide flexibility in responding to market conditions and customer demand during the term of the EE Program, the Parties agree that there should be a process to address proposals for any individual program under-spending; however, no such under-spending may be carried over beyond December 31, 2010 without the approval of the Board. In addition, based upon market conditions and the level of market response to each of the individual programs, the Company may transfer funding between individual programs in order to address customer and market demand, subject to the following procedures. The Company will submit to the Signatory Parties a written description of the proposed transfers, the rationale for the proposed transfers, and a narrative and schedules showing the effect of the proposed transfers on the aggregate costs and

benefit analysis reviewed within this proceeding². If any Signatory Party objects in writing to one or more proposed transfers within forty-five (45) days after the Company has submitted the required information to the Signatory Parties, then no transfer that is a subject of the objection will take effect until after the Board has approved the transfer. Board Staff shall advise the Board of all proposed transfers of Program funding between individual programs. Board approval will be required when proposed transfers in the aggregate: (i) increase or decrease any program's budget by more than 20 percent; or (ii) involve more than 10 percent of the EE Program's budget. For any proposed transfer which does not require Board approval under the parameters described in the preceding sentence, if there has been no objection to the proposed transfer and no notification from Staff indicating that a commissioner wants the Board to review the proposed transfer, then a Secretary's letter will be issued permitting the Company to make the requested change. The Company will also report on this acceleration in its Annual Filing and the monthly reporting described below.

15. Based on market response, the Company may propose to modify programs during the term of the EE Program. No such modification shall take effect without approval by the Board. To propose a modification, the Company shall submit to the Signatory Parties, in writing, a description of its proposed modifications, the rationale for its proposed modifications, and a narrative and schedules showing the effect of its proposed modifications on the costs and benefits of the affected programs. The Company shall present the proposed modifications to the Board for approval if no objections to the proposed modifications are received within forty-five

² This schedule will present a modified cost benefit analysis ("CBA") summary sheet showing the new funding levels for each program and addressing how the weighting of these values would have impacted the combined CBA reviewed in this case. The underlying original CBA to support this calculation will be the final CEEEP analysis

(45) days after that filing. The Company will also report on these modifications in its Annual Filing and the monthly reporting described below.

16. The Company will provide monthly reports ("Monthly Activity Reports") to Board Staff and Rate Counsel on EE Program activity and estimated impacts for each calendar month for the month following the date of the Board's approval of the EE Program through December 2010, or such later date as the Board approves for the end of the EE Program. Initially, the Company will include the data requested in the Program Manager Data Tracking Sheets as these reports are consistent with the data currently reported by the Company for the NJCEP Comfort Partners program. Further, the Company commits to work with the OCE toward the development of more detailed customer project level reporting as identified in the Program Participation Data Report that is being sought by the OCE for the EE Program. The Company and OCE will use best efforts to complete the development of such plan within 90 days of the date of the Board Order in this proceeding. The Company will submit each Monthly Activity Report within thirty (30) days of the end of the calendar month covered by the report. The Company will provide BPU Staff and Rate Counsel with a cost estimate of any information technology modifications needed to report the data in the required format, if the Company considers such expenses to be incremental costs that require recovery through the Energy Efficiency Rider. If Board Staff and/or Rate Counsel inform the Company to proceed with the necessary IT modifications, then all reasonable and prudent costs to provide such electronic data transfer are in the best interest of ratepayers and shall be fully recoverable by the Company.

performed by the Rutgers Center for Energy, Economic and Environmental Policy ("CEEEP") for NJNG which was circulated to the parties on June 18, 2009.

Job Creation

17. The Parties agree that job creation is an integral aspect of the EE program. Therefore, the Company agrees to report for the term in which the EE programs are offered, in the monthly report provided pursuant to Paragraph 16 herein: (i) the number of full-time equivalents ("FTE") that the Company hires to perform work associated with the EE Program, and (ii) the number of FTEs that entities under contract with the Company to perform work associated with the Company's EE Program have hired to perform such work, if applicable. The Parties agree that reporting of job creation will be in the format contained in the Job Creation Questionnaire, attached hereto as Exhibit NJNG-7. For the purpose of reporting jobs associated with the Company's EE Program, FTE means one or more individuals collectively working a total of 1820 hours annually in connection with the Company's EE Program.

18. The New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development (LWD) oversees the Green Job Training Partnership program (GJTP), which is intended to help meet the employment needs of the Company and local contractors by providing graduates of the training program to be considered for employment in occupations needed for implementation of the EE Program. The Company will conduct the following program activities to support and promote the GJTP during the term in which the EE Program discussed herein is available:

(a) Promote awareness and enhanced participation of the GJTP, by providing information from LWD about the GJTP to all contractors located within the Company's service territory who are listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program and are certified by the Building Performance Institute (BPI); (b) Coordinate and conduct at least two outreach meetings each year of the EE Program, inviting all contractors listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program that are BPI certified, and are at a minimum located within the Company's service territory. The outreach meetings will include a presentation regarding the GJTP, in which LWD will participate along with local GJTP grantees for the territory;

(c) Serve on at least one GJTP Employer Council;

(d) Advise all contractors listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program that are BPI certified and are at a minimum located within the Company's service territory of the benefits of participating on the appropriate GJTP Employer Council;

(e) Post information on the Company's website regarding the GJTP and a link to LWD's website. Information on the GJTP can be found at: <u>http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/employer/training/Apprenticeship.html</u>

(f) Post all vacancies for New Jersey-based jobs related to the EE Program through the local One-Stop Career Center. A listing of the local One-Stop Career Centers is located at: <u>http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/wnjpin/findjob/onestop/services.html</u>; and

(g) Inform, in writing or electronically, all GJTP grantees as identified by GJTP of all New Jersey-based entry-level job vacancies within the Company related to the EE Program..

Government Funding

Subject to any restrictions set forth in the ARRA and other applicable law, if
 NJNG gets federal funds or credits directly related to any of the EE Program offerings through

the ARRA, the Company agrees to utilize that money to offset the respective EE Program costs, as detailed in paragraph 12 herein. If funding or credits from the ARRA or any subsequent state or federal action becomes available to NJNG through the State of New Jersey, a County or Municipality for project reimbursement, NJNG agrees that any such funds or credits directly applicable to work related to the EE Program will be used to benefit customers by offsetting the costs for which recovery will be sought, to the extent permitted by law.

20. However, in no case shall the combination of: 1) federal ARRA funding; 2) NJCEP incentive funding; and 3) incentives provided as part of this approved program (excluding program incentive financing) fund 100% of a project's costs through rebates or other direct incentives. If it is determined that a project would be funded through 100% rebates or incentives, the Parties agree that, subject to any restrictions set forth in the ARRA and other applicable law, incentive funding approved as part of this program shall be reduced to bring the total rebates and incentives under 100% of the EE Program costs. However, the Company does not have direct knowledge of ARRA grants to customers and intends to limit the NJNG Direct Install program to non-governmental entities.

Cost Benefit Analysis

21. Based on the Company's input regarding assumptions and the Cost Benefit Analysis ("CBA") provided on June 18, 2009 by Rutger's Center for Energy, Economic, and Environmental Policy ("CEEEP"), the proposed Program appears to be cost effective and consistent with the Governor's Economic Stimulus Plan. Future program evaluation will include evaluation for all programs, and the scope of the program evaluation will include: (a). cost/benefit analysis, including a Participant Cost Test ("PCT"), Program Administration Cost Test ("PAC"), Ratepayer Impact Measure ("RIM"), Total Resource Cost ("TRC"), and Societal Cost Test ("SCT"), to be performed by CEEEP after having been retained by the Board; using a methodology consistent with the methodology used by the CEEEP and provided to the NJ Clean Energy Program by CEEEP; and

(b) Impact evaluation, to be performed by CEEEP or a subcontractor to be retained by CEEEP. CEEEP will follow its internal procurement process in retaining such subcontractor in accordance with the terms of the contract between CEEEP and the Board. If the Board is unable to retain CEEEP to perform the evaluation services identified above, then such evaluations shall be performed by a third party vendor to be retained by the Board pursuant to State procurement laws. Customers, including those who are protected by the BPU's Winter Moratorium rules, will be eligible to participate in the EE Program. However, should any customer fail to repay NJNG his or her portion of the costs associated with the measures installed, all such costs will be recovered within the rate recovery mechanism set forth herein.

Further Provisions

22. This Stipulation represents a mutual balancing of interests, contains interdependent provisions and, therefore, is intended to be accepted and approved in its entirety. In the event any particular aspect of this Stipulation is not accepted and approved in its entirety by the Board, any Party aggrieved thereby shall not be bound to proceed with this Stipulation and shall have the right to litigate all issues addressed herein to a conclusion. More particularly, in the event this

Stipulation is not adopted in its entirety by the Board in any applicable Order(s), then any Party hereto is free to pursue its then available legal remedies with respect to all issues addressed in this Stipulation as though this Stipulation had not been signed.

23. It is the intent of the Parties that the provisions hereof be approved by the Board as being in the public interest. The Parties further agree that they consider the Stipulation to be binding on them for all purposes herein.

24. It is specifically understood and agreed that this Stipulation represents a negotiated agreement and has been made exclusively for the purpose of these proceedings. Except as expressly provided herein, NJNG, the Board, the Board Staff, and Rate Counsel shall not be deemed to have approved, agreed to, or consented to any principle or methodology underlying or supposed to underlie any agreement provided herein and, in total or by specific item, is in no way binding upon them in any other proceeding, except to enforce the terms of this Stipulation.

WHEREFORE, the Parties hereto do respectfully submit this Stipulation and request that the Board issue a Decision and Order approving it in its entirety, in accordance with the terms hereof, as soon as reasonably possible.

NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS PETITIONER

By: TRACEY THAYER, BSQ. Director, Regulatory Affairs Counsel

> DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC ADVOCATE RONALD K. CHEN, PUBLIC ADVOCATE DIVISION OF RATE COUNSEL STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR

By:

STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR

STAFF OF THE NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES ANNE MILGRAM ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NEW JERSEY

By:

JESSICA L. CAMPBELL Deputy Attorney General

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By:

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DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC ADVOCATE RONALD K. CHEN, PUBLIC ADVOCATE DIVISION OF RATE COUNSEL STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR

By:

STAFF OF THE NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES ANNE MILGRAM ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NEW JERSEY

By:

mabell ESSICA L. CAMPBELL Deputy Attorney General

NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL

By:

RICHARD WEBSTER, ESQ.

