### Delaware River Basin Commission

Contaminants of Emerging Concern in the Delaware River Basin

Ron MacGillivray, Ph.D.

Senior Environmental Toxicologist

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## Why was the DRBC created in 1961?

- Water supply shortages and disputes over the apportionment of the basin's waters;
- Severe pollution in the Delaware River and its major tributaries;
- Serious flooding





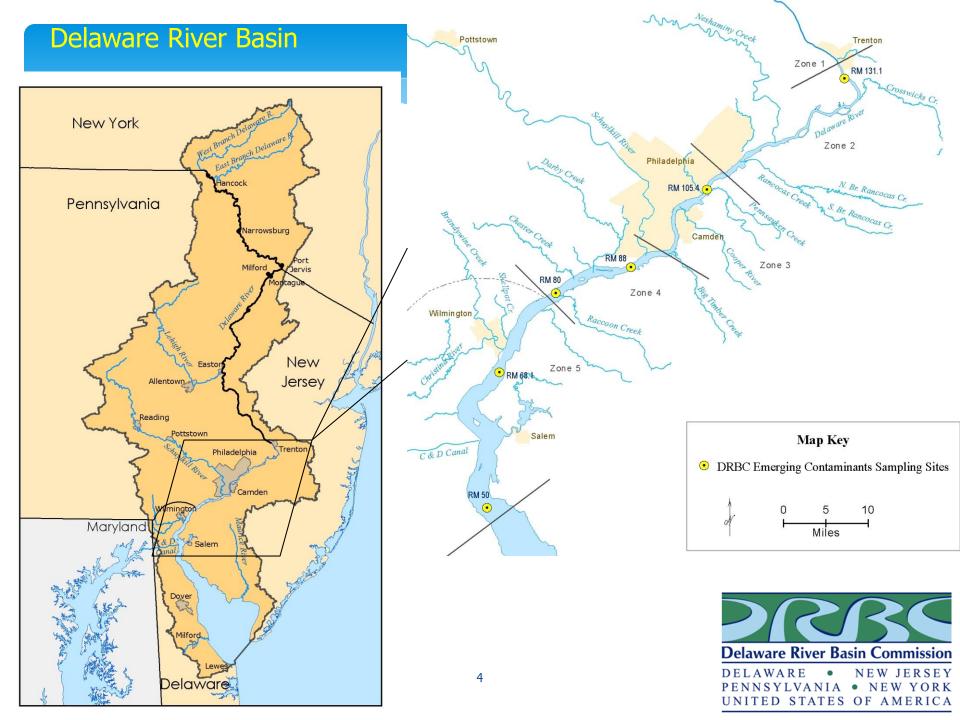
The 1937 Philadelphia Record editorial page cartoon depicts the time when the tidal Delaware was an open sewer, where pollution in some stretches robbed the river of all its oxygen needed to support fish and other aquatic life.

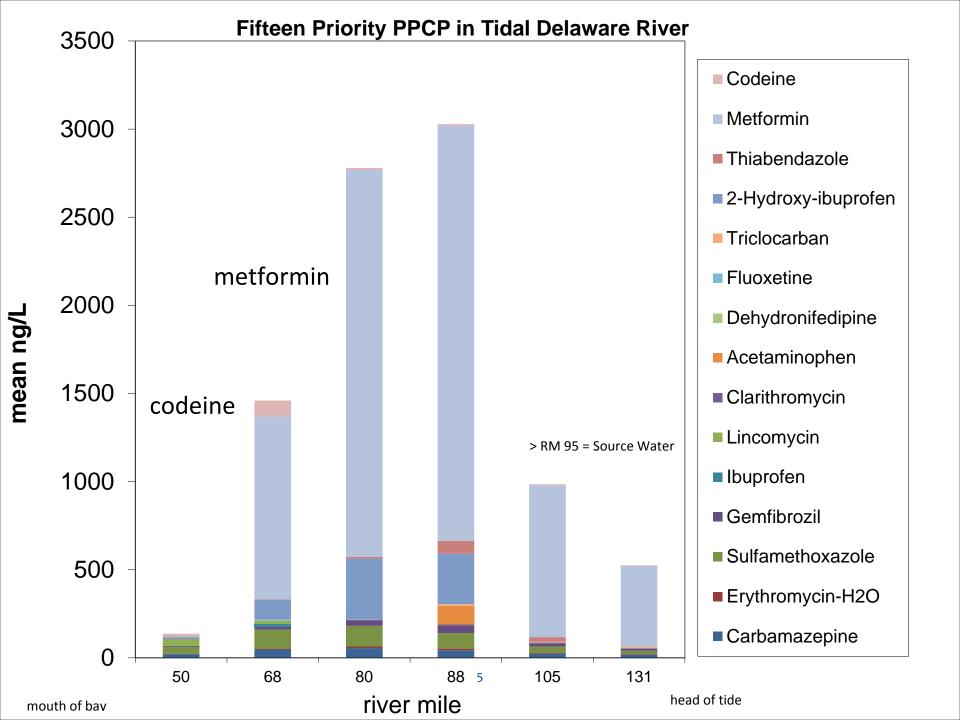
Five Equal Members:
Delaware
New Jersey
Pennsylvania
New York
Federal Government

