At the July 31, 2018 public meeting, the Government Records Council (“Council”) considered the July 24, 2018 Findings and Recommendations of the Executive Director and all related documentation submitted by the parties. The Council voted unanimously to adopt the entirety of said findings and recommendations. The Council, therefore, finds that:

1. The Custodian satisfied his burden of proof that he timely responded to the Complainant’s April 4, 2016 OPRA request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6. Although the Complainant asserted that he did not receive a response within the deadline the Custodian certified that he responded on the final due date and included a copy of the letter in his Statement of Information. Therefore there was no “deemed” denial of the Complainant’s OPRA request pursuant to N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(g), N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(i), and Kelley v. Twp. of Rockaway, GRC Complaint No. 2007-11 (Interim Order dated October 31, 2007).

2. The Complainant’s April 4, 2016 OPRA request is invalid because it fails to identify the specific minutes sought and would require the Custodian to conduct research in order to determine which, or whether any, of the Borough of Avon-by-the-Sea’s Board of Commissioners’ minutes covering a ten (10) year period contain references to Keith Sandull. See MAG Entm’t, LLC v. Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control, 375 N.J. Super. 534, 546-47 (App. Div. 2005); Valdes v. Government Records Council, GRC Complaint No. 2013-278 (September 2014); Valdes v. Union City Bd. of Educ. (Hudson), GRC Complaint Nos. 2011-147, 2011-157, 2011-172, and 2011-181 (July 2012). The Custodian has borne his burden of proof that he lawfully denied access to the Complainant’s request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.

This is the final administrative determination in this matter. Any further review should be pursued in the Appellate Division of the Superior Court of New Jersey within forty-five (45) days. Information about the appeals process can be obtained from the Appellate Division Clerk’s Office, Hughes Justice Complex, 25 W. Market St., PO Box 006, Trenton, NJ 08625-0006. Proper service of submissions pursuant to any appeal is to be made to the Council in care of the Executive Director.
at the State of New Jersey Government Records Council, 101 South Broad Street, PO Box 819, Trenton, NJ 08625-0819.

Final Decision Rendered by the
Government Records Council
On The 31st Day of July, 2018

Robin Berg Tabakin, Esq., Chair
Government Records Council

I attest the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the Government Records Council.

Steven Ritardi, Esq., Secretary
Government Records Council

Decision Distribution Date: August 3, 2018
July 31, 2018 Council Meeting

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
GOVERNMENT RECORDS COUNCIL

Findings and Recommendations of the Council Staff
July 31, 2018 Council Meeting

Mathew B. Tully
Complainant

 v.

Borough of Avon-by-the-Sea (Monmouth)
Custodial Agency

Records Relevant to Complaint:
“Copies of any reference in the Board of Commissioners of the Borough minutes to Keith Sandull from 1994 to 2004 (we believe Sandull was a Police Officer from appx 1995 to appx 1997 - according to newspaper reporting this person was arrested while on duty as a Police Officer on or about March 22).”

Custodian of Record: Timothy M. Gallagher
Requests Received by Custodian: April 4, 2016
Response Made by Custodian: April 5, 2016; April 11, 2016; April 15, 2016
GRC Complaint Received: April 14, 2016

Background:

Request and Response:

On April 4, 2016, the Complainant submitted an Open Public Records Act (“OPRA”) request to the Custodian seeking the above-mentioned records. On April 5, 2016, the Custodian responded to the Complainant, acknowledging receipt of the request and that a response is due by April 11, 2016. On April 11, 2016, the Custodian responded in writing, stating that the Complainant’s request lacked specificity for the Borough of Avon-by-the-Sea (“Borough”) to provide a response, but added that the Borough was attempting to locate other types of records passed by the Borough’s Board of Commissioners (“Board”) pertaining to Keith Sandull. The Custodian stated that because those records are maintained and archived off-site, a twenty (20) day extension of time was needed.

1 No representation listed on record.
2 Represented by Barry A. Cooke, Esq., of Wilentz, Goldman & Spitzer, P.A. (Eatontown, NJ).
3 The parties may have submitted additional correspondence or made additional statements/assertions in the submissions identified herein. However, the Council includes in the Findings and Recommendations of the Council Staff the submissions necessary and relevant for the adjudication of this complaint.
4 The Complainant alleged that he did not receive the response until April 14, 2016.

