

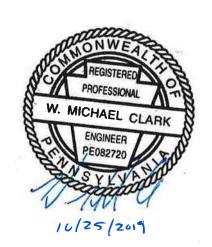


Mainline Block Valve (MLV) 6 Post Construction Stormwater Management Report

PennEast Pipeline Project

Date: October 2019

PennEast Pipeline Project 353754-MM-E-E-112 REV 1



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1 Executive Summary

PennEast proposes to construct, install and operate the Project facilities to provide approximately 1.1 million dekatherms per day (MMDth/d) of year-round transportation service from northern Pennsylvania to markets in New Jersey, eastern and southeastern Pennsylvania and surrounding states. The Project is designed to provide a long-term solution to bring the lowest cost natural gas available in the country, produced in the Marcellus Shale region in northern Pennsylvania, to homes and businesses in New Jersey, Pennsylvania and surrounding states.

The Project facilities include a 36-inch diameter, 115-mile mainline pipeline, extending from Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, to Mercer County, New Jersey. The Project will extend from various receipt point interconnections in the eastern Marcellus region, including interconnections with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Company, LLC (Transco) and gathering systems operated by Williams Partners L.P., Energy Transfer Partners, L.P. (formerly Regency Energy Partners, L.P.), and UGI Energy Services, LLC in Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, to various delivery point interconnections in the heart of major northeastern natural gas-consuming markets, including interconnections with UGI Central Penn Gas, Inc., (Blue Mountain) in Carbon County, Pennsylvania, UGI Utilities, Inc. and Columbia Gas Transmission, LLC in Northampton County, Pennsylvania, and Elizabethtown Gas, NRG REMA, LLC, Texas Eastern Transmission, LP (Texas Eastern) and Algonquin Gas Transmission, LLC (Algonquin) in Hunterdon County, New Jersey. The terminus of the proposed PennEast system will be located at a delivery point with Transco in Mercer County, New Jersey.

This report provides an engineering analysis of the stormwater management practices for the MLV-6 site, which is a part of the PennEast Pipeline Project. The methods of analysis included use of the stormwater modeling software Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc., Rational Method Calculations, and the associated PADEP BMP worksheets. The methods of analysis were used to demonstrate the meeting of the proposed requirements for the following facilities:

Infiltration trench

The resulting data for the stormwater facilities can be found in Section 4 and in the appendices. The completed model and worksheets show that the post-construction stormwater runoff does not exceed the pre-construction stormwater flows and that the volume requirements are met. The report shows that the proposed stormwater BMPs for the MLV-6 site for the PennEast pipeline will allow the proposed project to comply with the applicable regulatory requirements under Pennsylvania Code Section 102.8, and the applicable Act 167 requirements.

2 Introduction/Overview

The PennEast Pipeline Project was developed in response to market demands in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and interest from shippers that require transportation capacity to accommodate increased demand and greater reliability of natural gas in the region. The Project will include a new pipeline and above ground facilities that will provide a new source of natural gas supply from the Marcellus Shale producing region to New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

The Mainline Block Valve (MLV) 6 site is located in Moore Township in Northampton County, PA. (See Figure 1 for a Location Map and Appendix I for PCSM Plan). The MLV 6 site is being developed as a mainline valve site that will include: the mainline piping (located below grade), the mainline valve (located below grade), the actuator for the mainline valve, two risers with blow off piping, bypass piping between the blow offs, and a RTU panel with communications capabilities. The mainline valve setting will be used to isolate sections of the mainline for operational maintenance, pressure testing, and other tasks associated with the operation of the system. The proposed site will include the block valve and supporting equipment on a gravel pad. Stormwater management facilities are proposed to meet the regulatory requirements for this type of development.

3 Regulatory Compliance

Regulatory jurisdiction over stormwater runoff from the site is the responsibility of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP), under Title 25 – Environmental Protection, Chapter 102 Erosion and Sediment Control, Section 102.8 – Post-Construction Stormwater Requirements. This Post-Construction Stormwater Management Plan fulfills part of the requirements of the Erosion and Sediment Control General Permit (ESCGP-3).

The following paragraphs present each requirement of Pennsylvania Code Section 102.8, incorporating the requirements of Act 167 where applicable, and indicates how they will be addressed. Regulatory requirements are shown in **bold**, and the compliance method is shown in *italics*.

3.1 Post-Construction Stormwater Management Plan General Requirements

(b) General PCSM planning and design. The management of post construction stormwater shall be planned and conducted to the extent practicable in accordance with the following:

This site is subject to the requirements of the Northampton County Act 167 Watershed Management Plan, which imposes stricter requirements than item (g)(2) of Pennsylvania Code Section 102.8. Volume control must be provided as the larger of the difference between the post-development and pre-development 2-year runoff volume, or 1.25 inches of runoff of precipitation over the site area based on the Rational Method. The post development peak runoff rate must not exceed pre-development peak runoff rate under any storm condition. Volume and peak flow requirements of the Act 167 Plan have been met, with the objective to preserve the integrity of stream channels and the receiving stream. The site is not under the requirements of the Lehigh Valley Planning Commission Act 167 Stormwater Management Plan as it is less than 10,000 SF in disturbance.

(1) Preserve the integrity of stream channels and maintain and protect the physical, biological and chemical qualities of the receiving stream.

One of the objectives in minimizing changes in runoff volume and rate of runoff flow is to preserve the integrity of stream channels and any receiving streams. There are no stream channels within 150 feet of the site. Under existing conditions, runoff drains overland across the site in the southwest direction. Under proposed conditions, the site runoff will be conveyed overland to and through an inlet to the subsurface infiltration trench within the site. It will be attenuated and then discharged out an inlet in order to preserve existing drainage patterns and preserve the integrity of the receiving watercourse.

The project will eliminate the net change in stormwater volume, rate and quality for stormwater events up to and including the 2-year/24-hour storm. The project will use various structural and non-structural BMPs to meet the water quantity and quality requirements. The peak runoffs will be attenuated with an infiltration trench. The stormwater will be routed through structural and non-structural BMPs and discharged overland towards the stream which is greater than 150' away from the site. Therefore, the project falls into the definition of a non-discharge alternative. See Section 4 for compliance calculations and descriptions.

(2) Prevent an increase in the rate of stormwater runoff.

Increases in the rate of stormwater runoff are not anticipated. Stormwater management will be provided by an infiltration trench and vegetated swale to attenuate peaks in post-development runoff. See Table 1.

(3) Minimize any increase in stormwater runoff volume.

Increases in stormwater runoff volume up to and including the 2-year storm or 1.25 inches of precipitation over the site area based on the Rational Method are not anticipated. Stormwater management will be provided with an infiltration trench to provide storage and infiltration volume of post-development runoff of the greater requirement. See Table 2.

(4) Minimize impervious areas.

The site has been designed to minimize the area of disturbance, which minimizes impervious areas. Gravel is proposed in lieu of asphalt, and areas that are not gravel will be vegetated. Of the 50' x 50' site area, only a smaller 30' x 30' gravel area is proposed in lieu of asphalt, and areas that are not gravel will be vegetated. Site area outside of the gravel area above the infiltration trench will be maintained as meadow. A portion of the gravel driveway has been raised above existing grade so that off-site and onsite water can be collected and diverted to the inlet in the driveway. The remaining portion of the driveway has been left at grade to allow offsite drainage to bypass the system. Given the limited site traffic (several vehicles a week), and the fact that equipment will block vehicular access to parts of the site, it is anticipated that the gravel in these areas will remain pervious, however, for the gravel driveways and 10' drive isle in the pad are considered impervious in this analysis for regulatory purposes. The remaining gravel area has been considered pervious and will not be compacted by vehicular traffic. Concrete barriers will be installed to prevent compaction of gravel in these areas. The extents of the pad have been restricted to be minimum necessary for safe and effective operation of the station.

(5) Maximize the protection of existing drainage features and existing vegetation.

Existing drainage features and vegetation have been preserved and protected to the greatest extent practicable, by limiting disturbances and limiting the extents of the project area to the minimum necessary to accomplish the project objectives.

(6) Minimize land clearing and grading.

The site layout has been designed to minimize the area of disturbance, which minimizes land clearing and grading.

(7) Minimize soil compaction.

The site has been designed to minimize the area of disturbance, which minimizes soil compaction. Heavy construction equipment will be restricted to access roads, designated laydown areas and localized work areas. Areas to be used for PCSM BMPs will be clearly identified during construction, and the contractor will be required to prevent compaction of soils in areas that are occupied or to be occupied by PCSM BMPs.

(8) Utilize other structural or nonstructural BMPs that prevent or minimize changes in stormwater runoff.

Gravel is proposed instead of asphalt in order to minimize any increase in the rate or volume of stormwater runoff from the site, and an infiltration trench south of the pad site (BMP) is utilized to minimize any remaining changes in stormwater runoff from pre-development to post-development.

3.1.1 Fifteen Factors of the Post-Construction Stormwater Management Plan

- (f) PCSM Plan contents. The PCSM Plan must contain drawings and a narrative consistent with the requirements of this chapter. The PCSM Plan shall be designed to minimize the threat to human health, safety and the environment to the greatest extent practicable. PCSM Plans must contain at a minimum the following:
 - (1) The existing topographic features of the project site and the immediate surrounding area.

The proposed MLV 6 site is located in Moore Township, in Northampton County, Pennsylvania.

The drainage area of the project site is 1.10 acres, with existing slope of approximately 0%-8%. The site generally drains from northeast to southwest and eventually discharges to Hokendauqua Creek. See Existing Conditions figure in Appendix E for site topographic information.

(2) The types, depth, slope, locations and limitations of the soils and geologic formations.

The MLV 6 site lies within the Graywacke shale of the Martinsburg formation, according to the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (PADCNR). The graywacke and shale of the Martinsburg Formation consists of many beds of brown-weathering, medium-grained, impure sandstone and graywacke containing shale and siltstone interbeds. Its thickness is unknown.

Although the proposed MLV site falls within the approximate outlines of Martinsburg Formation, it is possible that other formations or rock types could occur in the vicinity of the valve, due to the approximate nature of USGS maps.

Based on the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey, the surficial geology within the area of interest consists heavily of Bedington-Berks complex and Berks-Weikert Complex.. The excerpt in Appendix C from Table E.1 in the PADEP Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Program Manual lists the limitations of Bedington-Berks complex and Berks-Weikert Complex.

The Bedington-Berks complex is mapped as roughly 20.0% clay, 53.5% silt, and 26.5% sand. It is well drained and generally consists of slopes ranging from 3%-8%. It is a part of the group a Hydrologic Soil Group A. The Berks-Weikert complex with 0% to 3% slope consists of 20.8% clay, 44.0% silt, and 35.2% sand. The Berks-Weikert complex with 3% to 8% slope consists of 16.0% clay, 42.0% silt, and 42.0% sand. It is well drained and generally has slopes on site ranging from 0%-8%.Berks-Weikert complex is classified as Group B.

(3) These limitations will be addressed through site specific testing for infiltration rates, which will serve as the basis of design for stormwater BMPs. The characteristics of the project site, including the past, present and proposed land uses and the proposed alteration to the project site.

Aerial images from 1992 depict the MLV 6 site and its surroundings as an agricultural field and as time as went on, the field was abandoned and natural vegetation grew in. There are no known wetlands located within the proposed MLV 6 site. The proposed site location exists presently as farmland and is served by E. Walker Rd. The runoff rate under the existing conditions was calculated for MLV 6 based on this site land use.

The project proposes to construct a valve access area on approximately 0.04 acres of gravel. The site will drain from northeast to southwest. The infiltration trench and vegetated swale will be installed to comply with regulatory stormwater requirements.

(4) An identification of the net change in volume and rate of stormwater from preconstruction hydrology to post construction hydrology for the entire project site and each drainage area.

See Section 4 of this report for details on net change in volume and rate of stormwater runoff from pre-construction to post construction.

The summary of these net changes is provided in Tables 1 and 2.

Infiltration volume is provided to offset the change in runoff volume for up to the 2-year storm, and peak runoff rate does not exceed pre-construction rates (see column 'Maximum Allowable Proposed Peak') under the 2-, 10-, 50-, and 100-year/24-hour storm events.

			,	
Recurrence Interval (yrs)	Existing Conditions Q (cfs) Maximum Allowable Proposed Peak Flow (cfs)		Proposed Q (cfs)	Proposed Less than Allowable? (Y/N)
1	0.058	0.058	0.052	Yes
2	0.212	0.212	0.081	Yes
5	0.589	0.589	0.173	Yes
10	1.006	1.006	0.283	Yes
25	1.741	1.741	0.492	Yes
50	2.478	2.478	1.951	Yes
100	3.380	3.380	3.338	Yes

Table 1: Peak Flow Summary

Table 2: Total Volume Summary

Recurrence Interval (yrs)	Existing Volume (cf)	Proposed Unmitigated Volume from Model (cf)	Difference between Proposed and Existing (cf)	Proposed Trench Infiltration Capacity (cf)	Adequate Infiltration Volume? (Y/N)
1	494	701	208	661	Yes
2	955	1,200	246	1,148	Yes
ACT 167 2" Capture			290	1,148	Yes

(5) An identification of the location of surface waters of this Commonwealth, which may receive runoff within or from the project site and their classification under Chapter 93 (relating to water quality standards).

The site drains to Hokendauqua Creek, which drains to the Lehigh River. Chapter 93.9d from the Pennsylvania Code indicates that Hokendauqua Creek is classified as "CWF, MF" and there are no exceptions to specific criteria. CWF (cold-water fishes) indicates the maintenance or propagation, or both, of fish species and additional flora and fauna which are indigenous to a cold-water habitat. MF (migratory fishes) indicates the passage, maintenance and propagation of anadromous and catadromous fishes and other fishes which move to or from flowing waters to complete their life cycle in other waters.

The project is not located within 150 feet of a perennial or intermittent river, stream, or creek, or lake, pond or reservoir in a watershed of Exceptional Value or High Quality. Therefore a riparian forest buffer management plan is not required.

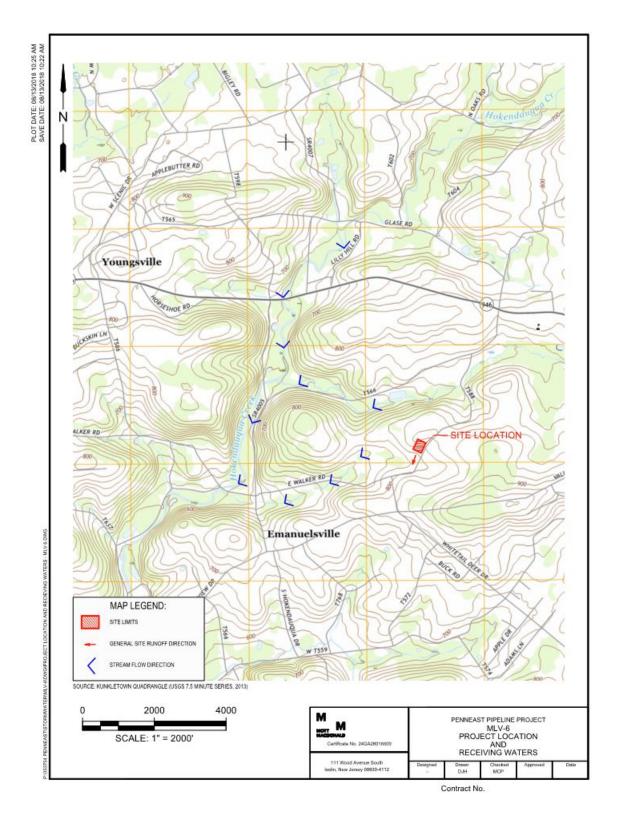


Figure 1: USGS Map showing project site and flow path to receiving waters

(6) A written description of the location and type of PCSM BMPs including construction details for permanent stormwater BMPs including permanent stabilization specifications and locations.

BMPs have been designed according to the recommendations set out in the Pennsylvania Stormwater BMP Manual, as follows:

Infiltration Trench: An infiltration trench will be constructed at the south side within location of the gravel area of the site, in order to temporarily store and infiltrate stormwater runoff. The trench temporarily stores the runoff to attenuate peak flows. The trench bottom will have an approximate base area of 1600 square feet. The trench will consist of perforated pipe and stone. The infiltration trench will be constructed on uncompacted subgrade.

As per discussions with PA DEP, areas receiving pre-treatment by passing through other BMPs such as hydrodynamic separators or a vegetated swale may be factored out of the loading ratios. In this case, a portion of the influent to the infiltration area will pass through a vegetated swale which will provide pre-treatment. The recommended guideline in the PA BMP Manual is Impervious Loading Ratio of 5:1 and Total Loading Ratio of 8:1, which are achieved, see Table 3. It is also noted that the hydrologic calculations on Section 4 demonstrate that the trench performance requirements are met. Very little sediment load is anticipated as the site sees minimal vehicular traffic. Properly implemented inspection and maintenance practices will verify the trench's performance.

ID	FLOOR AREA (ACRES)	TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA (ACRES)	INFLUENT IMPERVIOUS AREA (ACRES)	EFFECTIVE LOADING RATIO BASED ON INFLUENT TOTAL AREA	EFFECTIVE LOADING RATIO BASED ON INFLUENT IMPERVIOUS AREA
TRENCH	0.037	0.30	0.007	8	1
SWALE	0.007	0.544	0.000	77.7	0

Table 3: Trench Loading Ratios

The proposed stormwater swale is not to be used for water quality purposes. The swale is used for conveyance to direct offsite stormwater to the proposed infiltration trench. Undisturbed drainage area is composed of meadow areas and it is not expected to have large amounts of runoff directed to it.

In addition to structural BMPs, the follow non-structural PCSM BMPs are employed on the site:

- The site has been designed to minimize the area of disturbance, which minimizes impervious areas, and the extents of the gravel pad have been restricted to be minimum necessary for safe, effective operation of the station. Gravel was selected in lieu of asphalt for the pad area, the extents of the gravel were limited where possible to align with BMPs 5.7 – Reduce Impervious Cover.
- Existing drainage features and vegetated areas (forests and open space) have been preserved where possible and protected to the greatest extent practicable. By maintaining natural cover, runoff volume and peak flow increases are mitigated. Grading has been minimized, as previously discussed in accordance with BMP 5.6.1 Minimized Total Disturbed Area – Grading.
- In accordance with BMP 5.6.2 Minimized Soil Compaction in Disturbed Areas, the site has been designed to minimize the area of disturbance, which minimizes soil compaction. Care will be taken to prevent the use of heavy machinery on stormwater BMPs and on areas of the site not being developed; the contractor will be required to prevent compaction of soils in areas that are occupied or to be occupied by PCSM BMPs.

See the Post-Construction Stormwater Management Plan drawing for location of infiltration trench on site and construction details of infiltration trench, vegetated swale, outlet control structure, and inlet.

(7) A sequence of PCSM BMP implementation or installation in relation to earth disturbance activities of the project site and a schedule of inspections for critical stages of PCSM BMP installation.

BMP construction and inspections will be performed based on recommendations from the Pennsylvania Stormwater BMP Manual. The overall sequence of BMP construction is as follows:

- At least seven (7) days before starting any earth disturbance activities, the owner and/or operator shall notify the PADEP by either telephone or certified mail of the intent to commence earth disturbance activities. Attendance at a pre-construction conference is required upon request of the PADEP.
- At least three (3) days before starting any earth disturbance activities, the contractors involved in those activities shall notify the Pennsylvania One Call system at 1-800-242-1776 to determine the location of existing underground utilities.
- Install the rock construction entrance.
- Confirm compost filter sock placement downslope of any proposed disturbed/excavated area and stockpiles. Confirm Temporary waterbar installed during mainline construction. Repair as needed.
- 5. Perform clearing and grubbing to those areas described in each stage of work. Remove excess topsoil from the Limits of Disturbance and stockpile off-site. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that any off-site waste areas have an E&SC plan approved by the local conservation district or PADEP prior to being activated. Snow fencing shall be installed to prevent compaction of infiltration areas.
- 6. The stone base and sub-surface infiltration facility shall be installed, care shall be taken to prevent sediment laden runoff from entering the stone infiltration base. The Engineer shall inspect the sub-surface infiltration facility prior to backfilling around it.
- 7. Perform grading activities detailed by proposed grading, notes, and details shown on the plan drawings. Per project specifications, additional temporary placement of compost filter sock may be necessary at the contractor's discretion, should accelerated erosion be observed during grading activities. Install subsurface stormwater infiltration system during bulk filling operations.
- 8. Construct pad and facilities according to specifications within these plan sheets including stabilization measures. Grades will be left 1 foot below catch trench inlet grate elevations to prevent silt-laden stormwater runoff from entering the subsurface piping. Once the site has been stabilized, grading shall be brought to final elevations.
- 9. All areas with minor soil compaction shall be ripped to a depth of 8", and areas of major compaction shall be ripped to a depth of 20". Ripped soil shall be rototilled. No ripping shall take place in the vicinity of the mainline piping or other underground utilities.
- Place topsoil in the areas to be vegetated.
- 11. Apply seed and mulch to disturbed areas as specified and in accordance with this plan.

- 12. Any temporary measures (such as compost filter sock, collection channel, riprap aprons, etc.) installed by contractor during grading shall remain in place until final stabilization has occurred with a minimum uniform 70% perennial vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover, with a density sufficient to resist accelerated surface erosion and subsurface characteristics sufficient to resist sliding and other movements. The Engineer shall inspect final stabilization prior to removal of temporary measures.
- 13. Clean work area of any debris created during the construction sequence.

Vegetated Swales: Vegetated swales will be installed will be installed as described in the overall sequence above. This applies to the area northwest of the pad where a swale is designed to divert flow to the inlet. The contractor will be required to prevent the compaction of soils in areas that are occupied or to be occupied by PCSM BMPs. The swales will be rough graded, then fine graded, seeded and vegetated added, and protective lining will be installed. The swales will be inspected after each rainfall between rough grading and fine grading for sediment accumulation, erosion or obstructions. Vegetation will be established as soon as possible to prevent erosion and scour. Once the tributary areas are sufficiently stabilized, temporary erosion and sediment controls will be removed. Immediately following site construction, the swales will be inspected to verify that runoff conveyance capacity meets the design capacity. If not, they will be regraded and reseeded and any damaged areas will be fully restored to verify functionality.

Infiltration trench: The infiltration trench will be installed per the overall construction sequence above. Prior to construction, the area of the sub-surface infiltration trench will be protected from compaction by installing orange safety fencing that will be used to protect the area throughout the project. The sub-surface infiltration trench will be installed early in the project as the trench invert is approximately at existing grade. As the equipment pad is brought to final grade, the sub-surface infiltration facility will be buried providing protection from compaction.

The infiltration trench will not be put into service until stabilization of disturbed areas is complete to prevent sedimentation and/or damage from construction activity. Erosion and Sediment Control Measures will be installed as required during construction (refer to ESC Plan).

After completion of construction on site, the trench will be inspected after rainfall events to verify that runoff drains within 72 hours. The trench will also be inspected for accumulation of construction sediment, damage to outlet control structures, erosion control measures and signs of water contamination/spills. At this time, accumulated sediment will be removed from the trench if required.

(8) Supporting calculations.

See Appendix B for supporting calculations for hydraulic analysis and BMP design.

(9) Plan drawings.

See Post-Construction Stormwater Management Plan drawings in Appendix.

(10) A long-term operation and maintenance schedule, which provides for inspection of PCSM BMPs, including the repair, replacement, or other routine maintenance of the PCSM BMPs to ensure proper function and operation. The program must provide for completion of a written report documenting each inspection and all BMP repair and maintenance activities and how access to the PCSM BMPs will be provided.

A maintenance program that provides for routine inspection, as well as repair and replacement as necessary, is essential to effective and efficient operation of the proposed stormwater BMPs. Implementation of the following maintenance plan is a key component in achieving the intent of this PCSM Plan and minimizing negative impacts of stormwater runoff from the proposed facilities. The

permittee and any co-permittees shall be responsible for long-term operation and maintenance of the stormwater BMPs unless a different person is identified in the Notice of Termination and has agreed to long-term operation and maintenance of the stormwater BMPs. A formal long-term operation and maintenance plan will be provided in subsequent stages of the undertaking, outlining additional details of maintenance schedules, procedures and reporting requirements.

PennEast will be responsible for the proper construction, stabilization, and maintenance of erosion and sediment controls and post-construction stormwater management facilities which include the vegetated areas. Vegetated areas will be inspected for erosion, distressed vegetation and bare ground. General maintenance will include the regular removal of debris and litter to help prevent possible damage to vegetated areas. Growth of woody vegetation will be controlled by mowing (approximately two times per year) and clearing as appropriate.

Swales:

- Maintenance activities to be performed annually and within 48 hours after every major storm event
- (> 1 inch rainfall depth).
 - Inspect and correct erosion problems, damage to vegetation, and sediment and debris accumulation (address when > 3 inches at any spot or covering vegetation).
 - Inspect vegetation on side slopes for erosion and formation of rills or gullies, correct as needed.
 - Inspect for pools of standing water; dewater and discharge to an approved location and restore to design grade.
 - Mow and trim vegetation to provide safety, aesthetics, proper swale operation, or to suppress weeds and invasive vegetation; dispose of cuttings in a local composting facility; mow only when swale is dry to avoid rutting.
 - Inspect for litter; remove prior to mowing.
 - Inspect for uniformity in cross-section and longitudinal slope, correct as needed.
 - Inspect swale inlet (curb cuts, pipes, etc.) and outlet for signs of erosion or blockage, correct as needed.

Maintenance activities to be performed as needed:

- Plant alternative grass species: Standard Upland ROW, Residential, Clover/Food Plot with ROW as listed in the E&S site restoration plans in the event of unsuccessful establishment
- Reseed bare areas; install appropriate erosion control measures when native soil is exposed, or erosion channels are forming.
- Rototill and replant swale if draw down time is more than 48 hours.
- Inspect and correct check dams when signs of altered water flow (channelization, obstructions, erosion, etc.) are identified.
- Water during dry periods, fertilize, and apply pesticide only when absolutely necessary.

Maintenance under winter conditions:

- Inspect swale immediately after the spring melt, remove residuals (e.g. sand) and replace damaged vegetation without disturbing remaining vegetation.
- If roadside or parking lot runoff is directed to the swale, mulching and/or soil aeration/manipulation may be required in the spring to restore soil structure and moisture capacity and to reduce the impacts of de-icing agents.
- Use nontoxic, organic de-icing agents, applied either as blended, magnesium chloride-based liquid products or as pretreated salt.
- Use salt-tolerant vegetation in swales.

Infiltration trench:

- Inlet will be inspected and cleaned at least two times per year and after runoff events (> 1 inch rainfall depth).
- The trench will be inspected after runoff events to make sure that runoff drains down within 72 hours. The trench will also be inspected for accumulation of sediment, damage to outlet control structures, erosion control measures, signs of water contamination/spills, and slope stability in the berms. Accumulated sediment will be removed from the trench as required, and sediment will be properly disposed of.
- (11)Procedures which ensure that the proper measures for recycling or disposal of materials associated with or from the PCSM BMPs are in accordance with Department laws, regulations and requirements.

The responsible party (construction contractor) for earth disturbance activities must verify that proper mechanisms are in place to control waste materials. Construction wastes include, but are not limited to, excess soil materials, damaged netting or matting, sanitary wastes, and general trash that could adversely affect or impact water quality. Measures for housekeeping of the site, materials management, and litter control should be planned and implemented throughout the life of the project. Wherever possible, recycling of excess materials is preferred, rather than disposal.

The contractor/operator will remove, recycle or dispose from the site any excess construction materials and wastes in accordance with Pennsylvania's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 PA. Code 260.1 et seq., 271.1 et seq. The contractor/operator will not illegally bury, dump, or discharge any building material or wastes at the site.

Sediment removed from erosion control measures or facilities and other soils deemed unsuitable for use as fill shall be stabilized and disposed of offsite at a licensed disposal facility. Offsite disposal must comply with local, county, state and federal rules, regulations, and laws.

(12) An identification of naturally occurring geologic formations or soil conditions that may have the potential to cause pollution after earth disturbance activities are completed and PCSM BMPs are operational and development of a management plan to avoid or minimize potential pollution and its impacts.

Based on NRCS Web Soil Survey, the existing soils have a soil reaction of acidity or alkalinity (pH levels) of approximately 4.4. Upon review of PADCNR's "Geologic Units Containing Potentially Significant Acid-Producing Sulfide Minerals" map, this station site does not lie in a known region containing acid-producing soils.

(13) An identification of potential thermal impacts from post construction stormwater to surface waters of this Commonwealth including BMPs to avoid, minimize or mitigate potential pollution from thermal impacts.

Infiltration of runoff collected in the trench will mitigate thermal impacts from post construction stormwater. Because the infiltration trench is sub-surface it will further mitigate thermal impacts. It is not expected that runoff collected in the trench and discharged overland to the receiving water will be retained in the trench for more than 24 hours, thus providing additional mitigation of potential thermal impacts of discharge from the trench. Existing shade trees are being preserved to the greatest extent possible, and excessive riprapping and concrete channels is being avoided, to minimize the transfer of heat to the runoff.

(14) A riparian forest buffer management plan when required under §102.14 (relating to riparian buffer requirements).

The project is not located within 150 feet of a perennial or intermittent river, stream, or creak, or lake, pond, or reservoir. The project is located within a watershed of an Exceptional Value or High Quality, however the project will eliminate the net change in stormwater volume, rate and quality for stormwater events up to and including the 2-year/24-hour storm. The project will use various structural and non-structural BMPs to meet the water quantity and quality requirements. The peak runoffs will be attenuated with an infiltration trench. The stormwater will be routed through structural and non-structural BMPs and discharged overland towards the stream which is greater than 150' away from the site. The project falls into the definition of a non-discharge alternative. See Section 4 for compliance calculations and descriptions. Therefore, a riparian forest buffer management plan is not required.

(15) Additional information requested by the Department.

Additional information requested by the Department will be provided.

3.1.2 Post Construction Stormwater Management Plan Stormwater Analysis

This section addresses the portion of the regulations pertaining to the site-specific stormwater analysis.

- (g) PCSM Plan Stormwater analysis. Except for regulated activities that require site restoration or reclamation, and small earth disturbance activities identified in subsection (n), PCSM Plans for proposed activities requiring a permit under this chapter require the following additional information:
 - (1) Predevelopment site characterization and assessment of soil and geology including appropriate infiltration and geotechnical studies that identify location and depths of test sites and methods used.

The subsurface investigation consisting of two test pits, MLV6-TP1 and MLV6-TP2, were excavated by Craig Test Boring Co., Inc. of Mays Landing, New Jersey on July 26, 2018. Infiltration testing using double-ring infiltrometers was subsequently performed within each test pit.

The test pit elevations are summarized in Table 4:

Table 4: Test Pit Summary

Test Pit No.	Existing Grade Elevation (feet)	Proposed BMP Invert (feet)	Infiltration Test Elevation (feet)	Excavation Depth Elevation (feet)	Depth to High Groundwater (feet)
MLV6- TP-1	821.4	N/A	819.9	817.9	No evidence of high groundwater observed
MLV6- TP-2	824.6	N/A	820.1	818.1	No evidence of high groundwater observed

Test pit MLV6-TP1 was excavated 3.5 feet below existing grade on July 26, 2018. Infiltration testing was performed at 1.5 feet below existing grade. Two tests were performed at this location.

Test pit MLV6-TP2 was excavated 6.5 feet below existing grade on July 26, 2018. Infiltration testing was performed at 4.5 feet below existing grade within this test pit. Two tests were performed at this location.

The results of the infiltration tests are summarized as follows:

Table 5: Infiltration Testing Summary

Test Pit	Test #1	Test #2	Final Rate Used
WTP-1	15.0 inch/hr	14.25 inch/hr	
WTP-2	9.0 inch/hr	7.5 inch/hr	8.25 inch/hr
Observed	d Overall Rate		11.25 inch/hr
Design R	ate (Factor of S	5.63 inch/hr	

(2) Analysis demonstrating that the PCSM BMPs will meet the volume reduction and water quality requirements specified in an applicable Department approved and current Act 167 stormwater management watershed plan; or manage the net change for storms up to and including the 2-year/24-hour storm event when compared to preconstruction runoff volume and water quality. The analysis for the 2-year/24-hour storm event shall be conducted using the following minimum criteria:

The project site is located in Northampton County, in the Lehigh watershed. Northampton County has an Act 167 Stormwater Management Plan, which states that:

Volume must be provided as the larger of the difference between the post-development and predevelopment 2-year runoff volume, or 1.25 inches of precipitation over the site area based on the Rational Method.

"The Water Quality Volume (WQv) to be captured and treated will be the larger of the following:

 $WQv = c \times P \times A / 12$

Where WQv = water quality volume in acre-feet

c = Rational Method post-development runoff coefficient for the 2-year storm

c=0.86 for 0.04 acres of gravel

c=0.30 for 0.04 acres of meadow

P = 1.25 inches

A = Area in acres of proposed Regulated Activity

OR

WQv = Post-development 2-yr. runoff volume minus Pre-development 2-yr. runoff volume as calculated in Worksheet 4.

EXCEPT that in no case shall the WQv exceed

WQv = 1.25 inches x site area in acres / 12"

Please see Section 4 of this report for details on the pre-development and post-development runoff volume and trench drain time calculations with detailed calculations provided in Appendix B.

i. Existing predevelopment non-forested pervious areas must be considered meadow in good condition or its equivalent except for repair, reconstruction or restoration of roadways or rail lines, or construction, repair, reconstruction or restoration of utility infrastructure when the site will be returned to existing condition.

The existing predevelopment site is entirely meadow area. For the purposes of hydraulic calculations, the existing ground surface was assumed to be meadow.

ii. When the existing project site contains impervious area, 20% of the existing impervious area to be disturbed must be considered meadow in good condition or better, except for repair, reconstruction or restoration of roadways or rail lines, or construction, repair, reconstruction, or restoration of utility infrastructure when the site will be returned to existing condition.

Not Applicable. The existing project site does not contain impervious area.

iii. When the existing site contains impervious area and the existing site conditions have public health, safety or environmental limitations, the applicant may demonstrate to the Department that it is not practicable to satisfy the requirement in subparagraph (ii), but the stormwater volume reduction and water quality treatment will be maximized to the extent practicable to maintain and protect existing water quality and existing and designated uses.

Not applicable. The stormwater volume reduction and water quality treatment requirements are achieved.

iv. Approaches other than that required under paragraph (2) may be proposed by the applicant when the applicant demonstrates to the Department that the alternative will either be more protective than required under paragraph (2) or will maintain and protect existing water quality and existing and designated uses by maintaining the site hydrology, water quality, and erosive impacts of the conditions prior to initiation of any earth disturbance activities.

Not applicable.

(3) Analysis demonstrating that the PCSM BMPs will meet the rate requirements specified in an applicable Department approved and current Act 167 stormwater management watershed plan; or manage the net change in peak rate for the 2, 10, 50, and 100 year/24-hour storm events in a manner not to exceed preconstruction rates.

The project site is located in Northampton County, in the Lehigh watershed. As such, the site is subject to the requirements of the Northampton County Act 167 Watershed Management Plan and Lehigh Valley Planning Commission Act 167 Stormwater Management Plan, which imposes stricter requirements than item (g)(3) of Pennsylvania Code Section 102.8. The Lehigh Valley Planning Commission Act 167 Stormwater Management Plan states that:

"Dual Release Rate Districts – Within these districts, the 2-year post-development peak discharge must be controlled to 30% of the pre-development 2-year runoff peak. Further, the 10-year, 25-year and 100-year post-development peak runoff must be controlled to the stated percentage of the pre-development peak. Release Rates associated with the 10- through 100-year events vary from 50% to 100% depending upon location in the watershed."

The MLV-6 site is located within a Dual Release Rate District 43 of Map 6 Hokendauqua Creek Act 167 Study Area, however the total site disturbed area is less than 10,000 square feet. Therefore, the MLV-6 site is exempt from these Dual Release Rate District requirements.

i. Hydrologic computations or a routing analysis are required to demonstrate that this requirement has been met.

See Section 4 of this report for details on hydrologic computations that demonstrate that runoff rate requirements have been met.

ii. Exempt from this requirement are Department- approved direct discharges to tidal areas or Department-approved no detention areas.

Not applicable. Project site does not discharge to tidal areas or no-detention areas.

iii. Approaches other than that required under paragraph (3) may be proposed by the applicant when the applicant demonstrates to the Department that the alternative will either be more protective than required under paragraph (3) or will maintain and protect existing water quality and existing and designated uses by maintaining the preconstruction site hydrologic impact.

Not applicable. The requirements of paragraph (3) have been met.

(4) Identification of the methodologies for calculating the total runoff volume and peak rate of runoff and provide supporting documentation and calculations.

See Section 4 of this report for details on the pre-development and post-development peak runoff rate and total runoff volume calculation methodology, which was completed using TR-55 methodology implemented by Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2019. See Appendix B for calculation documentation.

(5) Identification of construction techniques or special considerations to address soil and geologic limitations.

Methods to address potential soil limitations have been provided on the PCSM plans.

- (h) PCSM implementation for special protection waters. To satisfy the anti-degradation implementation requirements in §93.4c(b) (relating to implementation of anti-degradation requirements), an earth disturbance activity that requires a permit under this chapter and for which any receiving water that is classified as High Quality or Exceptional Value under Chapter 93, the person proposing the activity shall, in the permit application, do the following:
 - (1) Evaluate and include non-discharge alternatives in the PCSM Plan unless a person demonstrates that non-discharge alternatives do not exist for the project.
 - (2) If the person makes the demonstration in paragraph (1) that non-discharge alternatives do not exist for the project, the PCSM Plan must include ABACT, except as provided in §93.4c(b)(1)(iii).
 - (3) For purposes of this chapter, non-discharge alternatives and ABACT and their design standards are listed in the Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Environmental Protection, No. 363-0300-002 (December 2006), as amended and updated.

The project will eliminate the net change in stormwater volume, rate and quality for stormwater events up to and including the 2-year/24-hour storm. The project will use various structural and non-structural BMPs to meet the water quantity and quality requirements. The peak runoffs will be attenuated with an infiltration trench. The stormwater will be routed through a series of structural and non-structural BMPs and discharged overland towards the stream. Therefore, the project falls into the definition of a nondischarge alternative. See Section 4 for compliance calculations and description.

4 Hydrologic and Hydraulic Analysis

This Section outlines the hydrologic calculations that were performed in order to design the stormwater BMPs for the MLV 6 site, and to verify that requirements for stormwater runoff volume and peak rate would be met.

4.1 Existing Conditions

The total drainage area to the point of analysis including site and offsite areas is 1.10 acres grassed land adjacent to an existing improved road, of which 0.08 acres are the project site itself. In general, the ground slopes to the south. An area east of the site drains through the site. The onsite soils were identified using the USDA's Web Soil Survey. The project site consists of primarily Berks-Weikert complex, which is Hydrologic Soil Group B (see Appendix E for a breakdown of existing condition soils type and curve numbers). Existing condition curve numbers were assigned as per Table 2-2a from USDA's TR-55 "Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds" (see Appendix B). The time of concentration was calculated using TR-55 methodology, and the routing is shown in the Existing Conditions figure in Appendix E. For times of concentration less than 5 minutes, a minimum time of concentration of 5 minutes was assumed.