# Current Water Quality Concerns Why are Pharmaceuticals and Personal Care Products (PPCP) of concern?

- \* Biological effects (diclofenac, triclocarban)
- Resistant to degradation (carbamazapine)
- \* Widespread and increasing use (ibuprofen, metformin)
- \* Wastewater treatment plants are not designed to remove (trimethoprim, erythromycin)
- \* Effects on aquatic life (hormone EE2)

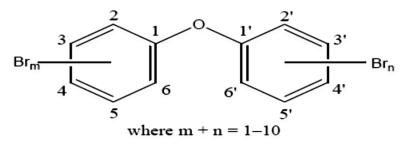






## Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE) Flame Retardants

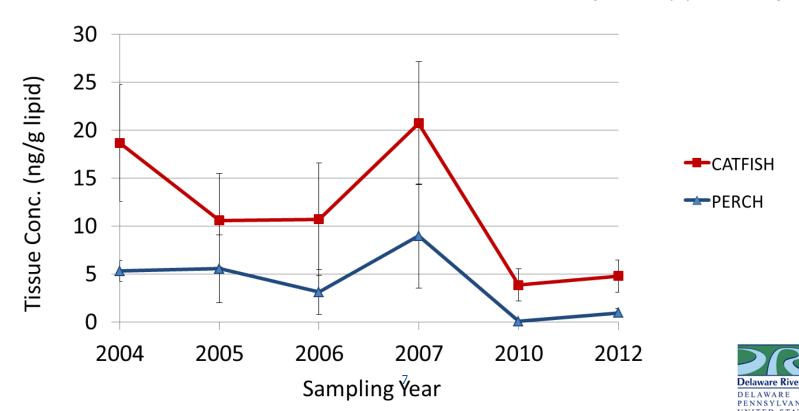
- \* Used in consumer products such as television casings and polyurethane foam inside furniture cushions.
- \* Indoor dust is believed to be the primary source of human exposure (~ 90%) but dietary exposure is also a concern
- \* PBDEs are characterized as persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic compounds.
- \* High PBDE levels in serum alter steroid hormones levels and thyroid function, motor and cognitive deficits in children





## Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE) Flame Retardants

Lipid normalized tissue concentrations of BDE 209 in catfish and perch by year sampled

