N.J.A.C. 7.26G. HAZARDOUS WASTE

Statutory authority: N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., 13:1B-3, 13:1D-1 et seq., 13:1E-9,

13:1D-125 et seq., 26:2C-1 et seq., 47:1A-1 et seq., 58:10-23.11, and 58:10A-1 et seq.

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For regulatory history and effective dates, see the New Jersey Administrative Code

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 7:26G-1.1 Scope of rules
- 7:26G-1.2 Construction and severability
- 7:26G-1.3 Practice where rules do not govern
- 7:26G-1.4 Incorporation by reference of the Code of Federal Regulations
- 7:26G-1.5 Document availability

SUBCHAPTER 2. CIVIL ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES AND REQUESTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

- 7:26G-2.1 Scope and purpose
- 7:26G-2.2 Procedures for assessment and payment of civil administrative penalties
- 7:26G-2.3 Procedures to request an administrative hearing to contest an administrative order or a notice of civil administrative penalty assessment, and procedures for conducting administrative hearings
- 7:26G-2.4. Civil administrative penalties for violations of rules adopted pursuant to the Act
- 7:26G-2.5 Civil administrative penalty determination
- 7:26G-2.6 Civil administrative penalty for submitting inaccurate or false information
- 7:26G-2.7 Civil administrative penalty for failure to allow lawful entry and inspection
- 7:26G-2.8 Civil administrative penalty for failure to pay a fee
- 7:26G-2.9 Civil administrative penalty for economic benefit

SUBCHAPTER 3. HAZARDOUS WASTE FEES
7:26G-3.1 General provisions
7:26G-3.2 Payment of fees
7:26G-3.3 Fee schedule for hazardous waste facilities, generators, and transporters
7:26G-3.4 Exemption from fee payment
7:26G-3.5 (Reserved)
SUBCHAPTER 4. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: GENERAL
7:26G-4.1 Incorporation by reference
7:26G-4.2 State definitions
7:26G-4.3 Petitions to amend N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 to include additional hazardous wastes
SUBCHAPTER 5. IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE
7:26G-5.1 Incorporation by reference
7:26G-5.2 (Reserved)
7:26G-5.3 (Reserved)
7:26G-5.4 Swine food
SUBCHAPTER 6. STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO GENERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE
7:26G-6.1 Incorporation by reference
7:26G-6.2 Repealed
7:26G-6.3 Repealed
7:26G-6, Appendix – Repealed
SUBCHAPTER 7. STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO TRANSPORTERS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

7:26G-2.10 Grace period applicability; procedures

7:26G-7.1 Incorporation by reference

7:26G-7.2 Registration statement and registration requirements

7 2 6 7 2	0.1	•
1.76(i= / 3	()ther	requirements
1.200 1.3	Cuici	requirements

7:26G-7.4 Requirements for hazardous waste transfer facilities

SUBCHAPTER 8. STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES

7:26G-8.1 Incorporation by reference

SUBCHAPTER 9. INTERIM STATUS STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES

7:26G-9.1 Incorporation by reference

SUBCHAPTER 10. STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SPECIFIC HAZARDOUS WASTES AND SPECIFIC TYPES OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

7:26G-10.1 Incorporation by reference

SUBCHAPTER 11. LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

7:26G-11.1 Incorporation by reference

SUBCHAPTER 12. HAZARDOUS WASTE PERMIT PROGRAM

7:26G-12.1 Incorporation by reference

7:26G-12.2 Environmental and Health Impact Statement

SUBCHAPTER 13. PROCEDURES FOR DECISIONMAKING

7:26G-13.1 Incorporation by reference

7:26G-13.2 Other requirements

SUBCHAPTER 14. – EXPIRED April 15, 2007

SUBCHAPTER 15 – EXPIRED April 15, 2007

SUBCHAPTER 16. AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION; CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

7:26G-16.1 Scope and exchange of information

7:26G-16.2 Definitions

7:26G-16.3 Classes of information

7:26G-16.4 Administrative procedures and appeals for requests for information

- 7:26G-16.5 Claims of confidentiality
- 7:26G-16.6 Criteria for confidentiality determinations
- 7:26G-16.7 Confidential files
- 7:26G-16.8 Exception to granted confidentiality claims
- 7:26G-16.9 Access to and safeguarding of confidential information
- 7:26G-16.10 Class determinations
- 7:26G-16.11 Procedure regarding fees for information requests
- 7:26G-16.12 Fee schedule for confidentiality claims

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

7:26G-1.1 Scope of rules

- (a) Unless otherwise provided by rule or statute, this chapter shall constitute the rules of the Department of Environmental Protection which govern the registration, operation, closure and post-closure maintenance of hazardous waste facilities in the State of New Jersey as may be approved by the Department; registration, operation, and maintenance of hazardous waste transporting operations and facilities in the State of New Jersey; and a fee schedule for services provided by the Department to hazardous waste facilities, generators and transporters.
- (b) The definitions, exemptions, exclusions and discussions of solid and hazardous waste found in this chapter are for the purposes of classifying and regulating hazardous waste and do not provide any exemptions from the definition or regulation of solid waste found at N.J.A.C. 7:26.
- (c) Hazardous waste facilities are exempt from district solid waste planning of N.J.A.C. 7:26-6, Solid Waste Planning Regulations; the Solid Waste Utility Control Act, N.J.S.A. 48:13A-1 et seq.; the Solid Waste Collection Regulatory Reform Act, N.J.S.A. 48:13A-7.1 et seq.; and those provisions of the Solid Waste Management Act, N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., which relate to district solid waste planning.
- (d) In addition to the rules in this chapter, all hazardous waste facilities are required to obtain other necessary approvals.

7:26G-1.2 Construction and severability

- (a) These rules shall be liberally construed to permit the Department to discharge its statutory functions.
- (b) If this chapter or any subchapter, section, subsection, paragraph, subparagraph or any portion thereof, or the application thereof to any person, is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, in any judicial proceeding, such judgment shall be confined in its operation to this chapter or any subchapter, section, subsection, paragraph, subparagraph, sub-subparagraph or any portion or application thereof, directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and it shall not affect or impair the remainder of this chapter.

7:26G-1.3 Practice where rules do not govern

The Department may rescind, amend or expand these rules from time to time, and such rules shall be filed with the Office of Administrative Law as provided by law. In any matter concerning hazardous waste management that arises not governed by these rules, the Department shall exercise its discretion within the authority of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., 58:10-23.11, 58:10A-1 et seq., 47:1A-2, 13:1D-9 and 18 and all other legislatively conferred powers.

7:26G-1.4 Incorporation by reference of the Code of Federal Regulations

- a) Unless specifically excluded by these rules, when a provision of the Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) is incorporated by reference, all notes, comments, appendices, diagrams, tables, forms, figures, and publications are also incorporated by reference.
- (b) Prospective incorporation by reference means the ongoing process, beginning November 5, 2007, whereby all provisions of regulations incorporated into this Chapter from the Federal regulations at 40 C.F.R. Subparts 124, 260- 266, 268, and 270 are continually automatically updated in order to maintain consistency with the most current Federal rules. Thus, any supplements, amendments, and any other changes including, without limitation, repeals or stays that affect the meaning or operational status of a Federal rule, brought about by either judicial or administrative action and adopted or otherwise noticed by USEPA in the Federal Register, shall be paralleled by a similar change to the New Jersey rule so that the New Jersey rule will have the same meaning and status as its Federal counterpart. Similarly, to maintain consistency, all new Federal regulations are also adopted into this Chapter by this automatic process.
- (c) Provisions of 40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260-266, 268 and 270 incorporated by reference are prospective and all internal references contained therein are also incorporated prospectively for the purposes of that provision, unless otherwise noted. Each internal reference to the C.F.R. shall be interpreted to include in addition to the Federal citation, any changes or additions or deletions made to that citation by the corresponding state subchapter. For example, all references within the C.F.R. to 40 C.F.R. Part 261 shall include the changes, additions and deletions which N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5 makes to 40 C.F.R. Part 261.
- (d) Provisions of 49 C.F.R. incorporated by reference are prospective and all internal references contained therein are also incorporated by reference for the purposes of that provision, unless otherwise noted. Provisions of 49 C.F.R. shall be interpreted to include, in addition to the Federal citation, any changes or additions or deletions made to that citation by the following State agencies and corresponding State rules:
- 1. New Jersey Department of Transportation, N.J.A.C. 16:49-2.1; and

- 2. New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety, Division of State Police, N.J.A.C. 13:60-1.1.
- (e) Provisions of the C.F.R. which are excluded from incorporation by reference in these rules are excluded in their entirety, unless otherwise specified. If there is a cross reference to a Federal citation which was specifically entirely excluded from incorporation, the cross referenced citation is not incorporated by virtue of the cross reference. Provisions that have been excluded from incorporation by reference are also excluded from the process of prospective incorporation by reference.
- (f) Federal statutes and regulations that are cited in 40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260 through 266, 268, and 270 that are not specifically adopted by reference shall be used to assist in interpreting the Federal regulations in 40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260 through 266, 268, and 270.
- (g) Federal statutes and regulations that are cited in 49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180, and 390 through 397 that are not specifically adopted by reference shall be used to assist in interpreting the Federal regulations in 49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180, and 390 through 397.
- (h) In the event that there are inconsistencies or duplications in the requirements of the provisions incorporated by reference from the C.F.R. and the rules set forth in this chapter, the provisions incorporated by reference from the C.F.R. shall prevail, except where the rules set forth in this chapter are more stringent.
- (i) Nothing in these provisions incorporated by reference from the C.F.R. shall affect the Department's authority to enforce statutes, rules, permits or orders administered or issued by the Commissioner.
- (j) New Federal rules, amendments, supplements and other changes at 40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260-266, 268, and 270, brought about through administrative or judicial action, shall be automatically incorporated through the prospective incorporation process in N.J.A.C. 7:26G.
- (k) New Federal rules, amendments, supplements, and other changes at 40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260-266, 268, and 270, brought about through administrative or judicial action, adopted or otherwise noticed in the Federal Register by USEPA after July 31, 1998 but prior to January 19, 1999 shall be prospectively incorporated by reference and effective January 19, 1999 and operative either April 19, 1999 or on the operative date cited by USEPA in the relevant Federal Register Notice, whichever is later, unless the Department publishes a notice of proposal repealing the adoption in New Jersey of the Federal regulation in whole or in part, and/or proposing to otherwise amend the affected State rules.
- (1) On or after November 5, 2007, new Federal rules, amendments, supplements, and other changes, brought about through administrative or judicial action, automatically incorporated through the prospective incorporation by reference process shall be effective upon publication in

the Federal Register and operative 90 days from the publication date or on the operative date cited by USEPA in the relevant Federal Register Notice, whichever is later, unless the Department publishes a notice of proposal repealing the adoption in New Jersey of the Federal regulation in whole or in part, and/or proposing to otherwise amend the affected State rules.

7:26G-1.5 Document availability

(a) Copies of the C.F.R. (40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260 through 266, 268, 270 and 49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180 and 390 through 397) as adopted and incorporated by reference herein are available for review. Publications incorporated by reference within the Code of Federal Regulations as listed at 40 C.F.R. 260.11, or the most currently available version, are also available for review. These may be reviewed by contacting the Department at:

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection

Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste

Mail Code: 401-02C

P.O. Box 420

Trenton, NJ 08625-0420

Telephone: (609) 633-1418

(b) Copies of the C.F.R. (40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260 through 266, 268, 270 and 49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180, and 390 through 397) as adopted and incorporated by reference herein, may be purchased from the following sources:

U.S. Government Printing Office

Superintendent of Documents

Mail Stop: SCOP

Washington, DC 20402-9328

U.S. Government Printing Office Bookstore

Room 110, 26 Federal Plaza

New York, NY 10278-0081

U.S. Government Printing Office Bookstore

Robert Morris Building

100 North 17th Street

Philadelphia, PA 19103

(c) Copies of the C.F.R. (40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260 through 266, 268, 270 and 49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180, and 390 through 397) as adopted and incorporated by reference herein, are available for review at the following public libraries:

New Jersey State Library

PO Box 520, 185 West State Street

Trenton, NJ 08625-0520

Newark Public Library

5 Washington Street

Newark, NJ 07101

(d) The Office of the Federal Register, a component of the National Archives and Record Administration, has a website at www.nata.gov/fedreg/ which shows a current listing of files available for public inspection, Federal Registers as well as the Code of Federal Regulations.

SUBCHAPTER 2. CIVIL ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES AND REQUESTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

7:26G-2.1 Scope and purpose

- (a) This subchapter shall govern the Department's assessment of civil administrative penalties for hazardous waste violations of the Solid Waste Management Act, *N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1* et seq., (for the purpose of this subchapter, hereinafter "the Act"), including violation of any rule promulgated, administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act. This subchapter shall also govern the procedures for requesting administrative hearings on a notice of civil administrative penalty assessment or an administrative order.
- (b) The Department may assess a civil administrative penalty of not more than \$50,000 for each violation of each provision of the Act, or any rule promulgated, administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act.
- (c) Each day during which a violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.

- (d) Neither the assessment of a civil administrative penalty nor the payment of any such civil administrative penalty shall be deemed to affect the availability of any other enforcement provision provided for by *N.J.S.A.* 13:1E-1 et seq. or any other statute, in connection with the violation for which the assessment is levied.
- (e) Nothing in this subchapter is intended to affect the Department's authority to revoke or suspend any permit, license or other operating authority issued under the Act. Specifically, the Department may revoke or suspend a permit, license or other operating authority, without regard to whether or not a civil administrative penalty has been or will be assessed pursuant to this subchapter.
- (f) For purposes of this subchapter, any person who undertakes or performs an obligation imposed upon another person pursuant to the Act, or any rule promulgated, administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act, may at the discretion of the Department be subject to a civil administrative penalty pursuant to this subchapter in the same manner and in the same amount as such other person.

7:26G-2.2 Procedures for assessment and payment of civil administrative penalties

- (a) In order to assess a civil administrative penalty under the Act, for violation of the Act, or any rule promulgated, administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act, the Department shall, by means of notice of civil administrative penalty assessment, notify the violator by certified mail (return receipt requested) or by personal service. The Department may, in its discretion, assess a civil administrative penalty for more than one violation in a single notice of civil administrative penalty assessment or in multiple notices of civil administrative penalty assessment. This notice of civil administrative penalty assessment shall:
- 1. Identify the section of the Act, rule, administrative order, permit, license, or Part A permit application violated;
- 2. Concisely state the facts which constitute the violation;
- 3. Specify the amount of the civil administrative penalty to be imposed; and
- 4. Advise the violator of the right to request an administrative hearing, pursuant to the procedures in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.3.
- (b) Payment of the civil administrative penalty is due upon receipt by the violator of the Department's final order of a contested case or when a notice of civil administrative penalty assessment becomes a final order, as follows:

- 1. If no hearing is timely requested pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.3, the notice of civil administrative penalty assessment becomes a final order on the 21st day following receipt by the violator of the notice of civil administrative penalty assessment;
- 2. If a hearing is timely requested pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.3 and the Department denies the hearing request, a notice of civil administrative penalty assessment becomes a final order upon receipt by the violator of notice of such denial; or
- 3. If a hearing is requested pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.3 and an administrative hearing is conducted, a notice of civil administrative penalty assessment becomes a final order upon receipt by the violator of a final order of a contested case.
- 7:26G-2.3 Procedures to request an administrative hearing to contest an administrative order or a notice of civil administrative penalty assessment, and procedures for conducting administrative hearings
- (a) To request an administrative hearing to contest an administrative order and/or a notice of civil administrative penalty assessment issued pursuant to the Act, the violator shall submit the following information in writing to the Department, at:

Office of Legal Affairs ATTENTION: Administrative Hearing Requests Department of Environmental Protection 401 East State Street, 7th Floor Mail Code: 401-04L P.O. Box 402 Trenton, NJ 08625-0402

- 1. The name, address, telephone number and EPA Identification Number (if applicable) of the violator and its authorized representative;
- 2. The violator's defenses, to each of the Department's findings of fact in the findings section of the administrative order or notice of civil administrative penalty assessment, stated in short and plain terms;
- 3. An admission or denial of each of the Department's findings of fact in the findings section of the administrative order or notice of civil administrative penalty assessment. If the violator is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of a finding, the violator shall so state and this shall have the effect of a denial. A denial shall fairly meet the substance of the findings denied. When the violator intends in good faith to deny only a part or a qualification of a finding, the violator shall specify so much of it as is true and material and deny only the remainder. The violator may not generally deny all of the findings but shall make all denials as specific denials of designated findings. For each finding which the violator denies, the violator shall allege the fact or facts as the violator believes such fact or facts to be;

- 4. Information supporting the request and specific reference to or copies of all written documents relied upon to support the request;
- 5. An estimate of the time required for the hearing (in days or hours); and
- 6. A request, if necessary, for a barrier-free hearing location for physically disabled persons.
- (b) If the Department does not receive the written request for a hearing within 20 days after receipt by the violator of the notice of a civil administrative penalty assessment and/or an administrative order being challenged, the Department shall deny the hearing request.
- (c) If the violator fails to include all the information required by (a) above, the Department may deny the hearing request.
- (d) All administrative hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1.
- 7:26G-2.4. Civil administrative penalties for violations of rules adopted pursuant to the Act
- (a) The Department may assess a civil administrative penalty pursuant to this section of not more than \$50,000 for each violation of each requirement of any rule listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.4(g).
- (b) Each violation of a rule listed in (g) below shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (c) Each day during which a violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (d) For each parameter that is required to be monitored, sampled or reported, the failure to so monitor, sample or report shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (e) Where any requirement of any rule listed in (g) below may pertain to more than one act, condition, occurrence, item, unit, waste or parameter, the failure to comply with such requirement as it pertains to each such act, condition, occurrence, item, unit, waste or parameter shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (f) The Department shall determine the amount of a civil administrative penalty for each violation of any rule listed in (g) below on the basis of the provision violated, according to procedures which follow in (f)1 through 4 below. For a violation of a requirement or condition of an administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority, the Department may in its sole discretion identify the corresponding requirement of any rule summary listed in (g) below and determine the amount of the civil administrative penalty on the basis of the rule provision violated.

- 1. Identify the rule violated as listed in (g)1 through 9 below;
- 2. Identify the corresponding base penalty dollar amount for the rule violated as listed in (g)1 through 9 below;
- 3. Multiply the base penalty dollar amount times the following multipliers for each factor to obtain the severity penalty component, as applicable:

	Severity factor	Multiplier
i.	Violator had violated the same rule less than 12 months	
	prior to the violation	1.00
ii.	Violator had violated a different rule less than 12	
	months prior to the violation	0.50
iii.	Violator had violated the same rule during the period	
	which began 24 months prior to the violation and ended	
	12 months prior to the violation	0.50
iv.	Violator had violated a different rule during the	
	period which began 24 months prior to the violation and	
	ended 12 months prior to the violation	0.25

4. To obtain the civil administrative penalty for a particular violation, add all of the severity penalty components pursuant to (f)3 above to the base penalty. If the sum total exceeds \$50,000, then the civil administrative penalty for that violation shall be \$50,000.

EXAMPLE:

Base penalty (for violation of N.J.A.C.

7:26-7.4(a)6) = \$1,000

Subparagraph (f)3iii applies:

 $0.50 \times 1000 = 500$

Subparagraph (f)3iv applies:

 $0.25 \times 1000 = +250$

Civil administrative penalty \$1,750

- (g) The following summary of rules contained in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2 through 7:26G-12 is provided for informational purposes only. In the event that there is a conflict between the rule summary in this subsection and a provision in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2 through 7:26G-12, then the provision in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2 through 7:26G-12 shall prevail. The citations beginning with the symbol "\\$" identify the rule section found in 40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260-266, 268 and 270. Citations beginning with "7:26G" signify a State requirement not found in 40 C.F.R. Parts 124, 260-266, 268 and 270. The word "matrix" appearing in the "Base Penalty or Matrix" column refers to the penalty calculation matrix in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.5, which shall be applied in lieu of a "base penalty." In the "Type of Violation" column, "M" identifies a violation as minor and "NM" identifies a violation as non-minor. The length of the applicable grace period for a minor violation is indicated in the "Grace Period" column.
- 1. The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4, Hazardous Waste Management System: General, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table. (Reserved)
- 2. The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5, Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(40 C.F.R. Part 261 Subpart A--General)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§261.5(f)	Failure of generator of			
	acute hazardous waste to			
	comply with the requirements			
	of 40 C.F.R. § 261.5(f).	Matrix	NM	
§261.5(g)	Failure of conditionally			
§201.3(g)	Tallare of conditionally			
	exempt small quantity			

generator of hazardous

waste to comply with the

requirements of

40 C.F.R.§ 261.5(g).

Matrix

NM

3. The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-6, Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(40 C.F.R. Part 262 Subpart A – General)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§262.11	Failure of generator of			
	solid waste to determine if			
	waste is hazardous.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§262.12(a)	Failure of generator to have			
	EPA identification number			
	before it treats, stores,			
	transports, offers for			
	transportation, or disposes			
	of hazardous waste.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§262.12(c)	Failure of generator to			
	offer hazardous waste to a			

hazardous waste transporter

or TSD facility that has

received an EPA ID number. \$5,000 NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 262 Subpart B--The Manifest)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§262.20(a)(1)	Failure of generator to			
	properly complete the manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.20(a)(1)	Failure of a generator who			
	transports, or offers for			
	transport, a hazardous waste			
	for offsite treatment, storage,			
	or disposal, or a treatment,			
	storage, and disposal facility			
	who offers for transport a			
	rejected hazardous waste load,			
	to prepare a manifest.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§262.20(b)	Failure of generator to			
	designate an authorized			
	facility on the manifest.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§262.20(d)	Failure of generator to			

	designate alternate facility			
	or instruct transporter to			
	return waste when transporter			
	is unable to deliver the waste.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§262.21(g)1	Failure of generator to use EPA			
	approved manifest forms for			
	intrastate shipments of			
	hazardous waste.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.21(g)(2)	Failure of generator to			
	determine if generator or			
	consignment state regulates			
	additional wastes or requires			
	generator to submit copies of			
	the manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.23(a)(1)	Failure of generator to sign			
	manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.23(a)(2)	Failure of generator to obtain			
	signature of initial transporter			
	and date of acceptance on			
	the manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.23(a)(3)	Failure of generator to retain			
	one copy of manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§262.23(b)	Failure of generator to supply			
	transporter with remaining			
	copies of manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.23(c)	Failure of generator shipping			
	hazardous waste within the			
	U.S. solely by water to send			
	three copies of manifest form			
	signed and dated to owner or			
	operator of designated facility			
	or last water transporter in			
	the United States	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.23(d)	Failure of generator to send			
	at least three copies of signed			
	and dated manifest for rail			
	shipments of hazardous waste			
	shipments of hazardous waste within the United States to			
	within the United States to			
	within the United States to next non-rail transporter,			
	within the United States to next non-rail transporter, designated facility, or last	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 262 Subpart C--Pre-Transport Requirements)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or Matrix		
§262.30	Failure of generator to package			
	hazardous waste in accordance			
	with 49 C.F.R. Parts 173, 178,			
	and 179.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.31	Failure of generator to label			
	each package of hazardous			
	waste in accordance with			
	49 C.F.R. Part 172.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.32(a)	Failure of generator to mark			
	packages of hazardous waste in			
	accordance with			
	49 C.F.R.Part 172.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.32(b)	Failure of generator to mark			
	each container of hazardous			
	waste with the proper wording			
	or to display the wording in			
	accordance with			
	49 C.F.R.172.304.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.33	Failure of generator to			

	placard or offer appropriate			
	placard for a vehicle			
	containing hazardous waste in			
	accordance with			
	49 C.F.R. Part 172, Subpart F.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.34(a)	Failure of generator to ship			
	waste off site within 90 days.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.34(a)(1)	Failure of generator to place			
	waste in containers, in tanks,			
	on drip pads, or in			
	containment buildings in			
	accordance with			
	40 C.F.R.§262.34(a)(1).	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.34(a)(2)	Failure of generator to clearly			
	mark container with date when			
	accumulation period begins or			
	to make mark visible for			
	inspection.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.34(a)(3)	Failure of generator to clearly			
	mark each container or tank			
	with the words "Hazardous			
	Waste".	\$ 4,500	NM	

§262.34(c)(1) Failure of generator to ensure

that the quantity of waste in

each area is no more than 55

gallons of hazardous waste or

no more than one quart of

acutely hazardous waste or to

have area at or near any point

of generation where wastes

initially accumulate in a

process. \$3,000 M 3 days

§262.34(c)(1)(ii) Failure of generator to mark

satellite containers with the

words "Hazardous Waste" or

other words which identify the

contents of the container. \$4,500 NM

§262.34(c)(2) Failure of generator

accumulating waste in excess

of the amounts listed in

40 C.F.R. §262.34(c)(1) to mark

container holding the excess

accumulation of hazardous

waste with the date the

excess amount began

	accumulating.	\$ 3,000	M	3 days
§262.34(d)	Failure of generator of			
	greater than 100 kg but less			
	than 1,000 kg of hazardous			
	waste to ship waste off site			
	within 180 days.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.34(d)(5)	Failure of generator of			
	greater than 100 kg but less			
	than 1,000 kg of hazardous			
	waste to comply with emergency			
	response requirements.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.34(e)	Failure of generator of greater			
	than 100 kg but less than			
	1,000 kg of hazardous waste,			
	who transports his waste over			
	200 miles, to ship waste off			
	site within 270 days.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.34(g)	Failure of generator of 1,000			
	kg or greater of hazardous			
	waste to ship F006 hazardous			
	waste off site within 180 days.	\$ 3,000	M	39 days
§262.34(h)	Failure of generator of 1,000			

kg or greater of hazardous

waste, who transports F006

hazardous waste over 200

miles, to ship the F006

hazardous waste off site

within 270 days. \$ 3,000 M 30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 262 Subpart D--Recordkeeping and Reporting)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§262.40(a)	Failure of generator to keep copy			
	of manifest for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.40(b)	Failure of generator to keep copy			
	of hazardous waste report or			
	exception report for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.40(c)	Failure of generator to keep			
	records of any test results, waste			
	analyses, or other determinations			
	for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.40(d)	Failure of generator to keep copy			
	of required records during the			
	course of unresolved enforcement			
	action or as requested by the			

	Department.	\$ 4,500	NM		
§262.41(a)	Failure of generator to submit				
	hazardous waste report of manifest				
	activities by March 1.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days	
§262.41(b)	Failure of generator who treats,				
	stores or disposes of hazardous				
	waste on-site to submit hazardous				
	waste report covering those wastes.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days	
§262.42(a)	Failure of generator of greater				
	than 1,000 kg of hazardous waste				
	to comply with exception reporting				
	requirements.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days	
§262.42(b)	Failure of generator of greater				
	than 100 kg but less than 1,000				
	kg of hazardous waste to comply				
	with exception reporting				
	requirements.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days	
(40 C.F.R. Par	(40 C.F.R. Part 262 Subpart EExports of Hazardous Waste)				
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace	
		or Matrix	Violation	Period	
§262.52	Failure of generator to comply				
	with the receiving country's				

	consent requirements or to obtain			
	the EPA Acknowledgment of			
	Consent prior to exporting			
	hazardous waste.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§262.53(a)	Failure of generator to comply			
	with the EPA notification			
	requirements prior to offering			
	hazardous waste for export.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.54	Failure of generator exporting			
	hazardous waste to comply with			
	the special manifest requirements.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.55	Failure of generator exporting			
	hazardous waste to file an			
	exception report.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.56	Failure of generator exporting			
	hazardous waste to comply with			
	the annual reporting requirements.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.57	Failure of generator exporting			
	hazardous waste to comply with			
	the record keeping requirements.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 262 Subpart F--Imports of Hazardous Waste)

Rule	Rule S	Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
			or Matrix	Violation	Period
§262.60	Failur	e of generator importing			
	hazard	lous waste to comply with			
	the spe	ecial manifest requirements			
	and 40) C.F.R. §262.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
(N.J.A.C. 7	7:26G-6))			
Rule		Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
			or Matrix	Violation	Period
7:26G-6.1(b)5	Failure of generator to			
		properly mark each container			
		of hazardous waste prior to			
		transportation.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§262.27		Failure of generator			
		initiating a shipment of			
		hazardous waste to certify			
		to one of the statements in			
		Item 15 of the manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§262.34(m))	Failure of generator to			
		properly sign the manifest			
		upon receipt of a returned			

	shipment of hazardous waste.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
7.26G-6.1(c)4	Failure of generator to use			
	a transporter who is			
	properly registered.	Matrix	NM	
7:26G-6.1(c)4	Failure of generator to use			
	a transporter who is			
	displaying a current			
	registration number.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 263 Subpart A--General)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§263.11	Failure of transporter			
	transporting hazardous			
	wastes to have EPA			
	identification number.	\$ 5,000	NM	

^{4.} The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7, Standards Applicable to Transporters of Hazardous Waste, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(40 C.F.R. Part 263 Subpart B--Compliance with the Manifest System and Recordkeeping)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base		
		Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§263.20(a)1	Failure of transporter			
	accepting hazardous waste			
	from a generator to ensure			
	it is accompanied by a			
	manifest signed in accordance			
	with the provisions of			
	40 C.F.R. 262.23.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(a)2	Failure of transporter			
	accepting exported waste to			
	ensure that the waste was			
	accompanied by and conformed			
	to the EPA Acknowledgement			
	of Consent.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(b)	Failure of transporter to			
	sign or date manifest or			
	return a signed copy of			
	manifest to generator before			
	leaving generator's			
	property.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§263.20(c)	Failure of transporter to			
	ensure that manifest			
	accompanies hazardous waste.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§263.20(d)(1)	Failure of transporter to			
	obtain date of delivery and			
	handwritten signature of			
	other transporter or of			
	owner or operator of			
	designated facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(d)(3)	Failure of transporter to			
	give remaining copies of			
	manifest to the accepting			
	transporter or designated			
	facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(f)(1)(i)	Failure of rail transporter			
	accepting hazardous waste			
	from non-rail transporter to			
	sign or date manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(f)(1)(ii)	Failure of rail transporter			
	accepting hazardous waste			
	from non-rail transporter to			
	return a signed copy of			
	manifest to non-rail			

	transporter.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(f)(1)(iii)	Failure of rail transporter			
	accepting hazardous waste			
	from non-rail transporter to			
	forward at least 3 copies			
	of the manifest to next			
	non-rail transporter,			
	designated facility, or last			
	rail transporter in			
	United States.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(f)(2)	Failure of rail transporter			
	to ensure appropriate			
	shipping paper accompanies			
	hazardous waste at all times.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§263.20(f)(3)(i)	Failure of rail transporter			
	delivering hazardous waste			
	to designated facility to			
	obtain date of delivery or			
	handwritten signature of			
	owner or operator of			
	designated facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(f)(4)(i)	Failure of rail transporter			
	delivering hazardous waste			

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	to non-rail transporter to			
	obtain date of delivery or			
	handwritten signature of			
	non-rail transporter.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(f)(5)	Failure of non-rail			
	transporter accepting			
	hazardous waste from rail			
	transporter to sign or date			
	manifest or to provide			
	signed copy of manifest to			
	rail transporter.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.20(g)	Failure of transporter			
	transporting waste out of			
	U.S. to comply with			
	requirements at			
	40 C.F.R. 263.20(g)(1)-(4).	\$ 4,500	NM	
§263.21(a)	Failure of transporter to			
	deliver entire quantity to			
	designated facility,			
	alternate designated			
	facility, next designated			
	transporter, or place			

\$ 10,000

NM

outside U.S.

§263.21(b)(1)	Failure of transporter to			
	contact generator for			
	instructions and to revise			
	manifest in accordance with			
	generator's instructions in			
	case of undeliverable			
	shipment.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§263.21(b)(2)	Failure of transporter to			
	comply with the requirements			
	of 40 C.F.R. 263.21(b)2			
	when hazardous waste is			
	rejected by the designated			
	facility while the			
	transporter is on the			
	facility's premises.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§263.22(a)	Failure of transporter to			
	maintain signed copy of			
	manifest for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.22(b)	Failure of water bulk			
	shipment transporter to			
	maintain copy of shipping			
	paper for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§263.22(c)	Failure of rail transporter			

to maintain copy of manifest and shipping paper for three years. \$ 3,000 M 30 days §263.22(d) Failure of transporter to maintain copy of manifest indicating shipment left U.S. for three years. \$ 3,000 30 days M §263.22(e) Failure of transporter to maintain copy of manifest during the course of unresolved enforcement action or as requested by the Department. \$4,500 NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 263 Subpart C--Hazardous Waste Discharges)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§263.30(a)	Failure of transporter to			
	take appropriate immediate			
	action to protect human			
	health and the environment			
	from a discharge of			
	hazardous waste during			

	transportation.	Matrix	NM
§263.30(c)	Failure of transporter who		
	has discharged hazardous		
	waste to comply with State		
	and Federal notice and		
	report requirements.	\$ 5,000	NM
§263.31	Failure of transporter to		
	clean up the discharge and		
	take action as may be		
	required or approved.	Matrix	NM
(N.J.A.C. 7:260	G-7)		
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of Grace
		or Matrix	Violation Period
7:26G-7.2(a)1	Failure of transporter to		
	obtain hazardous waste		
	transporter registration		
	prior to operation.	\$ 10,000	NM
7:26G-7.2(a)5	Failure of transporter to		
	renew registration prior to		
	May 1 of each registration		
	period.	\$ 4,500	NM
7:26G-7.2(a)7	Failure of transporter to		

THEE 7 OF THE IVEW SE	INSEL ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.		
	notify Department of change		
	of information on		
	registration.	\$ 4,500	NM
7:26G-7.2(a)14	Failure of transporter,		
	acting as a prime contractor		
	or subcontractor, to obtain		
	a registration prior to		
	transporting hazardous waste.	\$ 10,000	NM
7:26G-7.2(a)15	Failure of transporter to		
	obtain a registration prior		
	to transporting, storing,		
	collecting, processing,		
	transferring, treating or		
	disposing of hazardous waste		
	in a vehicle registered to		
	another person.	\$ 10,000	NM
7:26G-7.2(b)1	Failure of transporter to		
	ensure each and every device		
	used for the transportation		

registered with the

of hazardous waste is

Department. \$4,500 NM

7:26G-7.2(b)2 Failure of transporter to

	prevent registered vehicle			
	from being used by another			
	transporter.	\$ 5,000	NM	
7:26G-7.2(b)4	Transporter engaged in			
	transportation of hazardous			
	waste during period when			
	decals and registration are			
	withheld pursuant to			
	7:26G-7.2(b).	\$ 10,000	NM	
7:26G-7.2(b)6	Failure of transporter to			
	properly display registration			
	decal or to have copy of			
	lease and lease certification			
	available for inspection.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
7:26G-7.3(a)1	Failure of transporter to			
	comply with the Hazardous			
	Materials Transportation			
	Regulations at			
	49 C.F.R. Parts 171-180.	See N.J.A.C. 7:26	G-2.4(g)10	
7:26G-7.3(a)2	Failure of transporter to			
	comply with the Motor Carrier			

Safety Regulations at

	49 C.F.R. Parts 390-397.	See N.J.A.C. 7:26	G-2.4(g)10	
7:26G-7.3(b)	Failure to allow the			
	Department to enter and			
	inspect any vehicle			
	transporting hazardous waste.	\$ 4,500	NM	
7:26G-7.4(a)	Failure of hazardous waste			
	transfer facility to be			
	operated by a licensed			
	hazardous waste transporter			
	who owns or leases the			
	property.	\$ 10,000	NM	
7:26G-7.4(b)	Failure to conduct storage,			
	consolidation, or			
	commingling only at a			
	hazardous waste transfer			
	facility or authorized			
	hazardous waste facility.	\$ 5,000	NM	
7:26G-7.4(c)	Failure of owner or operator			
	of a hazardous waste transfer			
	facility to comply with			
	notification requirements			
	prior to operating.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

7:26G-7.4(d) Failure of owner or operator

of a hazardous waste transfer

facility to maintain written

log(s). \$4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(e) Failure of transporter

utilizing a hazardous waste

transfer facility to enter

the necessary information on

the log(s). \$ 3,000 M 30 days

7:26G-7.4(f)2 Transporter stored or

consolidated closed

containers at a hazardous

waste transfer facility that

was located at the facility

indicated as the designated

facility on the manifest. \$4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(f)3 Failure of transporter who

stores or consolidates closed

containers at a hazardous

waste transfer facility to

use containers meeting

applicable USDOT packaging

regulations in

	49 C.F.R. Parts 171-180.	\$ 5,000	NM	
7:26G-7.4(f)4	Failure of transporter who			
	stores or consolidates closed			
	containers at a hazardous			
	waste transfer facility to			
	maintain the containers in			
	good condition.	\$ 4,500	NM	
7:26G-7.4(f)5	Failure of transporter who			
	stores or consolidates closed			
	containers at a hazardous			
	waste transfer facility to			
	comply with the hazardous			
	materials segregation			
	criteria.	Matrix	NM	
7:26G-7.4(f)6	Failure of transporter who			
	stores or consolidates			
	containers at a hazardous			
	waste transfer facility to			
	keep containers of hazardous			
	waste closed.	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
7:26G-7.4(f)7	Failure of transporter who			
	stores or consolidates closed			
	containers at a hazardous			

waste transfer facility to

remove the newly consolidated

waste loads at or prior to

the 10-day limit. \$ 4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(g)2 Transporter commingled

hazardous waste at a

hazardous waste transfer

facility that was located at

the facility indicated as the

designated facility on the

manifest. \$4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(g)3 Failure of transporter to

commingle hazardous waste

between containers meeting

applicable USDOT packaging

regulations in

49 C.F.R. Parts 107, 171-180. \$5,000 NM

7:26G-7.4(g)4 Failure of transporter to

only commingle hazardous

waste that is designated on

the generators' manifests for

receipt by the same

designated facility. \$5,000 NM

7:26G-7.4(g)5 Failure of transporter who

commingles hazardous waste at

a hazardous waste transfer

facility to amend the

generators' manifests to

reflect the commingling of

hazardous waste. \$5,000 NM

7:26G-7.4(g)6 Failure of transporter who

commingles hazardous waste at

a hazardous waste transfer

facility to remove the newly

commingled waste load at or

prior to the 10-day limit. \$4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(h)2 Transporter consolidated

hazardous waste at a

hazardous waste transfer

facility that was located at

the facility indicated as the

designated facility on the

manifest. \$4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(h)3 Failure of transporter who

consolidates hazardous waste

at a hazardous waste transfer

facility to only consolidate

liquids. \$ 4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(h)4 Failure of transporter who

consolidates hazardous waste

at a hazardous waste transfer

facility to transfer only

one container at a time. \$4,500 NM

7:26G-7.4(h)5 Failure of transporter who

consolidates hazardous waste

at a hazardous waste transfer

facility to store the

hazardous waste in closed

containers that meet the

USDOT packaging regulations

in

49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180. \$5,000 NM

7:26G-7.4(h)6 Failure of transporter who

consolidates hazardous waste

at a hazardous waste transfer

facility to store the

hazardous waste in compliance

with the hazardous materials

segregation criteria at

49 C.F.R. Parts 177.848 or

	174.81.	Matrix	NM
7:26G-7.4(h)7	Failure of transporter who		
	consolidates hazardous waste		
	at a hazardous waste transfer		
	facility to ensure that the		
	cumulative capacity of the		
	containers receiving the		
	waste are sufficient to		
	containerize all the waste		
	involved in the transfer.	Matrix	NM
7:26G-7.4(h)8	Failure of transporter who		
	consolidates hazardous waste		
	at a hazardous waste transfer		
	facility to remove the waste		
	prior to reaching the 10-day		
	limit.	\$ 4,500	NM
7:26G-7.4(i)	Transporter commingled		
	hazardous wastes of different		
	USDOT shipping descriptions.	Matrix	NM
7:26G-7.4(j)	Failure of transporter to		
	accept a hazardous waste		
	shipment when it is rejected		

by the designated facility
and the waste was commingled
by the transporter. \$ 5,000 NM

7:26G-7.4(j) 1 and 2 Failure of transporter who
accepts a return shipment of
rejected waste to secure
rejected waste in a hazardous
waste transfer facility and
make arrangements with an
authorized facility to

receive and manage the waste.

