New Jersey Department of Health Vaccine Preventable Disease Program Childhood and Adolescent Recommended Vaccines







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Chris Christie Governor

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Cathleen D. Bennett Commissioner

## New Jersey Department of Health Vaccine Preventable Disease Program Childhood and Adolescent Recommended Vaccines

Antigens	Vaccine	Approved Age	Indications for Use Vaccine Manufacturer Package Inserts	Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) Recommended Schedule <sup>*</sup>
Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP)	<b>Daptacel</b> (Sanofi Pasteur)	6 wks through 6 yrs	5 dose series recommended to be administered at 2, 4, 6, 15-20 months of age, and 4 to 6 years of age.	<u>DTaP</u> Administer a 5-dose series of DTaP vaccine at ages 2, 4, 6,
Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP)	<b>Infanrix</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	6 wks through 6 yrs	5 dose series recommended to be administered at 2, 4, 6, 15-20 months of age, and 4 to 6 years of age.	15 through 18 months, and 4 through 6 years. The fourth dose may be administered as early as age 12 months,
Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP), Hepatitis B and inactivated Polio (IPV)	<b>DTaP)</b> , (GlaxoSmithKline)	6 wks through 6 yrs	3 dose series recommended to be administered at 2, 4, and 6 months of age.	provided at least 6 months have elapsed since the third dose. <u>Inadvertent administration of</u> <u>4th DTaP dose early</u> :
Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP), inactivated Polio (IPV), and <i>Haemophilus</i> <i>influenzae</i> type b (Hib)	Pentacel (Sanofi Pasteur)	6 wks through 4 yrs	4 dose series recommended to be administered at 2, 4, 6, and 15-18 months of age.	If the fourth dose of DTaP was administered at least 4 months, but less than 6 months, after the third dose of DTaP, it need not be repeated.

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Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP), inactivated Polio (IPV)	Quadracel (Sanofi Pasteur)	4 through 6 yrs	A single dose to be used as a fifth dose in the diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis vaccination (DTaP) series, and as a fourth or fifth dose in the inactivated poliovirus vaccination (IPV) series, in children who have received 4 doses of Pentacel and/or DAPTACEL vaccine.	
Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP), inactivated Polio (IPV)	Kinrix (GlaxoSmithKline)	4 through 6 yrs	A single dose to be used as the fifth dose in the diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis (DTaP) vaccine series and the fourth dose in the inactivated poliovirus vaccine (IPV) series in children 4 through 6 years of age whose previous DTaP vaccine doses have been with INFANRIX and/or PEDIARIX for the first three doses and INFANRIX for the fourth dose.	
Diphtheria and Tetanus (DT)	<b>DT</b> (Sanofi Pasteur)	6 wks through 6 yrs	Recommended to be used as a 3 or 4 dose series depending on age of administration.	
Tetanus diphtheria (Td)	<b>Td (Generic)</b> (Mass Biologics)	<u>&gt;</u> 7 yrs	<ul> <li>Td may be used in persons 7 years of age and older who have not been previously immunized against tetanus and diphtheria, as a primary immunization series consisting of three doses.</li> <li>Td may be used for routine booster immunization against tetanus and diphtheria in persons 7 years of age and older who have completed primary immunization against tetanus and diphtheria.</li> </ul>	<u>Td</u> Persons aged 7 years and older who are not fully immunized with DTaP vaccine should receive Tdap vaccine as 1 (preferably the first) dose in the catch-up series; if additional doses are needed, use Td vaccine. For children 7 through 10 years who receive a dose of Tdap as part of the catch-up