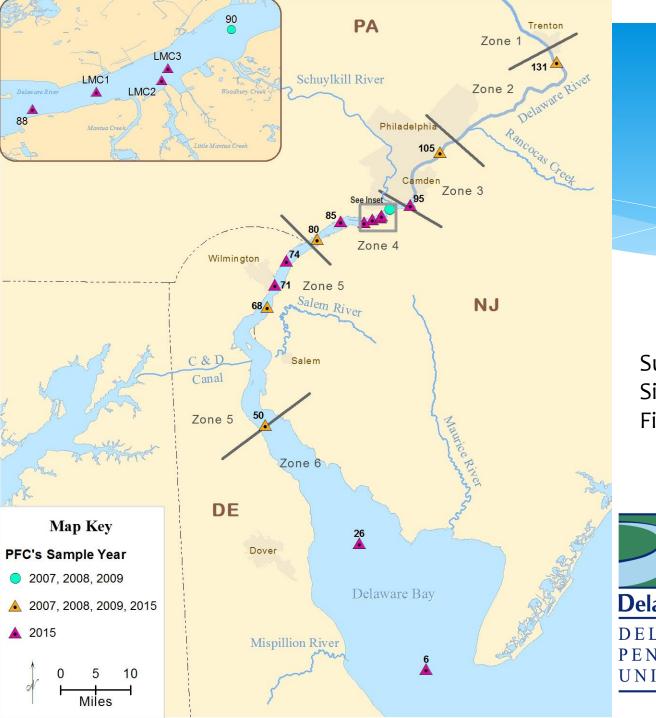


## Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

- \* Properties
- \* Uses
- \* Sources
- \* Stewardship
- \* Alternatives

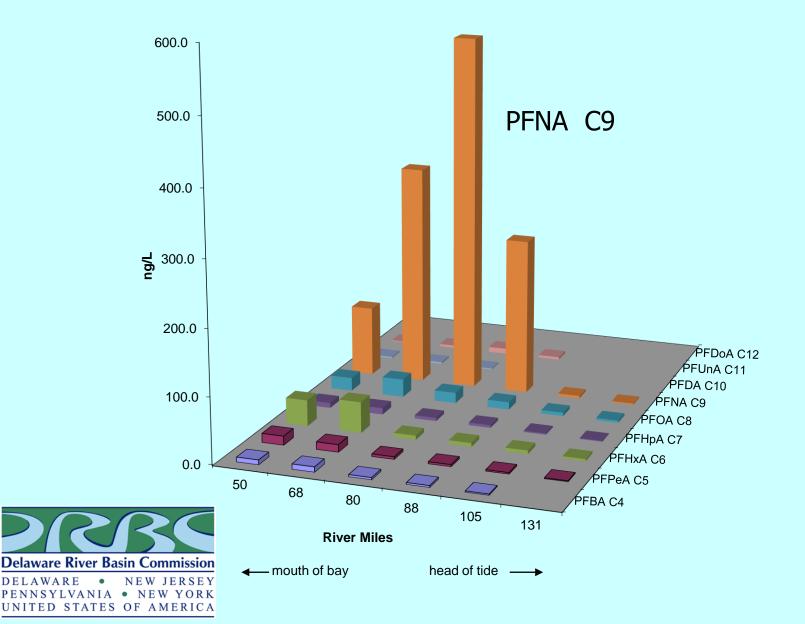
- \* Discharges
- \* Persistence
- \* Toxicity
- \* Bioaccumulation
- \* Sinks

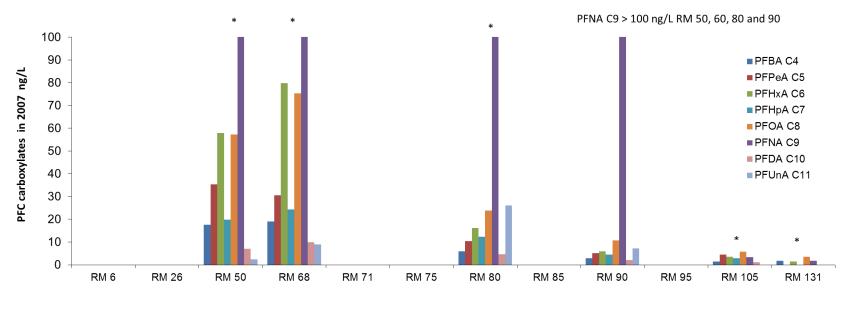


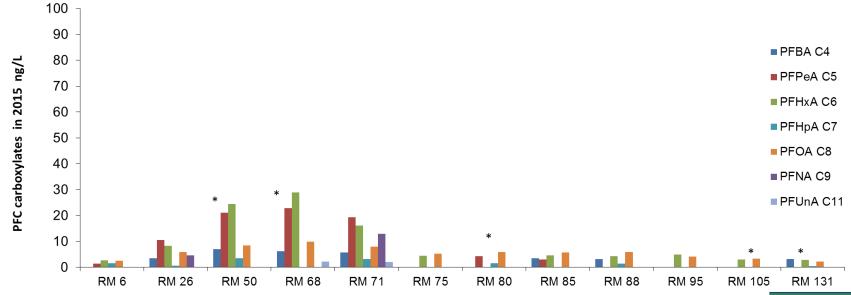


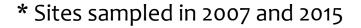
Surface Water Samples
Six sites in 2007, 2008, 2009
Fifteen sites in 2015



