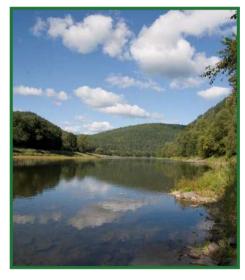
#### **Delaware River Basin Commission**

FFMP Implementation Performance Release Year 2014 June 1, 2014 – May 31, 2015

**Amy L. Shallcross, PE** Operations Supervisor December 3, 2015









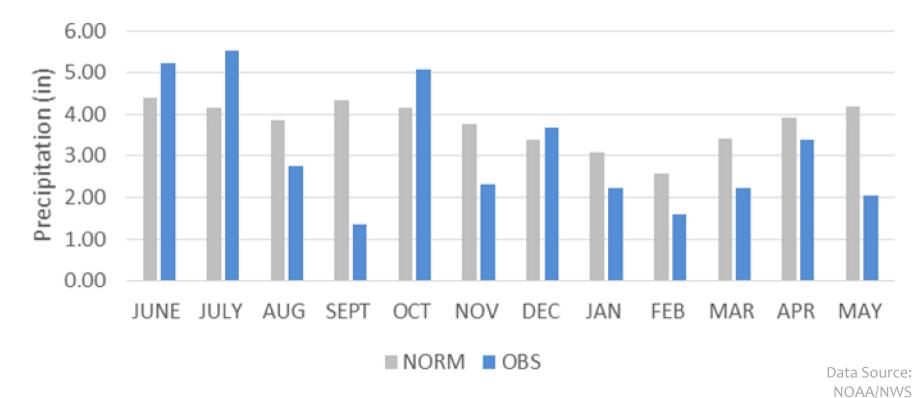
### **FFMP Performance Goals**

- \* Maintain flow objectives
- \* Avoid droughts
- \* Provide enhanced conservation releases
- \* Maintain desirable tailwater temperatures
- \* Minimize spills using the Conditional Seasonal Storage Objective (CSSO)



### **Upper Basin Climate - Montague**

Precipitation above Montague June 2014 - May 2015

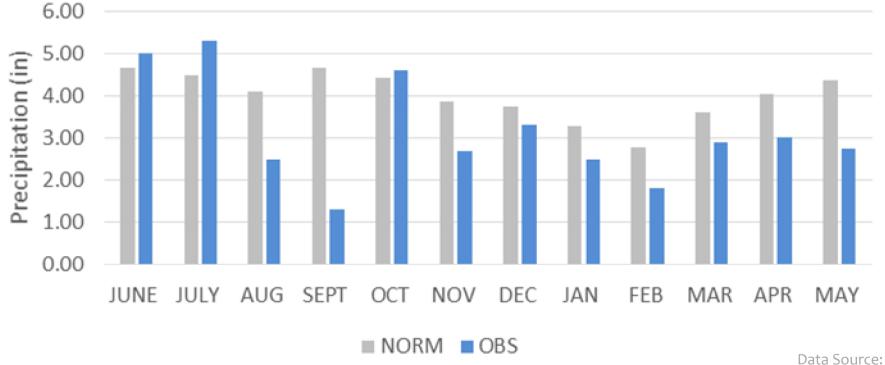


After July, most months (except October and December) experienced below normal rainfall.

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### Lower Basin Climate - Trenton

Precipitation above Trenton June 2014 - May 2015



Data Source: NOAA/NWS

After July, most months (except October) experienced below normal rainfall.