Under existing conditions, the land use breakdown is given in Table 6. The drainage area boundaries are shown in the Existing Conditions figure in Appendix E.

Table 6: Existing Conditions Land Use

DA	Cover	Soils	HSG	Area (sq ft)	Area (acres)	CN	CN*A	Weighted CN	
Site									
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkA	В	79	0.002	58	4,560	58	
SITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	739	0.02	58	42,889	58	
SITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	518	0.01	58	30,020	58	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	416	0.01	58	24,139	58	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	303	0.01	58	17,558	58	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	181	0.004	58	10,487	58	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	166	0.004	58	9,631	58	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	343	0.01	58	19,887	58	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	153	0.004	58	8,886	58	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BfB	Α	419	0.02	30	12,584	30	
Total					0.08		180,642	54	
			Of	f-Site					
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkA	В	13,997	0.32	58	811,837	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkA	В	8,553	0.20	58	496,058	58	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkA	В	8,903	0.20	58	516,374	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkA	В	8,300	0.19	58	481,426	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	330	0.01	58	19,140	58	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	562	0.01	58	32,621	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	611	0.01	58	35,444	58	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	2,160	0.05	58	125,303	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BfB	Α	913	0.02	30	27,392	30	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BfB	Α	284	0.01	30	8,533	30	
Total					1.02		2,554,127	57	
Grand Total					1.10		2,734,770	57	

Precipitation data was obtained from NOAA Atlas 14. The rainfall data is summarized in Table 7 and these rainfall depths were applied to the model as a NRCS Type II rainfall.

Table 7: 24-Hour Design Rainfall Depths

Recurrence Interval (years)	Rainfall (inches)
1	2.63
2	3.15
5	3.93
10	4.59
25	5.59
50	6.48
100	7.49

4.2 Proposed Conditions

The proposed site will consist partially of gravel (compacted crushed stone), and this area has been considered to be impervious by PADEP, thus it has been modelled as such in the hydraulic calculations. For design purposes, it was assumed that the equipment pad will be subject to vehicular traffic is compacted. An infiltration trench was designed to meet the regulatory stormwater requirements. Flow from the site will be directed to the infiltration trench via an inlet. The outflow from the trench will be discharged overland via an inlet which will over land flow along its natural pathways.

Under proposed conditions, the land use breakdown is given in Table 8. The drainage area boundaries are shown in the Proposed Conditions figure in Appendix F.

Table 8: Proposed Condition Land Use

DA	Cover	Soils	HSG	Area (sq ft)	Area (acres)	CN	CN*A	Weighted CN	
Site									
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkA	В	79	0.002	58	4,560	58	
SITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	739	0.02	58	42,889	58	
SITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	518	0.01	58	30,020	58	
SITE-TRENCH	GRV	BkB	В	416	0.01	86	35,792	86	
SITE-TRENCH	IMP	BkB	В	303	0.01	98	29,667	98	
SITE-TRENCH	GRV	BkB	В	181	0.004	86	15,550	86	
SITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	166	0.004	58	9,631	58	
SITE-TRENCH	IMP	BkB	В	343	0.01	98	33,603	98	
SITE-TRENCH	IMP	BkB	В	153	0.004	98	15,015	98	
SITE-TRENCH	IMP	BfB	Α	419	0.01	98	41,106	98	
Total					0.08		257,834	78	
			Of	f-Site					
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkA	В	13,997	0.32	58	811,837	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkA	В	8,553	0.20	58	496,058	58	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkA	В	8,903	0.20	58	516,374	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkA	В	8,300	0.19	58	481,426	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	330	0.01	58	19,140	58	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	562	0.01	58	32,621	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BkB	В	611	0.01	58	35,444	58	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BkB	В	2,160	0.05	58	125,303	58	
OFFSITE-BYPASS	MEAD	BfB	Α	913	0.02	30	27,392	30	
OFFSITE-TRENCH	MEAD	BfB	А	284	0.01	30	8,533	30	
Total					1.02		2,553,792	57	
Grand Total					1.10		2,811,961	59	

4.3

4.3 Model Development

A model was developed in the Hydraflow Hydrographs extension for AutoCAD Civil 3D v2019 to simulate existing and proposed flow. This model was used to determine the existing and proposed runoff volumes and peak runoff rates. The trench's outlet control structure will be constructed with the lowest opening 2.5' above the trench invert, to drain completely in 72 hours at the design infiltration rate of 5.63 inches/hour, based on the assumed rate of 11.25 in/hr with a factor of safety of 2 applied. The proposed flows were routed through the trench and the attenuated flow rates calculated. Model inputs and summary and output reports can be found in Appendix H.

4.4 Stormwater Management Rules Compliance

The project meets the requirements under the Pennsylvania code for Post-Construction Stormwater Management (PCSM) Section 102.8 and the North Hampton Act 167 Stormwater Management Plan requirements for runoff volume and peak rate.

4.4.1 Volume Control

A subsurface stormwater infiltration trench is utilized to provide storage and infiltration to prevent any increases in stormwater runoff volume, up to and including the 2-year/24-hour storm event using the prescribed land use characteristics, thus it meets the PADEP requirements.

The project is subject to two volume controls, the first is the Design Storm Method that requires for storms up to the 2-year storm there be no increase in runoff volume as a result of this project. The second is to remove 1.25" of runoff from the site, including compacted crushed stone.

The Water Quality Volume (WQv) to be captured and treated will be the larger of the following:

WQv = (Developed Conditions 2-yr Runoff Volume) – (Existing Conditions 2-yr Runoff Volume)

= 1,510 cf - 1,264 cf = 246 cf

 $WQv = c \times P \times A / 12$

Where WQv = water quality volume in acre-feet

c = Rational Method post-development runoff coefficient for the 2 year storm

c=0.86 for 0.04 acres of gravel

c=0.30 for 0.04 acres of meadow

P = 1.25 inches

A = Area in acres of proposed site

 $WQv_1 = 0.86 \times 1.25 \times 0.04/12 = 0.00358$ acre feet = 156 cf

 $WQv_2 = 0.30 X 1.25 X 0.04/12 = 0.00125$ acre feet = 54 cf

 $WQv_1 + WQv_2 = 156 + 54 = 210 cf$

The larger of the two was used. Because there is no other mechanism such as irrigation or rainwater harvesting, for releasing the required retention volume, infiltration will be employed to remove the required runoff volume.

This was accomplished by providing the required volume below the low outlet of the trench's outlet control structure, as shown in Table 9. Trench drain time is shown in Table 10.

The low orifice in the infiltration trench was placed above the invert, providing the required infiltration volume. As such, regulatory volume control requirements are met. The required volume was achieved as follows:

Table 9: Total Volume Summary

Recurrence Interval (yrs)	Existing Volume (cf)	•	Difference between Proposed and Existing (cf)	Proposed Trench Infiltration Capacity (cf)	Adequate Infiltration Volume? (Y/N)
1	494	701	208	661	Yes
2	955	1,200	246	1,148	Yes
ACT 167 2" Capture			290	1,148	Yes

Table 10: Trench Drain Time

Trench Infiltration Depth (ft)	Design Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Drain Time (hrs)	Allowable Drain Time (hrs)	Drain Time less than allowable
3.0	5.63	13.52	72	Yes

4.4.2 Peak Flow Control

An infiltration trench is utilized to provide storage attenuation to prevent any increases in the rate of stormwater runoff, thus it meets the PADEP requirements. The model indicates that the trench will result in a peak runoff rate under the 1-, 2-, 10-, 50-, and 100-year/24-hour storm events that does not exceed preconstruction rates. The attenuated flows are summarized in Table 11.

Maximum **Proposed** Recurrence **Existing Allowable** Less than **Proposed Q** Interval **Proposed Conditions Q** Allowable? (cfs) **Peak Flow** (vrs) (cfs) **(Y/N)** (cfs) 0.058 0.058 0.052 Yes 1 2 0.212 0.212 0.081 Yes 5 0.589 0.589 0.173 Yes 10 1.006 1.006 0.283 Yes 25 1.741 1.741 0.492 Yes Yes 50 2.478 2.478 1.951 100 3.380 3.380 3.338 Yes

Table 11: Peak Flow Summary

4.4.3 Water Quality

The soil classifications were obtained from the USDA Web Soil Survey to estimate if there would be adequate infiltration. The water quality requirements were met through trench infiltration of a minimum of 0.5" of runoff from the impervious area, equivalent to 51 cf (1223 x 0.5"). This was accomplished by providing more than the required volume, below the low outlet of the trench's outlet control structure. Compliance with water quality requirements is demonstrated using BMP Worksheet 10 in Appendix C.

BMPs utilized to comply with water quality requirements include the following:

- 5.5.4 Cluster Uses at Each Site; Build on the Smallest Area Possible. The project site footprint minimized to fit within permanent easement within ESCGP-3 boundary. The site footprint was sized to contain all of the necessary pipeline equipment to safely and adequately perform pipeline operations while limiting the total disturbed area. The sites were laid out so that the equipment can be fully accessed and utilized with as little impact on the existing conditions as possible during construction and operations. Because of this, the land disturbed due to the equipment pad and access road is merely a portion of the total area that will be occupied within the permanent easement by the project.
- 6.7.2 Landscape Restoration, disturbed area outside the proposed gravel pad and access drive will be replanted with native vegetation.
- 6.7.3 Soil Amendment/ Restoration. The top layer of soil will be scarified for the site infiltration berm contributory areas.

4.4.4 Pipe, Inlet, and Swale Design

Pipe, inlet and capacities were sized based on output flows from the model as well as Rational Method Calculations, and the Mannings equation was used to select the appropriate size for each location. Sizing calculations are provided in Appendix B.

Swale capacities were designed based on the requirements set out in PADEP Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Manual. Sizing calculations are provided in Appendix B.

5 Offsite Discharge Analysis

Attenuated peak flows from the infiltration trench are routed over a weir. The dispersed flow will be discharged overland and eventually discharges to Lehigh River as shown in the Off-site Stormwater Discharge Plan (see Appendix J). The point of discharge from the site has been designed to be stable so as not to impact offsite areas, see calculations in Appendix B. Increases in stormwater runoff and volume are not anticipated. Therefore, the project falls into definition of nondischarge alternative. The nondischarge alternative is defined in §102.1 as environmentally sound and cost-effective BMPs that individually or collectively eliminate the net change in stormwater volume, rate and quality for storm events up to and including the 2-year/24-hour storm when compared to the stormwater rate, volume and quality prior to the earth disturbance activities to maintain and protect the existing quality of the receiving surface waters of this Commonwealth.

Because the MLV-6 project falls into definition of nondischarge alternative, no downstream properties are affected by the proposed work and there is no downstream erosion. Proper construction and maintenance requirements are in place to support continued performance of BMPs. The overall peak flow and runoff volume has been reduced while maintaining the overall existing drainage patterns, thus fulfilling PADEP off-site discharge requirements.

6 Conclusion

As demonstrated in the sections above, the design of the proposed stormwater BMPs for the MLV 6 Site for the PennEast pipeline will allow the proposed project to comply with the applicable regulatory requirements under Pennsylvania Code Section 102.8.

Appendices

A. Rainfall Data



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3 Location name: Bath, Pennsylvania, USA* Latitude: 40.7671°, Longitude: -75.4481° Elevation: 761.53 ft**

source: ESRI Maps
** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

G.M. Bonnin, D. Martin, B. Lin, T. Parzybok, M.Yekta, and D. Riley NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

	3-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹ Average recurrence interval (years)									
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.316 (0.284-0.350)	0.376 (0.338-0.418)	0.448 (0.402-0.497)	0.503 (0.450-0.557)	0.575 (0.511-0.637)	0.633 (0.557-0.701)	0.698 (0.610-0.772)	0.763 (0.659-0.848)	0.856 (0.729-0.955)	0.935 (0.786-1.05)
10-min	0.503 (0.452-0.558)	0.600 (0.540-0.667)	0.712 (0.639-0.791)	0.801 (0.717-0.887)	0.913 (0.810-1.01)	1.00 (0.883-1.11)	1.10 (0.960-1.22)	1.20 (1.03-1.33)	1.34 (1.14-1.50)	1.46 (1.23-1.64)
15-min	0.627 (0.563-0.696)	0.751 (0.676-0.835)	0.899 (0.806-0.998)	1.01 (0.902-1.12)	1.15 (1.02-1.27)	1.27 (1.11-1.40)	1.38 (1.21-1.53)	1.51 (1.30-1.67)	1.69 (1.44-1.88)	1.83 (1.54-2.05)
30-min	0.855 (0.768-0.949)	1.03 (0.929-1.15)	1.27 (1.14-1.41)	1.45 (1.30-1.61)	1.70 (1.50-1.88)	1.89 (1.66-2.09)	2.10 (1.84-2.33)	2.32 (2.01-2.58)	2.65 (2.26-2.96)	2.93 (2.46-3.29)
60-min	1.06 (0.955-1.18)	1.29 (1.16-1.44)	1.62 (1.46-1.80)	1.89 (1.69-2.09)	2.25 (2.00-2.49)	2.55 (2.25-2.83)	2.88 (2.52-3.19)	3.25 (2.81-3.61)	3.79 (3.22-4.23)	4.25 (3.57-4.77)
2-hr	1.28 (1.16-1.43)	1.56 (1.40-1.73)	1.96 (1.76-2.18)	2.28 (2.04-2.53)	2.77 (2.46-3.06)	3.19 (2.82-3.53)	3.66 (3.21-4.05)	4.20 (3.64-4.66)	5.02 (4.28-5.61)	5.75 (4.84-6.47)
3-hr	1.42 (1.28-1.58)	1.72 (1.55-1.90)	2.14 (1.93-2.37)	2.49 (2.24-2.75)	3.00 (2.68-3.32)	3.45 (3.06-3.81)	3.96 (3.47-4.37)	4.53 (3.93-5.01)	5.41 (4.62-6.02)	6.18 (5.21-6.93)
6-hr	1.81 (1.64-2.01)	2.17 (1.97-2.41)	2.68 (2.42-2.97)	3.11 (2.81-3.45)	3.77 (3.37-4.16)	4.35 (3.86-4.79)	5.00 (4.39-5.53)	5.76 (4.99-6.38)	6.94 (5.91-7.72)	8.00 (6.70-8.93)
12-hr	2.25 (2.04-2.49)	2.70 (2.45-3.00)	3.35 (3.03-3.71)	3.91 (3.52-4.33)	4.77 (4.26-5.27)	5.55 (4.90-6.12)	6.43 (5.62-7.10)	7.46 (6.43-8.24)	9.07 (7.67-10.1)	10.5 (8.74-11.7)
24-hr	2.63 (2.44-2.85)	3.15 (2.93-3.42)	3.93 (3.64-4.25)	4.59 (4.24-4.95)	5.59 (5.14-6.02)	6.48 (5.92-6.96)	7.49 (6.78-8.02)	8.63 (7.74-9.22)	10.4 (9.21-11.1)	12.0 (10.5-12.8)
2-day	3.08 (2.86-3.34)	3.71 (3.44-4.02)	4.61 (4.27-4.99)	5.37 (4.96-5.80)	6.52 (5.98-7.02)	7.52 (6.86-8.09)	8.65 (7.84-9.29)	9.94 (8.92-10.6)	11.9 (10.6-12.7)	13.7 (12.0-14.6)
3-day	3.25 (3.01-3.52)	3.90 (3.62-4.23)	4.84 (4.48-5.24)	5.63 (5.20-6.08)	6.82 (6.26-7.34)	7.85 (7.17-8.44)	9.02 (8.18-9.67)	10.3 (9.30-11.1)	12.4 (11.0-13.2)	14.1 (12.4-15.1)
4-day	3.41 (3.17-3.69)	4.09 (3.81-4.43)	5.07 (4.70-5.48)	5.89 (5.44-6.35)	7.12 (6.55-7.66)	8.18 (7.49-8.79)	9.38 (8.52-10.1)	10.7 (9.68-11.5)	12.8 (11.4-13.7)	14.6 (12.9-15.6)
7-day	4.04 (3.75-4.38)	4.83 (4.48-5.25)	5.92 (5.49-6.42)	6.84 (6.33-7.41)	8.22 (7.56-8.90)	9.43 (8.63-10.2)	10.8 (9.79-11.6)	12.3 (11.1-13.2)	14.5 (13.0-15.6)	16.5 (14.6-17.8)
10-day	4.67 (4.35-5.04)	5.56 (5.18-6.00)	6.73 (6.27-7.25)	7.71 (7.16-8.29)	9.14 (8.45-9.81)	10.4 (9.54-11.1)	11.7 (10.7-12.5)	13.2 (12.0-14.1)	15.4 (13.8-16.4)	17.2 (15.4-18.5)
20-day	6.29 (5.92-6.69)	7.44 (6.99-7.91)	8.79 (8.26-9.34)	9.89 (9.28-10.5)	11.5 (10.7-12.2)	12.8 (11.9-13.5)	14.2 (13.1-15.0)	15.6 (14.4-16.6)	17.8 (16.3-18.9)	19.6 (17.9-20.8)
30-day	7.84 (7.41-8.30)	9.24 (8.72-9.77)	10.7 (10.1-11.3)	11.9 (11.2-12.6)	13.5 (12.7-14.3)	14.9 (13.9-15.7)	16.3 (15.2-17.2)	17.7 (16.5-18.7)	19.8 (18.3-21.0)	21.5 (19.8-22.8)
45-day	9.95 (9.47-10.5)	11.6 (11.1-12.3)	13.3 (12.6-14.0)	14.6 (13.9-15.4)	16.3 (15.5-17.2)	17.7 (16.8-18.7)	19.2 (18.1-20.2)	20.6 (19.4-21.7)	22.6 (21.2-23.9)	24.2 (22.6-25.6)
60-day	11.9 (11.4-12.6)	14.0 (13.3-14.7)	15.8 (15.0-16.6)	17.3 (16.4-18.2)	19.2 (18.2-20.2)	20.8 (19.7-21.8)	22.3 (21.1-23.5)	23.9 (22.5-25.1)	26.1 (24.5-27.4)	27.7 (26.0-29.2)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Back to Top

PF graphical

B. Calculation Sheet

EC OFFSITE TO TRENCH-Tc CALCULATIONS						
SHEET FLOW	SHEET FLOW					
Manning's n	0.24					
Flow length, ft	100					
2-Yr 24-Hr rainfall, in	3.15					
Land slope, %	1.30					
Sheet flow time, min	17.09					
SHALLOW CONC. FLOW	I					
Flow length, ft	165					
Watercourse slope, %	8.00					
Surface Description	unpaved					
Velocity, ft/s	4.56					
Sh. Conc. Flow time, min	0.60					
TIME OF CONC., mins	17.7					

EC SITE TO TRENCH-Tc CALCULATIONS				
SHEET FLOW				
Manning's n	0.24			
Flow length, ft	55			
2-Yr 24-Hr rainfall, in	3.15			
Land slope, %	10.91			
Sheet flow time, min	4.52			
TIME OF CONC., mins	4.5			

This site only has sheet flow.

PR OFFSITE TO TRENCH-Tc CALCULATIONS					
SHEET FLOW					
Manning's n	0.24				
Flow length, ft	100				
2-Yr 24-Hr rainfall, in	3.15				
Land slope, %	1.30				
Sheet flow time, min	17.09				
SHALLOW CONC. FLOV	V				
Flow length, ft	165				
Watercourse slope, %	8.30				
Surface Description	unpaved				
Velocity, ft/s	4.65				
Sh. Conc. Flow time, min	0.59				
TIME OF CONC., mins	17.7				

PR SITE TO TRENCH-Tc CALCULATIONS					
SHEET FLOW					
Manning's n	0.24				
Flow length, ft	17				
2-Yr 24-Hr rainfall, in	3.15				
Land slope, %	11.76				
Sheet flow time, min	1.72				
TIME OF CONC., mins	1.7				

This site only has sheet flow.

TRENCH DEWATERING TIME CALCULATIONS

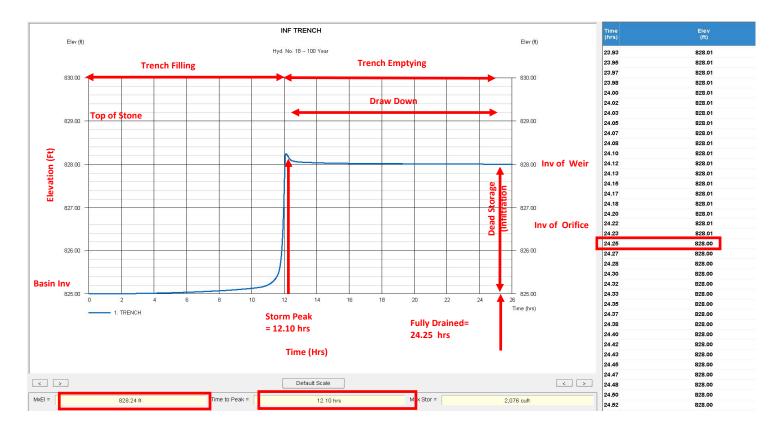
BASIN NAME	UG-BASIN
MLV-6 TP-1, Test 1, IN/HR	15
MLV-6 TP-1, Test 2, IN/HR	13.5
MLV-6 TP-2, Test 1, IN/HR	9
MLV-6 TP-2, Test 2, IN/HR	7.5
AVERAGE, IN/HR	11.25

FOS 2.00 *BASIN FLOOD TEST HAS SAFETY FACTOR BUILT IN

DESIGN RATE, IN/HR 5.63
INFILTRATION OF STORAGE VOLUME BELOW PRIMARY ORIFICE
Bed Bottom Area 1600.00
Storage Volume 1024.00

DRAIN TIME (1) 1.37 DRAIN TIME FOR DEAD STORAGE BELOW PRIMARY ORIFICE

INFILTRATION OF STORAGE VOLUME ABOVE PRIMARY ORIFICE (THROUGH OUTLET STR)



DRAIN TIME (2) 12.15 DRAIN TIME FROM 100-YEAR STORM PEAK TO DEAD STORAGE ELEVATION
TOTAL DRAIN TIME (1+2) 13.52

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2015 by Autodesk, Inc. v10.4

Thursday, 08 / 9 / 2018

Pond No. 1 - TRENCH

Pond Data

Trapezoid -Bottom L x W = 40.0 x 40.0 ft, Side slope = 0.00:1, Bottom elev. = 825.00 ft, Depth = 4.00 ft, Voids = 40.00%

Stage / Storage Table

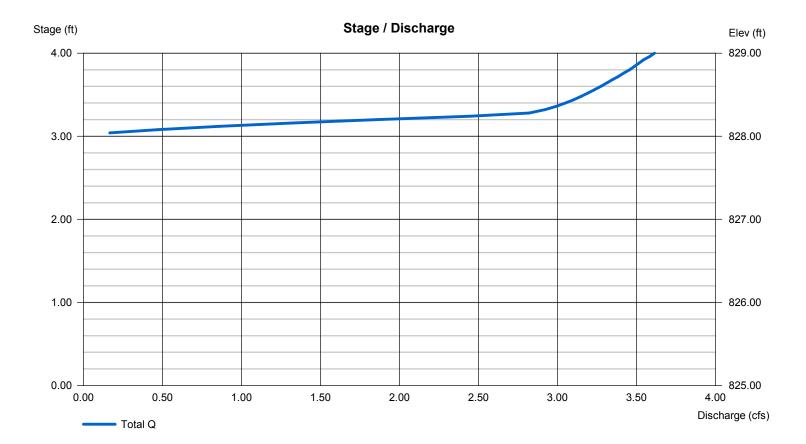
Culvert / Orifice Structures

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	Lowest orifice
0.00	825.00	1,600	0	0	elevation
0.40	825.40	1,600	256	256	elevation
0.80	825.80	1,600	256	512	
1.20	826.20	1,600	256	768	
1.60	826.60	1,600	256	1,024	
2.00	827.00	1,600	256	1,280	
2.40	827.40	1,600	256	1,536	
2.80	827.80	1,600	256	1,792	
3.20	828.20	1,600	256	2,048	
3.60	828.60	1,600	256	2,304	
4.00	829.00	1,600	256	2,560	

[A] [B] [C] [PrfRsr] [A] [B] [C] [D] = 3.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 = 4.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Rise (in) Crest Len (ft) = 12.00 0.00 0.00 = 828.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Span (in) 0.00 Crest El. (ft) No. Barrels = 1 0 0 0 Weir Coeff. = 2.603.33 3.33 3.33 Invert El. (ft) = 826.60 0.00 0.00 0.00 Weir Type = Broad Length (ft) = 0.500.00 0.00 0.00 Multi-Stage No = Yes No No Slope (%) = 0.100.00 0.00 n/a N-Value = .013 .013 .013 n/a = 0.600.60 Orifice Coeff. 0.60 0.60 Exfil.(in/hr) = 0.000 (by Contour) Multi-Stage = n/aNo No No TW Elev. (ft) = 0.00

Weir Structures

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).



PENNEAST- MLV - 6 PROPOSED CONDITIONS RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS FOR PROPOSED INLETS

*Note: Rational C Coefficients adopted from PA Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Program Manual, Mar 2012, Table 5.2

DA	Land Use	Soils	HSG	Area	Area (Acres)	С	C*A	RC
INLET1	IMP	BkB	В	343	0.008	0.72	0.006	0.72
INLET1 Total					0.008		0.006	0.720
INLET2	MEAD	BkB	В	13,997	0.321	0.30	0.096	0.30
INLET2	MEAD	BkB	В	8,553	0.196	0.30	0.059	0.30
INLET2	MEAD	BkB	В	79	0.002	0.30	0.001	0.30
INLET2	MEAD	BkB	В	330	0.008	0.30	0.002	0.30
INLET2	MEAD	BkB	В	739	0.017	0.30	0.005	0.30
INLET1 Total					0.544		0.163	0.30

The "RC" value is an area averaged runoff coefficient value (arithmatic mean) calculated as:

$$RC = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i} \times Area_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} Area_{i}}$$

RATIONAL METHOD PEAK FLOW CALCULATIONS FOR PROPOSED INLETS

Return Period (Yrs)

2

DA	Area (Acres)	RC	Tc (mins)	Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)	Q (cfs)
INLET1	0.008	0.72	5.00	3.2	0.02
INLET2	0.544	0.30	17.70	3.2	0.51

Return Period (Yrs)

10

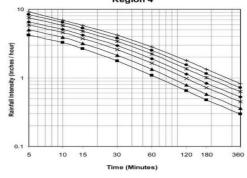
DA	Area (Acres)	RC	Tc (mins)	Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)	Q (cfs)
INLET1	0.008	0.72	5.00	4.6	0.03
INLET2	0.544	0.30	17.70	4.6	0.75

Return Period (Yrs)

100

DA DA	Area (Acres)	RC	Tc (mins)	Rainfall Intensity (in/hr)	Q (cfs)
INLET1	0.008	0.72	5.00	7.5	0.04
INLET2	0.544	0.30	17.70	7.5	1.23

Rainfall Intensity Curve*



→ 100-Yr Storm → 50-Yr Storm → 25-Yr Storm → 10-Yr Storm → 5-Yr Storm → 2-Yr Storm 1-Yr Storm

^{*}Adapted from PENNDOT Drainage Manual, Chapter 7, Appendix A - Field Manual for Pennsylvania Design Rainfall Intensity Publication 585

MLV-6 INLET CAPACITY CHECK

Inlet ID	Inlet Type	Design Flow, cfs	Grate Open Area, sq ft	Depth of Flow, ft	Inlet Perimeter, ft	Grate Flow Capacity, cfs	Inlet Collection Capacity, cfs
IN#1	Type M Inlet	0.04	4.4	0.56	12.3	15.85	17.01
IN#2	Type M Inlet	1.23	4.4	0.56	12.3	15.85	17.01

PENNEAST-MLV 6 INLET DISCHARGE

OUTLET ID	IN-2
Discharge Type	Surface
10-YR Peak Discharge, cfs	0.06
DS Ground Cover	Grass
Crest Elev.	823.75
Design Criteria cfs/lf	13.0
Calculated Crest Length, ft	0.7
Design Crest Length, ft	4
Weir Coefficient	3.33
Weir Head (H)	0.03
Flow Area	0.10
Velocity	0.54
Velocity Non-Erosive	YES

10-Year Basin Discharge from Model Hydrograph 17

Use sharp crested value to calculate higher velocity to be conservative.

PENNEAST-MLV -6 PROPOSED CONDITIONS RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS FOR PROPOSED SWALES

*Note: Rational C Coefficients adopted from PA Erosion and Sediment Pollution Control Program Manual, Mar 2012, Table 5.2

DA	Land Use	Soils	HSG	Area	Area (Acres)	С	C*A	RC
	Grass	BkA	В	13,997	0.321	0.30	0.096	0.30
	Grass	BkA	В	8,553	0.196	0.30	0.059	0.30
SWALE1	Grass	BkA	В	79	0.002	0.30	0.001	0.30
	Grass	BkB	В	330	0.008	0.30	0.002	0.30
	Grass	BkB	В	739	0.017	0.30	0.005	0.30
SWALE1 Total					0.544		0.163	0.30

The "RC" value is an area averaged runoff coefficient value (arithmatic mean) calculated as:

$$RC = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i} \times Area_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} Area_{i}}$$

RATIONAL METHOD PEAK FLOW CALCULATIONS FOR PROPOSED SWALES

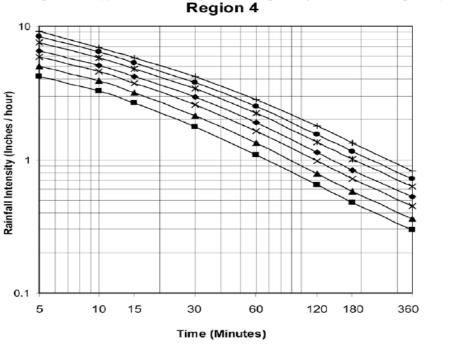
Return Period (Yrs) 10 Rainfall Area DA RC Tc (mins) Intensity Q (cfs) (Acres) (in/hr) SWALE1 0.544 0.30 17.7 0.7 4.59

Return Period (Yrs) 100 Rainfall Area DA RC Tc (mins) Intensity Q (cfs) (Acres) (in/hr) SWALE1 0.544 0.30 17.7 7.49 1.2

Figure 7A.14(a) Rainfall Intensity for 1- through 100-year Storms for Region 4 (U.S. Customary).

- 100-Yr Storm - 50-Yr Storm - 25-Yr Storm - 10-Yr Storm - 5-Yr Storm

2-Yr Storm 1-Yr Storm



PROJECT NAME:	SWALE1	
LOCATION:	MLV-6	
PREPARED BY:	DATE:	8/13/2018
CHECKED BY:	DATE:	8/13/2018

CHANNEL OR CHANNEL SECTION	
Temporary or Permanent (T or P)	Р
Required Capacity, Qr (cfs)	1.20
Left side slope, %	25.00
Right side slope, %	25.00
Bottom width, ft	0
Channel Depth provided, ft	1.3
Channel bed slope, %	2.5
Mannings N	0.24
Accn. Due to gravity, ft/sec2	32.2

See attached Rational Peak Flow Calculations

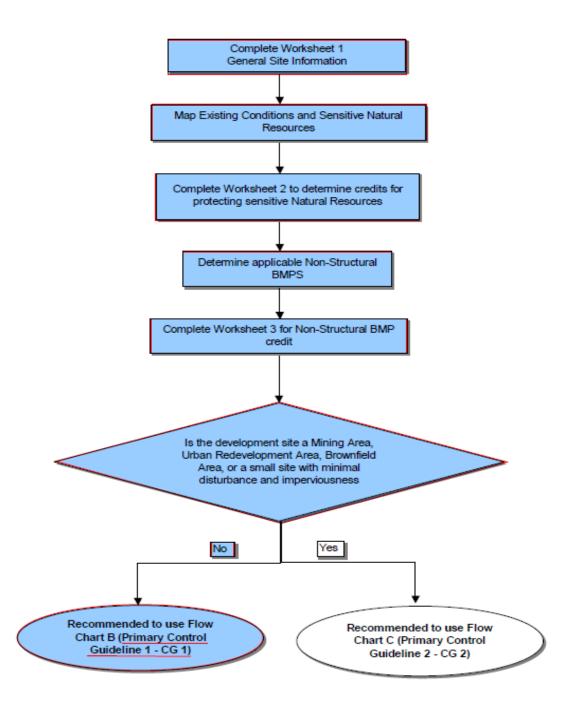
DESIGN METHOD FOR LINING - SHEAR STRESS

CHECK FOR SHEAR STRESS			
H:V, left	4.00		
H:V, right	4.00		
bed slope, ft/ft	0.025		
Calculated channel flow depth, ft	0.77		
top width at flow depth, ft	6.15		
Bottom Width:Flow Depth Ratio	0.00		
wetted area, sq. ft	2.36		
wetted peri, ft	6.33		
hyd. Radius, ft	0.37		
velocity, ft/s	0.51		
Discharge, cfs	1.20		
Theta, rad	0.025		
Froudes Number	0.10		
Flow type	subcritical		
Shear Stress, Lb/Sq.Ft	1.20		
Protective Lining	Vegetated		
Lining required	TRM-435		
D ₅₀ , inches			
Placement Thickness, inches			
Adjusted Mannings N	0.06		
Calculated Critical Slope,Sc ft/ft	0.07		
0.7 Sc, ft/ft	0.05		
1.3 Sc, ft/ft	0.09		
Stable Flow?	Stable		
Calculated Freeboard, ft	0.50		
Freeboard Provided, ft	0.53		

Ratio Ok

Freeboard Ok,
Calculated<Provided

C. BMP Worksheets



	Worksheet 1. General Site Information	
Date:	Oct-19	
Project Name:	PennEast Pipeline - MLV-6	
Municipality:	Moore	
County:	Northampton	
Total Area (acres):	0.08	
Major River Basin: http://www.dep.state.pa.us/	Delaware River Basin dep/deputate/watermgt/wc/default.htm - newtopics	
Watershed:	Hokendaugua	
Sub-Basin:	Lehigh	
Nearest Surface Wa	ter(s) to Receive Runoff: Hokendaqua Creek	
Chapter 93 - Design	ated Water Use: CWF, MF om/secure/data/025/chapter93/chap93toc.html	
http://www.dep.state.	to Chapter 303(d) List? pa.us/dep/deputate/watermgt/wqp/wqstandards/303d-Repoi ses of Impairment: Yes No	
Is project subject to,	or part of:	
	Storm Sewer System (MS4) Requirements? Yes No dep/deputate/watermgt/wc/Subjects/StormwaterManagement/GeneralPermits/default.htm	
•	drinking water supply? Yes No n proposed discharge (miles):	
Approved Act 167 P	Yes No dep/deputate/watermgt/wc/Subjects/StormwaterManagement/Approved 1.html	
Existing River Cons		

Worksheet 2. Sensitive Natural Resources

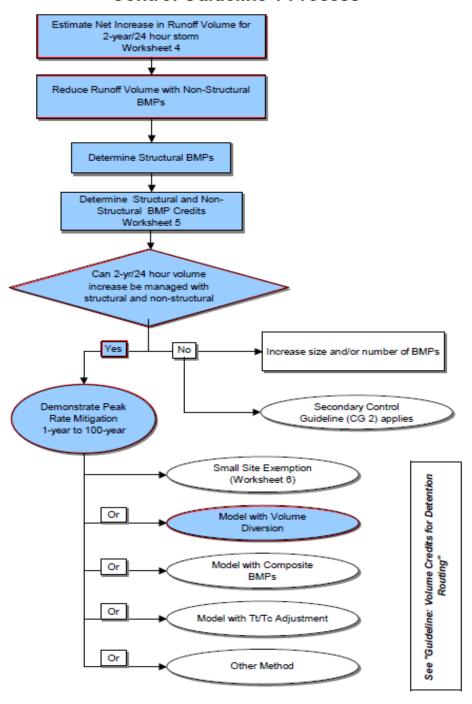
INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Provide Sensitive Resources Map according to non-structural BMP 5.4.1 in Chapter 5. This map should identify wetlands, woodlands, natural drainage ways, steep slopes, and other sensitive natural areas.
- 2. Summarize the existing extent of each sensitive resource in the Existing Sensitive Resources Table (below, using Acres). If none present, insert 0.
- 3. Summarize Total Protected Area as defined under BMPs in Chapter 5.
- 4. Do not count any area twice. For example, an area that is both a floodplain and a wetland may only be considered once.

EXISTING NATURAL	MAPPED?	TOTAL AREA	PROTECTED
SENSITIVE RESOURCE	yes/no/n/a	(Ac.)	AREA (Ac.)
Waterbodies	no		
Floodplains	no		
Riparian Areas	no		
Wetlands	no		
Woodlands	no		
Natural Drainage Ways	no		
Steep Slopes, 15%-25%	no		
Steep Slopes, over 25%	no		
Other:	no		
Other:	no		
TOTAL EXISTING:		0.00	0.00

Worksheet 3. Nonstructural BMP Credits					
Worksheet 3. Nonstructural DMP Credits					
PROTECTED AREA					
1.1 Area of Protected Sensitive/Special Value Features (see WS 2)	Ac.				
1.2 Area of Riparian Forest Buffer Protection	0.00 Ac.				
•					
1.3 Area of Minimum Disturbance/Reduced Grading	<u>0.00</u> Ac.				
TOTAL	<u>0.00</u> Ac.				
Destanted					
Protected Site Area minus Area = Stormwater Manager	ment Area				
0.08 - 0.00 = 0.08					
VOLUME CREDITS					
VOLUME CREDITS					
3.1 Minimum Soil Compaction					
Lawn sq. ft x 1/4" x 1/12 =	0 cubic ft				
Meadow sq. ft x 1/3" x 1/12 =	0 cubic ft				
3.3 Protect Existing Trees					
For Trees within 100 feet of impervious area:	0 1: 6				
Tree Canopy 0 sq. ft x 1/2" x 1/12 =	0 cubic ft				
For Trees within 20 feet of impervious area:					
Tree Canopy 0 sq. ft x 1" x 1/12 =	0 cubic ft				
5.1 Disconnect Roof Leaders to Vegetated Areas					
For runoff directed to areas protected under 5.8.1 and 5.8.2					
Roof Area sq. ft x 1/3" x 1/12 =	0 cubic ft				
For all other disconnected roof areas					
Roof Area 0 sq. ft x 1/4" x 1/12 =	0cubic ft				
5.2 Disconnect Non-Roof Impervious to Vegetated Areas For runoff directed to areas protected under 5.8.1 and 5.8.2					
Impervious Area 0 sq. ft x 1/3" x 1/12 =	0 cubic ft				
· ————					
For all other disconnected areas Impervious Area0 sq. ft x 1/4" x 1/12 =	0 cubic ft				
iiiipeivious Aiea <u> </u>	Cubic it				
TOTAL NON-STRUCTURAL VOLUME CREDIT	* 0 cubic ft				
* For use on Worksheet 5					

FLOW CHART B Control Guideline 1 Process



Worksheet 4A. Change in Runoff Volume for 1-Yr Storm Event

 PROJECT:
 PennEast Pipeline - MLV-6

 Drainage Area:
 1.10

1-Year Rainfall: 2.63 in

 Total Site Area:
 0.08 acres

 Protected Site Area:
 0.00 acres

 Managed Area:
 0.08 acres

Existing Conditions:

		1	1	ĺ			Q	Runoff
Cover Type/	Soil	Area	Area	CN	S	la	Runoff	Volume
Condition	Type	(sf)	(ac)	<u> </u>		(0.2*S)	(in)	(cubic ft)
Meadow	BkA	13,997	0.32	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	193
Meadow	BkA	8,553	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	118
Meadow	BkA	8,903	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	123
Meadow	BkA	79	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	1
Meadow	BkB	330	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	5
Meadow	BkB	739	0.02	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	10
Meadow	BkB	518	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	7
Meadow	BkB	416	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	6
Meadow	BkB	303	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	4
Meadow	BkB	181	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	2
Meadow	BkB	166	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	2
Meadow	BkB	562	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	8
Meadow	BkB	343	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	5
Meadow	BkB	153	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	2
Meadow	BfB	419	0.01	30	23.33	4.67	0.19	7
TOTAL:		35,662	0.82				2.52	494

Developed Conditions:

							Q	Runoff
Cover Type/	Soil	Area	Area	CN	s	la	Runoff	Volume
Condition	Type	(sf)	(ac)			(0.2*S)	(in)	(cubic ft)
Meadow	BkA	13,997	0.32	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	193
Meadow	BkA	8,553	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	118
Meadow	BkA	8,903	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	123
Meadow	BkA	79	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	1
Meadow	BkB	330	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	5
Meadow	BkB	739	0.02	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	10
Meadow	BkB	518	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	7
Gravel	BkB	416	0.01	86	1.63	0.33	1.35	47
Impervious	BkB	303	0.01	98	0.20	0.04	2.40	61
Gravel	BkB	181	0.00	86	1.63	0.33	1.35	20
Meadow	BkB	166	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	2
Meadow	BkB	562	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.17	8
Impervious	BkB	343	0.01	98	0.20	0.04	2.40	69
Impervious	BkB	153	0.00	98	0.20	0.04	2.40	31
Impervious	BfB	419	0.01	30	23.33	4.67	0.19	7
TOTAL:		35,662	0.82				11.59	701

1-Year Volume Increase (cubic ft): 208

- 1-Year Volume Increase = Developed Conditions Runoff Volume Existing Conditions Runoff Volume
- 1. Runoff (in) = Q = $(P 0.2S)^2 / (P + 0.8S)$ where

P = 2-Year Rainfall (in)

S = (1000/CN) - 10

2. Runoff Volume (CF) = Q x Area x 1/12

Q = Runoff (in)

Area = Land use area (sq. ft)

Note: Runoff Volume must be calculated for EACH land use type/condition and HSG. The use of a weighted CN value for volume calculations is not acceptable.