5. The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-8, Standards Applicable to Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facilities, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

\$ 5,000

NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart B--General Facility Standards)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.11	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain EPA			
	identification number.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.12(a)	Failure of facility owner or			

	operator importing hazardous			
	waste from a foreign country			
	to notify EPA at least 4 weeks			
	in advance of expected			
	delivery.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.12(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inform generator			
	in writing that he has the			
	appropriate permit(s) for the			
	waste the generator is			
	shipping or to keep copy of			
	notice in operating record.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.12(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator when transferring			
	operation of the facility to			
	inform the new owner or			
	operator of the requirements			
	of §§40 C.F.R. 264 and 270.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.13(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain detailed			
	chemical analysis of			
	representative sample before			
	treating, storing, or			

disposing of any hazardous

	waste.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.13(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to repeat analysis as		
	necessary to ensure that it		
	is accurate and up to date.	Matrix	NM
§264.13(a)(4)	Failure of owner or operator		
	of an off-site facility to		
	inspect or analyze each		
	hazardous waste shipment		
	received to determine if it		
	matches the identity specified		
	on the manifest or shipping		
	paper.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.13(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to develop or follow		
	a written waste analysis plan.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.14(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to prevent the		
	unknowing entry and minimize		
	the possibility for the		
	unauthorized entry onto the		
	facility.	\$ 4,500	NM

§264.14(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have adequate			
	surveillance system or			
	adequate artificial or natural			
	barrier and a means to			
	control entry at all times.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.14(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to post signs meeting			
	each requirement of			
	40 C.F.R. §264.14(c).	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.15(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect for			
	malfunctions and			
	deterioration, operator			
	errors, or discharges.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.15(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to develop or follow			
	written schedule for			
	inspecting monitoring,			
	safety, emergency, security			
	equipment, etc., to keep			
	schedule on site, or to			
	identify problems.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§264.15(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remedy any			
	deterioration or malfunction			
	immediately or on an			
	appropriate schedule.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.15(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record inspections			
	in log or to retain required			
	information for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.16(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide required			
	classroom or on-the-job			
	training for facility			
	personnel.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.16(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide a training			
	program that is directed by			
	a person trained in hazardous			
	waste management procedures.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.16(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide, at a			
	minimum, a training program			

	which is designed to ensure			
	that facility personnel are			
	able to respond effectively to			
	emergencies.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.16(b)	Failure of facility personnel			
	to successfully complete the			
	training program required in			
	40 C.F.R. 264.16(a) within 6			
	months.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.16(c)	Failure of facility personnel			
	to take part in an annual			
	review of the initial training			
	required in			
	40 C.F.R. 264.16(a).	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.16(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain training			
	records at the facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.16(e)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep training			
	records until closure.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.17(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep ignitable or			

reactive waste separated and

protected from sources of

ignition or reaction, to

confine smoking or open flame

to specially designated

locations while handling

ignitable or reactive waste,

or to conspicuously place

"No Smoking" signs wherever

there is a hazard from

ignitable or reactive waste. \$4,500 NM

§264.17(b) Failure of facility owner or

operator that treats, stores,

or disposes of ignitable,

reactive, or mixtures of

incompatible wastes to take

precautions to prevent

reactions. \$4,500 NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart C--Preparedness and Prevention)

Rule Rule Summary Base Penalty Type of Grace

or Matrix Violation Period

§264.31	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain or			
	operate facility to minimize			
	possibilities of fire,			
	explosion or releases of			
	hazardous waste or hazardous			
	waste constituents.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.32	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to equip facility			
	with emergency equipment.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.33	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to test and			
	maintain emergency equipment.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.34	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain access			
	to communications or alarm			
	system.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.35	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain			
	sufficient aisle space for			
	the unobstructed movement of			
	personnel or equipment in			
	an emergency.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§264.37 Failure of facility owner or

operator to make required

arrangements with police or

fire departments, emergency

response contractors,

equipment suppliers, or

local hospitals, or to

document any such

authority's refusal of such

arrangements. \$4,500 NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart D--Contingency Plan and Emergency Procedures)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.51(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have			
	contingency plan designed to			
	minimize hazards to human			
	health and the environment.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.51(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to carry out			
	provisions of the plan			
	immediately if there is a fire,			

	explosion, or release.	Matrix	NM	
§264.52(a)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	describe actions to be taken			
	in response to fires,			
	explosions, or releases.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.52(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to amend its SPCC			
	(40 C.F.R. Part 112 or Part			
	1510 of chapter V) or DPCC			
	(N.J.A.C. 7:1E) plan to			
	incorporate hazardous waste			
	management provisions.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.52(c)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	describe arrangements agreed			
	to by local police or fire			
	departments, hospitals,			
	contractors, or State or local			
	emergency response teams.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.52(d)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	list name, addresses, or			
	phone numbers of persons			
	qualified to act as emergency			
	coordinator.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§264.52(e)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	list emergency equipment,			
	updated as required, with its			
	location, description, or			
	capabilities specified.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.52(f)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	include evacuation procedure			
	for personnel including			
	signals, evacuation routes or			
	alternate evacuation routes.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.53	Failure of contingency plan to			
	be maintained at facility			
	with a copy sent to local			
	police or fire departments,			
	hospitals, or State or local			
	emergency response teams.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.54	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to review or amend			
	contingency plan as necessary.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.55	Failure of emergency			
	coordinator to be thoroughly			
	familiar with plan or			

available at all times. \$ 4,500 NM Failure of emergency §264.56(a)-(b) coordinator to identify character, source, amount or areal extent of discharged materials, or to activate alarms or communications systems, or to notify appropriate State or local Matrix NM agencies if necessary. §264.56(c) Failure of emergency coordinator to assess possible hazards to human health and the environment. Matrix NM §264.56(d) Failure of emergency coordinator to immediately notify appropriate emergency response agency of situation threatening health and the environment. Matrix NM §264.56(e) Failure of emergency coordinator to take reasonable measures to ensure hazards

	are minimized.	Matrix	NM
§264.56(f)	Failure of emergency		
	coordinator to monitor leaks,		
	pressure buildup, gas		
	generation, or ruptures, if		
	the facility stopped operating		
	due to fire, explosion, or		
	discharge.	Matrix	NM
§264.56(g)	Failure of emergency		
	coordinator to provide for		
	treating, storing, or		
	disposing of recovered waste,		
	contaminated soil or surface		
	water, or other material.	Matrix	NM
§264.56(h)	Failure of emergency		
	coordinator to ensure that in		
	affected area of facility no		
	incompatible waste is treated,		
	stored, or disposed of until		
	cleanup procedures are		
	complete or to ensure that		
	emergency equipment is cleaned		
	and fit for intended use		

	before operations are resumed.	Matrix	NM	
§264.56(i)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to notify Department			
	and local authorities that			
	facility is in compliance			
	before operations are resumed.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.56(j)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to submit written			
	report to Department within 15			
	days after an incident.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart E--Manifest System, Recordkeeping, and Reporting)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.71(a)(2)(i)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to			
	sign or date manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(a)(2)(ii)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to			
	note any significant			
	discrepancies in the			
	manifest on each copy of			
	the manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§264.71(a)(2)(iii)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to			
	give transporter a copy of			
	manifest or forward one			
	copy to the Department.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(a)(2)(iv)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to			
	send a copy of manifest to			
	generator within 30 days			
	after delivery of			
	hazardous waste.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(a)(2)(v)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to			
	retain copy of manifest			
	for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator receiving			
	hazardous waste imported			
	from a foreign source to			
	mail a copy of the			
	manifest to EPA within 30			
	days of delivery.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(b)(1)	Failure of facility owner			

or operator receiving

hazardous waste from rail

or water (bulk shipment)

transporter to sign or

date manifest or shipping

paper. \$ 3,000 M 30 days

§264.71(b)(2) Failure of facility owner

or operator receiving

hazardous waste from rail

or water (bulk shipment)

transporter to note any

significant discrepancies

in manifest or shipping

paper on each copy of

manifest or shipping paper. \$ 3,000 M 30 days

§264.71(b)(3) Failure of facility owner

or operator receiving

hazardous waste from rail

or water (bulk shipment)

transporter to give

transporter a copy of

manifest or shipping paper

or to forward one copy to

	the Department.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(b)(4)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator receiving			
	hazardous waste from rail			
	or water (bulk shipment)			
	transporter to send copy			
	of manifest or shipping			
	paper to generator within			
	30 days after delivery.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(b)(5)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator receiving			
	hazardous waste from rail			
	or water (bulk shipment)			
	transporter to retain copy			
	of manifest for 3 years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.71(e)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to determine			
	if consignment state			
	regulates any additional			
	wastes or if consignment			
	state or generator state			
	requires the facility to			
	submit copies of the			

	manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.72(c)	Failure of facility			
	operator to reconcile a			
	significant manifest			
	discrepancy with the			
	generator or transporter			
	within 15 days of receipt			
	or to report the			
	unresolved discrepancy to			
	the Department immediately			
	thereafter.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.72(d)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to comply with			
	the requirements of			
	40 C.F.R. 264.72(d) when			
	rejecting waste or			
	identifying a container			
	residue that exceeds the			
	quantity limits for			
	"empty."	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.72(e)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to comply with			
	the requirements of			

40 C.F.R. 264.72(e) when

sending full or partially

rejected loads to an

alternate facility. \$ 3,000 M 30 days

§264.72(f) Failure of facility owner

or operator to comply with

the requirements of

40 C.F.R. 264.72(f) when

sending rejected wastes

and residues back to the

generator. \$3,000 M 30 days

§264.72(g) Failure of facility owner

or operator to comply with

the requirements of

40 C.F.R. 264.72(g) when

rejecting a waste or

identifying a container

residue that exceeds the

quantity limits for

"empty" after it has

signed, dated, and

returned a copy of the

manifest to the

delivering transporter or

	dentering transporter of			
	to the generator.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.73	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to keep			
	written operating records			
	meeting each requirement			
	of 40 C.F.R. §264.73.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.74(a)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to furnish			
	upon request, or make			
	available for inspection,			
	any record.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.74(b)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to keep any			
	record during course of			
	any unresolved enforcement			
	action or as requested by			
	the Department.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.74(c)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to submit copy			
	of waste disposal			
	locations or quantities to			
	Department or local land			

authority upon closure of

	facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.75	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to prepare or			
	submit a copy of the			
	hazardous waste report to			
	Department by March 1 of			
	each even numbered year.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.76	Failure of a facility			
	owner or operator			
	receiving unmanifested			
	waste to submit an			
	'Unmanifested Waste			
	Report'.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.76	Failure of a facility			
	owner or operator			
	receiving unmanifested			
	waste to submit an			
	'Unmanifested Waste			
	Report' within 15 days.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart F--Releases From Solid Waste Management Units)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.92	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with permit			
	conditions designed to protect			
	ground water.	Matrix	NM	
§264.95	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to conduct monitoring at			
	the point of compliance as			
	specified in the facility permit.	Matrix	NM	
§264.96	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain a			
	compliance- monitoring program			
	for the life of the compliance			
	period as specified in the			
	facility permit.	Matrix	NM	
§264.97	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide facility with			
	ground water monitoring system			
	in accordance with			
	40 C.F.R.§264.97.	\$ 10,000	NM	

§264.98 Failure of facility owner or operator to establish a detection monitoring program in conformance with 40 C.F.R.§264.98. Matrix NM §264.99 Failure of facility owner or operator to maintain a compliance monitoring program in conformance with 40 C.F.R.§264.99. Matrix NM §264.100 Failure of facility owner or operator to establish a corrective action program in conformance with NM 40 C.F.R.§264.100. Matrix (40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart G--Closure and Post-Closure) Rule Type of **Rule Summary** Base Penalty Grace Violation Period or Matrix §264.111 Failure of facility owner or operator to close in a manner

that minimizes further

maintenance and controls,

	minimizes, or eliminates			
	post-closure escape of hazardous			
	waste.	Matrix	NM	
§264.112(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have written closure			
	plan.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.112(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to include in the			
	closure plan all steps necessary			
	to perform a partial and/or			
	final closure of the facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.112(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to amend or request			
	modification of closure plan			
	before change.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.112(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to notify Department			
	prior to commencement of closure.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.113(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to treat, remove, or			
	dispose of waste within 90 days			
	after final volume of wastes			

	received in accordance with		
	approved closure plan.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.113(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to complete closure		
	within 180 days after final		
	volume of wastes received in		
	accordance with approved closure		
	plan.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.114	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to properly dispose of		
	or decontaminate all		
	contaminated equipment,		
	structures, or soils.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.115	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator, when closure		
	completed, to submit its own		
	certification and that of an		
	independent registered		
	professional engineer to the		
	Department.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.116	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator, within 60 days after		

closure, to submit to local

	authorities and Department			
	detailed information on site.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.117(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to continue proper			
	post-closure care for 30 years			
	and to comply with			
	40 C.F.R. §264.117(a)(1)-(2).	Matrix	NM	
§264.117(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that			
	post-closure activity does not			
	disturb final cover, liner(s),			
	or containment or monitoring			
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.117(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to perform post-closure			
	care activities in accordance			
§264.118(a)	with post-closure plan.	\$ 5,000	NM	
	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have written			
	post-closure plan.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.118(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to include in			

	post-closure plan all activities			
	that will be carried on after			
	closure of each disposal unit			
	and the frequency of these			
	activities.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.118(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to furnish the most			
	current copy of post-closure			
	plan to the Department upon			
	request or to keep a copy of			
	the post-closure plan with the			
	person or office specified in			
	40 C.F.R. §264.118(b)(3) during			
	the post-closure period.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.118(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to amend or request			
	modification of post-closure			
	plan when necessary.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.119(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inform the local			
	zoning officer and the			
	Department of the type, location			
	and amount of waste in each			

	disposal unit within 60 days of			
	receiving a certification of			
	closure for that unit.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.119(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	requirements for notice in deed			
	to property.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.120	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to certify that			
	post-closure activities have			
	been conducted according to the			
	post-closure plan within 60 days			
	of completion of the			
	established post-closure care			
	period.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
(40 C.F.R. Part	264 Subpart HFinancial Requirements)			
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.142(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a written			
	estimate of the cost of closing			
	facility.	\$ 4,500	NM	

§264.142(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to adjust closure cost			
	estimate for inflation according			
	to regulatory time frames.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.142(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to revise the closure			
	cost estimate whenever a change			
	in the closure plan increases			
	the cost of closure.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.142(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep the latest			
	closure cost estimate and			
	adjusted closure cost estimate			
	at the facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.143	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to establish financial			
	assurance for closure of			
	facility.	Matrix	NM	
§264.144(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a written			
	estimate of the cost of post-			
	closure care.	\$ 4,500	NM	

§264.144(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to adjust cost estimate			
	of post-closure care for			
	inflation according to regulatory			
	time frames.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.144(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to revise the post-			
	closure care cost estimate			
	whenever a change in the post-			
	closure plan increases the cost			
	of post-closure care.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.144(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep the latest			
	post-closure care cost estimate			
	at the facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.145	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to establish financial			
	assurance for post-closure care			
	of facility.	Matrix	NM	
§264.147(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to meet liability			
	requirements for sudden			
	accidental occurrences.	Matrix	NM	

§264.147(b) Failure of facility owner or operator to meet the liability requirements for nonsudden occurrences. Matrix NM §264.148(a) Failure of facility owner or operator or guarantor to notify Department of commencement of proceeding under Title 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Matrix NM§264.148(b) Failure of facility owner or operator to establish other financial assurance or liability coverage within 60 days after bankruptcy, suspension, or

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart I--Use and Management of Containers)

revocation.

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.171	Failure of facility owner of			
	operator to handle hazardous			
	waste in containers of good			
	condition.	\$ 4,500	NM	

NM

Matrix

§264.172	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to use container			
	compatible with hazardous			
	waste stored.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.173	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with the			
	requirements for the			
	management of containers.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.174	Failure of facility owner of			
	operator to perform			
	inspection of each area where			
	containers are stored.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.175(b)(1)	Failure of container storage			
	area to have an underlying			
	base free of cracks or gaps			
	and sufficiently impervious			
	to contain leak, spills and			
	accumulated precipitation			
	until collected material is			
	detected and removed.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.175(b)(2)	Failure of container storage			
	area to be sloped or designed			
	and operated to drain and			

	remove liquids, unless			
	containers are protected from			
	contact with accumulated			
	liquids.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.175(b)(3)	Failure of container storage			
	area to have capacity to			
	contain 10 percent of volume			
	of all containers or volume			
	of largest container,			
	whichever is greater.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.175(b)(4)	Failure of container storage			
	area to be protected from			
	run-on, unless in compliance			
	with exceptions at			
	40 C.F.R.§264.175(b)(4).	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.175(b)(5)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remove spilled or			
	leaked waste or accumulated			
	precipitation from sump or			
	collection area in a timely			
	manner to prevent overflow.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.176	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to store containers			

	holding ignitable or reactive		
	wastes at least 50 feet from		
	property line.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.177	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to comply with each		
	of the special requirements		
	for incompatible wastes.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.178	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to remove all		
	hazardous wastes and residues		
	from containment system at		
	closure or to remove or		
	decontaminate remaining		
	containers, liners, bases,		
	and soil containing or		
	contaminated with hazardous		
	waste.	Matrix	NM
§264.179	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to comply with		
	40 C.F.R. §264, Subparts AA, BB,		
	and CC.	Matrix	NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart J--Tank Systems)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.191(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain and keep a			
	written assessment by a			
	professional engineer			
	attesting to existing tank			
	system's integrity.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.191(b)	Failure of written assessment			
	to comply with the			
	requirements at			
	40 C.F.R.§264.191(b).	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.191(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to assess the			
	integrity of a tank within 12			
	months of a material			
	becoming a hazardous waste.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.192(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a new tank			
	inspected by a qualified			
	installation inspector or			
	engineer prior to covering,			

	enclosing, or placing in use.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.192(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator of a new tank system		
	or components to use		
	appropriate backfill material.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.192(d)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to have a new tank		
	and ancillary equipment		
	tested for tightness prior to		
	covering, enclosing, or		
	placing in use.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.192(e)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to have ancillary		
	equipment supported and		
	protected from settlement,		
	vibration, expansion, or		
	contraction.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.192(f)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to provide proper		
	corrosion protection for new		
	tank systems.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.192(g)	Failure of facility owner or		

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	operator to obtain and keep			
	on record certifications from			
	those professionals			
	responsible for tank system			
	design and installation.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.193(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to install secondary			
	containment for hazardous			
	waste tanks within the time			
	frames outlined in			
	\$40 C.F.R.264.193(a).	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.193(b)(1)	Failure of secondary			
	containment system to be			
	designed, installed, and			
	operated to prevent migration			
	of wastes or accumulated			
	liquid out of the system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.193(b)(2)	Failure of secondary			
	containment system to detect			
	and collect releases and			
	accumulated liquids.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.193(c)(1)	Failure of containment system			

to consist of material

compatible with wastes stored

or to have sufficient

strength and thickness. \$4,500 NM

§264.193(c)(2) Failure of facility owner or

operator to construct

secondary containment unit on

a base or foundation capable

of providing support and

resistance to pressure

gradients. \$4,500 NM

§264.193(c)(3) Failure of facility owner or

operator to construct

secondary containment with a

leak detection system that is

designed and operated to

detect the failure of

containment structure(s) or

the presence of a release. \$4,500 NM

§264.193(c)(4) Failure of facility owner or

operator to remove

accumulated precipitation or

spilled or leaked waste from

secondary containment within

	24 hours.	Matrix	NM
§264.193(d)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to provide secondary		
	containment featuring an		
	approved device.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.193(e)(1)	Failure of external liner		
	system to meet requirements		
	at 40 C.F.R. §264.193(e)(1).	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.193(e)(2)	Failure of vault system to		
	meet requirements at		
	40 C.F.R. §264.193(e)(2).	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.193(e)(3)	Failure of double-walled tank		
	to meet requirements at		
	40 C.F.R. §264.193(e)(3).	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.193(f)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to provide secondary		
	containment for ancillary		
	equipment.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to prevent hazardous		
	wastes or treatment reagents		
	from being placed in tank if		

	they can cause the tank, its			
	ancillary equipment, or			
	containment system to			
	rupture, leak, corrode, or			
	otherwise fail.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.194(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to use appropriate			
	controls and practices to			
	prevent spills and overflows			
	from tanks or containment			
	systems.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.195(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to develop and			
	follow a schedule and			
	procedure for inspecting			
	overfill controls.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.195(b)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect			
	aboveground portions of a			
	tank system for corrosion or			
	releases of waste each			
	operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.195(b)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			

	operator to inspect data				
	gathered from monitoring and				
	leak detection equipment each				
	operating day.	\$ 3,000	M		30 days
§264.195(b)(3)	Failure of facility owner or				
	operator to inspect				
	construction materials and				
	area immediately surrounding				
	tank system or secondary				
	system for erosion or signs				
	of releases.	\$ 3,000	M		30 days
	Failure of facility owner or				
	operator to inspect cathodic				
	protection systems.	\$ 3,000	M		30 days
§264.195(d)	Failure of facility owner or				
	operator to document inspections				
	in facility operating record.	\$ 3,00	0	M	30
00.54.40.57	- H				days
§264.196(a)	Failure of facility owner or				
	operator to cease using a tank				
	from which a release occurred or				
	which is unfit for use.	Matrix		NM	

§264.196(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remove waste from a			
	tank in which a release occurred			
	within 24 hours in order to			
	affect repairs on the unit.	Matrix	NM	
§264.196(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prevent further			
	migration of a release to soils			
	or water or to remove and			
	dispose of any visible			
	contamination of soil or water.	Matrix	NM	
§264.196(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to report a release			
	within 24 hours or to submit a			
	spill report within 30 days.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
				uays
§264.196(e)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	40 C.F.R. §264.196(e)(2)-(4) prior			
	to placing a tank back in			
	service following a release.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.196(f)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain a professional			

	engineer's certification prior		
	to placing a tank back in		
	service following a major repair.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.197(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator at closure to remove or		
	decontaminate all waste		
	residues, contaminated		
	containment system components,		
	contaminated soils, structures,		
	etc.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.197(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator that has a tank system		
	without secondary containment to		
	comply with requirements at		
	40 C.F.R. §264.197(c).	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.198(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to meet specific		
	requirements before placing		
	ignitable or reactive waste in a		
	tank.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.198(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator storing or treating		

ignitable or reactive wastes in

tanks to comply with NFPA's

buffer zone requirements for

tanks. \$4,500 NM

§264.199(a) Failure of facility owner or

operator to prevent the placing

of incompatible wastes, or

wastes and materials, in the

same tank, except in compliance

with 40 C.F.R. §264.17(b). \$5,000 NM

§264.199(b) Failure of facility owner or

operator to prevent the placing

of hazardous waste in a tank

which was not decontaminated and

previously held incompatible

waste, except in compliance with

40 C.F.R. §264.17(b). \$5,000 NM

§264.200 Failure of facility owner or

operator to comply with

40 C.F.R. §264, Subparts AA, BB,

and CC. Matrix NM

40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart K--Surface Impoundments)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base		
		Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.221(a)	Failure of surface			
	impoundment to have liner			
	designed, constructed, and			
	installed to prevent			
	migration of waste during			
	active life of impoundment.	Matrix	NM	
§264.221(a)(1)	Failure of liner to have			
	properties that prevent			
	failure due to pressure			
	gradients, contact with			
	waste, climatic			
	conditions, and stress of			
	installation and operation.	Matrix	NM	
§264.221(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner			
	or operator to place lower			
	liner on foundation			
	capable of providing			
	support.	Matrix	NM	
§264.221(a)(3)	Failure of surface			

impoundment to have the

liner installed to cover

all surrounding earth

likely to be in contact

with the waste or leachate. Matrix NM

\$264.221(c)(1)(i)(A) Failure of top liner to be

designed and constructed

to prevent migration of

hazardous constituents

into liner during active

life and post closure care

period. Matrix NM

§264.221(c)(1)(i)(B) Failure of bottom liner to

consist of at least three

feet of soil of specified

hydraulic conductivity. \$5,000 NM

§264.221(c)(2) Failure of surface

impoundment to have

leachate collection system

between liners. \$ 10,000 NM

§264.221(c)(4) Failure of facility owner

or operator to demonstrate

that the seasonal high

water table will not

adversely affect the leak

detection system. \$ 10,000 NM

§264.223 Failure of facility owner

or operator that stores

hazardous waste in a

surface impoundment to

have an approved response

action plan. \$5,000 NM

§264.226(a) Failure to comply with

inspection requirements

for surface impoundment

during and immediately

after construction. \$5,000 NM

§264.226(b) Failure to comply with

inspection requirements

during operation of

surface impoundment. \$ 3,000 M 30 days

§264.226(c) Failure of facility owner

or operator who stores

hazardous waste in a

surface impoundment to

obtain a professional

engineer's certification
that the dike has
structural integrity. \$ 5,000 NM

\$264.226(d) Failure of facility owner
or operator who stores
hazardous waste in a
surface impoundment to
record the amount of

leak detection sump. Matrix NM

§264.227(a) Failure of facility owner

or operator to remove

surface impoundment from

liquids removed from each

service if liquid level

suddenly drops or if dike

leaks. Matrix NM

§264.227(b) Failure of facility owner

or operator to comply with

requirements necessary

when surface impoundment

is removed from service. Matrix NM

§264.227(c) Failure of facility owner

or operator to have

requirements for surface

impoundment in contingency plan. \$ 3,000 M 30 days §264.227(d) Failure of facility owner or operator to comply with requirements for placing surface impoundment back into service. \$ 5,000 NM Failure of facility owner §264.227(e) or operator to close surface impoundment that has been removed from service and is not being repaired. \$ 5,000 NM §264.228(a) Failure of facility owner or operator who stores hazardous waste in a surface impoundment to properly close and provide post-closure care following closure. Matrix NM §264.228(b) Failure of facility owner

or operator to comply with

maintenance and monitoring

requirements during post-

closure of surface

impoundment. Matrix NM

§264.229 Failure of facility owner

or operator to meet

requirements for placing

ignitable or reactive

waste in surface

impoundment. \$5,000 NM

§264.230 Failure of facility owner

or operator to prevent

incompatible wastes and/or

materials from being

placed in same surface

impoundment. \$5,000 NM

§264.231(a) Failure of facility owner

or operator that stores

hazardous waste in a

surface impoundment to

obtain an approved

management plan prior to

placing F020, F021, F023,

F026 or F027 wastes in the

\$ surface impoundment. \$ 5,000 NM \$264.232 Failure of facility owner or operator to comply with 40 C.F.R. §264, Subparts

BB and CC. Matrix NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart L--Waste Piles)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.251(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure waste piles			
	have a proper liner and			
	leachate collection system.	Matrix	NM	
§264.251(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure waste piles			
	have double liners and a			
	leachate collection system both			
	above and between the liners.	Matrix	NM	
§264.251(g)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a run-on			
	control system to prevent flow			
	onto a waste pile from at least			

	a 25-year storm.	Matrix	NM
§264.251(h)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to have a run-off		
	management system to collect		
	run-off from a waste pile from		
	a 25-year storm.	Matrix	NM
§264.251(i)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to empty run-on and		
	run-off holding facilities		
	expeditiously following a storm.	Matrix	NM
§264.251(j)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to manage a waste pile		
	in order to prevent wind		
	dispersal.	Matrix	NM
§264.253	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to have an approved		
	response action plan prior to		
	utilizing a waste pile for		
	hazardous waste storage.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.254(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to inspect liners to		
	be used with waste piles during		

	construction or installation.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.254(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect waste piles			
	on a weekly basis and after			
	storms.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.254(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record the amount			
	of liquids removed from each			
	leak detection system sump at			
	least once a week through the			
	active life and closure period			
	of a waste pile.	Matrix	NM	
§264.256	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that			
	ignitable or reactive wastes			
	are not placed in waste piles.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.257	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with special			
	handling instructions for the			
	placement of incompatible			
	wastes in waste piles.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.258	Failure of facility owner or			

operator to ensure that all waste and contaminated containment system components have been removed and managed as hazardous waste when closing a waste pile. \$ 5,000 NM §264.259(a) Failure of facility owner or operator to have an approved management plan prior to placing F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, or F027 waste in a waste \$ 5,000 pile. NM (40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart M--Land Treatment) Rule Rule Summary Base Penalty Type of Grace Violation Period or Matrix §264.271(a) Failure of facility owner or operator conducting land treatment to have an established land treatment program meeting the requirements of 40 C.F.R. §264.271. Matrix NM

§264.272(a)

Failure of facility owner or

	verv senser / Britings in three costs.		
	operator conducting land		
	treatment to have demonstrated		
	prior to application of the		
	waste that hazardous		
	constituents in the waste will		
	be completely degraded in the		
	treatment zone.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.272(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator conducting land		
	treatment to ensure that all		
	field tests and laboratory		
	analysis conducted meet the		
	standards of 40 C.F.R.		
	§264.272(c).	Matrix	NM
§264.273(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to operate a land		
	treatment unit in accordance		
	with all design and operating		
	conditions.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.273(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to minimize the		
	run-off of hazardous		

constituents from the treatment

	zone.	Matrix	NM
§264.273(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to have a run-on		
	control system capable of		
	preventing flow into the		
	treatment zone during a 25-year		
	storm.	Matrix	NM
§264.273(d)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to have a run-off		
	management system capable of		
	collecting and controlling flow		
	during a 25-year storm.	Matrix	NM
§264.273(e)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to empty run-on and		
	run-off holding facilities		
	expeditiously following a storm.	Matrix	NM
§264.273(f)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to manage the		
	treatment zone in a manner to		

control wind dispersal of

	•			
	hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§264.273(g)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to conduct weekly			
	inspections of the land			
	treatment unit.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.276	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with 40			
	C.F.R. §264.276 when growing			
	food-chain crops on or in the			
	treatment zone.	Matrix	NM	
§264.278	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to implement an			
	unsaturated zone monitoring			
	program in conformance with 40			
	C.F.R. §264.178 and make			
	appropriate notifications if			
	there is an increase in			
	hazardous constituents below			
	the treatment zone.	Matrix	NM	
§264.279	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to include application			
	dates and rates to the			

	operating record.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.280(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to continue operation			
	of all control equipment and			
	treatment operations during the			
	closure period.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.280(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to submit a soil			
	scientist's certification upon			
	closure of the facility.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.280(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to continue operation			
	of all control equipment and			
	treatment operations during the			
	post-closure period.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.281	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that			
	ignitable or reactive waste are			
	not placed in the land			
	treatment zone.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.282	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that			

incompatible wastes are not

placed in the same land

treatment zone. \$ 5,000 NM

\$264.283(a) Failure of facility owner or

operator to obtain an approved

management plan prior to

placing F020, F021, F023, F026

or F027 wastes in a land

treatment unit. \$ 5,000 NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart N--Landfills)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of Grace
		or Matrix	Violation Period
§264.301(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator of hazardous waste		
	landfill to have a liner		
	system as required by 40		
	C.F.R. §264.301(a).	\$ 10,000	NM
§264.301(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator of new hazardous		
	waste landfill to have a		
	liner system as required by		
	40 C.F.R. §264.301(c).	\$ 10,000	NM

§264.301(g)	Failure of owner or operator			
	of hazardous waste landfill			
	to manage run-on system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.301(h)	Failure of owner or operator			
	of hazardous waste landfill			
	to manage run-off system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.301(i)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator of hazardous waste			
	landfill to empty or manage			
	system after storm.	Matrix	NM	
§264.301(j)	Failure of owner or operator			
	of a hazardous waste landfill			
	to control wind dispersion			
	of particulate matter.	Matrix	NM	
§264.303	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to meet inspection			
	requirements for hazardous			
	waste landfill.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.303(c)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record the amount			
	of liquids removed from each			
	leak detection system sump			

	at least once a week through		
	the active life and closure		
	period of a hazardous waste		
	landfill.	Matrix	NM
§264.303(c)(2)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to record the amount		
	of liquids removed from each		
	leak detection system sump		
	in accordance with		
	40 C.F.R.§264.303(c)(2) following the		
	closure period of a hazardous		
	waste landfill.	Matrix	NM
§264.304	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator that stores		
	hazardous waste in a landfill		
	unit to have an approved		
	response action plan.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.309(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to maintain in		
	operating record details of		
	location and dimensions of		
	each hazardous waste landfill		
	cell.	\$ 4,500	NM

§264.309(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to maintain in		
	operating record the contents		
	of each hazardous waste		
	landfill cell and location of		
	each hazardous waste type.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.310(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator of a hazardous waste		
	landfill to place final		
	cover over landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.310(b)(1)	Failure of owner or operator		
	of a hazardous waste landfill		
	to maintain the function and		
	integrity of the final cover		
	including making repairs to		
	the cover necessary to		
	correct the effects of		
	settling, subsidence,		
	erosion, or other events.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.310(b)(2)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to continue to		
	operate the leachate		
	collection system until		

leachate is no longer

	detected.	Matrix	NM	
§264.310(b)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain and			
	monitor the leak detection			
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.310(b)(4)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to continue to			
	maintain and monitor the			
	ground water monitoring			
	system after final closure.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.310(b)(5)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prevent run-on			
	and run-off from eroding or			
	otherwise damaging the final			
	cover.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.310(b)(6)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to protect and			
	maintain surveyed benchmarks			
	used in complying with			
	40 C.F.R. §264.309.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.312	Facility owner or operator of			

	hazardous waste landfill		
	placed ignitable or reactive		
	waste in hazardous waste		
	landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.313	Facility owner or operator of		
	hazardous waste landfill		
	placed incompatible wastes		
	and materials in same		
	landfill cell.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.314(b)	Facility owner or operator		
	placed bulk or non-		
	containerized liquid		
	hazardous waste in landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.314(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to ensure that		
	liquid hazardous waste or		
	hazardous wastes containing		
	free liquids are not placed		
	in the landfill.	Matrix	NM
§264.314(d)	Facility owner or operator		
	placed containers holding		
	free liquids in hazardous		
	waste landfill.	Matrix	NM

§264.314(f)	Facility owner or operator			
	placed liquid which is not a			
	hazardous waste in hazardous			
	waste landfill.	Matrix	NM	
§264.315	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	special requirements for			
	containers being placed in a			
	landfill.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.316(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	inside package requirements			
	of overpack containers before			
	placing in a hazardous waste			
	landfill.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.316(b)	Failure of metal outer			
	container to be full after			
	packing with inside			
	containers and absorbent			
	material.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.316(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to use absorbent			

	material that is not capable		
	of reacting dangerously with,		
	being decomposed by, or		
	being ignited by the contents		
	inside the containers in		
	accordance with		
	40 C.F.R.§264.17(b).	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.316(d)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to prevent		
	incompatible wastes from		
	being placed in same outside		
	container.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.316(e)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to meet requirements		
	for packaging reactive		
	wastes before placing in		
	hazardous waste landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.317	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator of hazardous waste		
	landfill to comply with		
	special requirements for		
	F020, F021, F022, F023, F026,		
	and F027 wastes.	\$ 5,000	NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart O--Incinerators)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.341(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator throughout normal			
	operation of incinerator to			
	conduct sufficient waste			
	analyses to verify compliance			
	with permit.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.344	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to operate a			
	hazardous waste incinerator			
	in compliance with the			
	conditions at			
	40 C.F.R.§264.345 and the permit.	Matrix	NM	
§264.345(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to operate			
	incinerator in accordance			
	with operating requirements			
	of permit.	Matrix	NM	
§264.345(c)	Facility owner or operator			
	fed hazardous waste into the			
	incinerator during start up			

	and shut down when not		
	operating at steady state		
	conditions.	Matrix	NM
§264.345(d)(1)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to keep combustion		
	zone of incinerator totally		
	sealed against fugitive		
	emissions.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.345(d)(2)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to maintain		
	combustion zone of		
	incinerator at lower than		
	atmospheric pressure.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.345(d)(3)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator of incinerator to		
	provide approved alternate		
	means of control of fugitive		
	emissions.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.345(e)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to operate		
	incinerator with automatic		

\$ 5,000

NM

feed cut off.

§264.345(f)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to cease operation		
	of incinerator if change in		
	waste feed or operating		
	conditions exceed permit		
	limits.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.347(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to monitor		
	combustion temperature, waste		
	feed rate, gas velocity		
	continuously.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.347(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to monitor carbon		
	monoxide continuously.	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.347(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to conduct, upon		
	request, sampling or analyses		
	of waste or exhaust		
	emissions.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.347(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to thoroughly		
	inspect incinerator or		
	associated equipment at least		

	daily.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.347(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to test emergency			
	waste feed cutoff controls or			
	alarm systems weekly.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.347(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record all			
	monitoring and inspection			
	data in the facility's			
	operating log.	\$ 3000	NM	
§264.351	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remove all			
	hazardous waste and hazardous			
	waste residues from			
	incinerator site at closure.	\$ 5,000	NM	
(40 C.F.R. Part 2	64 Subpart WDrip Pads)			
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violatio	on Period
§264.571	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator operating an			

existing drip pad to evaluate

the pad to determine if it

meets the requirements of

40 C.F.R. §264, Subpart W. \$5,000 NM

§264.573(a) Failure of facility owner or

operator to design and

construct a drip pad that is

impermeable, sloped, bermed,

and of sufficient structural

strength or to obtain an

engineer's evaluation,

recertified annually. \$5,000 NM

§264.573(b)(1) Failure of facility owner or

operator to ensure drip pads

have a proper liner of

appropriate materials on a

sound foundation. Matrix NM

§264.573(b)(2) Failure of facility owner or

operator to ensure drip pads

have a proper functioning

leakage detection system. \$ 4,500 NM

§264.573(b)(3) Failure of facility owner or

operator to ensure drip pads

have a leakage collection

system to collect any leakage

	from below the drip pad.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.573(b)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record, in the			
	facility's operating log, the			
	date and amount of leakage			
	collected from a drip pad			
	leakage collection system.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.573(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure drip pads			
	are maintained free of			
	cracks, gaps, or			
	deterioration.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.573(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure drip pads			
	are designed and operated to			
	control and collect all			
	hazardous waste drippage.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.573(e)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a run-on			
	control system to prevent or			
	control flow onto a drip pad			
	from at least a 25-year storm.	Matrix	NM	

§264.573(f)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing a drip pad		
	to have a run-off management		
	system capable of collecting		
	and controlling flow during		
	a 25-year storm.	Matrix	NM
§264.573(g)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to obtain a		
	statement from a professional		
	engineer certifying that the		
	drip pad design meets the		
	requirements of		
	40 C.F.R. §264.573(a)-(f).	\$ 5,000	NM
§264.573(h)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing a drip pad		
	to remove drippage and		
	precipitation from collection		
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.573(i)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to clean drip pads		
	of accumulated hazardous		
	waste in order to allow for		
	weekly inspections of the		

	entire pad.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.573(i)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to log the date and			
	procedures for each drip pad			
	cleaning.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.573(j)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to minimize the			
	tracking of hazardous waste			
	off of the drip pad.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.573(k)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to hold all treated			
	lumber on the drip pad until			
	drippage has ceased or to			
	document actions.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§264.573(l)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to empty run-on and			
	run-off collection units			
	promptly following a storm.	Matrix	NM	
§264.573(m)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to make repairs to a			
	drip pad which has had, or			
	may of had, a release of			

	hazardous waste, in accordance			
	with 40 C.F.R. § 264.573(m).	Matrix	NM	
§264.573 (o)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator utilizing drip pads			
	to maintain records of past			
	waste handling practices.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.574(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator using a drip pad to			
	obtain a professional			
	engineer's certification			
	immediately after			
	installation of a liner.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§264.574(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect drip pads			
	on a weekly basis and after			
	storms.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§264.575	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that all			
	waste and contamination have			
	been removed when closing a			
	drip pad.	\$ 4,500	NM	

(40 C.F.R. Part 264 Subpart EE--Hazardous Waste Munitions and Explosives Storage)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§264.1201(a)(1)	Failure of hazardous waste			
	munitions and explosives			
	storage unit to be designed			
	and operated to minimize the			
	potential for detonation or			
	other means of release of			
	hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§264.1201(a)(2)	Failure of hazardous waste			
	munitions and explosives			
	storage unit to be designed			
	and operated to provide a			
	primary barrier designed to			
	contain hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§264.1201(a)(3)	Failure of hazardous waste			
	munitions and explosives			
	storage unit, for wastes			
	stored outside, to be			
	designed and operated so			
	that the waste and			
	containers will not be in			

standing precipitation. \$ 4,500 NM Failure of hazardous waste §264.1201(a)(4) munitions and explosives storage unit, for liquid wastes, to be designed and operated to provide a secondary containment system that assures that any released liquids are contained, promptly detected, and removed. \$4,500 NM Failure of hazardous waste §264.1201(a)(5) munitions and explosives storage unit to be designed and operated to provide monitoring and inspection procedures that assure the controls and containment systems are working as designed. \$ 4,500 NM §264.1201(b)(1) Failure of hazardous waste munitions and explosives stored in earth-covered

magazines to comply with the

requirements at

40 C.F.R.§264.1201(b)(1).

\$ 5,000

NM

§264.1201(b)(2)

Failure of hazardous waste

munitions and explosives in

above-ground magazines to be

located and designed so as

to minimize the propagation

of an explosion to adjacent

units.