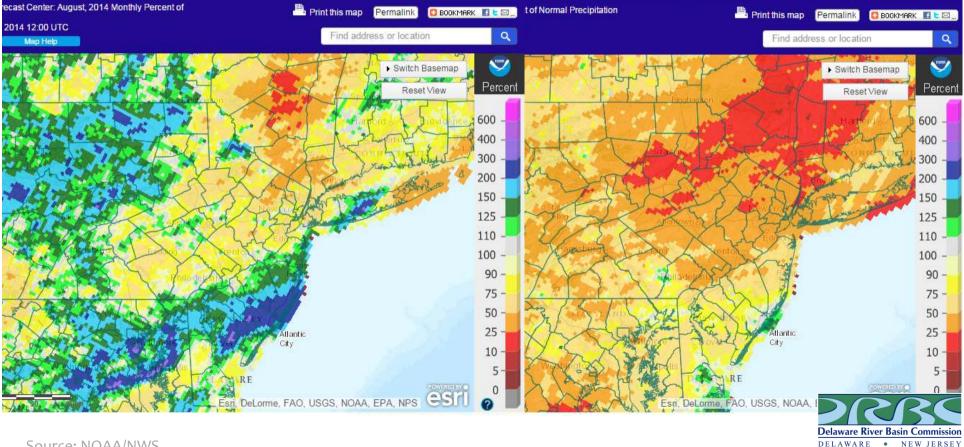


### **Precipitation Percent of Normal**

#### August - 2014

#### September - 2014

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Source: NOAA/NWS

## Flow Objectives

#### Water Released from NYC Reservoirs to meet Flow Objectives (MG)

Montague	Trenton	
54,424	3,190	
IERQ water used for Trenton		

19 days less than 1,700 cfs (accounts for balancing adjustment) Some during ice-affected period Water Released From Lower Basin Reservoirs to Meet Trenton Flow Objective (MG)

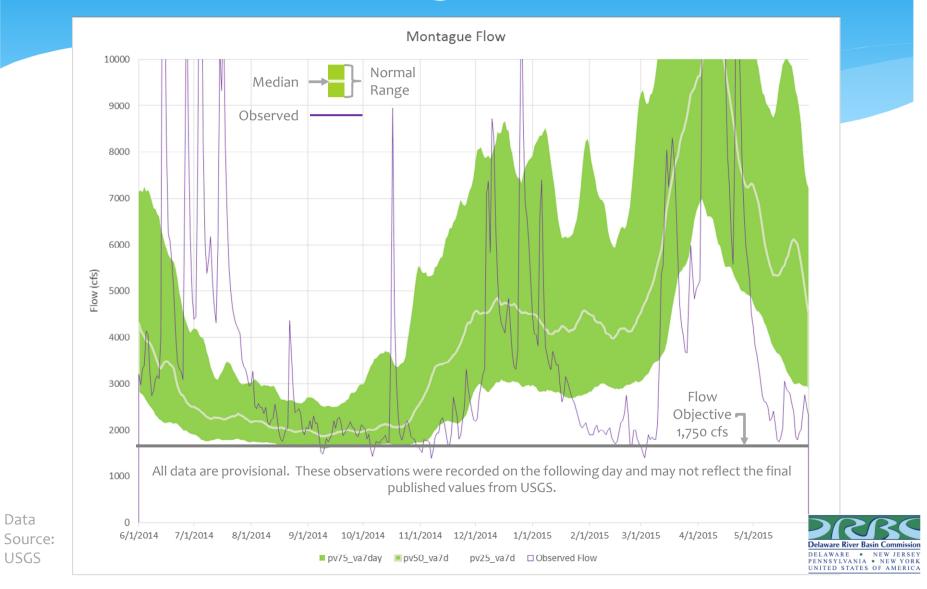
Beltzville	Blue Marsh	
3,690	582	
Water from DRBC Water Supply Storage		