Description of	This program is designed to encourage broader voluntary participation
Program	in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star (HPES) Audit program and to encourage customers to implement the recommended audit improvements. The HPES program involves an initial fee-based Audit that identifies both system and building shell improvements to provide improvements to the energy efficiency, comfort, and safety of a customer's home. To accommodate the state's request to add financing options available for customers to encourage them to implement the Tier III recommendations and any Tier II work beyond the \$1,000 cap, NJNG will offer a zero percent financing option to all NJNG residential
	customers with a natural gas heating system or installing a natural gas heating system. This financing option will be accommodated by use of a third party and will only be available to customers above a specified credit rating ¹ . All participating customers would be able to use this financing option in conjunction with the Tier II and Tier III rebates.
	In order to accommodate the cost of adding this financing feature to NJNG's proposal and to meet significantly higher participation levels than the proposed update to the NJCEP compliance plan, the program will be modified to indicate that NJCEP will cover the cost of the Tier II and Tier III customer incentives and the customer refund of the \$125 audit fee upon approval of the NJNG program. However, in order to provide certainty for the roll-out of the customer incentives and to provide some budget relief to NJCEP if necessary, the following modifications could be made: In order to provide certainty for NJNG customer incentives for
	 the entire program, NJNG would fund these customer incentives as of January 1, 2010. In the event, NJCEP is reaching 2009 budget limits for the program, the responsibility for paying Tier II and Tier III incentives to NJNG customers would shift to NJNG.
	Additionally, NJNG will offer an alternate NJNG rebate of \$900 for customers who only pursue a boiler or furnace upgrade meeting the WARM Advantage criteria.
	This same treatment will be available for customers for the Tier II and Tier III recommendations implemented by customers who have the Tier I audit performed by NJNG as described in Exhibit NJNG-2.

¹ It is our understanding that the current proposal New Jersey has filed under the ARRA block grants will provide financing options for customers below this minimum credit score. The minimum credit level will be coordinated with NJCEP and the NJ program under ARRA.

1

Market Segment/ Efficiency Targeted	energy equipment will participate in the HPES installation of high effi	be the targeted group audit at the outset. The ciency HVAC equipment	mmediately replace their since it is mandatory to e program will target the nt and the installation of n improvements to the
Delivery Method	NJCEP Tier I auditors II/III NJCEP HPES c	. Installation work will ontractors who are ex	contractors approved as ll be performed by Tier pected to meet NJCEF formance Institute (BPI)
Estimated Program Participants	1,950 voluntary audits (plus 5,000 from NJNG's enhanced rebate program) Tier II estimate of 2,898 paid by NJNG. Actual participation expected to be higher but funded by NJCEP Tier III estimate 800 paid by NJNG. Actual participation expected to be higher but funded by NJCEP	Estimated Annual Savings	Tier II work= 105,000 therms Tier III work= 97,000 therms
Link to existing programs	Directly linked to NJC	EP HPES program	

Existing Incentives for 2009	Tier II- NJCEP Program offers up to \$1,000 for air and duct sealing. Tier III- choice of rebates ranging from 10 percent to 50 percent of the improvements with total rebate cap of \$5,000 or low cost financing through a 3 rd party	Proposed NJNG Whole Building Incentives	NJNG to fund the buydown cost for a 10 year zero percent loan through a specified third party in an amount subject to the limits agreed upon through the HPES loan coordination process. Additionally, as of January 1, 2010 or upon notification from NJCEP, NJNG will fund the cost of up to \$1,000 for Tier II air and duct sealing (weatherization) measures for all customers, Tier III cash rebate incentives, and the refund of the audit fee for customers that implement a specified level of work. For customers who are only interested in pursuing a boiler or furnace upgrade that meets the WARM Advantage criteria, NJNG will offer an alternative incremental rebate of \$900 in lieu of the HPES Tier III cash incentive rebate.
Estimated avoided air emissions	Tier II: 1,202,000 lbs. of C Tier III: 1,120,000 lbs. of C	CO ₂ and 964 lb CO ₂ and 887 lb	s. of NOx annually
Anticipated Job Creation	Additional auditors needed. contractor companies needed petition.		ntractors and/or workers at xhibit NJNG-10 of the initial
Budget information	Refer to Exhibit NJNG- 9 of costs.		-
Marketing Approach	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-4 of	the initial peti	tion.

Cost Recovery/ Rate design	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-5 for information related to cumulative program costs and the proposed cost recovery schedule. These costs are to be collected through an Energy Efficiency Rider "F" applicable to all jurisdictional throughput
Contractor Role	NJNG projects a significant increase in the volume of contractor work. There will be no change to the relationship between the contractor and customers for work done after the HPES audit. For those customers choosing a rebate, that amount can be assigned to the contractor if desired.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Enhanced Warm Advantage Rebate Program

Description of	Currently, an overwhelming majority of customers with existing
Description of Program	Currently, an overwhelming majority of customers with existing HVAC equipment being replaced due to immediate or imminent equipment failure opt for standard efficiency for their new HVAC units. In order to meet the Energy Master Plan savings targets, the State will need almost every customer faced with an equipment decision to select high efficiency equipment. Because this decision will most likely only be made by most equipment owners once between now and 2020, it is crucial to start significantly influencing these HVAC purchases now. Accordingly, NJNG will offer enhanced rebates of \$900 for qualified WARMAdvantage furnace and boiler equipment purchases. However, customers will only be entitled to this enhanced rebate if they agree to have a Home Performance with Energy Star (HPES) Tier I audit that will be paid for and performed by NJNG. Follow-up Tier II and Tier III work will be performed by HPES certified contractors and will run through the NJCEP program channels for approval of work and calculation of customer and contractor incentives. As part of HPES Enhancement (Exhibit NJNG-1) program as of January 1,2010 or upon notification from NJCEP, NJNG will fund customer incentives for the HPES Tier II and Tier III ecommendations implemented by customers. The Enhanced WARMAdvantage Rebate program is also applicable to small
	commercial customers with an HVAC system sized up to 400 CFH. ¹
Market	Residential and small commercial customers who have existing
Segment/	furnaces or boilers needing immediate or imminent replacement. The
Efficiency	program will promote the installation of high efficiency equipment and
Targeted	the installation of other energy efficiency measures by creating awareness of opportunities identified through the Tier I audit.
Delivery	NJNG and HVAC Contractors to promote programs to customers.
Method	NJNG to process incremental rebates and perform the Tier I audits.
	HPES contractors to implement Tier II and Tier III improvements from Audit recommendations.

¹ Commercial customers will not be required to have an NJNG or HPES Tier I audit performed to receive the incremental rebate since there is no comparable NJCEP commercial audit currently available.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Enhanced Warm Advantage Rebate Program

Estimated Program Participants	5,000 for Tier I audit performed by NJNG 6,650 for rebate (includes voluntary HPES audit rebates). Note: Tier II and Tier III work implemented as a result of the NJNG Tier I audits are addressed in Exhibit NJNG-1.	Estimated Annual Savings	1,200,000 therms
Link to existing programs	WARMAdvantage Home Performance	with Energy S	Star (HPES)
Existing Incentives	 WARMAdvantage \$300-\$400 HPES incentives are captured on Exhibit NJNG-1. 	Proposed Incentives	Incremental \$900 rebate to customer for WARMAdvantage furnace or boiler installations. Required HPES Tier I audit to be performed and the cost to be funded by NJNG. NJNG to fund the cost of the HPES Tier II and Tier III incentives ² as of January 1, 2010 or upon notification of NJCEP. The HPES work is captured on Exhibit NJNG-1.
Estimated avoided air emissions	13,200,000 lbs. of CO ₂	and 10,600 lb	
Anticipated Job Creation		d for additiona	and perform the audits, as well as al contractor employees for the er to Exhibit NJNG-10.
Budget information	Refer to Exhibit NJNG- costs.	9 of the initial	petition for categorization of
Marketing Approach	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-	4 of the initial	petition.

² These offers are based on the recently approved incentives from Honeywell for the 2009 Program year.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Enhanced Warm Advantage Rebate Program

Cost	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-5 for budget information related to program
Recovery/	costs and the proposed cost recovery schedule. These costs to be
Rate design	collected through an Energy Efficiency Rider "F" applicable to all
	jurisdictional throughput.
Contractor Role	Local HVAC contractors currently engaged in equipment replacement can make customers aware of the enhanced rebate opportunity. The resulting work should increase the number of high efficiency equipment replacement jobs that are performed. HPES qualified contractors will also see a significant increase in the demand for Tier II and Tier III HPES work.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Commercial Customer Direct Install Program

Description of Program	measures or improvement program, NJNG will fund additional 50 eligible cur double NJNG's anticipa Compliance Plan Statew through this program will 2009 NJCEP Compliance Note: This proposal pres- has been fully launched by	ts identified by ad the cost of t stomers. This ated share of vide target. The l be consistent of Plan approved sumes that the by the time this	NJCEP Direct Install program proposal is approved. Should
	participate in the NJCEP	proved prior program, NJN	to customers being able to G's launch will be postponed
	until the program is fully		
Market Segment/ Efficiency Targeted		Install targets c	he new NJCEP Direct Install ustomers with average annual
Delivery Method	NJCEP Direct Install char	and available in	istent with the developing ill work with TRC to raise incentives to those commercial arget profile.
Estimated Program	50 additional eligible customers	Estimated Annual	17, 000 therms
Participants	customers	Savings	
Link to existing programs	Directly linked to the new	THE PARTY NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.	Install program
Existing Incentives for 2009	Direct install- NJCEP provides up to 80 percent of the costs of the recommended measures.	Proposed NJNG Whole Building Incentives	No incremental incentive but NJNG will fund the cost of the customer incentives for an additional 50 customers.
Estimated avoided air emissions	198,000 lbs. of CO ₂ and 1	and the second sec	
Anticipated Job Creation	Need for additional contra Refer to Exhibit NJNG-10		lume of work to be generated.
Budget			tition for categorization of
Marketing Approach	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-4	of the initial pet	ition.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Commercial Customer Direct Install Program

Cost	Refer to Exhibit NJNG- 5 for budget information related to program
Recovery/	costs and the proposed cost recovery schedule. These costs will be
Rate design	collected through an Energy Efficiency Rider "F" applicable to all jurisdictional throughput.
Contractor Role	There is no change proposed to the current relationships between the contractors and customers for work done.

Exhibit NJNG-4 Page 1 of 2

NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS COMPANY

BPU No. 8 - Gas

First Revised Sheet No. 172 Superseding Original Sheet No. 172

<u>RIDER "F"</u> <u>ENERGY EFFICIENCY – EE</u>

AVAILABILITY

Applicable to the following service classifications:

RS	Residential Service
DGR	Distributed Generation Residential
GSS	General Service - Small
GSL	General Service - Large
FT	Firm Transportation
DGC	Distributed Generation Commercial

ED Economic Development FC Firm Cogeneration NGV Natural Gas Vehicle IS Interruptible Service IGS Incremental Gas Service

The Energy Efficiency ("EE") rate is for recovering authorized expenditures related to the energy efficiency programs as approved in BPU Docket No. GO09010057.

DETERMINATION OF THE EE

The Company shall file an annual request with the Board for implementation of an EE charge, which shall be applicable to customers on all service classifications to which Rider "F" applies.