Matrix

NM

§264.1201(b)(3)

Failure of hazardous waste

munitions and explosives in

outdoor or open storage

areas to be located and

designed so as to minimize

the propagation of an

explosion to adjacent units.

Matrix

NM

§264.1201(c)

Failure of hazardous waste

munitions and explosives to

be stored in accordance with

an SOP specifying

procedures to ensure safety,

security, and environmental

	protection.	Matrix	NM
§264.1201(d)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives to		
	be packaged to ensure safety		
	in handling and storage.	Matrix	NM
§264.1201(e)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives to		
	be inventoried at least		
	annually.	\$ 4,500	NM
§264.1201(f)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives and		
	their storage units to be		
	inspected and monitored to		
	ensure explosive safety and		
	to ensure that there is no		
	migration of contaminants		
	outside the unit.	\$ 4,500	NM

^{6.} The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-9, Interim Status Standards Applicable to Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facilities, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart B--General Facility Standards)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.11	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain EPA			
	identification number.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.12(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator importing hazardous			
	waste from a foreign			
	country to notify EPA at			
	least 4 weeks in advance of			
	expected delivery.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.12(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator when transferring			
	operation of the facility to			
	inform the new owner or			
	operator of the requirements			
	of 40 C.F.R. §265 and 270.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.13(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain detailed			
	chemical analysis of			
	representative sample before			
	treating, storing, or			

disposing of any hazardous \$ 5,000 NM waste. §265.13(a)(3) Failure of facility owner or operator to repeat analysis as necessary to ensure that it is accurate and up to date. \$ 3,000 30 days M §265.13(a)(4) Failure of owner or operator of an off-site facility to inspect or analyze each hazardous waste shipment received to determine if it matches the identity specified on the \$ 4,500 NMmanifest or shipping paper. §265.13(b) Failure of facility owner or operator to develop or follow a written waste \$ 5,000 NM analysis plan. §265.14(a) Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent the unknowing entry and minimize

the possibility for the

unauthorized entry onto the

	facility.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.14(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have adequate			
	surveillance system or			
	adequate artificial or			
	natural barrier and a means			
	to control entry at all			
	times.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.14(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to post signs			
	meeting each requirement of			
	40 C.F.R. §265.14(c).	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.15(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect for			
	malfunctions, deterioration,			
	errors, or discharges.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.15(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to develop or			
	follow written schedule for			
	inspecting monitoring,			
	safety, emergency, security			
	equipment, etc., to keep			

	schedule on site, or to			
	identify problems.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.15(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remedy any			
	deterioration or malfunction			
	immediately or on an			
	appropriate schedule.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.15(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record			
	inspections in log or to			
	retain required information			
	for three years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.16(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide required			
	classroom or on-the-job			
	training for facility			
	personnel.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.16(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide a			
	training program that is			
	directed by a person trained			
	in hazardous waste			
	management procedures.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§265.16(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide, at a			
	minimum, a training program			
	which is designed to ensure			
	that facility personnel are			
	able to respond effectively			
	to emergencies.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.16(b)	Failure of facility			
	personnel to successfully			
	complete the training			
	program required in			
	40 C.F.R. §265.16(a) within 6			
	months.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.16(c)	Failure of facility			
	personnel to take part in an			
	annual review of the			
	initial training required in			
	40 C.F.R. §265.16(a).	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.16(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain training			
	records at the facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.16(e)	Failure of facility owner or			

operator to keep training

records until closure. \$ 3,000 30 days M §265.17(a) Failure of facility owner or operator to keep ignitable or reactive waste separated and protected from sources of ignition or reaction, to confine smoking or open flame to specially designated locations while handling ignitable or reactive waste, or to conspicuously place "No Smoking" signs wherever there is a hazard from ignitable or reactive waste. \$ 4,500 NM §265.17(b) Failure of facility owner or operator that treats, stores, or disposes of ignitable, reactive, or mixtures of incompatible wastes to take precautions to prevent reactions. \$ 4,500 NM

(40 C.F.R. 265 Subpart C – Preparedness and Prevention)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.31	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain or			
	operate facility to minimize			
	possibilities of fire,			
	explosion or releases of			
	hazardous waste or hazardous			
	waste constituents.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.32	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to equip facility			
	with emergency equipment.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.33	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to test and			
	maintain emergency equipment.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.34	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain access			
	to communications or alarm			
	system.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.35	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain			

sufficient aisle space for

the unobstructed movement of

personnel or equipment in

an emergency. \$3,000 M 30 days

§265.37 Failure of facility owner or

operator to make required

arrangements with police or

fire departments, emergency

response contractors,

equipment suppliers, or

local hospitals, or to

document any such

authority's refusal of such

arrangements. \$3,000 M 30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart D--Contingency Plan and Emergency Procedures)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.51(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a contingency			
	plan designed to minimize			
	hazards to human health and			
	the environment.	\$ 5,000	NM	

§265.51(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to carry out			
	provisions of the plan			
	immediately if there is a			
	fire, explosion, or release.	Matrix	NM	
§265.52(a)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	describe actions to be taken			
	in response to fires,			
	explosions, or releases.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.52(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to amend its SPCC			
	(40 C.F.R. Part 112 or Part			
	1510 of chapter V) or DPCC			
	(N.J.A.C. 7:1E) plan to			
	incorporate hazardous waste			
	management provisions.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.52(c)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	describe arrangements agreed			
	to by local police or fire			
	departments, hospitals,			
	contractors, or State or local			
	emergency response teams.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.52(d)	Failure of contingency plan to			

	list name, addresses, or			
	phone numbers of persons			
	qualified to act as emergency			
	coordinator.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.52(e)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	list emergency equipment,			
	updated as required, with its			
	location, description, or			
	capabilities specified.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.52(f)	Failure of contingency plan to			
	include evacuation procedure			
	for personnel including			
	signals, evacuation routes or			
	alternate evacuation routes.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.53	Failure of contingency plan to			
	be maintained at facility			
	with a copy sent to local			
	police or fire departments,			
	hospitals, or State or local			
	emergency response teams.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.54	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to review or amend			
	contingency plan as necessary.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§265.55 Failure of emergency coordinator to be thoroughly familiar with plan or available at all times. \$ 4,500 NM §265.56(a)-(b) Failure of emergency coordinator to identify character, source, amount or areal extent of discharged materials, to activate alarms or communications systems, or to notify appropriate State or Matrix NM local agencies if necessary. §265.56(c) Failure of emergency coordinator to assess possible hazards to human health and the environment. Matrix NM §265.56(d) Failure of emergency coordinator to immediately notify appropriate emergency response agency of situation threatening health and the environment. Matrix NM

§265.56(e) Failure of emergency coordinator to take reasonable measures to ensure hazards NM are minimized. Matrix §265.56(f) Failure of emergency coordinator to monitor leaks, pressure buildup, gas generation, or ruptures, if the facility stopped operating due to fire, explosion, or NM discharge. Matrix §265.56(g) Failure of emergency coordinator to provide for treating, storing, or disposing of recovered waste, contaminated soil or surface water, or other material. Matrix NM §265.56(h) Failure of emergency coordinator to ensure that in affected area of facility no incompatible waste is treated, stored or disposed of until cleanup procedures are

complete or to ensure that emergency equipment is cleaned and fit for intended use NM before operations are resumed. Matrix §265.56(i) Failure of facility owner or operator to notify Department and local authorities that facility is in compliance 30 days before operations are resumed. \$ 3,000 M §265.56(j) Failure of facility owner or operator to submit written report to Department within

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart E--Manifest System, Recordkeeping, and Reporting)

15 days after an incident.

Rule	Rule Summary	Base		
		Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.71(a)(2)(i)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to sign or			
	date manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(a)(2)(ii)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to note any			

\$ 3,000

M

30 days

	significant discrepancies in			
	the manifest on each copy of			
	the manifest.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(a)(2)(iii)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to give			
	transporter a copy of	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
	manifest.			
§265.71(a)(2)(iv)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to send			
	copy of manifest to generator			
	within 30 days after delivery			
	of hazardous waste.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(a)(2)(v)	Failure of facility owner,			
	operator, or agent to retain			
	copy of manifest for 3 years.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(b)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator receiving hazardous			
	waste from rail or water			
	(bulk shipment) transporter			
	to sign or date manifest or			
	shipping paper.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(b)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			

	operator receiving hazardous			
	waste from rail or water			
	(bulk shipment) transporter			
	to note any significant			
	discrepancies in manifest or			
	shipping paper on each copy			
	of manifest or shipping paper.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(b)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator receiving hazardous			
	waste from rail or water			
	(bulk shipment) transporter			
	to give transporter a copy of			
	manifest or shipping paper.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(b)(4)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator receiving hazardous			
	waste from rail or water			
	(bulk shipment) transporter			
	to send copy of manifest or			
	shipping paper to generator			
	within 30 days after delivery.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.71(b)(5)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator receiving hazardous			
	waste from rail or water			

(bulk shipment) transporter

to retain copy of manifest

for 3 years. \$ 3,000 M 30 days

§265.71(e) Failure of facility operator

to reconcile a significant

discrepancy with the

generator or transporter

within 15 days of receipt or

to report the unresolved

discrepancy to the Department

immediately thereafter. \$3,000 M 30 days

§265.72(c) Failure of facility operator

to reconcile a significant

discrepancy with the generator

or transporter within 15 days

of receipt or to report the

unresolved discrepancy to the

Department immediately

thereafter. \$3,000 M 30 days

§265.72(d) Failure of facility owner or

operator to comply with the

requirements of

40 C.F.R.265.72(d) when rejecting waste

or identifying a container

residue that exceeds the

quantity limits for "empty." \$ 3,000 M 30 days

§265.72(e) Failure of facility owner or

operator to comply with the

requirements of

40 C.F.R.265.72(e) when sending full or

partially rejected loads to an

alternate facility. \$3,000 M 30 days

§265.72(f) Failure of facility owner or

operator to comply with the

requirements of

40 C.F.R.265.72(f) when sending

rejected wastes and residues

back to the generator. \$3,000 M 30 days

§265.72(g) Failure of facility owner or

operator to comply with the

requirements of

40 C.F.R.265.72(g) when rejecting a

waste or identifying a

container residue that exceeds

the quantity limits for

"empty" after it has signed,

	dated, and returned a copy of			
	the manifest to the delivering			
	transporter or to the			
	generator.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.73	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep written			
	operating records meeting			
	each requirement of			
	40 C.F.R.§265.73.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.74(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to furnish upon			
	request, or make available			
	for inspection, any record.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.74(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep any record			
	during the course of any			
	unresolved enforcement action			
	or as requested by the			
	Department.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.74(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to submit copy of			
	waste disposal locations or			
	quantities to Department or			

	local land authority upon			
	closure of facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.75	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prepare or submit			
	a copy of the hazardous			
	waste report to Department by			
	March 1 of each even			
	numbered year.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.76	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator receiving			
	unmanifested waste to submit			
	an 'Unmanifested Waste			
	Report'.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.76	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator receiving			
	unmanifested waste to submit			
	an 'Unmanifested Waste			
	Report' within 15 days.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
(40 C.F.R.	Part 265 Subpart FGround-Water Monitoring)			
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.91	Failure of ground water			

	monitoring system to meet the			
	requirements of 40 C.F.R. §265.91.	Matrix	NM	
§265.92	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to develop and follow a			
	ground water sampling and			
	analysis plan in accordance with			
	40 C.F.R. §265.92.	Matrix	NM	
§265.93	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prepare an outline of			
	a more comprehensive ground			
	water monitoring program in			
	accordance with 40 C.F.R. §265.93.	Matrix	NM	
§265.94	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain records of			
	ground water monitoring			
	information or to report the			
	information to the Department.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
(40 C.F.R.	Part 265 Subpart GClosure and Post-Closure)			
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.111	Failure of facility owner or			

operator to close in a manner

	that minimizes further			
	maintenance and controls,			
	minimizes, or eliminates			
	post-closure escape of			
	hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§265.112(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have written			
	closure plan.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.112(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to include in the			
	closure plan all steps			
	necessary to perform a partial			
	and/or final closure of the			
	facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.112(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to amend or request			
	modification of closure plan			
	before change.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.112(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to notify Department			
	prior to commencement of			
	closure.	\$ 4,500	NM	

§265.113(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to treat, remove, or		
	dispose of waste within 90		
	days after final volume of		
	wastes received in accordance		
	with approved closure plan.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.113(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to complete closure		
	within 180 days after final		
	volume of wastes received in		
	accordance with approved		
	closure plan.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.114	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to properly dispose		
	of or decontaminate all		
	contaminated equipment,		
	structures, or soils.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.115	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator, when closure		
	completed, to submit its own		
	certification or that of an		
	independent registered		
	professional engineer to the		

	Department.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.116	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator, within 60 days after			
	closure, to submit to local			
	authorities and Department			
	detailed information on site.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.117(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to continue proper			
	post-closure care for 30 years			
	and to comply with			
	40 C.F.R.§265.117(a)(1)-(2).	Matrix	NM	
§265.117(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that			
	post-closure activity does not			
	disturb final cover, liner(s),			
	or containment or monitoring			
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.117(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to perform post-			
	closure care activities in			
	accordance with post-closure			
	plan.	\$ 5,000	NM	

§265.118(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have written post-			
	closure plan.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.118(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to furnish the most			
	current copy of post-closure			
	plan to the Department upon			
	request or to keep a copy of			
	the post-closure plan with the			
	person or office specified in			
	40 C.F.R. §265.118(c)(3)			
	during the post-closure period.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.118(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to include in post-			
	closure plan all activities			
	that will be carried on after			
	closure of each disposal unit			
	and the frequency of these			
	activities.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.118(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to amend or request			
	modification of post-closure			
	plan when necessary.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§265.119(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inform the local			
	zoning officer and the			
	Department of the type,			
	location, and amount of waste			
	in each disposal unit within			
	60 days of receiving a			
	certification of closure for			
	that unit.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.119(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	requirements for notice in			
	deed to property.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.120	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to certify that			
	post-closure activities have			
	been conducted according to			
	the post-closure plan within			
	60 days of completion of the			
	established post-closure care			
	period.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart H –Financial Requirements)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.142(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a written			
	estimate of the cost of closing			
	facility.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.142(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to adjust closure cost			
	estimate for inflation			
	according to regulatory time			
	frames.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.142(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to revise the closure			
	cost estimate whenever a change			
	in the closure plan increases			
	the cost of closure.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.142(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep the latest			
	closure cost estimate and			
	adjusted closure cost estimate			
	at the facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.143	Failure of facility owner or			

	operator to establish financial			
	assurance for closure of			
	facility.	Matrix	NM	
§265.144(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a written			
	estimate of the cost of post-			
	closure care.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.144(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to adjust cost			
	estimate of post-closure care			
	for inflation according to			
	regulatory time frames.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.144(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to revise the post-			
	closure care cost estimate			
	whenever a change in the post-			
	closure plan increases the cost			
	of post-closure care.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.144(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to keep the latest			
	post-closure care cost estimate			
	at the facility.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§265.145	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to establish financial			
	assurance for post-closure			
	care of facility.	Matrix	NM	
§265.147(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to meet liability			
	requirements for sudden			
	accidental occurrences.	Matrix	NM	
§265.147(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to meet the liability			
	requirements for nonsudden			
	occurrences.	Matrix	NM	
§265.148(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator or guarantor to notify			
	Department of commencement of			
	proceeding under			
	Title II of the Bankruptcy Code.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.148(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to establish other			
	financial assurance or			
	liability coverage within 60			
	days after bankruptcy,			
	suspension, or revocation.	Matrix	NM	

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart I – Use and Management of Containers)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.171	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to handle hazardous			
	waste in containers of good			
	condition.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.172	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to use container			
	compatible with hazardous waste			
	stored.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.173	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	requirements for the management			
	of containers.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.174	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to perform inspection			
	of each area where containers			
	are stored.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.176	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to store containers			
	holding ignitable or reactive			

wastes at least 50 feet from

\$ 4,500 NM property line. §265.177 Failure of facility owner or operator to comply with each of the special requirements for incompatible wastes. \$ 4,500 NM §265.178 Failure of facility owner or operator to comply with 40 C.F.R. §265, Subparts AA, BB, and CC. Matrix NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart J--Tank Systems)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.191(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain and keep a			
	written assessment by a			
	professional engineer			
	attesting to existing tank			
	system's integrity.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.191(b)	Failure of written assessment			
	to comply with the			
	requirements at			

	40 C.F.R.§265.191(b).	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.191(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to assess the		
	integrity of a tank within 12		
	months of a material		
	becoming a hazardous waste.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.192(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to have written		
	assessment by a professional		
	engineer attesting that the		
	system has sufficient		
	structural strength.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.192(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to have a new tank		
	inspected by a qualified		
	installation inspector or		
	engineer for damage prior to		
	covering, enclosing or		
	placing in use.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.192(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator of new tank system		
	or components to use		
	appropriate backfill material.	\$ 5,000	NM

§265.192(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a new tank			
	and ancillary equipment			
	tested for tightness prior to			
	covering, enclosing or			
	placing in use.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.192(e)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have ancillary			
	equipment supported and			
	protected from settlement,			
	vibration, expansion, or			
	contraction.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.192(f)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide proper			
	corrosion protection for new			
	tank systems.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.192(g)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain and keep			
	on record certifications from			
	those professionals			
	responsible for tank system			
	design and installation.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

§265.193(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to install secondary		
	containment for hazardous		
	waste tanks within the time		
	frames outlined in		
	40 C.F.R.§265.193(a).	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(b)(1)	Failure of secondary		
	containment system to be		
	designed, installed, and		
	operated to prevent migration		
	of wastes or accumulated		
	liquid out of the system.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(b)(2)	Failure of secondary		
	containment system to detect		
	and collect releases and		
	accumulated liquids.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(c)(1)	Failure of containment system		
	to consist of material		
	compatible with wastes stored		
	or to have sufficient		
	strength and thickness.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(c)(2)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to construct		

_			
	secondary containment unit on		
	a base or foundation capable		
	of providing support and		
	resistance to pressure		
	gradients.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(c)(3)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to construct		
	secondary containment with a		
	leak detection system that is		
	designed and operated to		
	detect the failure of		
	containment structure(s) or		
	the presence of a release.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(c)(4)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to remove accumulated		
	precipitation or spilled or		
	leaked waste from secondary		
	containment within 24 hours.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(d)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to provide secondary		
	containment featuring an		
	approved device.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(e)(1)	Failure of external liner		

	system to meet requirements		
	at 40 C.F.R. §265.193(e)(1).	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(e)(2)	Failure of vault system to		
	meet requirements at		
	40 C.F.R. §265.193(e)(2).	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(e)(3)	Failure of double-walled tank		
	to meet requirements at		
	40 C.F.R. §265.193(e)(3).	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.193(f)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to provide secondary		
	containment for ancillary		
	equipment.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	equipment. Failure of facility owner or	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)		\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent hazardous	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent hazardous wastes or treatment reagents	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent hazardous wastes or treatment reagents from being placed in tank	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent hazardous wastes or treatment reagents from being placed in tank system if they can cause the	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent hazardous wastes or treatment reagents from being placed in tank system if they can cause the tank, its ancillary	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.194(a)	Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent hazardous wastes or treatment reagents from being placed in tank system if they can cause the tank, its ancillary equipment, or containment	\$ 4,500 \$ 5,000	NM

	operator to use appropriate			
	controls and practices to			
	prevent spills and overflows			
	from tanks or containment			
	systems.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.195(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect			
	overfill/spill control			
	equipment each operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.195(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect			
	aboveground portions of tank			
	system for corrosion or			
	releases of waste each			
	operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.195(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect data			
	gathered from monitoring and			
	leak detection equipment each			
	operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.195(a)(4)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect			
	construction materials and			

	area immediately surrounding			
	tank system for erosion or			
	signs of releases each			
	operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.195(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect cathodic			
	protection systems.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.195(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to document			
	inspections in facility			
	operating record.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.196(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to cease using a			
	tank from which a release			
	occurred or which is unfit			
	for use.	Matrix	NM	
§265.196(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remove waste from			
	a tank in which a release			
	occurred within 24 hours in			
	order to affect repairs on			
	the unit.	Matrix	NM	

§265.196(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prevent further			
	migration of the release to			
	soils or water or to remove			
	and dispose of any visible			
	contamination of soil or			
	water.	Matrix	NM	
§265.196(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to report a release			
	within 24 hours or to submit			
	a spill report within 30 days.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.196(e)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	40 C.F.R. §265.196(e)(2)-(4)			
	prior to placing a tank back			
	in service following a			
	release.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.196(f)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to obtain a			
	professional engineer's			
	certification prior to			
	placing a tank back in			
	service following a major			

	repair.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.197(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator at closure to remove		
	or decontaminate all waste		
	residues, contaminated		
	containment system		
	components, contaminated		
	soils, structures, etc.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.197(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator that has a tank		
	system without secondary		
	containment to comply with		
	requirements at		
	40 C.F.R.§265.197(c).	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.198(a)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to meet specific		
	requirements before placing		
	ignitable or reactive waste		
	in a tank.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.198(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator storing or treating		
	ignitable or reactive wastes		
	in tanks to comply with		

NFPA's buffer zone

\$4,500 NM requirements for tanks. §265.199(a) Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent the placing of incompatible wastes, or wastes and materials, in same tank, except in compliance with 40 C.F.R. §265.17(b). \$ 5,000 NM §265.199(b) Failure of facility owner or operator to prevent the placing of hazardous waste in a tank which is not decontaminated and previously held incompatible waste, except in compliance with 40 C.F.R. §265.17(b). \$ 5,000 NM §265.200 Failure of facility owner or operator utilizing a tank system to conduct waste analysis and trial treatment or storage tests before treating/storing different

waste or using a different

	process.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.201(b)(2)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator to prevent		
	hazardous waste or treatment		
	reagents from being placed in		
	tank system if they can		
	cause the tank, its ancillary		
	equipment, or containment		
	system to rupture, leak,		
	corrode, or otherwise fail.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.201(b)(3)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator to maintain at		
	least two feet of freeboard		
	for uncovered tanks.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.201(b)(4)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator utilizing tank		
	storage featuring a		
	continuous feed to install a		
	means to stop this inflow.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.201(c)(1)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator to inspect		
	discharge control equipment		

	each operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.201(c)(2)	Failure of small quantity			
	generator to inspect data			
	gathered from monitoring			
	equipment each operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.201(c)(3)	Failure of small quantity			
	generator to inspect level of			
	waste in tank each operating			
	day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.201(c)(4)	Failure of small quantity			
	generator to inspect			
	construction materials weekly.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.201(c)(5)	Failure of small quantity			
	generator to inspect the			
	construction materials of,			
	and the area immediately			
	surrounding, discharge			
	confinement structures weekly.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.201(d)	Failure of small quantity			
	generator at closure to			
	remove all waste from tanks,			
	discharge control equipment,			

and discharge confinement

	structures.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.201(e)(1)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator to meet specific		
	requirements before placing		
	ignitable or reactive waste		
	in a tank.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.201(e)(2)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator storing or treating		
	ignitable or reactive waste		
	in a tank to comply with		
	NFPA's buffer zone		
	requirements for tanks.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.201(f)(1)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator to prevent the		
	placing of incompatible		
	wastes, or wastes and		
	materials, in same tank,		
	except in compliance with		
	40 C.F.R. §265.17(b).	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.201(f)(2)	Failure of small quantity		
	generator to prevent the		
	placing of hazardous waste in		

a tank which was not

decontaminated and previously

held incompatible waste,

except in compliance with

40 C.F.R. §265.17(b).

\$ 5,000

NM

NM

§265.202 Failure of facility owner or

operator to comply with

40 C.F.R. §265, Subparts AA, BB,

and CC. Matrix

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart K--Surface Impoundments)

prevent overtopping of the

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.221(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator utilizing surface			
	impoundments to install two or			
	more liners and a leachate			
	collection system.	Matrix	NM	
§265.221(f)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator utilizing surface			
	impoundments to maintain			
	sufficient freeboard to			

	dike by overfilling, wave action, or a storm.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.223	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator who stores hazardous			
	waste in a surface impoundment			
	to have an approved response			
	action plan.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.225	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator utilizing a surface			
	impoundment to conduct waste			
	analysis and trial treatment			
	tests before treating			
	different waste or using a			
	different process.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.226	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	monitoring and inspection			
	requirements of surface			
	impoundments.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.228(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that all			
	waste residues have been			

removed, all containment

	systems and subsoils have been		
	decontaminated and managed as		
	hazardous waste, and provide		
	post-closure care for a		
	landfill when closing a		
	surface impoundment.	Matrix	NM
§265.228(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to comply with		
	maintenance and monitoring		
	requirements during post-		
	closure of surface		
	impoundments.	Matrix	NM
§265.229	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to meet requirements		
	for placing ignitable or		
	reactive waste in surface		
	impoundment.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.230	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to prevent		
	incompatible wastes and/or		
	materials from being placed in		
	same surface impoundment.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.231	Failure of facility owner or		

operator to comply with

40 C.F.R. §265, Subparts BB and

CC. Matrix NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart L--Waste Piles)

§265.254

Failure of facility owner or

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.251	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to manage a waste			
	pile in order to prevent			
	wind dispersal.	Matrix	NM	
§265.252	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to conduct a waste			
	analysis of each incoming			
	waste movement prior to			
	adding the waste to a waste			
	pile.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.253	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator storing waste in			
	piles to provide proper			
	leachate, run-off, and			
	run-on controls.	\$ 5,000	NM	

TITLE 7 OF TI	IE NEW JERSET ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.		
	operator utilizing waste		
	piles to install two or more		
	liners and a leachate		
	collection system both above		
	and between the liners.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.256	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to ensure that		
	ignitable or reactive wastes		
	are not placed in waste		
	piles or are managed in such		
	a way as to protect it from		
	any conditions that may		
	make it ignite or react.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.257	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to comply with		
	special handling		
	instructions for the		
	placement of incompatible		
§265.258	wastes in waste piles.	\$ 5,000	NM
	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to ensure that all		
	waste and contaminated		

containment system

	components have been removed				
	and managed as hazardous				
	waste when closing a waste				
	pile.	\$ 5	5,000	NM	
§265.259	Failure of facility owner or				
	operator who stores				
	hazardous waste in a waste				
	pile to have an approved				
	response action plan.	\$ 5	5,000	NM	
§265.260	Failure of facility owner or				
	operator to record the				
	amount of liquids removed				
	from each leak detection				
	system sump at least once a				
	week through the active life				
	and closure period of a				
	waste pile.	\$ 3	3,000	M	30 days
(40 C.F.R. Pa	art 265 Subpart MLand Treatment)				
Rule	Rule Summary		Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
			or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.272(a)	Failure of facility owner or				
	operator conducting land				

	treatment to ensure that the		
	hazardous constituents in the		
	waste will be made less		
	hazardous or nonhazardous by		
	the processes occurring in the		
	treatment zone.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.272(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to have a run-on		
	control system capable of		
	preventing flow into the		
	treatment zone during a 25-year		
	storm.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.272(c)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to have a run-off		
	management system capable of		
	collecting and controlling flow		
	during a 25-year storm.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.272(d)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to empty run-on and		
	run-off holding facilities		

	expeditiously following a storm.	Matrix	NM
§265.272(e)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing land		
	treatment to manage the		
	treatment zone in a manner to		
	control wind dispersal of		
	hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM
§265.273	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator conducting land		
	treatment to ensure that all		
	wastes to be placed in the		
	treatment zone are analyzed to		
	determine if they meet the		
	standards of 40 C.F.R. §265.273.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.276	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to comply with		
	40 C.F.R. §265.276 when growing		
	food-chain crops on or in the		
	treatment zone.	Matrix	NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart N--Landfills)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.301(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to make appropriate			
	notifications prior to			
	accepting hazardous waste for			
	storage in a landfill unit.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.301(f)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator of hazardous waste			
	landfill to manage run-on			
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.301(g)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator of hazardous waste			
	landfill to manage run-off			
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.301(h)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator of hazardous waste			
	landfill to empty or manage			
	run-on/run-off systems after			
	storm.	Matrix	NM	
§265.301(i)	Failure of facility owner or			

TITLE 7 OF THE NE	W JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.			
	operator who landfills			
	hazardous waste to manage the			
	landfill in a manner to			
	control wind dispersal of			
	hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§265.304(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record the amount			
	of liquids removed from each			
	leak detection system sump			
	at least once a week through			
	the active life and closure			
	period of a hazardous waste			
	landfill.	Matrix	NM	
§265.304(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to record the amount			
	of liquids removed from each			
	leak detection system sump			
	in accordance with			
	40 C.F.R.§265.304(b) following the			
	closure period of a hazardous			
	waste landfill.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.309(a)	Failure of facility owner or			

operator to maintain in

operating record details of

location and dimensions of

each hazardous waste landfill

cell. \$4,500 NM

§265.309(b) Failure of facility owner or

operator to maintain in

operating record the contents

of each hazardous waste

landfill cell and location of

each hazardous waste type. \$4,500 NM

§265.310(a) Failure of facility owner or

operator of a hazardous waste

landfill to place final

cover over landfill. \$ 5,000 NM

§265.310(b)(1) Failure of facility owner or

operator of a hazardous waste

landfill to maintain the

function and integrity of the

final cover including making

repairs to the cover as

necessary to correct the

effects of settling,

subsidence, erosion, or other

	events.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.310(b)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to maintain and			
	monitor the leak detection			
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.310(b)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator who landfills			
	hazardous waste to comply			
	with all ground water			
	monitoring, sampling, and			
	reporting requirements.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.310(b)(4)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prevent run-on			
	and run-off from eroding or			
	otherwise damaging the final			
	cover.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.310(b)(5)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to protect and			
	maintain surveyed benchmarks			
	used in complying with			
	40 C.F.R. §265.309.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.312(a)	Facility owner or			

	operator of hazardous waste		
	landfill placed ignitable or		
	reactive wastes in a		
	hazardous waste landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.312(b)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to comply with		
	special handling instructions		
	for the placement of		
	ignitable wastes in landfill		
	units.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.313	Facility owner or		
	operator of hazardous waste		
	landfill placed incompatible		
	wastes and materials in same		
	landfill cell.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.314(b)	Facility owner or		
	operator placed bulk or non-		
	containerized liquids in		
	landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.314(c)	Facility owner or		
	operator placed containerized		
	liquids in hazardous waste		
	landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM

§265.314(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to utilize an			
	approved testing method to			
	determine if a waste to be			
	placed in a hazardous waste			
	landfill contains free			
	liquids.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.315	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	special requirements for			
	containers.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.316(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to comply with			
	inside package requirements			
	of overpack containers before			
	placing in a hazardous waste			
	landfill.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.316(b)	Failure of metal outer			
	container to be full after			
	packing with inside			
	containers and absorbent			
	material.	\$ 4,500	NM	

§265.316(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to use absorbent			
	material that is not capable			
	of reacting dangerously with,			
	being decomposed by, or			
	being ignited by the contents			
	inside the containers.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.316(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prevent			
	incompatible wastes from			
	being placed in same outside			
	container.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.316(e)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to meet requirements			
	for packaging reactive			
	wastes before placing in			
	hazardous waste landfill.	\$ 5,000	NM	
(40 C.F.R. Part 2	265 Subpart OIncinerators)			
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.341	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to sufficiently			

analyze waste not previously

	burned.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.345	Facility owner or			
	operator fed hazardous waste			
	into the incinerator during			
	start up and shut down when			
	not operating at steady state			
	conditions.	Matrix	NM	
§265.347(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator of incinerator to			
	conduct monitoring of			
	combustion and emission			
	control instruments at least			
	every 15 minutes or to make			
	appropriate corrections			
	immediately.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.347(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to completely			
	inspect incinerator or			
	associated equipment at least			
	daily.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.351	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remove all			

hazardous wastes and

hazardous waste residues from

the incinerator at closure. \$5,000 NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart P--Thermal Treatment)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.373	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to bring thermal			
	treatment process to normal			
	operating conditions before			
	adding hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§265.375	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to sufficiently			
	analyze waste not previously			
	treated.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.377(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator when thermally			
	treating hazardous waste to			
	monitor instruments relating			
	to temperature and emission			
	control at least every 15			
	minutes.	\$ 4,500	NM	

§265.377(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator when thermally			
	treating hazardous waste to			
	observe stack plume at least			
	hourly.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.377(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator when thermally			
	treating hazardous waste to			
	inspect process and			
	associated equipment for			
	leaks, spills, etc; at least			
	daily.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.381	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator at closure to remove			
	all hazardous waste and			
	residues from thermal			
	treatment process.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.382	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prevent the open			
	burning of any hazardous			
	waste or the open burning and			
	detonation of waste			
	explosives too close to			

property line.