Note to be consistent with Act 167 Requirements Calculations are provided for the 1-year and 2-year storms.

Worksheet 4B. Change in Runoff Volume for 2-Yr Storm Event

 PROJECT:
 PennEast Pipeline - MLV-6

 Drainage Area:
 1.10
 acr

2-Year Rainfall: 3.15 in

 Total Site Area:
 0.08 acres

 Protected Site Area:
 0.00 acres

 Managed Area:
 0.08 acres

Existing Conditions:

	·						Q	Runoff
Cover Type/	Soil	Area	Area	CN	S	la	Runoff	Volume
Condition	Type	(sf)	(ac)			(0.2*S)	(in)	(cubic ft)
Meadow	BkA	13,997	0.32	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	378
Meadow	BkA	8,553	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	231
Meadow	BkA	8,903	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	240
Meadow	BkA	79	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	2
Meadow	BkB	330	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	9
Meadow	BkB	739	0.02	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	20
Meadow	BkB	518	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	14
Meadow	BkB	416	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	11
Meadow	BkB	303	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	8
Meadow	BkB	181	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	5
Meadow	BkB	166	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	4
Meadow	BkB	562	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	15
Meadow	BkB	343	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	9
Meadow	BkB	153	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	4
Meadow	BfB	419	0.01	30	23.33	4.67	0.11	4
TOTAL:		35,662	0.82				4.64	955

Developed Conditions:

							Q	Runoff
Cover Type/	Soil	Area	Area	CN	S	la	Runoff	Volume
Condition	Type	(sf)	(ac)			(0.2*S)	(in)	(cubic ft)
Meadow	BkA	13,997	0.32	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	378
Meadow	BkA	8,553	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	231
Meadow	BkA	8,903	0.20	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	240
Meadow	BkA	79	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	2
Meadow	BkB	330	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	9
Meadow	BkB	739	0.02	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	20
Meadow	BkB	518	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	14
Gravel	BkB	416	0.01	86	1.63	0.33	1.79	62
Impervious	BkB	303	0.01	98	0.20	0.04	2.92	74
Gravel	BkB	181	0.00	86	1.63	0.33	1.79	27
Meadow	BkB	166	0.00	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	4
Meadow	BkB	562	0.01	58	7.24	1.45	0.32	15
Impervious	BkB	343	0.01	98	0.20	0.04	2.92	83
Impervious	BkB	153	0.00	98	0.20	0.04	2.92	37
Impervious	BfB	419	0.01	30	23.33	4.67	0.11	4
TOTAL:		35 662	0.82				15.36	1 200

2-Year Volume Increase (cubic ft): 246

1-Year Volume Increase = Developed Conditions Runoff Volume - Existing Conditions Runoff Volume

1. Runoff (in) = Q = (P - 0.2S)^2 / (P + 0.8S) where

P = 2-Year Rainfall (in)

S = (1000/CN) - 10

2. Runoff Volume (CF) = Q x Area x 1/12

Q = Runoff (in)

Area = Land use area (sq. ft)

Note: Runoff Volume must be calculated for EACH land use type/condition and HSG. The use of a weighted CN value for volume calculations is not acceptable.

Note to be consistent with Act 167 Requirements Calculations are provided for the 1-year and 2-year storms.

	Worksheet 5. Structural BMP Volume C	redits
PROJECT: SUB-BASIN:	PennEast Pipeline - MLV-6 Lehigh	
	ed Control Volume (cubic ft) - from Worksheet 4: ural Volume Credit (cubic ft) - from Worksheet 3:	- <u>246</u> - <u>0</u>
(Requ	Structural Volume Requirement (cubic ft) ired Control Volume minus Non-structural Credit)	246

	Proposed BMP	Area (sq. ft)	Storage Volume (cubic ft)
6.4.1	Porous Pavement		
6.4.2	Infiltration Basin		
6.4.3	Infiltration Bed		
6.4.4	Infiltration Trench	1,600	1,148
6.4.5	Rain Garden / Bioretention		
6.4.6	Dry Well / Seepage Pit		
6.4.7	Constructed Filter		
6.4.8	Vegetated Swale		
6.4.9	Vegetated Filter Strip		
6.4.10	Berm		
6.5.1	Vegetated Roof		
6.5.2	Capture and Re-use		
6.6.1	Constructed Wetlands		
6.6.2	Wet Pond / Retention Basin		
6.6.3	Dry Extended Detention Basin		
6.6.4	Water Quality Filters		
6.7.1	Riparian Buffer Restoration		
6.7.2	Landscape Restoration / Reforestation		
6.7.3	Soil Amendment		
6.8.1	Level Spreader		
6.8.2	Special Storage Areas		
Other			

Total Structural Volume (cubic ft):	1,148	
Structural Volume Requirement (cubic ft):	246	
DIFFERENCE	902	cubic f

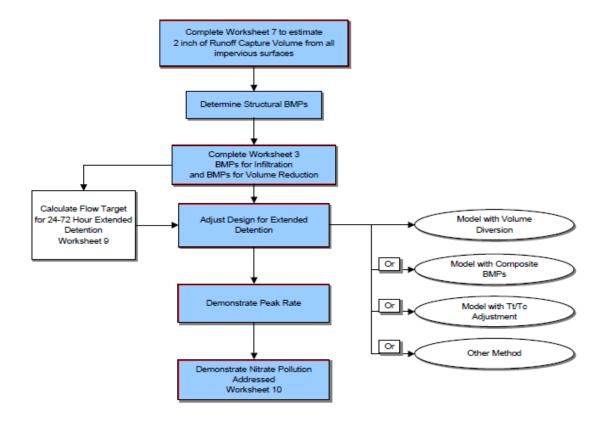
Worksheet 6. Small Site / Small Impervious Area Exception for Peak Rate Mitigation Calculations

The following conditions must be met for exemption from peak rate analysis for small sites under CG-1:

Y	The 2-Year Runoff Volume increase must be met in BMPs designed in accordance with Manual Standards.
Y	_Total Site Impervious Area may not exceed 1 acre.
Y	Maximum Development Area is 5 acres .
Y	_Maximum site impervious cover is 50%.
Y	_No more than 25% Volume Control can be in Non-structural BMPs.
Y	_Infiltration BMPs must have an infiltration of at least 0.5 in/hr.

Percent Impervious	Total Impervious
20%	1 acre
50%	1 acre
50%	0.5 acre
50%	0.25 acre
	20% 50% 50%

FLOW CHART C Control Guideline 2 Process



Since the Act 167 Plan requires complinace with CG1 and CG2 Flow Chart C and Worksheets 7 and 8 have been included.

Worksheet 7. Calculation of Runoff Volume (PRV and EDV) for CG-2 Only

PROJECT: PennEast Pipeline - MLV-6

DRAINAGE AREA: 1.10

Total Site Area:0.08acresProtected Site Area:0.00acresManaged Area:0.08acresTotal Impervious Area:0.04acres

2 Inch Runoff - Multiply Total Impervious Area by 2 inc

Cover Type	Area (ac)	Runoff Capture Volume (cubic ft)
Roof	0.00	0
Pavement	0.04	290
Other Impervious	0.00	0
TOTAL:	0.04	290

1 Inch Rainfall -

Cover Type	Area (square ft)	Area (ac)	Runoff (in)	Runoff Volumes (cubic ft)
Gravel	597	0.01	0.20	10
Impervious Gravel Pad	303	0.01	0.79	20
Impervious Access Road	916	0.02	0.79	60
TOTAL:	1,816	0.04		90

- 1. Total Runoff Capture Volume (cu ft) = Total Impervious Area (sq ft x 2 inch x 1/12
- 2. PRV (cu ft) = Total Impervious Area (sq ft) x 1 inch x 1/12
- 3. EDV (cu ft) = Total Area (sq ft) x 1 inch x 1/12

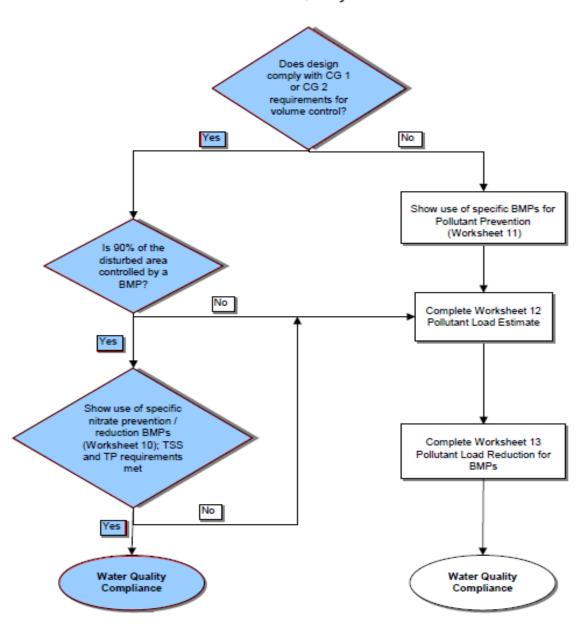
Water quality volume requirements for land areas with existing cover consisting of meadow, brush, wood-grass combination, or woods proposed for conversion to any other non-equivalent type of pervious cover shall be sized for one-half (1/2) the volume required for impervious surfaces as mentioned in this worksheet and calculated in items 1 through 3 above

	Worksheet 8. Structural BMP Volume Cr	edits
PROJECT: SUB-BASIN:	PennEast Pipeline - MLV-6 Lehigh	<u></u>
•	Control Volume (cubic ft) - from Worksheet 7: Il Volume Credit (cubic ft) - from Worksheet 3:	<u>290</u> - 0
(Requ	Structural Volume Reqmt (cubic ft) ired Control Volume minus Non-structural Credit)	290

	Proposed BMP*	Area (square ft)	Storage Volume (cubic ft)
6.4.1	Porous Pavement		
6.4.2	Infiltration Basin		
6.4.3	Infiltration Bed		
6.4.4	Infiltration Trench	1,600	1,148
6.4.5	Rain Garden / Bioretention		
6.4.6	Dry Well / Seepage Pit		
6.4.7	Constructed Filter		
6.4.8	Vegetated Swale		
6.4.9	Vegetated Filter Strip		
6.4.10	Berm		
6.5.1	Vegetated Roof		
6.5.2	Capture and Re-use		
6.6.1	Constructed Wetlands		
6.6.2	Wet Pond / Retention Basin		
6.6.3	Dry Extended Detention Basin		
6.6.4	Water Quality Filters		
6.7.1	Riparian Buffer Restoration		
6.7.2	Landscape Restoration / Reforestation		
6.7.3	Soil Amendment		
6.8.1	Level Spreader		_
6.8.2	Special Storage Areas		
Other			

Total Structural Volume (cubic ft): _	1,148	
Structural Volume Requirement (cubic ft):	290	
DIFFERENCE	858	

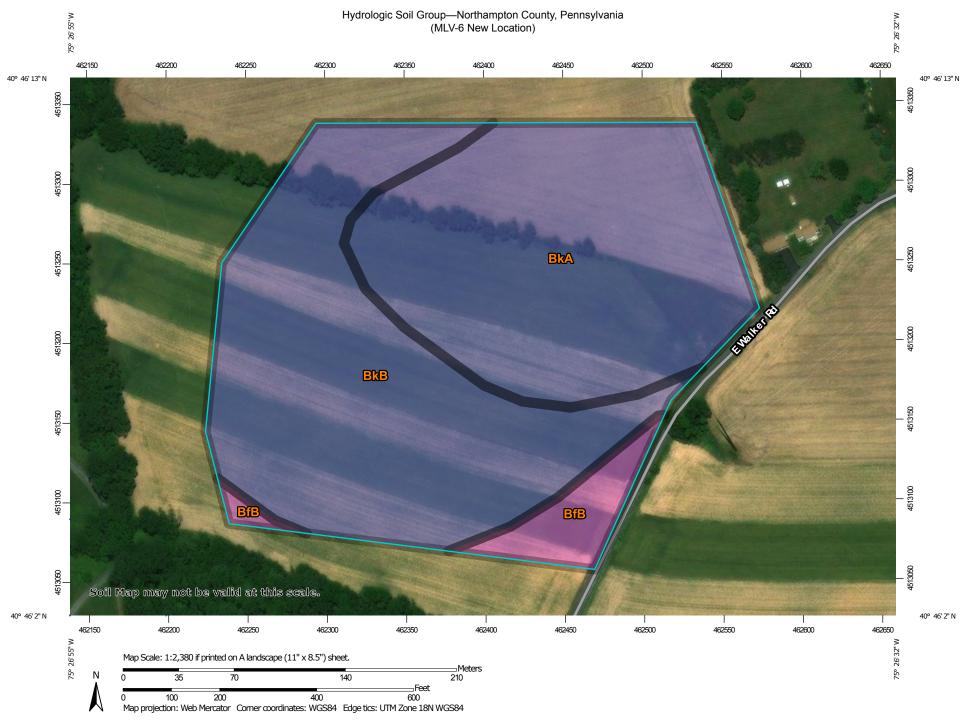
Flow Chart D Water Quality Process



Worksheet	10.	Water	Quality	Compliance	for Nitrate

Does the site design incorporate the following BMPs to address nitrate rating is achieved if at least 2 Primary BMPs for nitrate are provided ac BMPs for nitrate are provided across the site (or 1 primary and 2 second	ross the site or 4 secondary
PRIMARY BMPs FOR NITRATE:	YES NO
NS BMP 5.4.2 - Protect / Conserve / Enhance Riparian Buffers	X
NS BMP 5.5.4 - Cluster Uses at Each Site	X
NS BMP 5.6.1 - Minimize Total Disturbed Area	X
NS BMP 5.6.3 - Re-Vegetate / Re-Forest Disturbed Areas	X
NS BMP 5.9.1 - Street Sweeping / Vacuuming	X
Structural BMP 6.7.1 - Riparian Buffer Restoration	X
Structural BMP 6.7.2 - Landscape Restoration	X
SECONDARY BMPs FOR NITRATE:	
NS BMP 5.4.1 - Protect Sensitive / Special Value Features	X
NS BMP 5.4.3 - Protect / Utilize Natural Drainage Features	X
NS BMP 5.6.2 - Minimize Soil Compaction	X
Structural BMP 6.4.5 - Rain Garden / Bioretention	X
Structural BMP 6.4.8 - Vegetated Swale	X
Structural BMP 6.4.9 - Vegetated Filter Strip	X
Structural BMP 6.6.1 - Constructed Wetland	X
Structural BMP 6.7.1 - Riparian Buffer Restoration	X
Structural BMP 6.7.2 - Landscape Restoration	X
Structural BMP 6.7.3 - Soils Amendment / Restoration	X

D. Soil Report



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:12.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. D **Soil Rating Polygons** Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Not rated or not available Α misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil **Water Features** line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of A/D contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Streams and Canals В Transportation B/D Rails ---Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Interstate Highways C/D Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service **US Routes** Web Soil Survey URL: D Major Roads Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available -Local Roads Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Soil Rating Lines Background distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Aerial Photography Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. B/D Soil Survey Area: Northampton County, Pennsylvania Survey Area Data: Version 9, Oct 4, 2017 C/D Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. D Not rated or not available Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 20, 2010—Aug 28. 2016 **Soil Rating Points** The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background A/D imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BfB	Bedington-Berks complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	A	1.1	5.9%
BkA	Berks-Weikert complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes	В	8.6	44.9%
BkB	Berks-Weikert complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	В	9.4	49.2%
Totals for Area of Interest			19.2	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

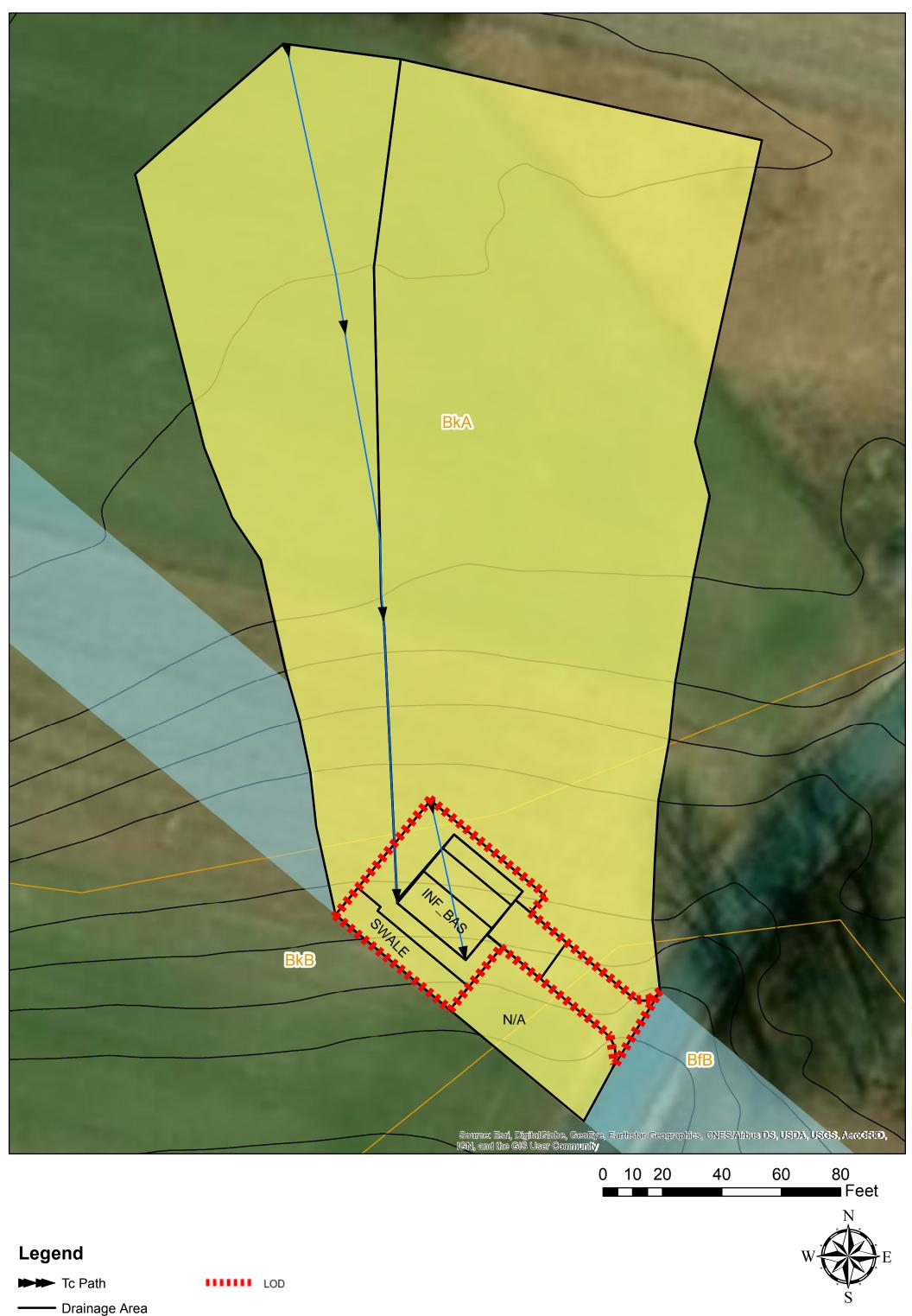
If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

E. Existing Conditions Stormwater Management Map



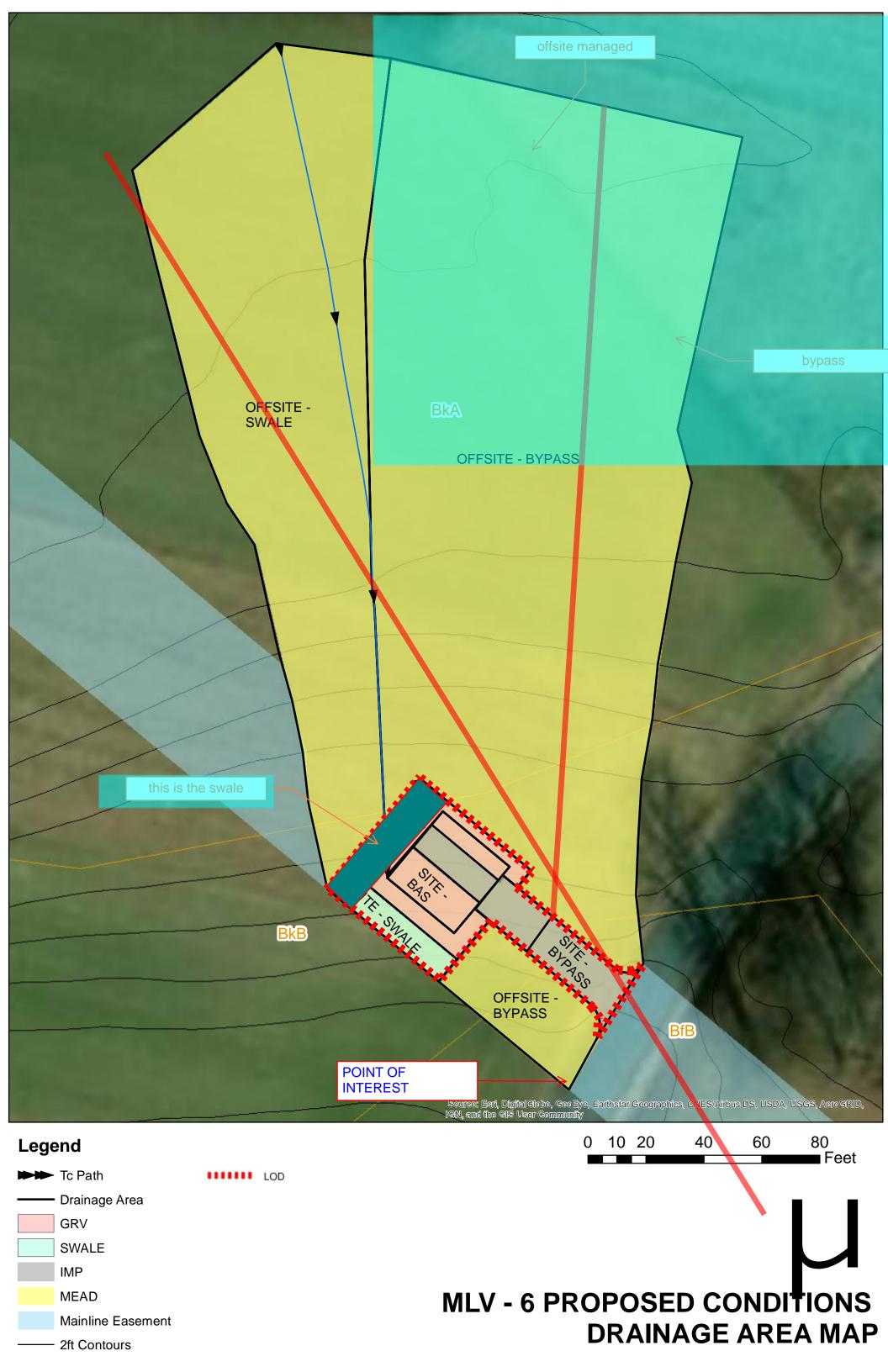
MLV - 6 EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE AREA MAP

MEAD

- 2ft Contours

Mainline Easement

F. Proposed Conditions Stormwater Management Map



G. Infiltration Memo



Technical Note

Project: PennEast Pipeline Project

Our reference: 353754-GT-SW-05 Your reference: 353754-GT-SW-05

Prepared by: B. Kalpouzos, EIT Date: 7/30/2018

Approved by: V. Shah, PE, PhD Checked by: T. Rajah, EIT

Subject: Test Pit and Infiltration Testing –Main Line Valve Site 6

1 Introduction

This technical note addresses the geotechnical considerations of the suitability of native soils for stormwater design of Main Line Valve Site 6 located in Moore, Northampton County, Pennsylvania (site). The subsurface investigation consisting of two test pits, MLV6-TP1 and MLV6-TP2, were excavated by Craig Test Boring Co., Inc. of Mays Landing, New Jersey on July 26, 2018. Infiltration testing using double-ring infiltrometers was subsequently performed within each test pit. A Locus Map showing the area of our investigation is provided in Attachment A.

2 Subsurface Investigation and Infiltration Testing Results

Given the presence of suitable soils absent of competent bedrock within testing zones, all infiltration tests were performed using a double-ring infiltrometer. The double-ring infiltrometer was placed on level ground within the excavated test pits, and driven a minimum of 2 inches below existing ground surface. Two 30-minute presoaks were conducted prior to start of infiltration testing. Both the outer and inner ring were filled with 4 inches of water, starting with the outer ring, and then the inner ring. The drop in the water level during the last 30 minutes of the presoaking period was used to determine the timed intervals to be used during testing. The timed interval between readings was determined based on the following criteria:

- If water level drop is 2 inches or more, 10-minute intervals were used for recording measurements.
- If water level drop is less than 2 inches, 30-minute intervals were used for recording measurements.

After each reading, both rings were refilled with 4 inches of water in an iterative manner. Water level depths at the determined timed interval were recorded until a minimum of 8 readings were completed or until a stabilized rate of drop was obtained, whichever occurred first. A stabilized rate of drop is defined as the difference of a 0.25-inch or less drop between the highest and lowest reading of four consecutive readings. The drop that occurs in the center ring during the final period or the average stabilized rate is expressed as inches per hour and represents the infiltration rate for that test location. At the completion of the infiltration test, each test pit was excavated an additional 2 feet to observe the subsurface conditions below the test depth. The test pit and infiltration results are summarized below:

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<u>MLV-6-TP1</u>

Test pit MLV6-TP1 was excavated 3.5 feet below existing grade on July 26, 2018. Two infiltration tests were performed at 1.5 feet below existing grade within this test pit. The first test yielded an infiltration rate of 15 inches per hour (in/hr), and the second test yielded an infiltration rate of 13.5 in/hr. It is recommended that an average infiltration rate of 14.25 in/hr be considered at this location. No restrictive zones or bedrock were encountered within 2.0 feet below testing depth. In accordance with the Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual (PA BMP), a minimum factor of safety of 2.0 is recommended in relation to soils encountered at this location. Therefore, the recommended design infiltration rate is 7.125 in/hr.

The general description of the soil profile observed within the excavated test pits are provided below:

- 0 6 inches: Topsoil
- 6 18 inches: Light brown, clayey Gravel, some silt, moist
- 18 42 inches: Light brown, clayey Gravel, little silt, moist

Mottling was not observed, and groundwater was not encountered within the test pit.

MLV-6-TP2

Test pit MLV6-TP1 was excavated 6.5 feet below existing grade on July 26, 2018. Two infiltration tests were performed at 4.5 feet below existing grade within this test pit. The first test yielded an infiltration rate of 9 (in/hr), and the second test yielded an infiltration rate of 7.5 in/hr. It is recommended that an average infiltration rate of 8.25 in/hr be considered at this location. No restrictive zones or bedrock were encountered within 2.0 feet below testing depth. In accordance with PA BMP, a minimum factor of safety of 2.0 is recommended in relation to soils encountered at this location. Therefore, the recommended design infiltration rate is 4.125 in/hr.

The general description of the soil profile observed within the excavated test pits are provided below:

- **0 6 inches**: Topsoil
- 6 12 inches: Brown, silty Clay, with rock fragments, moist
- 12 60 inches: Light brown, clayey Gravel, some rock fragments, some silt, moist
- 60 78 inches: Reddish brown, clayey Gravel, some rock fragments, little silt, wet

Mottling was not observed, and groundwater was not encountered within the test pit.

Table 1- Infiltration Test Result

Test Pit No.	Existing Grade El. (feet)	Infiltration Test El. (feet)	Infiltration Test Results (Average) (in/hr)	Required Safety Factor	Recommended Design Infiltration Rate (in/hr)
MLV6-TP1	821.4	1.5	14.25	2.0	7.125
MLV6-TP2	824.6	4.5	8.25	2.0	4.125

Infiltration rates observed during our investigation were dependent on the subsurface conditions encountered within each test pit. Test locations which resulted in low infiltration rates consisted of predeominantley low permeable soils such as silts and clays, and test locations which resulted in high infiltrations rates contained more permeable soils such as sands, gravels, cobbles, and boulders. The test pit logs and infiltration test forms are provided in Attachment B.

Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual. Department of Environmental Protection. Bureau of Watershed Management. December 30, 2006 was utilized as a reference for this scope of work.

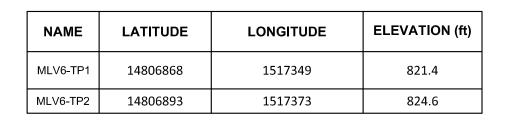
Attachments

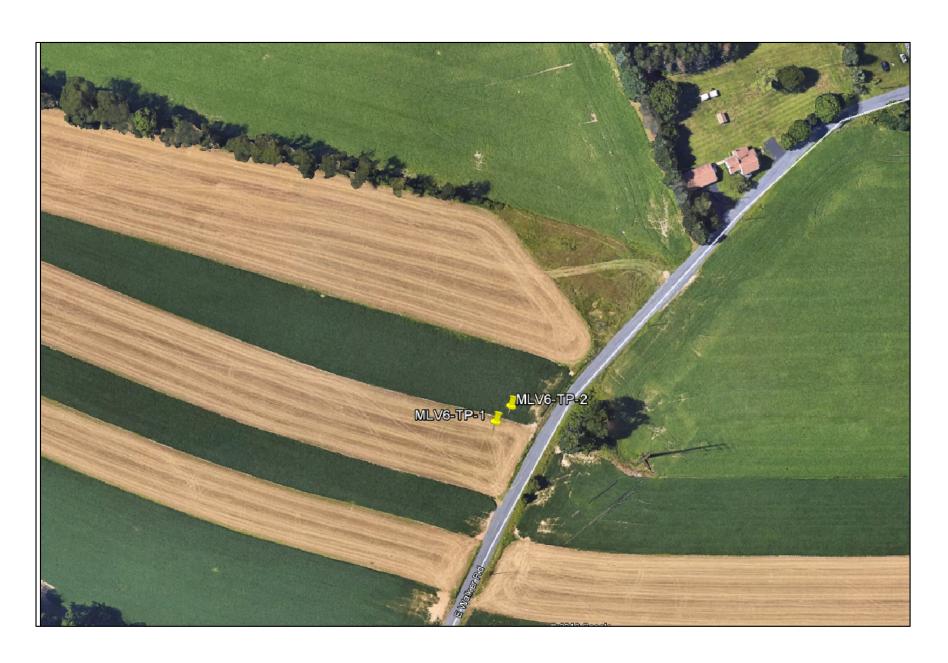
- Attachment A Locus Map
- Attachment B Test Pit Logs and Field Documents

Attachment

A. Locus Map







- NOTES:

 1. SCALE IS APPROXIMATE
- 2. GOOGLE EARTH AERIAL IMAGERY DATED 2018



M MOTT M MACDONALD
Certificate No. 24GA28016600

PENNEAST PIPELINE PROJECT MAIN LINE VALVE SITE 6 NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PA

111 Wood Avenue South Iselin, New Jersey 08830-4112

B. Test Pit Logs and Infiltration Test Forms

MOTT M MACDONALD N

TEST PIT LOG

SITE LOCATION	Main Line Valve 6	TEST PIT NUMBER	MLV6-TP1
	(MLV6)		
PROJECT NUMBER	353754	MOTT MACDONALD	B. Kalpouzos
		REPRESENTATIVE	_
GENERAL	Moore, PA	CONTRACTOR	Craig Test
LOCATION			Boring Co. Inc.
TIME OPENED	12:00 PM	TIME CLOSED	2:00 PM
DEPTH TO WATER	Not encountered	EQUIPMENT	Kubota KX71-3
(Feet BGS)			
TESTING DEPTH	1.5	FINAL EXCAVATION	3.5
(Feet BGS)		DEPTH (Feet BGS)	
DATE	7/26/2018		



<u>0-6"</u>: Topsoil



6-18": Light brown clayey c-f Gravel, some silt, moist

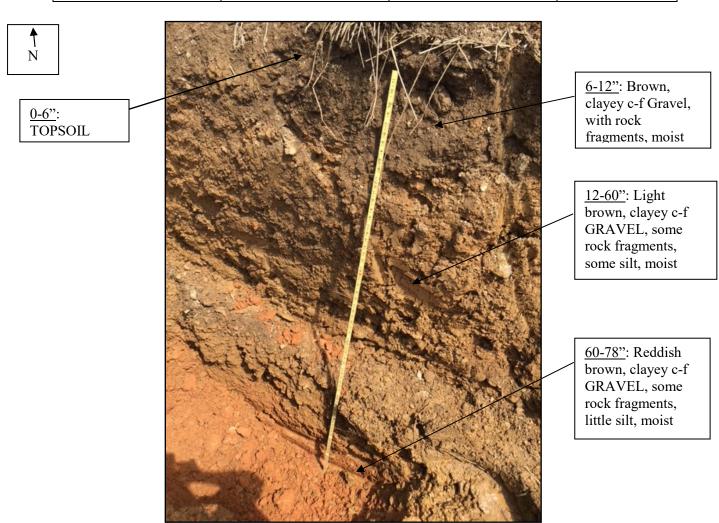
18-42": Light brown clayey c-f Gravel, little silt, moist

Note: All classifications and descriptions in this log are solely based on visual field observations. They were developed to generally characterize soils for environmental purposes only. They are not to be relied for any other purpose.

MOTT M MACDONALD N

TEST PIT LOG

SITE LOCATION	Main Line Valve 6	TEST PIT NUMBER	MLV6-TP2
	(MLV6)		
PROJECT NUMBER	353754	MOTT MACDONALD	B. Kalpouzos
		REPRESENTATIVE	_
GENERAL	Moore, PA	CONTRACTOR	Craig Test
LOCATION			Boring Co., Inc.
TIME OPENED	8:00 AM	TIME CLOSED	11:30 AM
DEPTH TO WATER	Not encountered	EQUIPMENT	Kubota KX71-3
(feet BGS)			
TESTING DEPTH	4.5	FINAL EXCAVATION	6.5
(feet BGS)		DEPTH (feet BGS)	
DATE	7/26/2018		



Note: All classifications and descriptions in this log are solely based on visual field observations. They were developed to generally characterize soils for environmental purposes only. They are not to be relied for any other purpose.

MOTT M MACDONALD

Sheet 1 of 2

Infiltration Test Form

Geotechnical Inves	tigation:	
■ Project Name:	Penn East	■ Date: 3/26/2018
Job Number:	353754	■ Site Location: Moure, PA
■ Contractor:	CTB	■ Weather/Temp: Over(35+, 70° 6
■ Infiltration Test II	D: TP-1	■ Report by: S Grigoryan
■ Testing Depth :	1.5 FT.	■ Infiltration Test Method : Double-Ring Infiltrometer

Infiltration Test Pit Soil Description:								
Depth Rang	ge (inches)	Description of Soil/Rock Layers						
0	6	TBPSOIL						
6	18	Light brown, Clarky BRAVEZ, Some silt, moist,						
18	42	Light brown, Clayey GRAVEZ, Some silt, moist.						
		10 ×0						

Percolation Test:									
Test #1	12	20		12					
Time (min.)	30 pre-soak	30 pre-soak	10	10	10	10		/	
Test Depth (feet)	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Reading No. 3	Reading No. 4	Reading No. 5	Reading No. 6	Reading No.7	Reading No. 8	Infil. Rate (in. / hour)
1,5	4	4	2.75	2.5	2.5	2.5			15
Test #2	8	/3							
Time (min.)	∠30 pre-soak	a0 pre-soak	10	10	70	10		/	
Test Depth (feet)	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Reading No. 3	Reading No. 4	Reading No. 5	Reading No. 6	Reading No. 7	Reading No. 8	Infil. Rate (in. / hour)
1.5	4	4	2.5	2.25	2.25	2.25		a /	13.5

Av6: 14,25 in/hr.