I. Determination of the EE

The EE rate shall be derived in the following manner:

- An estimate shall be made of the total annual cost related to the EE programs. This rider will include only
 expenses for energy efficiency programs approved by the Board in BPU Docket No. GO09010057, unless
 modified further by Board Order.
- (2) An estimate shall be made of the total annual volume of prospective jurisdictional sales of gas (in therms) to NJNG's sales and transportation customers.
- (3) The prospective EE costs (per paragraph (1)) shall be adjusted upward or downward to the extent of the amount of any prior under-recovery or over-recovery of EE to determine the total EE costs to be recovered and then shall be divided by the estimated total volume of prospective sales (per paragraph (2)), to determine the per unit EE cost recovery rate.

Date of Issue: Issued by:

Mark R. Sperduto, Vice President Wall, NJ 07719 Effective for service rendered on and after July xx, 2009

Filed pursuant to Order of the Board of Public Utilities entered in Docket No. GO09010057

Exhibit NJNG-4 Page 2 of 2

NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS COMPANY

BPU No. 8 - Gas

First Revised Sheet No. 173 Superseding Original Sheet No. 173

<u>RIDER "F"</u> <u>ENERGY EFFICIENCY – EE</u>

II. Tracking the Operation of the EE

The Company shall calculate carrying costs on the average monthly balances of under-or over-recovery of deferred EE costs based upon the Company's monthly commercial paper rate. The carrying cost calculation shall be based on the net of tax beginning and end average monthly balance. The carrying costs shall accrue on a monthly basis and shall be rolled into the EE balance at the end of each EE year.

In accordance with P.L., 1997 c. 162, the charges applicable under this Rider include provision for the New Jersey Sales and Use Tax ("SUT"), and when billed to customers exempt from this tax, as set forth in Rider "B", shall be reduced by the amount of such tax included therein.

The EE factor shall be credited/collected on a per therm basis within the Delivery Charge for all service classifications to which Rider "F" applies. The EE factor is as set forth below:

\$0.0127

Date of Issue: Issued by:

Mark R. Sperduto, Vice President Wall, NJ 07719 Effective for service rendered on and after July xx, 2009

Filed pursuant to Order of the Board of Public Utilities entered in Docket No. GO09010057

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

		R	evenue Re		ment and Re 000)	ecove	ery			
	Exhibit				Y	ear				
-	Reference		1		2		3		4	Total
Efficiency Investments										
HPES Seal-Up Rebate		\$	2,898	\$	2,174	s	1,449	\$	725	
HPES Tier II and III Reb	pate		2,160		1,620		1,080		540	
HPES Financing		210	3,852		2,889		1,926		963	
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	\$	8,910	\$	6,682	\$	4,455	\$	2,227	
HVAC Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2		5,985		4,489		2,993		1,496	
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-3		400		300		200		100	
Total		\$	15,295	\$	11,471	\$	7,647	\$	3,824	
Revenue Requirements										
HPES Amortization		\$	2,227	\$	2,227	s	2,227	\$	2,227	\$ 8,910
HVAC Rebate Amortizat	tion	-	1,496	*	1,496	*	1,496	Ψ	1,496	5,985
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Amortization		100		100		100		100	400
Total Rebate Amortization		\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$ 15,295
HPES Audit Expenses			1,392		-		-		-	1,392
O&M Expense			1,628		205		-		-	1,833
Debt Cost			273		145		89		51	558
Equity Return			580		309		190		109	1,189
Income Taxes		-	404		216		133		76	829
Total		\$	8,101	\$	4,699	\$	4,236	\$	4,061	\$ 21,096
Per Therm Recovery										
Firm Throughput (000 therms	5)		679,261		679,261		679,261		679,261	
Per Therm		\$	0.0119	\$	0.0069	\$	0.0062	\$	0.0060	
Per Therm with Sales Tax		\$	0.0127	\$	0.0074	\$	0.0066	\$	0.0064	
Average Residential (1,000	therms)	\$	12.70	\$	7.40	\$	6.60	\$	6.40	\$ 33.10
4-Year Average Residential	(1,000 therms)	\$	8.28	\$	8.28	\$	8.28	\$	8.28	

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

Program Units and Costs

	Exhibit	Z	NJNG Audit	t	Cor	Contractor Audit	udit		Other			Year 1
	Reference	Units	Cost	Years	Units	Cost	Years	Units		Years	Inve	Investments
												(\$000)
HPES Audit		5,000	\$ 230	٢	1,950	1,950 \$ 125	-				69	1 392
HPES Seal-Up		1,932	\$ 1,000	4	996	\$ 1,000	4				69	2.898
HPES Rebate		600	\$ 1,933	4	200	\$ 5,000	4				69	2.160
HPES Financing*		1,200	\$ 2,140	4	600	\$ 2,140	4				69	3 852
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	8,732	\$ 5,303		3,716 \$	\$ 8,265					69	10.302
HVAC Enhanced Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2	5,000	\$ 900	4	1,650	\$ 900	4				69	5.985
Direct Install	Exhibit NJNG-3							50	50 \$ 8,000	4	5	400
Total Investments											49	16.687

* HPES Financing calculated at a loan of \$5,500 and a buydown cost of \$389/\$1000 borrowed

Exhibit NJNG-5 Page 2 of 6

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

Cost of Capital and Tax Rates

Component		Amount	Ratio	Cost	Weighted Cost
Cost of Capital					
Long-Term Debt	\$	411,344	41.63%	5.44%	2.26%
Short-Term Debt		66,000	6.68%	2.90%	0.19%
Customer Deposit		4,447	0.45%	4.79%	0.02%
Common Equity		506,332	51.24%	10.30%	5.28%
Total	\$	988,123	100.0%		7.76%
			Total	Debt Cost:	2.48%
Tax Effects					
Federal Income Tax NJ Corporate Income Tax	c		_	35.00% 9.36%	
Combined Tax Rate				41.08%	
Weighted-Return on Equity				5.28%	
Tax Rate				3.68%	
After-Tax Return					11.44%

	F		e Base 000)							
					Y	ear				
	Exhibit Reference	_	1	_	2	_	3	 4		Total
Efficiency Investments										
HPES Seal-Up Rebate	9	\$	2,898	\$	2,174	\$	1,449	\$ 725		
HPES Tier II and III Re	ebate		2,160		1,620		1,080	540		
HPES Financing			3,852		2,889		1,926	963		
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	\$	8,910	\$	6,682	\$	4,455	\$ 2,227		
HVAC Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2		5,985		4,489		2,993	1,496		
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-3		400		300		200	100		
Tot	tal	\$	15,295	\$	11,471	\$	7,647	\$ 3,824		
Amortization										
HPES Seal-Up Rebate		\$	725	\$	725	\$	725	\$ 725	S	2,898
HPES Tier II and III Re	ebate		540		540		540	540		2,160
HPES Financing		_	963		963		963	963		3,852
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	\$	2,227	\$	2,227	\$	2,227	\$ 2,227	\$	8,910
HVAC Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2		1,496		1,496		1,496	1,496		5,985
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-3		100		100		100	100		400
Tot	al	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$ 3,824	\$	15,295

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

	Investments
New Jersey Natural Gas	Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency

O&M Detail

	Exhibit Reference	Mgr	Contract Supervisor	Auditor	Lead r Scheduler	Auditor	Res Market Specialist		Comm Mkt Specialist	Program Promo Spec	Processing	Program	Non-Labor	Total
FTEs HPFS Audit		30.0												
HPES Seal-Up		0.10	0.10	00'L	1.00	9.00		0.25		0.30	1.00	0.25		12.60
HPES Rebate HPES Financing Buvdown	vdown	0.10	0.20								0.25	0.15		0.70
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	02.0		100			-	-						0.35
HVAC Enhanced Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2	1.00		5-	00.1	A.UU	o. +	1 25		0.30	1.25	0.40		14.40
Direct Install	Exhibit NJNG-3	0.30					<u>.</u> .	g	0.50	0.50	2.50	0.50		6.25
Total FTEs		2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	9.00	-	1.50	0.50	1.00	4.00	1.00		22.00
2009 Satary		\$ 105,500	\$ 82,000	\$ 42,500	\$ 60,000	\$ 50,500	\$ 73,000	\$ 00	73,000	\$ 73,000	\$ 42,500	\$ 73.000		
Total Labor		\$ 211,000	\$ 82,000	\$ 42,500	\$ 60,000	\$ 454,500	\$ 109,500	\$ 00	36,500	\$ 73,000	-			
Fringe Overheads Office Overheads		\$ 71,740 63,300	\$ 27,880 24,600	\$ 14,450 12,750	\$ 20,400	\$ 154,530 136,350	\$ 37,230 32,850	\$ 00	12,410	\$ 24,820	\$ 57,800	\$ 24,820		
Subtotal Overheads		\$ 135,040	\$ 52,480	\$ 27,200	\$ 38,400	69	\$ 70,080	\$ 08	23,360	\$ 46,720	\$ 108,800	\$ 46,720	1	
Total with Overheads		\$ 346,040	\$ 134,480	\$ 69,700	\$ 98,400	\$ 745,380	\$ 179,580	\$ 08	59,860	\$ 119,720	\$ 278,800	\$ 119,720	\$ 868,750	\$ 3,020,430
Audit O&M		\$ 60,557		\$ 69,700	\$ 98,400	\$ 745,380	5	~			\$ 69,700	\$ 29,930	\$ 318,750	\$ 1,392,417
Total without Audit		\$ 285,483	\$ 134,480	•	•	•	\$ 179,580	\$ 08	59,860	\$ 119,720	\$ 209,100	\$ 89,790	\$ 550,000	\$ 1,628,013
FTE's Year 2 O&M Cost Year 2		0.25	0.50				0.50	*			0.50			1.75

Exhibit NJNG-5 Page 5 of 6

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency investments

Revenue Requirement and Recovery (\$000)

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Exhibit NJNG-5 Page 6 of 6

NJNG Energy Efficiency Program Minimum Filing Requirements for Rate Filing

Minimum Filing Requirements

- Information on direct FTE employment impacts, as defined in Paragraph 17 of the attached Stipulation, including a breakdown by each of the three NJNG EE programs. The Company will not be responsible for addressing the level of employment activity for HVAC and/or HPES contractors that are hired by customers unless those contractors are hired by NJNG.
- 2. A monthly revenue requirement calculation based on EE Program expenditures, including the investment and cost components in paragraph 7, herein, showing the actual monthly revenue requirement for each of the past twelve months or clause-review period, as well as supporting calculations, including the information related to the tax rate and revenue multiplier used in the revenue requirement calculation.
- For the review period, actual clause revenues, by month and by rate class recorded under the EE Program.
- 4. Monthly beginning and ending clause deferred balances related to the EE Program, as well as the average deferred balance, net of tax, for the 12-month period.
- 5. The interest rate used each month for over/under deferred balance recoveries related to the EE Program, and all supporting documentation and calculations for the interest rate.
- 6. The interest expense to be charged or credited to ratepayers each month.
- A schedule showing budgeted versus actual EE Program costs by the following categories: administrative (all utility costs), marketing/sales, training, rebates/incentives, including inspections and quality control, program implementation (all contract costs), evaluation, and any other costs.
- The monthly journal entries relating to regulatory asset and deferred O&M expenses related to the EE Program for the 12 month review period.