Matrix

NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 S	Subpart OChemical.	Physical, and	Biological Trea	tment)

•		,		
Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.401(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to prevent placing			
	of hazardous wastes in			
	treatment process if they			
	could cause process to leak,			
	corrode, or fail.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.401(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to provide			
	continuously fed treatment			
	process with a mechanism to			
	stop inflow.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.402(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to conduct waste			
	analysis and trial treatment			
	tests before treating			
	different waste or using a			
	different process.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.403(a)(1)	Failure of facility owner or			

	operator to inspect discharge			
	control and safety equipment			
	at least once each operating			
	day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.403(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect data from			
	monitoring equipment at			
	least once each operating day.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.403(a)(3)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect			
	construction materials at			
	least weekly.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.403(a)(4)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to monitor and			
	inspect discharge confinement			
	structures for erosion or			
	leakage at least weekly.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.404	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to remove all			
	hazardous waste and residues			
	at closure.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.405	Failure of facility owner or			

operator to prevent placing

ignitable or reactive waste

in treatment process unless

it is treated accordingly. \$ 10,000 NM

§265.406(a) Failure of facility owner or

operator to prevent the

placing of incompatible

wastes in the treatment

process. \$ 10,000 NM

§265.406(b) Failure of facility owner or

operator to prevent the

placing of hazardous waste in

unwashed treatment equipment

which previously held

incompatible waste or

material. \$5,000 NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart W--Drip Pads)

Rule Rule Summary Base Penalty Type of Grace

or Matrix Violation Period

§265.443(a) Failure of facility owner or

operator to design and

construct a drip pad that is

TITLE / OF THE NEV	V JERSET ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.		
	impermeable, sloped,		
	bermed, and of sufficient		
	structural strength or to		
	obtain an engineer's		
	evaluation, recertified		
	annually.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.443(b)(1)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to ensure drip pads		
	have a proper liner of		
	appropriate materials on a		
	sound foundation.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.443(b)(2)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to ensure drip pads		
	have a proper functioning		
	leakage detection system.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.443(b)(3)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to ensure drip pads		
	have a leakage collection		
	system to collect any		
	leakage from below the drip		
	pad.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.443(b)(3)	Failure of facility owner or		

operator to record in the

	facility's operating log the			
	date and amount of leakage			
	collected in the leakage			
	collection system.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.443(c)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure drip pads			
	are maintained free of			
	cracks, gaps, or			
	deterioration.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.443(d)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure drip pads			
	are designed and operated			
	to control and collect all			
	hazardous waste drippage.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.443(e)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to have a run-on			
	control system to prevent or			
	control flow onto a drip			
	pad from at least a 25-year			
	storm.	Matrix	NM	
§265.443(f)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator utilizing a drip			
	pad to have a run-off			

	management system capable of		
	collecting and controlling		
	flow during a 25-year storm.	Matrix	NM
§265.443(g)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to obtain a		
	statement from a		
	professional engineer		
	certifying that the drip pad		
	design meets the		
	requirements of		
	40 C.F.R.§265.443.	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.443(h)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator utilizing a drip		
	pad to remove drippage and		
	precipitation from collection		
	system.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.443(i)	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator to clean drip pads		
	of accumulated hazardous		
	waste in order to allow for		
	weekly inspections of the		
	entire pad.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.443(i)	Failure of facility owner or		

	operator to record in the			
	facility's operating log the			
	date and procedures for			
	each cleaning.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.443(j)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to minimize the			
	tracking of hazardous waste			
	off of the drip pad.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.443(k)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to hold all treated			
	lumber on the drip pad			
	until drippage has ceased or			
	to document actions.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§265.443(l)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to empty run-on and			
	run-off collection units			
	promptly following a storm.	Matrix	NM	
§265.443(m)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to make repairs to			
	a drip pad which has had, or			
	may of had, a release of			
	hazardous waste, in			
	accordance with			

	40 C.F.R. §265.443(m).	Matrix	NM	
§265.443(n)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator utilizing drip pads			
	to maintain records of past			
	waste handling practices.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.444(a)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator using a drip pad to			
	obtain a professional			
	engineer's certification			
	immediately after			
	installation of a liner.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§265.444(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to inspect drip			
	pads on a weekly basis and			
	after storms.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§265.445	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure that all			
	waste and contamination have			
	been removed when closing a			
	drip pad.	\$ 4,500	NM	

(40 C.F.R. Part 265 Subpart EE--Hazardous Waste Munitions and Explosives Storage)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§265.1201(a)(1)	Failure of hazardous waste			
	munitions and explosives			
	storage unit to be designed			
	and operated to minimize the			
	potential for detonation or			
	other means of release of			
	hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§265.1201(a)(2)	Failure of hazardous waste			
	munitions and explosives			
	storage unit to be designed			
	and operated to provide a			
	primary barrier designed to			
	contain hazardous waste.	Matrix	NM	
§265.1201(a)(3)	Failure of hazardous waste			
	munitions and explosives			
	storage unit to be designed			
	and operated so that the			
	waste and containers will			
	not be in standing			
	precipitation, for wastes			

	stored outdoors.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.1201(a)(4)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives		
	storage unit to be designed		
	and operated so that any		
	released liquids are		
	contained, promptly		
	detected, and removed		
	(for liquid wastes).	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.1201(a)(5)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives		
	storage unit to be designed		
	and operated to provide		
	monitoring and inspection		
	procedures that assure the		
	controls and containment		
	systems are working as		
	designed.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.1201(b)(1)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives		
	stored in earth-covered		
	magazines to comply with the		
	requirements of		

	40 C.F.R.§265.1201(b)(1).	\$ 5,000	NM
§265.1201(b)(2)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives in		
	above-ground magazines to be		
	located and designed so as		
	to minimize the propagation		
	of an explosion to adjacent		
	units.	Matrix	NM
§265.1201(b)(3)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives in		
	outdoor or open storage		
	areas to be located and		
	designed so as to minimize		
	the propagation of an		
	explosion to adjacent units.	Matrix	NM
§265.1201(c)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives to		
	be stored in accordance with		
	an SOP specifying		
	procedures to ensure safety,		
	security, and environmental		
	protection.	Matrix	NM
§265.1201(d)	Failure of hazardous waste		

	munitions and explosives to		
	be packaged to ensure safety		
	in handling and storage.	Matrix	NM
§265.1201(e)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives to		
	be inventoried at least		
	annually.	\$ 4,500	NM
§265.1201(f)	Failure of hazardous waste		
	munitions and explosives and		
	their storage units to be		
	inspected and monitored to		
	ensure explosive safety and		
	to ensure that there is no		
	migration of contaminants		
	outside the unit.	\$ 4,500	NM

^{7.} The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-10, Standards for the Management of Specific Hazardous Wastes and Specific Types of Hazardous Waste Management Facilities, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(40 C.F.R. Part 266 Subpart C--Recyclable Materials Used in a Manner Constituting Disposal)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§266.23(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to ensure hazardous			
	waste or dioxin			
	contaminated waste is not			
	used for dust suppression or			
	road treatment.	Matrix	NM	

(40 C.F.R. Part 266 Subpart F--Recyclable Materials Utilized for Precious Metal Recovery)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§266.70(c)	Failure to maintain required			
	records of hazardous wastes			
	to be reclaimed for			
	precious metals content.	\$ 5,000	NM	

(40 C.F.R. Part 266 Subpart H--Hazardous Waste Burned in Boilers and Industrial Furnaces)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§266.102	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator who is burning			

hazardous wastes in boilers or industrial furnaces to meet the requirements of 40 C.F.R.§266.102 and the facility permit. Matrix NM §266.103 Failure of facility owner or operator with an existing boiler or industrial furnace who is burning hazardous waste on an interim basis to meet the requirements of 40 C.F.R.§266.103. NM Matrix §266.104 Failure of facility owner or operator who is burning hazardous wastes in a boiler or industrial furnace to meet the required destruction and removal efficiency standard. Matrix NM §266.105 Failure of facility owner or operator who is burning hazardous wastes in a boiler or industrial furnace to meet the required standards for emitted particulate matter. Matrix NM

§266.106	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator who is burning		
	hazardous wastes in a boiler or		
	industrial furnace to meet the		
	required standards for metal		
	emissions.	Matrix	NM
§266.107	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator who is burning		
	hazardous wastes in a boiler or		
	industrial furnace to meet the		
	required standards for HCl and		
	chlorine gas emissions.	Matrix	NM
§266.111	Failure of facility owner or		
	operator when transferring		
	hazardous wastes directly from a		
	vehicle to a boiler or		
	industrial furnace to meet the		
	requirements of		
	40 C.F.R.§266.111.	Matrix	NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 266 Subpart M--Military Munitions)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§266.203(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to notify the			
	Department if the military			
	munitions waste is not			
	received within 45 days of			
	being shipped.	Matrix	NM	
§266.205(b)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to notify the			
	Department when a storage			
	unit identified in			
	40 C.F.R.§266.205(a)(1)(iv) will no			
	longer be used to store			
	military munitions.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

^{8.} The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-11, Land Disposal Restrictions, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(40 C.F.R. Part 268 Subpart A – General)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§268.3(a)	Failure of generator,			
	transporter, or facility to			
	ensure that a restricted			
	waste is not in any way			
	diluted as a substitute for			
	treatment.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§268.4	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator utilizing a surface			
	impoundment for the treatment			
	of hazardous waste to comply			
	with the requirements of			
	40 C.F.R. §268.4.	Matrix	NM	
§268.7(a)(1)	Failure of generator to			
	determine if the hazardous			
	waste must be treated prior			
	to land disposal.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§268.7(a)(2)	Failure of generator to send			
	a one-time written notice			
	with the initial waste			
	shipment, or updates as			

TITLE / OF THE N	EW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.			
	required, to the treatment			
	or storage facility when the			
	waste does not meet the			
	treatment standard or to			
	place a copy in the file.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§268.7(a)(3)	Failure of generator to send			
	a one-time written notice and			
	certification with the			
	initial waste shipment, or			
	updates as required, to the			
	treatment, storage, or			
	disposal facility when the			
	waste meets the treatment			
	standard or to place a copy			
	in the file.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§268.7(a)(4)	Failure of generator of			
	waste exempt from meeting			
	treatment standards before			
	being land disposed to send			
	a one-time written notice			

with the initial waste

shipment, or updates as

required, to the land

disposal facility or to place \$ 3,000 a copy in the file. M 30 days §268.7(a)(5) Failure of generator who is managing and treating prohibited waste to develop and follow a written waste analysis plan or to keep plan on site. \$ 5,000 NMFailure of generator to §268.7(a)(6) retain on site all data used to determine if a waste is restricted. \$ 3,000 30 days M §268.7(a)(7) Failure of generator to keep a one-time notice on site stating that he is managing a restricted waste that is excluded from the definition of hazardous or solid waste subsequent to the point of generation and noting the disposition of the waste. \$ 3,000 M 30 days §268.7(a)(8) Failure of generator to retain documentation required

TITLE 7 OF THE N	EW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.			
	by 40 C.F.R. §268.7 for			
	3 years or longer during the			
	course of any unresolved			
	enforcement action or as			
	requested by the Department.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§268.7(a)(9)	Failure of generator using			
	the alternative treatment			
	standards for lab packs to			
	send a one-time written			
	notice and certification with			
	the initial waste shipment,			
	or updates as required, to			
	the treatment facility or to			
	place a copy in the file.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§268.7(a)(10)	Failure of small quantity			
	generator with tolling			
	agreements to comply with			
	applicable notification and			
	certification requirements			

\$ 3,000

M

30 days

for the initial shipment of

waste subject to the tolling

agreement or to retain

copy(s) on site.

§268.7(b)(1) Failure of treatment facility to test an extract of the treatment residues for wastes with treatment standards expressed in the waste extract (TCLP) to assure that it meets the applicable treatment standards. \$ 5,000 NMFailure of treatment facility §268.7(b)(2) to test the treatment residues for waste with treatment standards expressed as concentrations in the waste to assure that they meet the applicable treatment NM standards. \$ 5,000 §268.7(b)(3) Failure of treatment facility to send a one-time notice with the initial waste shipment, or updates as required, to the land disposal facility or to place a copy in the file. \$ 3,000 M 30 days

§268.7(b)(4)	Failure of treatment facility			
	to send a one-time			
	certification with the			
	initial waste shipment to the			
	land disposal facility or to			
	place a copy in the file.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§268.7(b)(6)	Failure of treatment facility			
	to submit a notice and			
	certification to the			
	Department with each shipment			
	of recyclable materials used			
	in a manner constituting			
	disposal or to keep records			
	of each entity receiving the			
	waste-derived product.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§268.7(c)(1)	Failure of land disposal			
	facility disposing restricted			
	waste to have copies of the			
	applicable notices and			
	certifications.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§268.7(c)(2)	Failure of land disposal			
	facility disposing of			
	restricted waste to test the			

	waste to assure it is in		
	compliance with the		
	applicable treatment		
	standards.	\$ 5,000	NM
§268.7(d)	Failure of generators or		
	treaters who first claim that		
	hazardous debris is excluded		
	from the definition of		
	hazardous waste to meet the		
	proper notification and		
	certification requirements.	\$ 4,500	NM
§268.9(a)	Failure of generator of a		
	waste that displays a		
	hazardous characteristic to		
	determine the underlying		
	hazardous constituents in the		
	waste.	\$ 5,000	NM
§268.9(c)	Failure of generator to		
	ensure a prohibited waste		
	exhibiting a characteristic		
	complies with the treatment		
	standards under		

40 C.F.R. §§268, Subpart D

	before being land disposed.	\$ 5,000	NM	
§268.9(d)	Failure of generator or			
	treater of a waste that once			
	exhibited a characteristic			
	but is no longer hazardous			
	to place a one-time			
	notification and			
	certification in its files			
	or to send to the Department.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days

(40 C.F.R. Part 268 Subpart C – Prohibitions on Land Disposal)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§268.30	Failure to comply with land			
	disposal prohibitions of wood			
	preserving wastes.	Matrix	NM	
§268.31	Failure to comply with land			
	disposal prohibitions of			
	dioxin- containing wastes.	Matrix	NM	
§268.32	Failure to comply with land			
	disposal prohibitions of			
	soils exhibiting the toxicity			
	characteristic for metals and			

	containing PCBs.	Matrix	NM
§268.33	Failure to comply with land		
	disposal prohibitions of		
	chlorinated aliphatic wastes.	Matrix	NM
§268.34	Failure to comply with land		
	disposal prohibitions of		
	toxicity characteristic metal		
	wastes.	Matrix	NM
§268.35	Failure to comply with land		
	disposal prohibitions of		
	petroleum refining wastes.	Matrix	NM
§268.36	Failure to comply with land		
	disposal prohibitions of		
	inorganic chemical wastes.	Matrix	NM
§268.37	Failure to comply with land		
	disposal prohibitions of		
	ignitable and corrosive		
	characteristic wastes whose		
	treatment standards were		
	vacated.	Matrix	NM
§268.38	Failure to comply with land		
	disposal prohibitions of		
	newly identified organic		

toxicity characteristic wastes and newly listed coke by-product and chlorotoluene production wastes. Matrix NM §268.39 Failure to comply with land disposal prohibitions of spent aluminum potliners; reactive; and carbamate Matrix NM wastes. (40 C.F.R. Part 268 Subpart D--Treatment Standards) Rule Rule Summary Base Penalty Type of Grace Violation or Matrix Period §268.40 Failure to meet treatment standard requirements found in the table in 40 C.F.R. §268.40 before land disposing of prohibited Matrix NM waste. §268.45 Failure to meet treatment standards before land disposing of hazardous debris. Matrix NM

§268.48 Failure to meet treatment

standards for underlying

hazardous constituents. Matrix NM

§268.49 Failure to comply with

alternative LDR treatment

standards for contaminated

soil. Matrix NM

(40 C.F.R. Part 268 Subpart E--Prohibitions on Storage)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base Penalty	Type of	Grace
		or Matrix	Violation	Period
§268.50(a)(1)	Failure of generator to			
	store restricted waste solely			
	for the purpose of the			
	accumulation of such			
	quantities of waste as			
	necessary to facilitate			
	proper recovery, treatment,			
	or disposal.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§268.50(a)(2)	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator to store restricted			
	waste solely for the purpose			

of the accumulation of such

	quantities of waste as			
	necessary to facilitate			
	proper recovery, treatment,			
	or disposal or to clearly			
	mark each container or tank.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§268.50(a)(2)i-ii	Failure of facility owner or			
	operator storing restricted			
	waste solely for the purpose			
	of the accumulation of such			
	quantities of waste as			
	necessary to facilitate			
	proper recovery, treatment,			
	or disposal to include the			
	accumulation start date on			
	each container or tank.	\$ 3,000	M	30 days
§268.50(a)(3)	Transporter stored restricted			
	waste at a transfer facility			
	for greater than 10 days.	\$ 4,500	NM	
§268.50(f)	Failure of owner or			
	operator of a treatment			
	facility to treat or dispose			
	of liquid hazardous waste			
	containing PCBs at			

concentrations equal to or

greater than 50 ppm within

one year of the date the

wastes were placed in

storage. \$4,500 NM

9. The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-12, Hazardous Waste Permit Program, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(40 C.F.R. Part 270 Subpart B--Permit Application)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 270.10	Constructed, installed, modified,	Matrix	NM	
(e)-(f)	or operated hazardous waste			
	facility without submitting Part A			
	or Part B of permit application.			

(40 C.F.R. Part 270 Subpart C--Permit Conditions)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 270.30(a)	Failure of permittee to comply	Matrix	NM	
	with all conditions of permit.			
§ 270.30(b)	Failure of permittee to apply for	Matrix	NM	
	a new hazardous waste permit			
	following expiration of initial			
	permit.			
§ 270.30(d)	Failure of permittee to take all	Matrix	NM	
	reasonable steps to minimize or			
	correct any adverse impact on the			
	environment resulting from			
	noncompliance with permit.			
§ 270.30(e)	Failure of permittee to properly	Matrix	NM	
	operate and maintain systems of			
	treatment and control used to			
	achieve compliance with			
	conditions of permit.			
§ 270.30(h)	Failure of permittee to furnish to	\$ 4,500	NM	

	the Department within a		
	reasonable time any information		
	that the Department may request		
	or copies of records required to		
	be kept by permit.		
§ 270.30(i)	Failure of permittee to allow an	\$ 25,000	NM
	authorized representative of the		
	Department to enter facility, have		
	access to and copy any records,		
	inspect facilities, equipment etc.,		
	and sample or monitor any		
	substances or parameters that are		
	required by permit.		
§ 270.30(j)(1)	Failure of permittee to take	\$ 5,000	NM
	samples and measurements that		
	are representative of the		
	monitored activity.		
§ 270.30(j)(2)	Failure of permittee to retain	\$ 4,500	NM
	records of required information		
	regarding monitoring sampling and		
	measurements.		
§ 270.30(j)(3)	Failure of permittee to record	\$ 4,500	NM

specific monitoring data.

§ 270.30(k)	Failure of permittee to sign and	\$ 3,000	M	30
	certify all applications, reports,			days
	or information submitted to			
	Department.			
§ 270.30(1)(1)	Failure of permittee to give	\$ 3,000	M	30
	notice to Department as soon as			days
	possible of any planned physical			
	alterations or additions to			
	permitted facility.			
§ 270.30(1)(2)	Failure of permittee to give	\$ 5,000	NM	
	advance notice to the Department			
	of any planned changes in the			
	permitted facility or activity			
	which may result in noncompliance			
	with permit requirements.			
§ 270.30(1)(4)	Failure of permittee to report	\$ 3,000	M	30
	monitoring results at intervals			days
	specified in permit.			
§ 270.30(1)(5)	Failure of permittee to submit	\$ 3,000	M	30
	compliance reports on interim or			days
	final requirements in any			
	compliance schedule within 14			

days after schedule date.

§ 270.30(1)(6)(i)(A)	Failure of permittee to report,	Matrix	NM
	orally within 24 hours,		
	information concerning release of		
	any hazardous waste that may		
	cause an endangerment to public		
	drinking water supplies.		
§ 270.30(1)(6)(i) (B)	Failure of permittee to report,	Matrix	NM
	orally within 24 hours,		
	information concerning a release		
	or discharge of hazardous waste,		
	or of a fire or explosion from a		
	hazardous waste facility which		
	could threaten the environment or		
	human health outside the		
	facility.		
§ 270.30(1)(6) (iii)	Failure of permittee to report any	Matrix	NM
	noncompliance which may endanger		
	health or the environment in		
	writing within five days.		
§ 270.30	Failure of permittee to report all	\$ 4,500	NM
(1)(10)	instances of noncompliance not		
	reported under		

40 C.F.R. § 270.30(1)(4), (5), and (6) at

time monitoring reports submitted.

§ 270.30(l)(11) Failure of permittee to submit

\$ 5,000 NM

relevant facts and correct

information when the permittee

becomes aware that it failed to

submit such facts or information

in permit application.

(40 C.F.R. Part 270 Subpart D--Changes to Permits)

Rule Rule Summary Base Type of Grace

Penalty Violation Period

or

Matrix

§ 270.40(b) Failure of permittee to obtain Matrix NM

written approval in advance of

any proposed change of ownership

or operational control.

(40 C.F.R. Part 270 Subpart G--Interim Status)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 270.71(a)(1)	Owner or operator of an interim	\$ 10,000	NM	
	status facility treated, stored,			
	or disposed of hazardous waste			
	types not specified in Part A			
	application.			
§ 270.71(a)(2)	Owner or operator of an interim	\$ 10,000	NM	
	status facility employed			
	processes not specified in Part A			
	application.			
§ 270.71(a)(3)	Owner or operator of an interim	\$ 10,000	NM	
	status facility exceeded design			
	capacities or operational limits			
	specified in Part A application.			
§ 270.72(b)	Interim status facility owner or	\$ 5,000	NM	
	operator made changes to			
	facility, which amounted to			
	reconstruction of facility.			

10. The violations of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.3(a)1, incorporating the Hazardous Materials Transportation Regulations (49 C.F.R. Parts 130, 171 through 180) by reference, and of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.3(a)2, incorporating the Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (49 C.F.R. Parts 390 through 397) by reference, whether the violation is minor or non-minor, the length of the grace period, and the civil administrative penalty amounts for each violation, are as set forth in the following table.

(49 C.F.R. Part 130)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 130.11(a)	Person offered oil for	\$ 4,500	NM	
	transportation without a document			
	that indicated the shipment			
	contained oil.			
§ 130.11(b)	Person transported oil without a	Matrix	NM	
	readily available document			
	indicating that the shipment			
	contained oil.			
§ 130.21	Person used a package that allowed	Matrix	NM	
	a release of oil.			
§ 130.31(a)	Carrier transported oil without a	Matrix	NM	
	current basic discharge plan.			
§ 130.33	Failure of carrier to implement a	Matrix	NM	

response plan.

(49 C.F.R. Part 171)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 171.2(a)	Failure of a person offering or	\$ 4,500	NM	
	accepting a hazardous material to			
	be registered with the Federal DOT			
	or offering or accepting an			
	improperly prepared package.			
§ 171.2(b)	Failure of person transporting a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	hazardous material to be			
	registered with the Federal DOT or			
	to properly handle or transport			
	hazardous materials.			
§ 171.2(f)(1)	Person represented that a	\$ 5,000	NM	
	container or package for			
	transportation meets requirements			
	of 49 C.F.R. when it did not.			
§ 171.2(f)(2)	Person represented that a	\$ 3,000	M	30

	hazardous material was present in			days
	a package, container, or motor			
	vehicle when it was not.			
§ 171.2(g)(1)	Person tampered with a marking,	\$ 4,500	NM	
	label, placard, or description on			
	a document.			
§ 171.2(g)(2)	Person tampered with a package,	\$ 4,500	NM	
	container, or motor vehicle used			
	for hazardous materials			
	transportation.			
§ 171.3(b)(1)	Failure of carrier to mark motor	\$ 3,000	M	30
	vehicle used to transport			days
	hazardous waste (for which a			
	manifest is required) in			
	accordance with			
	49 C.F.R. §§390.21 or 1058.2.			
§ 171.15	Failure of carrier to give	Matrix	NM	
	immediate notice of an incident			
	by telephone to Federal DOT.			
§ 171.16(a)	Failure of carrier to submit a	Matrix	NM	
	written report to Federal DOT			
	within 30 days of discovery of an			

incident.

§ 171.16(b)	Failure of carrier to retain a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	copy of an incident report at its			days
	principal place of business for			
	two years.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 172 Subpart C--Shipping Papers)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 172.200(a)	Failure of shipper to describe the	\$ 4,500	NM	
	hazardous material on a shipping			
	paper.			
§ 172.201(a)(1)-(4)	Failure of shipper to use a proper	\$ 3,000	M	30
	description on a shipping paper.			days
§ 172.201(c)	Failure of shipper using	\$ 3,000	M	30
	continuation page(s) to be			days
	consecutively numbered or the			
	first page to contain a notation			
	specifying the total number of			
	pages.			

§ 172.202(a)(1)-(5)	Failure of shipper to include as	\$ 3,000	M	30
	part of the shipping description			days
	the proper shipping name, hazard			
	class or division, ID number,			
	packing group, and total quantity.			
§ 172.202(b)	Failure of shipper to show	\$ 3,000	M	30
	shipping description in the			days
	proper sequence with no			
	additional information			
	interspersed.			
§ 172.202(c)	Failure of shipper to list the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	total quantity before or after,			days
	or both before and after, the			
	basic description.			
§ 172.202(e)	Shipper offered or carrier	\$ 3,000	M	30
	transported a material that is			days
	not a hazardous material with a			
	hazard class or ID number in the			
	shipping description.			
§ 172.203(a)	Failure of shipper to enter	\$ 3,000	M	30
	"DOT-E" followed by exemption			days
	number on the shipping paper.			

§ 172.203(c)(1)	Failure of shipper to enter the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	name of the hazardous substance			days
	or hazardous waste code in the			
	shipping description when the			
	proper shipping name does not			
	identify the hazardous substance			
	by name.			
§ 172.203(c)(2)	Failure of shipper to enter the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	letters "RQ" on the shipping			days
	paper.			
§ 172.203(k)	Failure of shipper to enter the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	technical names of the hazardous			days
	material in the shipping			
	description for n.o.s. or other			
	generic descriptions.			
§ 172.203(l)	Failure of shipper to enter the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	name of the component which makes			days
	a material a marine pollutant in			
	the shipping description when			
	not identified or to enter the			
	words "Marine Pollutant."			
§ 172.203(m)	Failure of shipper to enter the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	proper information in the			days

shipping description for poisonous

materials.

§ 172.205(a) Failure of carrier to properly \$ 5,000 NM

prepare a hazardous waste

manifest.

(49 C.F.R. Part 172 Subpart D--Marking)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 172.300(a)	Failure of shipper to properly	\$ 4,500	NM	
	mark each package, freight			
	container, or transport vehicle.			
§ 172.300(b)	Failure of carrier to properly	\$ 4,500	NM	
	mark each package, freight			
	container, or transport vehicle.			
§ 172.301(a)(1)	Failure of shipper to mark	\$ 4,500	NM	
	non-bulk packaging with the			
	proper shipping name and ID			
	number.			
§ 172.301(a)(3)	Failure of shipper of a single	\$ 4,500	NM	

	hazardous material in non-bulk			
	packages in a transport vehicle or			
	freight container to mark each			
	side and end with the ID number			
	and each individual package with			
	the same proper shipping name and			
	ID number.			
§ 172.301(b)	Failure of shipper to mark	\$ 3,000	M	30
	non-bulk packaging subject to			days
	49 C.F.R. § 172.203(k) with the			
	technical name of the hazardous			
	material.			
§ 172.301(c)	Failure of shipper to mark the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	outside of a non-bulk package,			days
	authorized by an exemption, with			
	"DOT-E" followed by exemption			
	number.			
§ 172.302(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	properly mark bulk packaging			
	with the ID number.			
§ 172.302(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	display markings of proper size			

on bulk packagings.

§§172.302(c)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	mark the outside of a bulk			
	package, authorized by an			
	exemption, with "DOT-E" followed			
	by exemption number.			
§ 172.302(d)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	maintain marking on bulk			
	packaging when emptied.			
§ 172.302(g)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	Matrix	NM	
	comply with fumigation marking			
	requirements.			
§ 172.303(a)	Shipper offered or carrier	\$ 5,000	NM	
	transported a package that did			
	not contain the hazardous			
	material marked on the package.			
§ 172.304(a)(1)- (4)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	meet the marking requirements.			
§ 172.308(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	use only authorized abbreviations.			days
§ 172.312(a)	Failure of shipper of non-bulk	\$ 4,500	NM	
	combination package with inner			

	packagings containing liquid			
	hazardous material to pack with			
	closures upward and with package			
	orientation markings.			
§ 172.312(b)	Shipper displayed arrows for	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	purposes other than to indicate			
	proper package orientation on a			
	non-bulk package containing			
	liquid hazardous material.			
§ 172.313(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	mark packaging containing a			
	material poisonous by inhalation			
	with "Inhalation Hazard"			
	(marking must be on two opposing			
	sides of a bulk packaging).			
§ 172.313(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	permanently mark non-bulk plastic			days
	outer packaging used as a single			
	or composite packaging for			
	Division 6.1 materials with			
	"POISON" in letters at least 6.3			
	mm high.			
§ 172.313(c)	Failure of shipper or carrier of a	\$ 4,500	NM	

material poisonous by inhalation

in non-bulk packages in a

transport vehicle or freight

container to mark each side and

end with the ID number and each

individual package with the same

proper shipping name and ID

number.

§ 172.316(a) Failure of shipper or carrier to \$3,000 M 30

mark non-bulk packaging with the days

ORM-D designation on at least one

side or end within a rectangle

that is 6.3mm larger on each side

than the designation.

§ 172.322(b)(1)-(2) Failure of shipper or carrier to \$4,500 NM

properly mark bulk packaging

with the MARINE POLLUTANT mark.

§ 172.322(c) Failure of shipper or carrier to \$4,500 NM

properly mark a transport vehicle

or freight container used to

transport a package containing a

marine pollutant with the MARINE

POLLUTANT mark.

§ 172.322(e)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use the proper MARINE POLLUTANT			
	mark.			
§ 172. 323(a)-(d)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	comply with marking requirements			
	for bulk regulated medical waste.			
§ 172.324(a)	Failure of shipper to mark	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	non-bulk packaging with the name			
	of the hazardous substance or			
	hazardous waste code when not			
	identified by name.			
§ 172.324(b)	Failure of shipper to mark the	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	letters "RQ" on a non-bulk			
	package containing a hazardous			
	substance.			
§ 172.326(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	mark a portable tank on two			
	opposing sides with the proper			
	shipping name.			
§ 172.326(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	display the name of the owner or			
	lessee on a portable tank.			

§ 172.326(c)(1)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	mark a transport vehicle or		
	freight container used to		
	transport a portable tank with ID		
	number if not visible on portable		
	tank.		
§ 172.326(c)(2)	Failure of shipper of a portable	\$ 4,500	NM
	tank in a transport vehicle or		
	freight container to provide ID		
	number markings to motor carrier		
	if not visible on portable tank.		
§ 172.328(a)(1)-(3)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	provide, affix, or mark the ID		
	number on a cargo tank or on the		
	transport vehicle or freight		
	container if not visible on cargo		
	tank.		
§ 172.331(a)-(c)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	provide, affix, or mark the ID		
	number on bulk packaging other		
	than portable tanks or cargo		
	tanks or on the transport vehicle		
	or freight container if not		

visible on bulk packaging.

§ 172.332(c)-(d)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	properly display ID number on			
	placard.			
§ 172.334(a)-(g)	Person displayed an ID number in a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	prohibited manner.			
§ 172.336(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier,	\$ 4,500	NM	
	displaying ID numbers on			
	transport vehicle or freight			
	container that are not required			
	or prohibited, to display proper			
	ID numbers.			
§ 172.336 (b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	properly display ID number on			
	orange panels and/or plain white			
	square-on-point configuration.			
§ 172.338	Failure of carrier to replace	\$ 3,000	M	30
	missing or damaged ID number as			days
	soon as practical or to properly			
	enter ID number when done by			
	hand.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 172 Subpart E--Labeling)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 172.400(a)-(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	properly label packages or			
	containment devices.			
§ 172.401(a)	Shipper or carrier labeled a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	package that did not contain a			
	hazardous material or without			
	representing the hazard of the			
	material.			
§ 172.401(b)	Shipper or carrier marked or	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	labeled a package that could be			
	confused with or conflicts with a			
	label prescribed by			
	49 C.F.R.§ 172.			
§ 172.402(a)(1)-(2)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	label packages with primary and			
	subsidiary hazard labels.			

§ 172.402(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	display the hazard class or			days
	division number in lower corner of			
	primary label.			
§ 172.404(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use label for each hazard class			
	when hazardous materials having			
	different classes are packed			
	within the same packaging.			
§ 172.404(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use label for each hazard class			
	when two or more packages			
	containing compatible hazardous			
	material are placed within the			
	same outside container or			
	overpack.			
§ 172.406(a)(1)-(2)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	place label in the proper			
	location on the package or			
	containment device.			
§ 172.406(c)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	place primary and subsidiary			days
	hazard labels within six inches of			

one another.

§ 172.406(d)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	place label on a background of			days
	contrasting color or have a dotted			
	or solid line outer border.			
§ 172.406(e)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	place duplicate labels on at			days
	least two sides.			
§ 172.406(f)	Failure of label to be clearly	\$ 3,000	M	30
	visible and not obscured by			days
	markings or attachments.			
§ 172.407(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	use a durable and weather			days
	resistant label.			
§ 172.407(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use a label design as shown in			
	49 C.F.R. §§172.411 through 172. 448.			
§ 172.407(c)(1)-(5)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use a label, or numerals or text			
	on a label, of proper size.			
§ 172.407(d)(1)-(5)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use the proper colors on a label.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 172 Subpart F--Placarding)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 172.502(a)(1)-(2)	Shipper or carrier displayed	\$ 4,500	NM	
	prohibited placarding.			
§ 172.502(c)	Failure of shipper or carrier,	\$ 4,500	NM	
	displaying placards that are not			
	required, to display proper			
	placards.			
§ 172.504(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	display proper placards.			
§ 172.504(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use the DANGEROUS placard			
	properly.			
§ 172.505(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	display POISON INHALATION HAZARD			
	or POISON GAS placard, in addition			
	to other placards required.			
§ 172.505(c)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	

display DANGEROUS W	HEN	WEI
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	placard, in addition to other			
	placards required.			
§ 172.506(a)	Failure of shipper to provide	\$ 4,500	NM	
	motor carrier with the required			
	placards prior to or at the same			
	time the material is offered for			
	transportation.			
§ 172.506(a)(1)	Carrier transported hazardous	\$ 4,500	NM	
	material without proper			
	placarding.			
§ 172.512(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	affix the required placards to a			
	freight container having a			
	capacity of 640 cu. ft.			
§ 172.514(a)	Failure of shipper to affix the	\$ 4,500	NM	
	required placards to a bulk			
	packaging.			
§ 172.514(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	maintain placarding on bulk			
	packaging when emptied.			
§ 172.516(a)	Failure of placard to be readily	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour

visible from the direction it

	faces.			
§ 172.516(c)(1)-(6)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	meet the placard visibility and			
	display requirements.			
§ 172.516(d)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	ensure that placard holder does			
	not obscure placard surface other			
	than the borders.			
§ 172.519(a)(1)-(3)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	meet the placard strength and			days
	durability requirements.			
§ 172.519(b)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use a placard design as shown in			
	49 C.F.R. §§172.521 through 172.560.			
§ 172.519(c)(1)-(3)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use a placard, or numerals or			
	text on a placard, of proper size.			
§ 172.519(d)(1)-(4)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use the proper colors on a			
	placard.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 172 Subpart G--Emergency Response Information)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 172.600(c)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	have emergency response			
	information immediately available.			
§ 172.602(a)(1)-(7)	Failure of emergency response	\$ 4,500	NM	
	information to contain all			
	required information.			
§ 172.602(b)	Failure of emergency response	\$ 3,000	M	30
	information to be printed legibly			days
	in English, available for use			
	away from the package, or			
	presented on a shipping paper.			
§ 172.602(c)(1)	Failure of carrier to properly	\$ 4,500	NM	
	maintain emergency response			
	information.			
§ 172.602(c)(2)	Failure of facility operator to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	properly maintain emergency			

response information.

§ 172.604(a)	Failure of shipper to provide a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	24-hour emergency response			
	telephone number.			
§ 172.604(a)(1)	Failure of shipper to ensure	\$ 4,500	NM	
	emergency response telephone			
	number is monitored at all times			
	the hazardous material is in			
	transportation.			
§ 172.604(a)(2)	Failure of shipper to ensure	\$ 4,500	NM	
	emergency response telephone			
	number is the number of a person			
	who is either knowledgeable of			
	the hazardous material or has			
	immediate access to a person who			
	possesses such knowledge.			
§ 172.604(a)(3)	Failure of shipper to enter the	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	emergency response telephone			
	number on the shipping paper as			
	required.			
§ 172.604(b)	Failure of emergency response	\$ 4,500	NM	
	telephone number to be that of			

the person offering the hazardous

material for transportation or

of an agency accepting

responsibility that has received

current information on the

material.

§ 172.606(a) Failure of carrier to instruct the \$4,500 NM

driver to contact the carrier in

the event of an incident.

§ 172.606(b)(1) Failure of carrier transporting by \$4,500 NM

highway to mark transport

vehicle with its telephone number

when parked at a separate

location from its motive power.

§ 172.606(b)(2) Failure of carrier transporting by \$4,500 NM

highway to have the shipping

paper and emergency response

information available on the

transport vehicle when parked at a

separate location from its

motive power.

(49 C.F.R. Part 172 Subpart H--Training)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 172.702(a)	Failure of hazmat employer to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	train each of its hazmat			
	employees.			
§ 172.702(b)	Failure of hazmat employer to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	provide training that applies to			
	a particular function before			
	being performed by a hazmat			
	employee.			
§ 172.702(d)	Failure of hazmat employer to test	\$ 3,000	M	30
	each of its hazmat employees by			days
	appropriate means on the training			
	subjects.			
§ 172.704(a)(1)	Failure of hazmat employee	\$ 4,500	NM	
	training to include general			
	awareness/familiarization training.			
§ 172.704(a)(2)	Failure of hazmat employee	\$ 4,500	NM	
	training to include function-			

specific training.

§ 172.704(a)(3)	Failure of hazmat employee	\$ 4,500	NM	
	training to include safety			
	training.			
§ 172.704(c)(1)	Failure of new hazmat employee, or	\$ 4,500	NM	
	a hazmat employee who changes			
	job functions, to receive initial			
	training.			
§ 172.704(c)(2)	Failure of hazmat employee to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	receive the required training at			
	least once every three years.			
§ 172.704(d)(1)-(4)	Failure of hazmat employer to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	create and retain a record of			days
	current training, inclusive of the			
	preceding three years, for 90			
	days after an employee is no			
	longer employed by that employer			
	as a hazmat employee.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 173 Subpart A--General)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 173.2a(a)	Failure of shipper to class	\$ 4,500	NM	
	material according to the highest			
	applicable hazard class.			
§ 173.3(c)(1)-(7)	Failure of shipper to properly use	\$ 4,500	NM	
	a salvage drum for packages of			
	hazardous materials that are			
	damaged, defective, or found			
	leaking.			
§ 173.12(b)(1)-(3)	Failure of shipper to comply with	\$ 4,500	NM	
	packaging requirements for lab			
	packs.			
§ 173.12(c)(1)-(5)	Failure of shipper to properly	\$ 4,500	NM	
	reuse a packaging for the			
	shipment of hazardous waste.			
§ 173.13(c)(1)	Failure of shipper of liquid	\$ 4,500	NM	
	hazardous material excepted from			
	labeling and placarding			

requirements to comply with

packaging requirements.

§ 173.713(c)(2) Failure of shipper of solid

\$4,500 NM

hazardous material excepted from

labeling and placarding

requirements to comply with

packaging requirements.

§ 173.713(d) Failure of shipper to mark package

\$ 3,000 M

1 hour

of hazardous material excepted

from labeling and placarding

requirements with the statement:

"This package conforms to 49 C.F.R. 173.13."

(49 C.F.R. Part 173 Subpart B--Preparation of Hazardous Material for Transportation)

Rule Rule Summary Base Type of Grace

Penalty Violation Period

or

Matrix

§ 173.21(a)-(k) Person offered for transportation Matrix NM

or transported forbidden

materials or packages.

§ 173.22(a)(1)-(4) Failure of shipper to use a proper Matrix NM

packaging or container.

§ 173.22a(a)	Failure of shipper using a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	packaging authorized under an			days
	exemption to be the holder of or a			
	party to the exemption.			
§ 173.22a(b)	Failure of shipper to maintain a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	copy of the exemption at each			days
	facility where the packaging is			
	being used in connection with			
	the shipment or transportation of			
	the hazardous material.			
§ 173.22a(c)	Failure of shipper to furnish a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	copy of the exemption to the			
	carrier when it contains			
	requirements that apply to the			
	carrier.			
§ 173.24(b)(1)-(3)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	meet the general requirements for			
	packages.			
§ 173.24(e)(1)-(5)	Failure of shipper to ensure that	\$ 5,000	NM	
	the packaging is compatible with			
	its contents.			

§ 173.24(f)(1)-(2)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	use properly designed closures		
	on packagings.		
§ 173.24(h)(1)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	leave sufficient outage when		
	filling packages with liquids.		
§ 173.24a(a)(1)-(5)	Failure of shipper of non-bulk	\$ 4,500	NM
	packagings and packages to meet		
	design requirements.		
§ 173.24a(b)(5)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	ensure that no hazardous material		
	remains on the outside of a		
	non-bulk package after filling.		
§ 173.24a(d)	Failure of shipper to limit the	\$ 4,500	NM
	amount of material placed into a		
	receptacle.		
§ 173.24b(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	load liquids in bulk packagings		
	so that the outage is at least		
	five percent for materials		
	poisonous by inhalation, or at		
	least one percent for all other		

§ 173.24b(d)(2)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	limit the weight of lading loaded		
	into a bulk package.		
§ 173.25(a)(1)-(5)	Failure of shipper to use a	\$ 4,500	NM
	properly prepared overpack.		
§ 173.28(a)	Failure of shipper to inspect	\$ 4,500	NM
	packaging or receptacle before		
	reusing to ensure it conforms to		
	the requirements of		
	49 C.F.R.§§171 through 180.		
§ 173.28(b)(1)-(7)	Failure of shipper to properly	\$ 4,500	NM
	reuse a non-bulk packaging.		
§ 173.28(e)	Shipper reused a package marked as	\$ 4,500	NM
	NRC for material required to be		
	shipped in a DOT specification or		
	UN standard packaging.		
§ 173.28(f)	Failure of shipper to comply with	\$ 4,500	NM
	disinfecting requirements.		
§ 173.29(a)	Failure to offer for	\$ 4,500	NM
	transportation or transport empty		
	packaging containing residue of a		

	hazardous material in the same		
	manner as when it previously		
	contained a greater quantity.		
§ 173.32(a)(1)-(3)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	use a portable tank that meets		
	the requirements of this		
	subchapter.		
§ 173.32(b)(1)-(3)	Failure to use an authorized	\$ 4,500	NM
	portable tank when using		
	substitute packagings.		
§ 173.32(c)(1)-(5)	Failure to comply with grandfather	\$ 4,500	NM
	provisions for portable tanks.		
§ 173.32(d)	Failure of shipper, prior to	\$ 4,500	NM
	filling and offering a portable		
	tank for transportation, to		
	ensure that the portable tank		
	conforms to the authorized		
	specifications and meets the		
	applicable requirements in this		
	subchapter for the hazardous		
	material.		
§ 173.32(e)(1)-(5)	Failure to perform an external	\$ 4,500	NM

	inspection and make any necessary			
	corrections prior to filling a			
	portable tank.			
§ 173.32(f)(1)-(9)	Failure to comply with loading	\$ 4,500	NM	
	requirements for portable tanks.			
§ 173.32(g)(1)	Failure to ensure that a portable	\$ 3,000	M	24
	tank, loaded on to a highway or			hours
	rail transport vehicle, is loaded			
	within the horizontal outline			
	thereof without overhang or			
	projection of any part of the			
	tank assembly.			
§ 173.32(g)(2)	Failure to ensure that an IM or UN	\$ 4,500	NM	
	portable tank, used for the			
	transportation of flammable			
	liquids by rail, is not fitted			
	with non-reclosing pressure			
	relief devices except in series			
	with pressure relief valves.			
§ 173.33(a)(1)-(3)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use an authorized cargo tank			
	motor vehicle.			

§ 173.33(b)(1)-(4)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	meet cargo tank loading			
	requirements.			
§ 173.33(e)	Failure of carrier to drain piping	\$ 4,500	NM	
	on DOT specification cargo tanks			
	of any material that is a Division			
	6.1 material, oxidizer liquid,			
	liquid organic peroxide, or			
	corrosive liquid (skin only)			
	prior to transporting.			
§ 173.35(a)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM	
	use an authorized intermediate			
	bulk container.			
§ 173.35(b)	Failure of shipper to visually	\$ 3,000	M	30
	inspect each intermediate bulk			days
	container and its service			
	equipment before filling.			
§ 173.35(d)	Failure of shipper or carrier	\$ 4,500	NM	
	filling intermediate bulk			
	container with liquids to ensure			
	that it is not filled to more			
	than 98 percent of its water			
	capacity.			