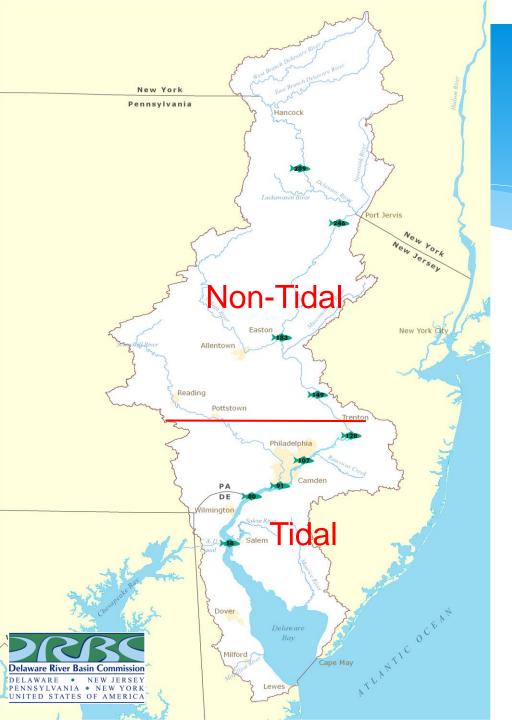












# Fish Sampling Locations 2004 - 2015

### Non-Tidal Locations

Narrowsburg, NY	RM 290
Milford, PA	RM 246
Easton, PA	RM 183
Lambertville, NJ	RM 149

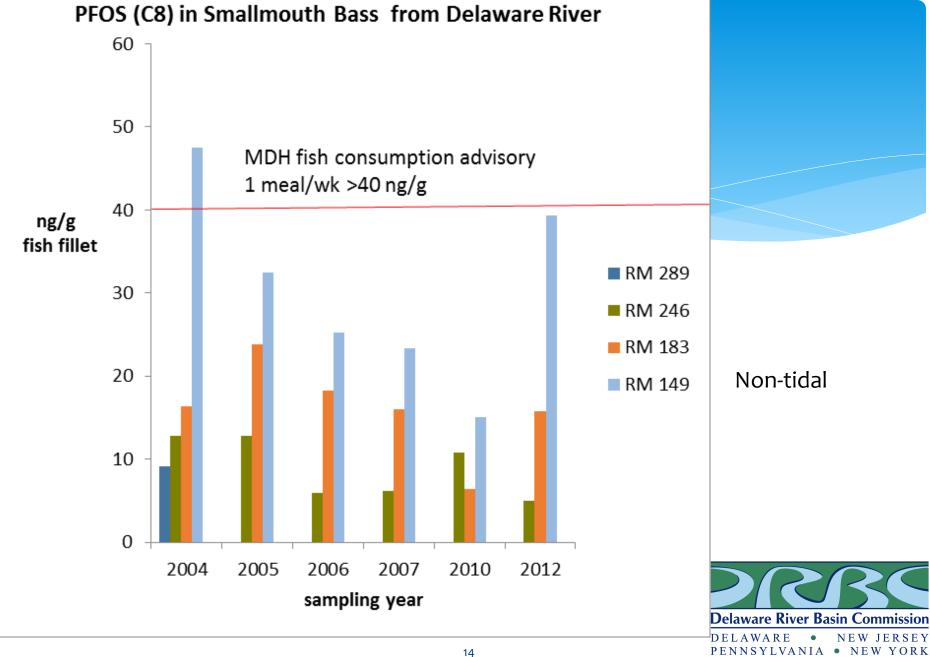
### **Tidal Locations**

Crosswicks Creek	RM	128
Tacony-Palymra Br.	RM	107
Woodbury Creek	RM	91
Raccoon Creek	RM	80
Salem River	RM	58

#### PFUnA (C11) in White Perch from Delaware Estuary 120 EDL <2.5 ng/g in 2004 to 2010 EDL < 0.5 ng/g in 2012100 80 ng/g ■ RM 58 fish fillet 60 ■ RM 80 ■ RM 91 40 RM 107 RM 128 20 0 2004 2005 2006 2007 2010 2012 sampling year







UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

### Summation

- Current assessment and regulatory approaches are inadequate for many compounds detected in waters.
- \* Some CEC may require regulation under the SDWA and CWA.
- \* Additional ecotoxicology information is needed for assessment of aquatic life and wildlife protection.