Denial of Access Complaint:

On April 14, 2016, the Complainant filed a Denial of Access Complaint with the Government Records Council (“GRC”). The Complainant asserted that he did not receive a response to his OPRA request within the allotted period of time, and asserted that this was an intentional denial of access.

Statement of Information:

On May 6, 2016, the Custodian filed a Statement of Information (“SOI”). The Custodian certified that he received the Complainant’s OPRA request on April 4, 2016. The Custodian certified that he responded in writing on April 11, 2016. The Custodian did not elaborate further on the reasons for denying access, only referencing his letters dated April 11, 2016, and April 15, 2016. The Custodian also referenced a letter sent to the GRC on April 27, 2015, which sought guidance on the sufficiency of a response to an unrelated OPRA request submitted by the Complainant.

Additional Submissions:

On May 12, 2016, the Custodian sent correspondence to the GRC as a supplement to his SOI. The Custodian noted that the OPRA request involves the New Jersey Expungement Act, N.J.S.A. 2C:52-1 et seq. The Custodian argued that N.J.S.A. 47:1A-9 requires OPRA’s adherence to exemptions to public access to records established and recognized by statute, court rule, or case law. The Custodian also noted the utilization of the balancing test for release of information concerning personal details. The Custodian cited Livecchia v. Borough of Mount Arlington, 42 N.J. Super. 24 (App. Div. 2011) to identify the factors weighed in the test.

The Custodian asserted that in applying the balancing test, the matter should be dismissed, since the Borough provided the defendant with the documents and information requested. The Custodian also included a copy of the decision, Paff v. Borough of Gibbstboro, No. A-3300-11T2, 2013 N.J. Super. Unpub. LEXIS 1468 (App. Div. June 17, 2013), claiming the court held that OPRA could not override the expungement order’s prohibition on access to requested records.

That same day, the Complainant responded to the Custodian’s e-mail, asserting that the expungement order relevant to the matter at hand does not pertain to the Borough’s clerk. Rather, the Complainant claimed that the expungement order pertained to the clerk for Monmouth County Superior Court, and the clerk for Howell Township Municipal Court. The Complainant also contended that the records subject to the expungement order are only for criminal justice records, and not for personnel records or other non-criminal records.
Analysis

Timeliness

OPRA mandates that a custodian must either grant or deny access to requested records within seven (7) business days from receipt of said request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(i). A custodian’s failure to respond within the required seven (7) business days results in a “deemed” denial. Id. Further, a custodian’s response, either granting or denying access, must be in writing pursuant to N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(g). Thus, a custodian’s failure to respond in writing to a complainant’s OPRA request either granting access, denying access, seeking clarification or requesting an extension of time within the statutorily mandated seven (7) business days results in a “deemed” denial of the complainant’s OPRA request pursuant to N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(g), N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(i), and Kelley v. Twp. of Rockaway, GRC Complaint No. 2007-11 (Interim Order dated October 31, 2007).

Although the Custodian confirmed in his April 5, 2016 letter the response to the Complainant’s April 4, 2016 OPRA request was due by April 11, 2016, the Complainant asserted that the Custodian failed to respond within the deadline. However, in his SOI the Custodian certified that he responded on April 11, 2016 via regular mail, and attached a copy of the response to his SOI.

Therefore, the Custodian satisfied his burden of proof that he timely responded to the Complainant’s April 4, 2016 OPRA request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6. Although the Complainant asserted that he did not receive a response within the deadline the Custodian certified that he responded on the final due date and included a copy of the letter in his SOI. Therefore there was no “deemed” denial of the Complainant’s OPRA request pursuant to N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(g), N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(i), and Kelley, GRC 2007-11.

Unlawful Denial of Access

OPRA provides that government records made, maintained, kept on file, or received by a public agency in the course of its official business are subject to public access unless otherwise exempt. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1.1. A custodian must release all records responsive to an OPRA request “with certain exceptions.” N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1. Additionally, OPRA places the burden on a custodian to prove that a denial of access to records is lawful pursuant to N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.