§ 173.35(f)(1)	Failure of carrier to ensure that	\$ 4,500	NM
	no hazardous material remains on		
	the outside of the intermediate		
	bulk container during		
	transportation.		
§ 173.35(f)(2)	Failure of carrier to ensure that	\$ 4,500	NM
	each intermediate bulk container		
	is securely fastened or contained		
	within the transport unit during		
	transportation.		
§ 173.35(g)	Failure of shipper or carrier to	\$ 4,500	NM
	ensure that each intermediate		
	bulk container of solids is		
	capable of containing the		
	substance in the liquid state.		
§ 173.35(h)(1)-(2)	Failure of shipper to use only	\$ 4,500	NM
	metal, rigid plastic, or		
	composite intermediate bulk		
	containers for liquid hazardous		
	material.		
§ 173.35(j)	Shipper or carrier filled an	\$ 4,500	NM
	intermediate bulk container with		

a Packing Group I liquid or

exceeded the capacity for a

Packing Group I solid.

§ 173.35(k) Failure of shipper or carrier to

\$4,500 NM

take measures to prevent an

electrostatic discharge during

loading and unloading of liquids

with a flashpoint of 141 degrees

Fahrenheit or lower, or powders

with the potential for dust

explosion, in intermediate bulk

containers.

§ 173.35(l)(1)-(4) Failure of shipper or carrier to

\$4,500 NM

comply with the intermediate bulk

container filling limits.

(49 C.F.R. Part 173 Subpart E--Non-Bulk Packaging for Hazardous Materials Other Than Class 1 and Class 7)

Rule Rule Summary Base Type of Grace

Penalty Violation Period

or

Matrix

§ 173.197(a)-(e) Failure of shipper to meet the \$4,500 NM

packaging requirements for

regulated medical waste.

§ 173.216(c)(1-4) Failure of shipper or carrier to \$4,500 NM

meet the general packaging

requirements for asbestos.

(49 C.F.R. Part 177 Subpart A--General Information and Regulations)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 177.800(b)	Failure of carrier or connecting	\$ 4,500	NM	
	carrier to perform duties, comply			
	with requirements of			
	49 C.F.R.§ 177, or ensure its hazmat			
	employees receive training in			
	relation thereto.			
§ 177.800(c)	Failure of carrier to train its	\$ 4,500	NM	
	hazmat employees involved in			
	transportation of hazardous			
	material as required by			
	49 C.F.R. § 177 and			
	subpart H of 49 C.F. R. § 172.			

§ 177.800(d)	Carrier caused an unnecessary	\$ 4,500	NM	
	delay in the shipment of			
	hazardous materials.			
§ 177.801	Carrier transported a forbidden	Matrix	NM	
	material or hazardous material			
	that was not prepared in			
	accordance with			
	49 C.F.R.§§171 through 180.			
§ 177.804	Failure of carrier to comply with	\$ 3,000	M	
	the Federal Motor Carrier Safety			
	regulations.			
§ 177.816(a)	Failure of carrier to train driver	\$ 4,500	NM	
	in the requirements of			
	49 C.F.R.§§390 through 397.			
§ 177.816(b)	Person operated a cargo tank or	\$ 4,500	NM	
	vehicle with portable tank			
	without receiving training or			
	without having the appropriate			
	State-issued commercial driver's			
	license.			
§ 177.816(d)	Failure of required training to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	conform to the frequency and			days

recordkeeping requirements of

	recording requirements or			
	49 C.F.R. § 172.704.			
§ 177.817(a)	Failure of carrier to transport a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	hazardous material accompanied by			
	a properly prepared shipping paper.			
§ 177.817(b)	Carrier accepted hazardous	\$ 3,000	M	30
	material for transportation with			days
	shipping papers that did not			
	include the required shipper's			
	certification.			
§ 177.817(c)	Failure of carrier to comply with	\$ 3,000	M	30
	interlining requirements.			days
§ 177.817(e)	Failure of carrier to ensure that	\$ 4,500	NM	
	the shipping papers required by			
	49 C.F.R. § 177.817 are available			
	and recognizable by authorities.			
§ 177.823(a)	Failure of carrier to mark or	\$ 4,500	NM	
	placard a vehicle transporting			
	hazardous material.			
§ 177.823(b)	Failure of carrier to remove a	Matrix	NM	
	leaking vehicle from the traveled			

portion of the highway or employ

disposal of the leaking material.

every available means for safe

§ 177.823(c) Carrier transported a leaking

Matrix NM

cargo tank more than a minimum

distance necessary to reach a site

for safe disposal of the

contents.

(49 C.F.R. Part 177 Subpart B--Loading and Unloading)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 177.834(a)	Failure of carrier to secure	\$ 4,500	NM	
	packages containing Class 3, 2, 8,			
	6.1 or 7 material against			
	movement in a motor vehicle,			
	under conditions normally			
	incident to transportation.			
§ 177.834(c)	Person smoking on or about motor	Matrix	NM	
	vehicle while loading or			
	unloading Class 1, 3, 4, 5 or			

Division 2.1.

§ 177.834(d)	Failure to keep fire away or	Matrix	NM
	persons from smoking when loading		
	or unloading a Class 1, 3, 4, 5 or		
	Division 2.1 material from a		
	motor vehicle.		
§ 177.834(e)	Failure to securely set the	\$ 4,500	NM
	handbrake and prevent motion of		
	the motor vehicle during loading		
	or unloading of hazardous		
	material.		
§ 177.834(f)	Person used tools that are likely	\$ 4,500	NM
	to damage the effectiveness of		
	the closure and adversely affect		
	packages or containers during		
	the loading or unloading of Class		
	1 material or other dangerous		
	articles.		
§ 177.834(g)	Failure of carrier to prevent	\$ 4,500	NM
	motion of Class 1, 3, 4, 5, 8, 2		
	and Division 6.1 containers by		
	bracing to prevent motion thereof		
	relative to the vehicle while in		

transit.

§ 177.834(h)	Person tampered with hazardous	Matrix	NM
	material containers or discharged		
	the contents of such containers.		
§ 177.834(i)	Cargo tank was not attended by a	\$ 4,500	NM
	qualified person while it was		
	being loaded.		
§ 177.834(j)	Carrier permitted or person drove	Matrix	NM
	cargo tank containing hazardous		
	material without securely closing		
	the manholes, valves and other		
	closures.		
§ 177.837(a)	Person loaded or unloaded a Class	\$ 4,500	NM
	3 material into or from a cargo		
	tank motor vehicle while the		
	engine was running.		
§ 177.837(b)	Failure of carrier to provide	\$ 4,500	NM
	metallic bonds or ground		
	conductors for containers which		
	are not in metallic contact with		
	each other for the neutralization		
	of static charges prior to and		

during transfers of Class 3 materials.

	materiais.		
§ 177.837(c)	Failure of carrier to bond and	\$ 4,500	NM
	ground cargo tanks before and		
	during transfer of lading when a		
	cargo tank is loaded through an		
	open filling hole.		
§ 177.837(d)	Failure of carrier to comply with	\$ 4,500	NM
	unloading requirements.		
§ 177.838(a)	Failure of carrier to entirely	\$ 4,500	NM
	contain Class 4 and 5 materials		
	within the body of the motor		
	vehicle or to cover by tarpaulins		
	or other suitable means.		
§ 177.838(b)	Failure of carrier to keep Class 4	\$ 4,500	NM
	and 5 materials dry which are		
	likely to become hazardous when		
	wet when loading a motor vehicle		
	and during transportation.		
§ 177.838(c)	Failure of carrier to load	\$ 4,500	NM
	articles, possible of spontaneous		
	combustion or heating, with		

sufficient ventilation to provide

assurance against fire.

§ 177.838(h) Failure of carrier to load \$4,500 NM

Division 4.2 materials in

cylinders with valves and safety

relief device in the vapor space

and in a manner that no shifting

occurs in transit.

§ 177.839(a) Carrier loaded nitric acid above Matrix NM

any other packaging.

§ 177.239(b) Failure of carrier to protect \$4,500 NM

batteries containing electrolyte

from being impacted by other cargo

or protecting their terminals

from short circuits.

§ 177.841(a) Failure of carrier to load bulk \$ 5,000 NM

arsenical compounds into sift-

proof, steel hopper-type, or

dump-type motor-vehicle bodies

equipped with water-proof,

dust-proof covers well secured in

place on all openings.

(49 C.F.R. Part 177 Subpart C--Segregation and Separation Chart of Hazardous Materials)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 177.848(b)	Failure of carrier to stow or	Matrix	NM	
	segregate a transport vehicle			
	containing hazardous material in			
	accordance with			
	49 C.F.R. § 176.83(b).			
§ 177.848(c)	Carrier loaded or stored cyanide	Matrix	NM	
	or cyanide mixtures with acids.			
§ 177.848(d)	Failure of carrier to load,	Matrix	NM	
	transport, or store hazardous			
	materials in accordance with the			
	"Segregation Table for Hazardous			
	Materials."			

(49 C.F.R. Part 177 Subpart D--Vehicles and Shipments in Transit; Accidents)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 177.854(a)	Failure of carrier to guard motor	Matrix	NM	
	vehicle transporting hazardous			
	material and provide against			
	hazards during unnecessary stops			
	on the traveled portion of the			
	highway or shoulder.			
§ 177.854(b)	Failure of carrier to use safest	Matrix	NM	
	practical means afforded when			
	leaks occur in packages or			
	containers during the course of			
	transportation, subsequent to			
	initial loading.			
§ 177.854(e)	Failure of carrier to safely and	Matrix	NM	
	expeditiously store leaking			
	containers of hazardous materials.			
§ 177.854(f)	Failure of carrier to set out	\$ 3,000	M	1 hour
	warning devices when stopped on			

the highway or shoulder.

§ 177.854(g) Carrier used heat or flame to Matrix NM

repair fuel or cargo containment

system.

§ 177.854(h) Carrier repaired a cargo tank Matrix NM

using a flame or arc before first

making it gas free.

(49 C.F.R. Part 180 Subpart D--Qualification and Maintenance of Intermediate Bulk Containers)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 180.351(a)	Carrier used an unauthorized	\$ 4,500	NM	
	intermediate bulk container for			
	the transportation of a hazardous			
	material.			
§ 180.352(a)	Carrier filled, offered, or	\$ 4,500	NM	
	transported an intermediate bulk			
	container before the test or			
	inspection was completed.			
§ 180.352(c)	Failure of carrier to initially	\$ 3,000	M	30

	inspect an intermediate bulk			days
	container prior to placing			
	hazardous materials into the			
	container.			
§ 180.352(d)	Failure of carrier to comply with	\$ 4,500	NM	
	repair requirements for			
	intermediate bulk containers.			
§ 180.352(e)	Failure of carrier to mark the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	most recent test date on the			days
	intermediate bulk container.			
§ 180.352(f)	Failure of carrier to maintain	\$ 3,000	M	30
	periodic test and inspection			days
	records.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 180 Subpart E--Qualification and Maintenance of Cargo Tanks)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 180.405(a)	Carrier used an unauthorized cargo	\$ 5,000	NM	
	tank.			
§ 180.407(a)	Carrier filled, offered, or	\$ 4,500	NM	

	transported a cargo tank before			
	tests or inspections were			
(b)	completed.			
§ 180.407	Failure of carrier to test or	\$ 4,500	NM	
	inspect an unsafe, damaged, or			
	out- of-service cargo tank.			
§ 180.415(a)	Failure of carrier to mark test	\$ 3,000	M	30
	and inspection dates on a cargo			days
	tank.			
§ 180.415(b)	Failure of cargo tank markings to	\$ 3,000	M	30
	be durable and legible.			days
§ 180.417(a)	Failure of carrier to retain the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	manufacturer certificate for a			days
	cargo tank.			
§ 180.417(b)	Failure of carrier to have a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	written test or inspection report			days
	or to retain the written reports			
	for cargo tanks.			
§ 180.603(a)	Failure to use an authorized	\$ 5,000	NM	
	portable tank for the			

transportation of hazardous

materials.

§ 180.603(e)	Failure to durably mark DOT 51	\$ 3,000	M	30
	portable tank specification plate			days
	with appropriate exemption number.			
§ 180.605(a)	Failure to test and inspect a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	portable tank that has become due			
	prior to being returned for			
	transportation.			
§ 180.605(b)(1)-(5)	Failure to comply with the testing	\$ 4,500	NM	
	and inspection requirements of			
	portable tanks, upon discovery of			
	any of the conditions listed in			
	this section.			
§ 180.605(c)(1)-(4)	Failure to comply with the	\$ 4,500	NM	
	schedule for periodic inspections			
	and tests of portable tanks.			
§ 180.605(d)	Failure to comply with the 2.5	\$ 4,500	NM	
	year intermediate periodic			
	inspection and testing schedule			
	for IM and UN portable tanks.			
§ 180.605(e)	Failure to comply with the 5-year	\$ 4,500	NM	
	periodic inspection and testing			
	requirements of this section.			

§ 180.60(f)5	Failure to comply with the	\$ 3,000	M	30
	exceptional inspection and testing			days
	requirements of this section.			
§ 180.605(g)(1)-(7)	Failure to comply with the	\$ 4,500	NM	
	internal and external examination			
	requirements of this section.			
§ 180.605(k)	Failure to comply with testing and	\$ 3,000	M	30
	marking requirements for IM and			days
	UN portable tanks.			
§ 180.605(k)(1)	Failure to comply with the record	\$ 3,000	M	30
	retention requirements of this			days
	section.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 387 Subpart A--Motor Carriers of Property)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 387.7(a)	Failure of carrier to obtain	Matrix	NM	
	minimum levels of financial			
	responsibility.			
§ 387.7(d)	Failure of carrier to maintain	\$ 3,000	M	30

proof of financial responsibility days at principal place of business.

(49 C.F.R. Part 390 Subpart B--General Requirements and Information)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	f Grace
		Penalty	Violatio	on Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 390.21(a)	Failure of carrier to mark a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	commercial motor vehicle.			days
§ 390.21(b)	Carrier displayed incomplete or	\$ 3,000	M	30
	incorrect vehicle markings.			days
§ 390.21(c)	Failure of carrier to use proper	\$ 3,000	M	30
	size, shape, color, or location			days
	of markings.			
§ 390.29	Failure of carrier to comply with	\$ 3,000	M	30
	requirements for location of			days
	records or documents.			
§ 390.31(a)	Failure of carrier to preserve	\$ 3,000	M	30
	records and documents in their			days
	original form.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 391 Subpart B--Qualification and Disqualification of Drivers)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 391.11(a)	Carrier permitted or required an	\$ 4,500	NM	
	unqualified person to drive a			
	commercial motor vehicle.			
§ 391.13	Failure of carrier to comply with	\$ 3,000	M	30
	driver qualification requirements.			days
§ 391.15(a)	Carrier required a disqualified	\$ 4,500	NM	
	driver to drive a commercial			
	vehicle.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 391 Subpart C--Background and Character)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 391.21(b)	Failure of carrier to furnish an	\$ 3,000	M	30
	employment application.			days
§ 391.23(a)	Failure of carrier to make	\$ 4,500	NM	

	required background investigations			
	of a commercial vehicle driver.			
§ 391.25(a)	Failure of carrier to make an	\$ 3,000	M	30
	annual inquiry into all driving			days
	records.			
§ 391.25(b)	Failure of carrier to make an	\$ 4,500	NM	
	annual determination that drivers			
	meet minimal requirements.			
§ 391.25(c)	Failure of carrier to maintain	\$ 3,000	M	30
	State agency response to a			days
	driving record inquiry.			
§ 391.27(a)	Failure of carrier to annually	\$ 3,000	M	30
	require each driver to furnish a			days
	list of all violations.			
§ 391.27(d)	Failure of carrier to maintain	\$ 3,000	M	30
	violation list or certificate in			days
	driver's qualification file.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 391 Subpart D--Tests)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 391.31(a)	Failure of carrier to require a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	commercial vehicle road test.			
§ 391.31(d)	Failure of carrier to provide road	\$ 3,000	M	30
	test form.			days
§ 391.31(e)	Failure of carrier to complete a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	certificate of driver's road test.			days
§ 391.31(g)	Failure of carrier to retain	\$ 3,000	M	30
	original signed road test form or			days
	certificate.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 391 Subpart E--Physical Qualifications and Examinations)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 391.41(a)	Failure of person to carry a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	current medical examiner's			days

certificate.

(49 C.F.R. Part 391 Subpart F--Files and Records)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 391.51(a)	Failure of carrier to maintain a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	driver qualification file.			
§ 391.51(b)	Failure of carrier to maintain a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	complete qualification file.			days
§ 391.51(c)	Failure of carrier to maintain	\$ 3,000	M	30
	driver qualification file for			days
	three years beyond employment.			

(49 C.F.R. Part 392 Subpart A--General)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 392.7(a)	Person drove a commercial motor	\$ 3,000	M	30
	vehicle prior to ensuring parts			days

and accessories were in good working order.

§ 392.8 Person drove a commercial motor \$4,500 NM vehicle before being satisfied that the emergency equipment was in place and ready for use.

§ 392.9(a)-(b) Person operated a commercial motor \$4,500 NM vehicle prior to ensuring the cargo was properly distributed and adequately secured.

(49 C.F.R. Part 393 Subpart H--Emergency Equipment)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 393.95(a)	Failure of carrier to equip a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	power unit with a properly filled			days
	and located fire extinguisher.			
§ 393.95(c)	Failure of carrier to equip	\$ 3,000	M	30
	vehicle with spare fuses.			days
§ 393.95(f)	Failure of carrier to equip motor	\$ 3,000	M	30

vehicle with warning devices for days stopped vehicles.

(49 C.F.R. Part 395)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 395.3(a)	Carrier permitted or required a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	driver to drive more than 10			days
	hours or after being on duty for			
	15 hours.			
§ 395.3(b)	Carrier permitted or required a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	driver to drive for any period			days
	after having been on duty 60 hours			
	in seven consecutive days or			
	after having been on duty 70 hours			
	in eight consecutive days.			
§ 395.8(a)	Failure of person to record duty	\$ 3,000	M	30
	status.			days
§ 395.8(c)	Failure of person to record change	\$ 3,000	M	30
	of duty status.			days

§ 395.8(f)	Failure of person to record	\$ 3,000	M	30
	driver's activities.			days
§ 395.8(i)	Failure of person to file driver's	\$ 3,000	M	30
	record of duty status.			days
§ 395.8(k)	Failure of carrier to retain	\$ 3,000	M	30
	records of duty status.			days

(49 C.F.R. Part 396)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 396.11(a)	Failure of person to prepare a	\$ 3,000	M	30
	written report.			days
§ 396.11(b)	Failure of person to indicate	\$ 3,000	M	30
	deficiencies or lack of			days
	deficiencies on report or to sign			
	report.			
§ 396.11(c)	Failure of carrier to repair	\$ 4,500	NM	
	deficiencies or to certify or			
	retain inspection reports.			
§ 396.13(a)-(c)	Failure of person to be satisfied	\$ 3,000	M	30

that the vehicle is in safe days
operating condition or to review
or sign previous inspection
reports.

(49 C.F.R. Part 397 Subpart A--General)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 397.3	Failure of carrier to comply with	\$ 3,000	M	30
	jurisdictional laws concerning			days
	driving and parking of hazardous			
	materials vehicles.			
§ 397.5	Failure of carrier to attend a	\$ 4,500	NM	
	vehicle that contains hazardous			
	materials.			
§ 397.7(b)	Carrier parked a hazardous	\$ 3,000	M	30
	material vehicle within five feet			days
	of the traveled portion of a			
	street or highway.			
§ 397.11	Carrier operated or parked a	\$ 4,500	NM	

hazardous material vehicle near

an open fire.

§ 397.13 Person smoked within 25 feet of a

\$4,500 NM

hazardous material vehicle.

(49 C.F.R. Part 397 Subpart C--Routing of Non-Radioactive Hazardous Materials)

Rule	Rule Summary	Base	Type of	Grace
		Penalty	Violation	Period
		or		
		Matrix		
§ 397.67(b)	Carrier operated a hazardous	\$ 4,500	NM	
	material vehicle over			
	inappropriate routes.			

7:26G-2.5 Civil administrative penalty determination

- (a) The Department shall assess penalties under this section, and not under N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.4, when:
- 1. Because of the specific circumstances of the violation, the Department determines that the penalty amount under N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.4 would be too low to provide a sufficient deterrent effect as required by the Act; or
- 2. The violation is not listed under N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.4.
- (b) Each violation of the Act, or any rule promulgated, administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or Part A permit application filed, and any parameter contained therein, pursuant to the Act, shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (c) Each day during which a violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.

- (d) For each parameter that is required to be monitored, sampled or reported, the failure to so monitor, sample or report shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (e) Where any requirement of the Act, or any rule promulgated, administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act, may pertain to more than one act, condition, occurrence, item, unit, waste or parameter, the failure to comply with such requirement as it pertains to each such act, condition, occurrence, item, unit, waste or parameter shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (f) The Department shall assess a civil administrative penalty for violations described in this section on the basis of the seriousness of the violation and the conduct of the violator as follows:
- 1. A violation that meets the criteria at (f)1i through iii below and the criteria at N.J.AC.A 7:26G-2.10(c)1 through 5 is minor. Such a minor violation shall be subject to a grace period of 30 days if it meets the criteria of subsections i through iii below and N.J.A.C. 7:26g-2.10. If compliance is not achieved in the required time period, the violator shall be subject to a \$3,000 penalty, to be assessed in accordance with the procedures set forth at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.10.
- i. The violation poses minimal risk to the public health, safety and natural resources;
- ii. The violation does not materially and substantially undermine or impair the goals of the regulatory program; and
- iii. The activity or condition constituting the violation is capable of being corrected and compliance achieved within the time prescribed by the Department.
- 2. A violation that does not meet the criteria set forth in (f)1 above is non-minor and the penalty shall be assessed at the mid-point of the following ranges, unless adjusted pursuant to (i) below.

		SERIOUSNESS	S	
		Major	Moderate	Minor
	Major	\$ 40,000-	\$ 30,000-	\$ 15,000-
		\$ 50,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 25,000
CONDUCT	Moderate	\$ 30,000-	\$ 10,000-	\$ 3,000-
		\$ 40,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 6,000
	Minor	\$ 15,000-	\$ 3,000-	N/A*
		\$ 25,000	\$ 6,000	

^{*}N/A means not applicable.

- (g) The seriousness of the violation shall be determined as major, moderate or minor as follows:
- 1. Major seriousness shall apply to any violation which:
- i. Has caused or has the potential to cause serious harm to human health or the environment; or

- ii. Seriously deviates from the requirements of the Act, or any rule promulgated, administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act; serious deviation shall include, but not be limited to, those violations which are in complete contravention of the requirement, or if some of the requirement is met, which severely impair or undermine the operation or intent of the requirement;
- 2. Moderate seriousness shall apply to any violation which:
- i. Has caused or has the potential to cause substantial harm to human health or the environment; or
- ii. Substantially deviates from the requirements of the Act, or any rule promulgated, any administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or any Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act; substantial deviation shall include, but not be limited to, violations which are in substantial contravention of the requirements or which substantially impair or undermine the operation or intent of the requirement; and
- 3. Minor seriousness shall apply to any violation not included in (g)1 or 2 above.
- (h) The conduct of the violator shall be determined as major, moderate or minor as follows:
- 1. Major conduct shall include any intentional, deliberate, purposeful, knowing or willful act or omission by the violator;
- 2. Moderate conduct shall include any unintentional but foreseeable act or omission by the violator; and
- 3. Minor conduct shall include any other conduct not included in (h)1 or 2 above.
- (i) The Department may adjust the amount determined pursuant to (f), (g) and (h) above to assess a civil administrative penalty in an amount no greater than the maximum amount nor less than the minimum amount in the range described in (f) above, on the basis of the following factors:
- 1. The compliance history of the violator;
- 2. The nature, timing and effectiveness of any measures taken by the violator to mitigate the effects of the violation for which the penalty is being assessed;
- i. Immediate implementation of measures to effectively mitigate the effects of the violation shall result in a reduction to the bottom of the range.
- 3. The nature, timing and effectiveness of any measures taken by the violator to prevent future similar violations;
- i. Implementation of measures that can reasonably be expected to prevent a recurrence of the same type of violation will result in a reduction equal to the bottom of the range.

- 4. Any unusual or extraordinary costs or impacts directly or indirectly imposed on the public or the environment as a result of the violation; and/or
- 5. Other specific circumstances of the violator or violation.

7:26G-2.6 Civil administrative penalty for submitting inaccurate or false information

- (a) The Department may assess a civil administrative penalty pursuant to this section against each violator who submits inaccurate information or who makes a false statement, representation or certification in any application, record or other document required to be submitted or maintained pursuant to the Act, or any rule promulgated, any administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or any Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act.
- (b) Each day, from the day that the violator knew or had reason to know that it submitted inaccurate or false information to the Department until the day of receipt by the Department of a written correction by the violator, shall be an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (c) The Department shall assess a civil administrative penalty for violations described in this section based on the conduct of the violator at the mid-point of the following ranges except as adjusted pursuant to (d) below:
- 1. For each intentional, deliberate, purposeful, knowing or willful act or omission by the violator, the civil administrative penalty per act or omission shall be in an amount of not more than \$ 50,000 nor less than \$ 40,000 per act or omission; and
- 2. For all other conduct, the civil administrative penalty, per act or omission, shall be in the amount of \$1,000 per violation.
- (d) The Department may adjust the amount determined pursuant to (c) above to assess a civil administrative penalty in an amount no greater than the maximum amount nor less than the minimum amount in the range described in (c) above, on the basis of the following factors:
- 1. The compliance history of the violator;
- 2. The nature, timing and effectiveness of any measures taken by the violator to mitigate the effects of the violation for which the penalty is being assessed;
- i. Immediate implementation of measures to effectively mitigate the effects of the violation will result in a reduction to the bottom of the range.
- 3. The nature, timing and effectiveness of any measures taken by the violator to prevent future similar violations;

- i. Implementation of measures that can reasonably be expected to prevent a recurrence of the same type of violation will result in a reduction equal to the bottom of the range;
- 4. Any unusual or extraordinary costs or impacts directly or indirectly imposed on the public or the environment as a result of the violation; and/or
- 5. Other specific circumstances of the violator or violation.
- (e) A violation under this section is non-minor and therefore not subject to a grace period.

7:26G-2.7 Civil administrative penalty for failure to allow lawful entry and inspection

- (a) The Department may assess a civil administrative penalty pursuant to this section against any violator who refuses, inhibits or prohibits immediate lawful entry and inspection by any authorized Department representative of any premises, building, facility, or vehicle which the Department may enter and inspect pursuant to the provisions of the Act or other statutory authority.
- (b) Each day that a violator refuses, inhibits or prohibits immediate lawful entry and inspection by an authorized Department representative of any premises, building, facility, or vehicle which the Department may enter and inspect pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall be an additional, separate and distinct violation.
- (c) The Department shall assess a civil administrative penalty for violations described in this section at the midpoint of the following ranges except as adjusted pursuant to (d) below as follows:
- 1. For refusing, inhibiting or prohibiting immediate lawful entry and inspection of any premises, building, facility, or vehicle for which an administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority requirement exists under the Act, the civil administrative penalty shall be in an amount of not more than \$ 30,000 nor less than \$ 20,000 per violation; and
- 2. For any other refusal, inhibition, or prohibition of immediate lawful entry and inspection the civil administrative penalty shall be in an amount of not more than \$5,000 nor less than \$3,000 per violation.
- (d) The Department may adjust the amount determined pursuant to (c) above to assess a civil administrative penalty in an amount no greater than the maximum amount nor less than the minimum amount in the range described in (c) above, on the basis of the following factors:
- 1. The compliance history of the violator;

- 2. The nature, timing and effectiveness of any measures taken by the violator to mitigate the effects of the violation for which the penalty is being assessed;
- i. Immediate implementation of measures to effectively mitigate the effects of the violation will result in a reduction to the bottom of the range;
- 3. The nature, timing and effectiveness of any measures taken by the violator to prevent future similar violations;
- i. Implementation of measures that can reasonably be expected to prevent a recurrence of the same type of violation will result in a reduction equal to the bottom of the range;
- 4. Any unusual or extraordinary costs or impacts directly or indirectly imposed on the public or the environment as a result of the violation; and/or
- 5. Other specific circumstances of the violator or violation.
- (e) A violation under this section is non-minor and therefore not subject to a grace period

7:26G-2.8 Civil administrative penalty for failure to pay a fee

- (a) The Department may assess a civil administrative penalty pursuant to this section against each violator who fails to pay a fee when due pursuant to the Act, or any rule promulgated, any administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or any Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act.
- (b) To assess a civil administrative penalty pursuant to this section:
- 1. The Department shall identify the civil administrative base penalty pursuant to (c) below; and
- 2. The civil administrative penalty shall be the base penalty unless adjusted pursuant to (d) below.
- (c) The base penalty shall be as follows:
- 1. An amount equal to one-half of the unpaid fee or \$ 100.00, whichever is greater, for nonpayment of a fee due in any calendar year;
- 2. An amount equal to the unpaid fee or \$250.00 whichever is greater, for the nonpayment of a second fee due in the same calendar year as that in (d)1 above; or
- 3. An amount equal to twice the unpaid fee or \$500.00, whichever is greater, for the nonpayment of a third fee due in the same calendar year as that in (d)1 or 2 above.

- (d) Failure to pay a fee within 30 days of receipt by the violator of notice of the nonpayment from the Department shall considered a continuing violation. For a continuing violation, the Department may increase the amount of the base penalty calculated pursuant to (c) above by the amount obtained by multiplying the base penalty dollar amount by 1.0 percent for each day that the fee is past due.
- (e) A violation under this section is non-minor and therefore not subject to a grace period.

7:26G-2.9 Civil administrative penalty for economic benefit

The Department may, in addition to any other civil administrative penalty assessed pursuant to this subchapter include as an additional civil administrative penalty the economic benefit (in dollars) which the violator has realized as a result of not complying with, or by delaying compliance with, the requirements of the Act, or any rule promulgated, any administrative order, permit, license or other operating authority issued, or any Part A permit application filed, pursuant to the Act. If the total economic benefit was derived from more than one violation, the total economic benefit may be apportioned among the violations from which it was derived so as to increase each civil administrative penalty assessment to an amount no greater than \$ 50,000 per violation.

7:26G-2.10 Grace period applicability; procedures

- (a) Each violation identified in the penalty tables at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.4(g) by an "M" in the Type of Violation column, and each violation that is determined to be minor under N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.5(f)1, for which the conditions at (c) below are satisfied, is a minor violation, and is subject to a grace period, the length of which is indicated in the column with the heading "Grace Period."
- (b) Each violation identified in the penalty tables at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.4(g) by an "NM" in the Type of Violation column is a non-minor violation and is not subject to a grace period.
- (c) The Department shall provide a grace period for any violation identified as minor under this section provided that the following conditions are met:
- 1. The violation is not the result of the purposeful, knowing, reckless or criminally negligent conduct of the person responsible for the violation;
- 2. The activity or condition constituting the violation has existed for less than 12 months prior to the date of discovery by the Department.

- 3. In the case of a violation that involves a permit, the person responsible for the violation has not been identified in a previous enforcement action by the Department as responsible for a violation of the same requirement of the same permit within the preceding 12 month period;
- 4. In the case of a violation that does not involve a permit, the person responsible for the violation has not been notified in a previous enforcement action by the Department as responsible for the same or a substantially similar violation at the same facility within the preceding 12-month period;
- 5. In the case of any violation, the person responsible for the violation has not been identified by the Department as responsible for the same or substantially similar violations at any time that reasonably indicates a pattern of illegal conduct and not isolated incidents on the part of the person responsible.
- (d) For a violation determined to be minor under (c) above, the following provisions apply:
- 1. The Department shall issue a notice of violation to the person responsible for the minor violation that:
- i. Identifies the condition or activity that constitutes the violation and the specific statutory and regulatory provision or other requirement violated; and
- ii. Specifies that a penalty may be imposed unless the minor violation is corrected and compliance is achieved within the specified grace period.
- 2. If the person responsible for the minor violation corrects that violation and demonstrates, in accordance with (d)3 below, that compliance has been achieved within the specified grace period, the Department shall not impose a penalty for the violation, and in addition shall not consider the minor violation for purposes of determining the "severity factor" pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.4(f)3.
- 3. The person responsible for a violation shall submit to the Department, before the end of the specified grace period, written information, signed by the person responsible for the minor violation, detailing the corrective action taken or compliance achieved.
- 4. If the person responsible for the minor violation seeks additional time beyond the specified grace period to achieve compliance, the person shall request an extension of the specified grace period. The request shall be made in writing no later than one week before the end of the specified grace period and include the anticipated time needed to achieve compliance, the specific cause or causes of the delay, and any measures taken or to be taken to minimize the time needed to achieve compliance. The Department may, at its discretion, approve in writing an extension, which shall not exceed 90 days, to accommodate the anticipated delay in achieving compliance. In exercising its discretion to approve a request for an extension, the Department may consider the following:

- i. Whether the violator has taken reasonable measures to achieve compliance in a timely manner;
- ii. Whether the delay has been caused by circumstances beyond the control of the violator;
- iii. Whether the delay will pose a risk to the public health, safety and natural resources; and
- iv. Whether the delay will materially or substantially undermine or impair the goals of the regulatory program.
- 5. If the person responsible for the minor violation fails to demonstrate to the Department that the violation has been corrected and compliance achieved within the specified grace period, or within the approved extension, if any, the Department may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, impose a penalty that is retroactive to the date the notice of violation under (d)1 above was issued.
- 6. The person responsible for a minor violation shall not request more than one extension of a grace period specified in a notice of violation.

SUBCHAPTER 3: HAZARDOUS WASTE FEES

7:26G-3.1 General provisions

In accordance with N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., specifically N.J.S.A. 13:1E-6, 13:1E-18, 13:1E-42.2 and 13:1E-60d, there is hereby established a fee schedule for hazardous waste generators, transporters, and treatment, storage, or disposal facilities. Notwithstanding provisions in N.J.A.C. 7:26-4, this subchapter constitutes the rules of the Department for hazardous waste fees. Any fee under this subchapter that is subject to N.J.A.C. 7:1L shall be payable in installments in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:1L.

7:26G-3.2 Payment of fees

(a) Fees for activities related to hazardous waste generators, transporters, and treatment, storage, or disposal facilities shall be paid by certified check or money order payable to: Treasurer, State of New Jersey. Payment shall be submitted to:

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Revenue PO Box 417 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0417

(b) All fees shall be paid within 30 days of the date on the bill issued by the Department unless otherwise specified herein. A person who fails to pay a fee within the time due shall be subject to penalties pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.8.

7:26G-3.3 Fee schedule for hazardous waste facilities, generators, and transporters

- (a) Fees for generators filing a biennial report in accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 261.5(e), 261.5(f), 262.41 and 262.44 (as incorporated by reference at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5 and 6) shall be based on quantities of hazardous waste generated during the odd numbered calendar year preceding the even numbered reporting year and on whether or not the report is submitted electronically, and, for electronic submissions, whether it is accurate and complete. Hazardous waste generator biennial reporting fees are as follows:
- 1. Less than 1.1 tons of hazardous waste: \$34.00 for complete, accurate electronic reports; \$135.00 for incomplete, inaccurate, or paper reports.
- 2. Equal to or greater than 1.1 tons but less than 10 tons of hazardous waste generated: \$68.00 for complete, accurate electronic reports; \$270.00 for incomplete, inaccurate, or paper reports.
- 3. Equal to or greater than 10 tons but less than 100 tons of hazardous waste generated: \$127.00 for complete, accurate electronic reports; \$507.00 for incomplete, inaccurate, or paper reports.
- 4. Equal to or greater than 100 tons but less than 150 tons of hazardous waste generated: \$253.00 for complete, accurate electronic reports; \$1,013 for incomplete, inaccurate, or paper reports.
- 5. Equal to or greater than 150 tons of hazardous waste generated: \$405.00 for complete, accurate electronic reports; \$1,621 for incomplete, inaccurate, or paper reports.
- (b) The manifest processing fee for generators and hazardous waste facilities is as follows:
- 1. Generators located in the State of New Jersey: \$10.00 per manifest.
- 2. Hazardous waste facilities: \$10.00 per manifest for waste received from generators located outside of the State of New Jersey unless exempt under N.J.A.C. 7:26G-3.4(c). A hazardous waste facility will not be assessed a manifest processing fee for waste received from New Jersey generators.
- (c) Fees for conducting inspections and compliance reviews for generators and facilities are as follows:
- 1. Inspection fee for a major commercial hazardous waste facility, as defined at
- N.J.S.A.13:1E-42.1, shall be determined by the following formula:

F = Fee

T = Inspection time (expressed as a percentage of the Department's total annual time for all major facilities)

W = Total quantity of hazardous waste generated and manifested off-site and hazardous waste manifested into the facility (expressed as a percentage of total hazardous waste generated and received annually from off-site for all major facilities)

I = Total annual cost for inspecting major commercial hazardous waste facilities.

$$F = (T + W)/2 \times I$$

- 2. For hazardous waste facilities other than major hazardous waste facilities as defined at N.J.S.A. 13:1E-42.1, the following fees apply:
- i. The compliance monitoring fee for a commercial hazardous waste facility, other than a major hazardous waste facility as defined at N.J.S.A. 13:1E-42.1, shall be \$1,285 per inspection.
- ii. The annual compliance monitoring fee for a non-commercial hazardous waste facility shall be \$3,820; and
- iii. The annual compliance monitoring fee for a hazardous waste transfer facility shall be \$3,550.
- 3. The compliance monitoring fee for a hazardous waste generator shall be divided by the number of generators in the appropriate category in order to arrive at the annual fee. For State fiscal year 2006, the following annual generator fees apply:
- i. Large quantity generator: \$940.00;
- ii. Small quantity generator: \$660.00;
- iii. Conditionally exempt small quantity generator not included in i or ii above, with active identification number: \$50.00.
- 4. For each State fiscal year after State fiscal year 2006, the fees assessed in (c)2 and 3 above shall be annually adjusted pursuant to (g), (h) and (j) below.
- 5. All fees under this subchapter shall be paid in U.S. dollars by certified check or money order, payable to "Treasurer, State of New Jersey" and mailed, along with the fee invoice, to the following address:

Department of Treasury Division of Revenue PO Box 417 Trenton, New Jersey 08646-0417

- (d) Fees for waste classification and delisting are as follows. Fees for waste classification shall be paid upon submission of each request for classification. A fee shall be assessed for each separate waste classification requested. Fees for each step in the delisting process shall be submitted prior to the commencement of review/action by the Department:
- 1. Fee for the classification of wastes where the total volume of waste to be classified is greater than or equal to 200 cubic yards of solids or 500 gallons of liquids, per classification: \$477.00;
- 2. Fee for the classification of wastes where the total volume of waste to be classified is less than 200 cubic yards of solids or less than 500 gallons of liquids, per classification: \$239.00;
- 3. Fee for the review of sampling plans submitted in support of waste classification requests, for each plan submitted: \$275.00;
- 4. Fees for evaluating site specific waste streams for delisting pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4 (40 C.F.R. § 260.22) shall be paid upon submission of the document, or in the case of the New Jersey Register notices, prior to the preparation of the notice, and are as follows:
- i. Review of delisting petition: \$42,227;
- ii. Development, monitoring, and review of sampling plan: \$1,377;
- iii. Development and publication of public notice in the New Jersey Register: \$13,770.
- (e) Fees for permitting/review activities are as follows:
- 1. Fees for review of a permit application for a new hazardous waste facility, expansion of 50 percent or more at a major hazardous waste facility, as defined at N.J.S.A. 13:1E-51, and expansion of any facility that includes a new type of hazardous waste management unit among those listed below shall be paid at time of application submission and are as follows:
- i. Land disposal (without storage) as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 268.2(c) (that is, landfills, surface impoundments, waste piles, injection wells, land treatment facilities, salt dome formations, salt bed formations, underground mines or caves, and concrete vaults or bunkers intended for disposal purposes): \$60,355;
- ii. Storage and/or treatment, including containers, tanks, drip pads, miscellaneous units, and containment buildings: \$32,764, subject to any rebate available under (e)13 below;
- iii. Incineration (including boilers and industrial furnaces) with trial burn: \$137,955;
- iv. Incineration (including boilers and industrial furnaces) without trial burn: \$120,711;

- 2. Fees for review of permit renewal application shall be paid at time of renewal application submission and are as follows:
- i. Land disposal (without storage) as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 268.2(c) (that is, landfills, surface impoundments, waste piles, injection wells, land treatment facilities, salt dome formations, salt bed formations, underground mines or caves, and concrete vaults or bunkers intended for disposal purposes): \$32,764;
- ii. Non-commercial storage and/or treatment, including containers, tanks, drip pads, miscellaneous units, and containment buildings: \$24,142;
- iii. Commercial storage and/or treatment, including containers, tanks, drip pads, miscellaneous units, and containment buildings: \$44,835;
- iv. Incineration (including boilers and industrial furnaces) with trial burn: \$94,844;
- v. Incineration (including boilers and industrial furnaces) without trial burn: \$77,600;
- 3. Fees for permit issuance/denial for a facility with "existing facility status" prior to February 3, 1992 shall be paid by June 2, 1992 or at the time of public notice of the draft permit/denial, whichever is earliest. Fees for permit issuance/denial for a facility with "existing facility status" after February 3, 1992 shall be paid at the time of public notice of the draft permit/denial. These fees are as follows:
- i. Land disposal (without storage) as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 268.2(c) (that is, landfills, surface impoundments, waste piles, injection wells, land treatment facilities, salt dome formations, salt bed formations, underground mines or caves, and concrete vaults or bunkers intended for disposal purposes): \$60,355;
- ii. Storage and/or treatment, including containers, tanks, drip pads, miscellaneous units, and containment buildings: \$32,764, subject to any rebate available under (e)13 below;
- iii. Incineration (including boilers and industrial furnaces) with trial burn: \$137,955;
- iv. Incineration (including boilers and industrial furnaces) without trial burn: \$120,711;
- 4. Fees for the issuance of a closure plan approval shall be paid at time of submission of the application for closure and are as follows:
- i. Closure with soil sampling plan: \$10,778;
- ii. Closure without soil sampling plan: \$6,467;
- 5. The fee for the approval/denial of existing facility changes pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-12 (40 C.F.R. § 270.72) shall be paid at time of submission of request for change and is: \$862.00;

- 6. (Reserved)
- 7. The fee for permit modifications shall be paid at time of modification request and are as follows:
- i. Class 1 modifications: \$1,207;
- ii. Class 2 modifications: \$5,001;
- iii. Class 3 modifications: \$20,262;
- 8. The fee for a RD & D permit (as described at 40 C.F.R. § 270.65) shall be paid at time of application for permit and is: \$ 32,764, subject to any rebate under (e)13 below;
- 9. The fee for issuance of an emergency permit is: \$5,518;
- 10. The fee for treatability study annual report shall be paid at time of submission of report and is: \$174.00;
- 11. The fee for permit exemption qualification determinations shall be paid at time of submission of request and is: \$1,035;
- 12. The fee for review of Environmental Health and Impact Statements shall be paid at time of submission and is: \$17,244;
- 13. A non-commercial hazardous waste facility which has paid a fee under (e)1ii, (e)3ii, or (e)8 above may request a rebate of part of the fee. The request shall be in writing and delivered to the Department after the final permit for the facility is issued, but no later than 20 days after the final permit is issued. If the Department's timekeeping records show that the actual cost to the Department to issue the final permit is more than 10 percent less than the fee provided in (e)1ii, (e)3ii, or (e)8 above, the Department shall rebate the difference between the fee provided in (e)1ii, (e)3ii, or (e)8 above and the actual cost. Facilities requesting a rebate of part of the fee under (e)15 below shall make the request in writing and deliver it to the Department after the Department action on the activity, but no later than 20 days after the action is completed. If the Department's timekeeping records show that the actual cost to the Department is more than 10 percent less than the estimated fee, the Department shall rebate the difference between the estimated fee and the actual cost.
- 14. All costs associated with public participation in the permit process (including, but not limited to, public hearing costs such as stenographer fees and public hearing notice, and costs for public notices of draft permits and closure plans where no public hearing is scheduled, etc.) shall be paid by the permit applicant. The applicant will be billed by the Department prior to permit issuance.

