Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)
New Jersey – 2013

Fatal Occupational Injury Characteristics, 2013

- Total Number in NJ: 102
  Total Number in US: 4,585
- 97 were men
- Age (years)
  - 20-24: 7 (7%)
  - 25-34: 15 (15%)
  - 35-44: 22 (22%)
  - 45-54: 24 (24%)
  - 55-64: 22 (22%)
  - ≥ 65: 11 (11%)
- Race or Ethnic Origin
  - White, non-Hispanic: 54 (53%)
  - Black, non-Hispanic: 19 (19%)
  - Hispanic/Latino: 20 (20%)
  - Asian: 9 (9%)
- 93 (91%) worked for private industry

Fatal Occupational Injury Case Definition

A fatal injury is considered work-related if the event leading to the injury occurred while the employee was working, either on or off the employer’s premises.

The following categories are some of the individuals included:

- Private and government employees
- Self-employed persons
- Certain volunteers (firefighters, law enforcement officers, emergency medical service workers)
- Persons traveling as a condition of employment, but not normal commuting to or from work

For technical information and definitions for the CFOI program, please go to the BLS Handbook of Methods on the BLS web site at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch9.pdf.

Incidence Rates

Rates of Fatal Work-Related Injuries
United States and New Jersey, 2008-2013

New Jersey rates have been consistently lower than national rates.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Cases</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>88</td>
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<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>106</td>
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<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>92</td>
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<td>2009</td>
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<td>2010</td>
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<td>2011</td>
<td>99</td>
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<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The transportation and warehousing industry included 9 truck transportation fatalities.

The construction industry included 11 specialty trade contractor fatalities.

41 worked in transportation & material moving occupations
  o 23 worked in motor vehicle operations

13 worked in installation, maintenance, & repair
  o 5 worked as maintenance and repair workers, general

18 of the 37 transportation incidents were roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles

16 of the 28 violence and other injuries by persons or animals were homicides.

Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward Changes to the OIICS Structure: Information in this release incorporates a major revision in the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS), which is used to describe the characteristics of fatal work injuries. Because of the extensive revisions, data for the OIICS case characteristics for reference year 2011 represent a break in series with data for prior years. More information on OIICS can be found at www.bls.gov/iif/oshoiics.htm