

Mummichog

Fundulus heteroclitus



Description:

- blunt head
- dark, vertical bars on sides
- females are pale brown
- males are dark olive with yellow underside

<u>Size</u>:

• up to 5 inches

Range:

• Gulf of St. Lawrence to northeast Florida

Facts:

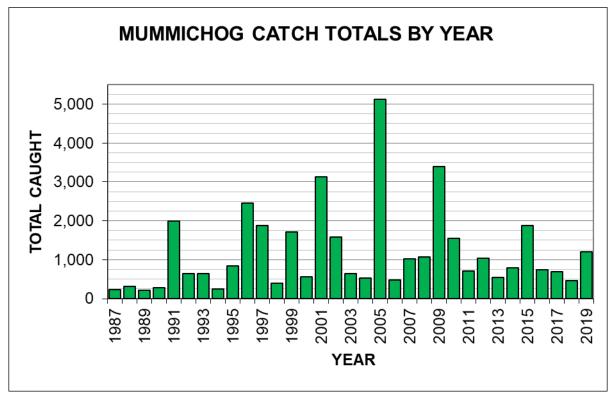
- ♦ 3 year lifespan
- spawns on new and full moons during summer season
- eggs hatch on successive moon tide
- spawn up to 8 times a season
- eggs are laid on sand, leaves and empty shells
- inhabit salt marshes, tidal creeks and estuaries
- feed on insects, small fish, crustaceans and plant material
- used as a natural method of mosquito control in ditches and marsh ponds, since they can eat up to 2000 mosquito larvae a day
- in 1973, the mummichog became the first fish in space, aboard Skylab 3

NJ Department of Environmental Protection Division of Fish and Wildlife Bureau of Marine Fisheries www.NJFishandWildlife.com



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*from 1980 to 1986, the largest catch was 98 fish in 1982