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Tetanus diphtheria (Td)	TENIVAC (Sanofi Pasteur)	<u>&gt;</u> 7 yrs	<ul> <li>Primary immunization with TENIVAC consists of 3 doses.</li> <li>Td may be used for routine booster immunization against tetanus and diphtheria in persons 7 years of age and older who have completed primary immunization against tetanus and diphtheria.</li> </ul>	series, an adolescent Tdap vaccine dose at age 11 through 12 years should NOT be administered. Td should be administered instead 10 years after the Tdap dose. Persons aged 11 through 18 years who have not received Tdap vaccine should receive a dose followed by tetanus and diphtheria toxoids (Td) booster doses every 10 years thereafter.
Tetanus diphtheria, acellular Pertussis (Tdap)	<b>Boostrix</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	≥ 10 yrs	One-time booster dose.	<u>Tdap</u> Administer 1 dose of Tdap
Tetanus diphtheria, acellular Pertussis (Tdap)	Adacel (Sanofi Pasteur)	10 through 64 yrs	One-time booster dose.	<ul> <li>vaccine to all adolescents aged 11 through 12 years.</li> <li>Tdap may be administered regardless of the interval since the last tetanus and diphtheria toxoid-containing vaccine.</li> <li>Administer 1 dose of Tdap vaccine to pregnant adolescents during each pregnancy (preferred during 27 through 36 weeks gestation) regardless of time since prior Td or Tdap vaccination.</li> </ul>

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Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)	ActHIB (Sanofi Pasteur)	2 mos through 5 yrs	4 dose series recommended to be administered at 2, 4, and 6 months of age, and a booster dose at 15-18 months of age.	<u>Hib</u> Administer a 2- or 3-dose Hib vaccine primary series and a booster dose (dose 3 or 4 depending on vaccine used in	
Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)	HIBERIX (GlaxoSmithKline)	6 wks through 4 yrs	4 dose series recommended to be administered at 2, 4, and 6 months, and a booster dose at 15-18 months.	primary series) at age 12 through 15 months to complete a full Hib vaccine series.	
Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)	<b>PedvaxHIB</b> (Merck)	2 mos to 71 mos	<ul> <li>Two doses recommended to be administered at 2 and 4 months of age.</li> <li>In infants completing the primary two-dose regimen before 12 months of age, a booster dose should be administered at 12 to 15 months of age, but not earlier than 2 months after the second dose.</li> </ul>		
Hepatitis A	<b>Havrix</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	<u>&gt;</u> 12 mos	2 dose series with the second dose administered 6 to12 months later.	Hepatitis A	
Hepatitis A	Vaqta (Merck)	<u>&gt;</u> 12 mos	2 dose series with the second dose administered 6 to 18 months later.	<ul> <li>vaccine series at 12 through 23 months; separate the 2 doses by 6 to 18 months.</li> </ul>	

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Hepatitis A Hepatitis B	<b>TWINRIX</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	<u>&gt;</u> 18 yrs	<ul> <li>3 dose series recommended to be administered on a 0-, 1-, and 6-month schedule.</li> <li>Accelerated dosing: A series of 4 doses given on days 0, 7 and 21 to 30 followed by a booster dose at month 12.</li> </ul>	
Hepatitis B	<b>Engerix-B</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	≥ 0 mos	3 dose series recommended to be administered on a 0-, 1-, and 6-month schedule.	Hepatitis B Administer monovalent HepB vaccine to all newborns before hospital discharge. Administer
Hepatitis B	Recombivax-HB (Merck)	≥ 0 mos	<ul> <li>3 dose series recommended to be administered on a 0-,1-, and 6-month schedule.</li> <li>An alternate two-dose series can be administered to adolescents (11 through 15 years of age) with the first dose given on elected date and second dose: 4-6 months later.</li> </ul>	the second dose 1 to 2 months after the first dose (minimum interval of 4 weeks), administer the third dose at least 8 weeks after the second dose AND at least 16 weeks after the first dose. The final (third or fourth) dose in the HepB vaccine series should be administered no earlier than age 24 weeks.
Hepatitis B and Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)	COMVAX (Merck) NOTE: Merck has discontinued COMVAX production	6 wks to 15 mos	3 dose series recommended to be administered at 2, 4, and 12-15 months of age.	Administration of a total of 4 doses of HepB vaccine is permitted when a combination vaccine containing HepB is administered after the birth dose.