12 days less than 3,000 cfs Some during ice-affected period

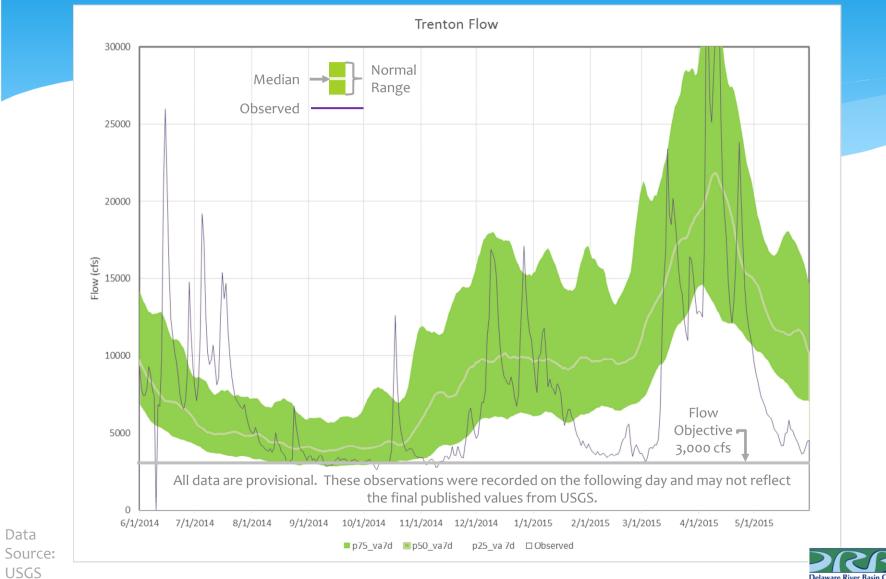
Challenges to meeting flow objectives include changes to weather predictions and power generation schedules.



## Montague Flow

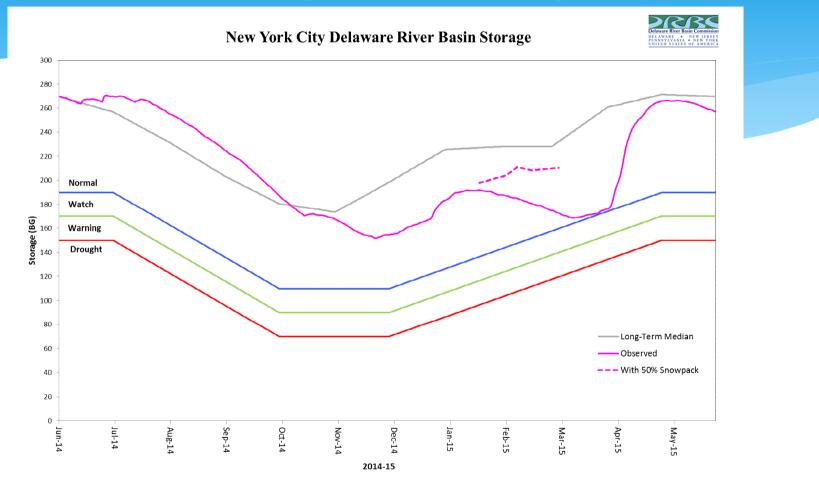


## **Trenton Flow**



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#### Potential Drought Warning Averted



Data Source: NYC Generated by DRBC

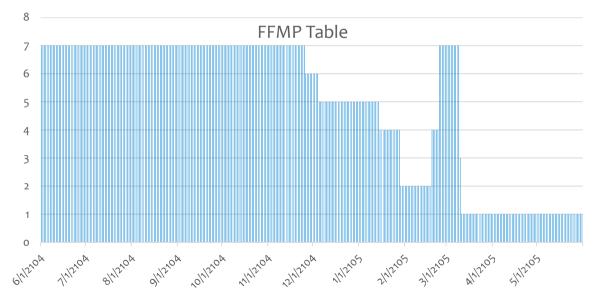
NYC-OST simulations indicated that, considering the snowpack, adjustments to diversions and changing the release table, entrance into drought warning could be averted and was.