- 15. If the Department determines that the activity is of a type listed in (e)1 through 12 above, the amount of the fee shall be equal to the amount listed in (e)1 through 12 above. If the Department determines that such activity is not of a type listed in (e)1 through 12 above, the fee shall be equal to the Department's estimate of the number of person-hours required to perform such activity, multiplied by the hourly rate of \$86.22, subject to any rebate available under (e)13 above.
- (f) Hazardous waste transporters shall pay an annual registration fee pursuant to the following:
- 1. Except for new hazardous waste transporter applicants, any hazardous waste transporter that collects or delivers hazardous waste within the State of New Jersey shall pay an annual fee that is the greater of the per ton fee pursuant to (f)1i and ii below, or the minimum fee pursuant to (f)3 below. Each hazardous waste cab and transport unit (as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2) used in the collection or delivery of hazardous waste in New Jersey shall bear a New Jersey hazardous waste transporter registration decal for identification purposes. The registration period shall be biennial, unless otherwise established by the Department, and shall extend from July 1 through June 30 of each odd numbered year. In each odd numbered year, the annual fee, in the form of a check or money order, payable to "Treasurer, State of New Jersey," shall accompany the submission of the biennial registration application. Fees shall be billed by the Department during the month of March, and shall be payable prior to May 1 of each calendar year. All vehicles registered with the Department must be owned or leased by the applicant. If the vehicle is leased, a copy of the lease must be submitted with the registration application. The registration of a hazardous waste transporter is non-transferable and fees are not to be prorated. The annual registration fee is as follows:
- i. For State fiscal year 2006, \$1.67 for each ton of hazardous waste transported by a hazardous waste transporter, based on the manifest data on file with the Department as of the previous October 1, for the prior calendar year; and
- ii. For each State fiscal year following State fiscal year 2006, the fee for each ton of hazardous waste that transporter collects or delivers in New Jersey in the applicable 12-month period shall be annually adjusted pursuant to (i) and (j) below. The number of tons transported by that transporter shall be the amount of hazardous waste originating from or delivered to New Jersey facilities that is recorded in the State's hazardous waste manifest system for that transporter.
- 2. New hazardous waste transporter applicants shall pay a registration fee that is calculated pursuant to the following formula, rounded to the nearest \$5.00. Applicants that are applying to register more than five vehicles and therefore need more than five decals (used to show proof of registration) shall be billed the actual cost for each decal, beyond the initial five. The fee shall be submitted with the application. For State fiscal year 2006, the registration fee for a new hazardous waste transporter is \$65.00 plus \$.14 per decal for more than five decals.

Where: AS, FB, IC, OE, LS and BH shall be defined at (g) below.

3. The minimum hazardous waste transporter registration fee shall be calculated pursuant to the following formula, rounded to the nearest \$5.00. Any registered transporter that hauls no waste during the year for which the annual fee was calculated pursuant to (f)1i and ii above, will pay the minimum fee. For State fiscal year 2006, the minimum registration fee for a hazardous waste transporter is \$65.00. On registration renewal years, registrants that have not transported any waste and that require more than five decals will be billed the actual cost for each decal, beyond the initial five, per the contract awarded by the Department to its decal supplier.

Minimum Registration Fee = ((AS+FB+IC+OE+LS)/BH)0.5

Where: AS, FB, IC, OE, LS and BH shall be defined at (g) below.

(g) The Department shall calculate the hazardous waste fee hourly rate for the upcoming State fiscal year as of the December that precedes the upcoming State fiscal year as follows:

Hourly Rate = (AS+FB+IC+OE+LS)/BH

Where:

AS = The average annual salary of the Direct Program staff assigned to the activity, plus a component that reflects the salaries for Direct Support and Division Overhead staff who perform functions related to the fee activity. To calculate AS, the Department divides the applicable number of Direct Support staff and Division Overhead staff salaries by the number of Direct Program staff and adds this figure to the average salary of the Direct Program staff.

FB = The average fringe benefits for an employee calculated as a percentage of the average salary. The New Jersey Department of Treasury sets the percentage based on costs associated with pensions, health benefits, workers compensation, disability benefits, unused sick leave and the employer's share of the Federal Income Compensation Act (FICA) contribution. The percentage is annually set by the New Jersey Department of Treasury.

IC = The indirect costs, which are calculated at a rate negotiated annually between the Department and the United States Environmental Protection Agency. Indirect costs are those costs incurred for a common or joint purpose, benefiting more than one objective and not readily assignable to the cost objective specifically benefited without effort disproportionate to the result achieved. Indirect costs consist of Department management salaries and operating expenses, divisional indirect salaries and related expenses (personnel, fiscal and general support staff), building rent and the Department allocation of indirect costs listed in the Statewide Allocation Plan prepared annually by the State Department of the Treasury. Indirect costs do not include the salaries for Division Overhead staff and Direct Support personnel. To calculate the IC, the current negotiated rate is multiplied by the sum of AS and FB.

OE = The average operational expenses attributable to a Direct Program Staff position. Operating expenses include costs incurred in connection with the program for such items as postage, telephone, training, travel, supplies, equipment maintenance, vehicle maintenance and data system management (internal systems such as the New Jersey Environmental Management System (NJEMS) and external mainframe applications through the Office of Information Management).

LS = The budgeted annual costs of legal services performed in connection with each of the types of activities for which fees are assessed divided by the total number of Direct Program staff funded through the various fee programs.

BH = 1,428. The billable hours, which is the average number of hours each Direct Program staff position spends annually performing activities for which fees are assessed, is determined by starting with the total number of days in the calendar year, 365. Then weekends and holidays are subtracted. This figure is further reduced by subtracting days for an average number of used employee leave time (vacation, sick and administrative leave days). Finally, the figure is adjusted by subtracting days for training and other non-billable staff time (such as medical surveillance, time sheet preparation, staff meetings, and other general functions). This results in 204 working days annually that can be allocated to specific objectives (204 days multiplied by seven hours per workday equals the 1,428 billable hours used for most calculations).

- (h) The Department shall calculate hazardous waste facility compliance monitoring fees for the upcoming State fiscal year as of December 1 that precedes the upcoming State fiscal year, as follows:
- 1. Calculate task hours by determining the number of hours (determined from time coding and/or workload analysis) required to perform the specific program function for which the Direct Program staff is being employed.
- 2. Multiply the hourly rate derived pursuant to (g) above by the specific task hours for each type of activity for which a fee is listed pursuant to (h)1 above to determine the hazardous waste compliance monitoring fee.
- (i) The Department shall annually determine during the month of October the hazardous waste transporter per ton fee, using the following formula:

Per Ton Fee = (Direct Program Staff x (AS + FB + IC + OE + LS))/ Total Tons Transported Where:

Direct Program Staff = The Full Time Equivalent (FTE) level, projected to the nearest five percent, for all positions required to code time directly to any of the functions associated the hazardous waste transporter program, including but not limited to; issuance of transporter registration documents, transporter billing, compliance monitoring, inspections and any actions

regulatory activity. The FTE, including but not limited to managers, clerical support, rule writers, administrative and information technology support staff, not attributable to specific program functions (including, but not limited to, hazardous waste transporter registration, solid waste transporter registration, Regulated Medical Waste, A901, recycling centers, solid waste permit fees, manifest and the biennial report programs in Solid Waste Management), shall be apportioned in proportion to those various program areas. Any FTE funded by alternative nonfee sources, such as Federal grants, shall not be included in the determination of the FTE.

AS, FB, IC, OE, and LS are as they are defined in at (h) above.

"Total Tons Transported" is the combined amount of hazardous waste that originates from or is delivered to New Jersey facilities by all registered transporters as reported on the hazardous waste manifest system for a given year of the registration period.

(j) Each year, the Department shall prepare a Hazardous Waste Fee Hourly Rate Report, a Hazardous Waste Compliance Monitoring Fee Report, and an Annual Hazardous Waste Transporter Tonnage Calculation Report detailing the factors used to calculate hourly rate, the compliance monitoring fee and the per ton rate. During the month of December, the Department shall publish in the New Jersey Register a notice that includes a summary of each report and the hourly rate, the compliance monitoring fee and the per ton rate. The notice shall state the reports are available, and shall direct interested persons to contact the Department for a copy of either report. The Department shall provide a copy of either report to each person requesting a copy and shall post a copy of each report on the Department's website at www.state.nj.us/dep.

7:26G-3.4 Exemption from fee payment

- (a) Conditionally exempt small quantity generators meeting the requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5 are exempt from the manifest processing fee.
- (b) Transporters acting as the generator on the manifest when picking up waste from a conditionally exempt small quantity generator are exempt from the manifest processing fee.
- (c) Hazardous waste facilities which accept waste from out-of-State conditionally exempt small quantity generators are exempt from the manifest processing fee for those manifested shipments only.

7:26G-3.5 (Reserved)

SUBCHAPTER 4. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: GENERAL

7:26G-4.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 260, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) and (c) below.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 260 are not incorporated by reference: 260.1(b)(1), 260.2, the following definitions at 260.10: "Act or RCRA," "Administrator," and "Regional Administrator"; and 260.20(b) through (e).
- (c) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 260 are incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. 260.1(a), after "chapter" add "and N.J.A.C. 7:26G";
- 2. 260.1(b)(3), after "chapter" add "and N.J.A.C. 7:26G";
- 3. 260.1(b)(4), after "chapter" add "and/or N.J.A.C. 7:26G"; and
- 4. 260.10 Definitions:
- i. "Existing tank system or existing component," after "for which installation has commenced on or prior to July 14, 1986." add "For non-HSWA tanks (that is, inground tank systems, onground tank systems, aboveground tank systems and underground tank systems that can be entered for inspection), Existing tank system or existing component means a tank system or component that is used for the storage or treatment of hazardous waste and that is in operation, or for which installation has commenced on or prior to October 21, 1996.
- ii. "New tank system or new tank component," at the end of the paragraph add "For non-HSWA tanks (that is, inground tank systems, onground tank systems, aboveground tank systems and underground tank systems that can be entered for inspection), Existing tank system or existing component means a tank system or component that is used for the storage or treatment of hazardous waste and that is in operation, or for which installation has commenced on or prior to October 21, 1996.
- 5. 260.20(a), after "parts 260 through 266" delete "and 268" and replace with ", 268 and N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7."; after "of this chapter" add "or N.J.A.C. 7:26G."; after "testing or analytical method to part 261, 264, or 265" add "of this chapter."; after "Section 260.22 sets forth additional requirements for petitions to exclude a waste" add "or waste derived material."; after "the lists of hazardous wastes in subpart D of part 261" add "of this chapter. N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2 sets forth additional requirements for petitions to amend N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 to include additional hazardous wastes for categories of hazardous waste as universal waste. All petitions for rulemaking will be

subject to N.J.A.C. 1:30, Rules for Rulemaking. All petitions for rulemaking are governed by N.J.A.C. 1:30-3.6 and 7:1D-1.1.";

- 6. 260.21(b), delete "\s 260.20(b)" and replace with "N.J.A.C. 7:1D-1.1 and 1:30-3.6";
- 7. 260.21(d), after "will be incorporated in" add "and will be in addition to";
- 8. 260.33(a), delete "in the region where the recycler is located";
- 9. 260.33(b), delete "this decision may not be appealed to the Administrator." and replace with "a hearing may be requested in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act.";
- 10. 260.40(a), replace "261.6(a)(2)(iv)" with "261.6(a)(2)(iii)";
- 11. 260.41, replace "261.6(a)(2)(iv)" with "261.6(a)(2)(iii)";
- 12. Appendix I to Part 260 first paragraph, after "of the regulations they should comply." add "Appendix I contains guidance, not regulations. If any part of the appendix is inconsistent with the regulations, the regulations are controlling.";
- 13. Appendix I to Part 260 last paragraph, after "encouraged to write to EPA" add "and the Department"; after "(513) 684-5362" add "and New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste, Mail Code: 401-02C, PO Box 420, 401 East State Street, Trenton, NJ 08625-0420, (609)633-1418."
- (d) When used in the term "EPA form," the definition of "Manifest," "Federal Agency" and "Person" at 40 C.F.R. 260.10, in the Appendix I to 40 C.F.R. Part 260, and 40 C.F.R. 260.11(a), the term "Agency" or "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- (e) When used in the definition for "hazardous waste constituent" at 40 C.F.R. 260.10, the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her designee.
- (f) When used in the following Federal citation, the terms "EPA" and "Environmental Protection Agency" shall not be replaced with a State term, but shall retain its meaning:

40 C.F.R. 260.11(a).

7:26G-4.2 State definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Administrator" as used in the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, means the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection or his or her designee, except where specifically noted, then it means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her designee.

"Agency" as used in the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, means the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, except when specifically noted, then it means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"Applicant" means the person who submits an application for a permit under this chapter and in whose name the permit is to be issued, and for the purposes of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7, the person who files an application for an approved registration statement and in whose name the approved registration statement is to be issued.

"Approved registration" means the registration of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility or transporter issued by the Department after review and approval of the registration statement.

"Battery" means a device consisting of one or more electrically connected electrochemical cells which is designed to receive, store, and deliver electric energy. An electrochemical cell is a system consisting of an anode, cathode, and an electrolyte, plus such connections (electrical and mechanical) as may be needed to allow the cell to deliver or receive electrical energy. The term battery also includes an intact, unbroken battery from which the electrolyte has been removed.

"Commercial hazardous waste facility" means any hazardous waste facility which accepts hazardous waste from more than one inter-company generator for treatment, storage or disposal at a site other than where the hazardous waste was generated.

"Commingling" means the transferring, bulking, or mixing of hazardous waste from one or more hazardous waste packages, containers, transport units or transport vehicles into another.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection.

"Compliance inspection" is a site inspection performed by a representative of the Department's hazardous waste enforcement program of a generator, transporter, or facility to verify compliance with previously cited violations.

"Compliance review" is an analysis conducted by a representative of the hazardous waste enforcement program at one of the Department's enforcement field offices to verify compliance with cited violations where the generator, transporter or facility has submitted written material for review. An example is where a contingency plan or personnel training plan has been submitted in response to violations discovered during a previously conducted initial inspection.

"Consignment state" means the state in which the designated facility is located.

"Consolidation" means the movement of closed containers of hazardous waste from one hazardous waste transport unit or transport vehicle to another or the act of transferring liquid hazardous waste from one container to one or more empty containers meeting the conditions at 40 C.F.R. 261.7 (as incorporated by reference at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5).

"Department" or "DEP" means the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection.

"Department of Transportation" or "DOT" means the "U.S. Department of Transportation".

"Destination facility" means a facility that treats, disposes of, or recycles a particular category of universal waste. A facility at which a particular category of universal waste is only accumulated is not a destination facility for purposes of managing that category of universal waste.

"Director" as used in the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, means the Director of the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection or his designee, except when specifically noted.

"Environmental and Health Impact Statement" means a statement as to the realistically identifiable, probable impact of the proposed hazardous waste facility upon the geology, soils, hydrology, air quality, ecology, land use, socioeconomics, aesthetics, history and archeology; a listing of adverse environmental impacts which cannot be avoided; a description of the steps to be taken to minimize adverse environmental impacts during construction and operation both at the project site and in the surrounding region; and a reference list of pertinent published information relating to the project, the project site and the surrounding region.

"EPA" as used in the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, means the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, except when specifically noted, then it means the United States Environmental Protection Agency. However, "EPA" shall always mean the United States Environmental Protection Agency in the following terms: EPA Identification Numbers, EPA Form, EPA Hazardous Waste Number, EPA Hazardous Waste Codes, USEPA ID Number, EPA Acknowledgement of Consent, EPA Publication SW-846, and EPA Test Method.

"Exempt transporter" shall, for purposes of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2, mean a transporter which is exempt from the requirement to file a disclosure statement, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.3(d).

"Grace period" means the period of time afforded under N.J.S.A. 13:1D-125 et seq., commonly known as the Grace Period Law, for a person to correct a minor violation in order to avoid imposition of a penalty that would be otherwise applicable for such violation.

"Hazardous waste cab" means any powered device to which a hazardous waste transport unit can be attached for transporting hazardous waste off-site or to a hazardous waste facility.

"Hazardous waste transport unit" means any portable non-powered device that is used to contain and transport hazardous waste off-site or to a hazardous waste facility by road, rail, water, or air and that is not normally disposed of with the waste. Hazardous waste transport unit includes, but is not limited to, roll-off containers, hoppers/dumpsters, rail cars, barges, trailer boxes/vans, trailer dumps, trailer tanks, and trailer vacs.

"Hazardous waste vehicle" means any self-propelled device that is used to move hazardous waste off-site or to a hazardous waste facility. Hazardous waste vehicle is any combination of hazardous waste cab and transport unit, whether detachable or permanently attached, and includes, but is not limited to, straight boxes/vans, straight dumps, straight tanks, straight vacs, straight roll-offs, and pick-up trucks.

"HSWA" means the 1984 Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

"Large quantity generator inspection" is an inspection of a generator who generates 1,000 kilograms or more of non-acutely toxic hazardous waste per month, or one kilogram of acutely hazardous waste per month; and those who generate less than these amounts but accumulate greater than 6,000 kilograms of non-acutely toxic hazardous waste at any one period of time. A generator's category will be based upon hazardous waste manifest history and the quantity of hazardous waste present at the facility at the time of inspection by enforcement personnel.

"Licensee" shall, for purposes of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2, be defined as set forth in N.J.S.A. 13:1E-127i.

"Major commercial hazardous waste facility" is defined at N.J.S.A. 13:1E-42.1 and 51 as "any commercial hazardous waste facility which has a total capacity to treat, store or dispose of more than 250,000 gallons of hazardous waste, or the equivalent thereof, as determined by the Department, except that any facility which would otherwise be considered a major hazardous waste facility pursuant to this section solely as the result of the recycling or re-refining of any hazardous wastes which are or contain gold, silver, osmium, platinum, palladium, iridium, rhodium, ruthenium or copper shall not be considered a major hazardous waste facility for the purposes of this Act."

"Non-major commercial hazardous waste facility" is a commercial hazardous waste facility which does not have a total capacity to treat, store or dispose of less than or equal to 250,000 gallons of hazardous waste, or the equivalent thereof, as determined by the Department.

"Non-commercial hazardous waste facility" means any area, plan or other facility for the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste which is not a commercial hazardous waste facility.

"Permit" means the approval issued by the Department to construct and/or operate a hazardous waste facility and shall mean the approved registration statement and engineering design approval described in the Solid Waste Management Act.

"Permittee" shall, for purposes of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2, be defined as set forth in N.J.S.A. 13:1E-127i.

"Pesticide" means any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating any pest, or intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant, other than any article that:

- 1. Is a new animal drug under FFDCA section 201(w); or
- 2. Is an animal drug that has been determined by regulation of the Secretary of Health and Human Services not to be a new animal drug; or
- 3. Is an animal feed under FFDCA section 201(x) that bears or contains any substances described by paragraph 1 or 2 of this definition.

"Prime contractor" means any person who enters into an oral or written agreement to store, collect, process, transfer, treat, or dispose of hazardous waste in this State through the use, control or possession of any cab, vehicle, trailer, container, transport unit or single-unit vehicle.

"Resource Conservation and Recovery Act," "RCRA," "Subtitle C of RCRA," "RCRA Subtitle C," "Subtitle C" or "the Act" as used in the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, when referring to either an operating permit or to the Federal hazardous waste program as a whole (that is, not a specific provision of RCRA), mean the New Jersey Solid Waste Management Act, N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq. or any other comparable provision of New Jersey's statutes and implementing regulations, except when specifically noted, then it means the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6901 et seq. When the Federal language incorporated by reference refers to a specific provision of RCRA (except after references to RCRA section 3008 and 3008(h)) add the phrase "or any comparable provisions of New Jersey's statutes and implementing regulations". After references to RCRA sections 3008 and 3008(h) add the phrase "or N.J.S.A. 13:1E-9 or any other comparable provisions of New Jersey's statutes and implementing regulations."

"Registrant" means an applicant who has obtained an approved registration statement and who has registered hazardous waste vehicles (the hazardous waste cab and transport unit individually if detachable).

"Registration certificate" means the hazardous waste transporter vehicle registration card which certifies the name and address of the registered company, decal number, expiration date, vehicle identification number, and the license number assigned to the registered company.

"Recycling or reclamation facility" means any place, equipment or plant designed and/or operated for the purpose of recycling or reclamation, to collect, store, process or to redistribute separated waste so as to return the material to market.

"Regional Administrator" as used in the provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, means the Director of the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection or his or her designee, except when specifically noted, then it means the Regional Administrator for the EPA Region in which the facility is located or his or her designee.

"Registration statement" means an application for approved registration executed on forms provided by the Department and containing such information as may be required.

"Small quantity generator inspection" is an inspection of a generator as defined at 40 C.F.R. 260.10, 261.5(e), 261.5(f), 261.5(g), 262.34(d) and 262.34(f), who meets the conditions in paragraphs 1 and 2 or 1 and 3 below:

- 1. Generates (in a calendar month) and accumulates (at any time) one kilogram or less of acute hazardous waste or 100 kilograms or less of spill clean-up of acute hazardous waste; and
- 2. Generates 100 kilograms or less of non-acute hazardous waste in a calendar month and accumulates greater than 1,000 kilograms but never exceeds 6,000 kilograms of accumulated non-acute hazardous waste at any time; or
- 3. Generates more than 100 kilograms but less than 1,000 kilograms of non-acute hazardous waste in a calendar month and never exceeds 6,000 kilograms of accumulated non-acute hazardous waste at any time.

A generator's category will be based upon hazardous waste manifest history and the quantity of hazardous waste present at the facility at the time of inspection by enforcement personnel.

"State CAA Director" as used in the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, means the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection or his or her designee.

"State Director" or "State RCRA Director" as used in the Code of Federal Regulations which are incorporated by reference, means the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection or his or her designee.

"Subcontractor" means any person who engages in the storage, collection, processing, transfer, treatment, or disposal of hazardous waste in this State through the use, control or possession of any cab, vehicle, trailer, container, transport unit or single-unit vehicle pursuant to an oral or written agreement entered into with a prime contractor for the performance of all or part of the prime contract. A lease, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2, of hazardous waste vehicle operators

and/or equipment to a permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter shall not, for purposes of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2, be considered a subcontract.

"Thermostat" means a temperature control device that contains metallic mercury in an ampule attached to a bimetal sensing element, and mercury-containing ampules that have been removed from these temperature control devices in compliance with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 273.

"Universal waste" means any of the following hazardous wastes that are managed under the universal waste requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7, whether incorporated prospectively by reference from 40 C.F.R. Part 273 or listed additionally by the Department:

- 1. Batteries;
- 2. Pesticides;
- 3. Thermostats:
- 4. Lamps;
- 5. Mercury-containing devices;
- 6. Oil-based finishes; and
- 7. Consumer electronics.

"Universal waste handler" means a generator (as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 260.10) of universal waste or the owner or operator of a facility, including all contiguous property, that receives universal waste from other universal waste handlers, accumulates universal waste, and sends universal waste to another universal waste handler, to a destination facility, or to a foreign destination. Universal waste handler does not mean a person who treats (except under the provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 273), disposes of, or recycles universal waste or a person engaged in the off-site transportation of universal waste by air, rail, highway, or water, including a universal waste transfer facility.

"Universal waste transporter" means a person engaged in the off-site transportation of universal waste by air, rail, highway or water.

7:26G-4.3 Petitions to amend N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 to include additional hazardous wastes

(a) Any person seeking to add a hazardous waste or a category of hazardous waste to the universal waste regulations of N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 may petition for a regulatory amendment under this section, 40 C.F.R. 260.20 as incorporated by reference herein, and N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.

- (b) To be successful, the petitioner must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department that regulation under the universal waste regulations of N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 is appropriate (in accord with the reasons for establishing the universal waste system as set forth in 60 F.R. 25492, May 11, 1995) for the waste or category of waste; will improve management practices for the waste or category of waste; and will improve implementation of the hazardous waste program. The petition shall include the information required by 40 C.F.R. 260.20(b) as incorporated by reference herein. The petition should also address as many of the factors listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.7(b) as apply to the waste or category of waste addressed in the petition.
- (c) The Department shall grant or deny a petition using the factors listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.7(b). The decision will be based on the weight of evidence showing that regulation under N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 is appropriate for the waste or category of waste, will improve management practices for the waste or category of waste, and will improve implementation of the hazardous waste program.
- (d) The Department may request additional information needed to evaluate the merits of the petition.

SUBCHAPTER 5. IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

7:26G-5.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 261, Federal Regulations on Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste, and its appendices, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) and (c) below.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 261 are not incorporated by reference: 40 C.F.R. Part 261 Appendix IX.
- (c) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 261 are incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. Operative dates of regulations first promulgated by EPA are determined as follows:
- i. Operative dates of rules originally promulgated by USEPA under the authority of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) and incorporated by reference on October 21, 1996, shall not be altered, because these rules are operative in all states at the time of adoption.
- ii. Operative dates of rules incorporated by reference on October 21, 1996, originally promulgated by USEPA under the authority of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), shall be removed and replaced with October 21, 1996, because these rules are not operative in authorized states until state adoption of the rules.

- NOTE: THIS IS A COURTESY COPY OF THESE RULES. ALL OF THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES ARE COMPLIED IN TITLE 7 OF THE NEW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.
- iii. Operative dates of rules incorporated by reference after October 21, 1996, but prior to August 1, 1998, originally promulgated by USEPA under the authority of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), shall be removed and replaced with January 19, 1999, because these rules are not operative in authorized states until state adoption of the rules.
- iv. Operative dates of rules incorporated through prospective incorporation by reference shall become operative in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:26G-1.4(k) and (l).
- v. See 40 C.F.R. 271.1 Table 1, which lists all HSWA regulations. Other regulations are promulgated under RCRA.
- 2. 40 C.F.R. 261.4(b)10, after "the corrective action regulations under part 280 of this chapter" add "or N.J.A.C. 7:14B";
- 3. The phrase "in the Region where the sample is collected" shall be omitted from 40 C.F.R. 261.4(e)(3)(iii).
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 261.5(c)(4), replace "40 C.F.R. Part 279" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-6";
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 261.5(c)(6), replace "40 C.F.R. Part 273" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7";
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 261.5(f)(3)(vii), replace "part 273 of this chapter" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7";
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 261.5(g)(3)(vii), replace "part 273 of this chapter" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7";
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 261.5(j), replace "part 279 of this chapter" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-6";
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 261.6(a)(5), replace "State requirements analogous to 40 C.F.R. Part 273." with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.";
- 10. 40 C.F.R. 261.9, replace "part 273 of this chapter" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7" and replace "under 40 C.F.R. part 273:" with "at N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7:";
- 11. 40 C.F.R. 261.9(a), replace "40 C.F.R. 273.2" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.1(b)";
- 12. 40 C.F.R. 261.9(b), replace " 40 C.F.R. 273.3;" with " N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.1(c);";
- 13. 40 C.F.R. 261.9(c), replace "40 C.F.R. 273.4." with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.1(d).";
- 14. 40 C.F.R. 261.38(c)(1)(i), after "State RCRA and CAA Directors," remove "in Authorized States or Regional RCRA and CAA Directors in Unauthorized States";
- 15. 40 C.F.R. 261.38(c)(1)(i)(A), after "The generator must submit a one-time notice to the," remove "Regional or";
- 16. 40 C.F.R. 261.38(c)(1)(ii)(E), after "Name and mailing address of the," remove "Regional or State Directors" and insert "State Director."

- (d) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Administrator" shall mean the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her designee: 40 C.F.R. 261.10 and 11.
- (e) When used in the following Federal citation(s), the term "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency: 40 C.F.R. § 261.38 footnotes to Table 1.
- (f) When used in the following Federal citation, the term "Regional Administrator" shall not be substituted by a state term, but shall retain its meaning: 40 C.F.R. 261.4(f)(1).

7:26G-5.2 (Reserved)

7:26G-5.3 (Reserved)

7:26G-5.4 Swine food

Pursuant to the Solid Waste Management Act, the definition of solid waste shall not include solid animal or vegetable wastes collected by swine producers, licensed by the State Department of Agriculture, who collect, prepare and feed such wastes to swine on their own farms.

SUBCHAPTER 6. STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO GENERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

7:26G-6.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 262, Federal regulations on the standards applicable to generators of hazardous waste, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) below.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 262 are incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. 40 C.F.R. 262.10(d), replace "State requirements analogous to 40 C.F.R. 273." with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7";
- 2. 40 C.F.R. 262.10(g), after "penalties prescribed in section 3008 of the Act" add ", and N.J.S.A. 13:1E-9 and N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2";

- NOTE: THIS IS A COURTESY COPY OF THESE RULES. ALL OF THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES ARE COMPLIED IN TITLE 7 OF THE NEW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 262.11, delete the language at paragraph "(d)" and replace it with the following: "If the waste is determined to be hazardous, the generator shall refer to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5, 8 through 11, and N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 for possible exclusions or restrictions pertaining to management of the specific waste.";
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 262.12(c), at the end of the paragraph add "It is considered a violation for a generator to utilize a transporter who is not properly licensed and registered with the Department in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2 and/or who fails to display a current Department registration number in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:26-7.2(b)6";
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 262.32(b), remove 110 and replace with 119; after "HAZARDOUS WASTE--Federal" add "and/or State"; after "If found, contact the nearest police or public safety authority or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency" add "or the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection";
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 262.34(a)(2), after "visible for inspection on each container" add "or tank";
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 262.40(a), after "signed in accordance with § 262.23(a) for three years" delete "or until he receives a signed copy from" and replace with "and a signed copy from the owner or operator of the";
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 262.41(a), delete "EPA Form 8700-13A" and replace with "forms approved by the Department";
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 262.42(a)(1), after "to determine the status of the hazardous waste" add "and contact the Department at 609-292-7081 to inform the Department of the situation";
- 10. 40 C.F.R. 262.42(a)(2), after "must submit an exception report to the EPA Regional Administrator" delete "for the Region in which the generator is located";
- 11. 40 C.F.R. 262.43, delete "sections 2002(a) and 3002(6) of the Act" and replace with " N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., N.J.S.A. 13:1D-1 et seq., or any comparable provisions of New Jersey's statutes and implementing regulations";
- 12. 40 C.F.R. 262.80(a), replace "State requirements analogous to 40 C.F.R. 273." with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.";
- 13. 40 C.F.R. 262.89(a)2, replace "State requirements analogous to 40 C.F.R. 273." with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7."
- (c) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Environmental Protection Agency" shall not be replaced with a State term, but shall retain its meaning: 40 C.F.R. 262.53(b), 262.56(b), 262.81(k), 262.83(b)(1)(i), 262.83(b)(2)(i), 262.84(e), 262.85(g), 262.87(a) and 262.89(e).

- (d) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her designee: 40 C.F.R. 262.11(c)(1), 262.12(a), 262.12(b), 262.55, 262.56, 262.57, and 262.80 through 262.89.
- (e) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency: 40 C.F.R. §§ 262.53(a), (c), (d), (e), and (f), 262.54(g)(1), 262.83(b)(2)(i), 262.85(g), and Note to Paragraph (g).

7:26G-6.2 (Repealed)

7:26G-6.3 (Repealed)

APPENDIX TO SUBCHAPTER 6 (Repealed)

SUBCHAPTER 7. STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO TRANSPORTERS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

7:26G-7.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 263 Federal regulations on the standards applicable to transporters of hazardous waste, as amended and supplement, except as provided in (b) and (c) below.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 263 will not be incorporated: 40 C.F.R. 263.12.
- (c) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. 263 are incorporated by reference with the specific changes:
- 1. 40 C.F.R. 263.10(c)2, replace "of different DOT shipping descriptions by placing them into a single container" with "and has the shipment of hazardous waste rejected by the designated facility. The transporter shall comply with the requirements at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.4(j) and will not be subject to the provisions at §262.34."
- 2. 40 C.F.R. 263.10(d), replace "State requirements analogous to 40 C.F.R. Part 273" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7."
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 263.30(a), after "local authorities" add "(including the Department at 1-877-WARNDEP (if this number is inoperable, notify the New Jersey State Police at 609-882-2000)."
- (d) When used in the following citations, the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency or his designee: 40 C.F.R. 263.11.

7:26G-7.2 Registration statement and registration requirements

- (a) Registration statement approval, renewal, and revocation requirements are as follows:
- 1. Prior to operation, a hazardous waste transporter shall obtain an approved registration statement from the Department.
- 2. The application for an approved registration statement shall be executed on forms provided by the Department, and shall state such information as required below, as well as any additional information that the Department may require from a specific applicant. This information includes the following:
- i. Proof of compliance with the minimum financial responsibility requirements covering public liabilities, property damage and environmental restoration set out at 49 C.F.R. Part 387;
- ii. Disclosure of any conviction for any criminal offense during the 10 year period prior to application for a license under state or Federal law for acts involving the illegal storage, transportation or disposal of hazardous waste against any owner, officer, or employee of the firm seeking a license;
- iii. Vehicle identification numbers and license plate numbers;
- iv. For any leased hazardous waste vehicles (hazardous waste cab and transport unit individually if detachable), a copy of the Motor Vehicle Registration card, a copy of the lease which meets the requirements of (a)11 through 13 below; and
- v. For those transporters intending to operate a hazardous waste transfer facility pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.4, the address of each such facilities and an indication whether each property, where the transfer facility is to be located, is owned or leased by the transporter. For any leased property, a copy of the written lease.
- 3. Any person who files an application for an approved registration statement shall also submit the disclosure statement described in N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.4. The requirement of a disclosure statement shall not apply to any person specifically exempted under N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.3(d) and/or 16.6(k), but shall apply in the case of a licensee or permittee which must file a disclosure statement for any lessor which holds a beneficial interest in the licensee or permittee pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.6(i) or (j).
- 4. Any applicant who claims to be exempted under N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.3(d) from the requirement of a disclosure statement shall submit an affidavit stating the basis for the claim. The applicant claiming the exemption shall also file an alternative information statement on forms supplied by the Department, containing the following information:

- i. The names and addresses of all officers, director or partners of any business concern seeking a license and all persons or business concerns holding more than 10 percent of the equity in or more than 10 percent of the liability of the business concern seeking a license;
- ii. The names and addresses of all officers, directors, or partners of any business concern disclosed pursuant to (a)4i above and all persons holding more than 10 percent equity share in or more than 10 percent of the debt liability of any business concern disclosed pursuant to (a)4i above:
- iii. The name and address of any company in the field of hazardous waste management in which the business concern seeking a license or officers, directors, or partners of the business concern hold an equity interest;
- iv. A description of the experience, credentials, and licenses in the field of hazardous waste management possessed by the key employees, officers, directors, or partners of the business concern seeking a license;
- v. A listing and explanation of any notices, administrative orders or license revocations issued by any state or Federal authority citing a violation of any administrative rule relating to hazardous waste management against the business concern seeking a license or against any key employee, officer, director, or partner of the business concern;
- vi. A listing and explanation of any judgement of liability or conviction under State or Federal statute or local ordinance concerning hazardous waste management against the business concern seeking a license or against any key employee, officer, director, or partner of the business concern; and
- vii. Any other information the Department may require that relates to the competency or reliability of the applicant.
- 5. Every hazardous waste approved registration statement issued by the Department shall indicate on its face a renewal/expiration date, which, unless otherwise established by the Department, shall be May 1. The registration period, unless otherwise established by the Department, shall be biennial and run from July 1 to June 30 of each odd numbered year beginning in the year 2003. Registrations shall be renewed annually for the years 2001 and 2002 which registration period shall run from July 1 through June 30. The approved registration statement shall expire on the renewal date unless renewed pursuant to this paragraph. Prior to May 1 in each registration year or such other date as the Department may establish, each registrant shall submit to the Department a registration statement updating the information contained in the previous registration statement. Such information shall be submitted on forms supplied by the Department. Transporters who are also the owner or operator of one or more hazardous waste transfer facilities shall include on the registration statement renewal the addresses of all such facilities and an indication whether each property, where the transfer

facility is to be located, is owned or leased by the transporter. For any leased property, a copy of the written lease. In no case shall the submission of an updated registration statement alter the conditions under which the approved registration statement was granted.