MOTT M M MACDONALD M

Sheet 1 of 2

Infiltration Test Form

Geotechnical Investiga	tion:	×	
■ Project Name: P	nn East		■ Date: 1/26/2018
	53754		■ Site Location : Mount, PA
■ Contractor:	TB		■ Weather/Temp: &\DnCAsT/70°/
■ Infiltration Test ID :	TP-2	MLV-6	■ Report by: S. Grigoryan
■ Testing Depth : \	LIS FT.	■ Infiltration T	est Method: Double-Ring Infiltrometer

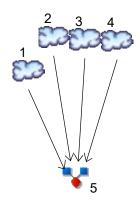
Infiltration Test Pit Soil Description:									
Depth Range (inches)		Description of Soil/Rock Layers							
0	6	TOPSOIL							
6	12	Brown, clayer GANER, with rock bigments, some sit,							
12	60	Brown, clayer GANER, with rock bogments, some sit,							
60	7-8	Reddish prown, clayey GRAVE, some rock framents, some sil							

	Percolation Test:									
Test #1										
Time (min.)	30 pre-soak	30 pre-soak	10	10	10	10	10	10		
Test Depth (feet)	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Reading No. 3	Reading No. 4	Reading No. 5	Reading No. 6	Reading No. 7	Reading No. 8	Infil. Rate (in. / hour)	
4.5	4	4	2,25	2.0	2.0	1.75	1.5	1.5	9,0	
Test #2									F	
Time (min.)	30 pre-soak	30 pre-soak	10	10	/D	10		/		
Test Depth (feet)	Reading No. 1	Reading No. 2	Reading No. 3	Reading No. 4	Reading No. 5	Reading No. 6	Reading No. 7	Reading No. 8	Infil. Rate (in. / hour)	
4.5	3.5	3.5	1,25	1,25	1.25	1.25	/		7.5	

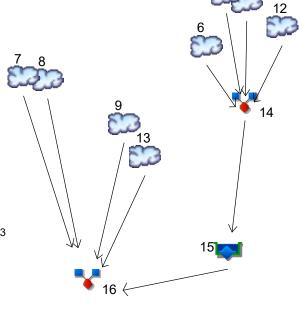
Avs: 8.25 in/hr.

H. Model Input and Output Report

Watershed Model Schematic Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020



<u>Legend</u>										
<u>Hyd.</u>	<u>Origin</u>	<u>Description</u>								
1	SCS Runoff	EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A								
2	SCS Runoff	EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B								
3	SCS Runoff	EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A								
4	SCS Runoff	EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B								
5	Combine	EXISTING TOTAL								
6	SCS Runoff	PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13								
7	SCS Runoff	PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20								
8	SCS Runoff	PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17								
9	SCS Runoff	PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19								
10	SCS Runoff	PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15								
11	SCS Runoff	PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12								
12	SCS Runoff	PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11								
13	SCS Runoff	PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8								
14	Combine	PR-TO-TRENCH								
15	Reservoir	INF TRENCH								
16	Combine	PR-COMBINED								



Project: MLV-6 REV 8.gpw

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hydrograph Return Period Recap Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

-						Hydrograph						
No.	type (origin)	hyd(s)	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	Description	
1	SCS Runoff		0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A	
2	SCS Runoff		0.055	0.204		0.568	0.968	1.679	2.382	3.241	EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B	
3	SCS Runoff		0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A	
4	SCS Runoff		0.007	0.027		0.070	0.114	0.191	0.266	0.358	EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B	
5	Combine	1, 2, 3,	0.058	0.212		0.589	1.006	1.741	2.478	3.380	EXISTING TOTAL	
6	SCS Runoff	4	0.041	0.151		0.421	0.718	1.245	1.767	2.405	PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2	
7	SCS Runoff		0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2	
8	SCS Runoff		0.014	0.052		0.144	0.246	0.426	0.605	0.823	PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14	
9	SCS Runoff		0.050	0.060		0.075	0.088	0.108	0.125	0.144	PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19	
10	SCS Runoff		0.058	0.069		0.087	0.102	0.124	0.144	0.167	PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15	
11	SCS Runoff		0.002	0.009		0.023	0.037	0.063	0.088	0.118	PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,7	
12	SCS Runoff		0.035	0.046		0.063	0.077	0.099	0.119	0.141	PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11	
13	SCS Runoff		0.001	0.005		0.012	0.020	0.033	0.046	0.061	PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8	
14	Combine	6, 10, 11,	0.099	0.182		0.465	0.782	1.337	1.888	2.562	PR-TO-TRENCH	
15	Reservoir	12, 14	0.000	0.000		0.017	0.056	0.364	1.457	2.477	INF TRENCH	
16	Combine	7, 8, 9, 13, 15	0.052	0.081		0.173	0.283	0.492	1.951	3.338	PR-COMBINED	

Proj. file: MLV-6 REV 8.gpw

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hydrograph Summary Report Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

	T	1		1		Hydrallow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk			,
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A
2	SCS Runoff	0.055	1	732	595				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A
4	SCS Runoff	0.007	1	721	43				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B
5	Combine	0.058	1	732	638	1, 2, 3,			EXISTING TOTAL
6	SCS Runoff	0.041	1	732	441	4			PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2
8	SCS Runoff	0.014	1	732	151				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14
9	SCS Runoff	0.050	1	717	117				PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19
10	SCS Runoff	0.058	1	717	135				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15
11	SCS Runoff	0.002	1	721	14				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,1
12	SCS Runoff	0.035	1	718	71				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11
13	SCS Runoff	0.001	1	721	7				PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8
14	Combine	0.099	1	718	661	6, 10, 11,			PR-TO-TRENCH
15	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	12, 14	826.03	661	INF TRENCH
16	Combine	0.052	1	718	275	7, 8, 9, 13, 15			PR-COMBINED
MLV-6 REV 8.gpw			Return P	Return Period: 1 Year			Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019		

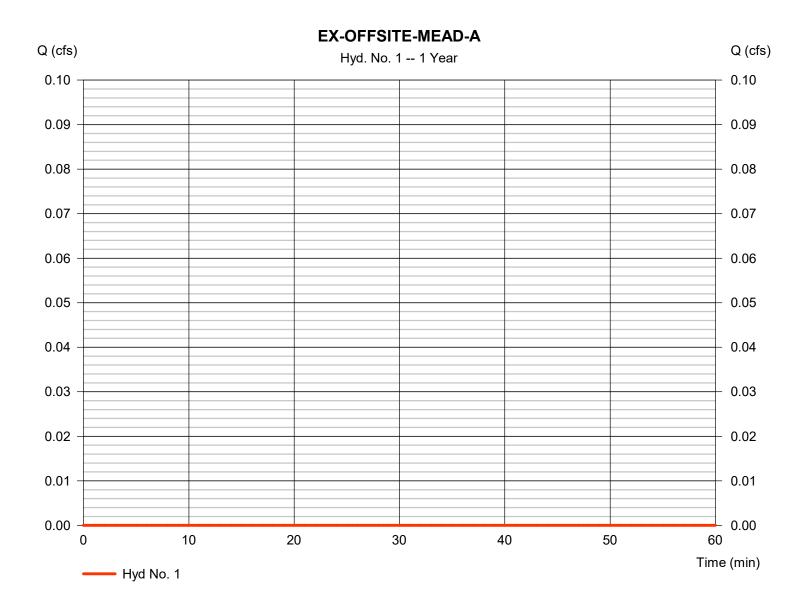
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 1

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = n/a= 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.030 ac= 30 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



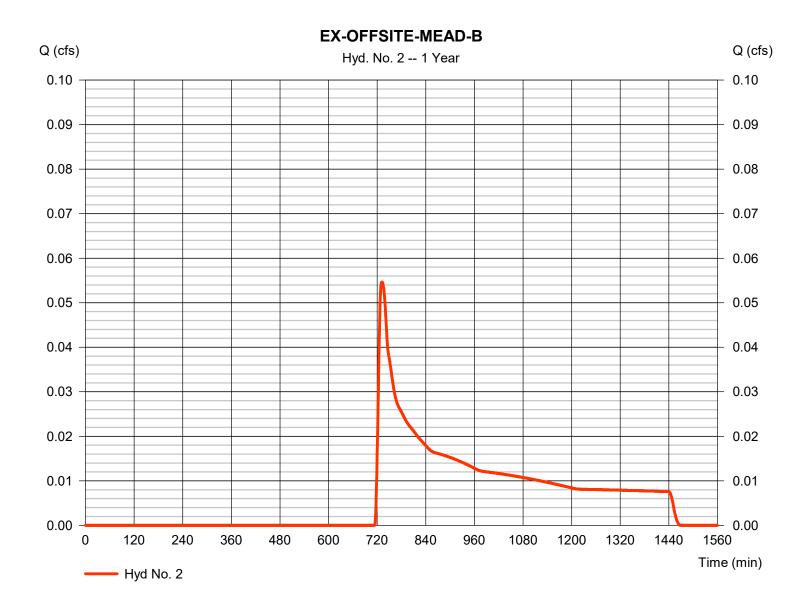
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 2

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.055 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 732 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 595 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.000 ac= 58 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



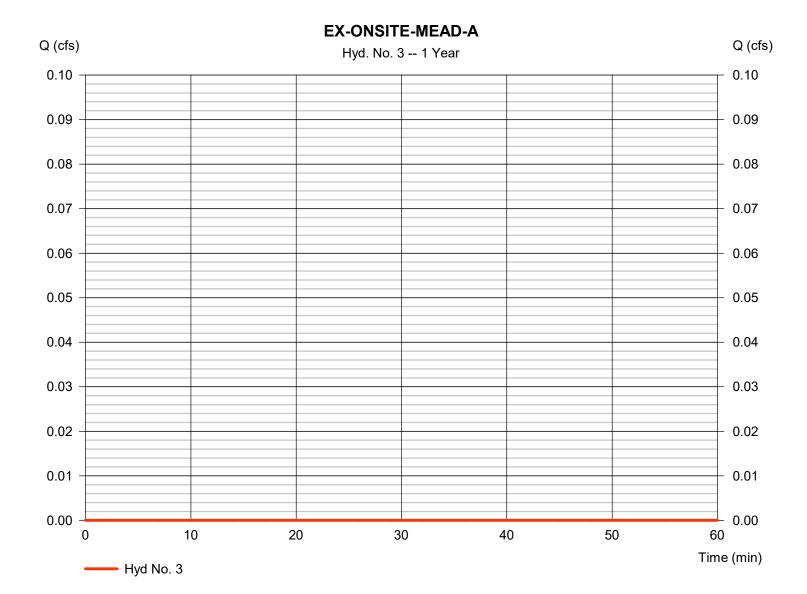
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 3

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = n/a= 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.010 ac= 30 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

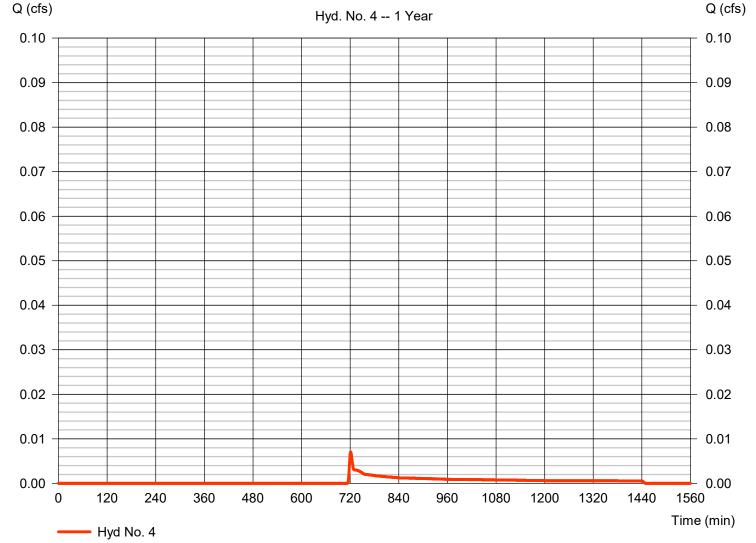
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 4

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.007 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 721 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 43 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.070 ac= 58 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





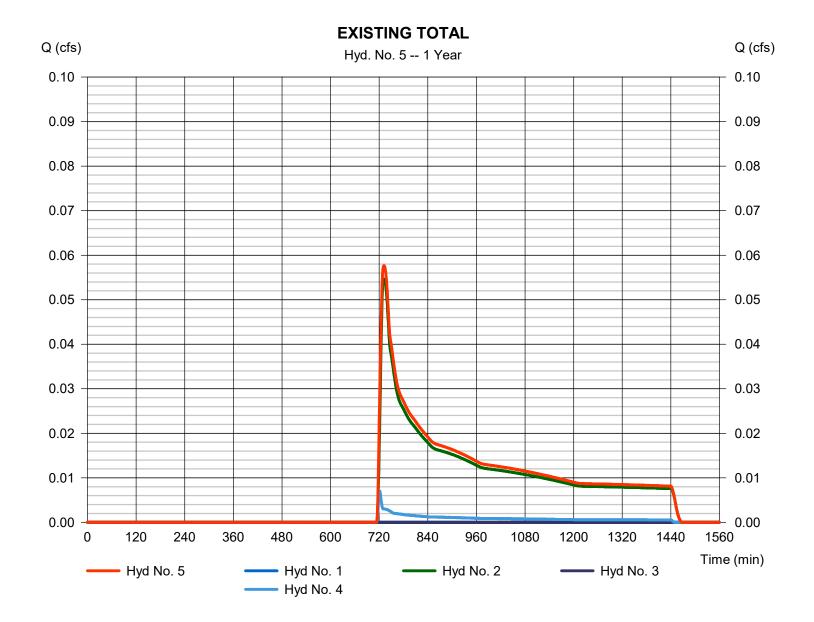
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 5

EXISTING TOTAL

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.058 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 732 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 638 cuft Inflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3, 4Contrib. drain. area = 1.110 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

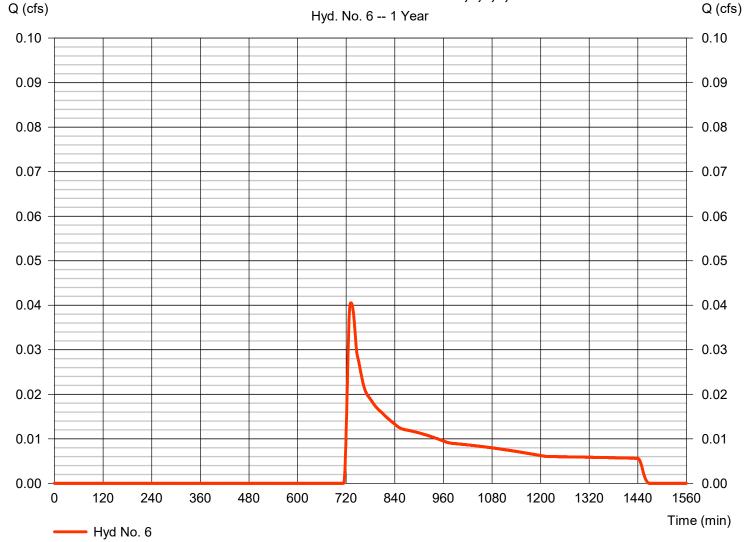
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 6

PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.041 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 732 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 441 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.742 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

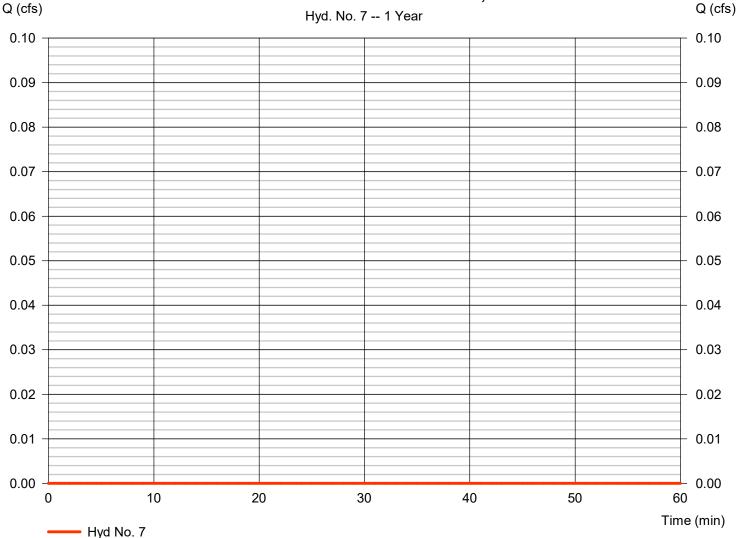
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 7

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

= SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsHydrograph type Storm frequency Time to peak = n/a= 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.027 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

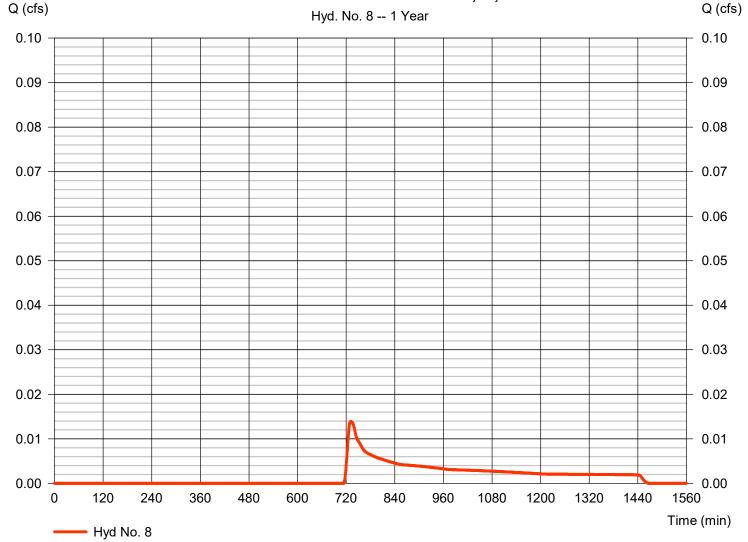
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 8

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.014 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 732 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 151 cuft Drainage area = 0.254 acCurve number = 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





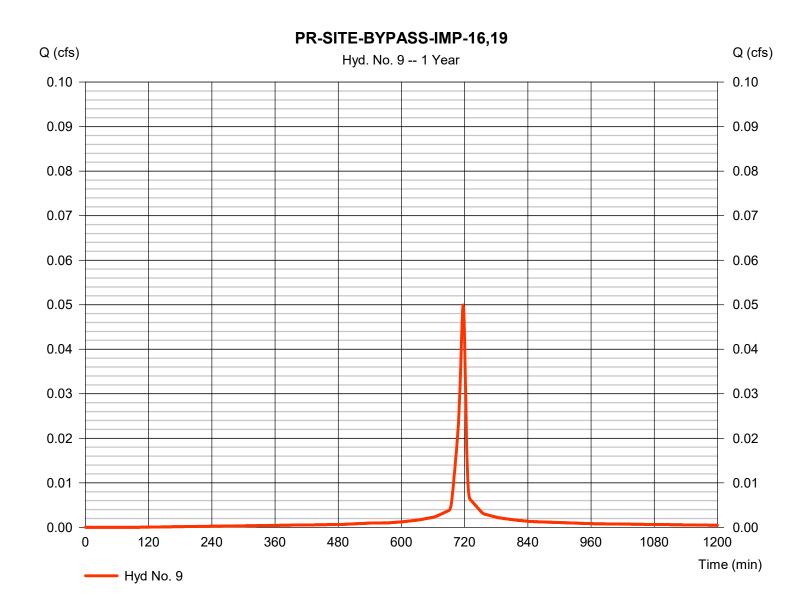
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 9

PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.050 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 717 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 117 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.013 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

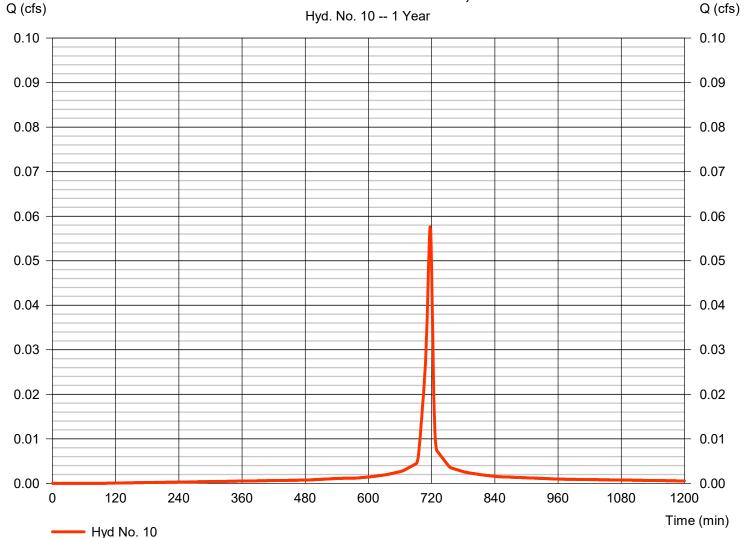
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 10

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.058 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 717 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 135 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.015 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

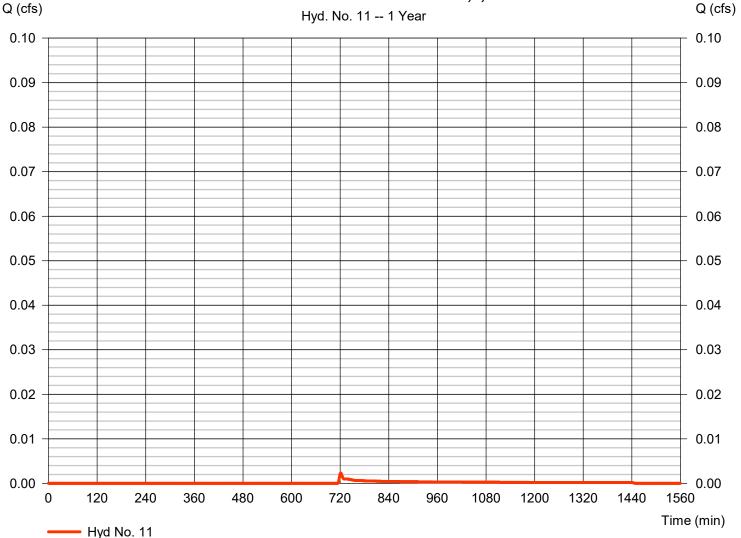
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 11

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.002 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 721 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 14 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.023 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

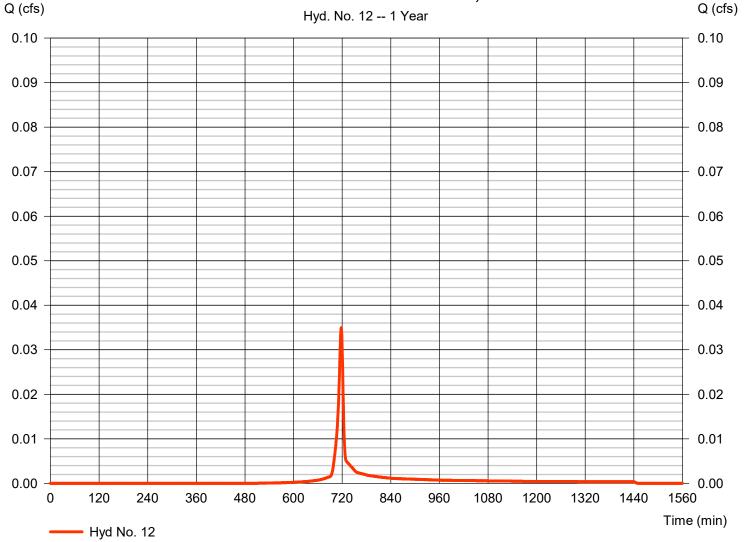
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 12

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.035 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 718 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 71 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.014 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

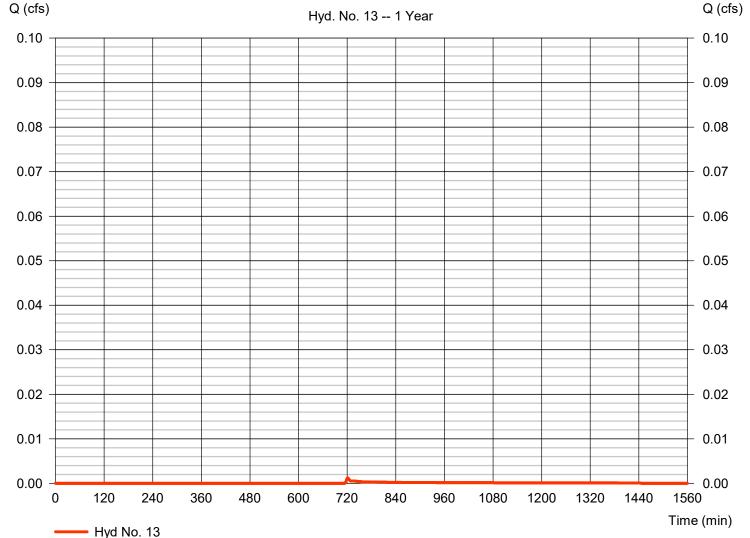
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 13

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.001 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 721 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 7 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.012 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.63 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8



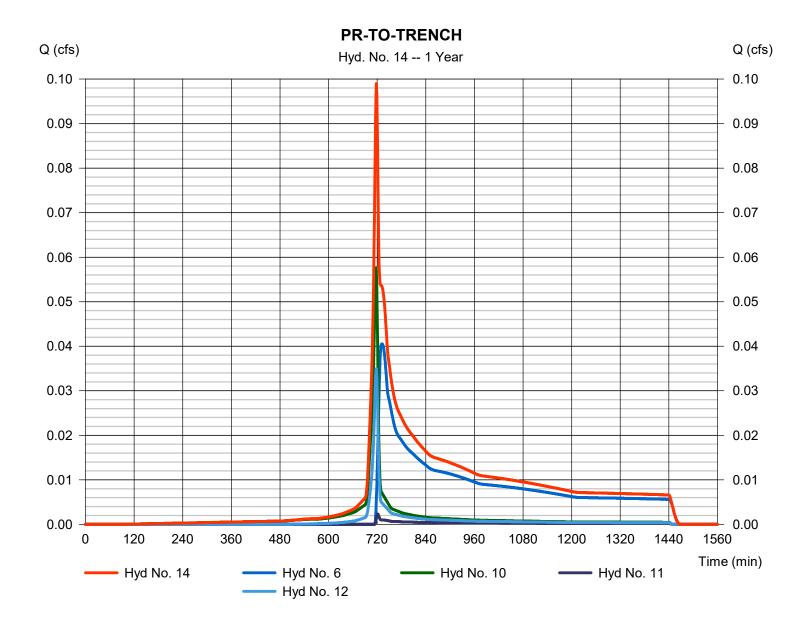
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 14

PR-TO-TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.099 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 661 cuft Inflow hyds. = 6, 10, 11, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 0.794 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

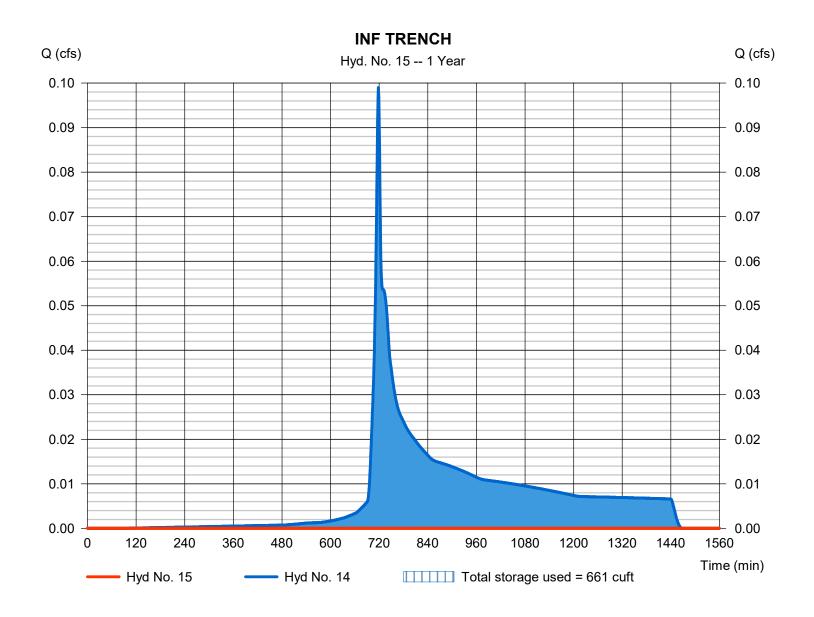
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 15

INF TRENCH

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.000 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency Time to peak = n/a= 1 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 14 - PR-TO-TRENCH $= 826.03 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = TRENCH Max. Storage = 661 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Pond No. 1 - TRENCH

Pond Data

Trapezoid -Bottom L x W = 40.0 x 40.0 ft, Side slope = 0.00:1, Bottom elev. = 825.00 ft, Depth = 4.00 ft, Voids = 40.00%

Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)
0.00	825.00	1,600	0	0
0.40	825.40	1,600	256	256
0.80	825.80	1,600	256	512
1.20	826.20	1,600	256	768
1.60	826.60	1,600	256	1,024
2.00	827.00	1,600	256	1,280
2.40	827.40	1,600	256	1,536
2.80	827.80	1,600	256	1,792
3.20	828.20	1,600	256	2,048
3.60	828.60	1,600	256	2,304
4.00	829.00	1,600	256	2,560

Culvert / Orifice Structures

Weir Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[PrfRsr]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Crest Len (ft)	= 4.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 12.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Crest El. (ft)	= 828.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	0	0	0	Weir Coeff.	= 2.60	3.33	3.33	3.33
Invert El. (ft)	= 826.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	Weir Type	= Broad			
Length (ft)	= 0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	Multi-Stage	= Yes	No	No	No
Slope (%)	= 0.10	0.00	0.00	n/a					
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	n/a					
Orifice Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	Exfil.(in/hr)	= 0.000 (by Contour)			
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No	TW Elev. (ft)	= 0.00			

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).

Stage / Storage / Discharge Table

Stage ft	Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	PrfRsr cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	User cfs	Total cfs
11	Cuit	11	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS
0.00	0	825.00	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.04	26	825.04	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.08	51	825.08	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.12	77	825.12	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.16	102	825.16	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.20	128	825.20	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.24	154	825.24	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.28	179	825.28	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.32	205	825.32	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.36	230	825.36	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.40	256	825.40	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.44	282	825.44	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.48	307	825.48	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.52	333	825.52	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.56	358	825.56	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.60	384	825.60	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.64	410	825.64	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.68	435	825.68	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.72	461	825.72	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.76	486	825.76	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.80	512	825.80	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.84	538	825.84	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.88	563	825.88	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.92	589	825.92	0.00				0.00						0.000
0.96	614	825.96	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.00	640	826.00	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.04	666	826.04	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.08	691	826.08	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.12	717	826.12	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.16	742	826.16	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.20	768	826.20	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.24	794	826.24	0.00				0.00						0.000
1.28	819	826.28	0.00				0.00						0.000

Continues on next page...

3.614

TRENCH

Stage / Storage / Discharge Table Storage Clv A CI_V C Wr B Exfil Stage Elevation Clv B PrfRsr Wr A Wr C Wr D User Total cuft ft ft cfs 845 826.32 0.00 0.00 0.000 1.32 1.36 870 826.36 0.00 ---0.00 ------0.000 ------1.40 0.00 896 826.40 0.00 0.000 ------------------922 1.44 826.44 0.00 0.00 0.000 ------1.48 947 826 48 0.00 ___ 0.00 ------0.000 1.52 973 826.52 0.00 0.00 ---0.000 ------1.56 998 826.56 0.00 0.00 ---0.000 ------------------1.60 1,024 826.60 0.00 0.00 0.000 1.64 1.050 826.64 0.00 ------0.00 ---------0.000 1.68 1,075 826.68 0.00 0.00 ---0.000 1,101 826.72 0.00 0.00 0.000 1.72 ------------------------1.76 1,126 826.76 0.00 0.00 0.000 1.80 1,152 826.80 0.00 0.00 0.000 ---------1.84 1,178 826.84 0.00 0.00 0.000 1,203 826 88 0.00 0.00 0.000 1.88 ------------------------1.92 1,229 826.92 0.00 0.00 0.000 1,254 826.96 0.00 0.00 0.000 1.96 ------------2.00 1,280 827.00 0.00 ------0.00 ---------0.000 2.04 1,306 827.04 0.00 0.00 0.000 ---------------2.08 1,331 827.08 0.00 0.00 0.000 2.12 1,357 827.12 0.00 0.00 0.000 ---------------------2.16 1,382 827.16 0.00 0.00 ---0.000 2.20 1.408 827.20 0.00 ---0.00 0.000 ------------2.24 ------1,434 827.24 0.00 0.00 0.000 2.28 1,459 827.28 0.00 ---0.00 ---0.000 ------------1,485 0.00 ---0.000 2.32 827.32 ------0.00 ---------2.36 1.510 827.36 0.00 ---0.00 ------0.000 2.40 827.40 0.00 0.000 1,536 0.00 2.44 1,562 827.44 0.00 ------0.00 ---------0.000 0.00 2.48 1,587 827.48 ---------0.00 ---------------0.000 1,613 827.52 0.00 0.00 0.000 2.52 ---------------2.56 ---1,638 827 56 0.00 ---0.00 ------0.000 ---2.60 1,664 827.60 0.00 ---0.00 ------0.000 ------1,690 0.00 0.00 0.000 2.64 827.64 ------------------------2.68 1,715 827.68 0.00 0.00 0.000 ------------2.72 1.741 827.72 0.00 ---0.00 ---------0.000 ---------2.76 1,766 827.76 0.00 ---0.00 ------0.000 0.00 1,792 0.00 0.000 2.80 827.80 ------------------------2.84 1,818 827.84 0.00 0.00 0.000 2.88 1,843 827.88 0.00 0.000 ---0.00 ---2.92 1,869 827.92 0.00 0.00 0.000 2.96 1,894 0.00 0.00 0.000 827 96 ------------------------3.00 1,920 828.00 0.00 0.00 0.000 1,946 3.04 828.04 0.08 oc 0.08 0.166 ---------3.08 1,971 828.08 0.24 oc ---0.23 ---------0.469 1,997 828.12 0.43 oc 0.43 0.863 3.12 ------------------------3.16 2,022 828.16 0.66 ic 0.66 1.329 3.20 2,048 828.20 0.93 ic ___ 0.93 ---1.861 ---------2,074 3.24 828.24 1.22 ic ---1.22 ---------2.445 3.28 2.099 828.28 1.41 ic 1.41 s 2.820 ---------3.32 2,125 828.32 1.46 ic ---1.46 s---2.920 2,150 3.36 828.36 1.50 ic 1.50 s------2.992 ---3.40 2,176 1.53 ic 828.40 1.53 s------3.051 ---3.44 2.202 828.44 1.55 ic ---1.55 s ---------3.103 3.149 2,227 3.48 828.48 1.58 ic 1.57 s 3.52 2,253 828.52 1.60 ic ---1.60 s ------3.192 ------3.56 2,278 828.56 1.62 ic ---------------1.62 s------3.234 3.60 2.304 828.60 1.64 ic 1.64 s ------3.274 ------2,330 3.64 828.64 1.66 ic 1.65 s3.311 3.68 2,355 828.68 1.68 ic ---1.67 s ------3.347 2,381 3.386 1.69 ic 828.72 ---1.69 s---3.72 ---------------2,406 828.76 3.420 3.76 1.71 ic 1.71 s ------------3.80 2,432 828 80 1.73 ic ------1.73 s------3.456 ---3.84 2,458 828.84 1.75 ic ------3.486 1.75 s3.88 2,483 828.88 1.76 ic 3.516 1.76 s------------------3.92 2,509 828.92 1.78 ic 1.77 s 3.545 2.534 828.96 1.80 ic 1.79 s 3.585 3 96 ------

1.81 s

...End

4.00

2,560

829.00

1.81 ic

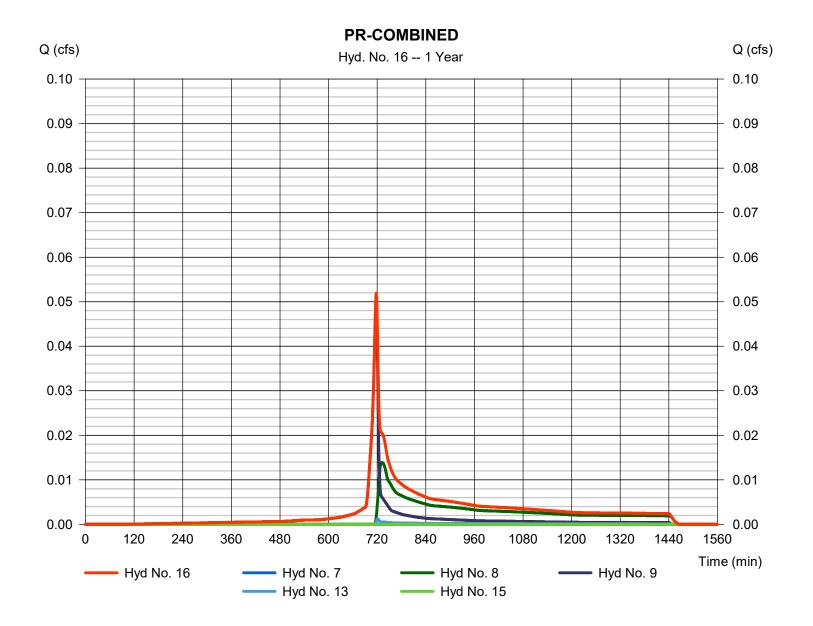
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 16

PR-COMBINED

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.052 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 275 cuft Inflow hyds. = 7, 8, 9, 13, 15 Contrib. drain. area = 0.306 ac



Hydrograph Summary Report Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

	1	1	1	1		1			on for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020			
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description			
1	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A			
2	SCS Runoff	0.204	1	728	1,162				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B			
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A			
4	SCS Runoff	0.027	1	720	85				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B			
5	Combine	0.212	1	727	1,246	1, 2, 3,			EXISTING TOTAL			
6	SCS Runoff	0.151	1	728	862	4			PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,			
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2			
8	SCS Runoff	0.052	1	728	295				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14			
9	SCS Runoff	0.060	1	717	142				PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19			
10	SCS Runoff	0.069	1	717	164				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15			
11	SCS Runoff	0.009	1	720	28				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,1			
12	SCS Runoff	0.046	1	718	94				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11			
13	SCS Runoff	0.005	1	720	15				PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8			
14	Combine	0.182	1	721	1,148	6, 10, 11,			PR-TO-TRENCH			
15	Reservoir	0.000	1	n/a	0	12, 14	826.79	1,148	INF TRENCH			
16	Combine	0.081	1	719	452	7, 8, 9, 13, 15			PR-COMBINED			
ML'	MLV-6 REV 8.gpw				Return P	eriod: 2 Ye	ear	Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019				

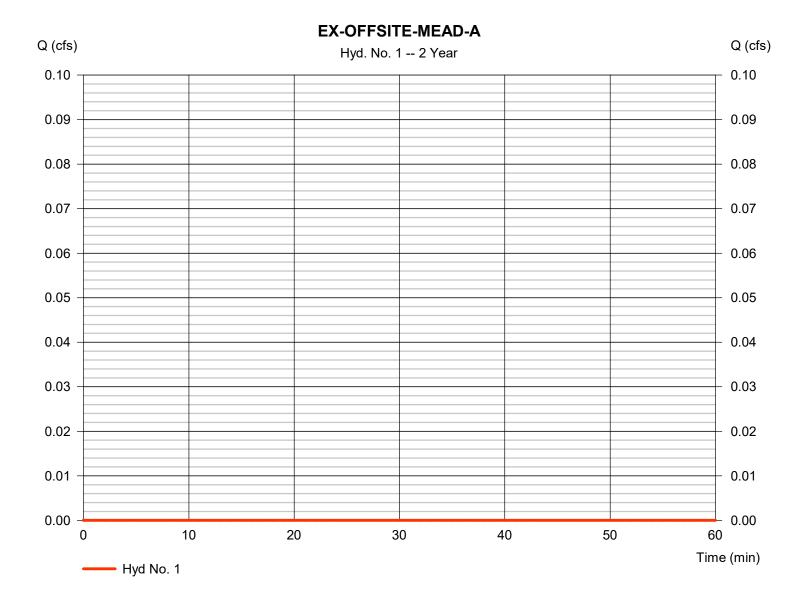
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 1