In Valdes v. Union City Bd. of Educ. (Hudson), GRC Complaint Nos. 2011-147, 2011-157, 2011-172, and 2011-181 (July 2012), the complainant submitted four (4) OPRA requests seeking copies of meeting minutes containing motions to approve other minutes. The Council, citing Taylor v. Cherry Hill Bd. of Educ. (Camden), GRC Complaint No. 2008-258 (August 2009) and Ray v. Freedom Academy Charter Sch. (Camden), GRC Complaint No. 2009-185 (August 2010), determined that the requests were overly broad:

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6 A custodian’s written response either granting access, denying access, seeking clarification or requesting an extension of time within the statutorily mandated seven (7) business days, even if said response is not on the agency’s official OPRA request form, is a valid response pursuant to OPRA.

[S]aid requests do not specify the date or time frame of the minutes sought. Rather, the requests seek those minutes at which the UCBOE motioned to approve meeting minutes for four (4) other meetings. Similar to the facts of both Taylor and Ray, the requests herein seek minutes that refer to a topic and would require the Custodian to research the UCBOE’s meeting minutes in order to locate the particular sets of minutes that are responsive to the Complainant’s requests . . . because the Complainant’s four (4) requests for minutes “that include a motion made by the Union City Board of Education to approve the minutes” from other meetings fail to identify the specific dates of the minutes sought and would require the Custodian to conduct research in order to locate the responsive records, the Complainant’s requests are invalid under OPRA.


In Valdes v. Government Records Council, GRC Complaint No. 2013-278 (September 2014), the complainant submitted an OPRA request for meeting minutes which document the Council’s approval of its January 17, 2003 meeting minutes between February 2003 through September 2013. The Council held that the inclusion of a time frame did not validate the request. The Council noted that the request still required the custodian to analyze ten (10) years’ worth of meeting minutes to locate the set containing the Council’s approval of its January 17, 2003 minutes.

Here, the Complainant sought copies of meeting minutes from the Borough’s Board of Commissioners (“Board”) that reference Keith Sandull, between 1994 to 2004, paralleling the facts in Valdes, GRC 2013-278. The request requires the Custodian to analyze ten (10) years’ of meeting minutes in order to locate which among them referenced Keith Sandull. OPRA requires custodians to search for sufficiently identified records, but the law does not ask custodians to perform research on behalf of a requestor. See, e.g., MAG Entm’t, LLC v. Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control, 375 N.J. Super. 534, 546-47 (App. Div. 2005); Valdes, GRC 2013-278; Valdes, GRC 2011-147 et seq. Notwithstanding the Custodian’s request for an extension to locate any Board resolutions referencing Keith Sandull, the request is improper.

Therefore, the Complainant’s April 4, 2016 OPRA request is invalid because it fails to identify the specific minutes sought and would require the Custodian to conduct research in order to determine which, or whether any, of the Board’s minutes covering a ten (10) year period contain references to Keith Sandull. See MAG, 375 N.J. Super. at 546-47; Valdes, GRC 2013-278; Valdes, GRC 2011-147 et seq. The Custodian has borne his burden of proof that he lawfully denied access to the Complainant’s request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.
Conclusions and Recommendations

The Council Staff respectfully recommends the Council find that:

1. The Custodian satisfied his burden of proof that he timely responded to the Complainant’s April 4, 2016 OPRA request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6. Although the Complainant asserted that he did not receive a response within the deadline the Custodian certified that he responded on the final due date and included a copy of the letter in his Statement of Information. Therefore there was no “deemed” denial of the Complainant’s OPRA request pursuant to N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(g), N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(i), and Kelley v. Twp. of Rockaway, GRC Complaint No. 2007-11 (Interim Order dated October 31, 2007).

2. The Complainant’s April 4, 2016 OPRA request is invalid because it fails to identify the specific minutes sought and would require the Custodian to conduct research in order to determine which, or whether any, of the Borough of Avon-by-the-Sea’s Board of Commissioners’ minutes covering a ten (10) year period contain references to Keith Sandull. See MAG Entm’t, LLC v. Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control, 375 N.J. Super. 534, 546-47 (App. Div. 2005); Valdes v. Government Records Council, GRC Complaint No. 2013-278 (September 2014); Valdes v. Union City Bd. of Educ. (Hudson), GRC Complaint Nos. 2011-147, 2011-157, 2011-172, and 2011-181 (July 2012). The Custodian has borne his burden of proof that he lawfully denied access to the Complainant’s request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.

Prepared By:  Samuel A. Rosado
Staff Attorney

July 24, 2018