- 6. The failure to submit updated registration statement and all applicable fees (see N.J.A.C. 7:26G-3) on or before May 1 in each registration period or the failure to submit an updated disclosure statement pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26-16 and all applicable fees on or before March 1 of each calendar year or the failure to comply with a final order of the Department shall be sufficient cause for the Department to revoke the approved registration or to declare it expired. Any registrant who receives a notice of intent to revoke or to declare an approved registration expired, shall have 15 days from receipt of the notice to submit to the Department a request for a hearing pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-2.3. The Department shall withhold the registration certificate and decal(s) of any registrant who fails to submit the updated registration statement, on or before May 1 of the registration period or the updated disclosure statement and applicable fees (see N.J.A.C. 7:26-4 and 16) on or before March 1 of the calendar year.
- 7. Except for information regarding the operation of hazardous waste transfer facilities, a registrant shall notify the Department in writing within 30 days of change of information supplied on the current registration statement, or on any leases submitted for registered hazardous waste vehicles, or on any documentation of leased operators of equipment submitted pursuant to (a)13 below. Written notifications regarding transfer facilities shall occur prior to operations and include the following information: the address of each such facilities and an indication whether each property, where the transfer facility is to be located, is owned or leased by the transporter. For any leased property, a copy of the written lease shall be submitted .
- 8. No person shall be issued a hazardous waste approved registration statement nor shall any hazardous waste approved registration statement be renewed, if the applicant has failed to provide the accurate and complete information required on the application for issuance or the updating hazardous waste transporter registration statement for renewal.
- 9. No person shall be issued a hazardous waste approved registration statement if that person is disqualified for any of the reasons set forth in N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.8.
- 10. The Department, after notice and opportunity for hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules, N.J.A.C. 1:1, may revoke the approved registration statement of a hazardous waste transporter for the causes listed in this paragraph which are in addition to, and not a limitation of, any disqualifying reasons set forth in N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.8 and 16.9:
- i. Failure to maintain the financial responsibility requirements as required above;

- ii. Violation of any applicable provision of the Solid Waste Management Act (N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq.), this chapter, any administrative order issued by the Department or any environmental protection statute or implementing regulations of this State;
- iii. A pattern of violations of the environmental protection statutes or regulations of this or any other State, or the Federal government; or
- iv. Failure to submit updated information for the registration statement renewal or to submit the appropriate fee.
- 11. A permittee, licensee or exempt transporter who files a lease in connection with the registration statement for a hazardous waste vehicle which the permittee, licensee or exempt transporter will operate shall ensure that such lease is signed and dated by the parties thereto, provides for the exclusive use, control and possession of such equipment by the permittee, licensee or exempt transporter during the lease, and also includes:
- i. The dates on which the lease begins and ends, during which the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter will have exclusive use, possession and control over the equipment;
- ii. The amount and method of payment for the lease;
- iii. The company or person responsible for payment of gas, oil, maintenance and insurance for the equipment;
- iv. Identification of the equipment by vehicle identification number (VIN) as it appears on the Motor Vehicles Registration card, license plate number, state which issued license plate and vehicle type; and
- v. A provision that the lease shall not be assigned to any person.
- 12. The lease shall be submitted along with an affidavit or certification by the president, chief executive officer, managing partner or sole proprietor or other appropriate officer or key employee of the permittee or licensee for whom a disclosure statement has been filed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:26-16.4(a)10, or if an exempt transporter, by the president, chief executive officer, managing partner or sole proprietor or other appropriate officer or official or key employee of the exempt transporter. The following statement shall immediately precede the signature of the affiant or certifier:
- "1. I swear (or certify) that I am the (title) of (name of licensee, permittee, or exempt transporter) and am authorized to make this certification/affidavit on behalf of (name of licensee, permittee, or exempt transporter), and that I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth below.
- 2. The lease filed by me as part of this registration statement for the equipment, vehicle type:, with the VIN number:, license number:, issued by the State of:, contains the

true terms of the lease and has a bonafide business purpose and is not filed with the purpose of preventing the discovery of information which would disqualify, for any reason set forth in N.J.S.A. 13:1E-133, the lessor or any other person from receiving a license.

- 3. I further swear (or certify) that my company and I understand that it shall exercise exclusive use, possession and control over each piece of hazardous waste equipment which is included in this application for a registration statement while such equipment is used to transport hazardous waste.
- 4. I further swear (or certify) that my company and I understand that it shall take reasonable measures to ensure that the above-described equipment will not, during the period of the lease, be used by any other person for the purpose of transporting hazardous waste."

In the case of a certification, the certification shall end with the following statement immediately preceding the signature and date: "I am aware that if any of the foregoing information or statement is willfully false, I am subject to punishment."

- 13. In addition to the requirements of (a)12 above, when a permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter files a lease in connection with an application for a registration statement for a hazardous waste vehicle, the lease shall provide that the leased equipment is or will be under the exclusive management, direction, and control of the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter while being used to conduct hazardous waste activities for the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter. This paragraph is in no way intended to affect whether the operator or operators of hazardous waste vehicles leased to a permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter are or should be deemed to be employees of the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter.
- 14. No person shall act as a prime contractor or subcontractor for the transportation of hazardous waste in this State without first obtaining an approved registration statement from the Department. A lease, pursuant to this subchapter, of hazardous waste vehicle operators and equipment to a permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter, shall not, for purposes of this subchapter, be considered a subcontract.
- 15. A person who has not obtained an approved registration statement shall not, through a subcontractor or any other means, engage or contract to engage in the transportation, storage, collection, processing, transfer, treatment, or disposal of hazardous waste in this State through the use, control or possession of any hazardous waste vehicle registered to any other person, or through any other means. The leasing of hazardous waste vehicle operators and/or equipment to a permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter, pursuant to this subchapter, shall not be deemed engaging or contracting to engage in said hazardous waste activities.
- 16. A person is not required to obtain an approved registration from the Department solely because that person is transporting hazardous waste through New Jersey, if roadways or highways in New Jersey constitute a segment of such person's route, the hazardous waste being

transported through New Jersey is not discharged from the hazardous waste vehicle, and hazardous waste from the person's hazardous waste vehicle is not collected, treated, processed, transferred, consolidated, commingled, or disposed of in New Jersey. Provided that these requirements are satisfied, the exemption from registration is not affected if the person's hazardous waste vehicle stops in New Jersey for any of the following reasons:

- i. The vehicle suffers a mechanical breakdown which makes repair necessary;
- ii. The operator of the hazardous waste vehicle must stop for a mandatory rest or break; or
- iii. The operator of the hazardous waste vehicle temporarily stores hazardous waste at a hazardous waste transfer facility for 10 days or less in compliance with N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.4.
- (b) Hazardous waste vehicle registration requirements are as follows:
- 1. Any device used for the transportation of hazardous waste shall be registered with the Department as a hazardous waste vehicle.
- 2. A permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter shall not allow, through a subcontract or any other means, any such registered equipment to be used by another person, unless such person is an employee of the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter, or unless such use is in accordance with a lease of vehicle operators pursuant to this subchapter.
- 3. The Department shall not issue a registration certificate(s) and hazardous waste decal(s) to any registrant who fails to submit the updated registration statement, the updated disclosure statement and the applicable fees (see N.J.A.C. 7:26G-3) in accordance with (a)6 above.
- 4. No person shall engage in or continue to engage in the transportation of hazardous waste during the period when a hazardous waste decal and registration certificate are withheld pursuant to this subsection.
- 5. New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) hazardous waste transporter registration certificates and decals shall be void if altered. Department representatives shall confiscate altered or stolen hazardous waste transporter registration certificate and decals upon discovery.
- 6. All hazardous waste vehicles used in the transporting of hazardous waste shall properly and conspicuously display, on the driver's side of the vehicle, a current New Jersey hazardous waste decal and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) registration number. The NJDEP registration number and the name of the company shall be in letters and numbers at least three inches in height. Current hazardous waste decals must be permanently affixed to each hazardous waste vehicle prior to use on a public roadway or highway and prior to the hazardous waste vehicle being placed into service or before receiving waste. Expired decals

shall be removed from the hazardous waste vehicle prior to affixing current registration period decals.

- i. A copy of any lease filed in connection with the registration of the hazardous waste shall be carried within the vehicle at all times and available to the Department upon inspection or request.
- ii. Only the current period decals shall be displayed. For hazardous waste vehicles which are owned by the registrant, the registrant shall, upon the interruption or termination of the exclusive use, possession or control of any such equipment by the registrant, notify the Department, return the NJDEP registration certificate to the Department, and remove and destroy the NJDEP registration number and decals on such hazardous waste vehicles. In all situations in which the Department issues decals to a permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter for affixation to the hazardous waste vehicle(s) of a lessor from which the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter is leasing hazardous waste vehicles, the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter to which the lessor has leased hazardous waste vehicles, and the lessor itself, are under independent obligations to notify the Department, return the NJDEP registration certificate to the Department, and remove and destroy the NJDEP registration number and decals from the hazardous waste vehicles of the lessor at the expiration and non-renewal of the lease pursuant to which the decals were issued. Such decals, after the expiration and non-renewal of the lease pursuant to which the decals were issued or at the expiration of the decals (whichever comes first), shall be deemed expired. When used for hazardous waste transportation purposes, such vehicles may only be used pursuant to the lease, and may be operated only by operators pursuant to the requirements of (a)12 and 13 above.
- (1) Failure to remove and destroy such decals and registration numbers after the expiration and non-renewal of the lease shall constitute a violation of this subchapter, and shall subject both the lessor and the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter to penalties and licensing action. It shall be an affirmative defense to a penalty proceeding or licensing action for a permittee, licensee or exempt transporter if it can show that it made reasonable efforts to remove and destroy the decal and gave the Department timely written notice of its inability to remove and destroy the decal.
- (2) All expired decals and registration numbers shall be confiscated by the Department upon discovery.
- (3) Use of decaled vehicles by a lessor receiving decals for its vehicles pursuant to a lease, for the transportation of hazardous waste within, or into or out of New Jersey other than pursuant to a lease with a permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter, and in conformity with (a)12 and 13 above, shall constitute unlicensed hauling, and shall subject the lessor to penalties and debarment from involvement in the solid and hazardous waste and recycling industry in the State of New Jersey, including a prohibition on leasing solid and hazardous waste vehicles or solid and hazardous waste operators to permittees, licensees, and exempt transporters.

- iii. The current vehicle registration card for a cab issued by the Department shall be carried in the cab of the vehicle at all times. If the cab and the transport unit are detachable, the registration card for the transport unit shall be immediately accessible for inspection upon request.
- 7. Permittees, licensees and exempt transporters shall, for purposes of hazardous waste activities and to the extent provided for under New Jersey law, be responsible for the actions and omissions of their lessors and their vehicle operators, and for selecting lessors and vehicle operators with appropriate qualifications; and the fact that the underlying relationship between a permittee, licensee or exempt transporter, and a lessor and/or vehicle operator was other than that of employer-employee shall be no defense in a licensing or enforcement action taken against the permittee, licensee, or exempt transporter because of the actions, omissions, or lack of qualifications of the lessor or vehicle operator.

7:26G-7.3 Other requirements

- (a) All hazardous waste transporters shall comply with the following United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) regulations, with all the modifications that the New Jersey Department of Transportation has made in incorporating them into N.J.A.C. 16:49-2.1, and that the New Jersey State Police has made in incorporating them into N.J.A.C. 13:60-1.1:
- 1. The Hazardous Materials Regulations at 49 C.F.R. Parts 130 and 171 through 180, as amended and supplemented; and
- 2. The Motor Carrier Safety Regulations at 49 C.F.R. Parts 390 through 397, as amended and supplemented.
- (b) The Department shall exercise fully its authority to enter and inspect vehicles transporting or registered to transport hazardous waste, while in operation on the highways of this State or areas incidental thereto, or at the premise or places of business of the owner or lessor of such vehicles.
- (c) If the hazardous waste is rejected by the designated facility or if the transporter is unable to deliver the shipment of hazardous waste to the designated facility and no alternate facility is noted on the manifest, the transporter shall comply with all applicable transporter requirements at 40 C.F.R. 263.21(b) as incorporated by reference at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.1.

7:26G-7.4 Requirements for hazardous waste transfer facilities

(a) A hazardous waste transfer facility shall be operated by a licensed hazardous waste transporter, who owns or leases the property upon which the transfer facility is located. If the property is leased, the lease shall be a written agreement between the property owner and the licensed hazardous waste transporter which discloses the hazardous nature of the operation.

- (b) Except during emergencies in transportation, hazardous waste storage, consolidation, or commingling may be conducted only at a hazardous waste transfer facility as described in (a) above or an authorized hazardous waste facility, which is designated on the manifest. Storage, consolidation, or commingling of hazardous waste in transit shall not occur except as authorized under this section, and within the time limits established in this section.
- (c) The owner or operator of the hazardous waste transfer facility shall notify the Department in writing prior to conducting activities at the transfer facility. The owner or operator of hazardous waste transfer facility shall submit, as part of the initial transporter license application, the hazardous waste transporter license renewal at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2(a)5, or written notification to update transporter license information at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.2(a)7, the address of the hazardous waste transfer facility and an indication whether the property where the transfer facility is located is owned or leased by the transporter. If the hazardous waste transfer facility is to be operated pursuant to a lease in accordance with (a) above, a copy of the lease shall be submitted as part of the hazardous waste transporter license application, license renewal, or written notification to update license information.
- (d) The owner or operator of the hazardous waste transfer facility shall maintain at the transfer facility a written operating log (or logs, as necessary) documenting the movement of hazardous waste into and out of the hazardous waste facility and any hazardous waste transfers occurring at the facility and documenting compliance with the conditions set forth at (g) and (h) below. Written or otherwise transcribed operating log(s) shall be kept available at the facility site for at least three years. At a minimum, the log(s) shall include the following information:
- 1. The date each hazardous waste arrives at the transfer facility;
- 2. The decal number of the waste bearing portion of the vehicle;
- 3. A description (including the USDOT shipping description) and the quantity of each hazardous waste received on a vehicle when it arrives at the transfer facility;
- 4. The state manifest document number or manifest document number or associated with each hazardous waste load;
- 5. Location of each hazardous waste within the facility;
- 6. A notation of any consolidation or commingling performed;
- 7. The date each hazardous waste departs from the transfer facility;
- 8. A description (including the USDOT description) and quantity of hazardous waste on the vehicle when it departs from the transfer facility; and
- 9. Cross references to specific manifest document numbers involved in the consolidation or commingling of hazardous waste loads.

- (e) Each transporter utilizing the hazardous waste transfer facility shall enter the necessary information on the log(s) regarding his hazardous waste shipment.
- (f) A hazardous waste transporter, who stores or consolidates closed containers of manifested shipments of hazardous waste at a hazardous waste transfer facility for a period of 10 days or less, is not subject to regulations at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-8 through 12 except as noted in this subchapter, provided that the following requirements are met:
- 1. The transporter consolidating the containers of hazardous waste is a licensed hazardous waste transporter in the State of New Jersey;
- 2. The hazardous waste transfer facility is not located at the interim status or permitted hazardous waste facility indicated as the designated facility on the hazardous waste manifests;
- 3. The hazardous waste is held in closed containers which meet the applicable U.S. Department of Transportation packaging regulations specified in 49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180, as amended;
- 4. The hazardous waste containers are in good condition (that is, no severe rusting, apparent defects or deterioration) and are not leaking;
- 5. The storage or consolidation of the containers of hazardous waste complies with the hazardous materials segregation criteria at 49 C.F.R. 177.848 or 174.81, and with the guidance on incompatible hazardous waste mixtures in Appendix V of 40 C.F.R. Part 265;
- 6. The containers of hazardous waste remain closed, and no waste or other materials shall be removed from or added to the containers except to commingle hazardous wastes with identical USDOT shipping descriptions in accordance with (g) below or as necessary to respond to an emergency situation; and
- 7. The newly consolidated waste load shall be removed from the transfer facility at or prior to reaching the 10 day limit by the component of the waste load which has been at the transfer facility the longest.
- (g) A hazardous waste transporter who commingles hazardous waste with identical USDOT shipping descriptions (provided the commingling does not constitute treatment) at a transfer facility for a period of 10 days or less is not subject to regulations at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-8 through 12 except as noted in this subchapter, provided the following requirements are met:
- 1. The transporter commingling the waste is a licensed hazardous waste transporter in the State of New Jersey;
- 2. The hazardous waste transfer facility is not located at the interim status or permitted hazardous waste facility indicated as the designated facility on the manifests;

- 3. The hazardous waste is commingled between containers which meet the applicable US Department of Transportation packaging regulations specified in 49 C.F.R. 107, 171 through 180, as amended;
- 4. The hazardous wastes that are commingled are designated on the generators' hazardous waste manifests for receipt by the same designated hazardous waste facility;
- 5. The hazardous waste transporter amends the generators' manifests to reflect the commingling of hazardous wastes by the transporter, and to describe accurately the containers and quantities of hazardous wastes shipped after the commingling; and
- 6. The newly commingled waste load shall be removed from the transfer facility at or prior to reaching the 10 day limit by the component waste which has been at the transfer facility the longest.
- (h) A hazardous waste transporter, who consolidates by transferring hazardous waste from one container to one or more empty containers (meeting the conditions at 40 C.F.R. 261.7 as incorporated by reference at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5) at a hazardous waste transfer facility for a period of 10 days or less, is not subject to N.J.A.C. 7:26G-8 through 12 except as noted in this subchapter, provided the following requirements are met:
- 1. The transporter consolidating the hazardous waste is a licensed hazardous waste transporter in the State of New Jersey;
- 2. The hazardous waste transfer facility is not located at the interim status or permitted hazardous waste facility indicated as the designated facility on the hazardous waste manifests;
- 3. The transfer involves liquid hazardous waste only;
- 4. The contents of only one container shall be transferred at a time;
- 5. Prior to and after consolidation, the hazardous waste is stored in closed containers, which meet the applicable U.S. Department of Transportation packaging regulations specified in 49 C.F.R. Parts 171 through 180, as amended;
- 6. The storage of the consolidated hazardous waste complies with the hazardous materials segregation criteria at 49 C.F.R. 177.848 or 174.81, and with the guidance on incompatible hazardous waste mixtures in Appendix V of 40 C.F.R. Part 265;
- 7. The cumulative capacity of the empty containers (meeting the conditions at 40 C.F.R. 261.7 as incorporated by reference at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5) intended to receive the waste shall be sufficient to containerize the total amount of hazardous waste involved in the transfer; and

- 8. The newly consolidated waste load shall be removed from the transfer facility at or prior to reaching the 10 day limit as determined by the component of the waste load which has been at the transfer facility the longest.
- (i) The commingling of hazardous wastes of different USDOT shipping descriptions is prohibited.
- (j) If a shipment of hazardous waste is rejected by a designated facility after a transporter has commingled hazardous wastes, the transporter shall comply with requirements set forth at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.1(c)1 and accept the return shipment of the rejected waste. If a transporter accepts a return shipment of rejected waste, the transporter shall:
- 1. Promptly place and secure the rejected waste in a hazardous waste transfer facility; and
- 2. Make arrangements with an authorized facility to receive and manage the commingled waste.
- (k) Repeated and/or multiple violations at a transfer facility may result in termination of eligibility for these transfer activities and require the cessation of such activities.

 Notwithstanding a hazardous waste transporter's compliance with all requirements of the hazardous waste transfer facility regulations at (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i) and (j) above, the Department may terminate eligibility for these transfer activities and require the cessation of such activities any time the Department determines that a particular hazardous waste transporter or hazardous waste transfer facility poses a threat to the environment or that a transporter cannot be relied upon to operate the transfer facility safely and in conformance with all applicable rules and regulations. Owners or operators of such hazardous waste facilities for which the Department has terminated eligibility for one or more activities or who have had to cease all operations, shall have the right to a hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq.

SUBCHAPTER 8. STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES

7:26G-8.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 264, Federal regulations on the standards applicable to owners and operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facilities, and its appendices, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b), (c) and (d) below.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 264 are not incorporated by reference:
- 1. 40 C.F.R. 264.149 Use of State-required mechanisms;

- 2. 40 C.F.R. 264.150 State assumption of responsibility;
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 264.301(1) Design and operating requirements, Alabama landfills;
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 264 Appendix VI Political Jurisdictions in which compliance with § 264.18(a) must be demonstrated;
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 264.1030(d);
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 264.1050(g); and
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 264.1080(e).
- (c) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 264 are incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. The term "New Jersey" shall be substituted for "State(s)," "authorized state," "approved state", and the term "New Jersey's hazardous waste program" for "approved program" in those provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 264 which are incorporated by reference, except at 40 C.F.R. 264.147(a)(1)(ii), 264.147(b)(1)(ii), 264.147(g)(2) and 264.147(i)(4);
- 2. 40 C.F.R. 264.1(g)(9), replace "transfer facility" with "hazardous waste transfer facility in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.4";
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 264.52(b), after "or part 1510 of chapter V," add "or a Discharge Prevention, Containment and Countermeasure (DPCC) Plan in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:1E";
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 264.56(d)(2), after "He must immediately notify" add "the NJDEP Hotline at 1-877 WARNDEP and";
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 264.71(a)(2)(iii), after "one copy of the manifest" add ", and forward the pertinent copy of the manifest form to the Department and to the generator's State agency, provided the generator's State agency requires the submittal of manifest copies. These manifest copies must be postmarked within 10 days of waste receipt.";
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 264.71(b)(3), after "one copy of the manifest or shipping paper (if the manifest has not been received)" add ", and forward the pertinent copy of the manifest form to the Department and to the generator's State agency, provided the generator's State agency requires the submittal of manifest copies. These manifest copies must be postmarked within 10 days of waste receipt";
- 7. (Reserved)
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 264.113(e)(7)(v), delete "not subject to administrative appeal" and replace with "subject to appeal in accordance with the provisions of Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq.";

- NOTE: THIS IS A COURTESY COPY OF THESE RULES. ALL OF THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES ARE COMPLIED IN TITLE 7 OF THE NEW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 264.119(a), substitute "October 9, 1981" for "January 12, 1981";
- 10. Changes to 40 C.F.R. 264.151:
- i. 40 C.F.R. 264.151(1), after "Section 3004 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended" add "or any comparable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq. and implementing regulations", in the form agreements contained in these subparagraphs;
- ii. 40 C.F.R. 264.151(a), 264.151(m)(1) and 264.151(n)(1), substitute "a Department of the State of New Jersey" for "an Agency of the United States Government";
- iii. 40 C.F.R. § 264.151(l), in paragraph (3) of the form agreement, under the heading "Governing Provisions" delete "governing State agency (if applicable) [insert citation]" and insert instead, "State of New Jersey, particularly N.J.A.C. 7:26G-8";
- iv. Whenever 40 C.F.R. 264.151 requires that owners and operators notify several Regional Administrators of their financial obligations, the owner or operator shall notify both the Department and all Regional Administrators of the United States Environmental Protection Agency of Regions which are affected by the owner or operator's financial assurance mechanisms;
- v. 40 C.F.R. 264.151(a) through (n), all changes and substitutions specified in (c)10i through iv above and in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2 shall also be made to the wording of each financial instrument prepared in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 264.151.
- 11. 40 C.F.R. 264.191(a), substitute "by April 19, 1997" for "by January 12, 1988" unless the regulated tank or tanks are underground tanks that cannot be entered for inspection;
- 12. 40 C.F.R. 264.191(c), substitute "October 21, 1996" for "July 14, 1986" unless the regulated tank or tanks are underground tanks that cannot be entered for inspection;
- 13. 40 C.F.R. 264.193, substitute "April 19, 1997" for "January 12, 1987" unless the regulated tank or tanks are underground tanks that cannot be entered for inspection;
- 14. 40 C.F.R. 264.276(b)(1)(ii), in the second line of the table, substitute "0.5" for "1.25";
- 15. 40 C.F.R. 264.570(a), substitute "October 21, 1996" for "December 6, 1990" unless the regulated drip pads accept F032 waste; and
- (d) (Reserved)
- (e) The requirements of this subchapter do not apply to universal waste handlers and universal waste transporters (as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2) handling universal waste, as listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2. These handlers are subject to regulation under N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.

- (f) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Administrator" or "Regional Administrator" means the Administrator or Regional Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her designee: 40 C.F.R. 264.1(j)(1) and 264.12(a).
- (g) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency: 40 C.F.R. 264.11, 264.554, and 264.1080, Comment at the end of 40 C.F.R. 264.18(b)(1)(ii)(D), Comment and forms at the end of 40 C.F.R. 264.151(f) and 264.151(g) and note to 40 C.F.R. 264.573(a)(5).
- (h) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "RCRA" or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act" shall retain its meaning and not be replaced by a state analog: 40 C.F.R. 264.251(f), and 264.301(f)(1).
- (i) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Environmental Protection Agency" shall not be substituted by a State term, but shall retain its meaning: 40 C.F.R. 264.12(a)(2) and 264.71(d).

SUBCHAPTER 9. INTERIM STATUS STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES

7:26G-9.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 265. Federal regulations on the interim status standards applicable to owners and operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facilities, and its appendices, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) and (c) below.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 265 are not incorporated by reference: 40 C.F.R. 265.149, 265.150, 265.1030(c), 265.1050(f) and 265.1080(e).
- (c) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 265 are incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. 40 C.F.R. 265.1(c)(12), replace "transfer facility" with "hazardous waste transfer facility in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:26G-7.4";
- 2. 40 C.F.R. 265.52(b), after "or part 1510 of chapter V," add "or a Discharge Prevention, Containment and Countermeasure (DPCC) Plan in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:1E";
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 265.56(d)(2), after "He must immediately notify" add "the NJDEP Hotline at 1-877-WARNDEP and";

- NOTE: THIS IS A COURTESY COPY OF THESE RULES. ALL OF THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES ARE COMPLIED IN TITLE 7 OF THE NEW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 265.90(a), 265.90(d)(1) and 265.93(a), substitute "By December 6, 1982" for "Within one year after the effective date of these regulations";
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 265.90(d)(2), substitute "December 6, 1982" for "one year after the effective date of these regulations";
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 265.119(a), substitute "January 3, 1984" for "January 12, 1981";
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 265.191(a), substitute "by April 19, 1997" for "by January 12, 1988" unless the regulated tank or tanks are underground tanks that cannot be entered for inspection;
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 265.191(c) substitute "[the effective date of these regulations] October 21, 1996" for "July 14, 1986" unless the regulated tank or tanks are underground tanks that cannot be entered for inspection;
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 265.193, substitute "[180 days after the effective date of these regulations] April 19, 1997" for "January 12, 1987" unless the regulated tank or tanks are underground tanks that cannot be entered for inspection;
- 10. 40 C.F.R. 265.276(a), substitute "May 21, 1984" for "the effective date of this part";
- 11. 40 C.F.R. 265.440(a), substitute "October 21, 1996" for "December 6, 1990" and "December 24, 1992" unless the regulated drip pads accept F032 waste; and
- 12. The term "New Jersey" shall be substituted for "State(s)", "authorized state", "approved state", and the term "New Jersey's hazardous waste program" for "approved program" in those provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 265 which are incorporated by reference, except at 40 C.F.R. 265.147(a)(1)(ii), 265.147(g)(2) and 265.147(i)(4).
- (d) The requirements of this subchapter do not apply to universal waste handlers and universal waste transporters (as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2) handling universal waste, as listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2. These handlers are subject to regulation under N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.
- (e) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Administrator" or "Regional Administrator" means the Administrator or Regional Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her designee: 40 C.F.R. 265.12(a), 265.149(a) and 65.150(a).
- (f) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency: 40 C.F.R. 265.11.
- (g) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "RCRA" or "Resource Conservation and Recovery Act" shall retain its meaning and not be replaced by a state analog: 40 C.F.R. 265.301(c)(1).

(h) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Environmental Protection Agency" shall not be substituted by a State term, but shall retain its meaning: 40 C.F.R. 265.12(a)2 and 265.71(d).

SUBCHAPTER 10. STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SPECIFIC HAZARDOUS WASTES AND SPECIFIC TYPES OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

7:26G-10.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 266 (including all appendices), Federal regulations on the management of specific hazardous waste, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) and (c) below.
- (b) (Reserved)
- (c) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 266 are incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. 40 C.F.R. 266.103(a)(1)(ii), delete the first sentence and replace with "Existing or in existence means a boiler or industrial furnace, excluding sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators, that on or before August 21, 1991 is either in operation burning or processing hazardous waste or for which construction (including the ancillary facilities to burn or to process the hazardous waste) has commenced. For sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators, existing or in existence means that on or before October 21, 1996 such units are either in operation burning or processing hazardous waste, or for which construction (including the ancillary facilities to burn or to process the hazardous waste) has commenced.";
- 2. 40 C.F.R. 266.103(a)(6)(iii), after "August 21, 1991" add "for all boiler or industrial furnaces except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and prior to October 21, 1996 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators";
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 266.103(b)(1), after "August 21, 1991" add "for all boiler or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and on or before October 21, 1996 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma are incinerators";
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 266.103(b)(6), after "August 21, 1991" add "for all boiler or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators

and on or before October 21, 1996 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators";

- 5. 40 C.F.R. 266.103(c), after "August 21, 1992" add "for all boilers or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and on or before October 21, 1997 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators";
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 266.103(c)(7)(i), after "August 21, 1992" add "for all boilers or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and on or before October 21, 1997 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators";
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 266.103(c)(7)(i)(B), after "August 21, 1992" add "for all boilers or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and on or before October 21, 1998 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators"; after "August 23, 1993" add "for all boilers or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and on or before October 21, 1998 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators";
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 266.111(e)(1)(ii), after "August 21, 1991" add "for all boilers or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and on or before October 21, 1998 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators"; and
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 266.111(e)(2), after "August 21, 1992" add "for all boilers or industrial furnaces, except sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators and on or before October 21, 1997 for sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators".
- (d) As of October 21, 1996, any boiler or industrial furnace, excluding sludge dryers, carbon regeneration units, infrared incinerators, and plasma arc incinerators, which failed to comply with EPA's certification of compliance schedule as provided by 40 C.F.R. 266.103(b), (c) and (d), is also deemed not to be in compliance under State law and shall comply with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. 266.103(e), as adopted by reference at (a) above.

SUBCHAPTER 11. LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

7:26G-11.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 268, Federal regulations on Land Disposal Restrictions, and the Appendices to 40 C.F.R. Part 268, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) and (c) below.
- (b) The following provisions of the Land Disposal Restrictions are not incorporated by reference:
- 1. The following sections of 40 C.F.R. Part 268 because these sections contain the schedule by which EPA must evaluate wastes for disposal restrictions:
- i. 40 C.F.R. 268.10, Identification of Wastes to be Evaluated by August 8, 1988;
- ii. 40 C.F.R. 268.11, Identification of Wastes to be Evaluated by June 8, 1989;
- iii. 40 C.F.R. 268.12, Identification of Wastes to be Evaluated by May 8, 1990; and
- iv. 40 C.F.R. 268.13, Schedule for Wastes Identified or Listed After November 8, 1990; and
- 2. The following sections of 40 C.F.R. Part 268 because they have not been delegated by USEPA to the State:
- i. 40 C.F.R. 268.5, Procedures for case-by-case extension of an effective date;
- ii. 40 C.F.R. 268.6, Petitions to allow land disposal of a waste prohibited under Subpart C of Part 268;
- iii. 40 C.F.R. 268.42 (b), Treatment standards expressed as specified technologies (alternative treatment method; and
- iv. 40 C.F.R. 268.44, Variance from a treatment standard, paragraphs (a) through (g), national variances, and (n) through (p), constituent concentrations.
- (c) (Reserved)
- (d) Universal waste handlers and universal waste transporters (as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2) are exempt from 40 C.F.R. 268.7 and 268.50 as incorporated herein by reference. These handlers are subject to regulation under N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7 when handling universal wastes as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2.
- (e) The regulated community in New Jersey may apply to EPA Region II for all Land Disposal Restriction extensions, exemptions and variances offered by EPA but not delegated to the States. (Examples are case-by-case extensions to an effective date, at 40 C.F.R. 268.5(a), petitions to allow land disposal of a prohibited waste, at 40 C.F.R. 268.6(a), and alternate treatment at 40 C.F.R. 268.42(b).)

- (f) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Administrator" shall mean the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency: 40 C.F.R. 268.40(b).
- (g) When used at 40 C.F.R. 268.1(e)(3), the term "EPA" shall mean the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

SUBCHAPTER 12. HAZARDOUS WASTE PERMIT PROGRAM

7:26G-12.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 270, Federal regulations on USEPA administered permit programs: the hazardous waste permit program, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) and (c) below.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 270 are not incorporated by reference: 40 C.F.R. 270.1(a) and (b), 270.3, 270.14(b)(18), 270.51 and 270.73(c) through (g).
- (c) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 270 are incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. 40 C.F.R. 270.2, in the definition of "Corrective Action Management Unit," after "RCRA Section 3008(h);" add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-9";
- 2. 40 C.F.R. 270.2, in the definition of "Final Authorization," after section 3006(b) of RCRA," add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., including 13:1E-9,";
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 270.2, in the definition of "Interim Authorization," after section 3006(c) of RCRA," add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., including 13:1E-9, and implementing regulations";
- 4. Two changes are needed at 40 C.F.R. 270.10:
- i. Applicants must comply not only with the requirements of this section, but also with the disclosure requirements at N.J.S.A. 13:1E-126 et seq., and implementing regulations, as well as the requirement for Environmental and Health Impact Statements at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-12.2,
- ii. 40 C.F.R. 270.10(e)(3), after "Section 3008 of RCRA," add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-9";
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 270.12, replace "40 C.F.R. Part 2" with "N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16"; in the sentence beginning "Any such claim", delete the phrase "on the application form or instructions or, in the case of other submissions, by stamping the words "confidential business information" on each page containing such information."

- NOTE: THIS IS A COURTESY COPY OF THESE RULES. ALL OF THE DEPARTMENT'S RULES ARE COMPLIED IN TITLE 7 OF THE NEW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 270.14(b)(19), after "A topographic map" add ", prepared in a manner and format consistent with N.J.A.C. 7:1D, Appendix A,";
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 270.14(b)(20), replace the phrase "his duties under other Federal laws as required in § 270.3 of this part" with "any duties he may have under federal laws cited in 40 C.F.R. 270.3 as well as his duties under New Jersey Statutes, including but not limited to The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act, N.J.S.A 13:8-45 et seq., The New Jersey Conservation and Historic Preservation Restriction Act, N.J.S.A. 23:2A-1 et seq., The Endangered Plant Species List, N.J.S.A. 13:1B-151 et seq., The Coastal Area Facility Review Act (CAFRA), N.J.S.A. 13:19-1 et seq., The Wetlands Act of 1970, N.J.S.A. 13:19A-et seq., The Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act, N.J.S.A. 13:9B-1 et seq., The Waterfront Development Law, N.J.S.A. 12:5-3 et seq., The Trails System Act N.J.S.A. 13:8-30 et seq., The Pineland Protection Act, N.J.S.A. 58:11-49 et seq., The Water Pollution Control Act and Clean Water Enforcement Act, N.J.S.A. 58:10A-1 et seq., The Flood Hazard Area Control Act, 58:16A-50 et seq., The Safe Drinking Water Act, N.J.S.A. 58:12A-1 et seq., and The Air Pollution Control Act, N.J.S.A. 26-2C et seq."
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 270.32(b)(2), after "section 3005 of this act," add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq. and implementing regulations";
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 270.40, after the last sentence of subsection (b), add "(c) The change of ownership or operational control shall not occur until the Department issues approval to the new owner or operator in accordance with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-133.";
- 10. 40 C.F.R. 270.70(a)(1), after "section 3010(a) of RCRA," add "or any comparable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., including 13:1E-9, and implementing regulations";
- 11. 40 C.F.R. 270.70(a)(1), in the Comment at the end of this paragraph, after "section 3010(a) of RCRA," add "and all provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., and implementing regulations";
- 12. 40 C.F.R. 270.72(a)(5), after "Section 3008(h)," add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-9 and implementing regulations";
- 13. 40 C.F.R. 270.72(a)(4), after the last sentence of paragraph (4), add "The change of ownership or operational control shall not occur until the Department issues approval to the new owner or operator in accordance with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-133.";
- 14. 40 C.F.R. 270.72(b)(2), after "section 3004(o)," add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., including 13:1E-9,";
- 15. 40 C.F.R. 270.72(b)(5), after "RCRA section 3008" add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., and implementing regulations";
- 16. 40 C.F.R. 270.72(b)(6), after "RCRA section 3004," add "and all applicable provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq., including 13:1E-9, and implementing regulations";

- 17. 40 C.F.R. 270.73, replace subsection (c) through (g) with the following: "Interim status can be terminated by the Department for failure to comply with interim status facility standards or violation of applicable statutes, regulations or orders, or if the activity of the facility endangers human health and the environment and cannot be regulated to acceptable levels."; and
- 18. The term "New Jersey" shall be substituted for "State(s)," "authorized state," "approved state," and the term "New Jersey's hazardous waste program" for "approved program" in those provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 270 which are incorporated by reference, except at 40 C.F.R. 270.2.
- (d) Universal waste handlers and universal waste transporters (as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2) managing universal wastes as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2 are not required to obtain a RCRA permit. These handlers are subject to regulation under N.J.A.C. 7:26A-7.
- (e) Notwithstanding N.J.A.C. 7:26G-4.2, in the following definitions found at 40 C.F.R. 270.2 there shall not be a blanket substitution for terms such as Administrator, EPA, RCRA, Interim Authorization, or any other generally substituted term. These definitions are incorporated without change: Administrator, Approved program or approved state, Director, Environmental Protection Agency, EPA, Final Authorization, Permit, Major facility, Person, Regional Administrator, and State/EPA agreement.
- (f) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "Administrator" or "Regional Administrator" means the Administrator or Regional Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his designee: 40 C.F.R. 270.5, 270.10(e)(2), 270.10(f)(2) and (3) and (g)1i and iii, 270.32(a) and (b)(2) and 270.11(a)(3).
- (g) When used in the following Federal citations, the term "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency: 40 C.F.R. 270.5, 270.10(e)(2), 270.32(c), 270.51, 270.72(a)(5), 270.72(b)(5), 270.79, and 270.225 and note to 40 C.F.R. 270.10.

7:26G-12.2 Environmental and Health Impact Statement

- (a) Certain applicants shall be required to submit an Environmental and Health Impact Statement (EHIS) in addition to Parts A and B of the permit application in accordance with the provisions set out in this section.
- (b) Applicants for the following shall submit an EHIS in all cases:
- 1. An initial permit issued pursuant to this subchapter for a new commercial hazardous waste facility; and
- 2. Authorization to construct and operate a hazardous waste incinerator or hazardous waste land disposal unit at a hazardous waste facility where no such hazardous waste management unit is presently authorized.