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.030 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



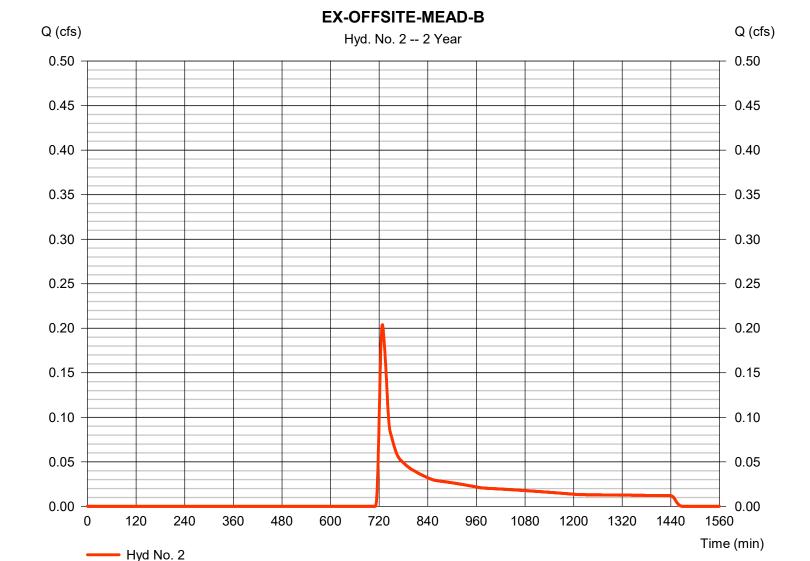
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 2

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.204 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,162 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.000 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



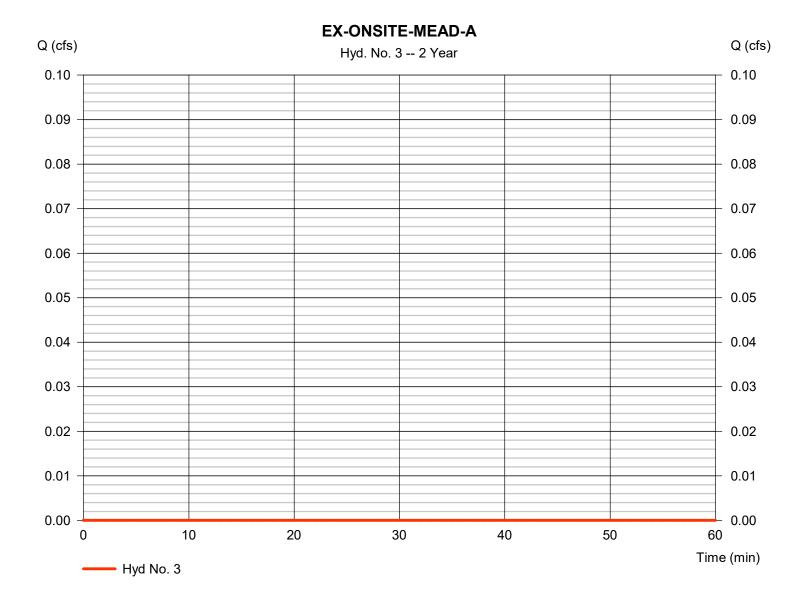
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 3

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.010 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

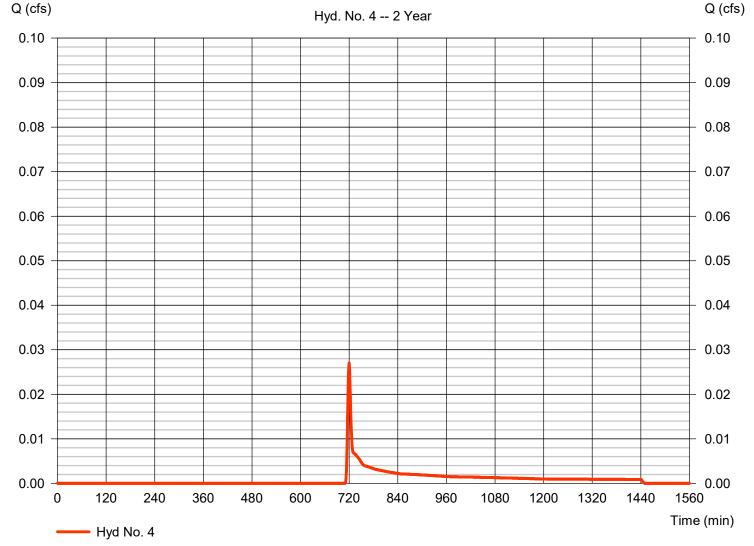
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 4

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.027 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 85 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.070 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration Shape factor = 24 hrs = 484





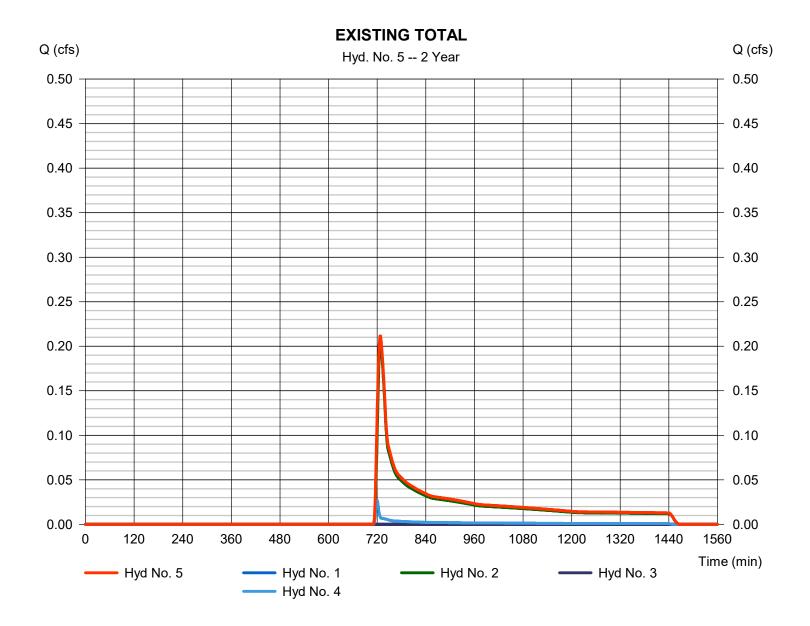
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 5

EXISTING TOTAL

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.212 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 2 yrs= 727 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,246 cuft Inflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3, 4Contrib. drain. area = 1.110 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

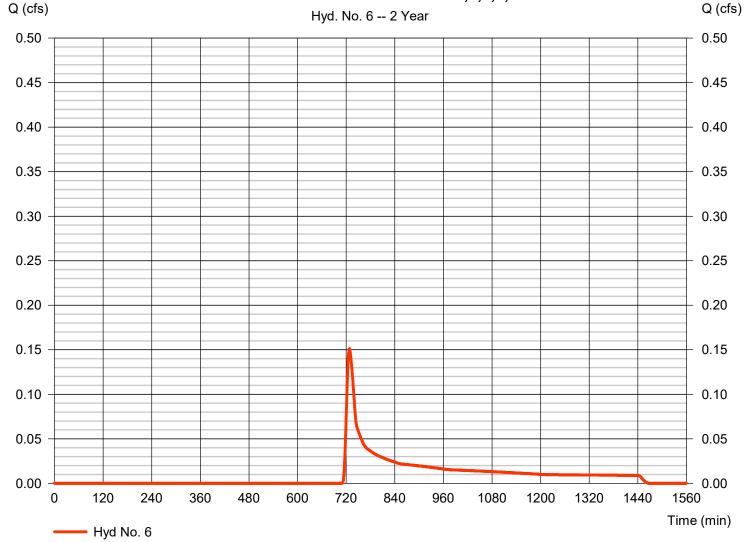
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 6

PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.151 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 862 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.742 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

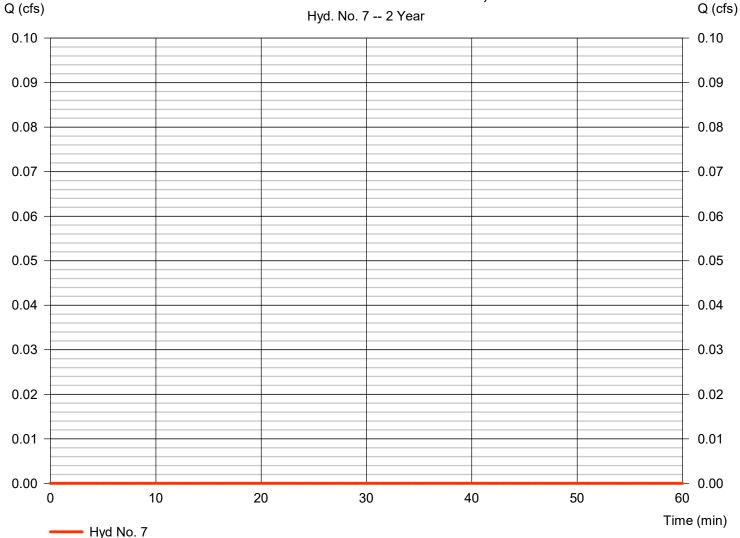
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 7

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

= SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsHydrograph type Storm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.027 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

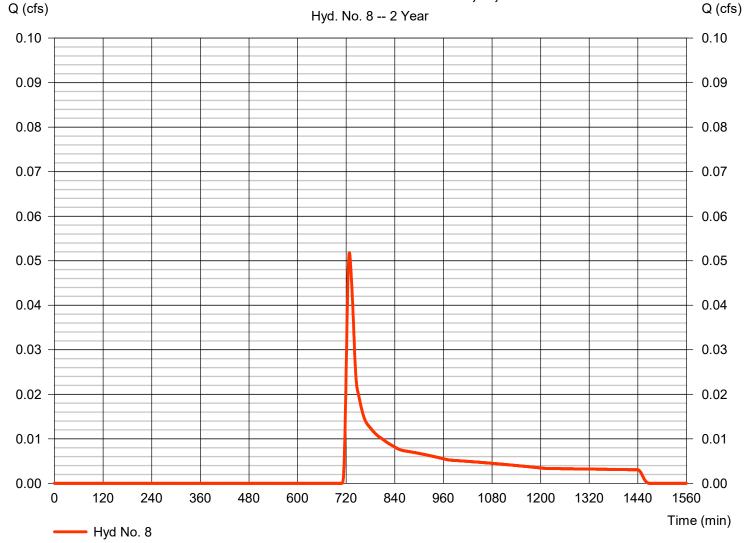
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 8

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.052 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 295 cuft = 0.254 acCurve number Drainage area = 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





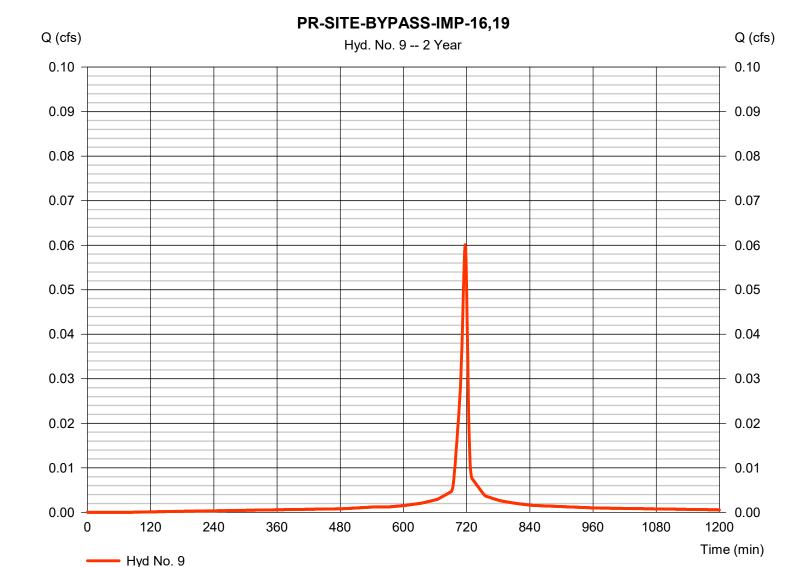
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 9

PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.060 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 142 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.013 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

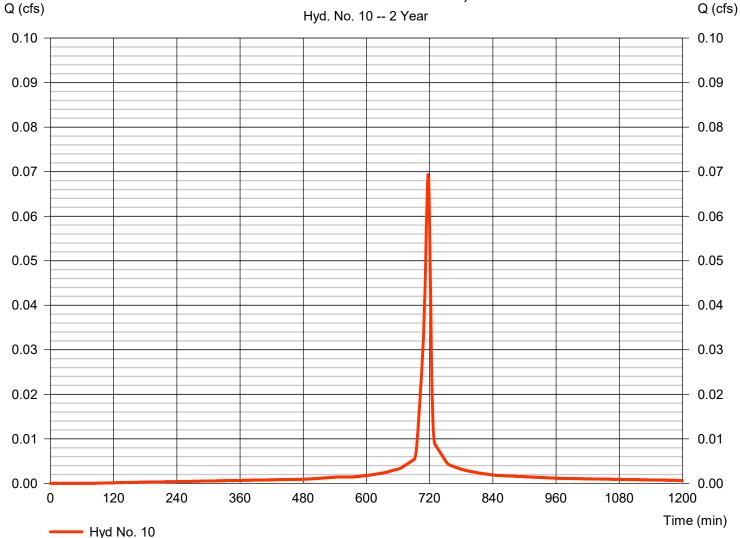
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 10

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.069 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 164 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.015 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

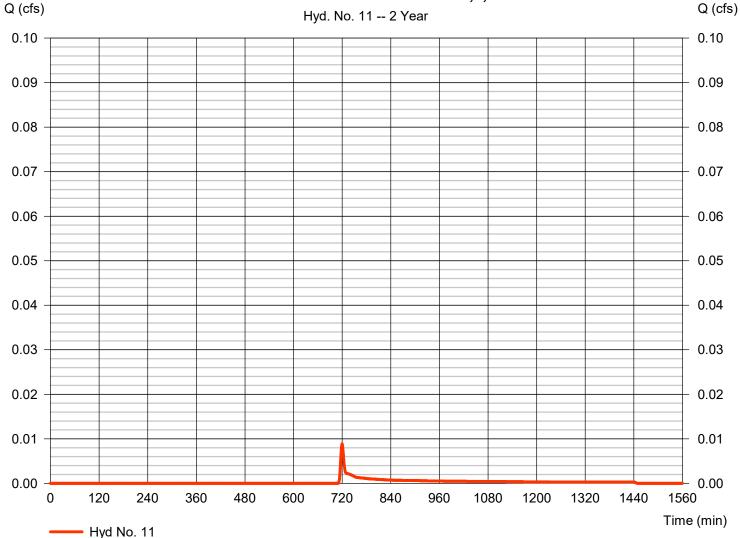
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 11

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.009 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 28 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.023 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

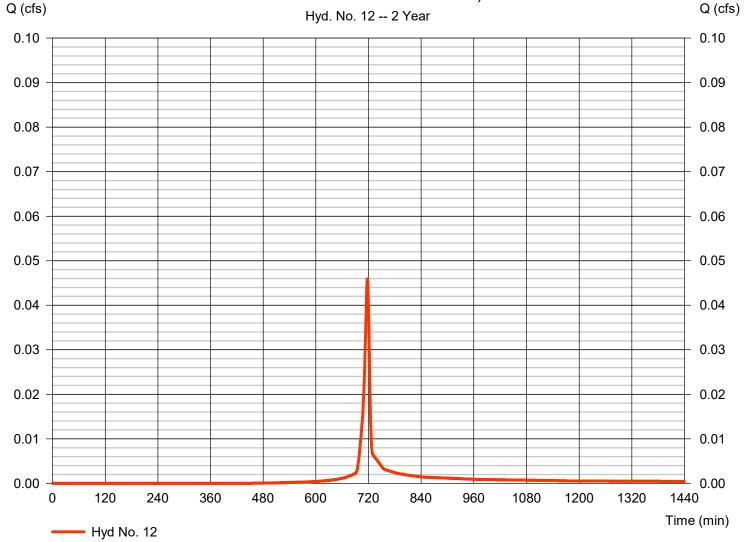
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 12

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.046 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 94 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.014 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

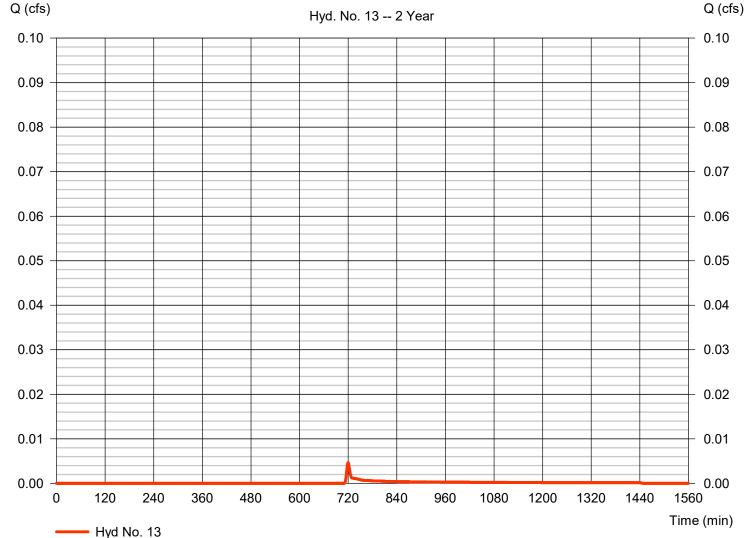
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 13

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.005 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 15 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.012 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.15 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8



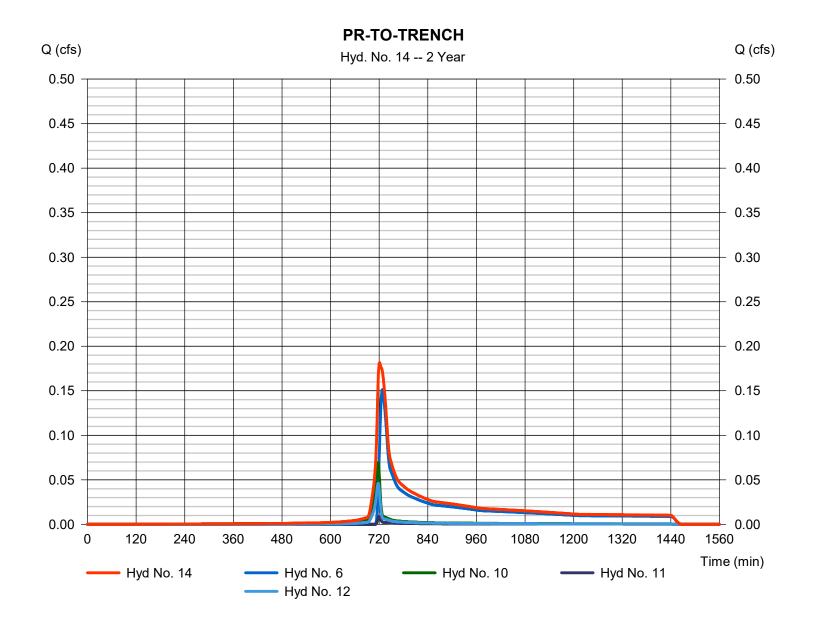
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 14

PR-TO-TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.182 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 2 yrs= 721 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,148 cuft Inflow hyds. = 6, 10, 11, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 0.794 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

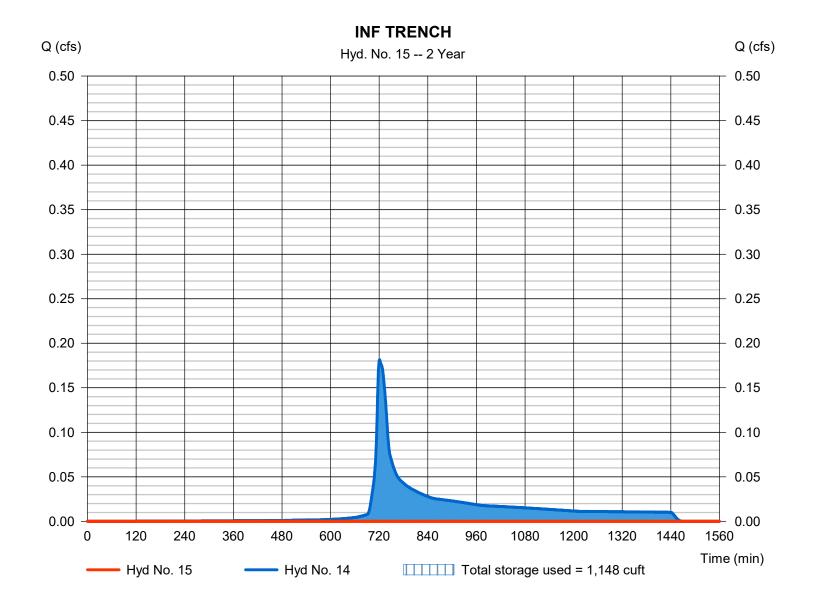
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 15

INF TRENCH

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.000 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 14 - PR-TO-TRENCH = 826.79 ftReservoir name = TRENCH Max. Storage = 1,148 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



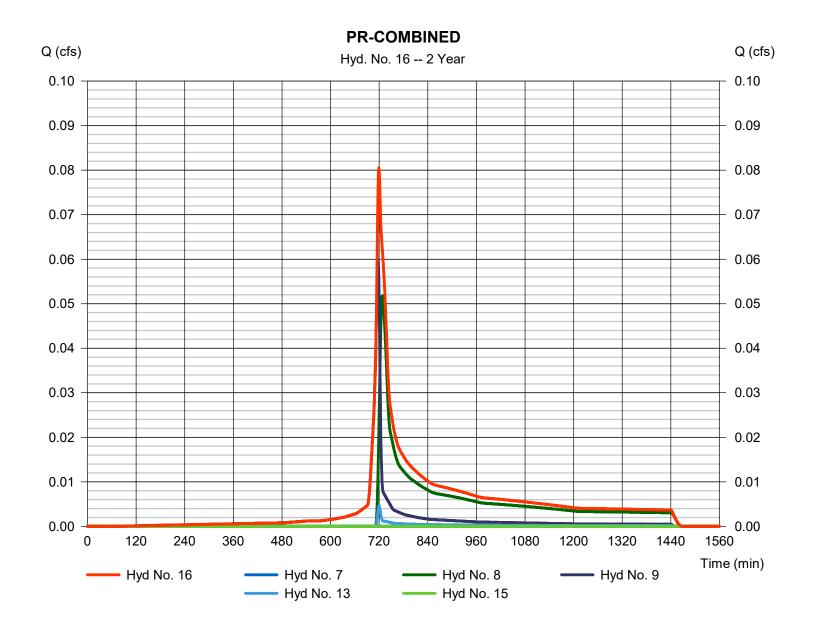
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 16

PR-COMBINED

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.081 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 2 yrs= 719 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 452 cuft Inflow hyds. = 7, 8, 9, 13, 15 Contrib. drain. area = 0.306 ac



Hydrograph Summary Report Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

						Tryaranow Tr	Tarographic Ext	Rension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v202		
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description	
1	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A	
2	SCS Runoff	0.568	1	726	2,273				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B	
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A	
4	SCS Runoff	0.070	1	719	166				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B	
5	Combine	0.589	1	726	2,439	1, 2, 3,			EXISTING TOTAL	
6	SCS Runoff	0.421	1	726	1,687	4			PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,	
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2	
3	SCS Runoff	0.144	1	726	577				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14	
9	SCS Runoff	0.075	1	717	180				PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19	
10	SCS Runoff	0.087	1	717	207				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15	
11	SCS Runoff	0.023	1	719	55				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,1	
12	SCS Runoff	0.063	1	717	130				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11	
13	SCS Runoff	0.012	1	719	28				PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8	
14	Combine	0.465	1	724	2,079	6, 10, 11,			PR-TO-TRENCH	
15	Reservoir	0.017	1	1310	159	12, 14	828.00	1,923	INF TRENCH	
16	Combine	0.173	1	721	944	7, 8, 9,			PR-COMBINED	
— ML	V-6 REV 8.gp) DW			Return F	Period: 5 Ye	ear	Wednesda	y, 08 / 14 / 2019	

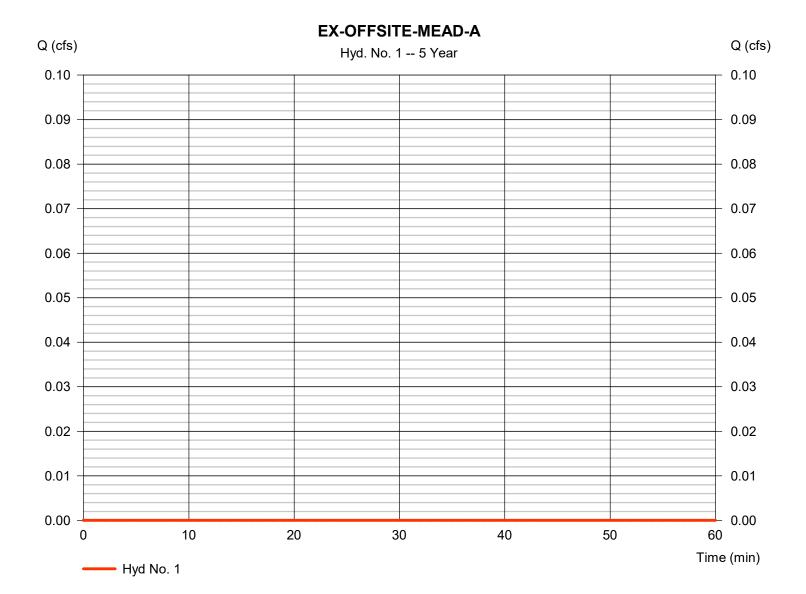
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 1

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.030 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



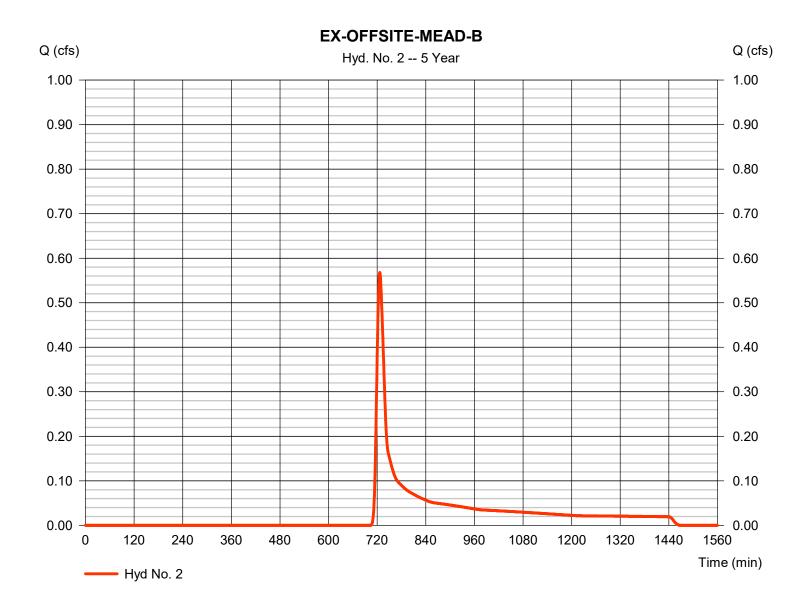
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 2

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.568 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2.273 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.000 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



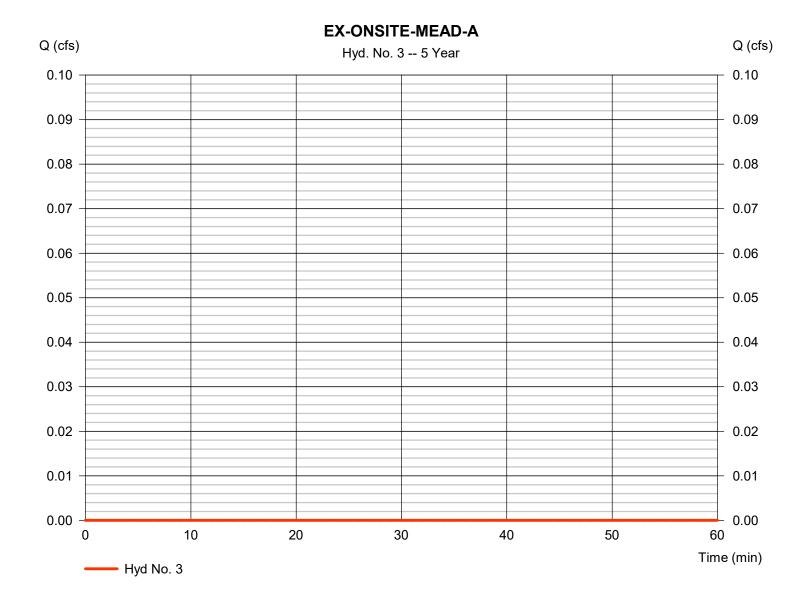
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 3

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.010 ac= 30 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



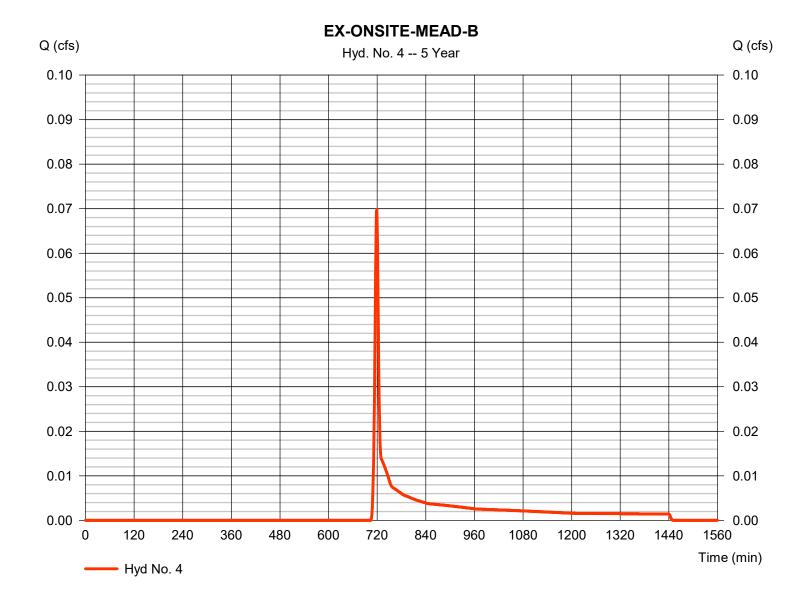
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 4

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.070 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 719 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 166 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.070 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration Shape factor = 24 hrs = 484



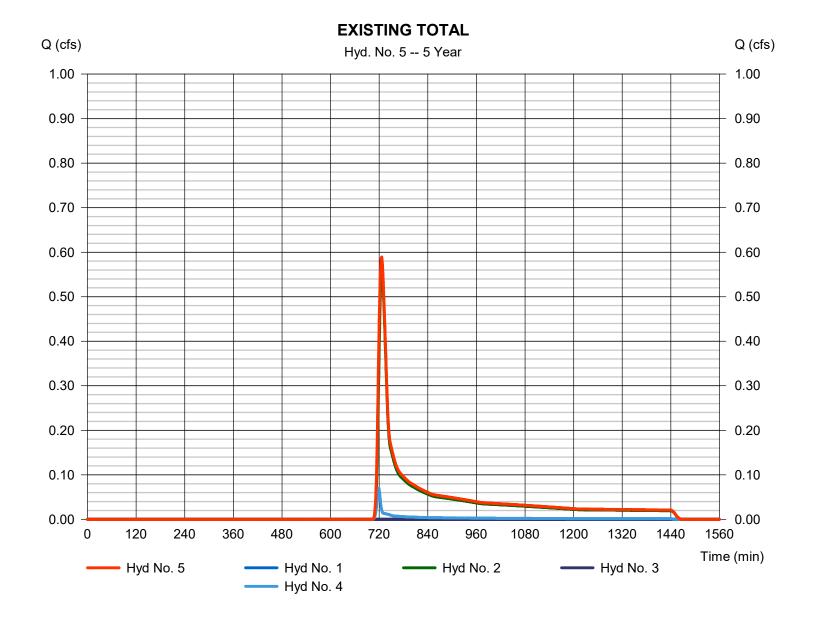
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 5

EXISTING TOTAL

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.589 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2,439 cuftInflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3, 4Contrib. drain. area = 1.110 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

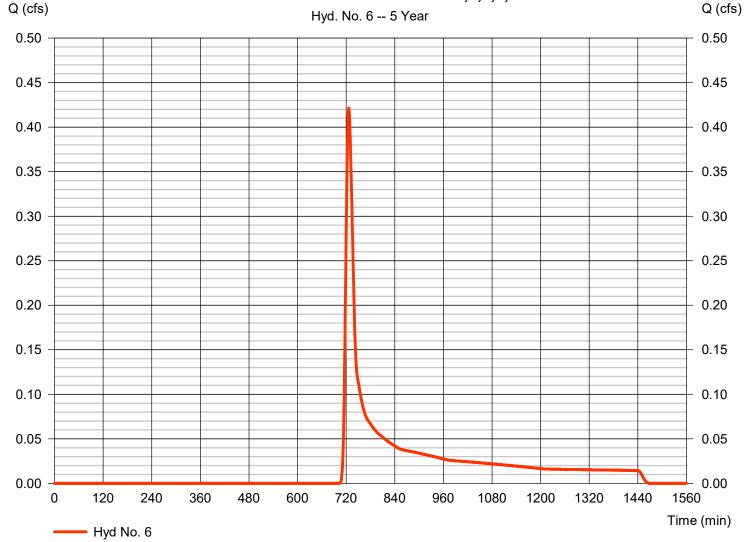
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 6

PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.421 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1.687 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.742 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

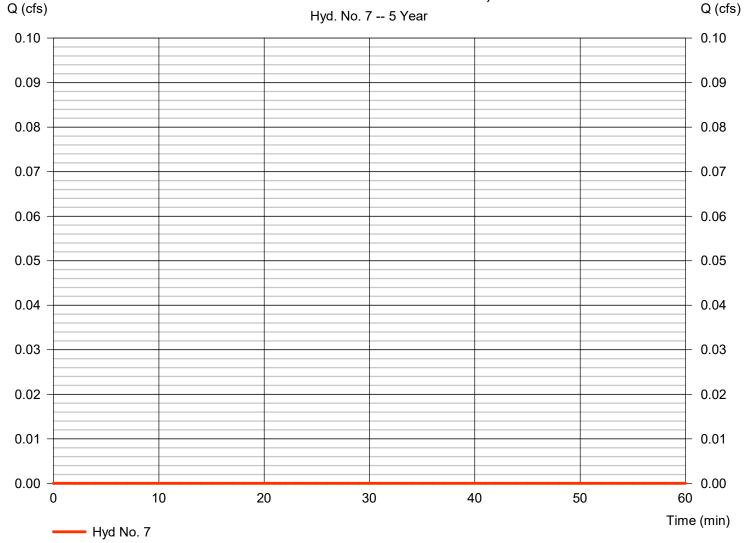
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 7

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

= SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsHydrograph type Storm frequency Time to peak = n/a= 5 yrsTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.027 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20



Hyd No. 8

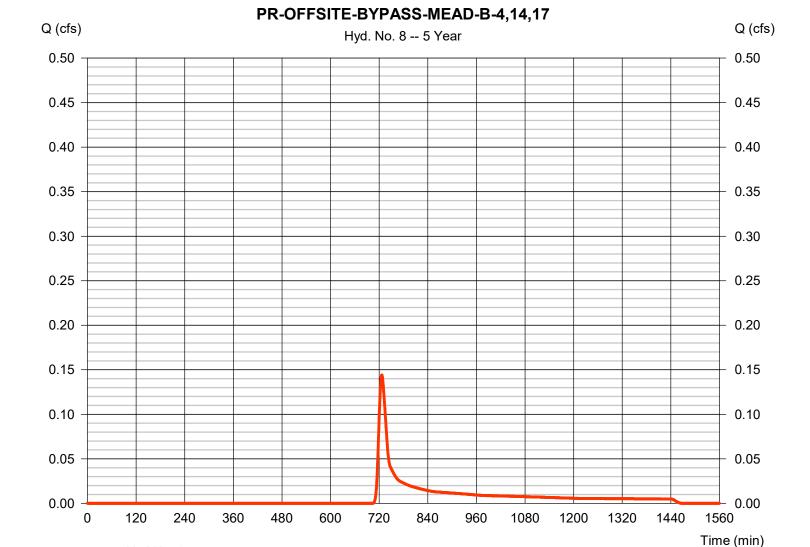
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 8

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.144 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 577 cuft Drainage area = 0.254 acCurve number = 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



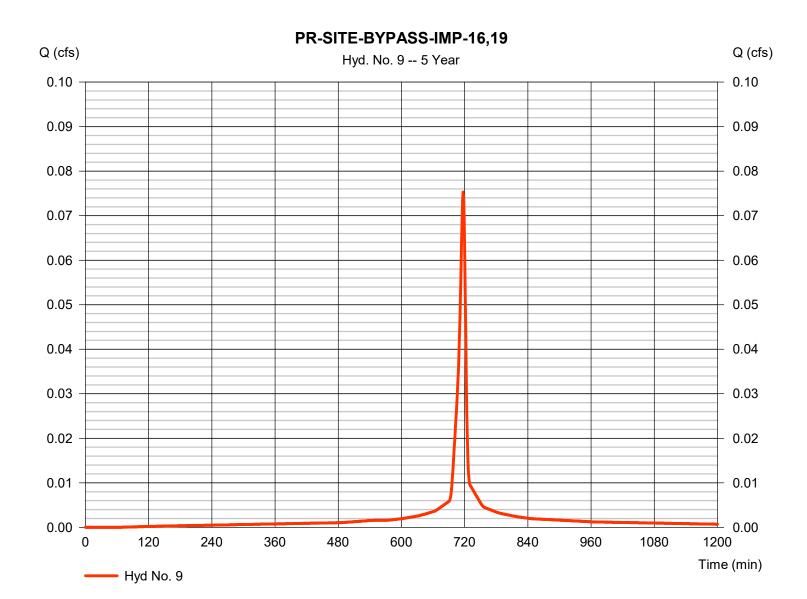
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 9

PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.075 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 180 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.013 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



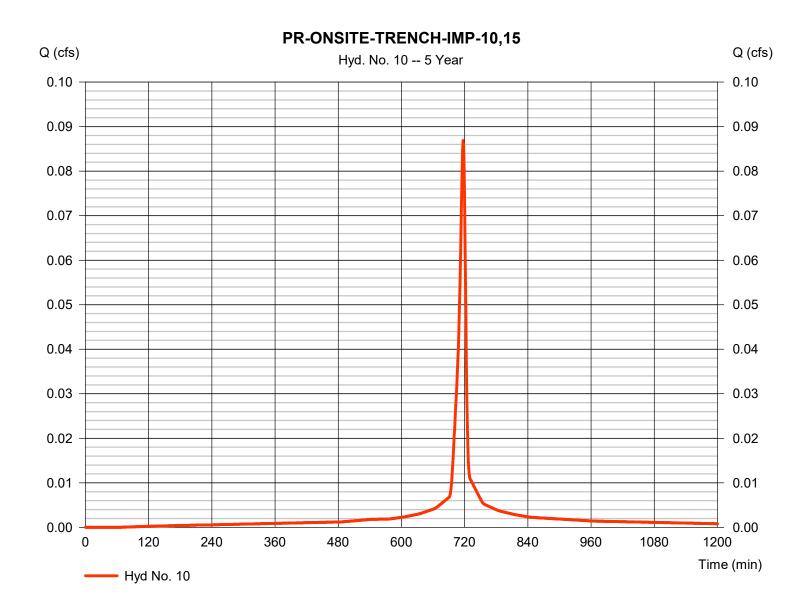
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 10