- 9. Supporting details for all administrative costs related to the EE Program included in the revenue requirement.
- 10. Information supporting the carrying cost used for the unamortized costs of the EE Program.
- 11. Number of participants for each of the three NJNG EE programs.
- 12. Estimated demand and energy savings for each of the three NJNG EE programs.
- 13. Estimated emissions reductions for each of the three NJNG EE programs. .

NJNG Energy Efficiency Program

PUBLIC UTILITY STIMULUS FILINGS JOB CREATION SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Section 15 of the stipulation in BPU Docket No. GO09010057, the Company agrees to comply with this requested reporting format. However, the Company's reporting will only capture activity related to the direct job creation at NJNG as a result of the EE Program. Accordingly, the expectation is that Part D will not apply because the Company does not intend to directly hire contractors. Further, Parts B and C may be subject to further discussion with the Department of Labor and the NJCEP to ensure that NJNG's reporting properly supplements, rather than duplicates, the information captured for NJCEP activity.

PART A: Program information

Please provide the following information related to the program contained in the Company's January 20, 2009 filing:

- (1) Budget
- (2) Total time
- (3) Type of building
- (4) Target number of projects

PART B: Typical project

In order to provide a better understanding of the Company's estimates, the following questions ask about a typical project under this filing:

- (1) What is the size of a typical or average project in this program? Indicate the estimate in square feet.
- (2) How much will the typical project described above cost to complete?
- (3) How long (in days) will it take to complete the typical project described above?
- (4) What is the total number of workers (FTE) needed to complete this project?

PART C: Jobs

The Company's filing indicated the total number of jobs that will be necessary to complete this project. This section asks more detailed questions about those.

- Total number of jobs from filing: Please identify the total number of jobs created listed in the Company's filing. Please update if this figure has changed.
- (2) Source of formula for jobs estimate: What is the source or formula the Company used to create the job projects? Please include supporting documentation.
- (3) Occupation title: What is the title of the occupation?
- (4) Total jobs: Please provide the average number of people in this position the Company estimates will be needed for the program. Also provide the Company's minimum and maximum estimates, based on demand for this program.

NJNG Energy Efficiency Program

PUBLIC UTILITY STIMULUS FILINGS JOB CREATION SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS

- (5) New jobs: Please provide the average number of <u>new</u> people in this position the Company estimates will be needed for the program. Also provide the Company's minimum and maximum estimates, based on demand for this program.
- (6) Requirements:
 - (a) Minimum education: What is the minimum education level needed for people in this occupation?
 - (b) Certifications: What types of certifications are necessary for people in this occupation, if any?
 - (c) Skills: What specific skills are necessary for people in this occupation?
- (7) Entry level: Is this occupation one that can be filled by entry-level workers without training or experience? Check 'Y' for YES or 'N' for NO.

PART D: Contracts

Some of the work identified in the Company's filing will be contracted out. This section asks specific questions about these proposed contracts.

- (1) Type of contract: What type of business services will this contract target?
- (2) Number of this type: How many contracts of this type do you expect to make?
- (3) Number of projects: How many projects will be served by this type of contract?
- (4) Estimated number of workers: How many workers will be employed by this contract?
- (5) Estimated number of new workers: How many new workers will be hired to fulfill this contract?
- (6) Occupation titles of workers: What are the specific occupation titles of workers who will be help fulfill this contract?

PART E: Comments

Please provide any additional information that will be helpful in evaluating the job creation portion of your filing.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS WITH AN ASSOCIATED COST RECOVERY MECHANISM

BPU DOCKET NO. GO09010057

FINAL STIPULATION

APPEARANCES:

Tracey Thayer, Esq., New Jersey Natural Gas Company for the Petitioner, New Jersey Natural Gas Company

Felicia Thomas-Friel, Esq., Deputy Public Advocate, and Sarah H. Steindel, Esq., Assistant Deputy Public Advocate, Department of the Public Advocate, Division of Rate Counsel (Ronald K. Chen, Esq., Public Advocate, Stefanie A. Brand, Esq., Director)

Caroline Vachier, Jessica L. Campbell, Kerri Kirschbaum, Alex Moreau and Anne Marie Shatto, Deputy Attorneys General, for the Staff of the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (Anne Milgram, Attorney General of New Jersey)

Richard Webster, Esq., Attorney for Intervenor Natural Resources Defense Council

TO: THE NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

BACKGROUND

1. On January 20, 2009, New Jersey Natural Gas Company ("NJNG" or the "Company") filed a petition (the "Petition") in Docket No. GR09010057 requesting that the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities ("BPU" or the "Board") approve a number of energy

efficiency programs ("the EE Program"), pursuant to <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 48:3-98.1, to promote the goals of the comprehensive Economic Stimulus Package for New Jersey presented by the Honorable Jon Corzine, Governor of the State of New Jersey on October 16, 2008 ("the Governor's Economic Stimulus Plan"); the energy efficiency and conservation goals of the Global Warming Response Act ("Global Warming Response Act" or "RGGI"),¹ <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 26:2C-45, which was signed into law by Governor Corzine on January 13, 2008 and codified as <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 48:3-98.1; and the goals and policy direction encompassed in the New Jersey Energy Master Plan ("EMP").

2. The Company's proposed EE Program is designed to complement and supplement certain existing New Jersey Clean Energy Program ("the NJCEP") offers and encourage higher levels of participation than originally contemplated in the BPU-approved 2009 NJCEP Compliance plan, either through additional incentives or options to further support the WARMAdvantage, Home Performance with Energy Star ("HPES") and Commercial Direct Install programs.

3. As part of its Petition, the Company also requested that the Board approve a new cost recovery mechanism through which the Company will be authorized to recover all EE Program costs, including the costs of certain rebates, customer incentives, customer financing and associated incremental operations and maintenance ("O&M") expenses through a per therm charge applicable to all jurisdictional throughput on the NJNG system. The Company proposes to implement this per therm charge through a new Energy Efficiency Rider, tariff sheets for

Also known as the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative ("RGGI").

which are set forth as proposed "Rider F" to the Company's BPU Gas Tariff, originally provided as Exhibit NJNG-7 of the Petition.

4. The Company's Petition was accompanied by supporting schedules, program descriptions, financial and other related information. In an Order dated May 12, 2008 in Docket No. EO08030164 (the "May 12 Order"), the Board established Minimum Filing Requirements for filings submitted pursuant to Section 13 of the RGGI legislation, <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 48:3-98.1. Certain of those requirements were found by BPU Staff to be applicable to and necessary for the EE Program filing. A letter was received from BPU Staff dated February 18, 2009, noting that the NJNG Petition and accompanying schedules were found to be administratively complete pursuant to the May 12 Order.

5. On February 19, 2009, the Board issued an Order retaining this matter for consideration and, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:2-32, designated BPU President Jeanne M. Fox as the presiding officer. On February 25, 2009, President Fox, issued an Order setting forth a procedural schedule for this matter.

6. Public notice was provided by NJNG for six public hearings on the proposed EE Program that were held on the following times and dates at locations in the NJNG service territory: hearings at 3:30 pm and 5:30 pm on February 24, 2009, in Rockaway Township;; hearings at 3:30 pm and 5:30 pm on February 26, 2009, in Freehold Borough; and hearings at 3:30 pm and 5:30 pm on March 2, 2009, in Toms River Township. One member of the public appeared at one of the six public hearings but made no statement for the record on the NJNG Petition.

7. On March 27, 2009, the BPU received a motion from the Natural Resources Defense Council ("NRDC") seeking intervention in all of the Energy Efficiency proceedings that were filed at the time: Docket Nos. EO09010056, GO09010057, GO09010058, GO09010059, GO09010060, GO09010061, GO09010062 and GO09010063. By Order dated April 28, 2009, BPU President Jeanne Fox granted that motion.

 Discovery questions in this matter were propounded by Board Staff and Rate Counsel, and the Company has responded thereto.

9. Subsequent to the completion and review of discovery and the public hearings, and after a discovery/settlement meeting among NJNG, Board Staff and Rate Counsel (the "Parties"), the only Parties to this proceeding prior to April 28, 2009, the Parties agree that the EE Program and the associated cost recovery mechanism set forth in proposed Rider F, as amended by the Parties and set forth herein, are reasonable and in the public interest. NRDC did not participate in the discovery process or settlement discussions since the motion for intervention had not yet been decided. Since April 28, 2009, NRDC has been provided with copies of all settlement documents.

Specifically, the Parties hereby STIPULATE AND AGREE to the following.

STIPULATED MATTERS

Energy Efficiency Programs Offered

10. Upon Board approval of this Stipulation, the Parties agree that the Company shall begin the implementation process necessary to make available to qualified customers the three energy efficiency and conservation programs and enhancements as set forth in Exhibits NJNG-1 ("HVAC Rebate"), NJNG-2 ("HPES") and NJNG-3 ("Direct Install"), attached hereto and made part of this agreement. The costs of the three programs are as follows: HVAC - \$5.985 million, HPES - \$10.302 million, Direct Install - \$0.4 million and O&M - \$1.833 million. Those programs will provide additional incentives to customers participating in the Home Performance with Energy Star ("HPES") Audit Program, enhance the current WARMAdvantage program by providing additional rebates to residential customers to increase participation in that program while also funding and performing certain of the HPES audits, and expand the Direct Install program by providing incentive funding to additional participants. The Parties agree that these programs will be available to customers for a period of twelve months. NJNG anticipates that it will be prepared to have the programs available and accept applications within sixty (60) days of receipt of a written Board Order in this proceeding and agrees that the program offers will be available to eligible customers for a period of twelve months from that time. In the event that there is still EE Program funding available after that period, it is agreed that NJNG may continue to offer the approved EE Programs through December 31, 2010.

Customer Financing Available for Energy Efficiency Investments

11. It is agreed that NJNG will include in its Energy Efficiency Program the availability of interest-free financing to eligible residential customers who meet the specific program requirements. This financing option will be provided in conjunction with a third-party and will only be available to eligible customers with a credit rating above a pre-determined level. It is our understanding that the current proposal New Jersey has filed under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("ARRA") (Pub. L. No. 111-5) will provide financing options for customer with a credit score below the specified minimum so the NJNG financing option will be coordinated with NJCEP and the final elements of any ARRA program. Other than instances in which a customer is seeking to convert from an alternative heating source to the use of natural gas, this financing will not be available for deliverable fuel equipment upgrades.