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Human Papillomavirus (2vHPV)	<b>Cervarix</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	Females 9 through 25 yrs	3 dose series recommended to be administered on a 0-, 1-, and 6-month schedule. <i>Note: Not approved for use in males.</i>	HPV Administer a 3-dose series of HPV vaccine on a schedule of 0, 1-2, and 6 months to all adolescents aged 11 through 12 years. 9vHPV, 4vHPV or
Human Papillomavirus (4vHPV)	Gardasil (Merck)	9 through 26 yrs	3 dose series recommended to be administered on a 0-, 2-, and 6-month schedule.	2vHPV may be used for females, and only 9vHPV or 4vHPV may be used for males. The vaccine series may be started at age 9 years.
Human Papillomavirus (9vHPV)	Gardasil 9 (Merck)	9 through 26 yrs	Three doses to be administered at 0-, 2-, and 6-month-schedule.	Administer the second dose 1 to 2 months after the first dose (minimum interval of 4 weeks); administer the third dose 16 weeks after the second dose (minimum interval of 12 weeks) and 24 weeks after the first dose. Administer HPV vaccine beginning at age 9 years to children and youth with any history of sexual abuse or assault who have not initiated or completed the 3-dose series.
Influenza (flu)	Various	<u>&gt;</u> 6 mos	Recommended seasonally for individuals 6 months of age and older.	Influenza Administer influenza vaccine annually to all children beginning at age 6 months. For children aged 6 months through 8 years:

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				Some children in this age group who have been vaccinated previously may need 2 doses. For additional guidance, follow dosing guidelines in the 2016–2017 ACIP influenza vaccine recommendations: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/
Measles, Mumps, Rubella (live) (MMR)	M-M-R II (Merck)	<u>≥</u> 12 mos	Two dose schedule recommended to be administered with the 1st dose at 12 to 15 months and the 2nd dose at age 4 to 6 years (prior to elementary school entry).	MMR Administer a 2-dose series of MMR vaccine at ages 12 through 15 months and 4 through 6 years. The second dose may be administered
Measles, Mumps, Rubella and Varicella (MMRV)	ProQuad (Merck)	12 mos through 12 yrs	Two dose series with the 1 <sup>st</sup> dose recommended to be administered at 12 to 15 months and the second dose for 4 to 6 years.	before age 4 years, provided at least 4 weeks have elapsed since the first dose. Administer 1 dose of MMR vaccine to infants aged 6 through 11 months before departure from the United States for international travel. These children should be revaccinated with 2 doses of MMR vaccine, the first at age 12 through 15 months (12 months if the child remains in an area where disease risk is high), and the second dose at least 4 weeks later. Administer 2 doses of MMR vaccine to children aged 12

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			<u>Note:</u> At least 1 month should elapse between a dose of a measles-containing vaccine such as M-M-R® II (measles, mumps, and rubella virus vaccine live) and a dose of ProQuad. At least 3 months should elapse between a dose of varicella-containing vaccine and ProQuad.	months and older before departure from the United States for international travel. The first dose should be administered on or after age 12 months and the second dose at least 4 weeks later.
Meningococcal (serogroups C and Y) and Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) Conjugate Vaccine	<b>Menhibrix</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	6 weeks through 18 mos	Four doses at 2, 4, 6, and 12 through 15 months of age. The first dose may be given as early as 6 weeks of age. The fourth dose may be given as late as 18 months of age.	Meningococcal Administer a single dose of Menactra or Menveo vaccine at age 11 through 12 years, with a booster dose at age 16
Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine (serogroups A, C, Y, W-135)	<b>Menveo</b> (Novartis)	2 mos through 55 yrs	<ul> <li>For children 23 months of age and younger: Recommended to be used as a 2 or 4 dose series depending on age of administration.</li> <li>Individuals 2 years through 55 years of age are recommended to receive a single dose.</li> </ul>	years. Adolescents aged 11 through 18 years with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection should receive a 2-dose primary series of Menactra or Menveo with at least 8 weeks between doses.
Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine (serogroups A, C, Y, W-135)	<b>Menactra</b> (Sanofi Pasteur)	9 mos through 55 yrs	<ul> <li><u>Children 9 through 23 months of age</u>: Two doses, three months apart.</li> <li><u>Individuals 2 through 55 years of age</u>: A single dose.</li> </ul>	
Meningococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine	<b>Menomune</b> (Sanofi Pasteur)	≥ 2 yrs	One dose recommended to be administered at 2 years of age and older.	

