New Jersey Department of Transportation

RISK MANAGEMENT AND PARAMETER EXPANSION to the LIMITED SCOPE PROJECT DELIVERY APPROACH

INFORMATION SESSION

October, 2013

RISK MANAGEMENT

Implemented in a Pilot Program to:

- Test the process and tools
- Determine the effectiveness
- Gain support from users
- Keep what works and revise what doesn't

RISK MANAGEMENT

Pilot Program Projects

- Route 38, Mile Post (MP) 0.0-6.1
- · Route 1&9 Local and Express, Newark, Pavement
- · Route 21 Ramp B over Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad
- Route 1&9 and Route 46 over Jones Road
- · Route 10 eastbound and westbound from Route 46 to Mt. Pleasant Turnpike
- · Route 94 Black Creek Tributary, Culvert Replacement
- Route 130 Brooklawn Circles
- Route 73/Fellowship Road and Route 73/Church Road Study
- Route 9 Resurfacing, MP 116.75-135.65

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

OBJECTIVES

- Ensure project risks are proactively managed over the life of the project
- Enable project sponsors and project team members to make informed decisions on project-related risks
- Eliminate re-work, minimize design changes and ultimately minimize the cost

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

- Customizable based on size and complexity of the project
 - Simple project = simple risk management
 - More complex project = more robust risk management
 - * Details outlined in "Risk Management Guideline" on CPD Website
- Implementation on existing projects
 - Phased in and varies on a project-by-project basis
 - * Details outlined in "Risk Management Implementation Plan" on CPD Website

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

Five Key Stages

- · Risk Planning
- · Risk Identification
- · Risk Analysis
- · Risk Response Planning
- Risk Monitoring and Control
- * Description of each stage on CPD website

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS BY CPD PHASE

Problem Screening

• Document known risks, if any

Concept Development

Document major risks to help select the PPA

Preliminary Engineering

 Document and analyze new risks, select risk strategies and develop action plans

Final Design

• Implement action plans to mitigate, avoid or transfer the risks in the contract documents

Construction

Monitor and control risks

RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS DETAILS BY CPD PHASE

- Details outlined in "Top Down Flow Charts"
 - One Flow Chart for each CPD Phase

- Each Flow Chart
 - Affected activity name and number
 - Description of risk-related work

^{*} Flow Charts on CPD website

RISK MANAGEMENT ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND QUESTIONS

- Risk Management Pilot Program
 - Tom Kondash, Project Manager 530-4947
- Risk Management Process
 - · Visit CPD Web site
 - Overview page
 - Process Summaries
 - Risk Management

http://www.state.nj.us/transportation/capital/pd/

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Risk Management

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All information on this Web site

Capital Project Delivery

Risk Management (Pilot Program Use Only)

Summary

Risk Management is a process that enables project sponsors and project team members to make informed decisions on project-related risks. The New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) has developed a series of guidance documents that help to proactively manage risks over the life of the project.

NJDOT Senior Management has authorized several capital projects to begin a "pilot program" to determine the effectiveness of a formal Risk Management Process. These projects shall utilize the guidance provided on this web page to implement the proposed NJDOT Risk Management Process. The following 10 projects shall implement the NJDOT Risk Management Process:

- Route 38, Mile Post (MP) 0.0-6.1 (Route 130 to County Route 608)
- · Route 1&9 Local and Express, Newark, Pavement
- Route 21 Ramp B over Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad (DL&WRR)
- · Route 1&9 and Route 46 over Jones Road
- Route 10 eastbound and westbound from Route 46 to Mt. Pleasant Turnpike
- Route 94 Black Creek Tributary, Culvert Replacement
- Route 202 and First Avenue Intersection Improvements
- · Route 130 Brooklawn Circles
- Route 73/Fellowship Road and Route 73/Church Road Study
- Route 9 Resurfacing, MP 116.75-135.65

Objectives

The process goal is to ensure that project risks are proactively managed over the life of the project. Accomplishing this goal helps to eliminate re -work, minimize design changes and ultimately minimize the cost of the project and the time required to complete the project.

PARAMETER EXPANSION to the LIMITED SCOPE PROJECT DELIVERY APPROACH

PARAMETER EXPANSION TO THE LIMITED SCOPE PROJECT DELIVERY APPROACH

Three major changes

- · Additional work allowed in two original project types
 - Pavement Resurfacing (mill 'x', pave 'x' plus one")
 - Bridge Deck/Superstructure Replacement
- Additional project types
- · Elimination of the formal Preliminary Engineering Phase

ADDITIONAL WORK ALLOWED

Pavement Resurfacing (mill 'x', pave 'x' plus one")

- Cross-slope Improvement (plus 1")
- Shoulder Reconstruction *
- Full Depth Pavement Repair *
- Full Depth Reclamation *
- Cold and Hot In-Place Recycling
- Additional features as necessary upon approval by FHWA
- * (not to exceed 10% of the total pavement area for concrete and HMA)