### **Conservation Releases**

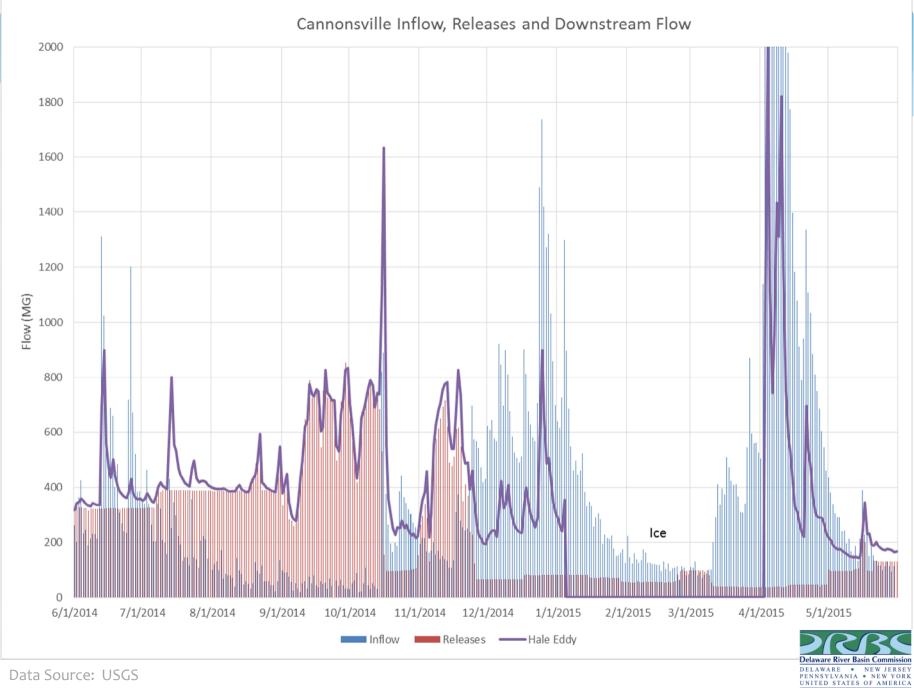
Volume of Conservation Releases (MG)					
	FFMP	REV1	Difference	Percent over REV1	Values are conservation releases only and do not
Cannonsville	58860	20655	38206	185%	include the volume of directed
Pepacton	29917	14554	15363	106%	releases.
Neversink	18186	8660	9526	110%	

<b>Release Tables</b>		
FFMP	Number of	
Table	Days	Percent
G	192	53%
F	9	2%
E	41	11%
D	19	5%
C	1	0%
В	21	6%
А	82	22%