- (c) Applicants for the following may be required in accordance with (d) and (e) below to submit an EHIS:
- 1. An initial permit issued pursuant to this subchapter for a new non-commercial hazardous waste facility;
- 2. An initial permit issued pursuant to this subchapter to an existing hazardous waste facility; or
- 3. A modification or revocation and reissuance or renewal of a permit pursuant to this subchapter.
- (d) Whether or not an EHIS is required with the submission of an application for the permit or changes listed in (c) above shall be determined by the Department on a case by case basis, whenever a change to authorized hazardous waste management practices may change or increase the danger to human health and the environment. Such cases are as follows:
- 1. Addition of waste types;
- 2. Increase in capacity of a hazardous waste management unit;
- 3. Alteration of operating conditions of a hazardous waste management unit; or
- 4. Addition of hazardous waste management units, including replacement of existing hazardous waste management units.
- (e) The Department shall apply the following criteria to the proposed changes (to facility operation to) determine whether the changes will increase or change the nature of the risk to human health and the environment. If the Department finds that this is so, an Environmental and Health Impact Statement shall be required.
- 1. Dissimilarity between proposed waste types and present waste types;
- 2. Magnitude of facility-wide volume and capacity increases;
- 3. Magnitude of facility-wide waste throughput increases;
- 4. Relative risks posed by the proposed changes;
- 5. Location of the existing facility and nearby land use;
- 6. Nature of the existing facility;
- 7. Scale of new construction proposed;
- 8. Potential for increased transportation impacts;

- 9. Nature and scale of additional construction and structure usages at other than hazardous waste management units;
- 10. Environmental sensitivity of the land involved;
- 11. Existing site conditions;
- 12. Magnitude of facility-wide emissions increases;
- 13. Any circumstances peculiar to the facility.
- (f) Applicants shall not be required to submit an EHIS in the following cases:
- 1. The applicant is seeking an initial permit issued pursuant to this subchapter for an existing hazardous waste facility, if no changes in authorized hazardous waste management practices are proposed;
- 2. The applicant is seeking permit revocation and reissuance or permit renewal for a permitted hazardous waste facility, if no changes in authorized hazardous waste management practices are proposed; or
- 3. The facility is an on-site pre-treatment facility which is directly connected to an industrial process and which is constructed pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 403 or N.J.S.A. 58:11-49 et seq.
- (g) The Environmental and Health Impact Statement shall include:
- 1. An Executive Summary which shall briefly describe the proposed facility, any significant associated positive and negative impacts and any mitigative measures which will be utilized to minimize or eliminate such negative impacts, issues of major concern, matters to be decided and major conclusions;
- 2. A Description of the Proposed Facility, including:
- i. The proposed facility owner and operator;
- ii. An explanation of the purpose of the proposed facility, which shall include a description of the products or services being provided and a list of benefits to be realized by the owner, the community in which the facility is to be located, and the surrounding communities;
- iii. An identification of the waste streams which the proposed facility will accept;
- iv. A time schedule for the development and start-up of the proposed facility including anticipated completion dates for major phases of construction; and
- v. A narrative statement of the types of the existing and proposed hazardous waste management systems at the site. A discussion of the following shall also be included:

- (1) The types, capacities and number of units of the processing equipment to be utilized and their relationship to the overall operation; and
- (2) The daily handling capacity of the overall facility and the anticipated operating time in hours per day and days per week;
- vi. A narrative description of the proposed site location including history of site use;
- vii. A site plan including a scale drawing showing location of all past, present, and future hazardous waste management areas;
- viii. A description of post-closure care of the site after termination of operations, as applicable;
- ix. A discussion of the proposed project's compatibility with state hazardous waste management planning; and
- x. A list and status report on all Federal, State, county and local licenses, permits and certifications necessary for the proposed facility;
- 3. A Description of the Environmental Setting, including;
- i. A detailed written description of the municipal and neighborhood setting of the proposed facility. The site location shall also be identified by the following:
- (1) An 8 1/2 inch x 11 inch copy of the key map plotted on a seven and one-half minute Unites States Geological Survey topographical quadrangle. The quadrangle shall be the most recent revision available, shall include the name of the quadrangle and shall delineate a minimum of three miles from the perimeter of the proposed facility boundaries. One or more maps may be utilized where necessary to ensure clarity of the information submitted. The key map shall depict the following:
- (A) All surface waters, coastal zone areas as defined in N.J.S.A. 13:19-1 et seq.; wetlands as defined in N.J.S.A. 13:9A-1 et seq.; water supply wells and reservoirs; FW-1 and FW-2 Trout Production waters as defined in N.J.A.C. 7:9-4; wild, scenic, recreational or developed recreational rivers designated pursuant to the Natural Wild and Scenic River Act 16 U.S.C. §§ 1271 et seq., or the New Jersey Wild and Scenic River Act, N.J.S.A. 13:8-45 et seq., and all 100 year floodway and flood hazard areas as delineated in N.J.A.C. 7:13;
- (B) General zoning designations within one mile of the perimeter of the proposed facility's boundary;
- (C) All main service corridors, transportation routes and main access roads that will be used as routes of traffic flow; and
- (D) All airports and runways;

- (2) An 8 1/2 inch x 11 inch copy of the vicinity map having a minimum scale of one inch equals 400 feet (one inch equals 400 feet) with contour intervals shown at 20 foot intervals. The vicinity map shall delineate an area of one mile from the perimeter of the property line of the proposed facility. Contour elevations and vertical and horizontal locations shall be based on the National Geodetic Vertical Datum 1929 (Mean Sea Level Datum 1929) and keyed into the New Jersey Plan Coordinate Datum 1927. One or more vicinity maps may be utilized to ensure clarity of the information submitted. The vicinity maps may be an enlargement of a United States Geological Survey topographical quadrangle or a recent aerial photograph. The vicinity map shall depict the following:
- (A) All buildings and structures including the layout of the buildings which will comprise the proposed facility;
- (B) The boundaries of the proposed facility;
- (C) The limits of the actual waste operations within the boundaries of the proposed facility;
- (D) Lots and blocks taken from the tax map for the site of the proposed facility and all contiguous properties;
- (E) The specific local zoning designation within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of the proposed facility's boundary, and
- (F) The location of all existing and proposed utility lines, pipelines or other utility structures which will be connected to the facility;
- ii. An environmental inventory, prepared in detail for the site specific conditions and, unless otherwise specified herein, a general description for a minimum area of one mile from the perimeter of the proposed facility's property lines, described existing conditions for each of the following categories:
- (1) Category I, the physical/chemical category, requires the following parameter descriptions:
- (A) Describe the physical geology by identifying major characteristics of the formations present, including, but not limited to, thickness, lithology, structural features, degree of weathering and amount of over burden. The description of the site specific geology shall include, but not be limited to, the general engineering properties and indexes and, where applicable, the quality of the subsurface soils. Provide a copy of the geologic map based on published or unpublished material and mapping available from the United States Geological Survey and New Jersey Geologic Survey or unpublished mapping acceptable to the New Jersey Geologic Survey depicting the area within one mile from the perimeter of the facility;
- (B) Describe the soils by identifying major soil types and their characteristics including, but not limited to, drainage, erosion potential and sedimentation potential. Information shall be based on

- U.S. Soil Conservation Service Surveys. The description of the site specific soils shall include, but not be limited to, the texture and thickness of each horizon, observed mottling, taxonomic classification and, where applicable, the quality of the surface soils. Provide a copy of the soils map published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, depicting the site of the proposed facility and the area within one half mile from the perimeter of the facility;
- (C) Describe the subsurface hydrology by presenting groundwater quantity and quality data for the aquifers located beneath the site, including, but not limited to, depth to groundwater during seasonal high and low flow, flow direction, existing uses and future supply capabilities;
- (D) For water bodies which directly abut the site, exist on the site, or drain directly onto or off the site, provide detailed water quantity and quality data. Such data shall include, but not be limited to, flow rates, current uses and supply capabilities, dissolved oxygen (D.O.), biochemical oxygen demand (B.O.D.), total organic carbon, (T.O.C.) total suspended solids (T.S.S.) and general temperature regime. Identify also all existing water classifications, designated uses and limitations of the surface water bodies in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:9-4;
- (E) For upstream tributaries of bodies of water which flow onto the site, and downstream tributaries of bodies which flow from the site, identify all existing water classifications, designated uses and limitations of the surface water bodies, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:9-4. Provide also a narrative description of the factors influencing the water quality in such bodies, including but not limited to major permitted discharges, tributaries or confluences with other bodies, etc. Information required by this subsection shall be provided for a distance of one mile from the site boundary;
- (F) For all water bodies not named in 3ii(1)(D) and (E) above, identify all existing water classifications, designated uses and limitations of the surface water, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:9-4;
- (G) Provide documentation that the proposed facility will not be inconsistent with any facility or area wide water quality management plan developed pursuant to the Water Quality Planning Act, N.J.S.A. 58:11A-1 et seq.;
- (H) Describe the topography by presenting contour data, drainage patterns and 100 year floodway and flood hazard areas delineations pursuant to the Flood Hazard Area Control Act, N.J.S.A. 58:16A-50 et seq., or areas identified pursuant to and based upon the most current Federal Flood Emergency Management Act (F.E.M.A.) maps and data;
- (I) Describe the climate by presenting site specific data for wind direction, velocity and frequency, average annual and monthly precipitation and temperature. Unless specifically required to be otherwise obtained from the nearest National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration (N.O.A.A.) sanctioned station:

- (J) Describe the ambient air quality by presenting data for existing concentrations of the National Ambient Air Quality Standard pollutants and provide a demonstration that the proposed facility will be consistent with air quality requirements established by the Department. Unless specifically required to be otherwise obtained by the Department, ambient air quality data may be obtained from the nearest State operated monitoring station; and
- (K) Describe the ambient acoustical conditions by providing day and night noise levels measured at the boundaries of the proposed site. Identify sources of impulsive and continuous noise.
- (2) Category II, the biological/ecological category, requires the following parameter descriptions:
- (A) Characterize the site and an area within one mile radius from the site boundary, with respect to major plant association (for example, mixed hardwood forest, old field successional, etc.). Delineate different associations present in a mapped format. Identify major dominant and minor species present in each plant association present. Provide estimates of the proportions of each;
- (B) For game and non-game mammals, and for an area which includes the site and area within one mile radius from the site boundary, describe utilization by identifying species and estimating populations utilizing these areas for year-round, breeding, wintering and migratory purposes. Relate utilization of areas for these purposes to the plant associations described in (g)3ii(2)(A) above;
- (C) For game and non-game birds, and for an area which includes the site and an area within one mile radius from the site boundary, describe utilization by identifying species and estimating populations utilizing these areas for year-round, breeding, wintering and migratory purposes. Relate utilization of areas for these purposes to the plant associations described in (g)3ii(2)(A) above;
- (D) For reptiles and amphibians, for those water bodies listed in (g)3ii(1)(D) and (E) above, and for an area within one-quarter mile radius from the site boundary, describe utilization by identifying species and estimating populations utilizing these areas for year-round, breeding, wintering and migratory purposes. Relate utilization of areas for these purposes to the plant associations described in (g)3ii(a)(A) above;
- (E) For fish, for all water bodies listed in (g)3ii(1)(D) and (E) above, and all water bodies within one-quarter mile of the site boundary, describe utilization by identifying species and estimating populations utilizing the site for year-round, breeding, wintering and migratory purposes;
- (F) Describe the plant or animal species on the Federal and State endangered, threatened or rare plant or animal species lists and identify, in a mapped format, the extent of utilization by such species, if present. Quantify the amount of habitat at the site for each such species and the corresponding carrying capacity for each species. Evaluate applicable breeding, wintering and migratory patterns when identifying species utilization;

- (G) Identify by mapping any unique, critical or unusual habitat including, but not limited to, wetlands, prime agricultural lands, steep slopes of greater than 15 percent, riparian lands, coastal zones or other areas as may be specified by the Department;
- (H) Present a description of site visits actually undertaken to evaluate the site ecosystem. This description should include the date, duration of the visit, weather conditions, individuals present to conduct the study, parameters being studied and a copy of studies prepared in connection with preparation of the environmental inventory; and
- (I) Describe the methodologies utilized to evaluate the biotic community and present a bibliography of all research materials utilized in the preparation of the environmental inventory. The description of the methodologies utilized shall be sufficient to permit an independent expert to form an opinion as to the scientific justification and integrity of the selected methodology.
- (3) Category III, the cultural category, requires the following parameter descriptions:
- (A) Describe recreational activities by identifying areas known to be used for such activities as hunting, fishing, trapping, boating, swimming, tourism, camping, nature photography and bird watching. Identify designated parks, forests and wildlife management areas, natural areas and other publicly or privately owned lands designated for open space or recreational activities;
- (B) Describe the aesthetics by identifying surrounding architecture, open space areas and scenic areas; and
- (C) Describe the areas of historical or archeological importance.
- (4) Category IV, the socioeconomic category, requires the following parameter descriptions:
- (A) Describe the transportation facilities by identifying the network which will service the proposed facility, site access capability, and existing traffic flow patterns expressed in terms of daily peak hour volumes, off peak hour volumes, levels of service and average daily number of trips. Identify any proposed local, county, or State Department of Transportation traffic engineering plans for the network identified;
- (B) Describe the sewage facilities by identifying the type of treatment system available, its existing treatment capacity, collection system capacity, average and peak flow data, and current committed capacity for treatment and collection system;
- (C) Describe the stormwater management system by identifying the type of collection and treatment system available, and current collection and treatment capacity and utilization;
- (D) Describe the water supply by identifying the water supply system, water sources, level and type of existing pre-treatment, capacity of the distribution system, current commitment of capacity, availability of additional supply, and peak and average demands;

- (E) Describe the energy supply system on-site or immediately available to the site by identifying existing power lines or pipelines, current commitment of capacity, their capability of supplying energy to the proposed facility;
- (F) Describe the demography of the area by providing existing population totals and describing present and projected future population and trends for the area within which the facility will be located. State, county or local government sources may be used for all demographic data;
- (G) Describe property values within the immediate neighborhood with respect to median sales prices and recent (1-2 year) trends and provide a general description of the property values of the municipality within which the proposed facility will be located and all municipalities within one half mile of the proposed facility. The descriptions shall include such factors as zoning changes, development patterns, development approvals, etc. which can affect property values. The description of property values in the immediate area of the facility shall be sufficiently detailed to allow assessment of the effect construction and operation of the facility may have on such values;
- (H) Describe public services available by identifying current local law enforcement, fire protection and health protection capabilities of the municipality in which the proposed facility will be located; and
- (I) Describe the type and map the location of community and residential dwellings such as hospitals, nursing homes, food processing centers, playgrounds, parks, schools and residences.
- 4. A discussion of the relationship of the proposed action to Federal, State, county, and local land-use plans, policies and controls and environmental regulations. The discussion shall include the following:
- i. A description of present land use for the site of the proposed facility and the area within two miles of the perimeter of the facility property line. Include a map or maps illustrating zoning designations and a chart setting forth use restrictions.
- ii. A description of how the project will conform or conflict with the objectives of any applicable Federal, State or local land use and environmental requirements including, but not limited to, flood hazard areas; areas designated as wild, scenic, recreational or developed recreational rivers; critical habitat of endangered or threatened species of plants, fish or wildlife; wetlands, tidelands and coastal zone areas; Pinelands; nonattainment areas; areas subject to the prevention of significant deterioration; areas which may impact the acoustical quality of residential and commercial properties; areas which may significantly impact water quality; agricultural lands; watershed areas; aquifers; critical water supply areas; areas which will encroach upon, damage or destroy any area, site, structure or object included in the National or State Register of Historic Places; areas within 10,000 feet of any airport runway which is equal to or greater than 3,000 feet in length, within 5,000 feet of any airport runway which is less than 3,000 feet in length; and

areas dedicated to recreational or open space use including, but not limited to, national parks, national recreation areas, national forests, national wildlife refuges, state wildlife management areas, state parks, state forests, state designated natural areas and county or local parks, wildlife sanctuaries and recreational facilities; and

- iii. Where the potential for a land use or environmental conflict exists, the applicant shall describe the mitigation efforts to be undertaken to meet the intent of the applicable land use or environmental requirement.
- 5. An environmental assessment, which shall provide a detailed evaluation of the potential impacts of the proposed facility on the environment including, but not limited to, all parameters identified in the environmental inventory in (g)3ii above. The assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- i. An evaluation of both positive and negative, as well as, primary (direct or immediate) and secondary (indirect or long range) impacts on each parameter under conditions of maximum usage or output and a correlation of such impacts with various stages of the site preparation, facility construction, operation, closure and post-closure phases;
- ii. An identification and description of the modeling techniques used to predict impacts on the various parameters identified in 3ii above. Where applicable, a calibrated and verified model shall be used and a copy of the model in the appropriate format shall be transmitted to the Department. Where an accepted modeling technique is not available best professional judgment may be used. A detailed description of the logical reasoning and assumptions made in the exercise of best professional judgment shall be incorporated to permit independent review;
- iii. Isopleths, grid maps or other maps to depict potential zones of contaminant migration surrounding any and all sources of emission or discharge. Identify the type and location of each source:
- iv. A quantification of impacts whenever possible (for example, lost habitat in acres) for all potential environmental impacts identified, where such quantification is not included, an explanation of the reason for such omission shall be provided;
- v. A qualitative discussion of all potential environmental impacts identified; and
- vi. A detailed description of the mitigative techniques proposed to address any potential environmental impact associated with the proposed facility.
- 6. A health impact assessment shall provide a detailed evaluation of the potential impacts of the proposed facility on human health including, but not limited to the following:
- i. A description and discussion of the health risk assessment methodology to be employed, including detailed descriptions of the logical reasoning and assumptions employed in the

method. A bibliography of reference material utilized in the preparation of the assessment shall be provided;

- ii. A discussion of the level of uncertainty involved in the overall assessment. This discussion shall address the uncertainty involved in the estimation of individual parameters such as emissions or discharge and decay rates, levels of exposure and health effects, as well as the implications of complex uncertainties;
- iii. A listing of all potential contaminants which may reasonably be expected to be released from the facility, and the amounts, concentrations and pathways of each;
- iv. A listing of contaminants which will be utilized to assess health risks. All known carcinogens listed in iii above shall be included; additional contaminants shall be included, based on professional judgment;
- v. For each of the contaminants listed in iv above, a toxicity profile shall be developed. This profile shall include data on the physical and chemical nature of the contaminant, as well as a description and discussion of data available regarding the environmental fate, acute affects (LD[50], irritation), chronic effects (mutagenicity, teratogenicity, carcinogenicity) and epidemiology of the material. This profile shall include a listing of available toxicological, epidemiological or other acute or chronic health effects studies used or otherwise available on the material in question;
- vi. A quantification of the potential health impacts, where possible. If such quantification is not included, and explanation of the reason for such omission shall be provided; and
- vii. A detailed description of the mitigation techniques proposed to address any potential health impacts associated with the proposed facility.
- 7. A summary discussion of any potential adverse impacts identified in the environmental and health assessment in (g)5 and 6 above that cannot be avoided should the proposed facility be implemented. For those impacts which cannot be avoided, their implications and the reasons why the proposed facility should be permitted shall be described. Where mitigation measures are proposed to reduce these potentially adverse impacts, the projected effectiveness and costs of the mitigative measures shall be discussed;
- 8. A discussion of the relationship between local, short term uses of the environment and the effect of the proposed facility on available options for subsequent future uses. Short term refers to the construction phase of the proposed facility. A description of the following shall be included:
- i. Those cumulative and long-term effects of the proposed facility which either negatively impact or enhance the environment for the future;

- ii. The extent to which the proposed facility prohibits future options;
- iii. Plans which provide for the protection and maintenance of the environment during construction of the proposed facility, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Procedures to be used during construction if archeological resources are uncovered;
- (2) Erosion and sediment control plans; and
- (3) Controls for dust, odors, noise, traffic, and soil tracking; and
- iv. Plans which provide for the protection and maintenance of the environment after termination of the facility operation;
- 9. A discussion of unusual conditions, including:
- i. Foreseeable abnormal occurrences at the facility such as fires, spills, explosions, malfunction of control devices, natural disasters and their associated impacts on human health and the environment; and
- ii. Maximum credible accidents including spills and their associated impacts on human health and the environment. For each maximum credible accident provide the probability calculations;
- 10. A list of all sources, references and basis documents supporting all factual information and conclusions; and
- 11. A list of all co-authors of the environmental and health impact statement including their name, title, affiliation and qualifications.
- (h) The Department may waive the requirement for the applicant to submit data on any aspect of the proposed project's environmental setting and the analysis of the proposed project's impact on the aspect of the environmental setting when, in the opinion of the Department, such aspect of the environmental setting is not relevant to the proposed project.

SUBCHAPTER 13. PROCEDURES FOR DECISIONMAKING

7:26G-13.1 Incorporation by reference

- (a) This subchapter incorporates by reference up to November 5, 2007 and prospectively incorporates by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 124, as amended and supplemented, except as provided in (b) and (c) below. 40 C.F.R. Part 124, Subparts A and B are adopted by reference solely for the purpose of establishing procedures regarding hazardous waste management permits.
- (b) The following provisions of 40 C.F.R. Part 124 are not incorporated by reference:

- 1. Any reference relating to "404," "sludge," "UIC," "PSD" or "NPDES" permits;
- 2. 40 C.F.R. Part 124 Subparts C, D, E, and F;
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 124.1;
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 124.2;
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 124.3(b) through (g);
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 124.4;
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 124.5(b) and (e) through (g);
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 124.6(b), (c), and (d)(4)(ii) through (v);
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 124.7;
- 10. 40 C.F.R. 124.8(b)(3) and (8);
- 11. 40 C.F.R. 124.9;
- 12. 40 C.F.R. 124.10(a)(1)(i), (iv) and (vi);
- 13. 40 C.F.R. 124.10(a)(2) and (3);
- 14. 40 C.F.R. 124.10(d)(1)(vii) and (viii);
- 15. 40 C.F.R. 124.12(b) through (e);
- 16. 40 C.F.R. 124.13 through 124.16;
- 17. 40 C.F.R. 124.17(b); and
- 18. 40 C.F.R. 124.18 through 124.21.
- (c) The following text of 40 C.F.R. Part 124 is incorporated by reference with the specified changes:
- 1. All references to "EPA" shall mean "EPA";
- 2. All references to "Director" shall mean the "Commissioner of NJDEP".
- 3. 40 C.F.R. 124.6(a), after "Once an application is complete, the Director shall" insert ", within six months of that date for non-major hazardous waste facilities and eight months of that date for major hazardous waste facilities,"
- 4. 40 C.F.R. 124.6(e), delete "All draft permits prepared by EPA under this section shall be accompanied by a statement of basis (§ 124.7) or fact sheet (§ 124.8), and shall be based on the

- administrative record (§ 124.9), publicly noticed (§ 124.10) and made available for public comment (§ 124.11). The Regional Administrator shall give notice of opportunity for a public hearing (§ 124.12), issue a final decision (§ 124.15) and respond to comments (§ 124.17). For RCRA, UIC or PSD permits, an appeal may be taken under § 124.19 and, for NPDES permits, an appeal may be taken under § 124.74.";
- 5. 40 C.F.R. 124.8(a), after "A fact sheet shall be prepared for every draft permit for a" delete "major";
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 124.10(b)(1), delete "Public notice of the preparation of a draft permit (including a notice of intent to deny a permit application) required under paragraph (a) of this section shall allow at least 30 days for public comment.";
- 7. 40 C.F.R. 124.10(b)(1), delete "For EPA-issued permits, if the Regional Administrator determines under 40 C.F.R. part 6, subpart F that an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) shall be prepared for an NPDES new source, public notice of the draft permit shall not be given until after a draft EIS is issued.";
- 8. 40 C.F.R. 124.12(a)(1), after "The Director shall hold a public hearing" insert ", on every draft permit for a new hazardous waste facility, or on any draft permit modification or revocation and reissuance which would result in an increase of greater than 50 percent in the capacity of an existing facility to treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste, or";
- 9. 40 C.F.R. 124.31(a), after "The requirements of this section shall apply to all RCRA part B applications seeking initial permits for hazardous waste management units" delete "over which EPA has permit issuance authority";
- 10. 40 C.F.R. 124.31(a), delete "For the purposes of this section only, 'hazardous waste management units over which EPA has permit issuance authority' refers to hazardous waste management units for which the State where the units are located has not been authorized to issue RCRA permits pursuant to 40 C.F.R. part 271.";
- 11. 40 C.F.R. 124.32(a), after "The requirements of this section shall apply to all RCRA part B applications seeking initial permits for hazardous waste management units" delete "over which EPA has permit issuance authority";
- 12. 40 C.F.R. 124.32(a), delete, "For the purposes of this section only, 'hazardous waste management units over which EPA has permit issuance authority' refers to hazardous waste management units for which the State where the units are located has not been authorized to issue RCRA permits pursuant to 40 C.F.R. part 271."; and
- 13. 40 C.F.R. 124.33(a), after "The requirements of this section apply to all applications seeking RCRA permits for hazardous waste management units" delete "over which USEPA has permit issuance authority. For the purposes of this section only, 'hazardous waste management units

over which USEPA has permit issuance authority' refers to hazardous waste management units for which the State where the units are located has not been authorized to issue RCRA permits pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 271."

7:26G-13.2 Other requirements

- (a) All applications for permits and expansions which are subject to the criteria set forth in the Major Hazardous Waste Facilities Siting Act shall additionally be subject to the supplemental permitting procedures set out therein.
- (b) The applicant for a permit shall appear at the public hearing and be available to answer questions regarding the proposed facility or facility expansion. Failure to appear at the public hearing and answer questions may result in denial of the application. In the event that a response cannot be given at the hearing, a written response shall be prepared by the Department or the applicant after the hearing.

SUBCHAPTER 14. (Expired April 15, 2007)

SUBCHAPTER 15. (Expired April 15, 2007)

SUBCHAPTER 16. AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION; CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

7:26G-16.1 Scope and exchange of information

- (a) This subchapter sets forth the procedures for making information received by the Department in administering the hazardous waste program under this chapter available to the public and maintaining confidentiality of certain parts of that information.
- (b) All information collected by or originated by the Department in connection with hazardous waste regulatory activities under this chapter shall be generally available to the public except as provided otherwise in this subchapter. This requirement shall also include information regarding hazardous waste facilities regulated by N.J.A.C. 7:14A.
- (c) Claims for confidentiality will be decided by the Department in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter.
- (d) If a request for information is made for inter-agency or intra-agency memoranda or letters, the Department may deny the request if such request is exempted from disclosure pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(5).

- (e) If a request for information is made for investigatory records, the Department may deny the request if such request is exempted from disclosure pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7) or N.J.S.A. 47:1A-3.
- (f) Any information obtained or used in the administration of the hazardous waste program under this chapter shall be available to EPA upon request without restriction. If the information has been submitted to the Department under a claim of confidentiality, the Department shall submit that claim to EPA when providing information to EPA under this subchapter.
- (g) When EPA supplies information to the Department which was submitted to EPA under a claim of confidentiality, the information shall be subject to the conditions set forth in 40 C.F.R. Part 2 and this subchapter. If the Department obtains information from EPA that is not claimed to be confidential, the Department may make that information available to the public without further notice to any interested party.
- (h) Any confidential information obtained or used in the administration of the State hazardous waste program, as provided in Section 3006 of "The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976", 42 U.S.C. §§ 3251 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be treated in accordance with this subchapter.

7:26G-16.2 Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Act" means the Solid Waste Management Act, N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq.

"Business" means any person engaged in a business, trade, employment, calling or profession, whether or not all or any part of the net earnings derived from such engagement by such person inure, or may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

"EPA" or USEPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"Hazardous waste" means those solid wastes identified as hazardous wastes in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:26G-5.

"Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other public or private organization or legal entity, including Federal, State or local governing bodies and agencies and their employees.

7:26G-16.3 Classes of information

- (a) The classes of information to be made available to the public and to EPA shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 1. Permits, permit applications and modifications;
- 2. Annual and biennial reports;
- 3. Closure plans;
- 4. Notification of a facility closure;
- 5. Contingency plan incident reports;
- 6. Delisting petitions and other petitions for variances or waivers;
- 7. Financial responsibility instruments;
- 8. Environmental monitoring data;
- 9. International shipment records;
- 10. Manifests and manifest exception, discrepancy and unmanifested waste reports;
- 11. Facility EPA identification numbers;
- 12. General correspondence with the facility;
- 13. Orders, consent orders, notices of violations, penalty settlement offers, civil and administrative penalty assessments, and other enforcement documents;
- 14. Inspection reports;
- 15. Results of corrective action investigations, undertaken pursuant to § 3004 (u) and (v) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. § 6901 et seq.; and
- 16. Analytical data submitted to the Department.
- 7:26G-16.4 Administrative procedures and appeals for requests for information
- (a) The scope of records maintained by the Department that are subject to requests for information shall be as broad as the scope of records as provided by the United States Environmental Protection Agency at 40 C.F.R. 2.100(b).
- (b) Materials which are routinely available to the general public are not confidential information and shall be supplied within a reasonable time upon written request by interested parties. Such

materials include, but are not limited to, final orders in case adjudications, press releases, copies of speeches, pamphlets and educational materials.

- (c) A requester of non-confidential and confidential records including, but not limited to, records defined in (b) above shall not be required to supply any justification for the information request.
- (d) All requests for information shall identify with specificity the information requested. The Department, in responding to requests containing incomplete identification of records, shall make reasonable efforts to assist a requester in identifying the records being sought. The Department's designated information officer shall contact the requester by telephone if possible or in writing to assist the requester to formulate his or her request. The Department's designated information officer shall also aid the requester in locating the office maintaining the records he or she seeks.
- (e) If a request is formulated in general terms covering a large quantity of records, the Department's designated information officer shall assist the requester in narrowing the scope of the request to minimize the fees payable by the requester. This type of assistance shall not be used as a means to discourage requests, but to help narrow the scope of investigation when possible.
- (f) Information concerning the fees in regard to both information requests and confidentiality claims is set forth in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.11 and 16.12.
- (g) Requests for information shall be answered in writing within 20 working days of receipt by the designated information officer. The written response shall designate which records will be released, which will not be released, and the reasons for denial.
- 1. If the request for information is incomplete or insufficient, the time span covering the State's request for clarification to the requester's reply shall not be counted in the 20 working days in (g) above.
- 2. Failure of the Department to issue a determination within the 20-day period shall be considered a denial. This shall authorize the requester to pursue further legal recourse and apply for an order to release the requested information pursuant to (h) below.
- (h) If the Department denies a request for information, it shall inform the requester of the reasons for denial and shall advise the requester that he may appeal the denial to the Superior Court of New Jersey as provided in N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq.
- (i) The Department may require prepayment of the fees set forth at N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.11 and 16.12. When prepayment of a fee is required, the Department will release the information to the requester upon payment of the fee.

(j) The Department may allow the public to inspect and to make copies of any non-confidential information at the per copy fee set forth at N.J.S.A. 47:1A-2, which is as of the effective date of this rule, as follows:

First to tenth page \$ 0.75 per page

Eleventh page to 20th page \$ 0.50 per page

All pages over 20 \$ 0.25 per page

(k) Requests for information should be addressed to:

NJ Department of Environmental Protection

Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste

Mail Code: 401-02C Attention: Information Officer

P.O. Box 420

Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420

7:26G-16.5 Claims of confidentiality

- (a) Information for which a confidentiality claim has been asserted will be treated by the Department as entitled to confidential treatment unless the Department determines that the information is not entitled to confidential treatment as provided in this section and N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6.
- (b) When the Department requires the submission of information which may be confidential, it shall advise the submitter of the information concerning departmental procedures which govern application for a confidentiality claim. If confidentiality is not requested upon submission to the Department, the Department will place the information in the files which are available to the public.
- (c) The following procedures apply to confidentiality claims:
- 1. Claims of confidentiality for permit application information and any other information shall be substantiated in accordance with the criteria set forth in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6 at the time the information is submitted. Any applicable fees shall be enclosed with the submittal. Failure to request confidentiality or failure to pay the confidentiality fee shall be grounds for denial of the confidentiality claim.

- 2. If a submitter does not provide substantiation which satisfies the criteria of N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6, the Department shall notify the submitter by certified mail, return receipt requested of the requirement to do so. If the Department does not receive the substantiation within 10 days after the submitter receives the notice, the confidentiality claim is waived and the Department may make the information available to the public.
- 3. Within the Department, Division Directors or their appropriate designees shall determine, based on the criteria listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6, whether or not information is entitled to confidential treatment.
- 4. If, in accordance with the criteria listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6, the Department determines that the information is entitled to confidential treatment, it shall maintain the information in confidence (subject to court order, any applicable court rules or other provisions of this subchapter which authorizes disclosure in specific circumstances), and the Department shall so inform the business. If any other person's request for the release of the information is then pending under N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq., the Department shall state the basis for the denial and that it constitutes final agency action.
- 5. If, in accordance with the criteria listed in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6, the Department determines that the information is not entitled to confidential treatment, the Department shall so notify the business. Such notice of denial of a confidentiality claim shall be in writing and shall be furnished by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- i. The notice shall state the basis for the determination, that it constitutes final agency action concerning the confidential claim, and that the Department shall make the information available to the public 10 days after the date of the business's receipt of the notice.
- 6. Documents, in whole or in part, may be determined by the Department to be confidential.
- (d) When a request is made for access to confidential information, the request shall be denied and the Department shall notify the submitter of the information of the request by certified mail, return receipt requested.

7:26G-16.6 Criteria for confidentiality determinations

- (a) Where the following criteria are satisfied by the business in regard to a claim of confidentiality under N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.5, information shall be kept confidential:
- 1. The business has asserted a confidentiality claim, when it submits the information to the Department;
- 2. The business has satisfactorily shown that it has taken reasonable measures to protect the confidentiality of the information, and that it intends to continue to take such measures;

- 3. The information is not, and has not been, reasonably obtainable, without the business's consent, by other persons (other than governmental bodies) using legitimate means (other than discovery based on showing of social need in a judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding);
- 4. No statute requires disclosure of the information;
- 5. The business has satisfactorily shown that disclosure of the information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the business's competitive position; and
- 6. The business has paid all fees required by this subchapter when it submits the information to the Department.

7:26G-16.7 Confidential files

- (a) If the Department approves a claim of confidentiality, the submitter shall submit two copies of the documents.
- 1. One copy shall be stamped "confidential" on each page and shall contain all the information requested by the Department. This copy shall be maintained in a separate locked file and shall be accessible to State employees only as necessary for regulatory purposes, or as otherwise provided in the subchapter.
- 2. A second copy with the confidential information deleted shall be placed in the files available to the public. The second copy shall carry a notation that confidential material has been deleted.

7:26G-16.8 Exception to granted confidentiality claims

- (a) If the Department finds that disclosure of information covered by a confidentiality claim would serve to alleviate an emergency situation posing an imminent and substantial danger to public health or safety, it may disclose confidential information to any person whose role in alleviating the danger to public health or safety or the environment necessitates that person's knowing the information. Any such disclosure shall be limited to the minimum information necessary to enable the person to whom it is disclosed to carry out that person's role in alleviating the dangerous situation.
- 1. Any disclosure made pursuant to this section shall not be deemed a waiver of a confidentiality claim nor shall it, by itself, be grounds for any determination that the information is no longer entitled to confidential treatment.

(b) Information required for legal proceedings that is protected by confidentiality claims will be released only when properly subpoenaed for a court proceeding or an investigative committee impaneled by the Federal or State Legislature.

7:26G-16.9 Access to and safeguarding of confidential information

- (a) Unless specifically provided for by Federal law, State law, court order, or applicable court rule, no person shall have access to information which has been determined to be entitled to confidential treatment, other than:
- 1. The designated Department personnel;
- 2. Federal or other State agencies; or
- 3. Authorized representatives of the Department, subject to the provisions of this subchapter.
- (b) Each departmental officer or employee who has custody or possession of confidential information shall take appropriate measures to properly safeguard such information and to protect against its improper disclosure.
- (c) No departmental officer or employee may disclose, or use for his or her private gain or advantage, any confidential information which comes into his or her possession, or to which he or she gains access, by virtue of his or her official position of employment, except as authorized by this subchapter.
- (d) If the Department finds that any person has violated the provisions of this subchapter, it may:
- 1. Commence a civil action in Superior Court for a restraining order and an injunction barring that person from further disclosing confidential information; and
- 2. Pursue any other remedy available by law.
- (e) In addition to any other penalty that may be sought by the Department, violation of this subchapter by a departmental employee shall constitute grounds for dismissal, suspension, fine, or other adverse personnel actions.

7:26G-16.10 Class determinations

- (a) The Department may, through the promulgation of amendments in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq., make a determination that a certain class of information is or is not entitled to confidential treatment if it finds that:
- 1. The Department possesses, or is obtaining, related items of information; and
- 2. One or more characteristics common to all such items of information will necessarily result in identical treatment for each such item, and that it is therefore proper to treat all such items as a class.
- (b) A class determination shall clearly identify the class of information to which it pertains.
- (c) A class determination shall state that all of the information in the class:
- 1. Fails to satisfy one or more of the applicable criteria in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6 and is therefore ineligible for confidential treatment; or
- 2. Satisfies the applicable criteria in N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.6 and is therefore eligible for confidential treatment.

7:26G-16.11 Procedure regarding fees for information requests

- (a) Except as provided in (b) below, a person requesting copies of public records shall pay the fee specified in N.J.S.A. 47:1A-2.
- (b) No payment is required for the following services:
- 1. The cost of reviewing requests for information and preparing and reviewing written responses thereto;
- 2. For furnishing documents requested by EPA;
- 3. For furnishing documents requested by and for the official use of other State agencies; or
- 4. For furnishing documents needed by a State contractor or grantee to perform the work required by a State contract or grant.
- (c) All fee payments shall be in the form of a check or money order payable to the "Treasurer, State of New Jersey" and shall be submitted to the designated information officer.
- (d) If the Department estimates that the fee for information requests will exceed \$25.00 and the requester has not submitted payment in advance to cover the estimated fees, the Department shall notify the requester of the amount of the estimated fees or such portion thereof as can readily be estimated. In such cases, the Department shall not release the information to the requester until it

receives the total amount of fees due or estimated to become due. Such notice shall be transmitted to the requester within 10 working days after the Department has made the initial determination that the records are available.

- (e) If a fee paid in advance under (d) above exceeds the actual fees due under N.J.S.A. 47:1A-2, the Department shall refund the excess. If the actual fees due exceed the advance payment, the requester shall remit the excess before the Department releases the copies.
- (f) The Department may reduce or waive the fee specified in N.J.S.A. 47:1A-2 if it determines that the reduction or waiver is likely to contribute significantly to public understanding of the operations or activities of the government. In determining whether the reduction or waiver is likely to make such a contribution, the Department shall consider whether the request comes from a representative of the press or other communications medium, or from a public interest group.
- 1. A request for reduction or waiver of fees shall be addressed to the appropriate Division or Bureau which is responding to the request for records.
- 2. The Division or Bureau shall initially determine whether the fee shall be reduced or waived, and shall so inform the requester.
- 3. The requester may appeal the determination of the Division or Bureau by letter addressed to the appropriate Assistant Commissioner. The Assistant Commissioner shall decide such appeals.
- (g) In the event that a requester who is in arrears for previous requests makes a request for documents, whether requested under this subchapter or any other Department rule, the Department may deny the request until the arrears have been paid in full.
- 1. Any request made by an individual who specifies an affiliation with, or representation of, a corporation, association, law firm, or other organization shall be deemed to be a request by the corporation, association, law firm, or other organization. If an organization can show that the person who made the request for which payment is overdue did not make the request on behalf of the organization, the organization will not be considered in arrears, but the individual shall be.

7:26G-16.12 Fee schedule for confidentiality claims

Any person submitting documents to the Department under a claim of confidentiality under N.J.A.C. 7:26G-16.5 shall submit a check in the amount of \$ 250.00 for the first 50 confidential pages and \$ 1.00 for each page thereafter, to cover the costs of evaluating the confidentiality claim.