

## NJDOE MODEL CURRICULUM

<b>CONTENT AREA: Mathematics</b>	<b>GRADE: 3</b>	<b>UNIT: # 1</b>	<b>UNIT NAME: Represent and Solve Problems Involving Multiplication and Division</b>
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#	STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES	CORRESPONDING CCSS
<b>1</b>	Interpret products of whole numbers as repeated addition or equal groups of objects (up to 100).	3.OA.1
<b>2</b>	Explain division as a set of objects partitioned equally into a number of shares (up to 100).	3.OA.2
<b>3</b>	Determine the unknown in a division or multiplication equation with an unknown relating 3 whole numbers up to 100 (does not require students to solve from memory).	3.OA.4
<b>4</b>	Round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100.	3.NBT.1
<b>5</b>	<b>Fluently</b> add and subtract (with regrouping) two 2-digit whole numbers within 100.	3.NBT.2
<b>6</b>	Multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 (10 - 90).	3.NBT.3

**Major Content** **Supporting Content** **Additional Content** (Identified by PARCC Model Content Frameworks).

**Bold type indicates grade level fluency requirements.** (Identified by PARCC Model Content Frameworks).

### Selected Opportunities for Connection to Mathematical Practices

**1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.**

SLO #1 Analyze and understand the products of whole numbers as multiple groups with an equal number of objects in each group.

SLO #2 Analyze and understand division of whole numbers as a set of objects being partitioned into an equal number of shares.

SLO #3 Analyze and understand the relationship between the given values and the unknown values in a division or multiplication equation with an unknown value.

**2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.**

SLO #1 Understand and make sense of quantities when they are expressed as repeated addition of equal groups of objects.

SLO #2 Understand and make sense of division as a set of objects or quantities that is partitioned into equal shares.

SLO #3 Understand and make sense of the relationship between values of a multiplication or division equation with an unknown value.

SLO #4 When rounding numbers to the nearest 10 or 100, understand and make sense of the relationship between the whole number and

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the whole number it is rounded to.

**3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.**

SLO #2 Be able to explain and justify the process of division in terms of partitioning groups into equal shares.

4. Model with mathematics.

5. Use appropriate tools strategically.

**6. Attend to precision.**

SLO#2 Be able to explain precisely the process of division.

**7. Look for and make use of structure.**

SLO #1 Look for and discern a pattern in multiple repeated groups with an equal number of objects.

SLO #6 Look for and discern a pattern when multiplying one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10.

8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

***Bold type identifies possible starting points for connections to the SLOs in this unit.***

Code #	Common Core State Standards
<b>3.OA.1</b>	Interpret products of whole numbers, e.g., interpret $5 \times 7$ as the total number of objects in 5 groups of 7 objects each. <i>For example, describe a context in which a total number of objects can be expressed as <math>5 \times 7</math>.</i>
<b>3.OA.2</b>	Interpret whole-number quotients of whole numbers, e.g., interpret $56 \div 8$ as the number of objects in each share when 56 objects are partitioned equally into 8 shares, or as a number of shares when 56 objects are partitioned into equal shares of 8 object each. <i>For example, describe a context in which a number of shares or a number of groups can be expressed as <math>56 \div 8</math>.</i>
<b>3.OA.4</b>	Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation relating three whole numbers. <i>For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in each of the equations: <math>8 \times ? = 48</math>, <math>5 = \square \div 3</math>, <math>6 \times 6 = ?</math></i>

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<b>3. NBT.1</b>	Use place value understanding to round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100.
<b>3.NBT.2</b>	Fluently add and subtract within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.
<b>3.NBT.3</b>	Multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 (e.g., 9 x 80, 5 x 60) using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.

**Major Content** **Supporting Content** **Additional Content** (Identified by PARCC Model Content Frameworks).

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