Cost Recovery Mechanism - Rider F

12. The Parties agree that the Company will be authorized to defer and recover all EE Program costs, including the rebate costs, customer incentives, customer financing costs and associated reasonable and prudent incremental O&M expenses. The rebate costs, customer incentive costs, customer financing costs and associated O&M expenses will be subject to recovery in future periods pursuant to the terms of NJNG's Tariff Sheet Rider F ("Rider F"), attached here to as Exhibit NJNG-4, and as further described herein at Paragraph 13.

The EE Program costs will be subject to the terms set forth on Rider F and shall be recovered through a per therm Energy Efficiency Rider applicable to all jurisdictional throughput on the NJNG system. The estimated revenue requirement of the EE Programs, including customer financing and associated O&M expenses and assuming full immediate customer participation, are approximately \$21.096 million, as shown on Exhibit NJNG-5 attached hereto.

The Company will amortize its EE Program investments made in participating customer rebates, incentive payments and customer financing over a four (4) year period on a straight line basis, with the return on the unamortized investments based upon the Company's overall weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"), inclusive of income taxes as authorized by the BPU in NJNG's recently concluded base rate case, BPU Docket No. GR07110889 (11.44% pre-tax and 7.76% after-tax). In computing the return component of its costs, NJNG will, in addition to the amortization of its investments, deduct the applicable deferred income taxes related to the amortization of rebates, incentives and financing costs over a four-year period for book purposes and over one year for tax purposes. The initial monthly revenue requirement, assuming full immediate customer participation, is detailed in Exhibit NJNG-5, page 6. The initial BPU approved EE Program investments and operating costs will be reconciled to actual on an annual basis in accordance with paragraph 13 herein and all federal or state tax benefits received by the Company associated with these programs will be used to reduce the revenue requirement to be collected from ratepayers.

13. The Company requests that the Board establish the initial Energy Efficiency rate as set forth in Rider F to be effective on August 1, 2009. Thereafter, the Company will make annual EE Program cost recovery filings by June 1st to establish future Rider F rates. That filing will target an effective date of the immediately following October 1, in conjunction with NJNG's annual Basic Gas Supply Service filings. The Company's annual EE Program cost recovery filings will include information regarding actual costs and recoveries for the previous year, as well as projected costs and volumes for the upcoming year. A list of Minimum Filing Requirements for the annual EE Program filing is shown in Exhibit NJNG-6. Any variance between costs and recoveries will accrue interest at a rate equal to the Company's monthly commercial paper rate. In the event that commercial paper was not utilized by the company in the preceding month, the last

calculated rate will be used. The interest rate shall not exceed the Company's rate of return as authorized by the BPU in the Company's most recent base rate case, BPU Docket No. GR07110889, or until changed by Board Order. Interest on over/under recoveries will be calculated using simple interest, based on the average beginning and ending over/under recovery balances for the month, on a net-of-tax basis. In each annual filing, the sum of the monthly interest to be collected from or credited to ratepayers will be included in the rate calculations for the upcoming year as part of the calculation of EE Program cost over or under-recoveries. It is anticipated that the impact of the EE Program over the four-year amortization period, assuming full immediate customer participation, will average approximately \$8.28 per year, an increase of approximately 0.5 percent on a typical residential heating customer using 1000 therms annually.

Reporting and Potential Shift in Program Budgets

14. Based on market response, spending on the aggregate EE Program or any of the individual programs may be accelerated and completed sooner than the proposed period. To provide flexibility in responding to market conditions and customer demand during the term of the EE Program, the Parties agree that there should be a process to address proposals for any individual program under-spending; however, no such under-spending may be carried over beyond December 31, 2010 without the approval of the Board. In addition, based upon market conditions and the level of market response to each of the individual programs, the Company may transfer funding between individual programs in order to address customer and market demand, subject to the following procedures. The Company will submit to the Signatory Parties a written description of the proposed transfers, the rationale for the proposed transfers, and a narrative and schedules showing the effect of the proposed transfers on the aggregate costs and

benefit analysis reviewed within this proceeding². If any Signatory Party objects in writing to one or more proposed transfers within forty-five (45) days after the Company has submitted the required information to the Signatory Parties, then no transfer that is a subject of the objection will take effect until after the Board has approved the transfer. Board Staff shall advise the Board of all proposed transfers of Program funding between individual programs. Board approval will be required when proposed transfers in the aggregate: (i) increase or decrease any program's budget by more than 20 percent; or (ii) involve more than 10 percent of the EE Program's budget. For any proposed transfer which does not require Board approval under the parameters described in the preceding sentence, if there has been no objection to the proposed transfer and no notification from Staff indicating that a commissioner wants the Board to review the proposed transfer, then a Secretary's letter will be issued permitting the Company to make the requested change. The Company will also report on this acceleration in its Annual Filing and the monthly reporting described below.

15. Based on market response, the Company may propose to modify programs during the term of the EE Program. No such modification shall take effect without approval by the Board. To propose a modification, the Company shall submit to the Signatory Parties, in writing, a description of its proposed modifications, the rationale for its proposed modifications, and a narrative and schedules showing the effect of its proposed modifications on the costs and benefits of the affected programs. The Company shall present the proposed modifications to the Board for approval if no objections to the proposed modifications are received within forty-five

² This schedule will present a modified cost benefit analysis ("CBA") summary sheet showing the new funding levels for each program and addressing how the weighting of these values would have impacted the combined CBA reviewed in this case. The underlying original CBA to support this calculation will be the final CEEEP analysis

(45) days after that filing. The Company will also report on these modifications in its Annual Filing and the monthly reporting described below.

16. The Company will provide monthly reports ("Monthly Activity Reports") to Board Staff and Rate Counsel on EE Program activity and estimated impacts for each calendar month for the month following the date of the Board's approval of the EE Program through December 2010, or such later date as the Board approves for the end of the EE Program. Initially, the Company will include the data requested in the Program Manager Data Tracking Sheets as these reports are consistent with the data currently reported by the Company for the NJCEP Comfort Partners program. Further, the Company commits to work with the OCE toward the development of more detailed customer project level reporting as identified in the Program Participation Data Report that is being sought by the OCE for the EE Program. The Company and OCE will use best efforts to complete the development of such plan within 90 days of the date of the Board Order in this proceeding. The Company will submit each Monthly Activity Report within thirty (30) days of the end of the calendar month covered by the report. The Company will provide BPU Staff and Rate Counsel with a cost estimate of any information technology modifications needed to report the data in the required format, if the Company considers such expenses to be incremental costs that require recovery through the Energy Efficiency Rider. If Board Staff and/or Rate Counsel inform the Company to proceed with the necessary IT modifications, then all reasonable and prudent costs to provide such electronic data transfer are in the best interest of ratepayers and shall be fully recoverable by the Company.

performed by the Rutgers Center for Energy, Economic and Environmental Policy ("CEEEP") for NJNG which was circulated to the parties on June 18, 2009.

Job Creation

17. The Parties agree that job creation is an integral aspect of the EE program. Therefore, the Company agrees to report for the term in which the EE programs are offered, in the monthly report provided pursuant to Paragraph 16 herein: (i) the number of full-time equivalents ("FTE") that the Company hires to perform work associated with the EE Program, and (ii) the number of FTEs that entities under contract with the Company to perform work associated with the Company's EE Program have hired to perform such work, if applicable. The Parties agree that reporting of job creation will be in the format contained in the Job Creation Questionnaire, attached hereto as Exhibit NJNG-7. For the purpose of reporting jobs associated with the Company's EE Program, FTE means one or more individuals collectively working a total of 1820 hours annually in connection with the Company's EE Program.

18. The New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development (LWD) oversees the Green Job Training Partnership program (GJTP), which is intended to help meet the employment needs of the Company and local contractors by providing graduates of the training program to be considered for employment in occupations needed for implementation of the EE Program. The Company will conduct the following program activities to support and promote the GJTP during the term in which the EE Program discussed herein is available:

(a) Promote awareness and enhanced participation of the GJTP, by providing information from LWD about the GJTP to all contractors located within the Company's service territory who are listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program and are certified by the Building Performance Institute (BPI); (b) Coordinate and conduct at least two outreach meetings each year of the EE Program, inviting all contractors listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program that are BPI certified, and are at a minimum located within the Company's service territory. The outreach meetings will include a presentation regarding the GJTP, in which LWD will participate along with local GJTP grantees for the territory;

(c) Serve on at least one GJTP Employer Council;

(d) Advise all contractors listed in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star program that are BPI certified and are at a minimum located within the Company's service territory of the benefits of participating on the appropriate GJTP Employer Council;

(e) Post information on the Company's website regarding the GJTP and a link to LWD's website. Information on the GJTP can be found at: <u>http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/employer/training/Apprenticeship.html</u>

(f) Post all vacancies for New Jersey-based jobs related to the EE Program through the local One-Stop Career Center. A listing of the local One-Stop Career Centers is located at: <u>http://lwd.dol.state.nj.us/labor/wnjpin/findjob/onestop/services.html</u>; and

(g) Inform, in writing or electronically, all GJTP grantees as identified by GJTP of all New Jersey-based entry-level job vacancies within the Company related to the EE Program..

Government Funding

Subject to any restrictions set forth in the ARRA and other applicable law, if
 NJNG gets federal funds or credits directly related to any of the EE Program offerings through

the ARRA, the Company agrees to utilize that money to offset the respective EE Program costs, as detailed in paragraph 12 herein. If funding or credits from the ARRA or any subsequent state or federal action becomes available to NJNG through the State of New Jersey, a County or Municipality for project reimbursement, NJNG agrees that any such funds or credits directly applicable to work related to the EE Program will be used to benefit customers by offsetting the costs for which recovery will be sought, to the extent permitted by law.

20. However, in no case shall the combination of: 1) federal ARRA funding; 2) NJCEP incentive funding; and 3) incentives provided as part of this approved program (excluding program incentive financing) fund 100% of a project's costs through rebates or other direct incentives. If it is determined that a project would be funded through 100% rebates or incentives, the Parties agree that, subject to any restrictions set forth in the ARRA and other applicable law, incentive funding approved as part of this program shall be reduced to bring the total rebates and incentives under 100% of the EE Program costs. However, the Company does not have direct knowledge of ARRA grants to customers and intends to limit the NJNG Direct Install program to non-governmental entities.

Cost Benefit Analysis

21. Based on the Company's input regarding assumptions and the Cost Benefit Analysis ("CBA") provided on June 18, 2009 by Rutger's Center for Energy, Economic, and Environmental Policy ("CEEEP"), the proposed Program appears to be cost effective and consistent with the Governor's Economic Stimulus Plan. Future program evaluation will include evaluation for all programs, and the scope of the program evaluation will include: (a). cost/benefit analysis, including a Participant Cost Test ("PCT"), Program Administration Cost Test ("PAC"), Ratepayer Impact Measure ("RIM"), Total Resource Cost ("TRC"), and Societal Cost Test ("SCT"), to be performed by CEEEP after having been retained by the Board; using a methodology consistent with the methodology used by the CEEEP and provided to the NJ Clean Energy Program by CEEEP; and

(b) Impact evaluation, to be performed by CEEEP or a subcontractor to be retained by CEEEP. CEEEP will follow its internal procurement process in retaining such subcontractor in accordance with the terms of the contract between CEEEP and the Board. If the Board is unable to retain CEEEP to perform the evaluation services identified above, then such evaluations shall be performed by a third party vendor to be retained by the Board pursuant to State procurement laws. Customers, including those who are protected by the BPU's Winter Moratorium rules, will be eligible to participate in the EE Program. However, should any customer fail to repay NJNG his or her portion of the costs associated with the measures installed, all such costs will be recovered within the rate recovery mechanism set forth herein.