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(serogroups A, C, Y, W- 135)				
Meningococcal Vaccine (serogroup B)	Bexsero (Novartis)	10 through 25 years of age	Administer two doses at least one month apart.	<u>Meningococcal B</u> <u>Bexsero or Trumenba:</u>
Meningococcal Vaccine (serogroup B)	Trumenba (Wyeth/Pfizer)	10 through 25 years of age	<ul> <li>Three-dose schedule: Administer a dose at 0, 1–2, and 6 months.</li> <li>Two-dose schedule: Administer a dose at 0 and 6 months.</li> <li>The choice of dosing schedule may depend on the risk of exposure and the patient's susceptibility to meningococcal serogroup B disease.</li> </ul>	Persons 10 years or older who have not received a complete series: Administer a 2-dose series of Bexsero, at least 1 month apart. Or a 3- dose series of Trumenba, with the second dose at least 2 months after the first and the third dose at least 6 months after the first. The two MenB vaccines are not interchangeable; the same vaccine product must be used for all doses.
Pneumococcal 13-Valent Conjugate Vaccine (PCV- 13)	<b>Prevnar 13</b> (Wyeth/Pfizer)	6 wks through 5 yrs; Children 6 through 17 yrs of age; and <u>&gt;</u> 18 yrs	<ul> <li><u>Children 6 weeks through 5 years</u>: The four-dose immunization series consists of doses administered at 2, 4, 6, and 12-15 months of age.</li> <li><u>Children 6 through 17 years of age</u>: a single dose.</li> <li><u>Adults 18 years and older</u>: a single dose.</li> </ul>	Pneumococcal Administer a 4-dose series of PCV13 vaccine at ages 2, 4, and 6 months and at age 12 through 15 months. For children aged 14 through 59 months who have received an age-appropriate series of 7-valent PCV

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Pneumococcal Polysaccharide (PPSV)	Pneumovax 23 (Merck)	$\geq$ 50 yrs and $\geq$ 2 yrs who are at increased risk for pneumococcal disease.	Administer a single dose.	(PCV7), administer a single supplemental dose of 13- valent PCV (PCV13).
Polio (Inactivated)	IPOL (Sanofi Pasteur)	<u>≥</u> 6 wks	4 doses series recommended to be administered at ages 2, 4, 6 to 18 months and 4 to 6 years.	Polio Administer a 4-dose series of IPV at ages 2, 4, 6 through 18 months, and 4 through 6 years. The final dose in the series should be administered on or after the fourth birthday and at least 6 months after the previous dose. Note: Routine primary poliovirus vaccination of adults (generally those 18 years of age or older) residing in the US is not recommended.
Rotavirus Vaccine (RV) Live, Oral	<b>Rotarix</b> (GlaxoSmithKline)	6 to 24 wks	<ul> <li>Administer first dose to infants beginning at 6 weeks of age.</li> <li>Administer second dose after an interval of at least 4 weeks and prior to 24 weeks of age.</li> </ul>	Rotavirus Administer a series of RV vaccine to all infants as follows: 1. If Rotarix is used, administer a 2-dose

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Rotavirus Vaccine (RV) Live, Oral, Pentavalent	RotaTeq (Merck)	6 to 32 wks	<ul> <li>Administer first dose starting at 6 to 12 weeks of age, with the subsequent doses administered at 4- to 10-weeks intervals.</li> <li>The third dose should not be given after 32 weeks of age</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>series at 2 and 4 months of age.</li> <li>2. If RotaTeq is used, administer a 3-dose series at ages 2, 4, and 6 months.</li> <li>3. If any dose in the series was RotaTeq or vaccine product is unknown for any dose in the series, a total of 3 doses of RV vaccine should be administered.</li> </ul>
Varicella (Chickenpox)	Varivax (Merck)	≥ 12 mos	Children (12 months to 12 years of age): If a second dose is administered, there should be a minimum interval of 3 months between doses. <u>Adolescents (≥13 years of age) and</u> <u>Adults</u> : Two doses, to be administered a minimum of 4 weeks apart.	Varicella Administer a 2-dose series of VAR vaccine at ages 12 through 15 months and 4 through 6 years. The second dose may be administered before age 4 years, provided at least 3 months have elapsed since the first dose. If the second dose was administered at least 4 weeks after the first dose, it can be accepted as valid.