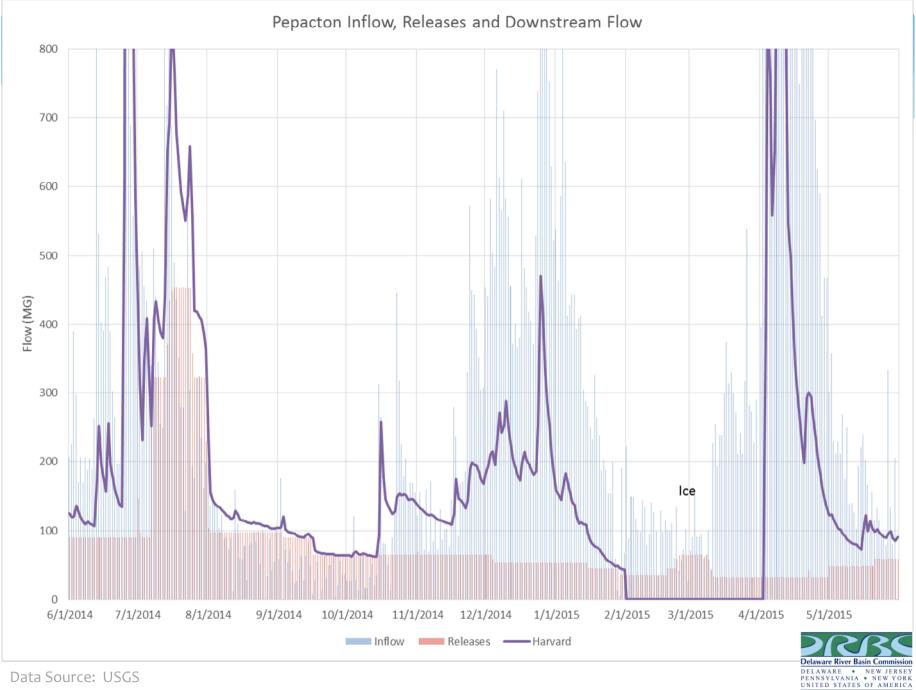




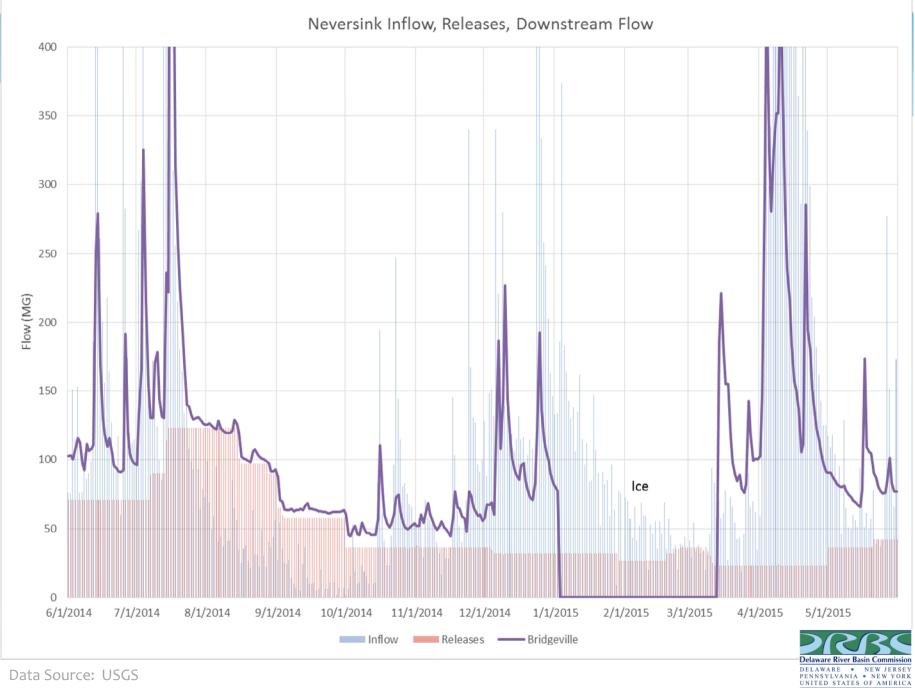
Raw Data Source: NYC Compiled by DRBC



Data Source: USGS

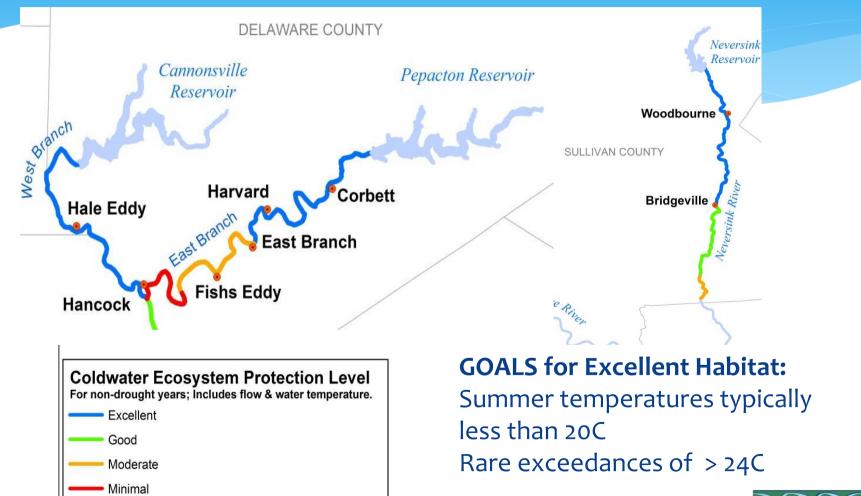


Data Source: USGS



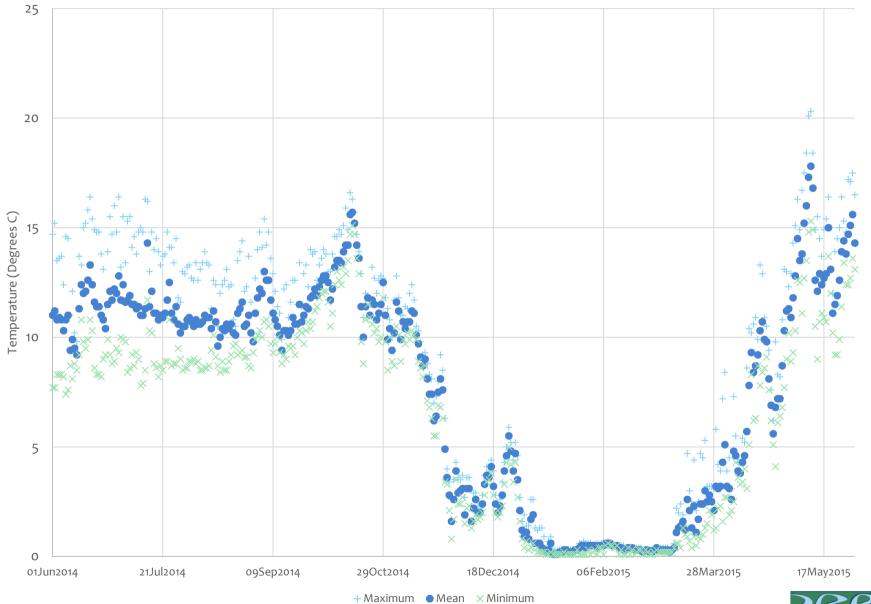
Data Source: USGS

#### Habitat Protection (temperature)



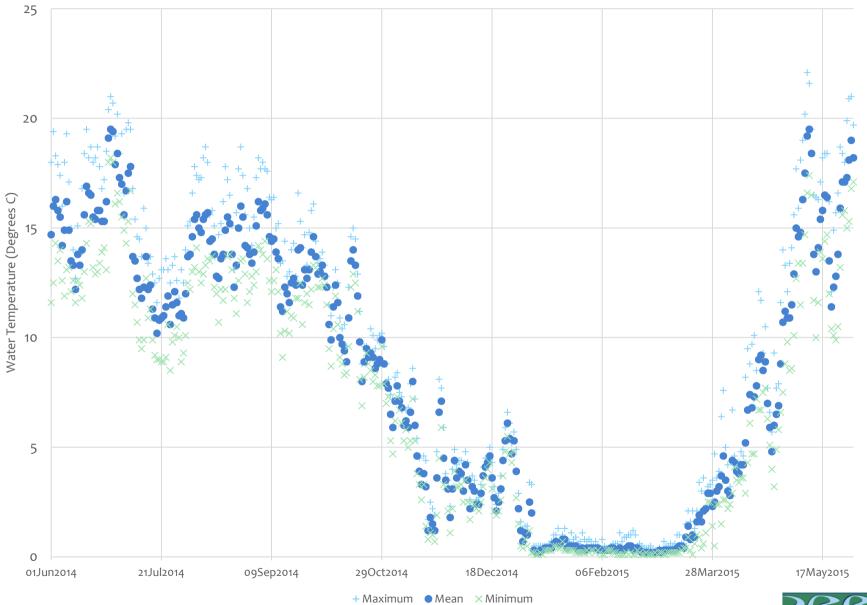


#### Temperature at Hale Eddy



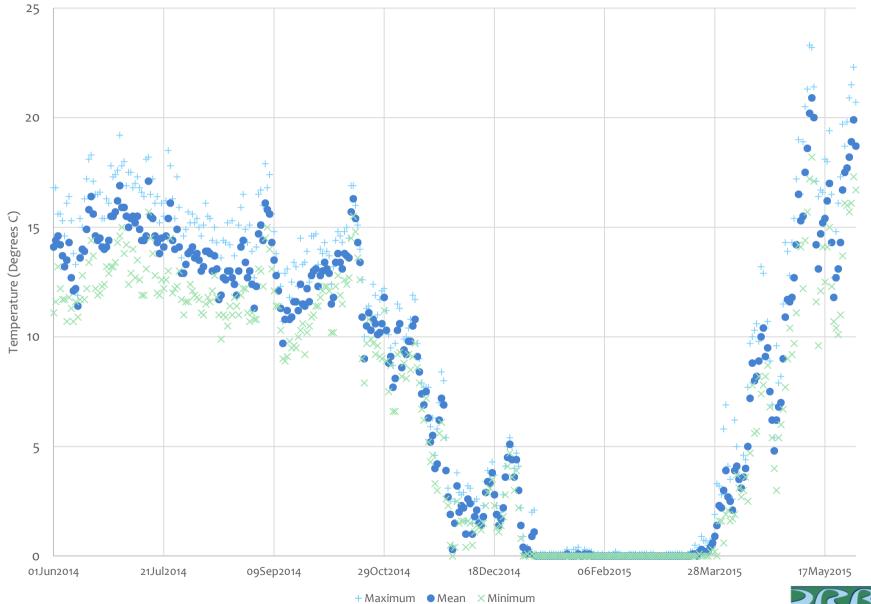


#### Temperature at Harvard



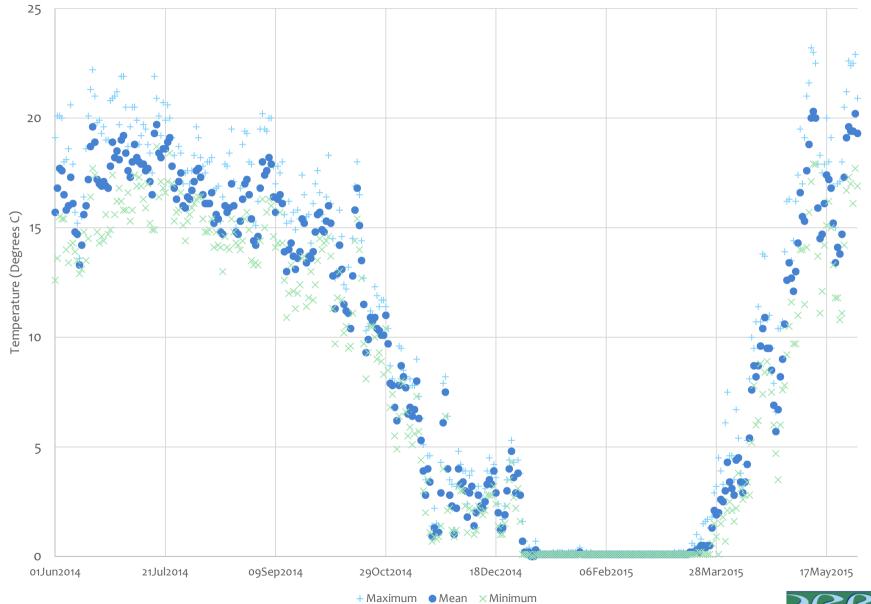