ADDITIONAL WORK CAVEAT

Pavement Resurfacing (mill 'x', pave 'x' plus one")

If project has <u>Full Depth Pavement Repair</u> or <u>Full Depth</u>

<u>Reclamation</u> > 10% of the total pavement area:

- Conduct and submit pavement life cycle cost analysis for FHWA approval
 - If approved, project can be delivered via Limited Scope:
 - No CSDE evaluation
 - No Design Exception
 - If life cycle cost analysis not approved; not Limited Scope

ADDITIONAL WORK ALLOWED

Bridge Deck/Superstructure Replacement

- Ability to overlay a bridge deck with more than 1" of pavement to accommodate Bridge Deck Waterproof Surface Course overlays
- Requires a Design Exception Report if controlling substandard design elements are present on the structure
- Superstructure replacement projects requiring environmental documents other than a Categorical Exclusion (CE) Document cannot use the Limited Scope Project Delivery Approach

ADDITIONAL PROJECT TYPES

- Drainage Improvement
- · Simple Culvert Structural Repair
- Median Crossover Improvement
- · Sign Structure Installation
- · ITS Installation
- Simple Intersection Improvement

 (no reduction in lane or shoulder width, minimal utility/right of way)
- · Additional project types (upon approval by FHWA)

CHECKLIST & CD REPORT REQUIREMENTS

Project Type	Checklist Required?	CD Report Required?	Other Requirements
Pavement resurfacing	Yes	Yes	
Bridge deck/superstructure replacement	Yes	Yes	
Drainage Improvements	Yes	Yes	
Simple Culvert Structural Repair	Yes	Yes	
Median Crossover Improvement	Yes	Yes	
Sign Structure Installation	Yes	No	Include a Summary Document if there are multiple sites
ITS Installation	No	No	A Systems Engineering Review Form (SERF) is required, and if applicable, a Concept of Operations Report.
Simple Intersection Improvement	Yes	Yes	V (100 to 100 to

ELIMINATION OF FORMAL PE PHASE

- LS PE activities and corresponding WBS deliverables distributed to the LS CD and LS FD Phases
 - · LS CD Phase Approved Environmental Document
 - · LS FD Phase Approved Design Exception Report (if needed)
- Possible because <u>project scope</u> should not change once PPA is selected at end of LS CD Phase
- Eliminating formal LS PE Phase = significant administrative costs and time savings

LIMITED SCOPE PROJECT DELIVERY APPROACH

- Provides for a faster, more efficient,
 programmatically approved way to deliver small-scope projects
- Allows greater flexibility to address functional and structural life deficiencies of Department assets
- Additional Limited Scope information available in Section V of the "Project Customization Guideline"

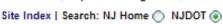
PROJECT DELIVERY APPROACH CHOICES

- LS Project Delivery Approach is a <u>tool</u> to deliver Capital projects
- Standard project delivery approach is also a <u>tool</u> to deliver Capital projects
- Consider project objective, solution alternatives & impacts (ROW, utilities, environ., etc.)
- · Choose the most appropriate delivery tool

STANDARD AND LIMITED SCOPE PROJECT DELIVERY CUSTOMIZATION

- Standard CD, PE & FD and LS CD & LS FD
 Network Diagrams activities <u>SHOULD</u> be
 customized per project specific needs
- Coordinate all recommended modifications with FHWA (Area Engineer) prior to making them (e.g., additional utility activities)
- Once FHWA concurrence is received, modify the scope and schedule accordingly







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Capital Project Delivery

Limited Scope Project Delivery Process Approach

In order to effectively administer the planning and design of transportation-related problems with a limited scope, the New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) has developed a Limited Scope Project Delivery Approach.

The Limited Scope project types are:

- Pavement resurfacing (mill 'x', pave 'x' plus one)
- Bridge deck/superstructure replacement
- Drainage improvements
- Simple culvert structural repair
- Median crossover improvement
- Sign structure installation
- Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) installation
- Simple intersection improvement (no reduction in lane or shoulder width, minimal utility/right of way involvement)

Additional information regarding the project types can be found in Section V of the Project Delivery Process Project Customization Guideline (pdf 389k).

The main difference between the Limited Scope Project Delivery Approach and the standard Capital Project Delivery (CPD) process is that the Limited Scope Project Delivery Approach does not have a formal Preliminary Engineering (PE) Phase. The applicable CPD process PE activities and corresponding Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) deliverables have been distributed to the Limited Scope Concept Development (CD) and Limited Scope Final Design (FD) Phases. The two key former Limited Scope PE deliverables were distributed as follows: Approved Environmental Document is in the Limited Scope CD Phase and approved Design Exception Report (if needed) is in the Limited Scope FD

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND QUESTIONS

- Project Questions
 - Dana Hecht, Project Manager 530 2535
- CPD Website Questions
 - Bob Signora, Project Manager 530 3516
- Visit CPD Web site
 - Overview page
 - Limited Scope Project Delivery Process Approach