Further Provisions

22. This Stipulation represents a mutual balancing of interests, contains interdependent provisions and, therefore, is intended to be accepted and approved in its entirety. In the event any particular aspect of this Stipulation is not accepted and approved in its entirety by the Board, any Party aggrieved thereby shall not be bound to proceed with this Stipulation and shall have the right to litigate all issues addressed herein to a conclusion. More particularly, in the event this

Stipulation is not adopted in its entirety by the Board in any applicable Order(s), then any Party hereto is free to pursue its then available legal remedies with respect to all issues addressed in this Stipulation as though this Stipulation had not been signed.

23. It is the intent of the Parties that the provisions hereof be approved by the Board as being in the public interest. The Parties further agree that they consider the Stipulation to be binding on them for all purposes herein.

24. It is specifically understood and agreed that this Stipulation represents a negotiated agreement and has been made exclusively for the purpose of these proceedings. Except as expressly provided herein, NJNG, the Board, the Board Staff, and Rate Counsel shall not be deemed to have approved, agreed to, or consented to any principle or methodology underlying or supposed to underlie any agreement provided herein and, in total or by specific item, is in no way binding upon them in any other proceeding, except to enforce the terms of this Stipulation.

WHEREFORE, the Parties hereto do respectfully submit this Stipulation and request that the Board issue a Decision and Order approving it in its entirety, in accordance with the terms hereof, as soon as reasonably possible.

NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS PETITIONER

By: TRACEY THAYER, BSQ. Director, Regulatory Affairs Counsel

> DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC ADVOCATE RONALD K. CHEN, PUBLIC ADVOCATE DIVISION OF RATE COUNSEL STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR

By:

STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR

STAFF OF THE NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES ANNE MILGRAM ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NEW JERSEY

By:

JESSICA L. CAMPBELL Deputy Attorney General

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DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC ADVOCATE RONALD K. CHEN, PUBLIC ADVOCATE DIVISION OF RATE COUNSEL STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR STEFANIE A. BRAND, DIRECTOR

By:

STAFF OF THE NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES ANNE MILGRAM ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NEW JERSEY

By:

mabell ESSICA L. CAMPBELL Deputy Attorney General

NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL

By:

RICHARD WEBSTER, ESQ.

Description of	This program is designed to encourage broader voluntary participation
Program	in the NJCEP Home Performance with Energy Star (HPES) Audit program and to encourage customers to implement the recommended audit improvements. The HPES program involves an initial fee-based Audit that identifies both system and building shell improvements to provide improvements to the energy efficiency, comfort, and safety of a customer's home. To accommodate the state's request to add financing options available for customers to encourage them to implement the Tier III recommendations and any Tier II work beyond the \$1,000 cap, NJNG will offer a zero percent financing option to all NJNG residential
	customers with a natural gas heating system or installing a natural gas heating system. This financing option will be accommodated by use of a third party and will only be available to customers above a specified credit rating ¹ . All participating customers would be able to use this financing option in conjunction with the Tier II and Tier III rebates.
	In order to accommodate the cost of adding this financing feature to NJNG's proposal and to meet significantly higher participation levels than the proposed update to the NJCEP compliance plan, the program will be modified to indicate that NJCEP will cover the cost of the Tier II and Tier III customer incentives and the customer refund of the \$125 audit fee upon approval of the NJNG program. However, in order to provide certainty for the roll-out of the customer incentives and to provide some budget relief to NJCEP if necessary, the following modifications could be made: In order to provide certainty for NJNG customer incentives for
	 the entire program, NJNG would fund these customer incentives as of January 1, 2010. In the event, NJCEP is reaching 2009 budget limits for the program, the responsibility for paying Tier II and Tier III incentives to NJNG customers would shift to NJNG.
	Additionally, NJNG will offer an alternate NJNG rebate of \$900 for customers who only pursue a boiler or furnace upgrade meeting the WARM Advantage criteria.
	This same treatment will be available for customers for the Tier II and Tier III recommendations implemented by customers who have the Tier I audit performed by NJNG as described in Exhibit NJNG-2.

¹ It is our understanding that the current proposal New Jersey has filed under the ARRA block grants will provide financing options for customers below this minimum credit score. The minimum credit level will be coordinated with NJCEP and the NJ program under ARRA.

1

Market Segment/ Efficiency Targeted	energy equipment will participate in the HPES installation of high effi	be the targeted group audit at the outset. The ciency HVAC equipment	mmediately replace their since it is mandatory to e program will target the nt and the installation of n improvements to the
Delivery Method	NJCEP Tier I auditors II/III NJCEP HPES c	. Installation work will ontractors who are ex	contractors approved as ll be performed by Tier pected to meet NJCEF formance Institute (BPI)
Estimated Program Participants	1,950 voluntary audits (plus 5,000 from NJNG's enhanced rebate program) Tier II estimate of 2,898 paid by NJNG. Actual participation expected to be higher but funded by NJCEP Tier III estimate 800 paid by NJNG. Actual participation expected to be higher but funded by NJCEP	Estimated Annual Savings	Tier II work= 105,000 therms Tier III work= 97,000 therms
Link to existing programs	Directly linked to NJC	EP HPES program	

Existing Incentives for 2009	Tier II- NJCEP Program offers up to \$1,000 for air and duct sealing. Tier III- choice of rebates ranging from 10 percent to 50 percent of the improvements with total rebate cap of \$5,000 or low cost financing through a 3 rd party	Proposed NJNG Whole Building Incentives	NJNG to fund the buydown cost for a 10 year zero percent loan through a specified third party in an amount subject to the limits agreed upon through the HPES loan coordination process. Additionally, as of January 1, 2010 or upon notification from NJCEP, NJNG will fund the cost of up to \$1,000 for Tier II air and duct sealing (weatherization) measures for all customers, Tier III cash rebate incentives, and the refund of the audit fee for customers that implement a specified level of work. For customers who are only interested in pursuing a boiler or furnace upgrade that meets the WARM Advantage criteria, NJNG will offer an alternative incremental rebate of \$900 in lieu of the HPES Tier III cash incentive rebate.
Estimated avoided air emissions	Tier II: 1,202,000 lbs. of C Tier III: 1,120,000 lbs. of C	CO ₂ and 964 lb CO ₂ and 887 lb	s. of NOx annually
Anticipated Job Creation	Additional auditors needed. contractor companies needed petition.		ntractors and/or workers at xhibit NJNG-10 of the initial
Budget information	Refer to Exhibit NJNG- 9 of costs.		-
Marketing Approach	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-4 of	the initial peti	tion.

Cost Recovery/ Rate design	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-5 for information related to cumulative program costs and the proposed cost recovery schedule. These costs are to be collected through an Energy Efficiency Rider "F" applicable to all jurisdictional throughput
Contractor Role	NJNG projects a significant increase in the volume of contractor work. There will be no change to the relationship between the contractor and customers for work done after the HPES audit. For those customers choosing a rebate, that amount can be assigned to the contractor if desired.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Enhanced Warm Advantage Rebate Program

Description of	Currently, an overwhelming majority of customers with existing
Description of Program	Currently, an overwhelming majority of customers with existing HVAC equipment being replaced due to immediate or imminent equipment failure opt for standard efficiency for their new HVAC units. In order to meet the Energy Master Plan savings targets, the State will need almost every customer faced with an equipment decision to select high efficiency equipment. Because this decision will most likely only be made by most equipment owners once between now and 2020, it is crucial to start significantly influencing these HVAC purchases now. Accordingly, NJNG will offer enhanced rebates of \$900 for qualified WARMAdvantage furnace and boiler equipment purchases. However, customers will only be entitled to this enhanced rebate if they agree to have a Home Performance with Energy Star (HPES) Tier I audit that will be paid for and performed by NJNG. Follow-up Tier II and Tier III work will be performed by HPES certified contractors and will run through the NJCEP program channels for approval of work and calculation of customer and contractor incentives. As part of HPES Enhancement (Exhibit NJNG-1) program as of January 1,2010 or upon notification from NJCEP, NJNG will fund customer incentives for the HPES Tier II and Tier III ecommendations implemented by customers. The Enhanced WARMAdvantage Rebate program is also applicable to small
	commercial customers with an HVAC system sized up to 400 CFH. ¹
Market	Residential and small commercial customers who have existing
Segment/	furnaces or boilers needing immediate or imminent replacement. The
Efficiency	program will promote the installation of high efficiency equipment and
Targeted	the installation of other energy efficiency measures by creating awareness of opportunities identified through the Tier I audit.
Delivery	NJNG and HVAC Contractors to promote programs to customers.
Method	NJNG to process incremental rebates and perform the Tier I audits.
	HPES contractors to implement Tier II and Tier III improvements from Audit recommendations.

1

¹ Commercial customers will not be required to have an NJNG or HPES Tier I audit performed to receive the incremental rebate since there is no comparable NJCEP commercial audit currently available.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Enhanced Warm Advantage Rebate Program

Estimated Program Participants	5,000 for Tier I audit performed by NJNG 6,650 for rebate (includes voluntary HPES audit rebates). Note: Tier II and Tier III work implemented as a result of the NJNG Tier I audits are addressed in Exhibit NJNG-1.	Estimated Annual Savings	1,200,000 therms
Link to existing programs	WARMAdvantage Home Performance	with Energy S	Star (HPES)
Existing Incentives	 WARMAdvantage \$300-\$400 HPES incentives are captured on Exhibit NJNG-1. 	Proposed Incentives	Incremental \$900 rebate to customer for WARMAdvantage furnace or boiler installations. Required HPES Tier I audit to be performed and the cost to be funded by NJNG. NJNG to fund the cost of the HPES Tier II and Tier III incentives ² as of January 1, 2010 or upon notification of NJCEP. The HPES work is captured on Exhibit NJNG-1.
Estimated avoided air emissions	13,200,000 lbs. of CO ₂	and 10,600 lb	
Anticipated Job Creation		d for additiona	and perform the audits, as well as al contractor employees for the er to Exhibit NJNG-10.
Budget information	Refer to Exhibit NJNG- costs.	9 of the initial	petition for categorization of
Marketing Approach	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-	4 of the initial	petition.