#### Temperature at Hancock



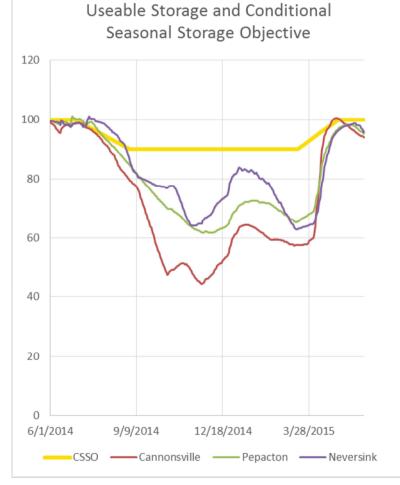


#### Temperature at Bridgeville





# **Discharge/Spill Mitigation**



	Spill Volume (MG)	Dates	Days
Cannonsville	407	4/24-5/2/2015	9
Pepacton	3597	6/25-7/7/2014	13
Neversink	1326	7/14-7/22/2014	9

	Water Released for Discharge Mitigation (MG)	Number of Days Above Conditional Seasonal Storage Objective
Cannonsville	23117	11
Pepacton	12503	34
Neversink	6311	45



Raw Data Source: NYC; Compiled by DRBC

### Summary

- Montague and Trenton flow objectives were met within operational constraints (weather forecasts, power generation)
- Drought averted through using OST diversion and release table adjustments
- Table 4g conservation releases (larger than REV1) were made through summer and fall
- \* Temperature goals met for tailwaters
- \* Storage was below the Conditional Seasonal Storage Objective (CSSO) for much of the year.