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.087 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 207 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.015 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 5.00 min = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

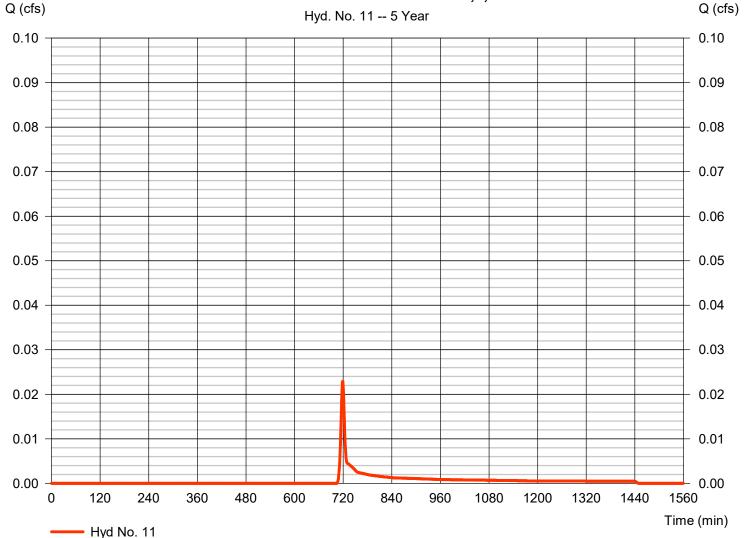
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 11

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.023 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 719 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 55 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.023 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

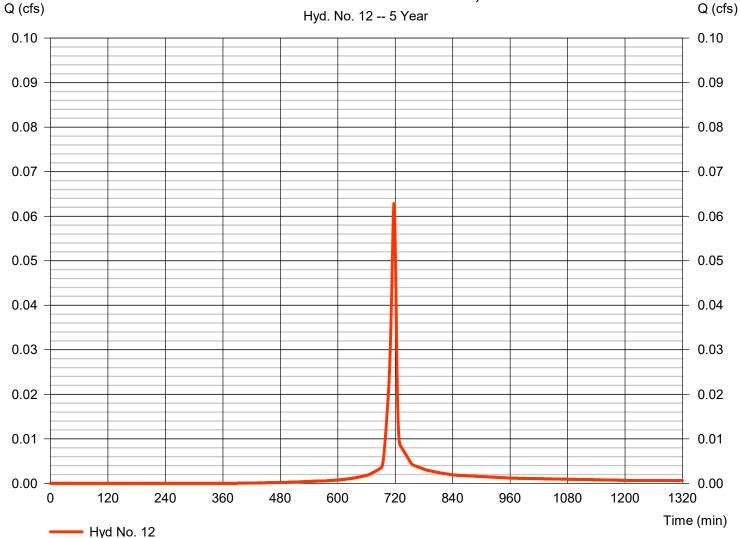
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 12

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.063 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 130 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.014 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

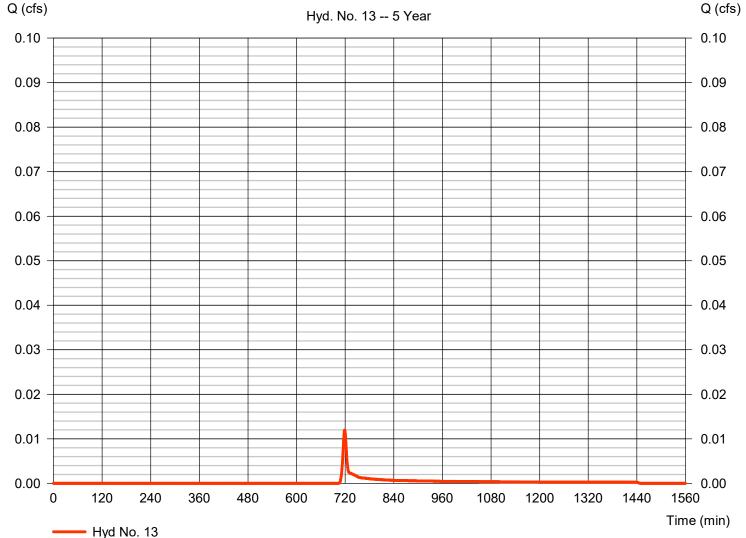
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 13

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.012 cfsStorm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 719 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 28 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.012 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.93 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

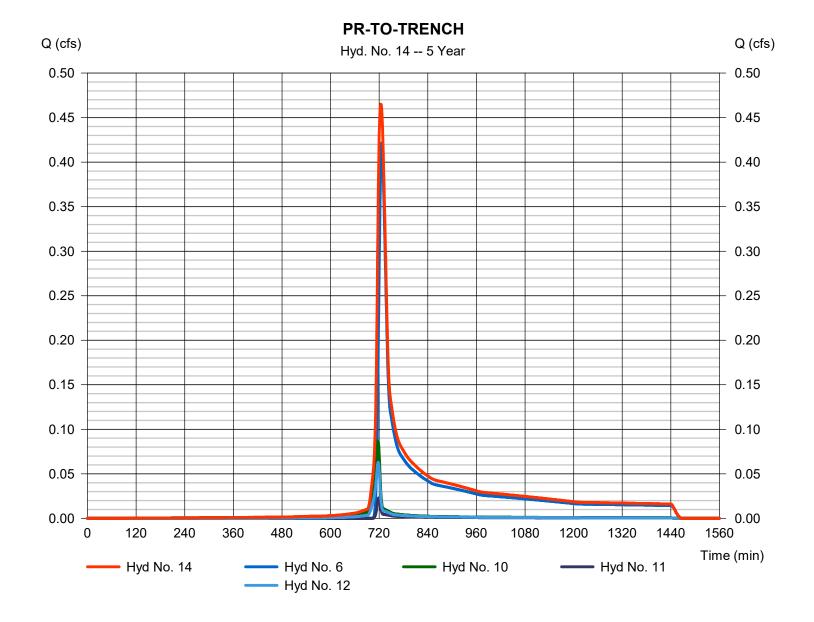
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 14

PR-TO-TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Combine
Storm frequency = 5 yrs
Time interval = 1 min
Inflow hyds. = 6, 10, 11, 12

Peak discharge = 0.465 cfs
Time to peak = 724 min
Hyd. volume = 2,079 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.794 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

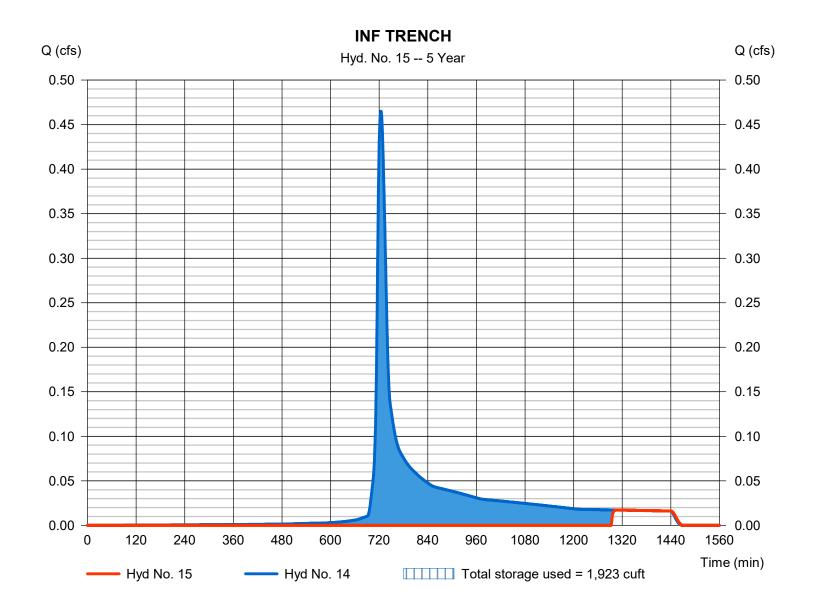
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 15

INF TRENCH

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.017 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 5 yrsTime to peak = 1310 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 159 cuft Max. Elevation Inflow hyd. No. = 14 - PR-TO-TRENCH $= 828.00 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = TRENCH Max. Storage = 1,923 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



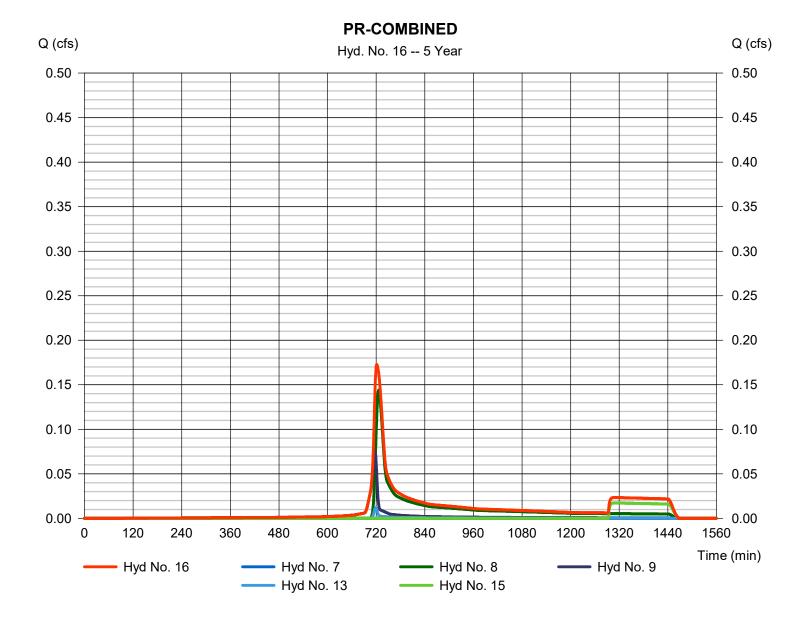
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 16

PR-COMBINED

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 0.173 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 5 yrs= 721 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 944 cuft Inflow hyds. = 7, 8, 9, 13, 15 Contrib. drain. area = 0.306 ac



Hydrograph Summary Report Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

					1	1	1	Islon for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020		
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description	
1	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A	
2	SCS Runoff	0.968	1	726	3,411				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B	
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A	
4	SCS Runoff	0.114	1	718	249				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B	
5	Combine	1.006	1	725	3,661	1, 2, 3,			EXISTING TOTAL	
6	SCS Runoff	0.718	1	726	2,531	4			PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,	
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	n/a	0				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2	
8	SCS Runoff	0.246	1	726	867				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14	
9	SCS Runoff	0.088	1	717	212				PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19	
10	SCS Runoff	0.102	1	717	244				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15	
11	SCS Runoff	0.037	1	718	82				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,1	
12	SCS Runoff	0.077	1	717	162				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11	
13	SCS Runoff	0.020	1	718	43				PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8	
14	Combine	0.782	1	724	3,019	6, 10, 11,			PR-TO-TRENCH	
15	Reservoir	0.056	1	881	1,099	12, 14	828.01	1,929	INF TRENCH	
16	Combine	0.283	1	722	2,220	7, 8, 9, 13, 15			PR-COMBINED	
MLV-6 REV 8.gpw					Return Period: 10 Year			Wednesday	Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019	

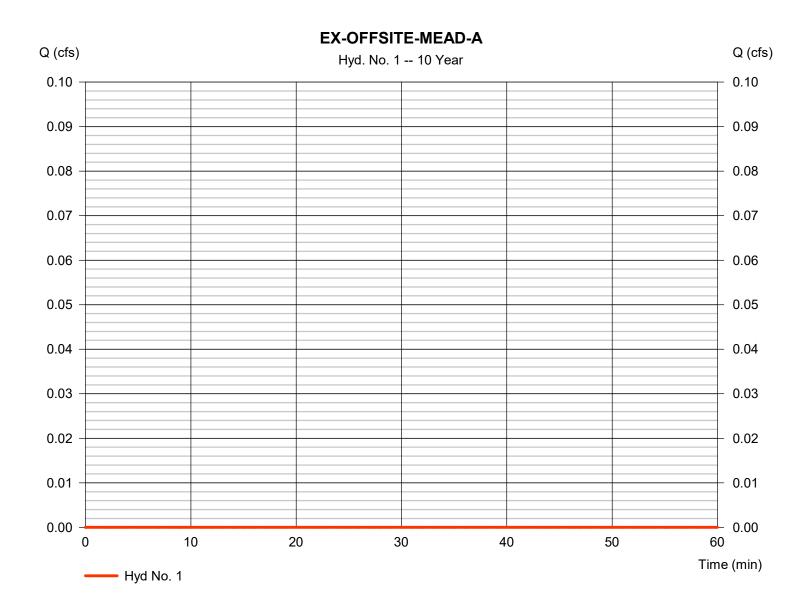
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 1

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.030 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



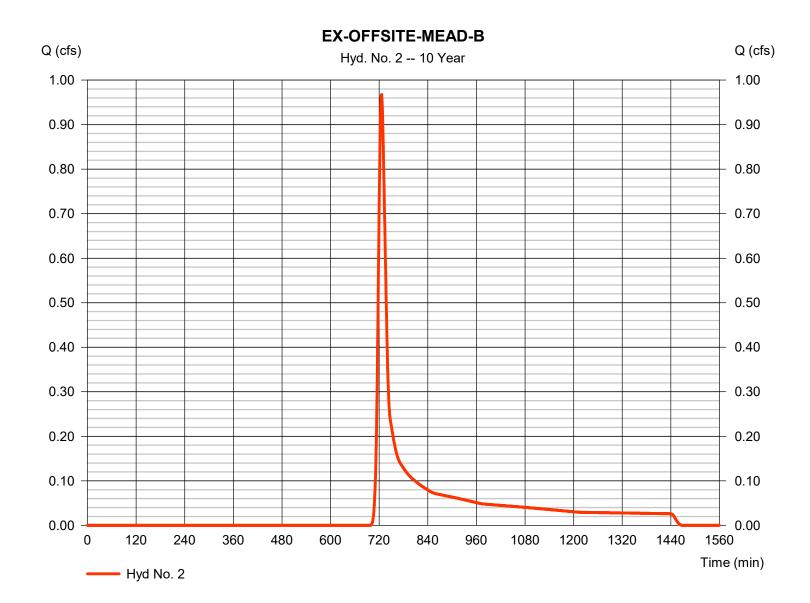
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 2

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.968 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 3.411 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.000 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



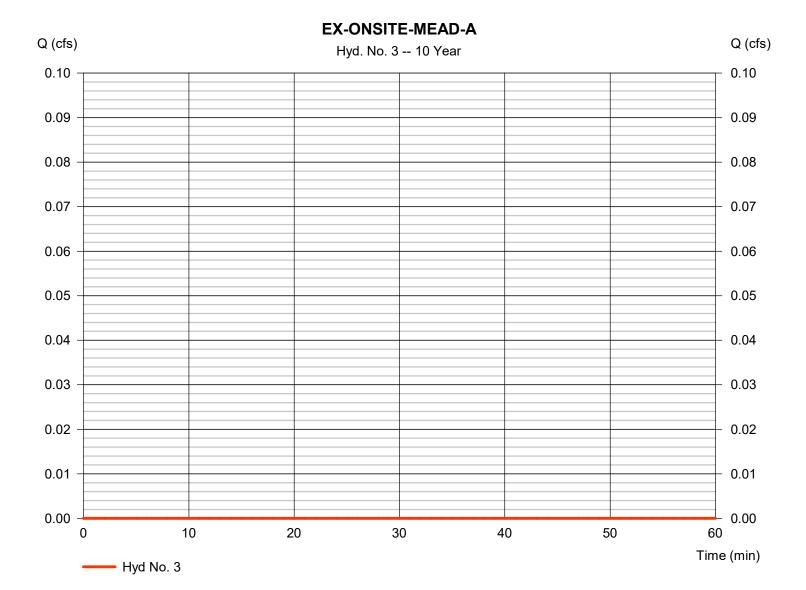
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 3

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.010 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



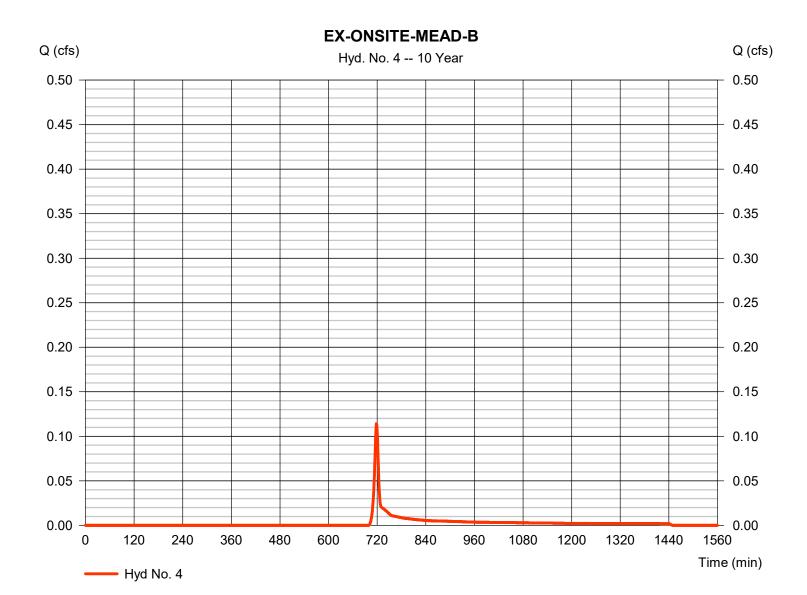
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 4

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.114 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 249 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.070 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration Shape factor = 24 hrs = 484



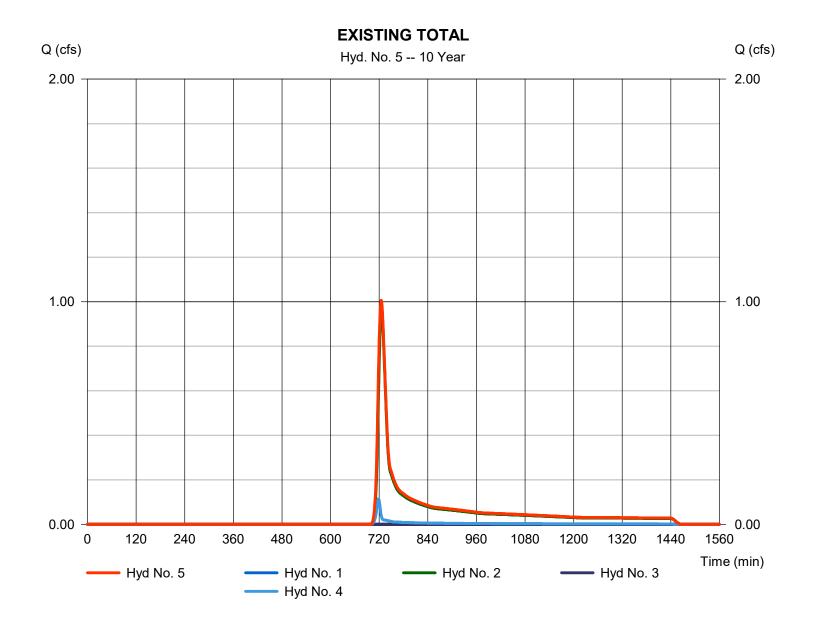
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 5

EXISTING TOTAL

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 1.006 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 3,661 cuftInflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3, 4Contrib. drain. area = 1.110 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

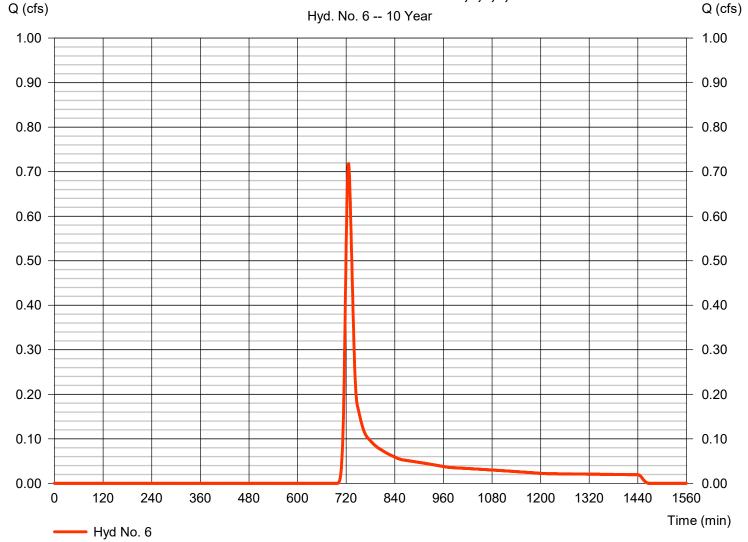
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 6

PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.718 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2.531 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.742 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

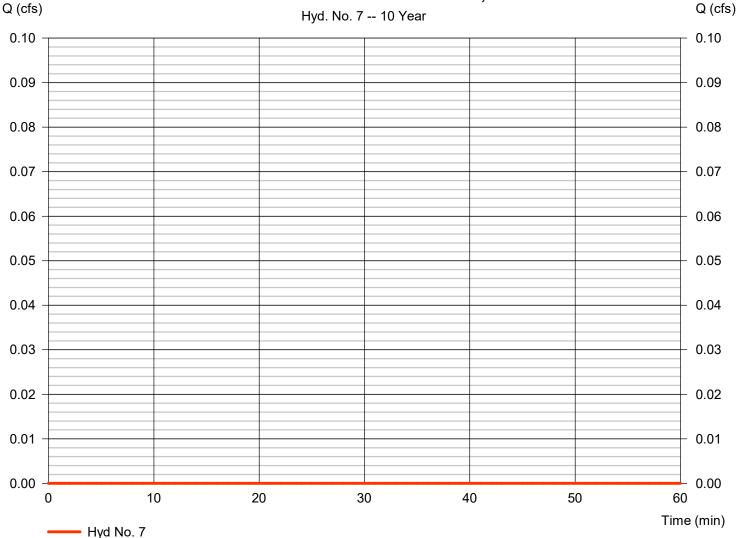
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 7

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

= SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsHydrograph type Storm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = n/aTime interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 0 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.027 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

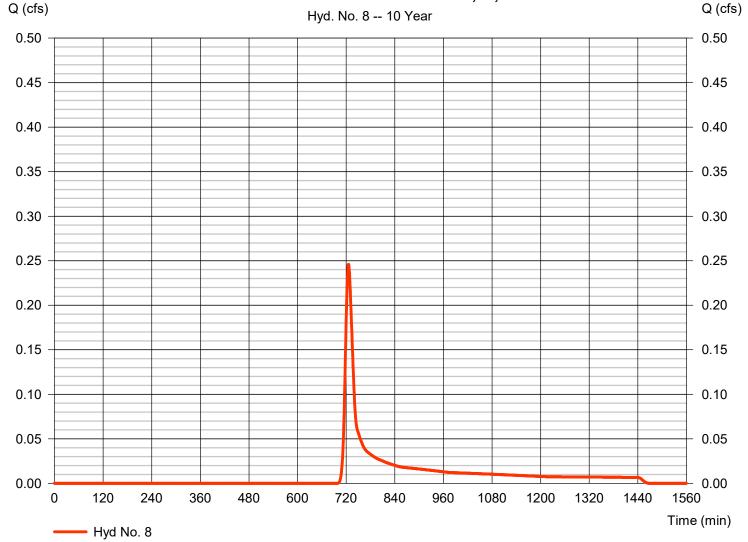
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 8

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.246 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 867 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.254 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





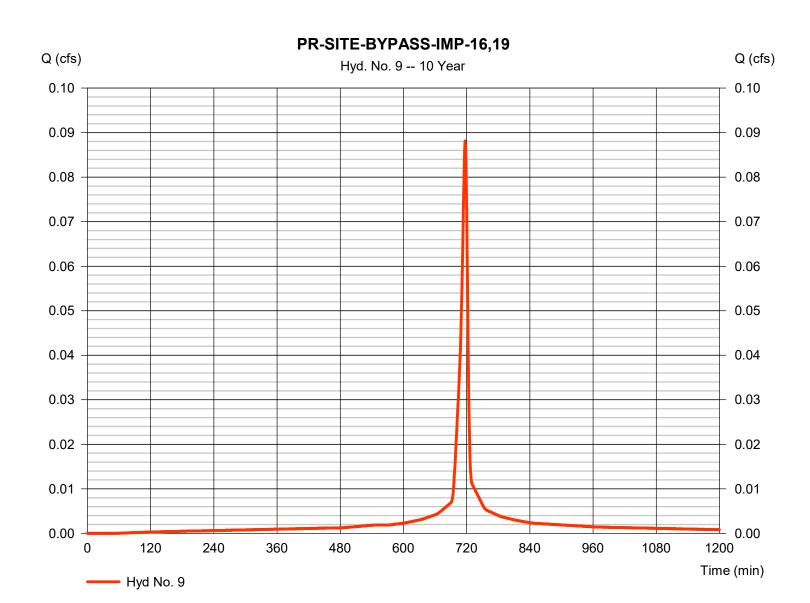
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 9

PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.088 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 212 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.013 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Q (cfs)

Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

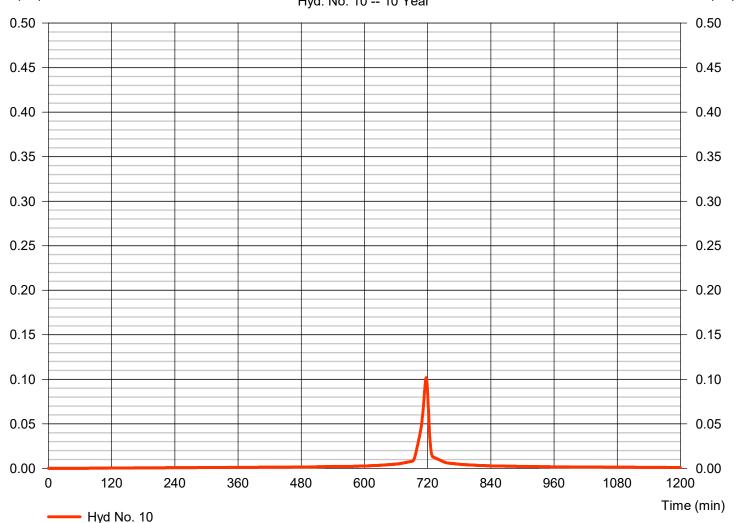
Hyd. No. 10

Q (cfs)

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.102 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 244 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.015 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

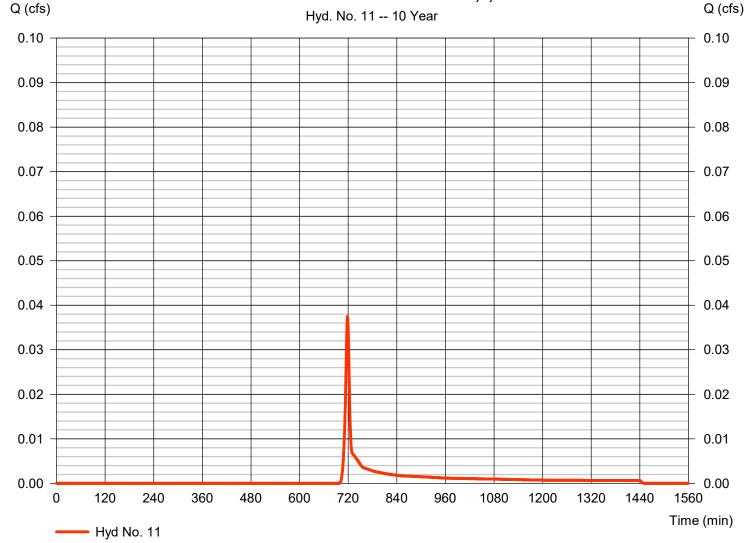
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 11

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.037 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 82 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.023 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





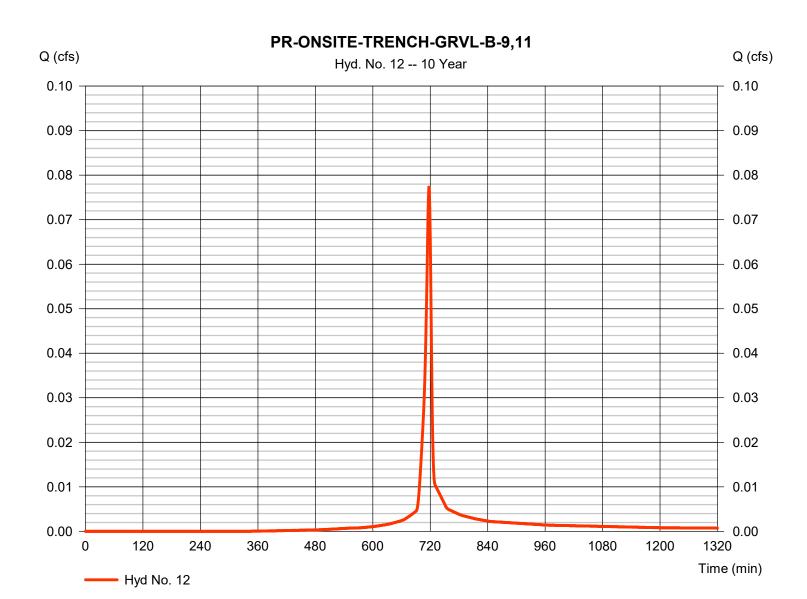
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 12

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.077 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 162 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.014 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 5.00 min = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

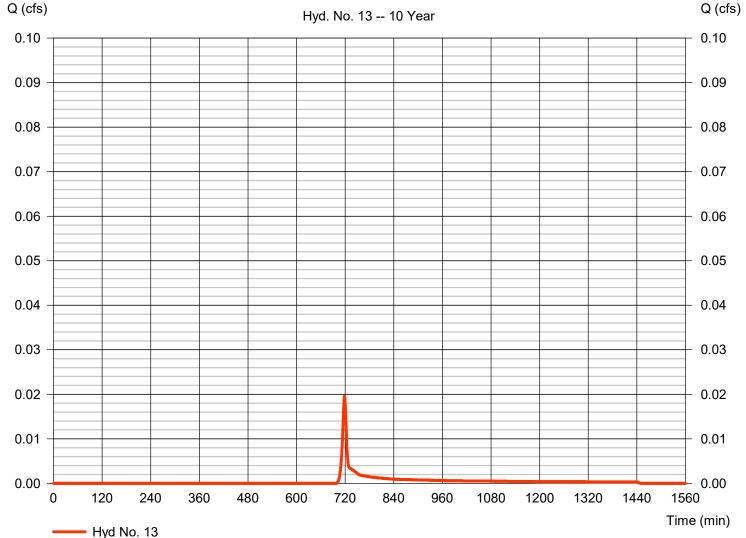
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 13

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.020 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 43 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.012 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 4.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

= 0.782 cfs

= 3,019 cuft

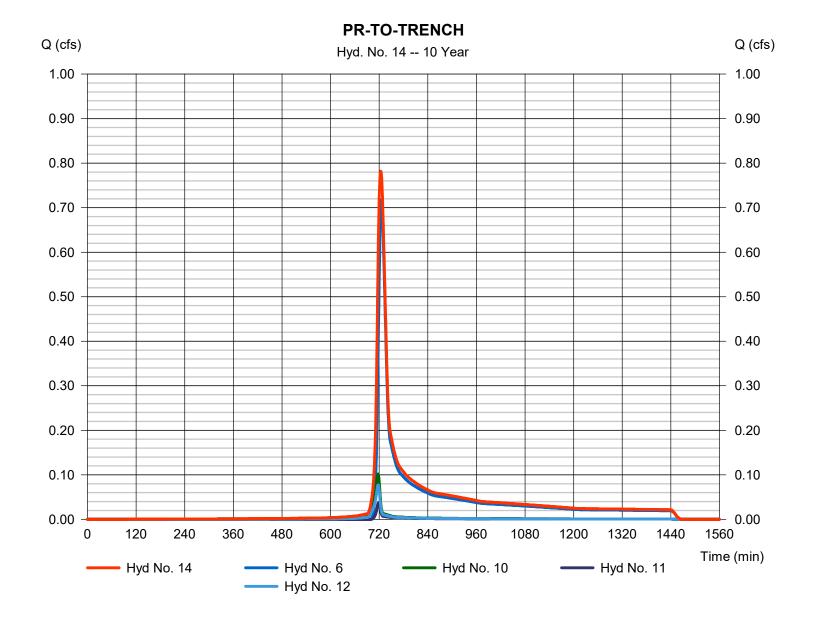
= 0.794 ac

= 724 min

Hyd. No. 14

PR-TO-TRENCH

Hydrograph type= CombinePeak dischargeStorm frequency= 10 yrsTime to peakTime interval= 1 minHyd. volumeInflow hyds.= 6, 10, 11, 12Contrib. drain. area



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

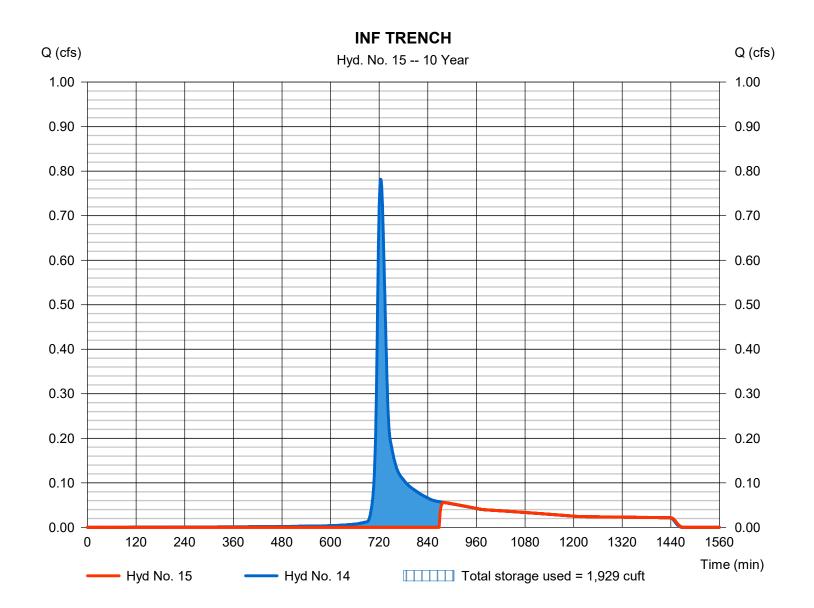
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 15

INF TRENCH

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 0.056 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 881 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1,099 cuftInflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 14 - PR-TO-TRENCH $= 828.01 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = TRENCH Max. Storage = 1,929 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

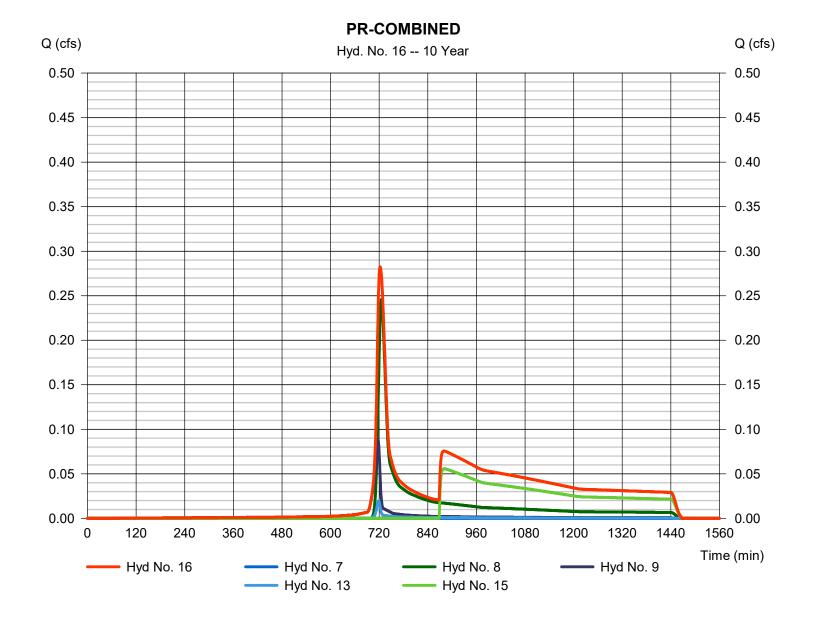
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 16

PR-COMBINED

Hydrograph type = Combine
Storm frequency = 10 yrs
Time interval = 1 min
Inflow hyds. = 7, 8, 9, 13, 15

Peak discharge = 0.283 cfs
Time to peak = 722 min
Hyd. volume = 2,220 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.306 ac



Hydrograph Summary Report Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

					1		1		W Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020	
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description	
1	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	4				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A	
2	SCS Runoff	1.679	1	725	5,408				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B	
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	1				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A	
4	SCS Runoff	0.191	1	718	395				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B	
5	Combine	1.741	1	724	5,808	1, 2, 3,			EXISTING TOTAL	
6	SCS Runoff	1.245	1	725	4,013	4			PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,	
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	1440	3				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2	
8	SCS Runoff	0.426	1	725	1,374				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14	
9	SCS Runoff	0.108	1	717	260				PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19	
10	SCS Runoff	0.124	1	717	301				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15	
11	SCS Runoff	0.063	1	718	130				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,1	
12	SCS Runoff	0.099	1	717	211				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11	
13	SCS Runoff	0.033	1	718	68				PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8	
14	Combine	1.337	1	724	4,654	6, 10, 11,			PR-TO-TRENCH	
15	Reservoir	0.364	1	743	2,734	12, 14	828.07	1,962	INF TRENCH	
16	Combine	0.492	1	743	4,439	7, 8, 9, 13, 15			PR-COMBINED	
MLV-6 REV 8.gpw					Return Period: 25 Year			Wednesday	Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019	

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

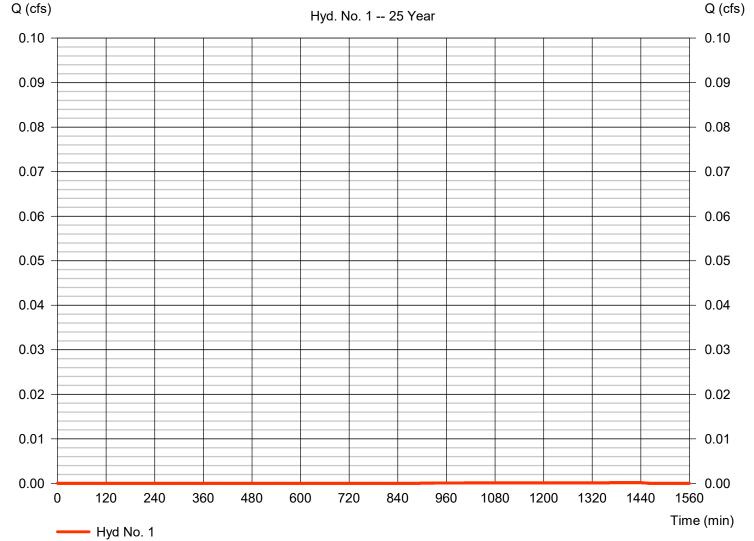
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 1