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### FOR CHILD CARE/PRESCHOOL DIRECTORS AND PARENTS: CHILD CARE/PRESCHOOL IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS



## NJ Department of Health Vaccine Preventable Disease Program

### New Jersey Minimum Immunization Requirements for Child Care/Preschool Attendance N.J.A.C. 8:57:4 Immunization of Pupils in School

Listed in the chart below are the <u>minimum required</u> number of doses your child <u>must have</u> in order to enroll/attend a child care/preschool facility in NJ. Additional vaccines are recommended by Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP), but only <u>the following are</u> required for child care/preschool attendance in NJ. For the complete ACIP Recommended Immunization Schedule, please visit <u>http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/index.html</u>

At this age the child should have received the following vaccines:	2 months	4 months	6 months	12 months	15 months	18 months	19 months	20-59 months
Diphtheria, tetanus & acellular pertussis (DTaP)	Dose #1	Dose #2	Dose #3			Dose #4		
Inactivated Poliovirus (Polio)	Dose #1	Dose #2				Dose#3		
Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)	Dose #1	Dose #2		1-4 doses <sup>*</sup> (see footnote)		At least 1 dose given on or after the first birthday		
Pneumococcal conjugate (PCV 13)	Dose #1	Dose #2		1-4 doses <sup>*</sup> (see footnote)	At least 1 dose given on or after the first birthday			
Measles, mumps, rubella (MMR)					Dose #1 <sup>†</sup> ,			
Varicella (VAR)							Dose #1 §	
Influenza (IIV; LAIV)					One dose due each	year ¶		

Interpretation: Children need to receive the minimum number of age-appropriate vaccines prior to entering child care/preschool. For example, a child 2 months of age, must have 1 dose each of DTaP, Polio, Hib, and PCV before being permitted to enter child care/preschool. A child entering at a younger age range than listed above must have proof of receiving vaccines in the previous age bracket. Example: A child entering child care/preschool at 11 months of age, would need at least the following: 3 DTaP, 2 Polio, 2 Hib, and 2 PCV. The current seasonal flu vaccine is required every year by December 31 for children 6-59 months of age.

### FOR CHILD CARE/PRESCHOOL DIRECTORS AND PARENTS: CHILD CARE/PRESCHOOL IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS

\**Haemophilus influenzae* type b (Hib) and pneumococcal (PCV) vaccines are special cases. If a child started late with these vaccines he/she may need fewer doses. <u>One dose of each is required on or after the first birthday in all cases</u>. Please Note: The use of combination vaccines may allow students to receive the 1<sup>st</sup> birthday booster dose of Hib between 15-18 months of age.

<sup>†</sup>**MMR vaccine may be given as early as 12 months of age**, but NJ <u>requires</u> children to receive the vaccine by 15 months of age. Prior to age 15 months, a child may enter preschool/child care without a documented dose of MMR.

<sup>§</sup>Varicella vaccine may be given as early as 12 months of age, but NJ <u>requires</u> children to receive the vaccine by 19 months of age. Prior to age 19 months, a child may enter preschool/child care without a documented dose of varicella. A child will not have to receive the varicella vaccine if he/she previously had chickenpox as long as the parent can provide the school with one of the following: 1. documented laboratory evidence showing immunity (protection) from chickenpox, 2. a physician's <u>written</u> statement that the child previously had chickenpox, or 3. a parent's <u>written</u> statement that the child previously had chickenpox.