² These offers are based on the recently approved incentives from Honeywell for the 2009 Program year.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Enhanced Warm Advantage Rebate Program

Cost	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-5 for budget information related to program
Recovery/	costs and the proposed cost recovery schedule. These costs to be
Rate design	collected through an Energy Efficiency Rider "F" applicable to all
	jurisdictional throughput.
Contractor Role	Local HVAC contractors currently engaged in equipment replacement can make customers aware of the enhanced rebate opportunity. The resulting work should increase the number of high efficiency equipment replacement jobs that are performed. HPES qualified contractors will also see a significant increase in the demand for Tier II and Tier III HPES work.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Commercial Customer Direct Install Program

Description of Program	measures or improvement program, NJNG will fund additional 50 eligible cur double NJNG's anticipa Compliance Plan Statew through this program will 2009 NJCEP Compliance Note: This proposal pres- has been fully launched by	ts identified by ad the cost of t stomers. This ated share of vide target. The l be consistent of Plan approved sumes that the by the time this	NJCEP Direct Install program proposal is approved. Should
	participate in the NJCEP	proved prior program, NJN	to customers being able to G's launch will be postponed
	until the program is fully		
Market Segment/ Efficiency Targeted		Install targets c	he new NJCEP Direct Install ustomers with average annual
Delivery Method	NJCEP Direct Install char	and available in	istent with the developing ill work with TRC to raise incentives to those commercial arget profile.
Estimated Program	50 additional eligible customers	Estimated Annual	17, 000 therms
Participants	customers	Savings	
Link to existing programs	Directly linked to the new	THE PARTY NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.	Install program
Existing Incentives for 2009	Direct install- NJCEP provides up to 80 percent of the costs of the recommended measures.	Proposed NJNG Whole Building Incentives	No incremental incentive but NJNG will fund the cost of the customer incentives for an additional 50 customers.
Estimated avoided air emissions	198,000 lbs. of CO ₂ and 1	and the second sec	
Anticipated Job Creation	Need for additional contra Refer to Exhibit NJNG-10		lume of work to be generated.
Budget			tition for categorization of
Marketing Approach	Refer to Exhibit NJNG-4	of the initial pet	ition.

NJNG WHOLE BUILDING Energy Efficiency Programs Commercial Customer Direct Install Program

Cost	Refer to Exhibit NJNG- 5 for budget information related to program
Recovery/	costs and the proposed cost recovery schedule. These costs will be
Rate design	collected through an Energy Efficiency Rider "F" applicable to all jurisdictional throughput.
Contractor Role	There is no change proposed to the current relationships between the contractors and customers for work done.

Exhibit NJNG-4 Page 1 of 2

NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS COMPANY

BPU No. 8 - Gas

First Revised Sheet No. 172 Superseding Original Sheet No. 172

<u>RIDER "F"</u> ENERGY EFFICIENCY – EE

AVAILABILITY

Applicable to the following service classifications:

RS	Residential Service
DGR	Distributed Generation Residential
GSS	General Service - Small
GSL	General Service - Large
FT	Firm Transportation
DGC	Distributed Generation Commercial

ED Economic Development FC Firm Cogeneration NGV Natural Gas Vehicle IS Interruptible Service IGS Incremental Gas Service

The Energy Efficiency ("EE") rate is for recovering authorized expenditures related to the energy efficiency programs as approved in BPU Docket No. GO09010057.

DETERMINATION OF THE EE

The Company shall file an annual request with the Board for implementation of an EE charge, which shall be applicable to customers on all service classifications to which Rider "F" applies.

I. Determination of the EE

The EE rate shall be derived in the following manner:

- An estimate shall be made of the total annual cost related to the EE programs. This rider will include only
 expenses for energy efficiency programs approved by the Board in BPU Docket No. GO09010057, unless
 modified further by Board Order.
- (2) An estimate shall be made of the total annual volume of prospective jurisdictional sales of gas (in therms) to NJNG's sales and transportation customers.
- (3) The prospective EE costs (per paragraph (1)) shall be adjusted upward or downward to the extent of the amount of any prior under-recovery or over-recovery of EE to determine the total EE costs to be recovered and then shall be divided by the estimated total volume of prospective sales (per paragraph (2)), to determine the per unit EE cost recovery rate.

Date of Issue: Issued by:

Mark R. Sperduto, Vice President Wall, NJ 07719 Effective for service rendered on and after July xx, 2009

Filed pursuant to Order of the Board of Public Utilities entered in Docket No. GO09010057

Exhibit NJNG-4 Page 2 of 2

NEW JERSEY NATURAL GAS COMPANY

BPU No. 8 - Gas

First Revised Sheet No. 173 Superseding Original Sheet No. 173

<u>RIDER "F"</u> <u>ENERGY EFFICIENCY – EE</u>

II. Tracking the Operation of the EE

The Company shall calculate carrying costs on the average monthly balances of under-or over-recovery of deferred EE costs based upon the Company's monthly commercial paper rate. The carrying cost calculation shall be based on the net of tax beginning and end average monthly balance. The carrying costs shall accrue on a monthly basis and shall be rolled into the EE balance at the end of each EE year.

In accordance with P.L., 1997 c. 162, the charges applicable under this Rider include provision for the New Jersey Sales and Use Tax ("SUT"), and when billed to customers exempt from this tax, as set forth in Rider "B", shall be reduced by the amount of such tax included therein.

The EE factor shall be credited/collected on a per therm basis within the Delivery Charge for all service classifications to which Rider "F" applies. The EE factor is as set forth below:

\$0.0127

Date of Issue: Issued by:

Mark R. Sperduto, Vice President Wall, NJ 07719 Effective for service rendered on and after July xx, 2009

Filed pursuant to Order of the Board of Public Utilities entered in Docket No. GO09010057

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

		R	evenue Re		ment and Re 000)	ecove	ery			
	Exhibit				Y	ear				
-	Reference		1		2		3		4	Total
Efficiency Investments										
HPES Seal-Up Rebate		\$	2,898	\$	2,174	s	1,449	\$	725	
HPES Tier II and III Reb	pate		2,160		1,620		1,080		540	
HPES Financing		210	3,852		2,889		1,926		963	
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	\$	8,910	\$	6,682	\$	4,455	\$	2,227	
HVAC Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2		5,985		4,489		2,993		1,496	
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-3		400		300		200		100	
Total		\$	15,295	\$	11,471	\$	7,647	\$	3,824	
Revenue Requirements										
HPES Amortization		\$	2,227	\$	2,227	s	2,227	\$	2,227	\$ 8,910
HVAC Rebate Amortizat	tion	-	1,496	*	1,496	*	1,496	Ψ	1,496	5,985
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Amortization		100		100		100		100	400
Total Rebate Amortization		\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$ 15,295
HPES Audit Expenses			1,392		-		-		-	1,392
O&M Expense			1,628		205		-		-	1,833
Debt Cost			273		145		89		51	558
Equity Return			580		309		190		109	1,189
Income Taxes		-	404		216		133		76	829
Total		\$	8,101	\$	4,699	\$	4,236	\$	4,061	\$ 21,096
Per Therm Recovery										
Firm Throughput (000 therms	5)		679,261		679,261		679,261		679,261	
Per Therm		\$	0.0119	\$	0.0069	\$	0.0062	\$	0.0060	
Per Therm with Sales Tax		\$	0.0127	\$	0.0074	\$	0.0066	\$	0.0064	
Average Residential (1,000	therms)	\$	12.70	\$	7.40	\$	6.60	\$	6.40	\$ 33.10
4-Year Average Residential	(1,000 therms)	\$	8.28	\$	8.28	\$	8.28	\$	8.28	

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

Program Units and Costs

	Exhibit	Z	NJNG Audit	t	Cor	Contractor Audit	udit		Other			Year 1
	Reference	Units	Cost	Years	Units	Cost	Years	Units		Years	Inve	Investments
												(\$000)
HPES Audit		5,000	\$ 230	٢	1,950	1,950 \$ 125	-				69	1 392
HPES Seal-Up		1,932	\$ 1,000	4	996	\$ 1,000	4				69	2.898
HPES Rebate		600	\$ 1,933	4	200	\$ 5,000	4				69	2.160
HPES Financing*		1,200	\$ 2,140	4	600	\$ 2,140	4				69	3 852
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	8,732	\$ 5,303		3,716 \$	\$ 8,265					69	10.302
HVAC Enhanced Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2	5,000	\$ 900	4	1,650	\$ 900	4				69	5.985
Direct Install	Exhibit NJNG-3							50	50 \$ 8,000	4	5	400
Total Investments											49	16.687

* HPES Financing calculated at a loan of \$5,500 and a buydown cost of \$389/\$1000 borrowed

Exhibit NJNG-5 Page 2 of 6

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

Cost of Capital and Tax Rates

Component		Amount	Ratio	Cost	Weighted Cost
Cost of Capital					
Long-Term Debt	\$	411,344	41.63%	5.44%	2.26%
Short-Term Debt		66,000	6.68%	2.90%	0.19%
Customer Deposit		4,447	0.45%	4.79%	0.02%
Common Equity		506,332	51.24%	10.30%	5.28%
Total	\$	988,123	100.0%		7.76%
			Total	Debt Cost:	2.48%
Tax Effects					
Federal Income Tax NJ Corporate Income Tax	c		_	35.00% 9.36%	
Combined Tax Rate				41.08%	
Weighted-Return on Equity				5.28%	
Tax Rate				3.68%	
After-Tax Return					11.44%

	F		e Base 000)							
					Y	ear				
	Exhibit Reference	_	1	_	2	_	3	 4		Total
Efficiency Investments										
HPES Seal-Up Rebate	9	\$	2,898	\$	2,174	\$	1,449	\$ 725		
HPES Tier II and III Re	ebate		2,160		1,620		1,080	540		
HPES Financing			3,852		2,889		1,926	963		
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	\$	8,910	\$	6,682	\$	4,455	\$ 2,227		
HVAC Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2		5,985		4,489		2,993	1,496		
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-3		400		300		200	100		
Tot	tal	\$	15,295	\$	11,471	\$	7,647	\$ 3,824		
Amortization										
HPES Seal-Up Rebate		\$	725	\$	725	\$	725	\$ 725	S	2,898
HPES Tier II and III Re	ebate		540		540		540	540		2,160
HPES Financing		_	963		963		963	963		3,852
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	\$	2,227	\$	2,227	\$	2,227	\$ 2,227	\$	8,910
HVAC Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2		1,496		1,496		1,496	1,496		5,985
C&I Direct Install Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-3		100		100		100	100		400
Tot	al	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$	3,824	\$ 3,824	\$	15,295

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency Investments

	Investments
New Jersey Natural Gas	Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency

O&M Detail

	Exhibit Reference	Mgr	Contract Supervisor	Auditor	Lead r Scheduler	Auditor	Res Market Specialist		Comm Mkt Specialist	Program Promo Spec	Processing	Program	Non-Labor	Total
FTEs HPFS Audit		30.0												
HPES Seal-Up		0.10	0.10	00'L	1.00	9.00		0.25		0.30	1.00	0.25		12.60
HPES Rebate HPES Financing Buvdown	vdown	0.10	0.20								0.25	0.15		0.70
Total HPES	Exhibit NJNG-1	02.0		100			-	-						0.35
HVAC Enhanced Rebate	Exhibit NJNG-2	1.00		5-	00.1	A.UU	o. +	1 25		0.30	1.25	0.40		14.40
Direct Install	Exhibit NJNG-3	0.30					<u>.</u> .	g	0.50	0.50	2.50	0.50		6.25
Total FTEs		2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	9.00	-	1.50	0.50	1.00	4.00	1.00		22.00
2009 Satary		\$ 105,500	\$ 82,000	\$ 42,500	\$ 60,000	\$ 50,500	\$ 73,000	\$ 00	73,000	\$ 73,000	\$ 42,500	\$ 73.000		
Total Labor		\$ 211,000	\$ 82,000	\$ 42,500	\$ 60,000	\$ 454,500	\$ 109,500	\$ 00	36,500	\$ 73,000	-			
Fringe Overheads Office Overheads		\$ 71,740 63,300	\$ 27,880 24,600	\$ 14,450 12,750	\$ 20,400	\$ 154,530 136,350	\$ 37,230 32,850	\$ 00	12,410	\$ 24,820	\$ 57,800	\$ 24,820		
Subtotal Overheads		\$ 135,040	\$ 52,480	\$ 27,200	\$ 38,400	69	\$ 70,080	\$ 08	23,360	\$ 46,720	\$ 108,800	\$ 46,720	1	
Total with Overheads		\$ 346,040	\$ 134,480	\$ 69,700	\$ 98,400	\$ 745,380	\$ 179,580	\$ 08	59,860	\$ 119,720	\$ 278,800	\$ 119,720	\$ 868,750	\$ 3,020,430
Audit O&M		\$ 60,557		\$ 69,700	\$ 98,400	\$ 745,380	5	~			\$ 69,700	\$ 29,930	\$ 318,750	\$ 1,392,417
Total without Audit		\$ 285,483	\$ 134,480	•	•	•	\$ 179,580	\$ 08	59,860	\$ 119,720	\$ 209,100	\$ 89,790	\$ 550,000	\$ 1,628,013
FTE's Year 2 O&M Cost Year 2		0.25	0.50				0.50	*			0.50			1.75

Exhibit NJNG-5 Page 5 of 6

New Jersey Natural Gas Economic Stimulus Energy Efficiency investments

Revenue Requirement and Recovery (\$000)

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Average	Deletion	(154)	(296)	(26)	575	1,183	1,635	1.810	1.669	1.331	818	515	157	1		(83)	(155)	01	365	122	898	1,068	1,004	808	246	010	ž	10040	(0,1)	(141)	108	648	BBB	878	902	722	501	283	87		(76)	(145)	(8)	284	699	828		210	ARE	180	-
(Under)		(307)	(284)	233	918	1,448	1,822	1,799	1,539	1.124	715	314	(0)		10001	(991)	(143)	8	199	110	Den't	1,001	927	LDD	104	NU	(0)	10000	(101)	146	809	786	684	671	833	611	392	174	(0)		(152)	(138)	121	466	732	074	277	EG8	362	159	•
Over		(307)	23	516	685	530	375	(24)	(260)	(415)	(408)	(402)	(314)		14001	(981)	200	100	403	010	410	(cl)	(104)	(042)	(PPC)	11041	(ball)	VALAN	(101)	376	383	280	197	(13)	(139)	(221)	(220)	(218)	(174)		(152)	13	260	344	205	1001	(131)	100GI	(206)	(203)	14501
		11.44%	11,44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11,44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%		44 8400	11,44 %	02.645.11	04 440 F	04.440.11	11.44476	14 4467	44 4447	11,44479	04 4407 FB	11.44%	14406		44 4400	14 4464	11 44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%		11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11,44%	11 AAG	11 44%	11.44%	11.44%	11.44%	11 44%
		7.78%													7 7000	7 7804	7 7604	712617	7 7664	7 76%	7 76%	7 70%	7 78%	7 76%	7.76%	7.78%		7 784	7 7846	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%		7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	04.01.1	7 7896	7 76%	7.78%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%	7.76%
Total		712	706	669	692	685	678	672	665	658	651	645	638	8,101	404	NON.	308	3000	30.0	300	301	300	287	305	384	382	4,699	363	381	359	357	356	354	352	350	349	347	345	343	00%*	355	352	349	240	240	337	334	331	328	325	322
O&M		252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	252	3,020	17	17	-			11	1	44	17	17	17	17	205	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0 0	0 0	> 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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Revenue	406	004	1916	1377	1215	1053	BAB	ADE	COL	242	242	PP2	8 101		235	423	705	799	705	611	376	235	141	141	141	188	4,699	212	381	635	720	635	651	339	212	121	121	141	4,236		203	200	690	609	528	325	203	122	122	122	162
Accumulated Deferred FIT	19031	(080)	11.1781	(1.571)	(1.964)	(2.356)	197491	(3 142)	(3.535)	(2001)	(130(2))	12 7 131	In the		(4,582)	(4,451)	(4,320)	(4,189)	(4,058)	(3,927)	(3,796)	(3,656)	(3,535)	(3,404)	(3,273)	(3,142)		(3,011)	(2,880)	(2,749)	(2,618)	(2,487)	(2,356)	(2,225)	(2,095)	(1,804)	(0001)	(1.571)	- for and the		(1,440)	(178)	(1.047)	(916)	(785)	(855)	(524)	(393)	(262)	(131)	0
Reg Asset 16.206	62761	14 658	14,339	14.020	13,702	13,383	13.084	12.746	12.427	12 108	11 790	11.471			11,152	10,834	10,515	10,197	9,878	9,559	9,241	8,922	8,603	8,285	1,966	7,647		7,329	7,010	6,691	6,373	6,064	5,736	0,417	0,038	4,100	CA1 A	3.824			3,505	2,858	2,549	2,230	1,912	1,593	1,275	926	637	319	0
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Exhibit NJNG-5 Page 6 of 6

NJNG Energy Efficiency Program Minimum Filing Requirements for Rate Filing

Minimum Filing Requirements

- Information on direct FTE employment impacts, as defined in Paragraph 17 of the attached Stipulation, including a breakdown by each of the three NJNG EE programs. The Company will not be responsible for addressing the level of employment activity for HVAC and/or HPES contractors that are hired by customers unless those contractors are hired by NJNG.
- 2. A monthly revenue requirement calculation based on EE Program expenditures, including the investment and cost components in paragraph 7, herein, showing the actual monthly revenue requirement for each of the past twelve months or clause-review period, as well as supporting calculations, including the information related to the tax rate and revenue multiplier used in the revenue requirement calculation.
- For the review period, actual clause revenues, by month and by rate class recorded under the EE Program.
- 4. Monthly beginning and ending clause deferred balances related to the EE Program, as well as the average deferred balance, net of tax, for the 12-month period.
- 5. The interest rate used each month for over/under deferred balance recoveries related to the EE Program, and all supporting documentation and calculations for the interest rate.
- 6. The interest expense to be charged or credited to ratepayers each month.
- A schedule showing budgeted versus actual EE Program costs by the following categories: administrative (all utility costs), marketing/sales, training, rebates/incentives, including inspections and quality control, program implementation (all contract costs), evaluation, and any other costs.
- The monthly journal entries relating to regulatory asset and deferred O&M expenses related to the EE Program for the 12 month review period.

- 9. Supporting details for all administrative costs related to the EE Program included in the revenue requirement.
- 10. Information supporting the carrying cost used for the unamortized costs of the EE Program.
- 11. Number of participants for each of the three NJNG EE programs.
- 12. Estimated demand and energy savings for each of the three NJNG EE programs.
- 13. Estimated emissions reductions for each of the three NJNG EE programs. .

NJNG Energy Efficiency Program

PUBLIC UTILITY STIMULUS FILINGS JOB CREATION SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Section 15 of the stipulation in BPU Docket No. GO09010057, the Company agrees to comply with this requested reporting format. However, the Company's reporting will only capture activity related to the direct job creation at NJNG as a result of the EE Program. Accordingly, the expectation is that Part D will not apply because the Company does not intend to directly hire contractors. Further, Parts B and C may be subject to further discussion with the Department of Labor and the NJCEP to ensure that NJNG's reporting properly supplements, rather than duplicates, the information captured for NJCEP activity.

PART A: Program information

Please provide the following information related to the program contained in the Company's January 20, 2009 filing:

- (1) Budget
- (2) Total time
- (3) Type of building
- (4) Target number of projects

PART B: Typical project

In order to provide a better understanding of the Company's estimates, the following questions ask about a typical project under this filing:

- (1) What is the size of a typical or average project in this program? Indicate the estimate in square feet.
- (2) How much will the typical project described above cost to complete?
- (3) How long (in days) will it take to complete the typical project described above?
- (4) What is the total number of workers (FTE) needed to complete this project?

PART C: Jobs

The Company's filing indicated the total number of jobs that will be necessary to complete this project. This section asks more detailed questions about those.

- Total number of jobs from filing: Please identify the total number of jobs created listed in the Company's filing. Please update if this figure has changed.
- (2) Source of formula for jobs estimate: What is the source or formula the Company used to create the job projects? Please include supporting documentation.
- (3) Occupation title: What is the title of the occupation?
- (4) Total jobs: Please provide the average number of people in this position the Company estimates will be needed for the program. Also provide the Company's minimum and maximum estimates, based on demand for this program.

NJNG Energy Efficiency Program

PUBLIC UTILITY STIMULUS FILINGS JOB CREATION SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS

- (5) New jobs: Please provide the average number of <u>new</u> people in this position the Company estimates will be needed for the program. Also provide the Company's minimum and maximum estimates, based on demand for this program.
- (6) Requirements:
 - (a) Minimum education: What is the minimum education level needed for people in this occupation?
 - (b) Certifications: What types of certifications are necessary for people in this occupation, if any?
 - (c) Skills: What specific skills are necessary for people in this occupation?
- (7) Entry level: Is this occupation one that can be filled by entry-level workers without training or experience? Check 'Y' for YES or 'N' for NO.

PART D: Contracts

Some of the work identified in the Company's filing will be contracted out. This section asks specific questions about these proposed contracts.

- (1) Type of contract: What type of business services will this contract target?
- (2) Number of this type: How many contracts of this type do you expect to make?
- (3) Number of projects: How many projects will be served by this type of contract?
- (4) Estimated number of workers: How many workers will be employed by this contract?
- (5) Estimated number of new workers: How many new workers will be hired to fulfill this contract?
- (6) Occupation titles of workers: What are the specific occupation titles of workers who will be help fulfill this contract?

PART E: Comments

Please provide any additional information that will be helpful in evaluating the job creation portion of your filing.