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 1440 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 4 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.030 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





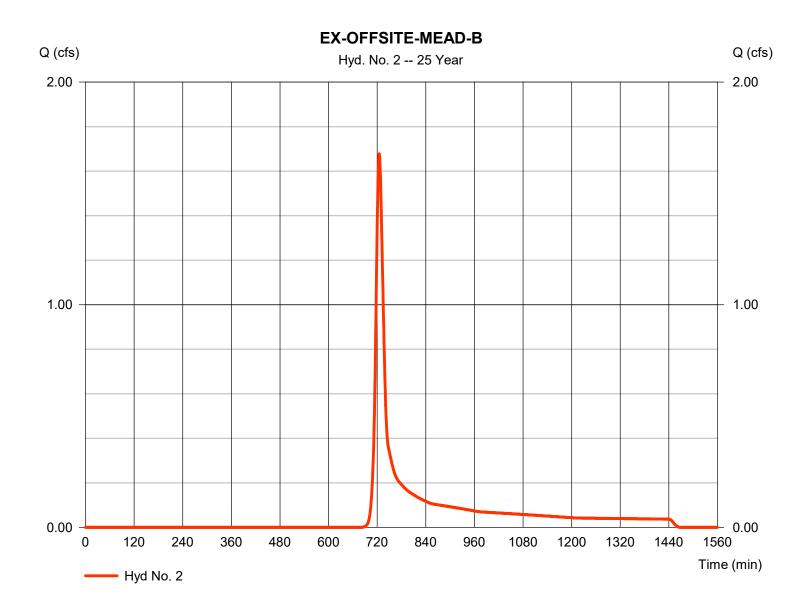
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 2

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 1.679 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 5,408 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 1.000 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 3

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A

120

Hyd No. 3

240

360

480

600

720

840

960

1080

1200

1320

1440

1560

Time (min)

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 1440 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.010 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration Shape factor = 24 hrs = 484



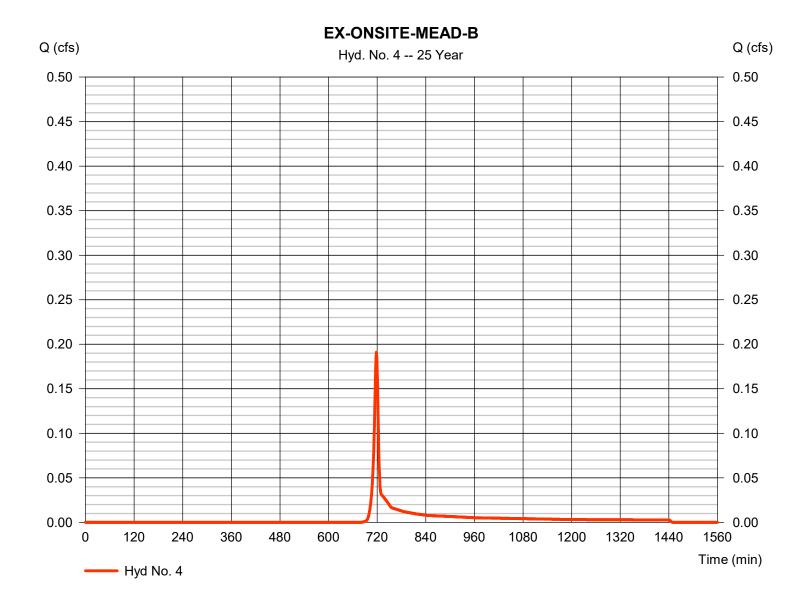
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 4

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.191 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 395 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.070 ac= 58 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



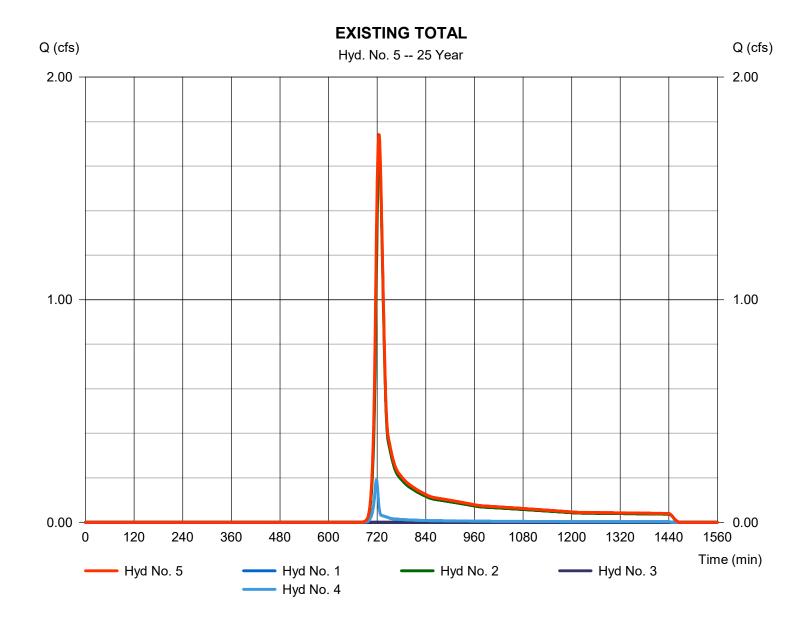
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 5

EXISTING TOTAL

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 1.741 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 724 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 5,808 cuftInflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3, 4Contrib. drain. area = 1.110 ac



0.00

1560

Time (min)

Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 6

0.00

120

Hyd No. 6

240

360

480

600

720

840

960

1080

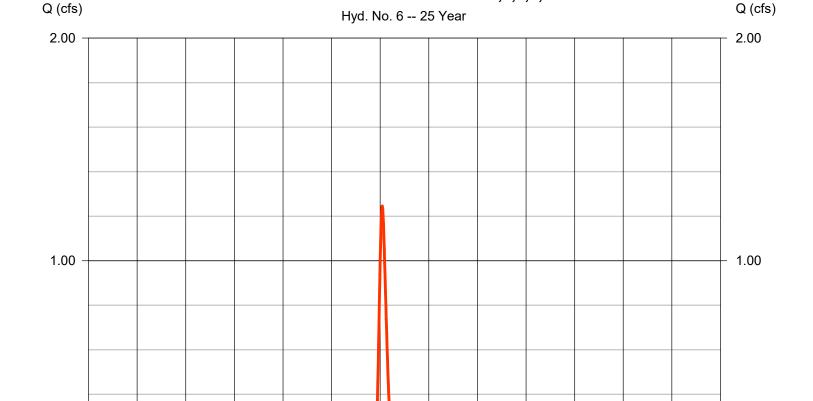
1200

1320

1440

PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

= SCS Runoff Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 1.245 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 4,013 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 0.742 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

= 24 hrs

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

= 484

Hyd. No. 7

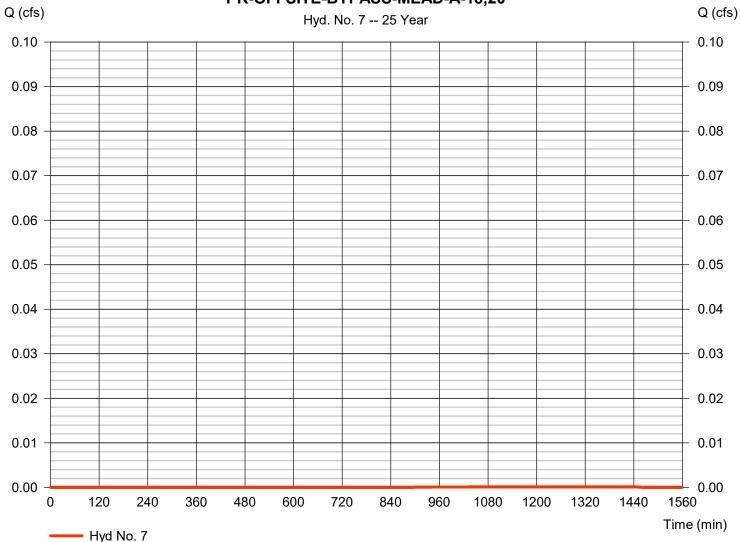
Storm duration

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 1440 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 3 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.027 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

Shape factor



Q (cfs)

Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

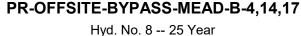
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

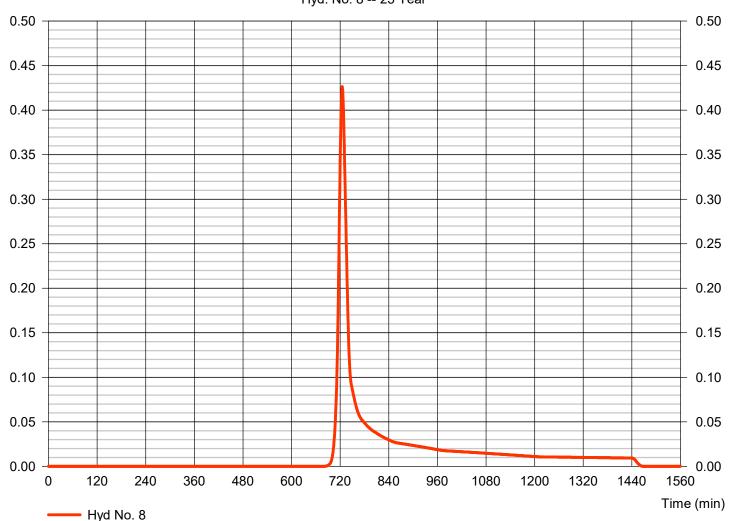
Hyd. No. 8

Q (cfs)

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.426 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1.374 cuft Drainage area = 0.254 acCurve number = 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

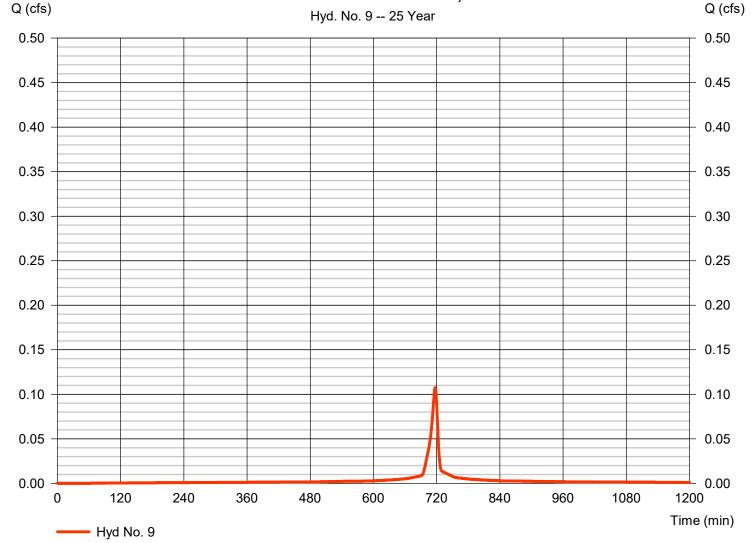
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 9

PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.108 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 260 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.013 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

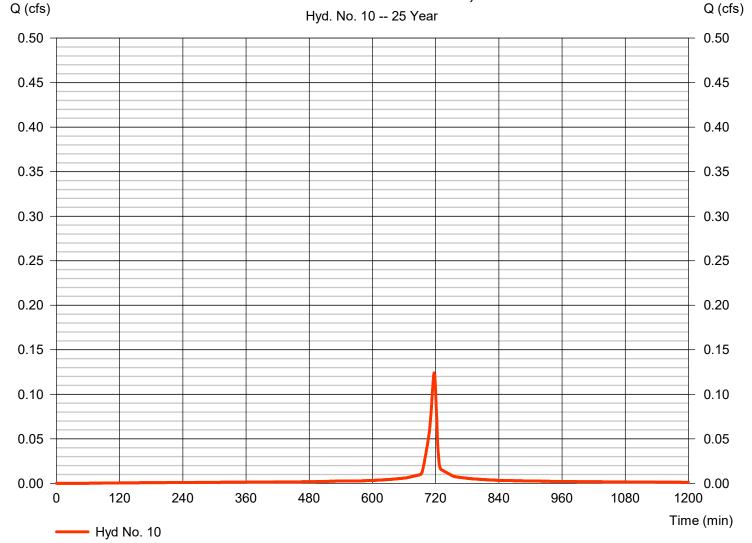
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 10

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.124 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 301 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.015 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

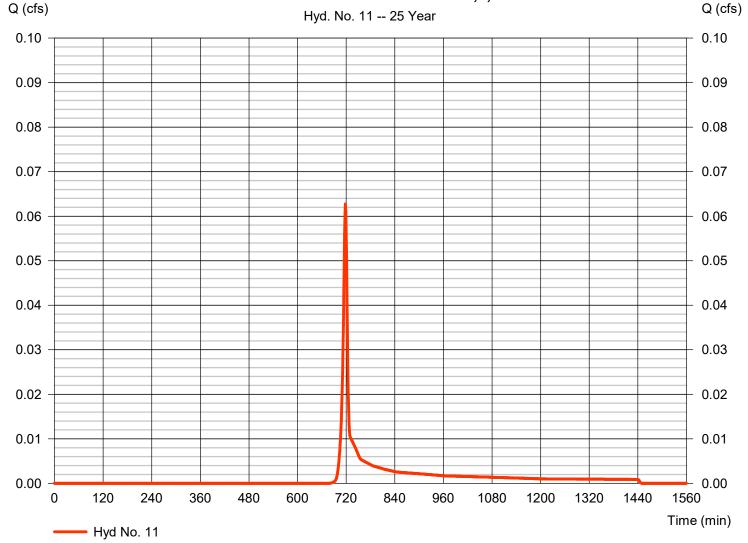
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 11

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.063 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 130 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.023 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 5.00 min = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





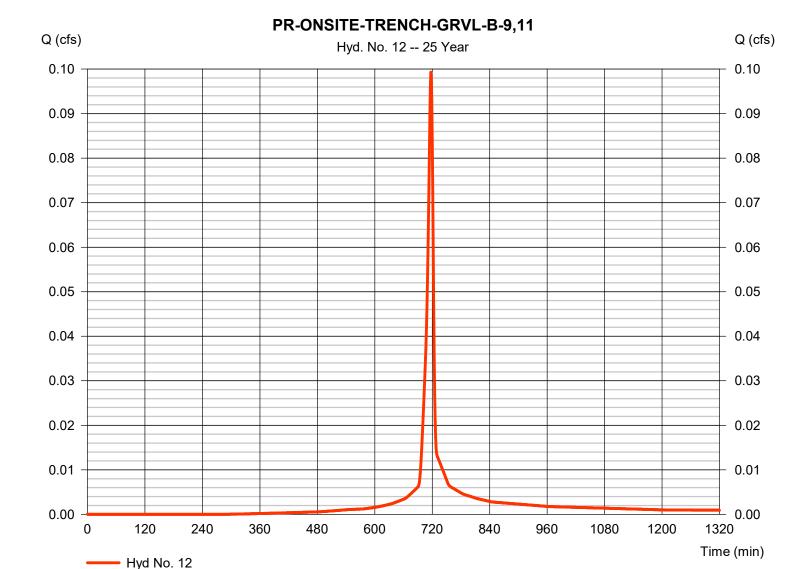
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 12

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.099 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 211 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.014 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 5.00 min = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

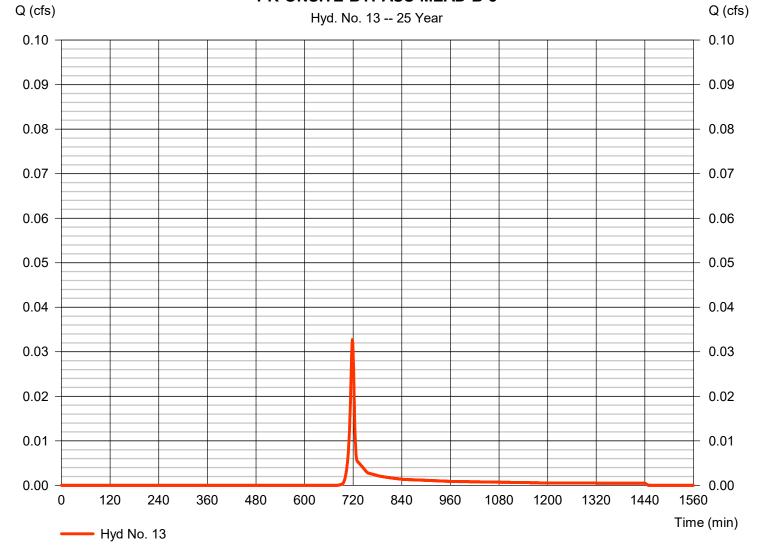
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 13

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.033 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 68 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.012 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.59 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8



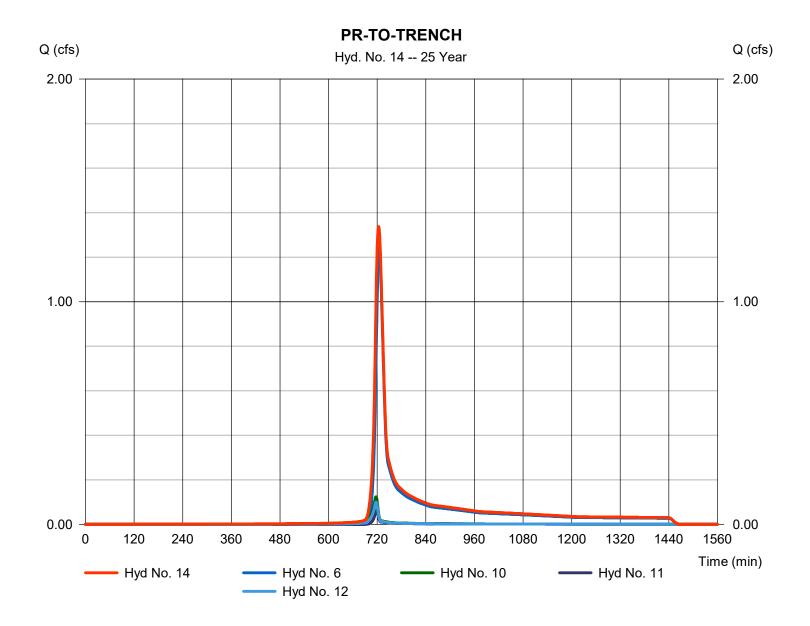
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 14

PR-TO-TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 1.337 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 724 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 4,654 cuftInflow hyds. = 6, 10, 11, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 0.794 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

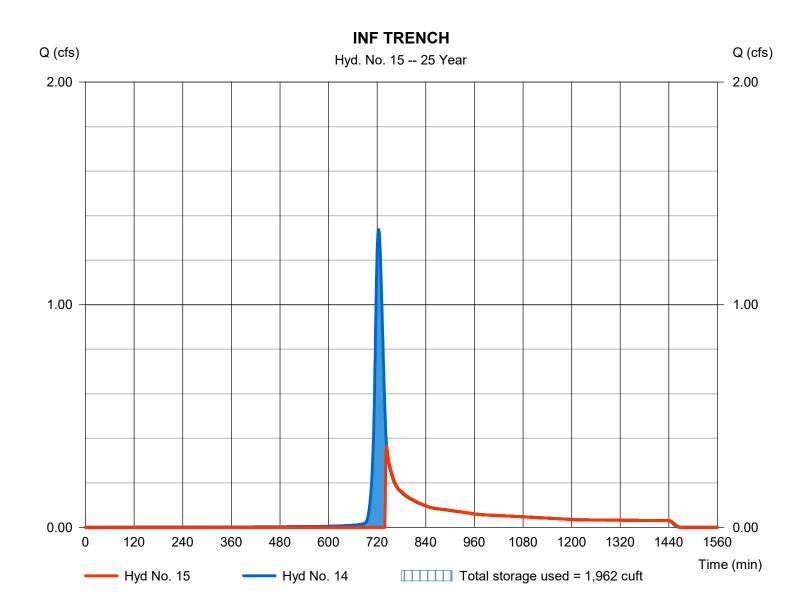
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 15

INF TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 0.364 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 743 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2,734 cuftMax. Elevation Inflow hyd. No. = 14 - PR-TO-TRENCH = 828.07 ftReservoir name = TRENCH Max. Storage = 1,962 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



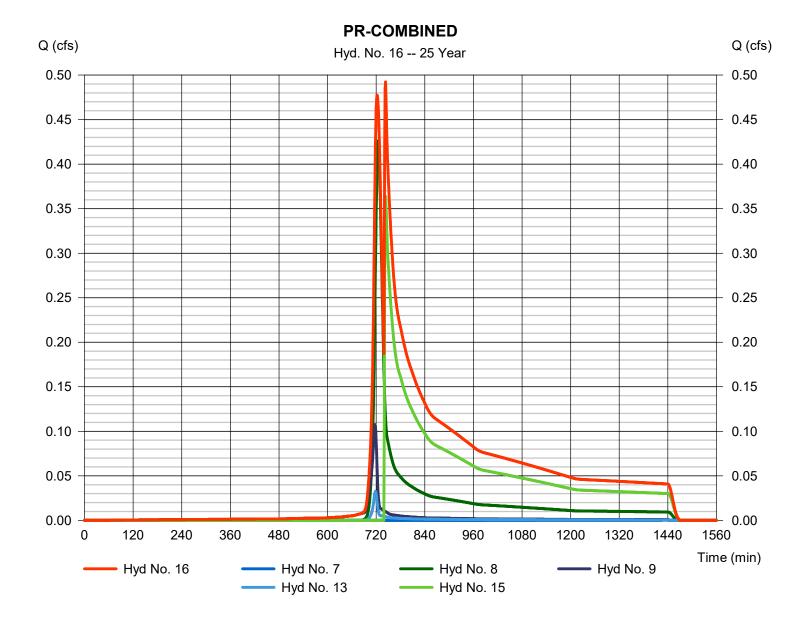
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 16

PR-COMBINED

Hydrograph type = Combine Storm frequency = 25 yrs Time interval = 1 min Inflow hyds. = 7, 8, 9, 13, 15 Peak discharge = 0.492 cfs
Time to peak = 743 min
Hyd. volume = 4,439 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.306 ac



Hydrograph Summary Report Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

								ons extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020			
Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description		
1	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	905	14				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A		
2	SCS Runoff	2.382	1	725	7,403				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B		
3	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	896	5				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A		
4	SCS Runoff	0.266	1	718	541				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B		
5	Combine	2.478	1	724	7,963	1, 2, 3,			EXISTING TOTAL		
6	SCS Runoff	1.767	1	725	5,493	4			PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,		
7	SCS Runoff	0.000	1	905	13				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2		
8	SCS Runoff	0.605	1	725	1,880				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14		
9	SCS Runoff	0.125	1	717	304				PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19		
10	SCS Runoff	0.144	1	717	350				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15		
11	SCS Runoff	0.088	1	718	178				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,1		
12	SCS Runoff	0.119	1	717	255				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11		
13	SCS Runoff	0.046	1	718	93				PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8		
14	Combine	1.888	1	723	6,276	6, 10, 11,			PR-TO-TRENCH		
15	Reservoir	1.457	1	731	4,356	12, 14	828.17	2,029	INF TRENCH		
16	Combine	1.951	1	730	6,646	7, 8, 9, 13, 15			PR-COMBINED		
MLV-6 REV 8.gpw					Return F	Return Period: 50 Year			Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019		

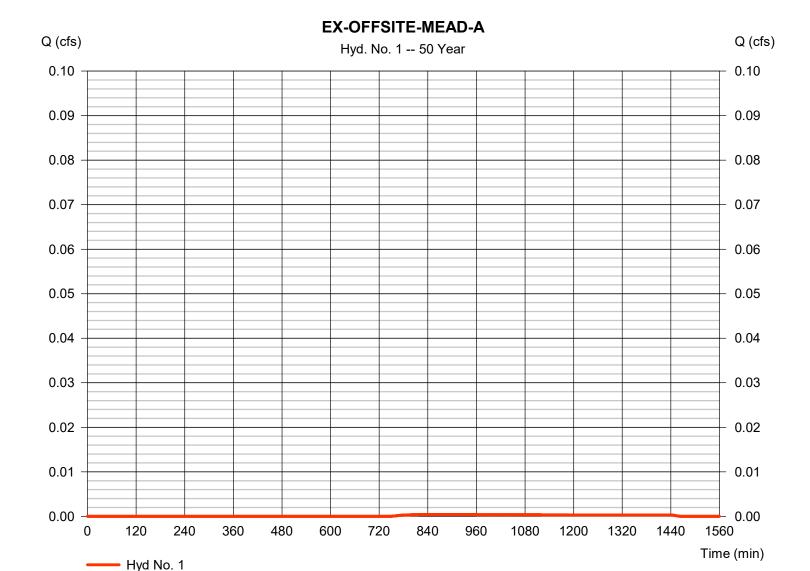
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 1

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 905 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 14 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.030 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



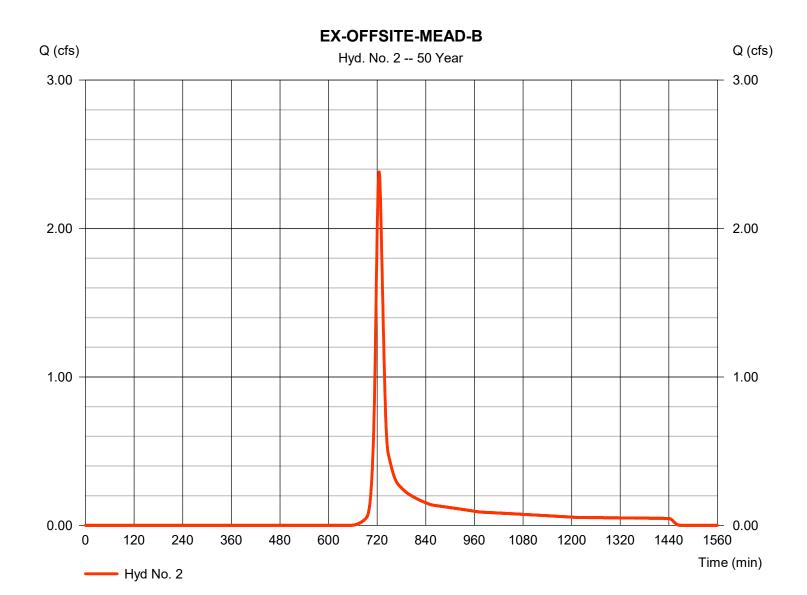
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 2

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 2.382 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 725 min = 7,403 cuft Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume Drainage area Curve number = 1.000 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



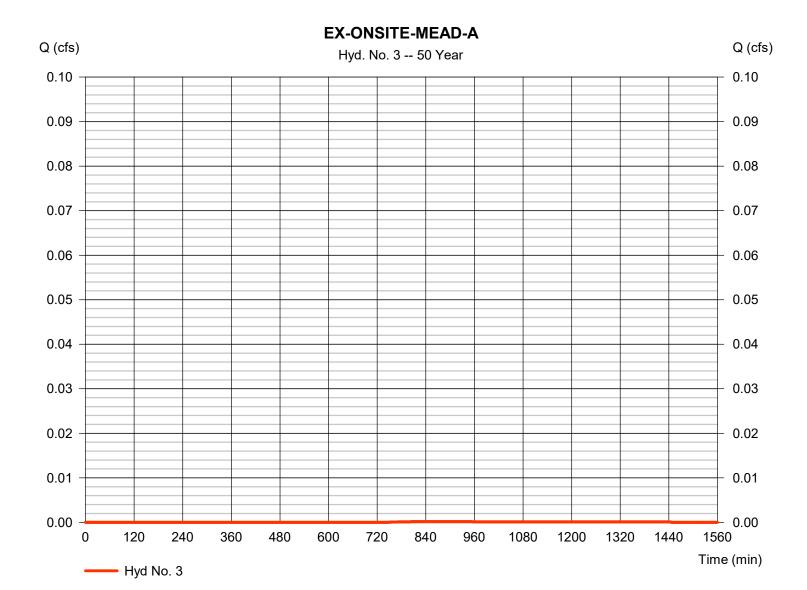
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 3

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 896 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 5 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.010 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration Shape factor = 24 hrs = 484



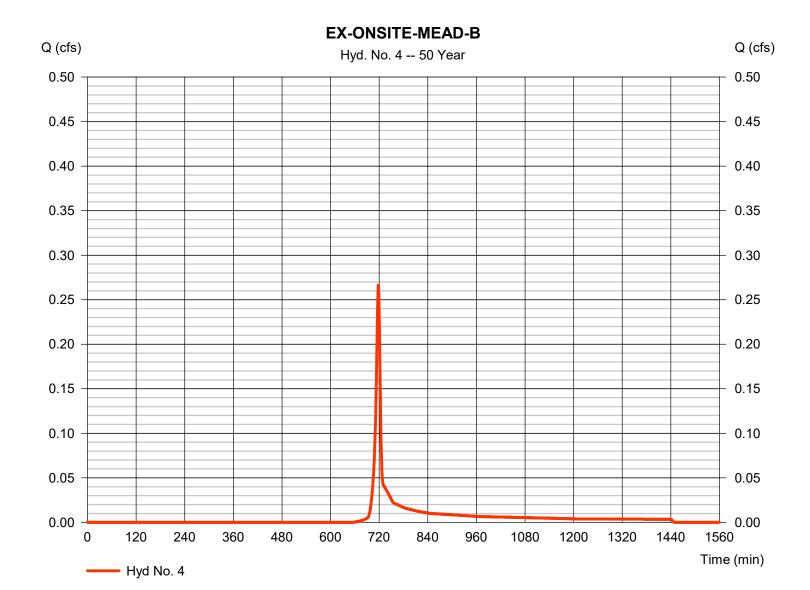
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 4

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.266 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 541 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.070 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 5.00 min = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



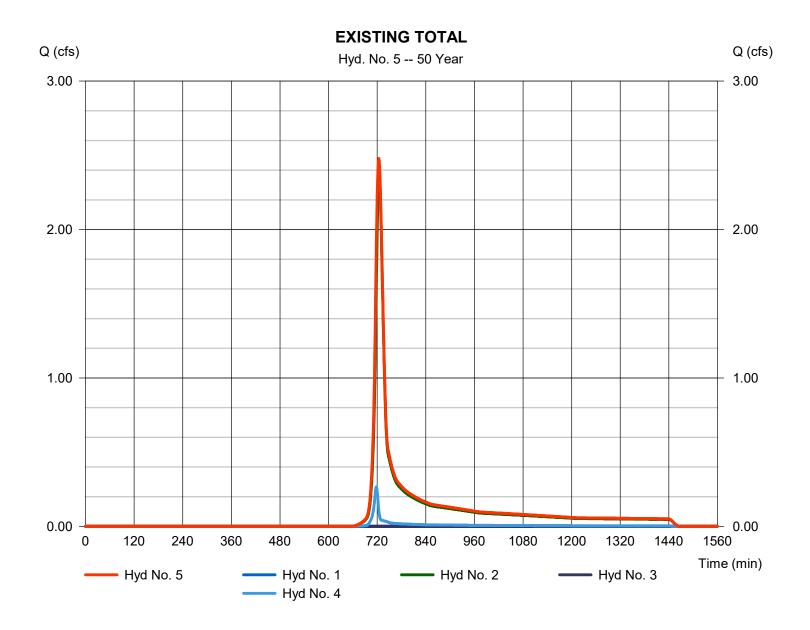
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 5

EXISTING TOTAL

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 2.478 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 724 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 7,963 cuftInflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3, 4Contrib. drain. area = 1.110 ac



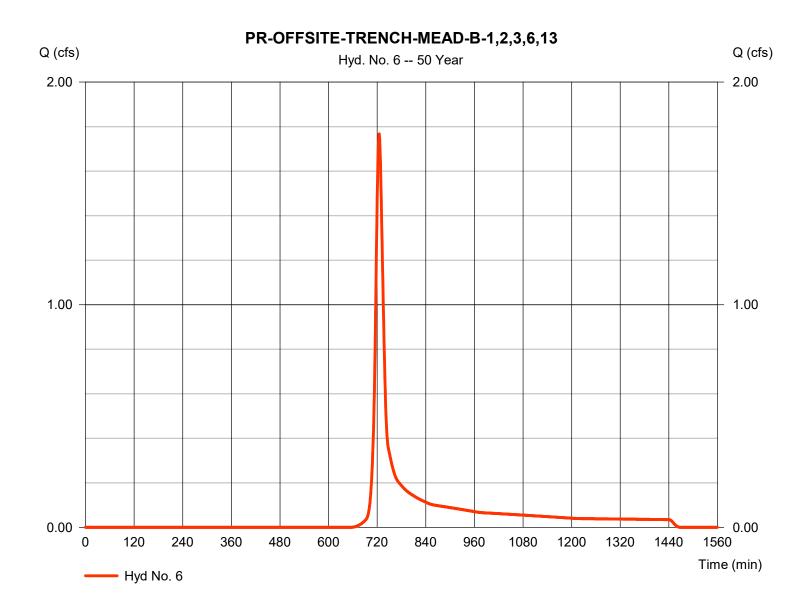
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 6

PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

= SCS Runoff Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 1.767 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 5,493 cuftCurve number Drainage area = 0.742 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

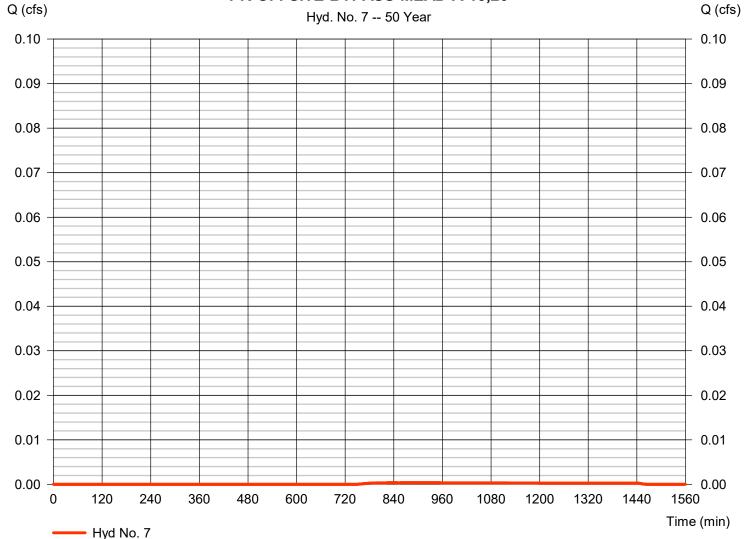
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 7

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.000 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 905 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 13 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.027 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

= 24 hrs

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

= 484

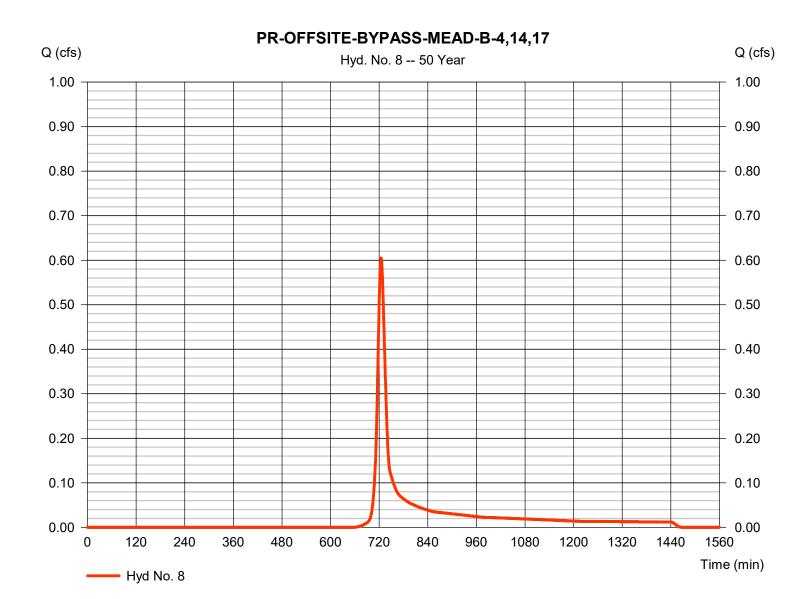
Hyd. No. 8

Storm duration

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.605 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 1.880 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.254 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

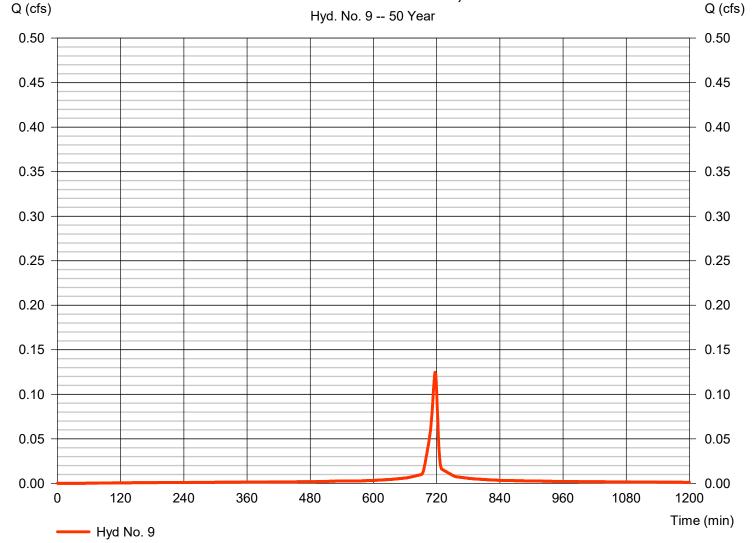
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 9

PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.125 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 304 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.013 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

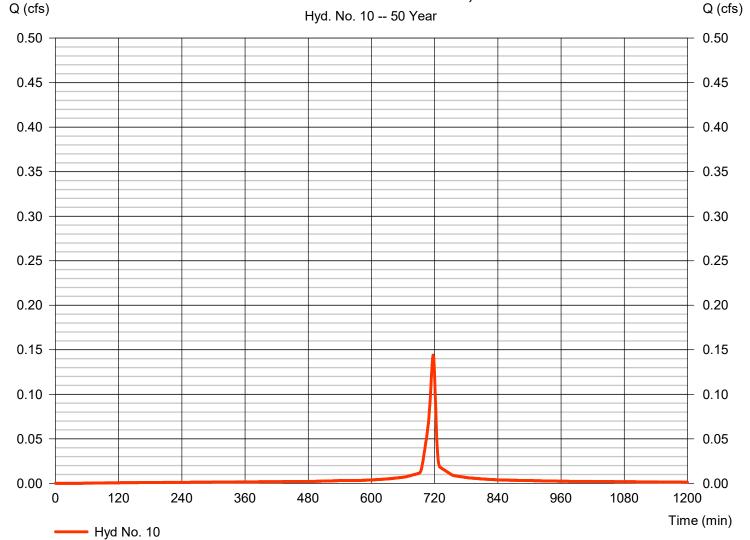
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 10

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.144 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 350 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.015 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