<sup>¶</sup>The current seasonal influenza vaccine is required every year for those children 6 months through 59 months of age. Students who have not received the flu vaccine by December 31 must be excluded (not allowed to attend child care/preschool) for the duration of influenza season (through March 31), until they receive at least one dose of the influenza vaccine or until they turn 60 months of age. Children enrolling in child care/preschool after December 31, must provide documentation of receiving the current seasonal flu vaccine before being allowed to enter school. Students enrolling in school after March 31 are not required to receive the flu vaccine; however, flu season may extend until May and therefore getting a flu vaccine even late in the season is still protective.

NJ also accepts valid medical and religious exemptions (reasons for not showing proof of immunizations) as per the NJ Immunization of Pupils in School regulations, (N.J.A.C. 8:57-4). Children without proof of immunity as defined by ACIP, including those with medical and religious exemptions, may be excluded from a school, preschool, or child care facility during a vaccine preventable disease outbreak or threatened outbreak as determined by the Commissioner, Department of Health or his or her designee. In addition, anybody having control of a school may, on account of the prevalence of any communicable disease, or to prevent the spread of communicable disease, prohibit the attendance of any teacher or pupil of any school under their control and specify the time during which the teacher or scholar shall remain away from school. The Department of Health shall provide guidance to the school of the appropriateness of any such prohibition.

# For more information, please visit "NJ Immunization Requirements Frequently Asked Questions", at the following link: <a href="http://nj.gov/health/cd/imm.shtml">http://nj.gov/health/cd/imm.shtml</a>

Interpretation: Children need to receive the minimum number of age-appropriate vaccines prior to entering child care/preschool. For example, a child 2 months of age, must have 1 dose each of DTaP, Polio, Hib, and PCV before being permitted to enter child care/preschool. A child entering at a younger age range than listed above must have proof of receiving vaccines in the previous age bracket. Example: A child entering child care/preschool at 11 months of age, would need at least the following: 3 DTaP, 2 Polio, 2 Hib, and 2 PCV. The current seasonal flu vaccine is required every year by December 31 for children 6-59 months of age.



## NJ Department of Health Vaccine Preventable Disease Program

New Jersey Minimum Immunization Requirements for Kindergarten-Grade 12 Attendance N.J.A.C. 8:57-4 Immunization of Pupils in School

## Guide for checking compliance

Step 1: Each child attending/enrolling must present documentation of immunizations or valid medical or religious exemption to vaccines. In order to allow a child to enter school, he/she must have at least one dose of each age-appropriate required vaccine.

Step 2: Determine child's present grade level.

Step 3: Compare the child's record with the requirements listed on the chart below.

	Minimum Number of Doses for Each Vaccine						
Grade/level child enters school:	DTaP Diphtheria, Tetanus, acellular Pertussis	Polio Inactivated Polio Vaccine (IPV)	MMR (Measles, Mumps, Rubella)	Varicella (Chickenpox)	Hepatitis B	Meningococcal	Tdap (Tetanus, diphtheria, acellular pertussis)
Kindergarten– 1 <sup>st</sup> grade	A total of 4 doses with one of these doses on or after the 4 <sup>th</sup> birthday <u>OR</u> any 5 doses*	A total of 3 doses with one of these doses given on or after the 4 <sup>th</sup> birthday <u>OR</u> any 4 doses <sup>*</sup>	2 doses <sup>†</sup>	1 dose <sup>8</sup>	3 doses	None	None
2 <sup>nd</sup> – 5 <sup>th</sup> grade	3 doses NOTE: Children 7 years of age and older, who have not been previously vaccinated with the primary DTaP series, should receive 3 doses of Tetanus, diphtheria (Td)	3 doses	2 doses	1 dose	3 doses	None	None
6 <sup>th</sup> grade and higher	3 doses	3 doses	2 doses	1 dose required for children born on or after 1/1/98 <sup>§</sup>	3 doses <sup>¶</sup>	1 dose required for children born on or after 1/1/97 given no earlier than ten years of age**	1 dose required for children born on or after 1/1/97 **

Additional vaccines are recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The chart above lists only the vaccines that <u>are required</u> for school attendance in NJ. Please note that unvaccinated children, including those with medical and/or religious exemptions, may be excluded from school during a vaccine preventable disease outbreak or threatened outbreak to ensure public health safety.