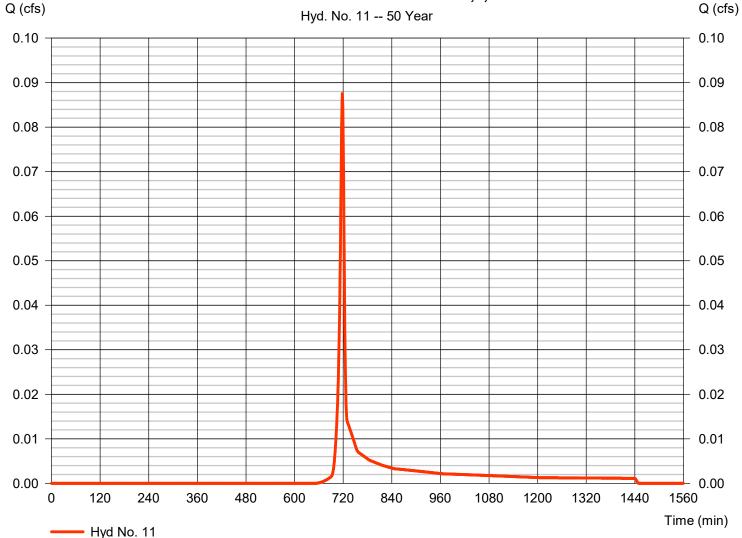
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 11

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.088 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 178 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.023 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Time (min)

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

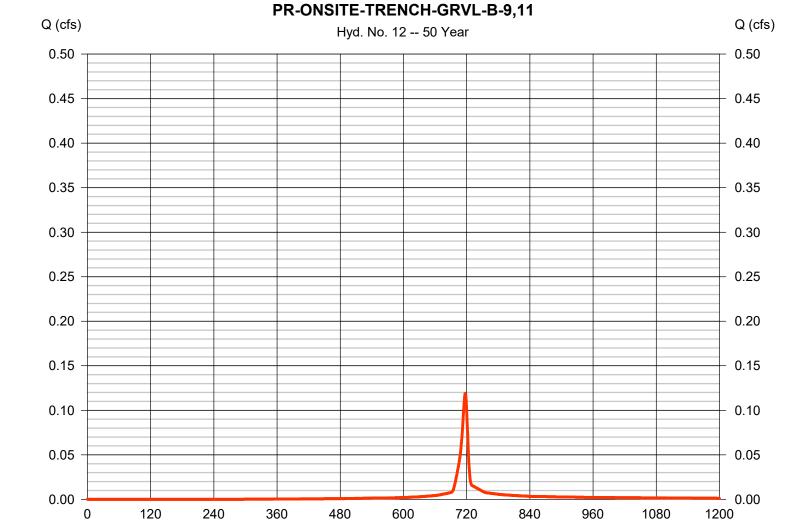
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 12

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11

Hyd No. 12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.119 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 255 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.014 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

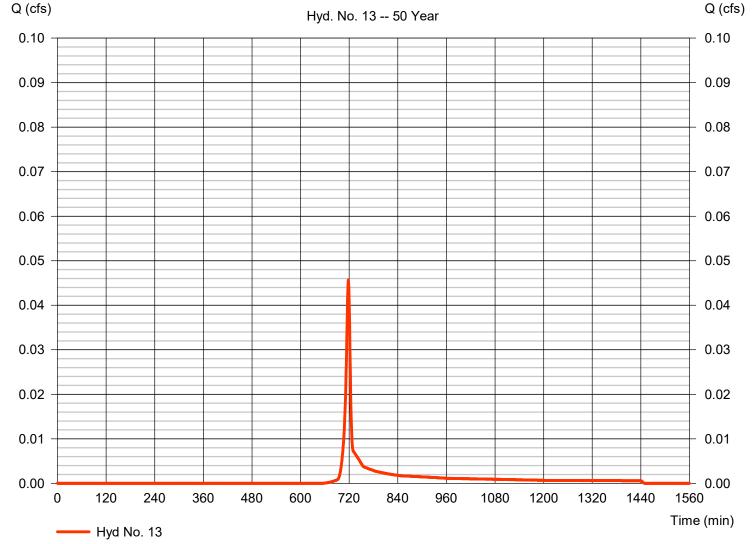
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 13

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.046 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 93 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.012 ac= 58 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.48 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8



Hydrograph Report

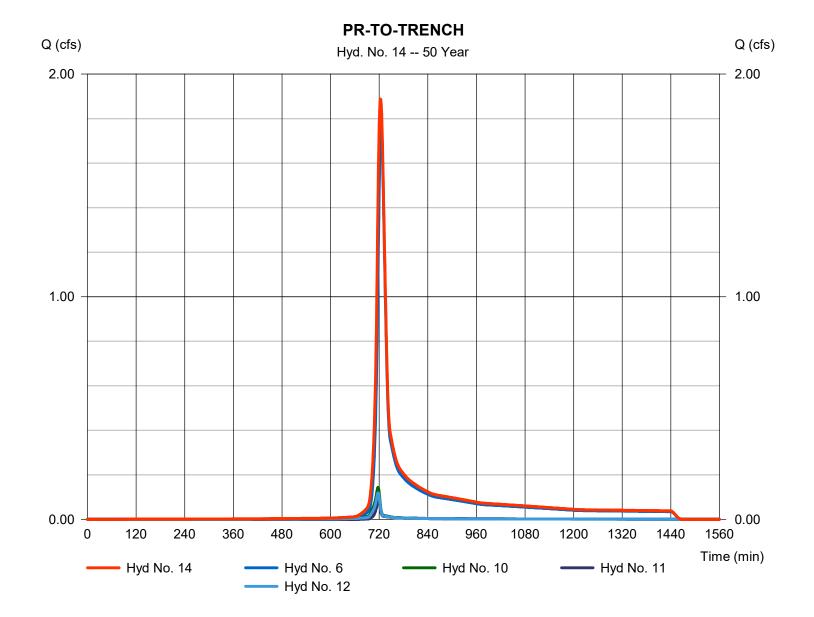
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 14

PR-TO-TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Combine Storm frequency = 50 yrs Time interval = 1 min Inflow hyds. = 6, 10, 11, 12 Peak discharge = 1.888 cfs
Time to peak = 723 min
Hyd. volume = 6,276 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.794 ac



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

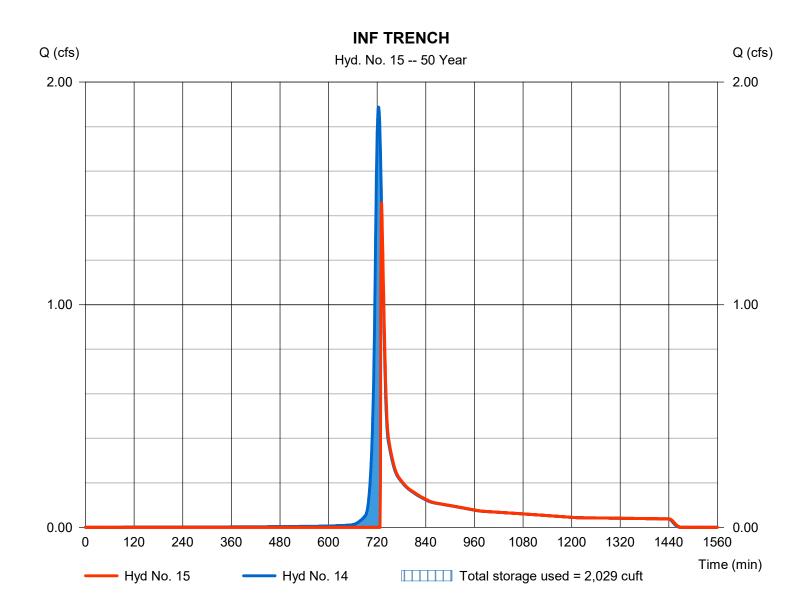
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 15

INF TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 1.457 cfsStorm frequency = 50 yrsTime to peak = 731 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 4,356 cuftInflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 14 - PR-TO-TRENCH = 828.17 ft Reservoir name = TRENCH Max. Storage = 2,029 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

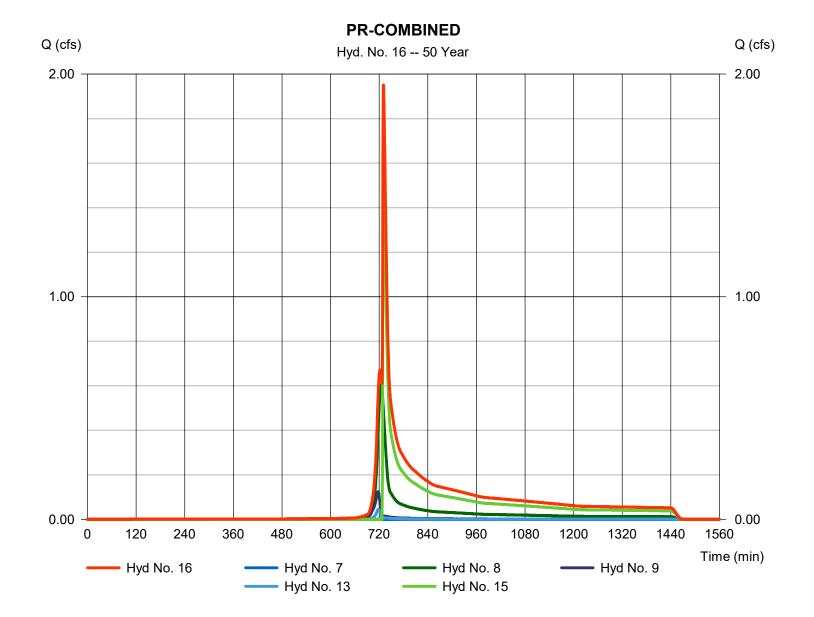


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 16

PR-COMBINED

Hydrograph type = Combine Storm frequency = 50 yrs Time interval = 1 min Inflow hyds. = 7, 8, 9, 13, 15 Peak discharge = 1.951 cfs
Time to peak = 730 min
Hyd. volume = 6,646 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.306 ac



Hydrograph Summary Report Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			nyuranow ny	yurograpris Exti	ension for Autode:	sion for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc.		
lyd. Io.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to Peak (min)	Hyd. volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Total strge used (cuft)	Hydrograph Description
1	SCS Runoff	0.002	1	749	33				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A
2	SCS Runoff	3.241	1	725	9,862				EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B
3	SCS Runoff	0.001	1	740	11				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A
4	SCS Runoff	0.358	1	718	720				EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B
5	Combine	3.380	1	724	10,626	1, 2, 3,			EXISTING TOTAL
3	SCS Runoff	2.405	1	725	7,318	4			PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2
7	SCS Runoff	0.001	1	749	30				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,2
3	SCS Runoff	0.823	1	725	2,505				PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14
)	SCS Runoff	0.144	1	717	353				PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19
10	SCS Runoff	0.167	1	717	407				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15
11	SCS Runoff	0.118	1	718	237				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,
12	SCS Runoff	0.141	1	717	306				PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11
13	SCS Runoff	0.061	1	718	123				PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8
4	Combine	2.562	1	723	8,267	6, 10, 11,			PR-TO-TRENCH
5	Reservoir	2.477	1	726	6,347	12, 14	828.24	2,076	INF TRENCH
16	Combine	3.338	1	725	9,358	7, 8, 9,			PR-COMBINED
— ML	V-6 REV 8.gp	ow .			Return F	Period: 100	Year	Wednesda	y, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hydrograph Report

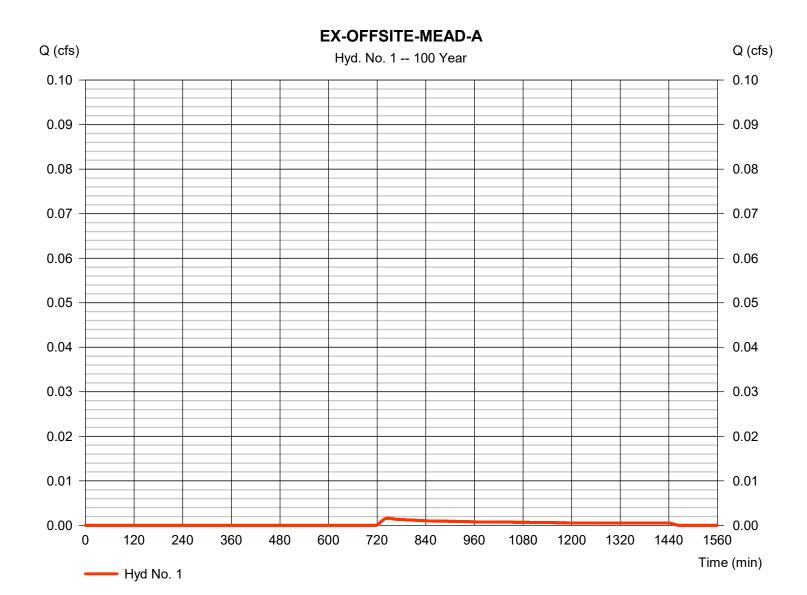
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 1

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.002 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 749 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 33 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.030 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

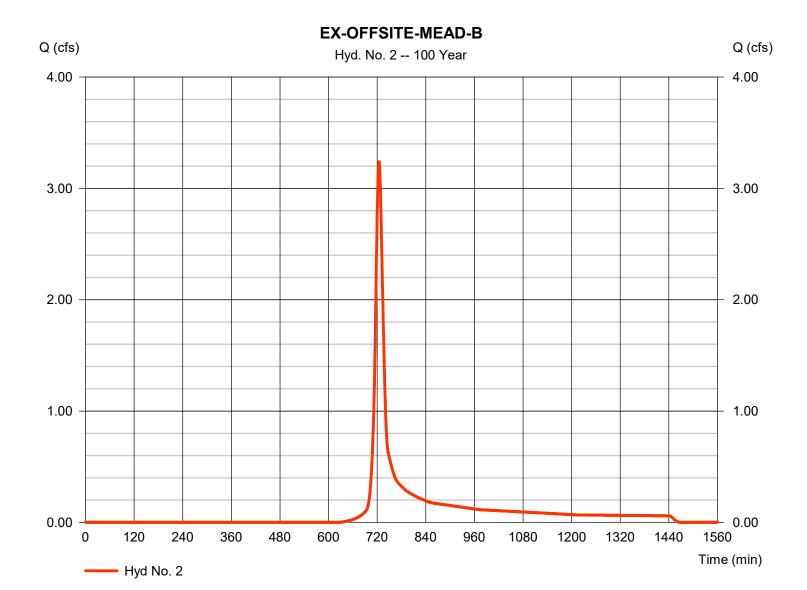


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 2

EX-OFFSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 3.241 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 9.862 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.000 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

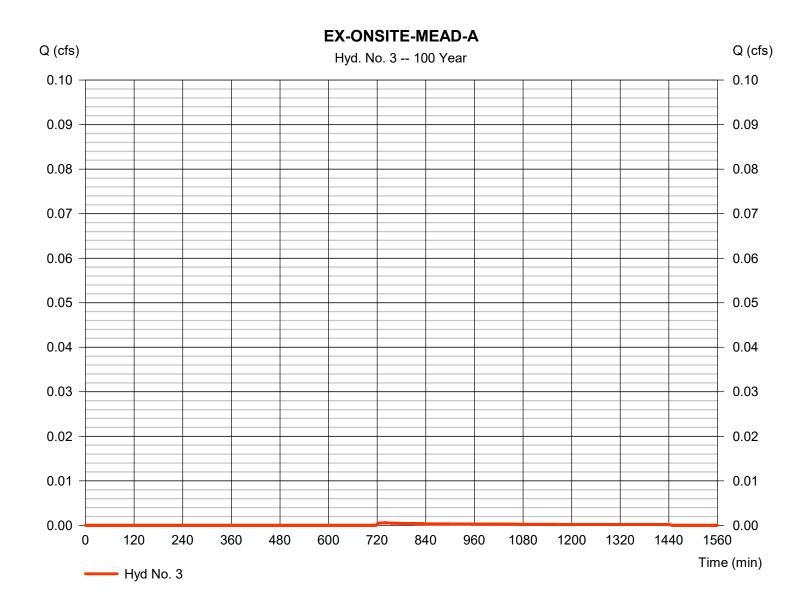


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 3

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-A

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.001 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 740 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 11 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.010 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

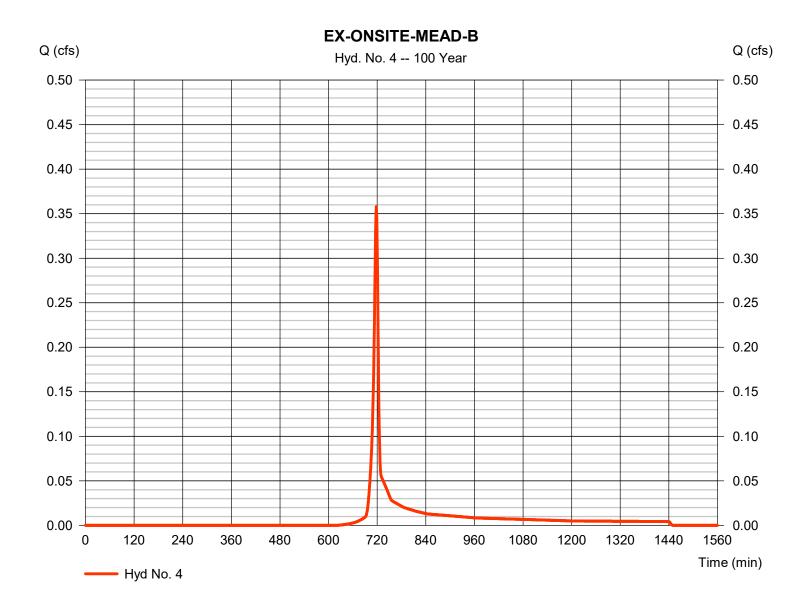


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 4

EX-ONSITE-MEAD-B

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.358 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 720 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.070 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

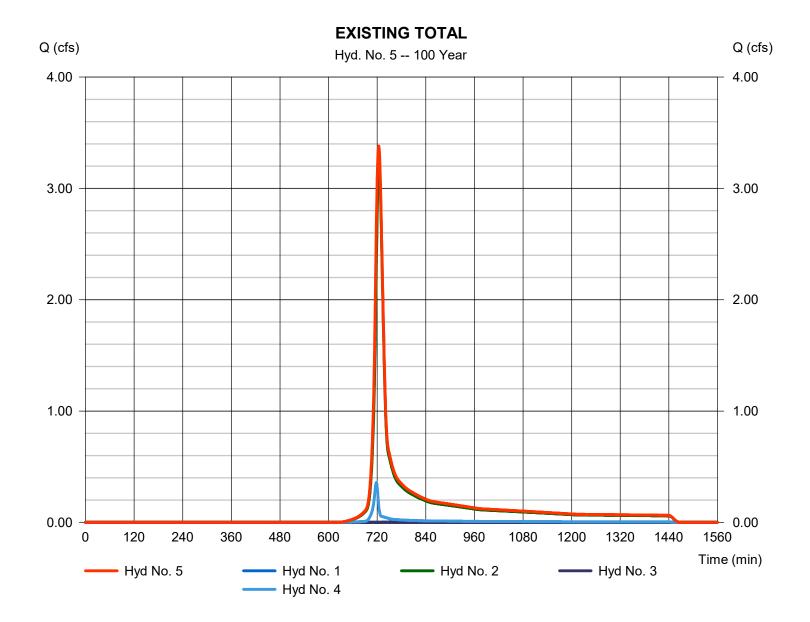


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 5

EXISTING TOTAL

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 3.380 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 100 yrs= 724 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 10,626 cuft Inflow hyds. = 1, 2, 3, 4Contrib. drain. area = 1.110 ac

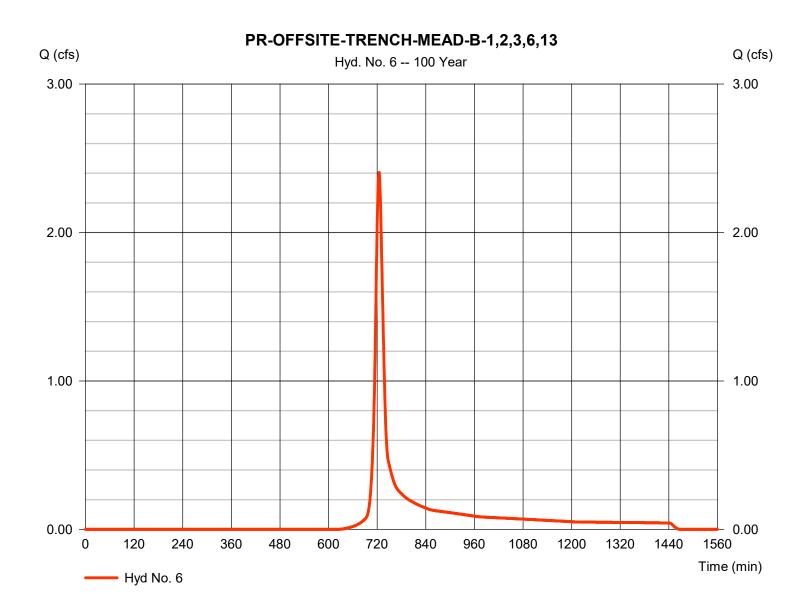


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 6

PR-OFFSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-1,2,3,6,13

= SCS Runoff Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 2.405 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 7.318 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.742 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



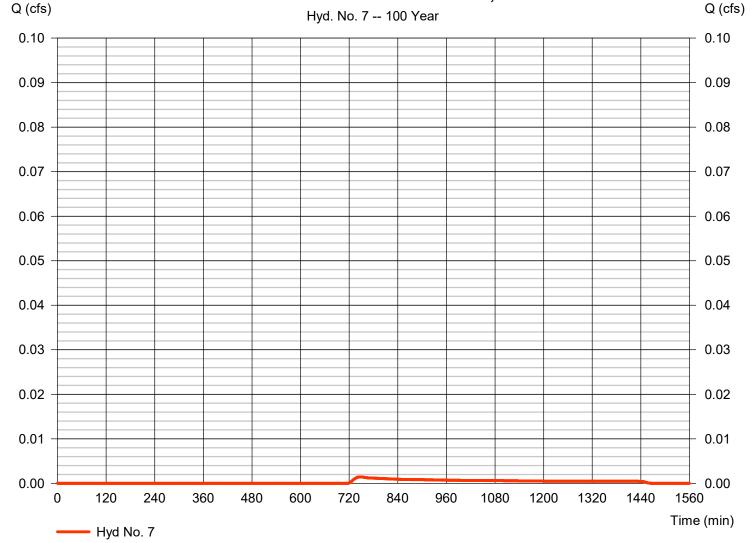
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 7

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.001 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 749 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 30 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.027 ac= 30 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-A-18,20



Q (cfs)

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

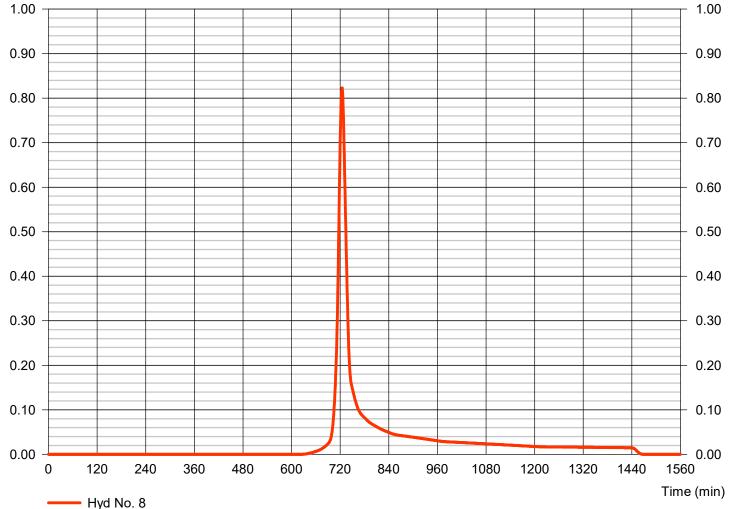
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 8

PR-OFFSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-4,14,17

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.823 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 725 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 2.505 cuftDrainage area = 0.254 acCurve number = 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 17.70 min = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484





Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 9

PR-SITE-BYPASS-IMP-16,19

120

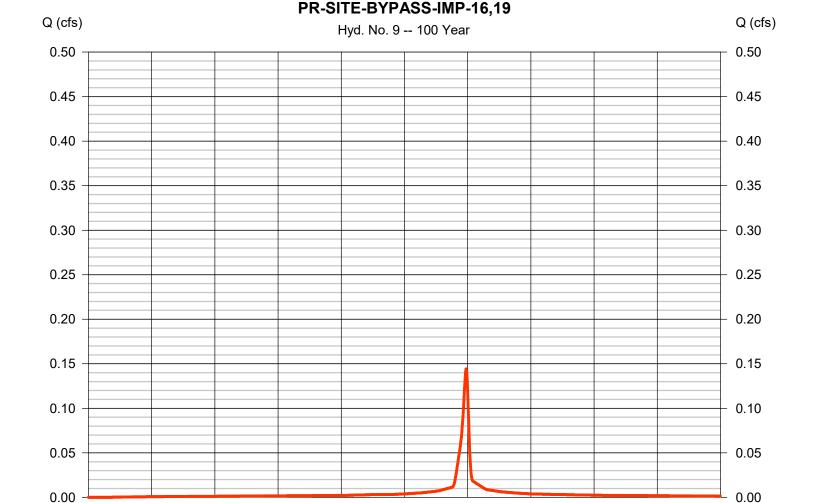
Hyd No. 9

240

360

480

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.144 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 353 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.013 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



600

720

840

960

1080

1200

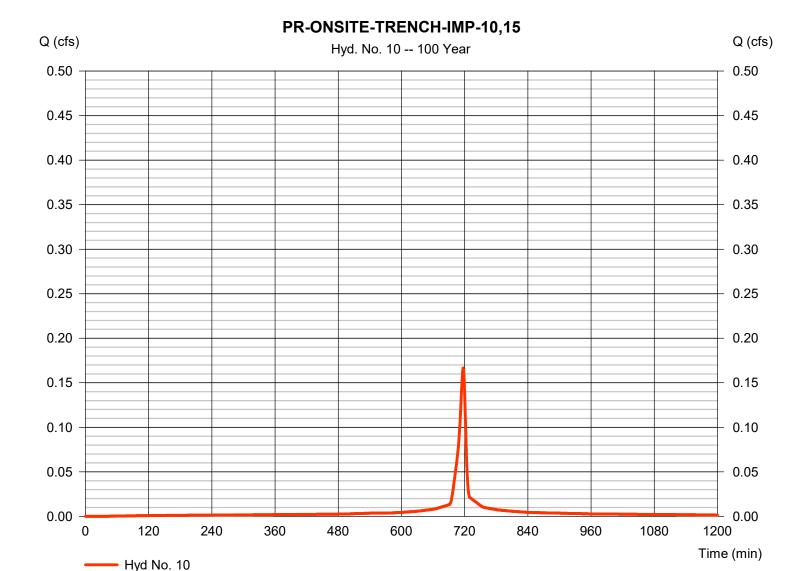
Time (min)

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 10

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-IMP-10,15

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.167 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 100 yrs= 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 407 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.015 ac= 98 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



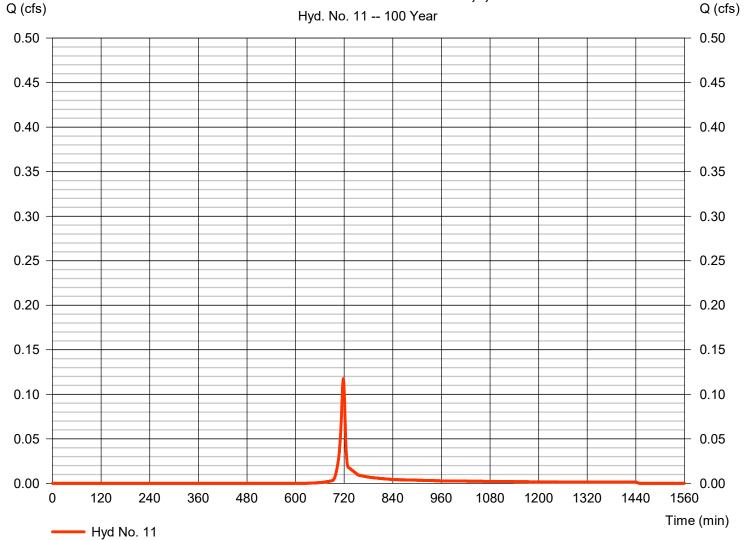
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 11

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-MEAD-B-5,7,12

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.118 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 237 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.023 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



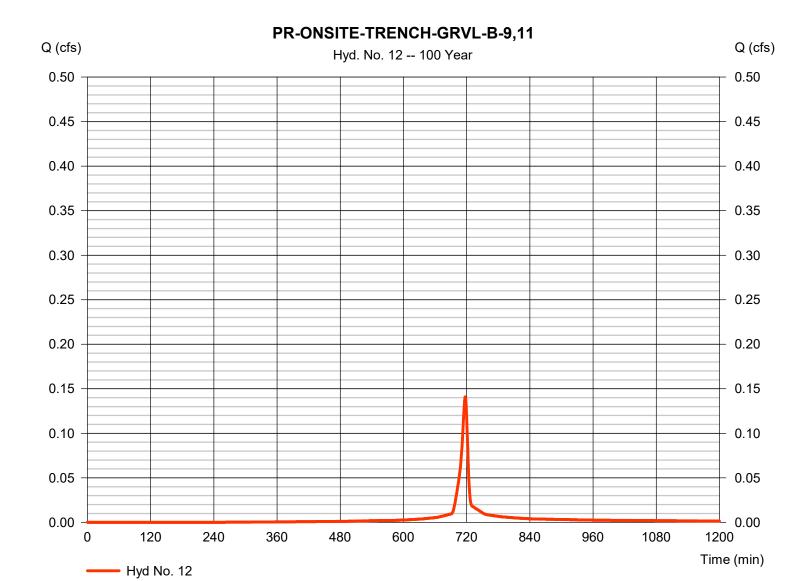


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 12

PR-ONSITE-TRENCH-GRVL-B-9,11

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.141 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 717 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 306 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.014 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

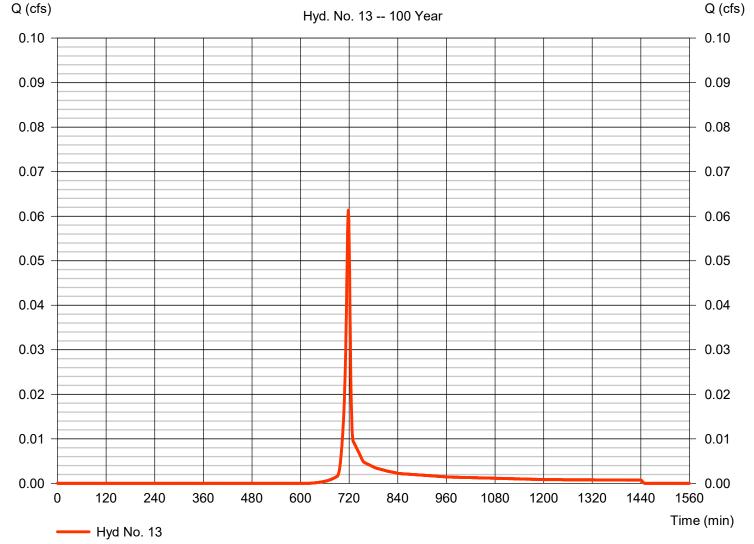
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 13

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 0.061 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 123 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.012 ac= 58 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.49 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

PR-ONSITE-BYPASS-MEAD-B-8



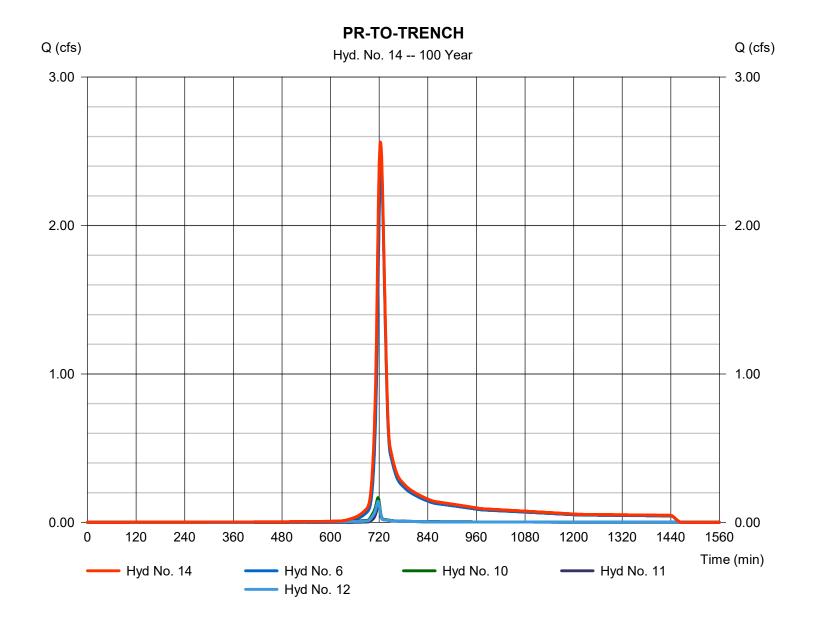
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 14

PR-TO-TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Combine
Storm frequency = 100 yrs
Time interval = 1 min
Inflow hyds. = 6, 10, 11, 12

Peak discharge = 2.562 cfs
Time to peak = 723 min
Hyd. volume = 8,267 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.794 ac



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

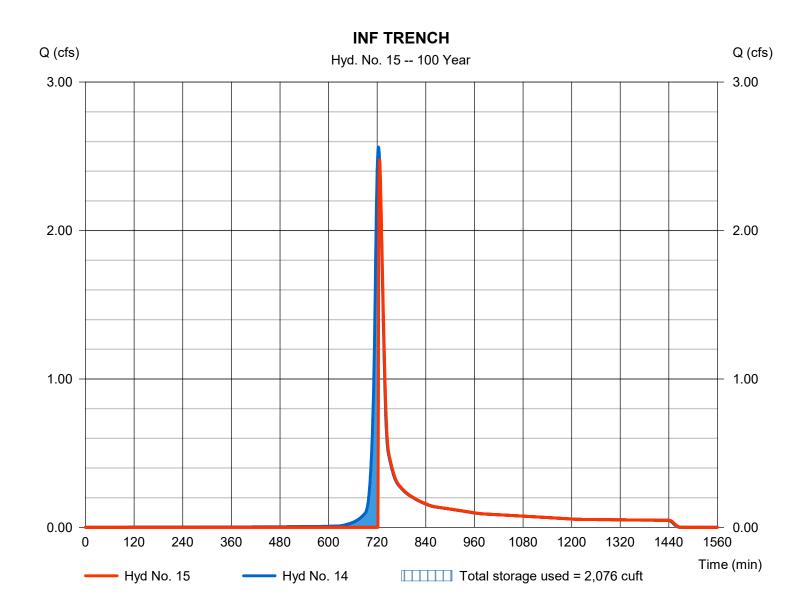
Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 15

INF TRENCH

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 2.477 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 6,347 cuftInflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 14 - PR-TO-TRENCH = 828.24 ftReservoir name = TRENCH Max. Storage = 2,076 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

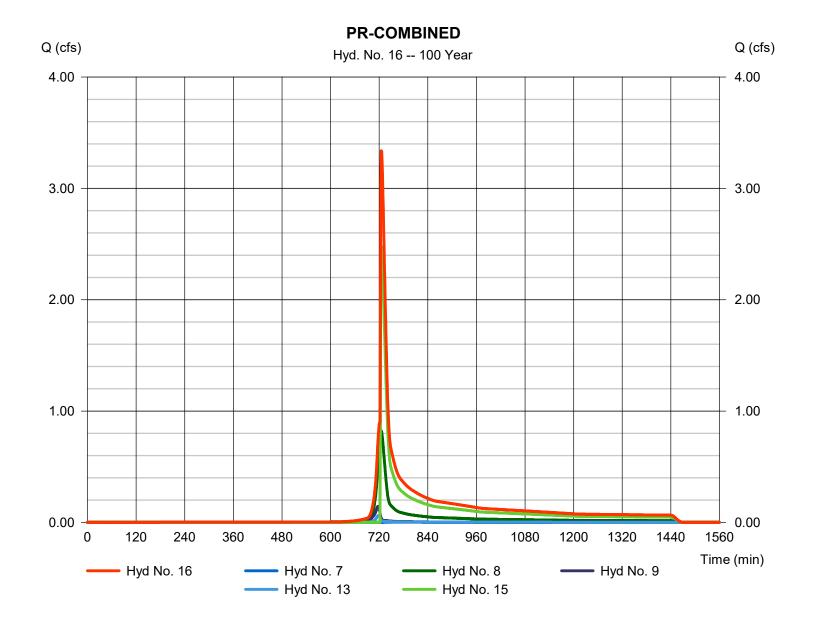


Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Hyd. No. 16

PR-COMBINED

Hydrograph type = Combine Storm frequency = 100 yrs Time interval = 1 min Inflow hyds. = 7, 8, 9, 13, 15 Peak discharge = 3.338 cfs
Time to peak = 725 min
Hyd. volume = 9,358 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 0.306 ac



Hydraflow Rainfall Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® 2019 by Autodesk, Inc. v2020

Wednesday, 08 / 14 / 2019

Return Period	Intensity-Duration-Frequency Equation Coefficients (FHA)									
(Yrs)	В	D	E	(N/A)						
1	36.9738	16.1000	0.7641							
2	94.4784	24.8001	0.9391							
3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000							
5	176.2795	30.1001	1.0248							
10	317.8354	35.8000	1.1154							
25	309.7854	36.4000	1.0685							
50	1324.7950	53.7998	1.3207							
100	68.0213	20.7000	0.7186							

File name: Irvington.IDF

Intensity = B / (Tc + D)^E

Return	Intensity Values (in/hr)											
Period (Yrs)	5 min	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
1	3.60	3.06	2.67	2.39	2.16	1.98	1.83	1.70	1.60	1.50	1.42	1.35
2	3.90	3.37	2.97	2.66	2.41	2.20	2.03	1.88	1.75	1.64	1.55	1.46
3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5	4.60	4.01	3.56	3.19	2.90	2.65	2.44	2.26	2.11	1.97	1.86	1.75
10	5.08	4.46	3.98	3.58	3.25	2.98	2.75	2.54	2.37	2.22	2.08	1.96
25	5.80	5.13	4.60	4.17	3.81	3.50	3.24	3.01	2.82	2.64	2.49	2.35
50	6.10	5.48	4.96	4.52	4.14	3.82	3.54	3.29	3.07	2.88	2.71	2.55
100	6.60	5.81	5.21	4.74	4.36	4.05	3.79	3.56	3.36	3.19	3.04	2.90

Tc = time in minutes. Values may exceed 60.

Precip. file name: P:\353754 PennEast\Stormwater\Site 10 - Transco\SW Model\Site10.pcp

		Rainfall Precipitation Table (in)										
Storm Distribution	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr				
SCS 24-hour	2.63	3.15	0.00	3.93	4.59	5.59	6.48	7.49				
SCS 6-Hr	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-1st	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-2nd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-3rd	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-4th	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Huff-Indy	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Custom	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				

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I. PCSM Drawings (Attached)

J. Offsite Stormwater Discharge Plan (Attached)