For the complete CDC Recommended Immunization Schedule, please visit http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/index.html

\* **<u>DTaP:</u>** Children who previously attended child care/preschool should have received 4 doses since the requirement to receive the fourth birthday booster dose (5<sup>th</sup> dose) does not apply until the child attends Kindergarten. However, if one of these 4 doses was given on or after the 4<sup>th</sup> birthday, this child will not need an additional dose for Kindergarten. Alternatively, any 5 doses are acceptable.

**Polio**: Children who previously attended child care/preschool should have 3 doses since the requirement to receive the fourth birthday booster dose (4<sup>th</sup> dose) does not apply until the child attends Kindergarten. However, if one of these 3 doses was given on or after the 4<sup>th</sup> birthday, this child will not need an additional dose for Kindergarten. Alternatively, any 4 doses are acceptable.

<sup>†</sup> A child is required to receive two doses of measles, one dose of mumps, and one dose of rubella once he/she enters Kindergarten. Since single antigen (separate components of the vaccine) is not readily available, most children will have two MMR vaccines.

The Antibody Titer Law (Holly's Law, NJSA 26:2N-8-11), passed on January 14, 2004, requires the New Jersey Department of Health (NJDOH) to accept serologic evidence of protective immunity to measles, mumps and rubella in lieu of the second ACIP recommended measles, mumps and rubella vaccine. For more information, please visit <a href="http://nj.gov/health/cd/documents/antibody\_titer\_law.pdf">http://nj.gov/health/cd/documents/antibody\_titer\_law.pdf</a>.

<sup>§</sup> Varicella vaccine is only required for children born on or after January 1, 1998. A child will not have to receive the varicella vaccine if he/she previously had chickenpox as long as a parent can provide the school with one of the following: 1) Documented laboratory evidence showing immunity (protection) from chickenpox, 2) A physician's <u>written</u> statement that the child previously had chickenpox, or 3) A parent's <u>written</u> statement that the child previously had chickenpox.

<sup>¶</sup>Alternatively, a child 11 through 15 years of age can receive a two-dose series of adult formulation hepatitis B vaccine if the vaccine is licensed for use or ACIP recommended as a two-dose regimen. Children, who present documented laboratory evidence of hepatitis B disease or immunity, constituting a medical exemption, shall not be required to receive hepatitis B vaccine.

Two doses of hepatitis B vaccine is acceptable if child received the vaccine between 11 - 15 yrs. of age AND the vaccine is identified as Adolescent Formulation. Children who present documented laboratory evidence of hepatitis B disease or immunity, constituting a medical exemption, shall not be required to receive hepatitis B vaccine.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Tdap and Meningococcal vaccines are required for all entering 6<sup>th</sup> graders who are 11 years of age or older; 6<sup>th</sup> graders < 11 years must receive Tdap and meningococcal vaccines once age 11 is reached.

#### For the complete list of "NJ Immunization Requirements Frequently Asked Questions", please visit <a href="http://nj.gov/health/cd/imm.shtml">http://nj.gov/health/cd/imm.shtml</a>

This information is provided to you by the

## New Jersey Department of Health Vaccine Preventable Disease Program 609-826-4860

# For Additional Information:

New Jersey Vaccine Preventable Disease Program <a href="http://nj.gov/health/cd/vpdp/">http://nj.gov/health/cd/vpdp/</a>

New Jersey Vaccines for Children Program https://njiis.nj.gov/njiis/html/vfc.html

New Jersey Immunization Information System <a href="https://njiis.nj.gov/njiis/">https://njiis.nj.gov/njiis/</a>

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention <u>http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/</u>

Immunization Action Coalition <a href="http://www.immunize.org/">http://www.immunize.org/</a>

ACIP Recommendations http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/index.html

Vaccine Package Inserts http://www.immunize.org/packageinserts/

Vaccine Information Statements http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/vis/index.html

Guide to Contraindications and Precautions to Commonly Used Vaccines <u>http://www.immunize.org/catg.d/p3072A.pdf</u>

Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System <a href="http://vaers.hhs.gov/index">http://vaers.hhs.gov/index</a>